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BROKER

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BROKERS

106 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.

WE SPECIALIZE IN

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ISHPEMING THEATRE

Saturday 17 July

MONTANA'S FAMOUS MILITARY BAND

of RED LODGE

The strongest musical organization in the Rocky Mountain states.

PRICES: Lower floor and first two rows of Balcony: 50c; balance Balcony, 35c; Gallery, 25c. Seats on sale at Nikander's drug store.

SIR--

Buy clothes to fit. Get style too. Shop with us. We've the proof. Of what?

Good Clothes { STEIN-BOCH'S, KUPPENHEIMER'S, DESPRES-LOWENSTEIN'S.

Knox, Stetson Hats. Hanan, our own shoes.

L. W. ATKINS & CO.

Upper Peninsula

Alleged Wife-Beater Arrested—

Alleged extreme cruelty and failure to provide food for his family have brought Erick Neiberg, a Menominee vessel loader, into the limelight. The man will have to answer to these charges in court. Neiberg was arrested on a warrant sworn out by his wife, who claimed that she received hardly sufficient support from her husband to keep her in food and clothes. She showed that she had practically nothing in the house to eat at present and not enough clothes to dress decently. She also alleged that July 4th her husband had beaten her and that he was in the habit of beating her regularly when drunk.

Urges Medical Examiners for Schools—

That a medical examiner is necessary for the well-being and good health of the students of the public schools is the gist of a paper prepared by Dr. H. A. Yennema of Menominee. The doctor claims that the examination and treatment of some children is absolutely necessary. He backs his statements up by showing the work accomplished in these portions of the country where the system has been adopted. The paper details how students afflicted with eye troubles, which make study almost impossible and how students in this condition are often accused of laziness and inability to learn, when in fact it is owing to trouble with the eyes and to the general health of the pupils. Most of these troubles, he claims, could be eliminated by a medical examiner.

Heirs Demand an Accounting—

After being in the hands of the probate court of Delta county since 1869 an accounting is now to be demanded of the estate of B. M. Dunbar, a former resident of Escanaba, who for fifty years has been insane and has been confined to the asylum at Traverse City. The estate was placed in the hands of the guardian appointed by the probate judge, who was then Judge Emil Grasse, amounted to approximately \$50,000. The guardian named at that time was James N. McBride of Shiawassee county, who is still serving and who is protected by a bond given by the United States Fidelity & Guaranty company. It is claimed that the wife of Dunbar has squandered the estate through unwise investments and the heirs are now seeking an accounting. Attorney Joseph R. Webster of Rochester, N. Y., representing the heirs, is in Escanaba, attending the hearings conducted before Judge Judd Yelland, while the bonding company is represented by Attorney A. H. Ryall. A demand is to be made upon the bonding company to settle the claim of the heirs and considerable litigation over the matter is in prospect.

Iola M. Dunbar was formerly a blacksmith employed by the Northwestern road at Escanaba and is well remembered by the older residents of the city.

Loss of the Steamer Cowles—

Only nine of the twenty-three persons on board the steel stamer John B. Cowles were saved when that boat was sent to the bottom of Lake Superior, the result of being crushed into the steamship Scott of Whitefish point. The fourteen men who lost their lives were the following: John McKernan, chief engineer, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Boran, second engineer, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Wilford Emerson, wheelman, Superior, Wis.; Patten, oiler, Adams, N. Y.; Boder, deckhand, Two Harbors, Minn.; Seymour Hertz, fireman, Adams, N. Y.; Woodward, fireman, Adams, N. Y.; Franklin Adams, N. Y.; John Lane, deckhand, Adams, N. Y.; Thomas Thomas, second cook from Connecticut; unknown fireman, shipped from Hancock, Mich.; two deckhands, names unknown. The nine persons saved were: Captain Rogers, second mate, Edward Carleton; Second Mate Niles; Steward R. M. Rogers, Watertown, N. Y.; Wheelman Joseph Woodham, Buffalo, N. Y.; Edward Tinney, Comaunt, O.; J. L. Sargeant, Anderson, N. Y.; A. C. Rogers, Henderson, N. Y.; son of the missing chief engineer, who accompanied his father on the ill-fated trip.

The Scott had just passed Whitefish point and was picking up her course. The weather was very thick and she was blowing warning signals. The whistle of a number of craft could be heard both ahead and astern. Suddenly, directly ahead of the Scott loomed a vessel broadside on. In an instant the two boats came together, the Scott hitting the Cowles bow on, the bow falling directly astern. So great was the impact of the Scott that her bow jammed against the bow of the Cowles, and the latter was driven half across the decks of the Cowles. The Cowles went down bow first with the port side high in the air. Survivors say that had it not been for the fact that the Cowles had wooden hatches, several more names would have been added to the missing list. The captain's son came up under one of the hatches. It happened to be the one on which his uncle, B. M. Rogers, the captain's brother, was floating. Rogers saw the boy and got him out. The young fellow was pretty well gone as he had on only a night gown, which gave him no protection from the icy water. When First Mate Carleton was picked up, he was perched on a trunk. The strange part of the wreck is that the water was fairly strewn with debris but a few moments after the Cowles sank. One of the crew said that the after house broke to pieces as though dynamite had been set off within. The plight of the survivors was pitiable. Not one was entirely clad.

Ishpeming Department

THEATRICAL SEASON OPENS IN AUGUST

BLOWING UP STUMPS.

DuPont Company Can Remove Them from Land at \$30 per Acre.

The DuPont Powder company is giving demonstrations in Minnesota and other states in the removal of stumps from arable land by dynamite. The method of clearing land is being watched with much interest by the farmers, and it is thought that the dynamiting of stumps will be generally resorted to before long. In a demonstration recently given on the Mesaba range by a representative of the DuPont company it was proved that the average farming land can be freed of stumps for about \$30 per acre.

It was shown by putting two sticks of dynamite under opposite sides of the stump and discharging it by an electrical current, excellent results can be achieved. In some of the Mesaba range towns the business men are adding the DuPont people in getting the land owners interested. Many of the farmers seem to be afraid of the explosive, and others who are familiar with its use, willingly change from the old method of clearing their land.

MONTANA BAND PRAISED.

The military band of Red Lodge, Mont., which will give a concert at Ishpeming theater tomorrow evening, has been highly praised by the newspapers of the country. The band leader is said to be a fine instructor. The band will be greeted by a big house here, as the seats, on sale at Nikander's drug store, are going rapidly.

THE BURGOMASTER PLEASURES.

The "Burgomaster" at Ishpeming theatre last evening, pleased a good-sized audience. The company is a large one, has an excellent cast, the members of which sing and act well, and has a strong comedy. Harry Johnson, as the burgomaster, is an exceedingly clever comedian and possess a very good voice. Miss Euphemia Lockhart captivated the audience with her musical numbers. The other principals, too, are happily cast. The "Burgomaster" is adequately staged and finely costumed.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

John McCarthy of the National Mine purchased a Redoubt.

