

THEY TAKE ISSUE WITH ROOSEVELT

Speakers at the Peace Congress Deny That the Battleship Is an Instrument Making for Amity Among the Nations.

Blaming Britain, America and Germany for the Race for Armaments and Pointing Out the Enormous Cost, Edwin D. Mead Declares That So Far from Being a Bond of Security Each New Dreadnought Is a New Source of Enmity and Danger.

Chicago, May 4.—If Great Britain, Germany and the United States began today to act, with reference to armaments, in accordance with the spirit and purpose of the Hague conference, peace and order of the world would be assured tomorrow, said Edwin D. Mead, of Boston, in an address at tonight's session of the second national peace conference. It is unnecessary to go further, the speaker said, because these three nations control the situation, and they are the chief sinners.

Cost of Armaments Enormous.

Mr. Mead continued: "In 1898 Great Britain spent \$124,000,000; Germany spent \$29,000,000, and the United States spent \$50,000,000. Last year Great Britain spent \$170,000,000; Germany, \$88,000,000, and the United States, \$104,000,000. The increase in precisely the ten years when there should have been decreases was enormous. Our own army expenses last year were as great as our navy expenses. Our navy expenses this year will be \$300,000,000 greater than last year. We are today paying for expenses of past wars and preparations for possible wars 65 per cent, practically two-thirds, of our total national revenue, leaving barely one-third available for all constructive purposes. This is what has come about in ten years since these three nations caused the Hague conference in 1899 did nothing about the reduction or arrest of armaments.

Refutes Roosevelt's Theory.

Mr. Mead expressed regret that the United States now takes the lead in building larger ships than any now existing, thus forcing up the standard for all nations. Continuing, he said: "So far from each new dreadnought proving an added bond of security and peace, according to the theory, each one on either side proves a new menace, a new source of suspicion, enmity and danger." The speaker referred to the visit to Spain of the former Secretary of State Root, saying that he elicited vastly more impressive expressions of friendship in every South American capital, and accomplished things of a vastly more constructive character, than all the sixteen noisy battleships that he and he followed him. In conclusion, he said: "We must insist upon arbitration treaties so broad as to pledge reference to the Hague of every dispute whatever not settled by regular diplomatic negotiation, thus leaving no loophole for the mischief-makers who talk of 'interests' and 'honor.' But we must face the fact that our chief problem now is a moral one. All the conventions in the world are good for nothing unless the parties to them are in earnest, unless they trust each other, unless they seek together to translate the spirit of their conventions into life. The implication and imperative of the Hague conventions are clear; the question of how and when we shall respect them is now a question of national character."

Congressman Bartholdt's Views.

Representative Bartholdt, of Missouri, also was one of the principal speakers at the peace conference. The idea which gave birth to the Peace congress, he said, was the greatest moral issue now confronting all the nations of the earth. He declared that it was not his optimism but his deliberate judgment which prompted him to believe that when that idea once had penetrated the minds and hearts of the masses it would sweep the world.

Against all the machinations which impress the minds of the people, said Mr. Bartholdt, with the glory of militarism and war, the friends of the world-wide peace were at a great disadvantage. "For the weapons they employ in their war upon war are invisible and the progress of their cause cannot be seen." Their weapon consisted simply in an appeal to reason and their progress existed only in the minds of men. "But despite this disadvantage," he exclaimed, "all the clap-trap of militarism and war will avail nothing in

SENATOR BRADLEY ASKS DUTY ON JUTE

Delivering an Eloquent Speech, Kentucky Statesman Makes Earnest Plea for the Upbuilding of a Decadent Industry.

Hemp a Bounteous Crop in the South and Its Culture Possible in Every State of the Union, Its Production Is Given So Little Protection That Foreigners Now Dominate the American Market and Take from It Many Millions Annually.

Washington, May 4.—A strong speech for the principle of the protective tariff with a special plea for a duty on jute was made in the senate today by Senator Bradley, of Kentucky. "Give us fair protection in Kentucky," said Mr. Bradley, facing the Republicans of the senate, "and I promise you that in a short while it shall become as certainly a Republican as the great state of Massachusetts."

Mr. Bradley declared that unless the jute industry, on which he asked a protective tariff duty of one and one-half cents a pound, was protected it would be annihilated. "It has been demonstrated by actual experience in the last five years," said Mr. Bradley, "that hemp may be successfully grown in Pennsylvania, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Kansas, and we are informed by high and unquestioned authority that it may be successfully grown in Kentucky, Indiana and Pennsylvania. Formerly, the hemp was largely commercially grown in Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri, but for the last ten years, it has been grown commercially only in Kentucky, Nebraska and California, the greater part of it having been grown in Kentucky. He explained the uses to which American hemp were put, first twine of great strength as well as heavy cordage being made from it. For the last two years he said, the navy department has consumed nearly 20 per cent of the entire production of double dressed hemp.

Formerly the Industry Flourished.

"At one time," he continued, "there was in the United States \$3,341,500 invested in hemp manufacture, more than 60,000 hands were employed at a yearly wage of nearly \$1,200,000, and 417 mills were in operation, 150 of which were in Kentucky, fifty in New York and 208 more throughout the country. There were then from 75,000 to 80,000 tons raised each year, which if now raised would be worth more than \$10,000,000. But now there are only twenty-eight mills in the United States, two of which are in Kentucky, and of which, to a large extent, are manufacturing foreign fiber, and the present tonnage of hemp is only 8,000 tons, and those who once found remunerative labor from that

end as against the resistless force of our idea." That idea, he explained, was that the peace of the United States with foreign nations shall be secured in exactly the same manner as its domestic peace is secured, namely, by referring all controversies to the courts for settlement.

Great Powers Two-Faced.

Mr. Bartholdt took the position that the great nations are two-faced and that their attitude "so shockingly inconsistent" as to be untenable before the forum of either reason or morality. He elicited vastly more impressive expressions of friendship in every South American capital, and accomplished things of a vastly more constructive character, than all the sixteen noisy battleships that he and he followed him. In conclusion, he said: "We must insist upon arbitration treaties so broad as to pledge reference to the Hague of every dispute whatever not settled by regular diplomatic negotiation, thus leaving no loophole for the mischief-makers who talk of 'interests' and 'honor.' But we must face the fact that our chief problem now is a moral one. All the conventions in the world are good for nothing unless the parties to them are in earnest, unless they trust each other, unless they seek together to translate the spirit of their conventions into life. The implication and imperative of the Hague conventions are clear; the question of how and when we shall respect them is now a question of national character."

America's Sublime Mission.

After stating that the world's progress in the direction of international peace during the past five years, though not visible to the eye, had been great, Mr. Bartholdt said in conclusion: "The world is slowly but surely rallying around the banner of peace. It gravitates in an ascending line to the higher plane of one common brotherhood, whence the shedding of human blood for the sake of trade or any other purpose is regarded as a relic of barbarism and where the three watchwords of a new world organization will be humanity, justice and peace. In this onward march the United States should lead. It will be the fulfillment of our country's sublime mission. It will lend a new significance to the flag and will cause all mankind to bless it as the emblem of their salvation as well as ours."

source have been compelled to seek less remunerative employment elsewhere. The mills have rotted down so that in most instances there is not even a vestige remaining of the industry that once flourished. It is true that at one period, the uncertainty and great cost of labor contributed to the serious injury of this industry, for it must be remembered that our laborers have been paid an average wage of \$1.50 per day, while those in India have obtained but five cents per day.

"The spirit that has prevailed in the Republican party in protecting other branches of industry from pauper labor seems not to have prevailed to any great extent in so far as the protection of hemp is concerned. However, the American farmer has struggled manfully against great odds, but for which the hemp industry would today be extinct in the United States. It occurs to me that the giving of protection to the American manufacturer of jute and at the same time denying protection to the producer of hemp who is brought directly into competition with the producer of jute, is a travesty on the doctrine of protection. It is indeed a shameful injustice to protect one interest while another is permitted to languish and die—it is not only un-Republican, but un-American. Let us have protection to both classes, or protection to neither.

Foreign Manufacturers Benefit.

"The value of jute and jute manufactures imported in 1904 was \$20,000,000, in round numbers, and in 1908 it increased to \$34,000,000. In other words, in four years these importations increased at the alarming rate of 70 per cent. Thus it is that \$34,000,000 that should have been kept at home, invested in home products, affording employment to American laborers, has been sent to foreign lands, most of which has gone into the pockets of foreign manufacturers or producers who live by treating those who labor for them more unkindly than they would treat the beasts of the field. But we are told that no tariff should be placed on jute because it would increase the price of sacks, bags, burlaps, and bagging necessary to the cotton growers of the South and the wool and grain producers of the country. If this be true, then to cheapen them further we should admit jute manufacturers free also, but it is not true.

Restoring to political conditions in the South at the close of the Civil War, Mr. Bradley recounted the efforts and difficulties of the Republicans of Kentucky in their struggle for state control.

"Now, during all these struggles," he said, "the Republicans of Kentucky have received comparatively little aid or comfort from their brethren in the North. We complain not of that fact today, but we do complain because our people have not been given that justice in legislation to which they were entitled. And I may say in this connection that not only the people of my state, but the people of nearly all the old slave-holding states, have been denied the justice to which they are entitled.

Pleads in the Name of Lincoln.

"I plead for Kentucky in the name of the great martyr of the West who did so much to engrift the doctrine of protection among the national policies as any other American statesman. I plead for Kentucky in the name of that greatest and best of all her sons, and of all Americans, whose kindness of heart and gentleness of nature combined with splendid courage and unequal statesmanship won for him the most exalted place in all the rolling years of time—the immortal Lincoln.

"And I plead not only for Kentucky, but for the whole South. Nearly half a century has passed since the echo of the last hostile cannon died in silence. A century has elapsed since the soldiers of both armies returned to their homes and mingled back into civil life, the one elated with victory and hope, the other almost in despair, having lost all save the proud reflection that they had shown their willingness to bleed and die in a cause which they believed to be right.

Should Emulate Taft's Example.

"I plead today for the blotting out of all lines in legislation, for the harmonizing of all sections, for the cementing together by the ties of commercial interest, brotherly love and affection, all the people of our great and good president is patriotically engaged in an honest effort to recognize and do equal justice to every section of the Union. His example should be emulated and followed by all.

Let the North, the South, the East, the West, each and all be protected as they are entitled to be protected, and the nation which will now be the greatest on earth, will move forward with increased energy, attaining a degree of prosperity and power of which we have not even dreamed."

MANNED BY NON-UNIONISTS.

Big Fleet of Boats Put Out from Chicago and South Chicago.

Chicago, May 4.—A large fleet of steamers controlled by the Lake Carriers' association—the largest since the beginning of the seaman's strike—sailed from this port and South Chicago today manned by non-union crews. The crews boarded the boats under police protection.

EXPLOSION KILLS FIVE MEN.

Missoula, Mont., May 4.—An explosion of dynamite today completely demolished a steam shovel working at Tyler's ranch and killed five men.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, May 4.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Partly cloudy and warmer, Wednesday, increasing south winds; Thursday, showers and cooler.

BASEBALL.

STANDINGS OF THE TEAMS.

Table with columns for National League and American League, listing teams like Philadelphia, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Brooklyn, New York, Detroit, New York, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Washington.

SCHEDULE FOR TODAY.

Table listing baseball games for today, including National League and American League matchups like New York at Boston, Philadelphia at Brooklyn, Cincinnati at Chicago, St. Louis at Pittsburgh.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Table listing results of yesterday's baseball games, including National League and American League scores like Chicago 4, Pittsburgh 1, Philadelphia 1, New York 1, Boston 1, Detroit 1.

MANY THOUSANDS SLAIN BY THE TURKS

Slaughter in the Asiatic Provinces Was Unsparring—Whole Villages Have Been Blotted Out and Hundreds of Girls Carried Off to Moslem Harems.

Adana, May 3, via Larnaca, Cyprus, May 4.—Adana is still lawless. More people were killed in the city yesterday. There are thirty thousand dead in Adana province as a result of the massacres, and thirty thousand are homeless. Both French schools were destroyed and it is feared that the American school and commercial and missionary interests in Adana are totally ruined.

Moslem Harems Replenished.

Tarsus, Asiatic Turkey, May 3, via Constantinople, May 4.—Authentic details of the atrocities committed by fanatical Mohammedans in villages and on farms show that least ten thousand persons lost their lives in this province. Some estimates place the total casualties at twenty-five thousand. Several villages with populations of five and six hundred were wiped out altogether. The slaughter was unsparring, even Greeks and Syrians being struck down with Armenians. Entire families were burned to death in their homes. Hundreds of Armenian women were carried off to Moslem harems.

Betrayed by Treacherous Governor.

The Armenian population of Kozlovo was put to death under the following circumstances: Word that Mohammedans were killing Armenians reached Kozlovo before the actual attack on the place, and when the first considerable party of Mohammedans arrived they found the Armenians well armed and in a good position, standing on their defense. The Mohammedans did not feel strong enough to attack, so they gathered reinforcements until there were more than one thousand of well-armed men surrounding the village. The governor of the district promised at this stage to protect the Armenians if they would give up their arms. This the Armenians decided to do. Then, under the pretense of taking them to a place of safety, they were led out from the village under escort to an open field. Here the men were ruthlessly killed and the women were subjected to maltreatment. A number of Armenian girls were forced to marry Turks.

Need of Relief Is Urgent.

Washington, May 4.—Thousands of Christians and Mohammedans in the disturbed districts of Asiatic Turkey, particularly in the provinces of Adana and Alexandretta, are without food and shelter, and there is immediate and urgent need for food and medicines, according to cable advices to the state department today from Ambassador Leishman, at Constantinople, and the American consular officers in that country. The department is co-operating with the National Red Cross by promptly transmitting any relief funds raised to the American ambassador for relief in the most urgent quarters.

OMAHA DEMOCRATIC; LINCOLN REPUBLICAN

While Nebraska Metropolis Rejects Its Cowboy Mayor on a Personal Liberty Platform, the Capital City, Mr. Bryan's Town, Chooses a G. O. P. Executive and Ousts the Saloon.

Omaha, May 4.—This city went Democratic in the municipal election today by a safe majority for the leading candidates on the ticket, Mayor James C. Dahlman leading with not less than four thousand majority throughout.

CABINET DISCUSSES THE COURT'S DECISION

That President Taft Will Recommend the Passage of Legislation Which Will Prevent the Evasion of the "Commodities Clause" by the Railroads Is the Understanding at Washington.

Washington, May 4.—The decision of the supreme court of the United States in the case of the commodities clause of the Hepburn rate bill was discussed at the cabinet meeting today. President Taft has repeatedly announced that he intends to study the question of the control of corporations during the summer months, and he hopes to be in a position next December to submit definite views to congress on the subject. The commodities clause decision undoubtedly will have a distinct bearing upon his considerations of the matter, and it was said today that Mr. Taft will devote himself largely to the subject of recommending to congress the passage of legislation which will prevent the possibility of the evasion of the clause by the coal railroads.

Attorney General Wickens today explained that the act inhibiting railroads from moving in interstate commerce commodities in which a railway has an interest direct or indirect could mean only a "legal" interest, and that the courts have frequently held that interest in the stock of a company was not a legal interest in the property of the company. This was shown, he said, in the debate on the bill when it was before congress. At that time an amendment was offered to the bill, to the effect that an interest in the stock of a producing company by a railroad should be regarded as a legal interest in the company. This amendment was rejected. In order to meet this important objection raised in yesterday's decision by the supreme court, the attorney general said that it would be necessary for congress only to adopt the amendment which it had formerly rejected.