E. R. Nelson arrived home yesterday from a trip through the West.

H. S. Thompson and family of Channing went to Island Lake yesterday.

R. P. Bronson and family will go to Island Lake tomorrow, for a two weeks outing.

Children of the Grace Sunday school will enjoy a picnic yesterday at the Cleveland Park.

Miss Ella Mitchell, of St. Louis, Mo., is here to spend the summer with her brother, C. C. Mitchell, and family.

At the Cleveland Park Sunday afternoon the Ishpeming band will give the program that was announced for last Sunday.

Mrs. G. J. Fisher left yesterday for Stephenson, Mich., where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. Gillespie, formerly of this city.

Baseball teams composed of business men and city officials will meet next Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the Union Park grounds.

Mrs. C. A. Childs and son, James, left yesterday for a three weeks' trip to Green Bay, De Pere, Appleton, and other points in Wisconsin.

Mrs. Joseph Paul and two children returned to their home in the city yesterday, after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Thomas Nesbitt.

A. F. Tibbott of Dixon, Ill., brother of F. P. Tibbott, and two granddaughters, returned to their home in this city Tuesday morning. They will spend a week or two at Island Lake camping.

At the annual meeting of the school district of Ishpeming township held Monday E. O. Benry and Jacob Kerpl were elected as members of the board of education for terms of three years. Mr. Benry was the candidate against Mr. Benry.

Law Bertrand, operator of D. T. Morgan, celebrated his twenty-sixth birthday Wednesday evening at his boarding place on Ridge street. A number of friends were invited and the evening was spent pleasantly.

Deer creek, fifteen miles north of the city, was recently blasted by dynamite and practically all of the trout, as well as many of the bass, were killed. It is reported that hundreds of dead fish were found on the bank and floating in the water.

Wild strawberries are plentiful in the district north of the city, and it is also reported that the blueberry crop will be much larger than it was last season. Many blueberries have ripened since the recent rains and it will not be many days before the pickers will start out.

The members of the Ladies' Aid society of the Norwegian Lutheran church of the Winthrop will give an ice cream and cake social at the school house grounds tomorrow evening. The charge will be reasonable and the ladies invite their friends to attend. The proceeds will go to the parochial school fund.

The Japanese minister of communications is investigating the advisability of transporting mail by automobiles in the larger cities of that country and to remote regions not yet reached by rail road.

MAY BREAK THE RECORD.

Ore Shipments of 1909 May Exceed Those of Two Years Ago.

Many mining men on the various ranges of the Lake Superior district are of the opinion that the ore shipping record of 1907 will be broken this year, in spite of the fact that some months ago it was generally expected that the total tonnage would probably not reach 30,000,000. The movement from the various ranges has been so much heavier during the past two or three weeks than expected that there is now no question but that the output from the district will greatly exceed 30,000,000 tons.

It is reported from the Mesaba that the movement this month will be far in excess of what it was last month. More boats are going into commission and it is expected that about the season of the latter part of the year the lakes will be busy. One of the biggest fall rushes ever known on the Great Lakes is looked for. The tonnage up to this time is greatly in excess of what it was a year ago. Last year every part of the lakes had boats laid up, and many of them were not untied from their winter moorings. This year things are different and the lake trade in general looks much the same as it did in 1907, which was one of the biggest years for the lake fleets ever known.

It is said that the Oliver Iron Mining company is now shipping a tonnage of ore nearly equal to that sent out two years ago and it is expected that the corporation's shipments for the season will equal those of 1907. The same is true of several of the other companies. The steel corporation has added a number of new properties to its list on the Mesaba range and it is now thought that it will break all previous records in its shipments next year, when practically all of the properties now being developed will be on the shipping list.

ONLY ONE.

There is only one drug store in this city where you can get a genuine specific for kidney disease. This is a strong statement, but we are prepared to prove it.

Here's the point: The census deaths show that of the tens of thousands annually dying from kidney trouble that over nine-tenths (to be accurate, ninety-two out of every one hundred) of them sooner or later assumed the form technically known to physicians as "Bright's Disease," although it is commonly called "kidney trouble" in the homes. It is known to those in the drug trade that Bright's Disease has been incurable up to a recent discovery, and as we have the monopoly of that discovery for this city we have the only specific for kidney disease in this city.

In view of the census showing that over nine-tenths of all the census kidney cases sooner or later take this form, how under the sun can people who have kidney trouble expect to get well except through this specific?

If you have kidney trouble our store is the only one in the city that has a genuine specific effective in nearly nine-tenths of all cases. In fact, if you put the question skillfully to our competitors and ask them if they have a genuine cure for Bright's Disease they won't even claim to you they have, for the books admit there has been none.

We sent a long way for this for kidney-troubled people.

Call and get literature and let us tell you all about it.

The Stafford Drug Co., are our sole agents.

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000. -- Ishpeming, Mich.

SURPLUS \$80,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS: D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. E. MINER, W. H. JOHNSTON, A. MAITLAND, JAMES CLANCEY, H. O. YOUNG, O. G. AAS, DR. T. A. FELCH, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS: F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier, H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres., O. G. AAS, Ass't Cashier, GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

If you need any we have all kinds, rough and finished.

LUMBER

Pine, Hemlock, Hardwood, ready now.

Both Phones, Ishpeming. B. J. GOODMAN, Office, Robbins Bldg.

EXECUTIONS IN CORNWALL.

List of Deaths at Bodmin, Eng., Secured to Settle Arguments Here.

Ever since William Hampton, the former Ishpeming young man, murdered his sweetheart in England some weeks ago, natives of that country living here have had many discussions as to the number of executions that have taken place at Bodmin in Cornwall, since the gallows were established there nearly 125 years ago. Many of the Englishmen of this city were in Cornwall when some of the executions of the past forty or fifty years occurred and have knowledge of the crimes committed by those who received the death penalty on the noted gallows. An Ishpeming man recently wrote the management of one of the Cornwall papers, saying that many here would appreciate the publication of the list and the same was secured from Thomas Burton, of the "Old Curiosity Shop," having been compiled some twelve years ago by John Burton, now deceased, who is well remembered by the older readers of Cornwall papers. At the request of many of The Mining Journal's English readers the list is here given:

From 1785 to 1861—

1785, 7th March—Philip Randall, twenty-seven; burglary in Truro.

1785, 23rd March—R. Brown; murder of a boy.

1785, 29th July—William Hill; thirty-nine; robbery with violence from Peter Jane.

1786, 6th April—Thomas Roberts; thirty-four; stealing three sheep, property of Stephen Polkinghorne.

1786, 20th April—Francis Couth, forty-five; stealing a ewe sheep, J. Taylor.

1787, 10th April—James Elliot, thirty-five; highway robbery.

1787, 16th April—John Gould, twenty-three; burglary at Budock.

1787, 20th August—William Congdon, twenty-three; stealing a watch.

1791, 31st March—Michael J. Taylor, twenty-two; stealing a mare.

1791, 31st March—John Dash, twenty-three; burglary.