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Mr. Aldrich said he did not know what had taken place before that committee. Briefly answering some of Mr. Dolliver's criticisms regarding the cotton schedule, Mr. Aldrich charged that some samples of goods sold up as exhibits had been furnished the Iowa senator by importers who had destroyed the cotton schedule by obtaining decisions by the board of general appraisers and by the courts, until the protection of 60 per cent had been reduced to 3 and 6 per cent. He denied that the cotton schedule of the senate bill was different in any respect from the Dingley bill, except that specific rates were substituted for ad valorem rates.

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LANCES ARE BROKEN IN THE U. S. SENATE

With the Tariff as the Topic of Discussion, Messrs. Dolliver and Aldrich Come Together in a Series of Oratorical Tilts.

Attacking the Methods by Which Revenue Bills Are Framed, the Iowan Engages in a Constant Exchange of Words With Rhode Islander Which Vexes That Gentleman Exceedingly, Much to the Delight of the Democratic On-lookers.

Washington, May 4.—Notable speeches producing debate of intense interest characterized the session of the senate today. Mr. Dolliver, of Iowa, made an attack on the methods which protective tariff bills are framed and engaged in a constant exchange of words with Mr. Aldrich, who was a careful listener to the address of the Iowa senator. On the Democratic side the senators remained mute, as well as gleeful, no one of the minority interposing a word in the controversy over the tariff, which occupied the Republican senators alone. At times this debate threatened to be decidedly acrimonious, but the Iowa senator was ever ready with a humorous remark which called forth laughter at times when angry words seemed unavoidable.

Senator Borah Concluded His Speech on the Income Tax, Delivering an Extended Legal Argument to Show That There Is No Reason for Believing the Amount of the Supreme Court of the United States Might Reverse Itself if the Constitutionality of That Tax Should Again Be Presented to It.

A strong plea for the extension of the protective tariff system to jute was made by Mr. Bradley, of Kentucky.

DOLLIVER VS. ALDRICH.

In the course of his speech Senator Dolliver declared, as he said, upon the authority of Mr. Aldrich, that the schedules of the pending bill were made by officers of the New York custom house and not by the committee on finance. Mr. Aldrich promptly denied that he had made a statement on which such an assertion could be based. When Mr. Dolliver reiterated his statement, Mr. Aldrich again protested against what he declared was a "statement absolutely false." The Iowan still declared that the senator from Rhode Island had said the officials had written the schedules. Mr. Aldrich a third time arose to protest.

MR. ALDRICH EXPLAINED THAT WHAT HE HAD SAID WAS THAT THOSE OFFICERS—EXPERTS OF THE GOVERNMENT—HAD BEEN ENTRUSTED WITH THE DUTY OF CALCULATING THE AMOUNT OF THE SPECIFIC DUTIES IMPOSED IN PLACE OF THE AD VALOREM RATES, BUT HE DENIED THAT HE HAD TURNED OVER TO THEM THE MAKING OF THE DUTIES. SENATOR DOLLIVER PROCEEDED, REFERRING TO MR. ALDRICH'S REMARK ON A FORMER OCCASION, TO THE EFFECT THAT HE WAS "CIRCULATING FALSE DEMOCRATIC TARIFF RUMORS." HIS QUOTATION OF MR. ALDRICH'S REMARKS WAS AGAIN EXCEPTED TO BY THE SENATOR FROM RHODE ISLAND, WHO DECLARED THAT THE IOWA SENATOR WAS SPEAKING "FROM A GUILTY CONSCIENCE."

MR. ALDRICH REPLYING LATER ON TO SOMETHING ABOUT SENATORS GOING TO HIM WITH SAMPLES OF COTTON GOODS, THE RHODE ISLANDER WAS SHARPLY CUT OFF BY THE IOWA SENATOR, WHO REFUSED TO YIELD FOR WHAT HE DECLARED WAS INTENDED TO BE AN ANSWER TO AN ARGUMENT HE HAD NOT MADE, AND HE DECLINED TO PERMIT THE SENATOR FROM RHODE ISLAND TO COMPLETE HIS STATEMENT, SAYING THAT HE WOULD NOT PERMIT HIS REMARKS TO BE SNEERINGLY CREDITED ON HIS OWN TIME.

WELL POSTED ON THE WOOL BUSINESS.

With strong voice, the words of the Iowa senator resounded through the chamber. Quick of retort, he frequently provoked laughter. When Senator Warren undertook to give some information concerning the wool business, Mr. Dolliver replied that he had studied the wool business from "the birth of the lamb to the manufacture of the piece of cloth."

ADDRESSING HIS REMARKS POINTILY TOWARD MR. ALDRICH, WHO HE FACED, MR. DOLLIVER CRITICIZED THE LARGE DUTY PROVIDED IN THE PENDING BILL ON WOOL TOPS.

"This speech was not made without the advice of practical men, I have taken occasion to put myself in connection with practical men of I would not be here."

AFTER MR. DOLLIVER HAD CRITICIZED THE PRACTICE OF APPLYING THE WOOL TARIFF TO ARTICLES OF CLOTHING THAT HAVE IN THEM A TRACE OF WOOL, MR. ALDRICH INTERPOSED TO SAY THAT HE WISHED TO INTRODUCE RECORD REMARKS BY THE LATE SENATOR JONES OF ARKANSAS AND WEST OF MISSOURI, BOTH DEMOCRATS, ON PRECISELY THE SAME LINE.

"The statement the senator is now making," said Mr. Aldrich, "could have been read word by word from the speeches of Senators Jones and Vest, and they would have produced the same effect."

"I SAID AT THE BEGINNING," RETORTED MR. DOLLIVER, "THAT IF I CONFINED MYSELF TO FACTS, I WOULD NOT BE DIVERTED IF SOME WAYFARER IN THIS WILDERNESS SHOULD BE SHOWN IF HE HAD INTENDED TO STRIKE SOME OF THE SAME THINGS."

"I ONLY SAY," REPLIED MR. ALDRICH, "THAT THE MEN TRYING TO DESTROY THIS TARIFF ARE STILL DOING BUSINESS AT THE OLD STAND."

"I AM NOT TRYING TO DESTROY THIS TARIFF," RETORTED MR. DOLLIVER. "I HOPE TO LEAVE IT A REPUBLICAN TARIFF THAT CAN BE DEFENDED IN THE UNITED STATES."

SAYING THAT THE SENATOR FROM RHODE ISLAND HAD HURT HIS FEELINGS BY HIS CRITICISM,

MICHIGAN BILL HITS GREEDY TRUST

Uniform Text Book Proposition, Which Also Regulates Prices, Is Passed by the Senate in Committee of the Whole.

Automobile Taxation Measure Gets Through the House, as Does a Liability Plan Affecting the Railroads—Civil Service Scheme Is Killed and a Similar Fate Is Predicted for the Project of Permitting Judges to Live Elsewhere Than at Lansing.

Lansing, Mich., May 4.—[Special.]—Declaring that the people of his district have paid \$57,348 more for text books than have the people of a similar district in Indiana, Senator Aitkin tonight his bill for uniform text books through the senate committee of the whole today. The measure also calls for a state commission to set a maximum price in all districts, above which price books cannot be sold.

SENATOR AITKIN AND SENATOR TUTTLE HAD A HOT DEBATE WHEN MR. AITKIN MOVED TO STRIKE OUT ALL AFTER THE ENACTING CLAUSE IN MR. TUTTLE'S BILL, WHICH CALLED FOR FREE TEXT BOOKS BUT WITH NO RESTRICTION AS TO UNIFORMITY OR PRICE.

Senator Aitkin said that it was similar to a bill put in the Illinois legislature this year by representatives of the school book trust. Mr. Tuttle said that his bill was drawn by Henry R. Pattengill and Jason E. Hammond, both interested in this city in producing school books. Mr. Pattengill was once superintendent of public instruction.

THE MING EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY BILL PASSED THE HOUSE IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE TODAY, BEING AMENDED TO ALLOW THE QUESTION OF COMPARATIVE NEGLIGENCE AGAINST RAILROADS TO BE DECIDED BY A JURY.

It cuts out the old question of fellow servant interpretation, and if passed finally means many more successful damage suits against the railroads, as the roads will not be able to make the old contention stick—for instance, that an engineer is the fellow servant of a section man.

SENATOR MORIARTY'S BILL ALLOWING THREE SUPREME COURT JUSTICES TO LIVE AWAY FROM LANSING PASSED THE SENATE IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE THIS AFTERNOON, AFTER A SHARP DEBATE. IT DEVELOPES THAT JUSTICES BLAIR AND BROOKS ARE INTERESTED IN THE BILL, AS WELL AS JUDGE STONE. IT IS HARDLY THOUGHT THAT THE BILL HAS MUCH CHANCE OF PASSAGE THROUGH THE HOUSE.

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 MARQUETTE, MICH., MAY 5.

Entered as mail matter of the second class
 in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

The grand jury's report makes it a
 safe prediction that Acting Warden
 Wenger will not be made permanent
 warden of the Jackson prison.

Time only will tell whether Mayor
 Greenhoot of Escanaba is using the "lid"
 as a means to the end of securing a
 favorable vote on his appointments.

That commodities clause decision has
 been hanging over many of our distin-
 guished citizens for weeks. Doubtless
 they now feel much relieved in spirit.

Despite county prohibition the Flint
 saloons were wide open Sunday last,
 and doing a rushing business—in pop,
 birch beer, sassa-parilla and other imocu-
 cous compounds.

At Gladstone the entire water board
 resigned because its members did not
 like a bill regulating salaries that had
 been passed by the council. The mayor,
 however, had no difficulty filling out a
 new board.

It is reported to be assured that the
 legislature will pass a bill cutting down
 the number of saloons to the ratio of
 one to 500 people. The only question
 open appears to be whether the reduction
 will become operative immediately,
 or will be brought about through a period
 of years.

It has been some months since we have
 been reminded of the existence of James
 Hazen Hyde. Now, however, the cable-
 grams chronicle that he has to pay a
 substantial fine and languish for a short
 term in a French jail, for running amuck
 with an automobile. It's about what
 we might expect from James Hazen.

Unless the calculations slip up some-
 where the legislature will adjourn the
 end of next week, with a clear slate. The
 important business before the body is
 being rapidly wound up, and there re-
 main but few of the major bills to be
 disposed of. It is the general opinion
 that it will be possible to bring about
 an adjournment on the fifteenth.

The upper peninsula members of the
 legislature pay frank tributes of ap-
 preciation to the services of Representa-
 tive Edwards, of Houghton county, now
 serving his second term. "Representa-
 tive Edwards," said one of their number,
 "is a most valuable man, both in
 looking after the interests of this re-
 gion and in acting wisely on matters
 of general state concern. He is excep-
 tionally well informed as to what is
 going on, has a wide acquaintance and a
 great influence among his fellow mem-
 bers. He is esteemed as a capable and
 fair-minded legislator, and in a session
 in which there has been such a large
 percentage of new members his services
 have been of particular value."

Concerning the proposal to detach
 Iron and Dickinson counties from the
 Twenty-fifth judicial circuit, and to join
 them with Gogebic and Ontonagon coun-
 ties in a new circuit, the Ironwood
 Times has this to say: "We assure our
 friends of Iron and Dickinson counties
 that the proposed new judicial circuit
 is no more popular here than it is in
 those counties. We are well satisfied
 with our present circuit and the re-dis-
 tricting scheme was not hatched out in
 this end of the peninsula. Judge Cooper,
 we believe, is very well satisfied with
 the present circuit and is not looking for
 more worlds to conquer. So far as we
 are concerned a 'let us alone' policy will
 suit us as well as it suits our neigh-
 bors."

The officers of the Ancient Order of
 Hibernians in Michigan, which order de-
 cided at the state convention held in
 Marquette last summer to increase the
 insurance rates then in effect, professed
 satisfaction with the results obtained
 to date under the new rates, which were
 adopted by a referendum of the mem-
 bers, and assert that the financial status
 of the order's insurance department has
 been much improved. Claims are met
 more promptly than formerly, and it is
 believed that the order's financial show-
 ing will now steadily improve. The Hi-
 bernians are to be congratulated because
 they had the good sense to meet their
 rate problem boldly and to decide that
 higher rates should be put in effect, and

there will be pleasure that the results
 have proved to be so good. Other orders
 that are still trying to dodge this in-
 evitable issue may well follow the Hi-
 bernians' example without further de-
 lay.

Representatives Davidson and Kopp,
 of the Wisconsin delegation, the latest
 congressional visitors to the Panama can-
 al zone, have come home enthusiastic
 advocates of the lock type of canal. They
 express a belief that the sea level type
 of canal would be inadvisable, if not
 impracticable, and are of the opinion
 that the government will meet with en-
 tire success in carrying out its present
 plans. Representative Kopp is quoted as
 follows: "We had a wonderful trip. The
 government's engineers took charge of
 our party, but we had full opportuni-
 ty to make any independent investiga-
 tions that we desired. Every man of
 us is convinced that the lock canal is
 an assured success. I regard it as ex-
 tremely fortunate that the sea level
 project was abandoned, for I am con-
 vinced that it could not be made a
 success. One does not have to possess
 technical engineering talent to realize
 that no mistake was made. The govern-
 ment has done and is doing a wonder-
 ful work at Panama. We are thor-
 oughly satisfied with conditions on the
 isthmus and with the rate of progress
 on the great waterway. Our engineers
 have solved the most important prob-
 lems and I am convinced the canal will
 be ready for the commerce of the world
 on schedule time."

Mayor Greenhoot, the new executive
 at Escanaba, is at odds with a ma-
 jority of the council in regard to his
 appointments. The party that was op-
 posed to the mayor in the recent election
 has control of the council and does not
 propose to allow him to name a slate.
 The mayor intends, he announces, to
 stand pat. He says he has chosen good
 and competent men, and maintains that
 inasmuch as he is to have the responsi-
 bility of the administration he is en-
 titled to be given free reign to select
 the officials who will serve under him.
 Sunday last Mayor Greenhoot clapped
 a hermetically sealed lid on the city.
 It is hinted in certain quarters that
 this procedure was an intimation to
 some of the aldermen who are bucking
 him that they had better get into line,
 unless they want a reign of blue law in
 Escanaba. However this may be, Mayor
 Greenhoot is certainly right in his con-
 tention that he should be allowed to
 pick competent men, and men whom he
 can trust, for the various offices, and he
 is to be commended for his determina-
 tion to fight it out along this line. In
 the long run it is profitable for a city
 to place the responsibility for all execu-
 tive appointments on the mayor. Then
 it knows whom to call to account if
 the results obtained are not satisfac-
 tory.

The re-confirmation of all the mayor's
 appointees, with the exception of Mr.
 Madigan for city attorney, Monday eve-
 ning was a development that occasioned
 much surprise. As set forth in the may-
 or's communication to the council, the
 irregularity alleged in the first confirma-
 tions consisted of neglect to fulfill
 the charter provision that when a vote
 on confirmation of appointments by the
 mayor is taken prior to the next regu-
 lar meeting following the session when
 it is proposed it must be preceded by
 a motion that such vote be taken at
 one which shall be carried by a two-
 thirds vote, taken by yeas and nays.
 This procedure, which has been followed
 every year since the adoption of the
 ordinance in question, was departed
 from on the night of April 19, as the ap-
 proved minutes show. There was no
 motion on that occasion to proceed with
 confirmation at the pending session, and
 no yeas and nays vote was taken on any
 proposition regarding it. A motion was
 put and carried, by viva voce vote, that
 the nominations be voted on separately,
 and on its passage the reading of the
 ordinance preceded. Against the asser-
 tion that the council had the right
 to waive the usual procedure, failing ob-
 jection, it is stated that while the coun-
 cil may have the right to waive parlia-
 mentary rules it has no more right,
 under the law, than an individual to
 suspend the operation of an ordinance
 drawn carefully to serve a specific end,
 and which has been religiously observed
 since the time of its passage. The point
 is certainly an interesting one.

FEDERAL NINE-HOUR LAW.
 The Wisconsin eight-hour law for rail-
 way train dispatchers, as also similar
 statutes in other states, was held invalid
 as in contravention of the federal nine-
 hour law covering the same subject.
 These decisions by supreme state tri-
 bunals, while holding to the right of
 the states to regulate within their own
 borders the hours of such railway em-
 ployes so long as congress takes no
 action on the subject when enacted in-
 validates all state statutes in relation
 thereto, congress' jurisdiction over inter-
 state commerce matters being exclusive.
 Since the passage of the federal nine-
 hour law there has been much fric-
 tion between the interstate commis-
 sion and railroad managers over its
 enforcement, or rather evasions by the
 latter, the claim being made that the
 statute is impracticable, unworkable and
 unconstitutional.
 The first suit brought to test the
 validity of the statute has just been
 decided in its favor, a jury in the case
 of United States vs. Atchison & Santa
 Fe railway having in the federal district
 court at Chicago, under the charge of

Judge Landis, found the defendant
 guilty of violating the nine-hour act.
 Being a test case, the company was
 fined only one hundred dollars in the
 aggregate on the four counts and an
 appeal was taken to the higher courts.
 The chief ground of the defense, other
 than the broad plea of unconstitu-
 tionality, was that as the act merely
 "prohibits railway companies from re-
 quiring telegraphers and employes
 handling train orders to remain on
 duty more than nine hours," there had
 been no breach of the law. As a mat-
 ter of fact, the company's telegraphers
 were on actual duty only nine hours a
 day—five and a half in the forenoon
 and three and a half in the afternoon,
 with a three-hour rest at noon. This,
 the company's attorneys insisted, was
 a compliance with the law, the intent
 of which was simply to prohibit more
 than nine hours' work in twenty-four
 hours. Judge Landis, however, ruled that
 although under the statute the company
 might legally employ one operator from
 3 a. m. till noon, and another operator
 from 3 p. m. till midnight—thus keeping
 each on duty for a continuous period of
 nine hours, it could not legally divide
 this nine hours into two "tricks," with
 a three-hour rest between, thus extend-
 ing the time of service over twelve hours.
 On this point the judge said:
 "The title of the law is, 'An act to
 protect employes and patrons of the
 railways.' Having in mind the pur-
 pose of the law from the title, I am of
 the opinion that the law means that an
 operator cannot be on duty for more
 than one period of nine hours, and that
 the period starts when he begins work
 and ends when he is finally dismissed
 for the day. Otherwise the purpose of
 the law would be defeated."

Whether the United States court of
 appeals will sustain this view is com-
 sidered by no means certain. Michi-
 gan has a statute which prohibits the
 working of boys under eighteen and
 women of any age in certain vocations,
 including stores with ten employes and
 upward, "more than ten hours in any
 one day." The purpose of the statute,
 evidently, was to enforce early closing
 Saturday as well as other evenings. But
 when the statute became operative a
 year and a half or so ago, the com-
 pensation of legal opinion was that by
 "phalanxing" part of these employes for
 three hours at midday they might legal-
 ly be required to make up the time Sat-
 urday evening. No test case, however,
 has ever been made.

**THE STATUS OF THE LIQUOR
 QUESTION AT LANSING.**

The editor of The News spent a por-
 tion of last week in Lansing. During
 his stay at the state capital, he was
 called into conference with the liquor
 committee of the house, and given a
 very good insight into the views and
 intentions of that committee, which is
 expected soon to report out a bill for the
 control and regulation of the liquor
 traffic in Michigan. He found the com-
 mittee in a general way clear upon the
 following points:
 1. They believe that public senti-
 ment in the state, and the situation
 created by the agitation of the anti-
 saloon league, demands the passage at
 once of a restrictive and regulative sa-
 loon law, which will reduce the num-
 ber of saloons to a very small num-
 ber, and remove the more strict ob-
 servance of the law, and remove the
 saloon keeper as far as possible from
 local politics.
 2. While it seems improbable that
 the committee will report a bill arbi-
 trarily reducing the number of saloons
 to one for every 500 population, yet
 they recognize that this is an objective
 to which the law must work. They
 propose at the present time at least,
 to draft a bill that this result will
 be secured by the gradual elimination
 of saloons from the population. It
 is to be secured by refusing new li-
 censes to take the place of any which
 are for any reason vacated by the li-
 censes. It is probable, however, that
 when the bill reaches the floor of the
 house, an attempt will be made to
 amend it so as to arbitrarily reduce the
 number of saloons to at least one for
 every 500 population. It is probable
 whether this amendment will carry.
 3. The committee is practically a
 unit in favoring the proposal to take
 away any saloon keeper's license upon
 the second conviction of violation of
 the liquor law. The committee expects
 this provision to work a rapid reduc-
 tion in the number of saloons.
 4. As a general thing, the committee
 recognizes the advisability of putting the
 authority of saying who shall be given
 saloon licenses in other hands than
 that of the common council. The idea
 of the chairman of the committee is
 to have this question settled by the cir-
 cuit judges, arguing with a good deal
 of reason, that such a plan would se-
 cure the best possible class of men in
 the saloon business. Inasmuch as the
 circuit judge is called upon to hear
 every case of serious violation of the
 liquor law which occurs in his district,
 he, consequently, is prepared as well as
 any public official could be, to select the
 saloon men with wisdom. It is also
 pointed out that it would be difficult,
 if not impossible, for the saloon inter-
 ests, in any sense, dictate or influence
 the nomination, or election, of circuit judges.
 Another proposal is that the excise
 board consist of the county treasurer,
 the probate judge and the county clerk.
 Still another proposal is for the appoint-
 ment of a state board of excise com-
 missioners who shall be the final au-
 thority in this matter. Just what the
 outcome will be is difficult to forecast.
 There are in Lansing a number of
 representatives of the liquor people and,
 without exception, they are unanimous
 in demanding the passage of a satis-
 factory and effective liquor regulation
 law as the only possible means of pre-
 venting the entire state ultimately going
 "dry"—See News.

ACT QUICKLY
 and you'll save yourself a lot of suffering
 and trouble. If you have a sudden chill
 or taken cold—if you have colic, cramp
 or diarrhoea, don't wait a minute. Take at
 once a teaspoonful of Perry Davis' Pain-
 killer in half a glass of hot water or milk.
 Be safe and on the right road to quick
 recovery. There you'll escape serious illness.
 But you ought to have this plan ready
 ready on hand for immediate use. Being
 prepared is half the battle when there's pain
 or sickness. New size bottles, also in 9-cent
 sizes.

**Put This Stove in
 Your Kitchen**

It is wonderfully
 convenient to do
 kitchen work on a
 stove that's ready
 at the instant wanted,
 and out of the way the
 moment you're done.
 Such a stove is the New
 Perfection Wick Blue
 Flame Oil Cook-Stove.
 By using it you avoid the
 continuous overpowering
 heat of a coal fire and cook
 with comfort, even in dog-
 days The



**NEW PERFECTION
 Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove**

is so constructed that it does not add perceptibly to the heat of a room.
 It differs from all other oil stoves in its substantial CABINET TOP,
 with shelf for warming plates and keeping cooked food
 hot, and drop shelves for holding small cooking
 utensils. Has every convenience, even to bars for
 towels. Threesizes. With or without Cabinet Top.
 If not with your dealer, write our nearest agency.

The **Rayo Lamp** is the ideal lamp for
 family use—safe, con-
 venient, economical and
 a great light giver. If not with your dealer,
 write our nearest agency.

**Standard Oil Company
 (Incorporated)**

**FEEDING LONDON'S
 UNEMPLOYED HOSTS.**

Thousands Are Near Starvation
 and Church and Salvation
 Armies Labor Hard to Relieve
 the Distress—Soup Tickets Given in
 the Small Morning Hours.

London, May 4.—Unemployment and
 the resulting poverty, bringing thousands
 to the starvation line, is a far more
 pressing evil, even a more immediate
 danger, in this country than is probably
 realized either here or abroad by the
 general public. Early but not until it
 is not too much to say that the British gov-
 ernment looked forward to the coming
 winter in a spirit almost of panic.
 Unemployment and distress were re-
 ported on such a scale from all parts of
 the kingdom even then that alarm and
 very serious alarm, was felt as to what
 might be the result when the real pinch
 of winter should come. As it happened
 the most serious part of the year went
 by without anything more alarming com-
 ing to pass than previous years have wit-
 nessed. But the widespread unemploy-
 ment, poverty and distress remain, and
 with them the question of what they are
 to do to.

In the warm weather the turf of every
 public park is thickly strewn throughout
 the day with the sleeping forms of the
 unemployed, among them, no doubt, a
 certain proportion of deserving poor and
 unfortunate people. When the days are
 cold there does not seem to be a street
 in London that has not at every yard a
 ragged and hungry looking beggar sit-
 ting on the door of a cab, or leaning
 helplessly or mutely, according to the dis-
 tance of the nearest policeman, for a
 copper.

Thousands of these are men who are un-
 employed because they are unemployable.
 Excluding them and the ever-increasing
 number of youths who have learned to do
 no sort of work, and the pitiful army of
 broken women, 5,000 of whom made a
 pathetic spectacle shuffling through the
 streets of the West end on the day of
 the opening of parliament, there remain,
 it is calculated, at least 25,000 unem-
 ployed men in London who have the will
 and the ability to be hard-working citi-
 zens, but are yet near enough to starva-
 tion, thousands of them, to take advan-
 tage of the several schemes, public and
 private, which provide them with their
 daily bread. Municipal attempts at provid-
 ing relief have, generally speaking, been
 a failure in London. Labor colonies have
 proved a costly failure. Street cleaning
 and other sanitary work, with very ex-
 ceptions, seems to have provided more
 work for committees than for employes.
 But there are attempts made to pro-
 vide the hungry man with one
 meal a day in order to give him some
 measure of physical strength to prose-
 cute his search for employment. Day
 after day and night after night the
 Church army feeds thousands of these
 derelicts. The Thames Embankment near
 Charing Cross is the assembling place.
 Here are some impressions gathered per-
 sonally for the purpose of this article.
 One winter night was it.

The same quantity of food he had on en-
 tering, and on going out gets a ticket en-
 titling him to a bed for the night in
 some lodging house.
 In the number of unemployed that
 night were several Americans. They
 were men who had either come over on a
 single ticket with little or no money to
 go on with on their arrival or had crossed
 as cattlemen and found themselves com-
 pletely without resources and unable to
 get a passage back.
 The Church army, which is of course
 entirely supported by voluntary contri-
 butions, feeds about 600 men in this
 fashion twice or three times a day. The
 work done by the men helps to pay ex-
 penses, but the deficit on each man added
 amounts to sixpence a day, the weekly
 loss since November averaging about
 £70.

The Salvation Army is the other
 great relief organization. From 1 a. m.
 to 3 a. m. Salvation Army officers distrib-
 ute soup tickets to the crowds of
 starving and semi-starving men that as-
 semble on the embankment and else-
 where. This ticket is good at one or
 other of its halls for a bowl of soup,
 a slice of bread and an hour's rest in a
 warm well lighted room.

No Applicant Refused.
 No applicant is refused, and as in the
 case of the Church army no questions
 are asked. It is assumed that no man
 will stay out in the open until midnight
 in bitter winter weather for a basin of
 soup unless he is in desperate need. On
 some nights over 1,000 men are fed at
 the hall situated in the center of the same
 week that the Church army tents were
 visited.

The same kind of men were seen, only
 in the bright electric lighted hall of the
 Salvation Army the desperate misery of
 the crowd was more plainly to be seen.
 It was easy to pick out a great number
 whose looks and bearing showed they
 were still trying hard to keep themselves
 from out of the utter depths. Old men,
 young men and mere boys were there.
 There were three things that were per-
 haps more immediately noticeable than
 anything else. First, the desperate hun-
 ger of many, shown by the wolfish way
 they seized upon their food. Second, the
 utter physical weakness of those who
 had been tramping day after day in a
 vain quest for work; no more eloquent
 proof of this could be needed than to see
 a man in the prime of life fall fast asleep
 sitting on the bench in the warm room
 before his lips had touched the food he
 held in his hands. Third, the almost
 complete absence of them all as they
 seemed to hug their brief spell of shelter
 and warmth.

Besides there are two or three other
 charities which may be mentioned, the
 sole object of which is to give a meal to
 a desperate hungry man. Scattered
 over London are a number of soup
 kitchens, the organizers, of which sell
 books of tickets at the rate of three
 halfpence each to the public, who in their
 turn distribute them among the poor.
 Eustace Miles, the tennis player, and
 his wife have also started distributing
 meal tickets on the Thames Embank-
 ment, on similar lines to those of the
 Church and Salvation armies. Beginning
 in a small way, this fund is steadily in-
 creasing, and in the last six or seven
 weeks it has provided over 42,000 meals.

Some men would even like to take
 their pick of the various brands of suc-
 cess.

**The Particular
 Smokers'
 Choice**

Is the new Tampa-made
 LA VERDAD Cigar Smok-
 ing. It is a new brand
 in quality and price
 in LA VERDAD
 cigars. It is always
 uniform. Any dealer
 will gladly sell you
 LA VERDAD
 cigars.

La Verdad

Cigars. We buy second cut
 tobacco and pack it di-
 rectly on the plantation
 saving a broker's and
 jobber's profit. This
 saving goes into the
 quality and price of
 the cigars. It is a new
 brand in quality and
 price in LA VERDAD
 cigars. It is always
 uniform. Any dealer
 will gladly sell you
 LA VERDAD
 cigars.

Good for One Bowl of Soup.
 At midnight an officer of the Church
 army arrived and gave every man a slice
 of pepper which was put in a bowl of
 soup, with the proviso that he should do
 a certain amount of work. A quarter of
 an hour's walk brought the whole con-
 tingent to the Church army tents. As
 this lot arrived, about 100 men were de-
 parting.

Throughout the twenty-four hours the
 tents are filled with shifts of men, each
 shift remaining three hours. On enter-
 ing, each man receives a pint and a half
 of thick soup and a thick slice of bread.
 After eating this, they are put to saving
 and chopping and tying up the small
 bundles of kindling wood that are un-
 versally used in London. At the end
 of three hours each man again receives

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION
 OF THE
 First National Bank**

at Marquette, in the state of Michigan, at the
 close of business, April 28th, 1909.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$1,149,889.93
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....	147.69
U. S. bonds to secure circulation.....	150,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits.....	50,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand.....	17,000.00
Real estate, securities, etc.....	294,116.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures.....	33,660.00
Other real estate owned.....	4,000.00
Due from National banks.....	12,362.05
(not reserve agents).....	38,296.69
Due from State banks and Bankers.....	238,672.69
Due from approved reserve agents.....	290,765.34
Checks and other cash.....	8,392.45
Notes of other National banks.....	6,450.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents.....	265.83
LAWFUL MONEY HELD BY IN BANK, VIZ:	
Special deposits.....	\$ 87,712.00
Legal-tender notes.....	27,497.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasur- er (5 per cent of circulation).....	7,500.00
Total.....	\$2,184,766.74

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....	\$ 150,000.00
Surplus fund.....	56,000.00
Discount collected but not earned.....	42,140.21
Divided profits, less ex- penses and taxes paid.....	10,466.87
National bank notes outstanding.....	52,637.41
Due to other National banks.....	9,820.63
Due to State banks and Bankers.....	10,581.81
Individual deposits subject to check.....	1,576,447.92
Demand Certificates de- posited.....	77,294.96
Certified checks.....	3,194.90
United States deposits.....	30,025.76
Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers.....	10,974.24
Reserved for taxes.....	1,753,292.72
	3,394.61
Total.....	\$2,184,766.74

**STATE OF MICHIGAN, (as
 COUNTY OF MARQUETTE, ss.**
 I, Charles L. Brainerd, cashier of the above
 named bank, do solemnly swear that the above
 statement is true to the best of my knowledge
 and belief.