1791, 31st March—James Simons, twenty-five; stealing an ox.

1791, 2nd September—Ben Willoughby, twenty and John Taylor, twenty-six; murder of James James, innkeeper, Helston.

1791, 16th September—William Molyneux, forty-seven; stabbing and killing a man.

1791, 26th March—William Trevoocov, twenty-eight; murdering Maria Binnet at Mousehole.

1795, 9th April—James Frederick; robbing and threatening Sarah Jane.

1795, 27th August—James Williams, twenty-eight; sheep-stealing.

1796, 4, A. Safarow, murderer of a Dutchman. Not shown on records.

1796, 11th August—John Heskin, alias "Wild Cat," fifty-five; highway robbery with violence.

1798, 13th September—William Hoyle, twenty-four; stealing a purse containing twenty guineas.

1801, 13th April—William Roskilly, thirty-four; housebreaking.

1802, 25th August—Richard Andrews, alias Rowe; forgery.

1804—Joseph Stock, twenty-five; for murder. Discharged. On records.

1802, 1st September—John Vanstone, thirty-seven and William Lee, thirty-seven; burglary in the house of Walter Oke.

1805, 17th April—John Williamson, thirty-two and James Joice, twenty-seven; breaking into the shop of Miss Tyett.

1808—John George, thirty; smuggling at Polperro. Executed at Newgate.

1812, 13th April—Pierre Francois, twenty-four; forging a £2 note.

1812, 1st May—William Wyatt; for robbing Isak Pollock Valentine, a Jew, at Fowey.

1813, 6th September—Elizabeth Osborne, twenty; setting fire to a corn stack.

1814, 31st March—William Burns, twenty-one; murder of John Allen of Sennen.

1815, 31st March—John Simons, soldier, thirty; murder of Joseph Burnett.

1815—William Rowe, forty-one; sheep stealing. Not shown on records.

1820, 12th August—Sarah Polgreen, thirty-two; murder of her husband.

1820, 5th September—Michael Stephenson, twenty-seven; killing a man and stealing part of his carcass.

1821, 2nd April—John Barnicot, twenty-four, and John Thompson, seventeen; murder of William Hancock at Gury.

1821, 10th September—Nicholas James Gask, forty-two; murder of Thomas Hoskin.

1825, 7th April—William Oxford, twenty-one; setting fire to a corn stack.

1827, 19th April—James Eddy, twenty-nine; robbery with violence. Stealing seven shillings.

1828, 8th August—Elizabeth Commons, twenty-two; murder of her male child.

1828, 21st August—Thomas Pring (Coble, twenty-one; housebreaking, two cases.

1834, 21st August—William Hocking,

FROM MORGAN'S CURB LETTER.

"The metal stocks were all stronger today. Steel common making a new high record of 71%. Amalgamated sold up to 80%, 14 above yesterday's final figures. North Butte improved to 31%, later losing about half a point. When the pressure is taken off North Butte, it responds in grand shape, and there is evidence that every once in a while some strong interest cleans up all the stock in sight. Greenbushes are 31%, later losing about half a point. When the pressure is taken off North Butte, it responds in grand shape, and there is evidence that every once in a while some strong interest cleans up all the stock in sight. Superior & Pittsburg was fairly active around 16. Giroux Cons. sold at 8 1/2, gain of 1/2. Advances from the East say to buy it. Chief Cons. again showed strength, orders at 15, being unfilled. Cactus and San Antonio were unchanged. It has been announced that an assessment of \$1 a share has been called on Live Oak, payable Aug. 5. An assessment of fifty cents a share has been called on the part paid stock of the Savanna Copper company, payable Aug. 5. Almeek has forty-six drills at work, only five of which are engaged in stopping. Consequently the output of production came from development work. Eastern manufacturers of steel billets have advanced the price 81 per ton and the statement is made that the demand for these billets is more pronounced now than it has been at any time since 1907. From the same source we hear that certain independent steel companies are refusing to accept further business in structural shapes for delivery this year. The regular dividend was declared on Amalgamated."

Yesterday's prevailing prices were:

Almeek	\$182.00	Asked.
American Saginaw	2.50	3.00
Arizona & Mich.	1.12 1/2	1.25
Arizpe		.18
Black Mountain	1.25	1.37 1/2
Battle & London	.25	.30
Boston Ely	1.09	1.12 1/2
Channing	13.75	14.00
Cumberland Ely	7.92 1/2	7.87 1/2
Corvova, 82 paid	1.75	1.87 1/2
Corvova, full paid	4.25	4.50
Cactus	2.35	3.00
Chief Consolidated	1.18	1.21
Corbin Copper	6.50	7.50
Davis Daily	5.50	5.62 1/2
Denn Arizona	4.25	4.50
First Nat. Copper	4.87 1/2	5.00
Globe, full paid	4.25	4.50
Globe, 82 paid	1.62 1/2	1.87 1/2
Helvetia	5.50	5.75
Lake Sup. & Ariz.		3.00
Live Oak		6.50
National Mining	.38	.40
Nevada Utah	1.87 1/2	2.00
Ray Consolidated	16.75	18.50
Raven	.24	.25
Red Warrior	1.87 1/2	2.00
San Antonio	1.50	1.75
Savannah		60.00
Schenck		69.00
Shattuck	17.87 1/2	18.12 1/2
Superior & Pitt.	15.75	16.00
Superior & Globe	.96	.97
Vandewater		1.75
Warren	2.87 1/2	3.25
Wolverine & Arizona	1.90	11.00
Begole	10.50	11.00
Chamblus Con.	1.45	1.60
Flourice Mining	2.87 1/2	3.00
Tri Bullion	.56	.60
Topnah Mining	6.62 1/2	6.75
McKinley Dar	.83	.83

TO IGNORE BISCHOP CHARGES.

Packing House Investigation is Ended, Says Bureau Chief Melvin.

Washington, July 15.—Dr. A. D. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry, who with George F. McGehee, secretary of the department of agriculture, conducted the investigation into the charge of John Harms, at the East St. Louis packing houses recently, said tonight that no further attention would be paid to Julius Bischof of Belleville, who has issued a statement containing the gist of his sworn testimony on account of any charges he may make. He was forthcoming in April or May for neglect of duty.

The foundation work alone of the new municipal building of New York, which is to be at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn bridge, will cost nearly \$2,000,000.

The government of Argentina is planning to spend about \$2,000,000 in enlarging the port of Buenos Ayres, and \$10,000,000 more on a canal to connect the port with the River de la Plata.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

NEGAUNEE, MICH.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

Capital and Surplus - \$ 170,000.00
Total Resources - 1,392,948.68

If you are not a depositor wouldn't it be well to start now? When your money is in such a bank as this, you can always feel contented as to its safety. Such assurance is worth much and, again, it's quite a convenience as it acts as a record when you pay your bills by check.

Our savings deposit boxes are a source of great satisfaction to those using them for the protection of their valuable papers and jewelry.

Our savings department pays you 3 per cent interest. Our "Banking by Mail" booklet explains the advantages of the department.

OFFICERS:		DIRECTORS:	
A. Maitland, President.	Geo. J. Maas, Vice Pres.	A. Maitland.	Geo. J. Maas.
T. C. Yates, Cashier.	T. Pascoe, Ass't Cashier.	J. H. Winter.	T. C. Yates.
		A. B. Miner.	

"UNITED STATES OF BRITAIN" IS SEEN.

Far-Reaching Results May Follow Revolt of Welsh Solons.

ALL WANT HOME RULE.

"Give Us a Series of Local Parliaments, Is the Cry All Over the Kingdom.

London, July 15.—Far-reaching results may follow the revolt of the Welsh members of the House of Commons which has just been quelled by the personal influence of Lloyd George, the British chancellor of the exchequer, who is sometimes referred to as "the un-crowned king of Wales." The rebels have promised to hold their hands for a year, but it is freely predicted that at the end of that time they will cease to be the tail to the English Liberal kite, will establish their own party, somewhat on the lines of the Irish Nationalists, and will place themselves in permanent opposition to the government of the day.

This revolt is really a symptom of the tendency to fusion in English politics, which is becoming more and more pronounced and which threatens to change the whole face of public life. It is also believed by many acute political observers that it is one of the final steps which will lead to the break-up of the empire into a series of self-governing communities, loosely, but not the less securely, held together by the imperial bond. To state the case paradoxically, the empire will be strengthened by its division. The United States of Britain will succeed the present organization and will stand as a band of brothers against the whole world.

Conference Furthers Movement.

There can be no doubt that the Imperial Press Conference which has just concluded its meeting in London, has done a great deal to further this movement. Serious politicians like A. J. Balfour, the Conservative leader and former prime minister, and Mr. Asquith, the present premier, explicitly disclaimed in their speeches at the conference any idea of imposing the will of the home Parliament on the British colonies.

"You must work out your own salvation in your own way and, being free and independent, you will be so much the more loyal and useful members of the imperial family," was the substance of their declarations, and the editors from excess of sentiment to the echo. The Irish have long adopted

the same attitude, the Welsh are now coming to it, and there is a growing party in Scotland which demands home rule for Scotsmen in the conduct of their local affairs.

The revolt of the Welshmen is typical of this feeling. For years the Liberals have been promising to disestablish the Anglican Church in Wales, which numbers only a minority of the Welsh people among its adherents. A bill was introduced a few weeks ago, but last week the government announced that it was too busy to pass it at this session of parliament. The Welshmen replied that if the government didn't pass it in short order they would form their own party and vote with the opposition. Lord George, the silver-tongued, smoothed them down and they promised to wait a year, but they are still very angry.

Britain Too Unwieldy.

The truth is that the day has come when the Parliament at Westminster can legislate efficiently for the whole of the United Kingdom, let alone the whole of the empire. Britain—using the word in the sense of all the British dominions—has become too unwieldy to be governed by a single legislature, and the time is approaching rapidly when English statesmen must face and solve the problem of decentralization. Englishmen are more and more coming to a sense of the futility of the British Parliament trying to decide whether a local railway shall be built in Ireland, whether the Welshmen shall be taxed to support a minority church, or whether the Irish system of land purchase shall be introduced into Scotland, while their own business is neglected. It goes without saying that the Irishmen, Welshmen and Scotsmen have been thinking the same thing for some time.

The situation has been reduced to absurdity in the present parliament. The House of Commons has been occupied for about two months solely with the discussion of the new taxation proposals contained in the budget, and there is every prospect that it will be busy with the same problem until nearly Christmas, to the exclusion of a lot of pressing legislation for England as well as for other members of the English family. The cry is going up all over the three kingdoms for decentralization. "Give us a series of local parliaments," the people say, "which will attend to affairs of local interest, and let us free the hands of the imperial parliament to attend to the affairs which affect the well-being of the empire as a whole." When the change will come is problematical. No one would have ventured to predict that it would be in this generation, but recent events have brought it manifestly nearer. Now there are few who deny that it is coming.

ing. The only difference of opinion is on the question "How soon?"

Military Needs a Factor.

Other important factors in the evolution are the military needs of the empire and the attitude of the overseas colonies. It is becoming increasingly evident that the colonies must bear their share in the offensive and defensive armaments of the empire. They have responded nobly to the call by offering Dreadnoughts to the old country, and by raising their own militia, some units of which did good service in the South African war, but no argument is needed to prove that the empire's army and navy, to be efficient, must be organized on a uniform plan and under a single hand. The question then arises, "How long will the colonies consent to provide men and ships for a military and naval organization in the government of which they have no voice?" The Imperial Parliament is the solution which is accepted without serious objection by every one.

Let the Parliament at Westminster be reconstituted to include representatives of the King's overseas dominions, and let it confine its activities to matters affecting the whole empire. The colonies already possess their own parliaments, and it would only be necessary to set up parliaments to take charge of local affairs in England, Ireland, Wales and Scotland. No one denies that such an arrangement would immensely strengthen the empire. It would settle the question of what to do with Ireland, which has been vexing English statesmen for a century, it would restore the waning loyalty of the Welsh, and it would stiffen up the sturdy patriotism of the Scots. The United States of Britain would be immensely more powerful and united than Britain as it is at present—a dominant race with an overwhelmingly more numerous congeries of more or less dissatisfied subject states.

PEACOCK BRAND

Leaf Lard and Special-Cured Hams and Bacon are "the best in the land," not better than the best, but better than all the rest.

This is not merely an advertising statement—the demand proves it. Where quality tells, PEACOCK BRAND prevails.

WEEK END EXCURSIONS

Via the South Shore for Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland and Buffalo, by rail to St. Ignace, thence D. & C. N. Co.'s steamers, leaving Marquette on train connecting with steamer sailing from St. Ignace 2:00 p. m., every Saturday, June 4th to July 31st. Limit, Sept. 15th. To Detroit, \$13.50; Toledo, \$14.25; Cleveland, \$15; Buffalo, \$17. (5-24-7-31-c)

Negaunee Department

KEPT UP AT SMALL COST TO MEMBERS

UNION PICNIC.

Program of Athletics, Speeches, and Music Arranged for Sunday.

A union picnic is to be held next Sunday at the Cleveland park. Advertising matter in several different languages is being distributed and it is announced that there will be speeches in English, Finnish, and Italian. The addresses of welcome will be delivered by P. Aaltonen in Finnish, M. C. Laake in English and Charles Bartolini in Italian. Other speakers will be former Mayor W. J. Roberts of Ishpeming and John Korpi.

The Finnish band of Ishpeming will give a concert and the members of the Tarmo Athletic club of Negaunee are to give an exhibition. In the evening a special program will be given at McDonald's opera house. There will be speeches and musical numbers by the Finnish band, selections by the Negaunee Finnish club and athletic treats by members of the Tarmo club. The admission to the evening entertainment will be ten cents.