CHARLES L. BRAINERD, Cashier.
 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day
 of April, 1909,
 My commission expires Dec. 29, 1912.

CORRECT—Attest:
 L. G. KAUFMAN, }
 EDW. S. BICE, } Directors

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION
 OF THE
 Marquette County Savings Bank,**

at Marquette, Michigan, at the close of business,
 April 28th, 1909, as certified to by the Com-
 missioner of the Banking Department:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....	\$607,300.55
Bonds, mortgages and secur- ities.....	192,771.27
Overdrafts.....	\$800,071.82
Banking house.....	3,500.00
Furniture and fixtures.....	7,692.60
Other real estate.....	67,492.00
Due from other banks and bankers.....	1,459.30
Items in transit.....	2,122.45
Due from banks in reserve cities.....	\$108,094.54
Exchanges for clearing house.....	2,414.60
Currency.....	32,875.00
Gold coins.....	18,599.00
Silver coins.....	1,214.00
Nickels and cents.....	712.05
Checks and other cash items.....	\$167,657.19
Total.....	\$1,633,999.59

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....	100,000.00
Surplus fund.....	25,000.00
Undivided profits, net.....	4,438.77
State Money on Deposit.....	\$ 10,000.00
Commercial deposits.....	47,740.10
Due to banks and bankers.....	44,124.25
Cashier's Checks.....	39.43
Savings deposits.....	344,829.69
Savings certificates.....	27,814.91
Total.....	\$1,033,999.59

**STATE OF MICHIGAN, (as
 COUNTY OF MARQUETTE, ss.**
 I, W. B. McCombs, cashier of the above
 named bank, do solemnly swear that the above
 statement is true to the best of my knowledge
 and belief.

W. B. McCOMBS, Cashier.
 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day
 of April, 1909,
 My commission expires May 14, 1912.

CORRECT—Attest:
 N. M. KAUFMAN, }
 FRED S. GAGE, } Directors

CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "ARABIC"
 16,000 tons, fine, large,
 round the world

From New York October 15, 1909, nearly four
 months, costing only \$600 AND UP, including all
 expenses ashore and aboard.

SPECIAL FEATURES—Madeira, Egypt, India,
 Ceylon, Burma, Java, Borneo, Philippines,
 Japan. An unusual chance to visit unusually
 attractive places.

12th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 5, '10, \$400
 up. Spring and Summer Tours to Europe \$270
 up. **FRANK C. CLARK, TIMES BLDG., N. Y.**
 5-5

YOU OWE IT
 to your own community to buy your goods from
 your home merchant and stand by her business.
 You can always find the announcements
 of representative business men in these col-
 umns—men who will stand back of every state-
 ment and price they make.

Lake Superior Carriage Works
 H. J. WOLF, Proprietor.

All kinds of
**Carriages, Wagons, Buck-
 boards and Sleighs**
 Built to Order.

Morgan & Wright
 Rubber Tires.
 Repairing Promptly Done

NOTICE.

Copper Country

PASSING OF WILLIAM HICKS.

Calumet Pioneer and Singer Dies at Age of SeventyThree.

In the passing of William Hicks, aged seventy-three, Calumet has lost one of its oldest and most respected pioneers. Mr. Hicks died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Walter Chapman, 22 Cedar street, Tamarack No. 5. He is survived by one daughter and fifteen grandchildren. Three sisters live in England. The funeral services will take place this afternoon at the Calumet M. E. church, the remains leaving the Chapman residence at 1:30 o'clock. William Jackman, a layman, will officiate and will be assisted by Rev. J. E. McCune of the Tamarack M. E. church. Interment will take place at Lake View cemetery. Mr. Hicks had been a resident of Calumet for thirty-eight years, coming to this country forty years ago from Paranzatulo, Cornwall, but spending the first two years in California. He helped sink No. 2 shaft of the Calumet branch of the C. & H. mine. During his life residence here and by a year later joined the choir, of which he was a member continuously until his death, thus serving in that capacity for practically thirty-seven years. He was possessed of a rich bass voice that was always most highly appreciated. He enjoyed the distinction of singing the last solo to the accompaniment of the old organ which was removed about two years ago and the first with the new one which was installed at that time.

MAY BE IRON LAND COMPANY.

Houghton County Parties Take Over Mennomee Range Realty.

The following is from the Crystal Falls Diamond Drill: "What have been known as the Tinsman-Ryan lands have passed to a party of Houghton county capitalists who intend to explore them for their mineral content. The tract, about 5,200 acres, most of it in iron country and a small portion in Baraga and Dickinson counties. These lands have been on the market a long time and several deals have been about closed on them only to be suddenly pulled off. It is understood that the final deal was negotiated by Mr. McCintock of Iron Mountain. The entire mineral interest to the lands passed along with the fee, the purchaser being Herman Feising, who, it is understood, is acting for a party of Houghton county capitalists. It is believed the purchase is made for the recently formed Iron Land company of Houghton, Mr. Feising being very close to that company.

ANNUAL TAX SALE.

County Treasurer Rashleigh Disposes of Delinquent Lands.

The annual sale of delinquent tax lands in this instance of lands held yesterday morning by County Treasurer Rashleigh. Owing to the large attendance, the sale was conducted in the court room. The bidding was spirited. The 1908 delinquent list totaled about 600 descriptions, but many were cleared of the cloud before the sale, so that the proceedings yesterday were brief. Houghton county probably has the smallest delinquent list of any county in the state, and this one was unusually large at that.

L'ANSE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Appointments of Teachers for the Coming Year Are Made.

Appointments on the teaching staff of the L'Anse schools have been made as follows: Fred A. Melencamp, superintendent; Nell C. Morrison, principal; Miss Katharine Justina, language; Miss Caroline Douglas, English and history; Miss Kate Curry, Miss Kate M. Stark, Miss Gertrude Bulger, Miss Clarissa LaEger, Miss Margaret Shea, Miss Anna Eger, Miss Alice LaCroce, Miss Adina Levitan, Fred Sarrenson, principal. Teaching school: Miss Ada K. Egan, assistant principal; Miss Elsie Koob, kindergarten.

M. FADZEAN'S APPOINTMENT.

J. H. McFadden has been appointed general agent in Duluth for the Chicago & Duluth Transportation company, succeeding G. Van Buren, who recently resigned to accept the agency of the new Cleveland-Chicago line, at Chicago, says the Duluth News-Tribune. Mr. McFadden comes from Houghton, Mich., where he has been acting as agent for the same company. He was formerly a resident of this city, where he was engaged in railroad and steamship work for years. Mr. McFadden is a chief clerk to the commercial agent for the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, afterwards going to the Northern Pacific, becoming city passenger and ticket agent for that line, which position he held for five years. He resigned to become associated with the Chicago & Duluth Transportation company, being located here until he was transferred to take charge of the company's business at Houghton. The appointment of Mr. McFadden to the general agency at Duluth is a promotion and his many friends here applauded at his return.

J.A. Minnear & Co.

BROKERS

Offices at Calumet and Laurium.

Direct private wire service to all markets. If you want the best service on your orders and cannot favor us direct, instruct your banker to have us execute the order. Buy and Sell Boston Coppers, Railroads and Curb for cash on margin.

Both offices open evenings.

Phones, Calumet, 64 and 75. Laurium, 450, 520 and 605. 4-10-12m

MAYOR JAMES' SLATE.

Hancock Chief Executive Names Appointive Municipal Officers.

At the meeting of the Hancock city council Monday night, Mayor James made the following appointments, with the approval of the council: Chief of police, John B. Tibor; city attorney, John Kiskilla; street commissioner, James T. Hosking; health officer, Dr. W. H. Dodge; chief of fire department, John N. Mitchell; city electrician, Edward D. Cuff; special assessors, M. R. Goldsworthy and Jacob Ojala; city engineer, C. B. M. Craig; fire warden, J. J. Eickern; members of board of public works, August Mette, one year; Henry Sakari, two years; Charles E. Roubeau, five years; poundmaster, Mike Kauffman; chief engineer at pump house, William Reutenbach; chief of teamsters, Joseph McGrath.

The council committees are: Finance—Aldermen Congdon, Gallen and O'Neill. Fire and Water—Francis, Hosking and Hollander. Lighting—Francis, Hosking, Scallon, O'Neill and Holland. Streets—Hosking, Scallon and Maier. Park—Francis, Gallen and Holland. City Hall—Hosking, Francis and O'Neill. Police—Congdon, Gallen, Maier, Scallon and O'Neill. Health—Gallen, Congdon and Maier. Ordinances—Hosking, Francis, O'Neill, Congdon and City Attorney Kiskilla. Rules and Order—Scallon, Holland and Gallen.

500 CHAMPION PYTHIANS.

Undecided Whether or Not a Degree Team Will Be Sent to Calumet.

The following is from the Soo Times: The article in the last issue of The Times to the effect that it was not probable that the Knights of Pythias of this city would send a third rank team to Calumet for contest for the trophy at the time of the meeting of the upper peninsula league has aroused some of the members of the lodge who are decidedly opposed to such proceedings. Those favoring the sending of a team were present at the convention of the lodge held Wednesday evening and protested against any action being taken until the active membership of the lodge had been canvassed and the matter will be officially decided at the next meeting to be held on Wednesday evening, May 20, which it is hoped that every member who can will be present.

COPPER FOR BOAT SHIPMENT.

Copper Range Dock Crowded With Ingots of the Red Metal.

The Copper Range dock holds just now about as valuable a cargo as any dock ever carried. It is supporting 1800 tons of refined copper from the Michigan smelter. The metal is awaiting boat shipment. It is usual at this season to take copper to the dock to prepare for the resumption of water shipments, but this year the accumulation is greater than usual, owing to the delay in the arrival of boats. Foreman Yetter said at the dock yesterday that he would clear almost all the copper off the dock with the first two boats, which would probably get here today.

NAVIGATION IS OPEN.

William A. Paine Breaks Through Heavy Ice in Upper Lake.

Navigation through Portage Lake opened at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the steamer William A. Paine, closely followed by the McGean, broke through to the Copper Range coal dock, both vessels having cargoes for that dock. These boats were followed by the North Wind and Mahoning, which were also blocked. The opening is somewhat narrow but not the latest on record. The Paine was assisted somewhat in breaking through by the use of dynamite.

WILL PREACH TO UNION MEN.

Rev. J. M. Linn, pastor of the Houghton Presbyterian church, has been advised that Labor Sunday has been changed from September to May, falling this year on next Sunday. On that occasion the Presbyterian church will hold special services. Labor Sunday was established by the Presbyterian church in the United States at the request of the American Federation of Labor. This is the fourth year of its observance. All of the labor unions of Houghton and Hancock have been invited by Rev. Linn to attend divine service Sunday night, to listen to a sermon of special interest to them. It is probable that the acceptance of the invitation will be pretty general.

MAGGIE WALZ AT DRUMMOND.

Miss Maggie Walz of Calumet was in the city Tuesday on her way to Drummond island, where she has been engaged for several years in colonizing Finnish families, says the Soo Times. Advice received by her from the settlement show that a prosperous winter has been enjoyed by the people located there and the future looks bright for the enterprise. She has been untiring in her efforts to locate settlers on the island, and as a result has about fifty more families coming this summer. Her efforts have not been confined to the copper country, for some of the prospective settlers will come from Montana.

REV. RUTLEDGE IN ACTION.

As a result of the visit of Rev. C. H. Rutledge of Ishpeming, president of the Upper Peninsula Anti-Saloon league, to Hancock Sunday night, three saloon keepers were taken before Justice Oliver Monday morning, charged with having violated the liquor laws by keeping their places of business open on Sunday. The men arrested were Henry Dietrich, John Schuchard and Ralph Sabattari. All waived examination and were bound over to the next term of circuit court.

ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS SOCIETY.

The Houghton County Anti-Tuberculosis society will hold a meeting at the Citizens' Bank hall Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. There will be a program, including music and literary numbers.

Only a sober man should attempt to walk a tight rope.



The Baking Powder Story in a nut-shell.

Adulteration Impurity Unhealthfulness } Cheap Baking Powder
High Price Indifferent Leavering Residue of Rochelle Salts } Trust Baking Powder
Most Leavening Power Purest Ingredients Moderate Price } CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition Chicago, 1907.

COPPERDOM BREVITIES.

Thomas Tibor of Calumet leaves today for Cornwell, on an extended visit.

E. J. Dube of Houghton has returned from a winter stay at Hot Springs and Mr. Clemens.

The contract for the erection of the Carnegie library at Houghton has been let to John J. Michaels, whose bid was \$11,000.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. McCullough have left for New Mexico. Mr. McCullough recently resigned his position as engineer at the Tamarack mine.

John J. Michels, the contractor, is fitting up an office in the building on Peavale street, Houghton, formerly occupied by Hall's upholstery.

County Clerk Richardson yesterday posted the applications for citizenship of Frank Karkovic, an Austrian of Calumet, and Antti Kuivainen, a Finn, who lives in Demmon.

Angus W. Kerr of Calumet is daily expecting the arrival in Houghton of a large motor boat from John Olmstead's factory at Noyah, Wis. Mr. Kerr will keep the boat on Torch Lake.

Thomas F. Cole of Duluth was in Calumet Monday, attending the regular quarterly meeting of the Calumet & Arizona Mining company. The regular quarterly dividend of \$1, payable June 21, was voted.

Strawberries were quoted in Houghton groceries yesterday at twenty cents the box, very reasonable for the time of year. Tomatoes are fifteen cents the pound, however, which is a little steep for the common purpose.

The new electric derrick at the Copper Range dock, Houghton, was in operation for the first time yesterday. It is to be used in handling heavy freight between trains and boats and in loading and unloading.

Clerk Casper Brand of Portage township announced yesterday the time of the births and deaths for the month of April. There were five births in the township and four in the village, and one death in the township as against three in the village.

TARIFF DEBATE PROLONGED.

Situation at Washington Disturbs the Leading Republicans.

Congress May Run Into August Before Adjournment. Yet Speedy Action Is Called for by the Business Interests—Lobbyists of All Kinds Are Over-running the Capital.

Washington, May 4.—The tangled web of the tariff bill is getting on the nerves of the Republican leaders. The most optimistic of the senators foresee at least four weeks more of debate, and after the bill has passed the senate the real work of making the new law will develop on a committee from the two branches. Senator Aldrich is quoted as saying privately that unless the situation clears up congress may be here until the first of August. Everybody expects that in the end the finance committee will succeed in putting through the tariff bill that fixes higher rates than are provided in the existing law; but that there is to be a determined, bitter opposition to this program is becoming more and more evident.