There are now nearly fifty people being cared for at the institution and a number of applications will be presented at next week's meeting. Up to this time there have been four deaths, two of lower pneumonia and two of upper pneumonia inmates. The latter being Thomas Paul of this city and Joseph Nys, a former resident of Marquette, who died last October.

The board will recommend to the grand lodge that an endowment fund be established for the home. All free will cash offerings, monies received from home members upon their admission, all vegetable, fruit, etc., for the home, bequests and the like, would be placed in the endowment fund.

The farm conducted in connection with the institution is growing in importance, but up to this time a sufficient quantity of vegetables, fruit, etc., for the home has not been secured. Mr. Jackson said that the members of the board have been fairly well satisfied with the farm returns. On account of the expense for extra work, the farm has been operated at a disadvantage.

The new building, completed last year, including furnishings, etc., nearly \$50,000. The society carries an insurance of \$22,000. Other insurance carried is residence \$8,000; furnishings, \$800; out-cast, \$400; barns, \$2,000; stock, \$200; vehicles, \$400.

The institution is maintained at a small cost to the members, and it is thought that in time the per capita tax will be even smaller. This year the per capita was only thirty cents, fifteen cents being paid the first of the year and fifteen cents the first of this month.

It is reported from Sault Ste. Marie that extensive preparations are being made for the entertainment of the Odd Fellows and members of the Rebekah society. The lodge at Sault Ste. Marie, in co-operation with the lodge on the American side, it is expected that nearly 2,000 visitors will spend the greater part of the week at the Sault Ste. Marie.

FINE PIANO CHEAP.

I have a new Convay Bros' Upright high standard piano that I will sell cheap for cash or on monthly payment plan. It's a wonderful bargain and the last one left.

THOS. P. KIERKWA, Negaunee Pharmacy. (7-12-1w)

It's not poverty in mind. No, not at all. It's just plain old being poor.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Captain J. H. Rough is spending a few days on the Mesaba range.

J. F. Coon of Calumet was here yesterday on a business mission.

J. P. Miller's family are camping at Miller Bros' farm east of the city.

H. H. Perter and family of Duluth were visitors in Negaunee yesterday.

Frisman, the Negaunee team's new catcher, has accepted a position at the Maas mine.

Mrs. W. J. Hocking left Wednesday night on a visit to relatives and friends at Ironwood.

D. B. McDonald, the diamond drill contractor, was here yesterday from the Mesaba range.

Mrs. J. H. Rough has returned from a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. A. D. Borier at Gwinn.

Charles Kirpatrick, Louis Merrill and Frank Winter went to Clowery yesterday on a fishing trip.

Miss Nina Martell and four other Negaunee people left yesterday morning for St. Arne De Beauvoir.

Mrs. H. Ebeling of Marquette is in the city for a few days visit with her daughter, Mrs. H. W. Jackson.

Sam Ross, representing the C. H. Ritter company of Milwaukee, was here yesterday, calling on his patrons.

Mrs. James Malloney of Marquette returned to her home Wednesday evening, after a visit with Negaunee friends.

Charles Mahaffey, a former resident of Sault Ste. Marie who is well known here, is now a member of the police force of Eveleth, Minn.

Four loaded ore cars jumped the South Shore track near the Queen mine pocket Wednesday. It took about two hours to get them on the rails again.

Rev. R. T. T. Hicks, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, has been advised that his father, who had been ill for a year or so, died on the first of the month at his home in England.

William Hathaway and bride, who were married here Wednesday afternoon, will spend ten days or two weeks in Chicago, Milwaukee and other points before returning to Coleraine. They left here Wednesday evening.

Judge Veran yesterday sentenced Sienna Autio to thirty days in the county jail, she having been arrested on the charge of disorderly conduct. Inasmuch as the girl is under age she will probably be sent to the reform school.

Levine Bros. are to conduct a reduction sale for a week, commencing today, as will be observed by their advertisement in this issue. Special reductions are to be given today and tomorrow on ladies' suits. The employees have been busy the greater part of the past week, marking down the prices of the goods in the several departments.

Nineteen Negaunee people left Wednesday night for Ironwood to attend the grand lodge meeting and reunion of the Sons of St. George society. Among those who went up from here were Joseph Curtis, who will be the next grand lodge president, Captain Joe Thomas of the Maas mine, who is a delegate from the Negaunee lodge, and E. Goodman of Princeton. Another delegate left last night and several more are expected to go up tonight. Tickets will be good for return until the 20th.

For the many favors tendered us during our leave we feel under lasting obligations to our many friends. It would be difficult for us to fully express our appreciation. We feel especially indebted to our neighbors, also to the members of English Oak Lodge, Sons of St. George and the Negaunee Light Infantry, as well as all who sent floral tributes.

JOHNSON GRANVILLE, and Family.

OPENING UP THE SOUDAN

Railroad Now Forty-Seven Miles South of Khartoum.

Khartoum, July 14.—The extension of the Sudan government railway south of Khartoum, which forms another stage in the Cape-to-Cairo railway, is now being rapidly pushed on at the rate of ten miles a week. This line follows the course of the Blue Nile at a distance of one to three miles west of the river, and does not actually strike the Nile until the thirty-eighth mile after leaving Khartoum. The forty-seventh mile has just been reached, and the work has proved remarkably easy. The money at present allotted for its construction on this year's estimates will be sufficient to take the line to the sixty-fifth mile, but the budget for next year is not due until October next. The importance of the line for the development of the country is such, however, that it is probable that some arrangement will be made for continuing the work forthwith.

The line is now entering that part of the country where the rising of the Nile takes place. Its course eventually will be to cross the desert from the Blue Nile to the White Nile, where a bridge is already under construction at Kosti to carry it up to El Obeid in Kordofan. Here it will tap the center of the gum trade, one of the chief sources of wealth to the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan. At present the gum is brought down to Sudan by the river and thence by boat to Khartoum, which has always been the great center for sorting and selling. From there it has had to be reloaded in boats to cross the river and be loaded on to the railway on the other side for Port Sudan.

When it is possible to place the gum on trucks at Port Sudan most of the merchants will move from Khartoum to El Obeid. Gudruman will, no doubt, lose greatly in wealth and importance, and some even predict that it will dwindle away to an insignificant village, so great is the proportion of its wealth depending on the gum trade. This need not be seen. It will certainly be off the track as far as Kordofan is concerned, but from time immemorial it has been the converging point for caravans from great distances in the East, and natives of almost half the tribes of Africa could probably be found in it. It will take long to displace as a great center in this respect for the pilgrim route to Mecca leads through it, and whatever its importance as a center of commerce it will always have its historic importance and interest for tourists.

WHY BREAD IS DEAR.