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MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Paine, Webber & Co.'s correspondent at New York yesterday, telegraphed as follows:

"The stock market continued yesterday's late buoyancy, with the rails the feature for activity. The buying of a particularly good character. Bull pointers were plentifully thrown out the session, it being predicted that the supposedly large short interest in Amalgamated would soon be forced to cover. A material increase in outside interest was noticeable today, and now that the decision in connection with the Hepburn act is out of the way, gradual improvement in this direction is expected, especially in view of the cheapness of money with which to finance operations. We would favor purchases of the rails on the recessions:

The closing prices were:

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Boston Stock Quotations.

Writing from Boston yesterday, Paine, Webber & Co. had the following to say of the stock market:

"The local market had the most widespread activity for many days. Several of the specialties were active, with public interest well spread throughout the entire list. Mass, which has been so prominent the past few days, was more quiet today, and the attention of the traders was turned to Shannon. President Amster has just returned from this property and reports great progress being made in no opening and in reduction of cost. We think Shannon the cheapest of all the low priced coppers, and think it will easily cross 20 on this move. We call your attention again to the market position of Copper Range and advise its purchase at the present price, as the supply of stock is very limited, and it will have a very sharp advance in the near future. We think a quick return can be made by selling Michigan, Mass, Miami, Atlantic and Franklin, to buy Shannon while the move is on."

The final quotations follow:

Adv.....	5 1/2	Victoria.....	5 1/2
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The number of shares sold during the day were as follows:

Amal. Cop.....	513	Oreola.....	107
Adv.....	1270	Par.....	46
Am. Exp.....	381	Per.....	32
Am. Loco.....	370	Shan.....	310
Am. S. S.....	299	S. S. S.....	30
Am. S. S. S.....	299	S. S. S. S.....	1046
Am. S. S. S. S.....	299	S. S. S. S. S.....	31
Am. S. S. S. S. S.....	299	S. S. S. S. S. S.....	31
Am. S. S. S. S. S. S.....	299	S. S. S. S. S. S. S.....	31
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Lake Copper Company.

Ontonagon, May 4.—The Lake Copper company's property is making a sensational showing of heavy stamp copper in the north drift on the third level. This drift has attained a length of fifty-four feet, is breasted in ground of more than usual richness and probably un-

might seal much of that 25 per cent and still leave the duties prohibitive. The genuine reductionists in the house have little confidence in the Rhode Island Greek bearing gifts.

Representing the men who are most interested in the creation of a tariff commission Senator Beveridge had a long and what he calls a "most satisfactory" talk with President Taft about the provision for such a commission offered by the finance committee of the senate. The president, the senator said after the conference, will act slowly in taking advantage of the opportunity conferred on him by the proposed provision. He will, according to the senator, create a high grade commission, if the proposed amendment is adopted. In choosing men he will disregard politics; will look about for the best men to be found. He would follow the policy he has adopted in appointing federal judges. The committee representing the Indianapolis convention is greatly elated over the prospect of getting a commission such as is proposed. Senator Beveridge, who has had charge of the movement for a commission, so far as the senate is concerned, received many telegrams of congratulations today.

Senator Aldrich, chairman of the senate committee on finance, and other members of both houses of congress, who call at the White House almost daily, to talk with President Taft adhere to the opinion that a bill will be ready for the president's signature by June 1.

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Spring Violets

are trying to peep through the snow, and it is time to get ready for your spring gardening by laying in a supply of garden tools. We carry everything in this line in the most improved patterns and of superior manufacture, that is guaranteed for high grade material and workmanship. Our farm and garden tools, mowers and hose, are the best in the city, as well as our prices.

M. R. MANHARD & SON, LTD.

ONE TON OF PEA COAL

Will furnish more than **TWO months' fuel** for your range, giving you steady fire day and night.

Only \$5.00

Can you beat it?

Jas. Pickands & Co., Ltd.
209 Front St. Both Phones No. 90.

Portland Cement

Wood Fibre Plaster Common Brick
Grand Rapids Plaster Fire Brick and Clay
Petoskey Lime Flue Lining
Crushed Stone Sewer Pipe

Write Us for Prices on Building Material.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.
BOTH PHONES 117.

ROCKER WOOD

Thoroughly Dry.

\$5.50 per load

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.
Marquette.
7-28-11



Paint! Paint! Paint!

We have it ready mixed if you prefer it. We also sell Red Seal White Lead and Carter White Lead. We guarantee them both pure white lead.

FOR KALSOVINE
We have MURESCO in all shades and colors. We recommend its use. It doesn't brush off on your clothing.

Kelly Hardware Co.
305 S. Front St.

NYAL'S HOT SPRINGS BLOOD REMEDY

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

Do you feel worn out? Feel as though you could hardly go? These are symptoms of sluggish blood; blood that is not circulating right. Are you pale and nervous? This is caused by the blood not properly nourishing the cells of the body.

Have you pimples or boils? They are the result of the blood failing to do its duty of carrying away waste material from the cells.

If you suffer from eczema, tetter, scurf, or any other skin disease, take a course treatment (not less than six bottles) and we will be greatly surprised if you are not cured.

If it is not a specific, but it is the nearest specific we know of, for skin and blood diseases. A dollar buys a large bottle.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE
J. B. JONES, Manager.

FRESH ASPARAGUS RIPE TOMATOES STRAWBERRIES PINEAPPLES

Everything in Fresh Vegetables

AT
D. MURRAY'S
114 South Front street.
SOLE AGENT FOR CHASE & SANBORN'S COFFEE.

VAUGHAN'S SEEDS

Nasturtiums,
Sweet Peas,
White Clover,
Lawn Grass

By the ounce or pound, at

Delf's Grocery
133 Washington St.

Up to Grade Always CERESOTA From Minnesota



CALL
LaVallee's Bakery

when in need of Cakes for rare occasions, weddings, birthday parties, dinner parties, on short notice. Of course, we supply bread, cakes and pastry for every day requirements, but special pains with cakes, etc., for special occasions.

Sweet Cream and Ice Cream at all times.
Prompt Delivery.
Both Phones. 6-2 tf 213 N. Front.

WE HAVE A LINE OF AKRON SEWER PIPE and FITTINGS

When in the market would be pleased to figure on your requirements.

THE SUPERIOR LUMBER COMPANY

City Brevities

Today's weather: Partly cloudy and warmer with probably showers. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 34 degrees; noon, 50 7 p. m., 39. Maximum, 51 degrees; minimum, 34.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Carlyle, of North Front street, yesterday noon.

Henry Kellan, who has been in Texas since January estimating timber, has returned to Marquette.

The Marquette County Telephone company operators made up a theater party at the opera house last night.

Eric Wusemaki, who is wanted in Crystal Falls for jumping a board bill, was arrested in Marquette last night by Marshal Manning.

The Woman's Missionary society of the Baptist church will meet with Mrs. W. W. Walker, East Arch street, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The meeting of the park, cemetery and street commission, which was to have been held yesterday afternoon, has been adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Al Schauer, who have been living in New York city, have returned to make their home in this city and will live in J. Demaine's former home on Champion street.

A gold locket and chain, a silver loving cup and a gold ring, articles which the Bijou management will present to three fortunate babies, are on display in Schoch & Hallam's window. Nine new pictures of Marquette infants will be shown on the Bijou screen this evening, or thirty-six in all. Others will be added during the week.

A large company of friends invaded the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Messier, on North Third street, last evening, and gave the couple a pleasant surprise. The guests took possession of the house and held it until after midnight, the time being passed most enjoyably, with cards as the principal feature. A bounteous array of eatables was served.

Get Your Copy Ready—Advertisers in the forthcoming issue of the "Agora" are requested to get their copy ready, as the committee will call for the advertisements within a day or two.

Died of Paralysis—August Erickson received a letter yesterday from Harold Johns, stating that his father, Trowbridge Johns, had died of paralysis. The funeral will be held today from the family home, 59 De Kalb street, Chicago.

Cavalry to Marquette—Troop A, First Cavalry, of Milwaukee, one of the crack organizations of the National Guard in the Northwest, will take a practical jaunt this summer from Milwaukee to Marquette, by way of Marinette and Menominee.

Dance at Legion Hall—Our boys' band will give a dance at Legion Hall tomorrow night, for the purpose of completing the fund for new uniforms. Trombly's orchestra will furnish the music and a good time is assured. Tickets will be fifty cents per couple.

Gypsies Coming—A Delta county exchange is authority for the statement that a band of gypsies are headed from that county for Marquette. At Rock they recently caused considerable excitement by their dancing daylight pilfering, until given to understand they had to move on.

Afraid to Go Ashore—The steel trust steamer Robert Fulton, which has been at No. 4 dock since Monday loading ore, with the exception of the master and mate, is manned by a "scab" crew. Upon being asked yesterday why none of the crew went ashore, one of the crew stated that they were afraid of violent treatment at the hands of members of the Seamen's union.

Spoke at High School—George Tucker gave a fine address at the high school yesterday on the subject, "The Purpose of the School," which was received by the students with remarkable interest and attention. This was the third of a series of addresses being given to the students by local men, Dr. K. B. Tupper and Dr. S. M. James having been the two former speakers.

Went to Stannard Rock—The government light house tender Marigold cleared the harbor yesterday morning for Stannard rock, where another attempt will be made to land the light house keepers. Frank Wittie, the keeper at Huron Island, who sustained a dislocated shoulder in a heroic attempt to save the wreck of the George Nester, was taken back to his light on the government ship.

Peddler Arrested—Solomon Sacknow was found peddling dress goods and fancy articles from house to house by Officer Dennis Hogan yesterday, and was brought before Justice Byrne for peddling without a license. A fine of \$2 and 50 cents was imposed by the justice, which was reluctantly paid by the peddler, after persistently, but in vain, imploring the justice to come down on his price for disregarding the law.

Getting Good Patronage—The Nellie Kennedy company, playing in repertoire at the opera house this week, is enjoying remarkably good patronage. The opera house was filled to its capacity Monday night, and was again well filled last night. The shows given are well worth the price charged. Miss Kennedy, Royal C. Stout and George Hayes being especially strong in their respective parts. The company will play "A Cow Patcher's Sweetheart" tonight.

Another Vacuum Cleaner—The light and power commission has ordered a second vacuum cleaner, which will be rented out in the same way as the one now in service. The commission has been literally swamped with orders for the cleaner, which has now been rented for every day and almost every evening until June 7. Those who have used the machine are enthusiastic in its praise and the second machine has been ordered in hope of supplying the remarkable demand.

New Ore Car—A new ore car that, it is believed, will make a great difference in the work at the docks, is now being experimented with at Duluth, by the D. M. & N. railway. The car has been patented by G. A. Rakowsky and his brother, Victor, and under a practical test recently unloaded a load of fifty tons of ore in twenty-three seconds. With the old style car it would require forty-seven seconds, using six men. The new car requires but one man for its operation. In a test at the Zenith Furnace

company's plant, a load of ore was unloaded from the car in fifteen seconds. The Automatic Unloading Car company is manufacturing the new car.

Good Story About Flodin—The Duluth News-Tribune is responsible for the following story about Nels Flodin, of the Lake Shore Engine Works: "A good story is told of Nels Flodin of Marquette, who is at the Spalding. He is in the machinery business and has a wide acquaintance with mining men. Nels is a candidate for supervisor from his district in Marquette, and opposed to him was a man named Sweder. Mr. Flodin made a conscientious campaign and one of his lieutenants was a Frenchman who had considerable influence in the district. The lieutenant's slogan to his friends was, 'Vote for the Swede.' Election day came and Mr. Flodin thought it would be a high-minded and noble action in politics to vote for his rival and did so. He cast a ballot for Sweder. The votes were counted and it developed that Mr. Flodin was defeated by one vote. In addition to his having thrown the election by voting for his rival, it developed that some of the friends of the Frenchman who advised them to vote for the Swede, had voted for Sweder on the strength of the name." As a matter of fact Mr. Flodin lost the election by three votes, but it is a good story, anyway.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

Upper Peninsula

Missing Boy Returns—A young son of Fred Weleh, about twelve years of age, was reported lost in the woods north of Ironwood the other night. His father, searching party, turned out to look for him. The search was continued until about 10 o'clock the next morning, when the youngster was found coming in from a farm, where he had spent the night. The boy had gone out with the intention of setting snares along the river and his parents were naturally greatly alarmed when he failed to return that evening.

A Victim of Typhoid—After an illness of three weeks from typhoid fever, John McLaughlin, one of the leading road and pavement building contractors of the district, and a well-known resident of Escanaba, passed away at the age of forty-six. He is survived by his wife and two children. He had been a resident of Escanaba for over twenty-five years. A few years ago he engaged in business as a road and basement building contractor and had been uniformly successful in that line of work. He was a member of the Knights of Columbus, Knights of the Maccabees and Catholic Order of Foresters.

Ontonagon County Board—The Ontonagon county board is constituted of the following supervisors, as a result of the recent township elections: Edward Rousseau, Rubicon; H. D. McKenzie, Carp Lake; James M. Wilcox, Greenland; Peter J. Taylor, Haight; George Bartles, Ironator; Michael J. O'Rourke, Matchwood; William H. Gardner, McMillan; H. A. Savage, Ontonagon; Art James, Rockland; James N. Howlett, Stannard. There are only a few changes from last year's board, these being as follows: Peter J. Taylor succeeds J. B. Jenkins, Michael O'Rourke succeeds Alex. Martin and H. A. Savage succeeds C. H. Emons.

Ironwood Council, K. of C.—More than two hundred prominent citizens of the upper peninsula of Michigan and northern Wisconsin attended the institution exercises of Ironwood council, No. 1396, Knights of Columbus. The council starts out with a charter membership of eighty-nine. The officers are as follows: Grand knight, John M. Bush, superintendent of the Ashland mine; deputy grand knight, John J. Shea; financial secretary, William H. Moore; recording secretary, John Barlow Patrick; treasurer, Maurice Geary; advocate, Patrick C. Murphy; chaplain, Rev. H. A. Borcholtz; physician, Dr. R. A. Paradis; warden, Jerry Shea; chancellor, George O. Driscoll; guards, Arthur J. Hoole and Leo Harrison; trustees, Sam A. Reid, F. H. Losselyong, John W. Mullen.

Baseball Plans Knocked Out—It is said that because of the decision of the Menominee County Fair association not to allow the Menominee baseball team to use the fair grounds for a sun less than \$5 for each game, the outlook for a team in that city has gone glimmering and the promoters of the enterprise have refused to go farther with the plans. The promoters intended to raise two hundred dollars for the improvement of the grounds under the conditions that they would be allowed to have the use of the park without charge during the season. The fair committee refused to agree to this and as a result it is said John Powell, who played first base last year, will play with the Green Bay team of the Wisconsin-Illinois league, while Pitcher Van Aye will leave shortly for Fond du Lac to begin practice for work in the team of that city in the same league.

Upper Peninsula

And can be procured in Marquette at our clothes shop.

ORMSBEE & ATKINS
Marquette's Largest Clothiers and Haberdashers.
Nester Block. Washington St.

Crushed Stone for Concrete and Road Work

Write us for delivered prices.

MARQUETTE STONE CO.
MARQUETTE.
4-29 tf

Freshly Cut Flowers

In greatest profusion are always found at our Greenhouses.

Flowers which will carry your messages of congratulation and sympathy. Try us and you will learn that we can be depended upon for the correct thing for every occasion.

E. R. TAUCH, Florist
1007-1017 N. Third Street.
Marquette, Mich.
Bell Phone, 1034. County Phone, 217.
4-4

F. E. WITHEY LAWYER

Room 409, Savings Bank Bldg., MARQUETTE, MICH.
4-16-11

STEIN-BLOCH CLOTHES

Capture London

WHEN Harry Selfridge, former manager of Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, was filling his great London shop, his buyer, after he had studied the productions of various American manufacturers with great care, decided on STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES with which to capture the English market.

The first Stein-Bloch clothes were placed on sale in the house of Selfridge & Co., Ltd., London, in March.

The buyer had ordered courageously to cover what he considered the season's requirements.

But the success was instant. The supply was exhausted with unlooked for rapidity and they cabled Stein-Bloch to send a representative for another order.

It is only natural that they should be appreciated in London as they are through America.

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes are not only metropolitan, they are cosmopolitan. This is genuine CLOTHES HISTORY. It is a complete reversal for the first time of a trade custom which has always prevailed.

Stein-Bloch Clothes bear this label:



And can be procured in Marquette at our clothes shop.

ORMSBEE & ATKINS
Marquette's Largest Clothiers and Haberdashers.
Nester Block. Washington St.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL BANK, AT MARQUETTE.

In the state of Michigan, at the close of business, April 28th, 1909.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$668,901 97
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	38 87
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	10,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,500 00
Bonds, securities, etc.	15,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	40,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	229,095 19
Due from state banks and bankers	27,042 90
Due from approved reserve agents	155,878 67
Checks and other cash	212,016 76
Items	2,334 41
Notes of other National banks	2,449 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	334 10
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK VIZ:	
Specie	\$27,072 10
Legal-tender notes	14,105 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	66,294 61
Total	\$1,118,732 21

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$100,000 00
Surplus fund	25,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	5,618 91
National bank notes outstanding	16,734 43
Due to other National Banks	1,354 06
Due to State Banks and Bankers	3,418 91
Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks	3,664 95
Individual deposits subject to check	801,405 00
Deposit certificates of deposit	57,665 53
Certified checks outstanding	220 00
Cashier's checks outstanding	209 40
United States Deposits	867,971 72
Total	\$1,118,732 21

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF MARQUETTE, ss.

I, Frank J. Jenison, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FRANK J. JENISON,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of April, 1909.

WILLIAM H. ELLIOT,
Notary Public.
My Commission expires Sept. 1, 1909.

CORRECT—Attest:
J. M. LONGYEAR,
D. W. POWELL,
J. E. SHERMAN, } Directors.

Crushed Stone for Concrete and Road Work

Write us for delivered prices.

MARQUETTE STONE CO.
MARQUETTE.
4-29 tf

Freshly Cut Flowers

In greatest profusion are always found at our Greenhouses.

Flowers which will carry your messages of congratulation and sympathy. Try us and you will learn that we can be depended upon for the correct thing for every occasion.

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4-16-11

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4-16-11

Money in Its Relation to Man AS SEEN BY GREAT MEN

ANDREW JACKSON said: "Save your money and thrive, or pay the price in poverty and disgrace." BENJAMIN FRANKLIN said: "Save, young man, and become respectable and respected." MARSHALL FIELD said: "If you would succeed, first save money." ANDREW CARNEGIE has said: "The man who cannot and does not save money, cannot and will not do anything else worth while." JAMES J. HILL has said: "If you want to know whether you are destined to be a success or failure in life, you can easily find out. The test is simple, and it is infallible: Are you able to save money?" Every dollar you earn, every dollar which comes into your possession, bears directly upon your future success or failure. Think of that when you receive your next pay.

THE MARQUETTE NATIONAL BANK

will be glad to open a savings or checking account. Accounts handled by mail.

HOOSIER ELOQUENCE WINS.

Earlham College Student Is Victor at Interstate Oratorical Contest.

Chicago, May 4.—Lavi T. Pennington, a student at Earlham college, Indiana, won first prize in the annual interstate inter-collegiate oratorical contest held at the University of Chicago today. The second prize was awarded to Harold P. Flint, of Illinois Wesleyan University.

NEIL GETS THE DECISION.

Young Britt, Alleged Boxer, Is Disqualified for Wrestling.

Baltimore, May 4.—In the eleventh round of a scheduled fifteen-round fight tonight, Frankie Neil, of California, was given the decision, Young Britt being disqualified for wrestling.

Duluth, May 4.—George Gunther of Philadelphia and Walter Whitehead of Duluth fought fifteen fast rounds to a draw near here tonight. Whitehead broke a bone in his right hand during the tenth round. Both men were during at the finish.

Troy, N. Y., May 4.—Johnny Marto and Joe Bedell, both of New York, fought ten rounds to a draw here tonight.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 4.—Oscar Samson, of Pittsfield, Mass., took two falls out of James Burn, of Springfield, Ill., at Norwich tonight, winning the match.

WHISKERS FOOLED AFFINITY.

Young Woman Did Not Know Sweetheart When She Saw His Sweet.

Minneapolis, May 4.—An unsophisticated country girl, fresh from her native hills in Sweden, had a heartbreaking wait of fourteen hours for the arrival of the man she came 4,000 miles to marry, at the Union depot. Alone in a strange country, the girl was on the brink of despair when her long vigil was rewarded by the arrival of her future husband. His appearance was so changed by a luxuriant growth of golden whiskers that she failed to recognize the man as he approached. It was only after he had called her some of the pet names of their sweetheart days that she realized it was her lover and fell weeping on his shoulder.

Six years ago Sven Nelson and Thea Anderson parted in Sweden, after a courtship which had begun in childhood, he coming to the new world to make a home for the girl who promised to become his wife. He was twenty-three years old at the time. The prospect was dismal at first for the determined young man, but he eventually drifted to the Northwest where he found encouragement and counsel among his own people.

Taking up a homestead in Lake county, nine miles from Two Harbors, Nelson worked like a Trojan to make a home for Miss Anderson. During the devastating spread of the forest fires last fall young Nelson's farm was in danger of being wiped out and the work of years burned up, but only a few thousand feet of timber was destroyed.

Two months ago Nelson sent back to Sweden for the girl he loved and she was so anxious to reach the side of her sweetheart that she traveled night and day after landing in New York. Arriving expected to find her lover waiting but through misadventure he failed to get there until 10 o'clock at night.

NEW BOAT LINE LAUNCHED.

\$5,000,000 Concern Is Incorporated to Operate on the Missouri River.

Pierre, S. D., May 4.—The Missouri River Navigation company, with headquarters at Pierre and a capital of \$5,000,000, was incorporated today. The line is to operate between Kansas City and Pierre with freight and passenger boats, it is said.

CHURCH FACTIONS GO TO LAW.

Nashville, Tenn., May 4.—A cross bill was filed in the United States circuit court here today by the union element of the Cumberland Presbyterian church against the loyalist branch. The bill stands for answer June 7. The cross bill asks for a receiver for the properties of the church and also that the federal court take prior jurisdiction over the whole matter.

STEEL CORPORATION INVESTS.

Acquires Control of Coal Properties in Illinois and Indiana.

Chicago, May 4.—The United States Steel corporation, it became known here today, has acquired control of coal properties at Georgetown, Ill., Danville, Ill., and Clinton, Ind.

TO THE POLE BY BALLOON.

Walter Wellman Will Make Another Try During the Coming Summer.

Washington, May 4.—Walter Wellman today formally announced that he would make another effort to reach the North pole in a dirigible balloon or an airship late during the coming summer.

GAS ORDINANCE HELD VALID.

Cedar Rapids People Will Now Pay Only 90 Cents per 1,000 Cubic Feet.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., May 4.—The city of Cedar Rapids won a victory in the state supreme court today when that tribunal handed down a decision holding valid the city ordinance establishing a ninety-cent rate for gas.

100 MILES IN 126 MINUTES.

Only for Tire Trouble Motorist Would Have Made Even Better Time.

Montgomery, Ala., May 4.—Two thousand motor enthusiasts cheered wildly this afternoon as Louis Chevrolet, Frenchman, drove a mile in fifty-six seconds, flat, with a thirty-horsepower car over the fair grounds mile track. He won the 100-mile race easily, going the distance in 126 minutes. Chevrolet drove mile after mile in less than a minute in the 100-mile event, and but for trouble with the tires might have set a new world's record.

THINKS HE SHOULD RESIGN.

Wm. J. Bryan's Criticism of Congressman Clark of Florida.

Tallahassee, Fla., May 4.—"When a representative cannot conscientiously do what his constituents conscientiously desire him to do, he ought to be conscientious enough to resign and let them select a representative in harmony with them." This is W. J. Bryan's criticism of Congressman Clark's attitude on the pending tariff bill, presented in a letter addressed to the Florida general assembly and read in the house tonight.

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WILL NOT ASK AN INQUIRY.

Such Procedure a Bad Precedent, Says Federal Judge Philips.

Kansas City, Mo., May 4.—Judge John F. Philips, whose official conduct, together with that of Judge McPherson, is discussed in a resolution of the house of representatives, today decided not to ask for a congressional investigation of the charges. The judge decided that such procedure would be a bad precedent, as congress has no jurisdiction unless impeachment proceedings are started.

McPherson Willing to Be Investigated.

St. Louis, Mo., May 4.—Judge Smith McPherson issued a statement here today, reviewing his work in the Missouri rat cases and defending the course taken by him in these trials. He asserted his willingness to undergo a congressional investigation.

Traffic Club Stands by Him.

Judge McPherson tonight discussed railroad rates before the St. Louis Traffic club and was made the indirect subject of laudatory resolutions by that organization. The club's declaration expressed "respect for and confidence in our state and federal courts and in the courage, fairness and integrity of the judiciary" and deplored "the tendency exhibited in some quarters to seek the attainment of personal or official ends through criticism of the courts rather than by resort to established forms of judicial procedure."

Judge McPherson advocated the creation of a central authority to regulate railroad rate matters. He declared that neither congress nor the state legislatures had time to consider the problem adequately. Rebating devices, he said, must be abolished, or the slipper receiving such favors as well as the road officials granting them must go to prison. He also denounced the contention that reduced passenger rates by means of mileage books are equitable, and in general followed the lines established by his decisions in the Missouri rate cases, which decisions were made the basis of Congress' rat case resolution in the national house.

Washington, May 4.—The entire yellow pine lumber industry of the country west of the Mississippi river is involved in a complaint of excessive rates filed today with the interstate commerce commission. The complaint was instituted by the Louisiana Central Lumber company and thirteen other lumber manufacturing concerns in the Southern yellow pine territory against the Burlington railroad and thirty-one other interstate carriers. A reduction of the rates on yellow pine from Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri and Texas to Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming is demanded, on the ground that they are excessive, unreasonable and unjust.

PEDRÓ ROJAS VISITS WHITE HOUSE.

Venezuela's New Minister Is Formally Presented to President Taft.

Washington, May 4.—Pedro Rojas, the newly appointed minister from Venezuela, was formally presented to President Taft at the White House by Secretary Knox this afternoon. His recognition completes the formal re-establishment of diplomatic relations between Venezuela and the United States, broken off almost a year ago as a result of the refusal of President Castro to arbitrate the disputes between the two countries. The occasion today was marked by addresses of highly felicitous character and expressions of sympathy and fraternity.

COURT OF INQUIRY TO PROBE THE BROWNVILLE AFFAIR.

Washington, May 4.—To determine which of the negro soldiers who were discharged as a result of the "shooting up" of Brownville are qualified for reenlistment, the court of inquiry appointed by authority of congress began its session today.

WATERY GRAVES FOR FOUR.

New Haven, Conn., May 4.—Four persons were drowned and eight barges were lost during a fierce storm last night off Faulkner's Island.

IOWA FIRE LOSS IS \$50,000.

Sioux City, Ia., May 4.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the plant of the Sioux City Brick & Tile works this afternoon. The loss is \$50,000.

DRY HARDWOOD.

Two dollars per cord in two-cord lots. F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

claims and are now forming a syndicate to work the find. This is said to be the richest gold discovery ever made in western Ontario.

BOARD TAKES NO ACTION.

Jackson Prison's Indicted Acting Warden Tenders His Resignation.

Jackson, Mich., May 4.—John C. Wenger, the indicted acting warden of the Michigan state prison, tendered his resignation to the board of prison control today, demanding its immediate acceptance. The board adjourned, however, without acting upon the resignation.

DROUGHT IN INDIANA.

Sixty-Seven of the Ninety-Two Counties in the "Dry" Column.

Indianapolis, May 4.—Spencer county voted "wet" and Clay and Pulaski "dry" in local option elections today. The counties which voted dry had previously abolished the saloons by remonstrance. Clay gave a "dry" majority of 2,203 and Pulaski a majority of 400. Spencer is the fifth of the fifty-eight counties which have held elections to vote "wet." The majority, however, was only some fifty votes. Fifty-three counties have voted "dry" and five "wet" under the local option law. Sixty-seven of the ninety-two counties are "dry" either by election or remonstrance. Under the county option law, 835 saloons have already been forced to close.

DRAMATIC SCENE IN COURT.

Mrs. Hains Undergoes a Pathetic Ordeal in Effort to Save Her Son.

Flushing, N. Y., May 4.—Mrs. Virginia Jenkins Hains, mother of the defendant, concluded her testimony this afternoon, after a trying and pathetic ordeal in an effort to save her son, Peter C. Hains, Jr., on trial for the murder of Wm. E. Annis. Feeble and on the verge of nervous prostration, the testimony of Mrs. Hains, her references to her boy and her pleading to be allowed to tell everything she knew, made the most dramatic incident of the trial so far. She broke down and sobbed convulsively throughout the direct examination by John E. McIntyre, chief counsel for the defense, and when District Attorney Dewitt started his cross-examination the strain proved too much for her mother's heart. She sank into the witness chair and, covering her face with her handkerchief, sobbed bitterly. At this point Mr. Dewitt promptly announced that he had concluded the cross-examination, and the old lady was taken from the court room by several incidents indicating that her son Peter was "irrational" at times.

GRAINS AND STOCKS SCORE GAINS IN VALUE.

Patten Still Doing Business at the Old Stand, the Wheat Market Is Notably Strong, While in Wall Street the Decision in the Commodities Case Continues a Bullish Factor.

Chicago, May 4.—A sharp upturn in the prices of wheat occurred on the board of trade late in the session today, although the July had showed moderate gains early. The market for the wheat crop is still unsettled, but the Patten interests had abandoned their deal "owing to adverse publicity." This house today was credited with heavy purchases of the July, while the Chicago time market was noted for a sharp rise. It was at the high point the July sold at \$1.16—four cents above the low point of the session and more than ten cents above the low mark touched on the recent sensational break. The July gain at 126 cents, compared with the low mark recorded April 26. The deferred futures showed gains of nearly three cents. The principal bullish influences were the Oklahoma and Ohio state crop reports. The condition of the Oklahoma crop was reported 75 per cent compared with 60 per cent a month ago, while the condition in Ohio was placed at 60 per cent, or twenty-six points below the condition a year ago. The foreign weekly crop summary, too, indicated that European wheat had not shown the gains generally expected. The local marketing, 1 1/2 per cent, was higher. The July opened at 112 1/2 to 112 1/2; it touched 116 and closed there, after having sold at 112 shortly after the opening.

Speculation in Stocks Is Animated.

New York, May 4.—An animated and varied speculation was carried on in the stock market today, and the uplift of prices was conspicuous and marked. Leading still held the most conspicuous place in the transactions, and the supreme court decision on the commodities clause of the Hepburn act continued a subject of most earnest discussion. Reading had been picked as the medium for the expression of the new attitude, and the oscillation today was the index of the speculative opinion and was followed in close sympathy but in widely varying degree by the whole list.