The demand is greater than the supply. We have reached the end of our virgin wheat land; and our yields are shrinking while our population is increasing. That is where conservation touches us practically; but we need not worry. Nature is going to take care of things. Necessity will punish us and remedy matters in her own stern way, if we do not mend our methods. When wheat does not average so much an acre, it is not worth raising. Now consider a moment where this trend of things is leading us. Do you know how long it took England to mend her methods—to raise her averages from twelve and fifteen to twenty-five and thirty and forty bushels an acre? It took her almost fifty years. In fifty years, what population will we have to feed? And we have not even begun to mend our methods. It is the supremely big question of the day. Shall we act now, and save ourselves national disaster, or shall we necessarily compel ourselves to do so? Compare agriculture interests in any other national interest today! What were the total returns from the farms of the United States last year? \$7,000,000,000! Compare that to the returns from the forests—\$1,250,000,000, and one farm averages are but a third of what they ought to be, of what they could be made by simple national methods. Other countries have tumbled and quadrupled their yield. So could we.—The Outing Magazine.

FROM HERE

Throughout the entire length, from end to end

La Verdad

Cigars are composed of long, clear Havana—the best grown.

A cigar costing a dollar could not be any better. You also tobacco and skilled Cuban or Spanish workmanship in Tampa's climate combine to make a perfect cigar. That is the LA VERDAD.

The taste of every smoker can be satisfied by LA VERDAD cigars. They are made in 37 shapes and sizes ranging in price from 3 for 25c to 50c each. The quality is the best possible at the price.

Ask your dealer for LA VERDAD.

Ron-Fernandez Cigar Co.

Duluth and Tampa.

TO HERE

M. C. SCULLY, Agent, Marquette, Mich.

LOST—A 50-pound test weight, between Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.'s office and Perkins drug store on Iron street. Reward for its return to the Consolidated company's office, 7-15-09.

We solicit your business and guarantee prompt service and satisfaction.

Telephone or telegraph your orders.

Bell and County Phones.

NEGAUNEE GREENHOUSES

Wholesale and Retail Florists, NEGAUNEE, MICH.

Michigan College of Mines

F. W. McNAIR, PRESIDENT.

Located in the Lake Superior district. Mines and Mills accessible for College work. For Year Book and Record of Graduates apply to PRESIDENT or SECRETARY, Houghton, Mich.

LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPING RAILWAY CO. MUNISING RAILWAY CO. MARQUETTE & SOUTHEASTERN RAILWAY CO. TIME TABLE. In Effect May 30th, 1909.

WEEK DAYS.

TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE

For Pickereel Lake, Buckro, Birch, Antlers and Big Bay.....	9:15 am
For Negaunee and Ishpeming.....	9:20 am
For Harvey, Mangum, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Selma, Carlshead, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, Rumely, Chatham and Munising.....	8:50 am
Munising leaves Negaunee.....	8:15 pm
TRAINS LEAVE ISHPING	
For Marquette, Harvey, Mangum, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Carlshead, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, Rumely, Chatham and Munising.....	4:10 pm
Munising leaves Negaunee.....	3:45 pm
TRAINS LEAVE MUNISING	
For Chatham, Rumely, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, Skandia, New Dalton, Yalmer, Mangum, Harvey, Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming, Birch and Big Bay.....	8:50 am
For stations on East Branch.....	8:00 am
For Chatham, Rumely, Carlshead, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, M. & S. E. Ry stations to Marquette.....	4:45 pm
For Munising Junction.....	12:25 pm
TRAINS LEAVE MUNISING JCT	
For Munising.....	1:40 pm
LEAVES BIG BAY	
For Birch, Marquette, Negaunee & E. Ry's stations, Munising Ry's stations and Munising.....	11:50 am
Train leaves Birch.....	1:00 pm
TRAINS LEAVE PRINCETON	
For Little Lake, Carlshead, Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming, Big Bay, Birch, Rumely, Chatham, Munising and East Branch stations.....	6:15 am
Leave Gwinn.....	6:30 am
For Munising Ry's stations to Marquette, M. & S. E. stations to Marquette.....	4:50 pm
Leaves Gwinn.....	4:58 pm
For Little Lake.....	8:10 am
Leaves Gwinn.....	8:20 pm
Leaves Gwinn.....	9:15 am
Leaves Gwinn.....	8:35 pm

SUNDAYS.

TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE

For Pickereel Lake, Buckro, Birch, Antlers and Big Bay.....	8:50 am
For Negaunee and Ishpeming.....	8:20 pm
For Harvey, Mangum, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Selma, Carlshead, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, Rumely, Chatham and Munising.....	8:45 am
Munising.....	8:15 pm
TRAINS LEAVE ISHPING	
For Marquette, Harvey, Mangum, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Carlshead, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, Rumely, Chatham and Munising.....	7:45 am
and Munising.....	5:08 pm
Train leaves Negaunee.....	5:10 pm
TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE	
Leaves Ishpeming.....	1:30 pm
Leaves Negaunee.....	1:38 pm
TRAINS LEAVE MUNISING	
For Chatham, Rumely, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, Skandia, New Dalton, Yalmer, Mangum, Harvey, Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming, Birch.....	8:00 am
and Munising.....	8:00 pm
LEAVES BIG BAY	
For Birch, Marquette, Negaunee and Ishpeming.....	6:00 pm
Train leaves Birch.....	6:30 pm
TRAINS LEAVE PRINCETON	
For Little Lake, Carlshead, Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming, Rumely, Chatham and Munising.....	8:00 am
Leaves Gwinn.....	8:20 pm

The Savings Bank

Negaunee, Mich. LEVINE BROS., Props.

WE OFFER FOR

Today and Tomorrow

LADIES' HANDSOME TWO-PIECE TAILORED SUITS

\$18.50, \$22.50 and \$25.00 for

\$9.75

And \$27.50, \$30.00, \$35.00 and \$40.00 Suits for

\$13.50

Can You Afford to Miss This?

7-16-1d

GOV'T ENGINEERS INSPECT HARBOR

GENERAL MARSHALL, CHIEF OF U. S. CORPS, WAS A MEMBER OF THE VISITING PARTY.

FINDINGS NOT MADE PUBLIC

Whether They Will Favor Extension of Present Breakwater or Another Built from the South Shore a Mystery.

General Marshall, chief engineer of the United States, Major Townsend, of Detroit, now in charge of the government engineering work at the Soo, Major Keller, of Detroit, also a government engineer, and Mrs. Marshall visited Marquette yesterday, and inspected the harbor for the purpose of learning the most practical method of extending the breakwater, and determining what dredging might be necessary.

The party arrived and departed on the lightship tender Anamynth, remaining here until about 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The engineers came on shore and talked with several business men, but were careful to say little as to what was likely to be the result of their visit. General Marshall last visited Marquette in 1885, at the time when the plans for the present concrete breakwater were being made.

Two plans for the extension of the present breakwater have been under consideration, and it would be interesting to know which of them the engineering party considers the more practical. Many vesselmen are of the opinion that the present breakwater should be extended in a southeasterly direction, which, it is claimed by adherents of this plan, would increase the size of the harbor and lessen the undertow, thereby making it a harbor of refuge.