No small part of the speculative enthusiasm which found expression in the operations in stocks was based upon the most liberal construction of the supreme court's decision in its bearing on the whole subject of corporation control. The comment about the financial district construing the new attitude towards holding companies as reviving the possibilities of great railroad mergers by a revision of the methods by which the Northern Securities company was formed to effect a combination of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railroads, a particular application, and the fact that the Union Pacific and its large holdings of stocks in other railroad companies was discernible in the conspicuous activity and strength of that stock.

Railroad net earnings for March were reported in great number, and the fact that the earnings for that month of last year was of helpful effect on the speculation. The relatively low level of last year's earnings with which the comparisons are made was lost sight of. The rise in the country's bank clearings for April to a record volume was looked upon as good evidence of trade expansion. Industrial preferred stocks were especially strong, led by United States Steel. This movement seemed due to belated recognition of the extra security enjoyed by this class of shares and the high income return yielded by them in comparison with other investment securities. The prices underwent a sharp reaction before the close.

WOULD REGULATE WOMEN'S HATS.

Texas Solon Wants Law Against Headgear Costing More Than \$20.

Austin, Tex., May 4.—An amendment to the bill which provides for the annual appropriation for the state industrial college for girls, where millinery and dress-making are taught, has been offered in the house of representatives by E. C. Gaines. It provides that no part of the appropriation shall be available for the purpose stated if the authorities of the college permit any of the students to be more than \$20 or a dress that costs more than \$50. It furthermore provides that no hat shall be more than eight inches in diameter through the crown at the base and it prohibits the building of hats the brim of which turns downward or hats shaped like a peach basket or a broad tray or a wide bowl. Birds, snakes, bugs and artificial flowers made in the sweatshops of Florence, Milan or Naples are also put under the ban by the amendment.

GOLD FIND NEAR GLENORCHY.

Winnipeg, Man., May 4.—Dr. C. MacKenzie, who arrived in the city this evening, brings exceptionally rich gold samples, which were discovered at Glenorchy, forty miles east of Fort Frances, by William Stone, an old prospector. The discovery was made in the vicinity of the old Olive mine where the workings were discontinued on account of the poverty of the veins. Stone claimed that the small veins led to the mother lode and for the past six years has been working there in solitude, many imagining he was crazy. However, he has managed to strike the mother lode and a number of samples picked from various parts of the vein assayed at Ottawa from \$110 to \$240 per ton in gold besides small veins in silver and copper. He and some friends, including H. A. Tibbets and Dr. C. MacKenzie, staked

Marquette County Savings Bank SAVINGS BANK BUILDING, MARQUETTE. Never since the days of romance has a child grown to manhood by eating one great big meal. Three meals a day, carefully and moderately eaten, will be apt to make a big, strong, healthy, happy man. So in money matters. If you want a competence some day begin now by opening an account in this bank and making small deposits often. You will be surprised to find how fast your money and content will grow. Special attention to BANKING BY MAIL. Send a postal for booklet.

TRIVIAL QUARREL RESULTS IN MURDER.

Alleged to Have Made a Derogatory Remark Concerning a Piece of Pie, a Chicago Youth Is Struck Over the Head With a Bottle and Is Killed.

Chicago, May 4.—A quarrel in a Halsted street restaurant today over a piece of pie resulted in the death of Harold Herzfeld, aged seventeen. Peter Douglas, a waiter, was arrested. It is charged that he struck the youth over the head with a bottle, after Herzfeld had made a derogatory remark concerning the pie.

Indiana Farmer Kills Neighbor.

Tipton, Ind., May 4.—During a quarrel over the construction of ditches, Henry Yarling today shot and killed Charles Smith. The men lived on adjoining farms. Yarling surrendered himself.

\$1,116,000 IN PURSES THIS YEAR.

Harness Racing Not Killed by the Stringent Anti-Betting Laws.

Chicago, May 4.—The board of appeals of the American Trotting association met here today and considered a large number of cases. Nothing sensational developed. An unusually prosperous year for harness racing is in sight, according to declarations of members of the board. It is estimated that upwards of \$1,000,000 will be distributed on the various circuits this year, despite the stringent anti-betting laws now in effect throughout the country. In the Grand circuit alone, nearly \$700,000 will be distributed, and the announced stakes, handicaps and futurities figure up to \$416,000.

Coldwater (Mich.) Man Expelled.

New York, May 4.—At today's session of the National Trotting association's board of review, Frank Richardson, of Coldwater, Mich., was expelled for alleged fraud in attempting to credit the performance of the mare Brown Axe to a weanling named Asto.

FORGAN DENIES HEAVY LOSS.

Corrects Report Chicago Banks Will Lose \$50,000,000 on Walsh Indebtedness.

Chicago, May 4.—James B. Forgan, president of the First National bank and chairman of the clearing house committee in charge of the liquidation of the assets of the defunct Chicago National bank, has issued a statement correcting a report that an aggregate amount of \$50,000,000 of the Walsh indebtedness has been set down as a loss by the forty banks which carried the burden of the failure. According to his statement, the "aggregate amount of the bank's participation" as it now stands on their books, is therefore less than \$2,500,000, against which there is held as collateral for series A, securities of the face value of \$13,973,742.71, and for series B the coal properties, which have just been bought in by the banks, at foreclosure sale for \$2,500,000. Taking the most pessimistic view possible of the value of these securities and properties, there certainly cannot be much, if any, loss to the banks beyond what they have thus already provided for, and it is strongly hoped that sufficient will be realized on them to prevent further loss in the matter.

NOTICE TO COAL DEALERS.

Lansing, Mich., April 28, 1909. Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the State Board of Education until Thursday noon, May 27, 1909, for furnishing coal for the Northern State Normal school at Marquette, Michigan, for the period beginning July 1, 1909, and ending July 1, 1910. The State Board of Education desires bids upon the best quality of Pennsylvania coal, mine run, or other first class steam coal, to be delivered as required in lots at the above named institution, and weighed at the institution; 500 tons, more or less will be required. All bids should be submitted in separate sealed envelopes and addressed to L. L. Wright, Secretary State Board of Education, Lansing, Michigan. The person awarded the contract will be required to furnish a bond for the faithful performance of the contract in such sum as the State Board of Education may designate.

L. L. WRIGHT, Secretary State Board of Education. (5-134)

WOMEN ARE VICTIMS.

Indoor Life and Lack of Exercise Causes Piles.

More women than men have piles. It is because they take so little outdoor exercise and are so often constipated. There is a stagnation of blood in the lower bowel, and no amount of cutting or treatment with ointments and suppositories will remove this cause.

Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid, an internal, tablet medicine, will permanently cure any case of piles, removing the lower bowel, and no amount of cutting or treatment with ointments and suppositories will remove this cause.

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Upper Peninsula

Municipal Salaries Fixed—

The common council of Crystal Falls has fixed the salaries of the city officers for the present year as follows: City attorney, \$600; clerk, \$650; collector, \$400; street commissioner, \$2.50 per day; superintendent of lighting and water plants, \$1,300; power house men \$70 per month.

Ironwood Won Second Place—

Lloyd Owen representing the Ironwood schools, took second place in oratory in the district oratorical and declamatory contest held at Superior, Wis. First place in oratory was taken by Elmon A. Vetter, of Superior. In the declamatory contest Miss Lara Stroug, of Ashland, won first place and Miss Laura Cotey, of Superior, second.

Balk at a Dollar a Day—

The physicians of Germfask and Planey who were called to Manistique to testify in the Curson poisoning case have refused to accept their witness fees of \$1 per day, owing to the fact that they expect called from Detroit was paid \$200 for "expert testimony." They claim that they are entitled to greater compensation, as their testimony, too, was in the nature of expert testimony. Curson, who was found guilty of attempting to poison James Louche of Gerfask, was sentenced by Judge Steere to serve a sentence at Jackson of not more than fifteen years and not less than seven and one-half years. The evidence in the case was purely circumstantial and there is doubt in the minds of some people conversant with the ins and out of the case of the guilt of Curson.

Saloon Licenses Held Up—

With the close of tonight Iron River will be nearly dry as it ever has been in its history, says the Iron River Reporter. Out of nineteen or twenty saloon licenses before the council Wednesday evening only three were acted on favorably—those of J. E. Berington, William Schook and Agatha Benson. Several were laid over on account of technical errors, while three were laid on the table for investigation. Only five members of the council were present. At the meeting last night only four members were in attendance. In this line there were two favorable to approving all the bonds, irrespective of who the applicant might be, and two who favored granting bonds to only those who were liable to conduct quiet or orderly saloons. On ascertaining the position the president would take in case of a tie vote, one of the trustees, who favored cutting out irresponsible and disorderly saloon keepers, left the meeting, thus breaking a quorum. The meeting was thereupon adjourned until this evening, when it is hoped that at least five trustees will be present, as on Wednesday evening. This action of the council makes it hard on those saloon keepers, whose bonds were laid over on account of technicalities, but are otherwise considered all right. Without their redress they have no business to open, as they thus lay themselves open to arrest.

Sale-Crackers at Work—

A gang of safe crackers did business at the grocery store of Gust Lindquist on the North Hill at Ironwood the other night. Early the next morning a neighbor noticed that the back door was open and notified Mr. Lindquist. An investigation showed that the store had been burglarized, though nothing of great value had been taken. The robbers had entered at the double door in the rear, gaining an entrance by prying the doors open, using for this purpose a crowbar about two feet in length. This crow bar, which they left in the store, is marked "C. & N. W. Ry." and is supposed to have been stolen from some section crew's tool kit. The outer door of Mr. Lindquist's safe was not locked, but the door of the inner compartment was, and this the robbers blew open with nitroglycerine. The floor about the safe was smeared with soap which had been used in preparing the charge. After opening the safe the robbers went through all the papers contained therein scattering them about the floor, but found nothing of value. The only things which were found missing were taken from a small jewelry case, which had been rifled of its contents. Three watches and a number of rings and chains were taken. For a dark lantern the robbers had used a small card-board shoe box, with a candle set therein and holes cut in the top and sides, which was found lying near the safe. It is supposed that the burglary was the work of amateurs and, indeed, the police have a good idea as to the identity of the criminals.

LIVED 152 YEARS.

Wm. Parr—England's oldest man—married the third time at 120, worked in the fields until 132 and lived 29 years longer. People should be youthful at 80. James Wright, of Spruick, Ky., shows how to remain young. He felt just like a 16-year-old boy, he writes, "after taking six bottles of Electric Bitters. For thirty years kidney trouble made life a burden, but the first bottle of this wonderful medicine convinced me I had found the greatest cure on earth. They're a godsend to weak, sickly run-down or old people. Try them, 50¢ at The Stafford Drug Co.'s store.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Nellie Kennedy COMPANY Queen of Repertoire

TONIGHT

Repeated by Request

L. E. Johnson's Masterpiece

"A COW PUNCHER'S SWEETHEART"

A Story of the Plains.

New Vaudeville Acts Between Acts.

PRICES: 10c 20c 30c.

Seats on sale at box office from 8 a. m. to 8:30 p. m.

Nuf Ced.

Both Phone. Fifth and Washington Sts.

BRUSH'S CASH GROCERY

Bulk Creamery Butter, 32c lb.

California Evaporated Peas, per lb. 10c-12c

California Evaporated Apples, per lb. 12c-15c

California Evaporated Peaches, per lb. 12c-15c

Seeded Raisins, very best, 1 lb. package. 9c

California Cooking Figs, per lb. 8c

25 lbs. Best Sugar, \$1.45

Sweet Santa Clara Prunes, per lb. 8c

Ring Out Evaporated Apples, per lb. 10c

Seedless Muscatel Raisins, per lb. 8c

Pie Peaches, No. 3 Can, per can 12c

California Extra Lemon Cling Peaches and Bartlett Peas, per can 22c

Standard Tomatoes, 3 cans. 25c

Snider's Catsup, pint bottles. 20c

Ishpeming County Phone 92. Ishpeming Long Dist. Phone 82.
Negaunee " 93. Negaunee " 190.

GEORGE F. RUEZ

BROKER

Robbins Block, 116 Main St., ISHPEMING.
First National Bank Block, NEGAUNEE.

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Paine, Webber & Co.'s private wires to Boston, New York and all markets.

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BIJOU THEATRE

Mr. and Mrs. Lew Stanley

In a high-class SINGING ACT.

Best dressed and most enjoyable act of its kind in vaudeville.

Admission: Adults, 10c; Children 5c.

SIR--

Buy clothes to fit. Get style too. Shop with us. We've the proof. Of what?

Good Clothes { STEIN-BOCH'S, KUPPENHEIMER'S, DESPRES-LOWENSTEIN'S.

Knox, Stetson Hats. Hanan, our own shoes.

L. W. ATKINS & CO.

THE BELLE OF JAPAN.

Harvey B. Day, producer of "The Belle of Japan," the Japanese novelty comedy drama to be the offering at Ishpeming Friday evening, has managed theatrical attractions for the past twenty years. He has had such attractions as "Tenderfoot," "The Forbidden Land" and "Peggy from Paris." He has also directed the "tons of" several well-known stars among them being Wilton Lackaye and Edward Harrigan. B. Gratton Donnelly is the author of "The Belle of Japan." He made a special trip to Japan and his observations while there furnished him his plot for the play, which is correctly conceived and appropriately mounted. The attraction promises to be one of the best popular-priced offerings of the year.

NATION'S RAILROAD PUZZLE.

Making of Combinations Is Going on Unchecked.

No Steps Taken by the Interstate Commerce Commission—Policy of the Administration Is Not Yet Disclosed—Consolidations of Hill and Harriman Interests.

Washington, May 4.—The most curious situation in Washington is the perplexity of the interstate commerce commission in the face of the gigantic railroad consolidations going on unchecked throughout the country. To proceed or not to proceed—that is the question which the commission cannot decide for itself. The policy of the tariff administration is not yet sufficiently clarified to enable the commission to determine whether it should begin to investigate these important mergers on its own initiative, as in the Northern Securities case, or await the word of the administration. Nor can the commission force its own powers are not to be so circumscribed that its plain duty under the present law will not seem to be a transgression of law under expected legislation.

The activities of the Hawley group are being followed closely by the commission. It has become known recently that Hawley and Hill are working in pretty close harmony. Hawley sold his Colorado and Southern to the Hill group, and although the fact has not been announced as yet, it will be long before some known, according to reliable reports from the inside, that Hawley has secured control of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas. This combination, it is pointed out, would enable Hill easily to perfect his cooperation with Hawley, another line from the northwest, through the mountain and plain country, to the Gulf of Mexico at Galveston. The Hawley system is coming to be looked upon as a rising factor in the railroad situation. Some persons say Hawley controls as much railroad mileage today as any other man in the country. He is the youngest of the big and potential factors in the national railroad finance situation. His backing consists, first, of his own ample fortune and second, of the old Collier-P. H. Huntington group. His alliance, it is now believed, has been

Ishpeming Department

WILLIAM GILL HAD CLOSE CALL

FLORENCE ROBERTS TONIGHT.

One of America's Foremost Actresses to Be Seen Here.

Florence Roberts, who has attempted and succeeded in undertakings that justify the claim that no other American actress can approach her in versatility, pays a great compliment to Seymour Obermer when she avers that the latter's play, "The House of Bondage," is the most suitable vehicle she has ever had. Miss Roberts has played a range of parts that include the heroines of Shakespeare, Mollie, Sargon, Pinero and our American, Fitch, so that when she is willing to say that her "Lady Joan Merdyth" in "The House of Bondage" is her favorite, it is a statement of some significance.