Others claim that better results would be obtained if, instead of extending the present breakwater, a breakwater were to be built from the south shore, starting near the mouth of the Carp river, and extending northward to within about 500 feet of the south end of the present structure. Supporters of this plan declare that the undertow is caused by northeast storms blowing the waves upon the shore south of the city, which starts a current westward along the shore which circles the harbor and goes into the lake again at the south end of the breakwater. It is claimed that a breakwater extending from the south shore would stop this current and so do away with the undertow, which often makes it impossible for vessels to tie up at the docks in rough weather.

Those favoring the extension of the present breakwater declare that a breakwater from the south shore would not increase the size of the harbor and that it would not decrease the undertow any more than the other plan; furthermore, that it would be much more expensive. All agree that the present harbor is too small and that a harbor of refuge is badly needed at this point, between Portage lake and the Soo. It is almost impossible for a vessel to enter the Marquette harbor in a heavy sea, under the present conditions, there being great danger of being blown on the south shore of the lake. Lieutenant Colonel Fitch, of Duluth, a government engineer who has visited this harbor some study, is believed to favor the plan of extending the present breakwater as before stated, but the opinion of General Marshall and party has not yet been given out.

The harbor is also badly in need of dredging east and north of the end of No. 4 ore dock, where a sand bar makes it dangerous for large vessels to attempt to load on the north side of the dock. Several boats have grounded on this bar already this season, and until recently No. 4 dock has not been used for that reason.

COLLEGE BOYS ON BOATS. Have Efficiently Taken the Places of Strikers in Many Instances.

That the Lake Carriers' association has been able to operate its vessels this season with comparatively little inconvenience, in spite of the marine strike, is declared to be due in no measure to the employment of college boys on the boats in the places of strikers. According to captains of the large boats and vesselmen generally, college men do not as a rule seem to see the advisability of unions, and cannot be talked into quitting their positions because some one else wants the company for whom they are working to come to time.

Generally speaking, it is said that the college boys are hard and faithful workers, but they are usually green and inexperienced in marine ways and phraseology, although they learn quickly and make as good hands as other inexperienced men.

Most of the larger ore boats number college boys in their crew this season, it is said. Some are employed in the galley, or wait on table, but a large number are employed as deck hands. Although the work is hard and the hours long, many of the boys are sticking to their jobs, oftentimes to the surprise of their parents. Sometimes they are the butt of practical jokes perpetrated by the seasoned members of the crew, but as a rule they are well thought of, and get along without trouble.

A short time ago, nine Port Huron boys left the P. M. Fox at Marquette, who were employed as waiters. The boys deserted as the result of an order from the captain, refusing to let them come on deck when on duty. The boys were housed in cramped quarters in the hold of the vessel, and desired the privileges of the deck when out on duty, which the captain would not allow, as it was against the rules. In consequence, the boys took French leave at this port and returned to their homes in the best way they could, most of them riding the bumpers, as they were without funds.

The regular Saturday night hop will be held at Fraternity Hall tomorrow night. Must be the Peerless orchestra. (7-16-24)

DRY HARDWARE. Two dollars per cord in two-cord lots. (2-13-11) F. B. SPEAK & SONS.

GIVEN HIGH HONOR.

L. G. Kaufman Elected Member of Executive Council of A. B. A.

L. G. Kaufman of this city was given signal honor at the meeting of the Michigan State Bankers' association, held at Potoski last week, by being unanimously elected a member of the executive council of the American Bankers' association. The American Bankers' association numbers in its membership most of the bankers of the United States, but it is through the executive council of the organization that most of the business is done.

The executive council is composed of but sixty members, elected from every state in the Union, Michigan having two representatives in the council. The second member is Hon. Wm. Livingstone, of the Bime Savings bank, of Detroit. The members are elected to serve three years.

The council holds six meetings a year, the next of which will be held in Chicago in September. During the next few years it is expected that many matters of vital importance to the whole people will be considered, and Mr. Kaufman's election to membership in the council is most gratifying to himself and his friends.

Among the many important matters taken up by the council are the currency question and uniformity in the banking laws of the several states. It is said that through the efforts of the council the laws relating to negotiable paper are practically uniform in all states, which is an immense convenience to persons doing an interstate business.

FORMER POSTMASTER UNDER ARREST HERE

RICHARD J. BOWDIN, OF BESSEMER, BROUGHT FROM CHICAGO YESTERDAY IN CUSTODY OF U. S. MARSHALS.

Richard J. Bowdin, the ex-postmaster at Bessemer, who was arrested a few days ago in connection with the charge of having embezzled about \$1,000 of the postoffice funds about three years ago, was brought to Marquette yesterday in custody of United States Deputy Marshals E. C. Marsales and Ed. Northrup, of Chicago. These officers did not arrest Bowdin and profess to know nothing of the case, other than that they were to bring him to Marquette and turn him over to U. S. Deputy Ed. Mosher.

As Marshal Mosher was not in the city yesterday the officers are still here and will remain with their prisoner until the Marquette marshal's return, which may be today. Last evening Bowdin was in the custody of Under Sheriff Bennett, though not confined in the county jail.

Bowdin's arrest at this particular time has come as quite a surprise and many have surmised that he might know something about the Ironwood bank failure. He stated yesterday, however, that such was not the case, and that he was in the dark as to the reason for his arrest. At the time the shortage of the Bessemer postoffice fund was discovered, it was made good by Bowdin's bondsmen, and it was generally supposed that the government had dropped the case.

For the last two years or more, Bowdin has been employed by the International Harvester company, in Chicago, under the name of Roberts, although his whereabouts were not unknown to many of his Bessemer and Ironwood friends. He has made good with his Chicago employers and now has with him a letter of recommendation from them, stating their willingness to retain him in their employ, provided he can fix up the postoffice tangle to the satisfaction of the government.

As soon as Deputy Mosher arrives in the city, Bowdin will be given a hearing and admitted to bail, which, it is stated, will be furnished by Marquette friends. It is expected that he will be tried at the September term of federal court.

INTEREST IS LIVELY. Courts of Tennis Club Scenes of Fast Games Nearly Every Afternoon.

The courts of the Marquette Tennis club are in frequent use this summer, and some lively contests, especially in doubles, are played almost every afternoon. The old "sand-bag" such as Dr. Drake, Edwallyn Drake, Maywood, Hebb and Miller, are on the courts almost every afternoon, and quite a number of young boys have taken up the game and some promising material is being developed. An arrangement is under consideration by which the members of the Guild Hall association will be entitled to the privileges of the Tennis club. The tennis players this year have discarded the Wright & Ditson ball and adopted the Goodrich ball, which seems to give better satisfaction. Goodrich balls can be obtained at the office of Dr. Drake is one dozen lots at cost. There is talk of an invitation tournament during the first week in August, and if the club decides to hold such a tournament, a definite announcement will be made within a few days.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES. Boats Locked Through, Bound for Ports on Lake Superior.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 15.—The boats whose names are here appended have passed the canals the last twenty-four hours, bound for ports on Lake Superior: Morley, Samuel Morse 11 p. m.; Shaw, 11; J. E. Upson, Princeton, midnight; William H. Mack 2 a. m.; Shenango, Leonard, 4; Wisconsin, Pollock, 5; Pappa, Truesdale, 5:30; Oct, 6:50; Wainwright, 9; Oliver, 9:30; Empire City, 10:30; Sloughness, 12:30 p. m.; Bonanza, 1; Townsend, Hammon, Athabasca, 2; Coruna, Cornell, 3; Edith, Krupp, 3:30; Gates, 4:30; Neilson, 5; Olanah, Howe, 6; Alex. Thompson, 6:30; Spalding, Angelina, Gargantua, Zillah, Peshigo, Goshawk, 8; Banny, 8:30.

Eli Couvion, the trucker, is taking up the work of Mr. Orchard to remove garbage. If you will give me a trial, call me up. Bell phone, 458-J. 6-7-11

Now is the time to order your awnings. We make awnings of all descriptions, also anything in canvas work. 3-13-11 KELLY HARDWARE CO.

LIQUOR LAW EXPLAINED BY JUSTICE CARPENTER

INTERPRETS WARNER-CRAMTON STATUTE—COPIES WILL BE SENT TO ALL LIQUOR DEALERS IN DOUBT REGARDING LEGALITY OF LIMITING THE NUMBER OF SALOONS.

William L. Carpenter, former justice of the supreme court, has prepared an interpretation of the Warner-Cramton liquor law for the Michigan State Brewers' association. It will be printed in pamphlet form for distribution throughout the state to liquor dealers as a part of a campaign of education by the brewers to instruct liquor dealers how to obey the law.

The opinion of Judge Carpenter goes into the minutest detail regarding the meaning of the law, and included is a long list of "don'ts" constituting violations of both the new law and the general liquor statutes.

On the question of expiration of licenses the opinion says: "Every license granted under this act terminates on the 30th of next April after its issuance. A license has no absolute right to have it renewed. In law, his position is no better than that of a new applicant for a license."

Judge Carpenter discusses the mooted point of whether a dealer licensed as a wholesaler may sell liquor in quantities of less than three gallons, so long as it is not to be drunk on the premises. He holds that wholesalers may do this.

He declares that the question of whether a corporation may get a liquor license is doubtful and will probably require a court determination. Through-out the act it seems to be taken for granted that the applicant for a license must be an individual, but Section 1 speaks of corporations as engaging in the wholesale dealing in manufacturing.

It is the opinion of the judge that no corporation may get a retail license and that in order to secure a wholesale license it must be incorporated under the laws of Michigan. This would not apply, however, to foreign corporations which engaged in the business through agents under another section of the law.

Limiting Number of Saloons. Judge Carpenter plainly confesses himself as in doubt regarding the legality of the section of the law regarding the number of saloons which may exist in a community.

"The provisions of this section are difficult to harmonize. It fixes a maximum number of saloons varying in different municipalities. For townships, villages and cities that have adopted or may hereafter adopt local option and afterwards return to the state system, the maximum is one saloon for not to exceed every 500 inhabitants. For other townships, villages and cities that maximum shall not exceed the number of retail liquor dealers doing business therein in the month of April, 1909.

The same section also authorizes the township board, board of trustees, council or common council of any township, village or city, to limit by ordinance the number of licenses to be therein granted, but this number must not exceed one to every 500 inhabitants according to the last United States census, except in the case of municipalities whose maximum is fixed by the number of saloons therein in April, 1909, and in that case it can not, as I construe the law, exceed that maximum. Such an ordinance would not, however, affect the right of one already having a license during the year covered by such license.

Restricting the Licenses. "While this authority can not issue licenses in excess of the maximum, neither can it decline to issue licenses to the extent of the maximum, provided, proper applications are made by eligible applicants. (It must be understood, of course, that the license issuing authority has the power, above stated, to change the maximum by the enactment of an ordinance.) If the number of eligible applicants exceed the number of licenses which can be granted, preference shall first be given to those whose applications were filed on or before April 15, and after that to application in the order in which the same are filed. When the number of eligible applications for licenses exceed the number of licenses to be issued, the license issuing authority has a right, subject to the above limitation, to determine to whom licenses shall be granted. In making this determination, the act does not provide that preference shall be given to those already engaged in the business.

"Section 29 provides 'if the number of retail liquor dealers in any township, village or city shall be in excess of the ratio of one to each 500 inhabitants, according to the last United States census, no license or licenses shall be issued to any person or persons to take the place of such license or licenses as shall have been revoked as in this act provided, or that shall voluntarily have been surrendered until the ratio of the licenses granted and the saloons in such township, village or city shall not exceed one saloon for every 500 inhabitants thereof, according to the last United States census.'

"The question will arise, what is meant by the language, 'or that shall voluntarily have been surrendered.' I can find in the statutes no definition of this term. In my judgment, it will be held that when a licensee having an unexpired license voluntarily discontinues the business, he thereby voluntarily surrenders such license within the meaning of the language under discussion. It, therefore, follows that in such a case the license issuing authority, if the saloons within its jurisdiction exceed one to every 500 inhabitants, can not issue a license to succeed the one so surrendered. "The law provides that there can be no signs outside of saloons announcing that liquor is sold within and the opinion is to the effect that the duty of removing the signs devolves upon the occupant of the premises."

JULY CLEARING SALE AT THE BEE HIVE.

We are now making big reductions on everything, particularly our summer goods, such as ladies' wash suits, shirt waists, belts, oxfords, etc. THE BEE HIVE, L. Getz, Prop., 220-222 S. Front St., Marquette, Mich. (5-19-11)

TURKISH BATHS AND CHIROPODY. Frank Keough, 123 W. Ridge St., Marquette.

Please You More Every Day You

have 'em on you—STEIN-BLOCH light weight Spring clothes. They fit you right—at the neck, over the flat space below the neck across the shoulders, in front over the breast. They are stylish—a line here, a curve there, an unusual slant to the lapels—the little points that STEIN-BLOCH brains thought out and knew how to put there.

Stein-Bloch Smart Suits, \$8 to \$30.

Stein-Bloch Spring Overcoats, \$18 to \$25.

Stein-Bloch Raincoats, \$25.00.

Thin Clothes

Black and Grey Alpaca Coats, Blue Serge Skeleton Coats, Knox Straw Hats, Nansook Underwear, Soft Negligee Shirts and a pair of black or tan Oxfords are in order for the hot days.

Ormsbee & Atkins, Nester Block, Washington St.

OUR CIGAR CASE

is a POPULAR SPOT For those who like a good clear Havana or domestic CIGAR SUCH CIGARS AS THE Gato, El Principe de Gales, La Verdad, Mi Flora, La Preferencia; and other high grade brands; also several brands of 5c Cigars, at BIGELOW'S News and Stationery Store.

BIJOU

(The House of Features) Talking Pictures "OLD HEIDELBERG" "JONES AND HIS LADY AGENT" "THE FRENCH DUEL" Matinee 2:30 to 5. Evening 7 to 10 Adults, 10c; children, 5c. 5-2-12

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