Will Gill, who arrived here Monday evening, suffering from knife wounds inflicted by a fellow workman at Sables, N. D., is by no means out of danger. He is confined to the home of his parents on East Pearl street, and is receiving the best of attention. There are three wounds in his back, but two of them are not serious. The worst wound severed an artery and penetrated the right lung and has not yet started to heal, so that his physician is unable to state at this time what the outcome will be. In spite of the fact that he suffers much pain, Mr. Gill is cheerful and he feels certain he will be around in a few days.

The attack upon him by a man named George R. Grubb was entirely unexpected. After Gill had been stabbed three times he turned on Grubb and forced him off the coach, though he made no attempt to punish, having never used a razor and he was badly injured until after a surgeon had examined his wounds. The Grand Forks Daily Herald gave the following account of the assault:

"While physicians have given out reassuring reports there is great alarm among friends of Grubbman. William Gill, former quarterback star of the University of North Dakota football team, who was stabbed by Watchman George R. Grubb at Sables Tuesday evening. Gill was stabbed in the back of the neck, in the shoulder and below the shoulder and there was a slash nearly all the way across the back, which took 16 stitches to close.

"It is the wound below the shoulder which is causing alarm. It penetrated Gill's lung, it has been ascertained. His splendid constitution is in his favor. He was excellent shape, physically, when wounded, having never used a pipe or tobacco, and having kept up the practice of exercising acquired at the university.

"If Gill should die Grubb will face a charge of having committed one of the most cowardly murders in the history of North Dakota.

GRUBB FURNISHES BOND.

The preliminary hearing of Grubb was concluded yesterday afternoon and he was held for trial in the district court of Cavalier county. His bond was fixed at \$500 and he was successful in renewing the cash bond which kept him at liberty since shortly after the murder attempt was made.

"At the hearing it developed that the trouble had started over the fact that Grubb wanted the coaches held on their arrival from the south until he could put on coal. Gill did not want to wait, as he was tired after the long trip, and he suggested that Grubb put the coal in the coaches in the morning before the train started for Lakota. Gill gave the signal to go ahead to the roundhouse. He jumped on the engine and Grubb started after him, still arguing about the matter of coaling the coaches. The engineer made him get away from the engine and ride in a coach. When the switch was reached Gill jumped off and after attending to it jumped on the last coach. He stood facing outward from the coach. While he was in that position Grubb attacked him with the knife, his intention evidently being to murder him.

SNOW PLOW STALLED.

Three Teams Unable to Pull Plow Through Drifts on Cemetery Road.

The novel sight of three teams trying to pull a snow plow through a five-foot drift of snow on May 4th was witnessed yesterday by several Ishpeming people. The plow started out in the morning to open the road to the cemetery and became stalled in several places. Men in the employ of the city were obliged to shovel it out. Most of the snow fell during the storm last Friday, but in some places some of the old snow was still on the road. The snow was unusually heavy and soggy and this accounted largely for the difficulty in going through it. Some kodak pictures of the scene were taken by George Skogberg.

TO VISIT OLD COUNTRY.

Mrs. Thomas (allow, Mrs. William Covsey and daughter Elsie, Mrs. John Kennehan and son Jackie will leave here tomorrow morning for a few months' visit at their former homes in the Isle of Man. They will travel by way of Oneida, where they will embark on the steamer Empress of Ireland, which sails for Liverpool Friday afternoon. Martin and Will Currow will leave at the same time for Cornwall, where they intend staying for an indefinite period.

THE EARLY SWIMMER CATCHES THE CRAMP.

One \$400 piano, mahogany case, \$300; one \$250 piano, mahogany case, \$215; another \$250 piano, oak case, \$215. (5-4-11) CABLE PIANO CO.

THE LATE VICTORIAN SARDOU

regarded Sarah Bernhardt, the Frenchwoman, Fanny Davenport, the Englishwoman, and Florence Roberts, the American, as the greatest exponents in their respective countries, of the heroines of his famous plays. Miss Roberts feels a deep personal loss in Sardou's death and would have made a memorial revival of at least two of his plays this spring, but for the widespread demand for her in "The House of Bondage," which she will bring to the Ishpeming Theatre tonight.

THE VALUE OF PROPRIETARY MEDICINES

is proven by the very large percentage of physicians' prescriptions for the same remedies found in every drug store in America, but as they are written in Latin, few patients realize this fact. The old standard proprietary medicines like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that have stood the test of time, deserve a place in every family medicine chest, and it is most certain they would not be prescribed by physicians if they were able to devise a formula equally as efficacious.

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$75,000.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS: D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER, W. H. JOHNSON, A. MAITLAND, H. O. YOUNG, JAMES CLANCEY, DR. JOS. VANDEVENTER, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS: F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier, H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres., O. G. AAS, Ass't Cashier, GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY.

John Prin and Wife Celebrated Event Monday Evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Prin, 615 Morris street, celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage Monday evening. About forty relatives and intimate friends spent a most enjoyable evening at their home. Mr. and Mrs. Prin are the parents of nine children, all of whom were present at the anniversary celebration. The guests were pleasantly entertained with musical numbers by their daughter, Miss Edith Prin who is a talented vocalist, and other members of the family. Later in the evening a fine supper was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Prin were recipients of many beautiful presents, prominent among the articles being silverware. They were married in Hancock and one year later moved to Ishpeming, where they have resided ever since. Mr. and Mrs. Prin are very well and favorably known in the city and they have many friends who wish will their continued happiness and prosperity.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Miss Amanda Anderson is visiting her sister, Mrs. Otto Leonardson, at Marquette.

The first regular monthly meeting of the new council will be held this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Dr. W. S. Pottle left last night for the copper country on professional business. He will return Thursday.

George A. Adams of Fair Haven, Vt., is in the city, visiting his brother, Rev. C. L. Adams, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church.

Miss Nellie Kane, who has been ill and confined to her home for over a week past, has resumed her work as book-keeper with J. J. Leffer.

L. C. Schroder arrived in the city Monday to succeed E. A. Ellsworth as representative of the city in many months. The deceased, who was born here, was generally known and had many friends in Ishpeming.

Mrs. Kajsa Hansen, an old resident of the Winthrop, celebrated the eightieth anniversary of her birth Monday. Many of her friends and neighbors called to offer their congratulations. Mrs. Hansen is enjoying excellent health considering her age.

Mike Tasson, the poundmaster, impounded two cows yesterday and from this time on will enforce the letter of the ordinance. He complains that Lake Angeine people are permitting their cows to come down town, and warns them to take better care of their cattle.

The ladies of Mrs. Spitzer's division of the Presbyterian church are meeting with excellent success in the collection of old newspapers. They anticipate little difficulty in gathering a carload, which will be sold to a Chicago concern and the proceeds given to the church fund.

Alex. Swanson is building a foundation under Andrew Talo's block on the corner of Division and First streets. Concrete blocks made by Mr. Swanson's son Axel are being used. Axel has a concrete block machine and he intends to supply the trade with blocks of various designs and size in the future. Mr. Swanson Monday purchased a team of working

FROM MORGAN'S CURB LETTER.

"That accumulation of copper shares by strong interests has been going on steadily, leaving the market bare of stocks, was made quite plain today, when on any little bidding prices advanced sharply. Calumet & Arizona and Isle Royale gained 2 1/2, North Butte and Lake Copper 2, Shannon 1 1/2, and Amalgamated Copper better than a point. Inside buying in Shannon is reported and 20 is predicted for this turn. Mass made a new high record of 15 1/2, but looks a little tired around those figures. A good sized short interest is still outstanding in both North Butte and Amalgamated, and on any further rise there will be a scramble to cover. Calumet & Montana broke into new ground today and is still the feature of the curb trading. It sold at 60 cents. Caetis was slightly weaker, due to the liquidation of a fair sized block of stock, which has been hanging over the market for several days. Eastern interests are credited with taking these offerings, and when the liquidation of this account is completed we look for higher prices. We note a very good inquiry for Calumet-Corbin, due to the announcement that Galena ore has been encountered in the shaft. Live Oak shows signs of revival, and it looks as though the cheap offerings have been pretty well absorbed. Bids of 4 1/2 failed to dislodge any stock today. It is stated on good authority that a large Lake producer sold 5 1/2 million pounds of copper at thirteen cents, cleaning them up to date. This alone would indicate that the metal situation is on the mend. An Eastern authority predicts that the next report of the Copper Producers' association, due on May 10th, will show a reduction for April of about two million pounds. The market closed strong in all quarters, with every indication of a pronounced upward movement."

Yesterday's prevailing prices were:

	Bid.	Asked.
Almeek	\$155.00	\$160.00
American Saginaw	3.00	
Arizona & Mich.	1.00	1.12 1/2
Arizona	.40	.50
Black Mountain	1.00	1.12 1/2
Butte & London	.20	.25
Boston Ely	1.25	1.37 1/2
Chemung	16.00	17.00
Cumberland Ely	7.50	7.62 1/2
Cordova, \$2 paid	1.37 1/2	
Carmen	1.25	1.37 1/2

THREE DISTINGUISHED PLAYERS WHO HAVE ACTED SARDOU'S HEROINES

SARAH BERNHART.

FLORENCE ROBERTS.

FANNY DAVENPORT.

ISHPEMING THEATRE

Friday, May 7

Harvey B. Day Presents the Japanese novelty

With Miss Bessie Clifton

The show with music, costumes, comedy, pathos and plot.

A novelty show. Attractive scenery and unique costumes and stage effects.

PRICES: Parquet, 75c; dress circle and first two rows of balcony, 50c; balcony balcony, 35c; gallery, 25c. 5-3-11

THE BELLE OF JAPAN

With Miss Bessie Clifton

The show with music, costumes, comedy, pathos and plot.

A novelty show. Attractive scenery and unique costumes and stage effects.

PRICES: Parquet, 75c; dress circle and first two rows of balcony, 50c; balcony balcony, 35c; gallery, 25c. 5-3-11

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Wednesda

Unit

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First National Bank

NEGAUNEE, MICH.

United States Depository. Capital and Surplus, \$150,000

This bank conducts a general banking business. Invites the accounts of corporations, business houses and individuals.

Accepts Savings Deposits in any amount from \$1 up and allows interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per year.

OFFICERS:
A. Maitland, President. Geo. J. Maas, Vice Pres.
T. C. Yates, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
A. Maitland, Geo. J. Maas, J. H. Winter,
A. B. Miner, T. C. Yates.

LABOR STILL HOPEFUL.

Federation Expects Favorable Legislation by Congress.

President Taft Promises Some Assistance—Concessions on Both Sides Necessary—Injunction Problem the Most Difficult—United States Becoming the Shoe Maker of the World—More Seeds for Congressmen.

Washington, May 4.—Organized labor as represented by the American Federation of Labor has not abandoned hope of obtaining from congress legislation it has sought unsuccessfully for many years. Following the recent meeting of the executive board of the federation here at the Capitol, the members of that board had an afternoon's talk with President Taft. By agreement all around the conference was given little publicity. It was a sort of peace meeting preparatory to other conferences that are to be held later in the year. As is well known, President Taft and most of the members of the executive board opposed the election of Mr. Taft. The members of the board went to the White House not quite certain as to the sort of reception they would receive; they came away greatly impressed with the treatment the president accorded them.

It now develops that Mr. Taft gave the members of the board assurance that he will, when congress meets next fall, assist them to obtain certain legislation. A member of the board is authority for the statement that the president is exceedingly anxious to bring about a better understanding between labor and capital. He wants the much-discussed injunction question settled, and settled in a way that will be satisfactory to both the employers and the employees.

At future conferences an effort will be made to reach an agreement as to just what the president shall ask congress to do. That there must be some surrendering on each side is evident. As nearly as persons on the outside can get at the situation, it is that the president has in mind what may be called a halfway program—that is to say, a sort of compromise between what organized labor demands and what congress might be willing to grant—which he will submit at the proper time.

That President Taft intends to ask the next congress to perfect some amendment to the Sherman anti-trust law is well understood, and in making his recommendations he will take into consideration the request of organized labor. How far he will be willing to go in exempting labor unions and farmers' organizations from the operations of the law remains to be seen, for so far he has not expressed himself definitely on this question. What may be called the injunction problem is the most important one to be dealt with. The president has said many times that he would not reason why this problem should not be solved in a way satisfactory to both sides of the controversy and taken out of politics for good. That he is exceedingly anxious to bring about such a solution his close friends understand very well. According to a member of Mr. Taft's executive board, the preliminary discussion of this subject at the White House conference was most satisfactory to the representatives of labor.

"We found that the president's legal training gave him a grasp of the subject which the former president did not have," said this member of the board. "It would not be proper to say just how far Mr. Taft was willing to go, but it can be said that he is just as anxious as any of the leaders of organized labor that congress dispose finally of this long-pending and much-discussed question. The failure of organized labor as a whole to agree on anti-injunction legislation has had much to do with the inaction of congress. In several years the representatives of the American Federation of Labor and the representatives of the allied railroad em-

ployers' organizations have disagreed over the language of every bill proposed. The understanding is that by and by the president intends to call into conference men representing each of the great labor organizations with the expectation that they will persuade them to unite on a common platform. With that much accomplished he would be well equipped to present the subject to the leaders in congress.

Shoemaker of the World.
The United States is rapidly becoming the shoemaker of the world, largely because of New England, according to George Houston, a shoe manufacturer of Boston, who is in Washington.

"In 1908, 6,500,000 pairs were exported," said Mr. Houston, "as against 330,000 pairs in 1878. America's best shoe customers are Great Britain, Germany, France and Belgium. Three-fourths of the entire number of boots and shoes exported from this country are made in New England. "We know that 56.6 per cent of the boots and shoes made in the United States is manufactured in New England, and that nearly one-half of the entire output is manufactured in Massachusetts. The shoes most exported are those which ordinarily sell from \$3.50 to \$4 a pair, what you might call the popular priced shoes for men and women. There is no better shoe made in the world for the price, quality, style, and fit.

"We should be exporting more shoes than we are," added Mr. Houston, "but in reality we have been fortunate to do as good as we have while the 15 per cent tariff on hides exists. The tariff on hides does a great deal of harm to the shoe manufacturing industry in this country."

More Seeds Next Year.
All members of the house are made happy by an announcement from the department of agriculture that beginning with next year each member of congress will have his garden seed quota raised from 12,000 packages to 20,000. This especially is welcome news to members representing agricultural districts, where the demand for such seeds has grown so rapidly as to become a burden on the principal companies which are developing the Miami district, and good results from exploratory work are reported almost daily. The Live Oak tunnel continues in good concentrating ore, which is improving with further distance. The tunnel is now in about 700 feet, the last few hundred feet being in ore, and indications point to the development of an ore body that will equal if not surpass the remarkable deposit discovered in Miami ground, which is adjacent to Live Oak.

The Bishop Evening Miner says:
"Excellent progress is being made by the principal companies which are developing the Miami district, and good results from exploratory work are reported almost daily. The Live Oak tunnel continues in good concentrating ore, which is improving with further distance. The tunnel is now in about 700 feet, the last few hundred feet being in ore, and indications point to the development of an ore body that will equal if not surpass the remarkable deposit discovered in Miami ground, which is adjacent to Live Oak.

"The small capitalization of the Live Oak company is a splendid point in its favor from a shareholder's standpoint, as there are only 50,000 shares of \$10 par, only 5,000 of which have been issued on a \$2 first call. This stock is now selling at over half its par value, and there is little doubt that it will sell at par or over before the next call is made."

"The Live Oak mine is really the pioneer of what has been known as the Miami district. Several years ago it was worked on a lease, and the leases extracted over a half million dollars' worth of ore in a year from surface workings. The property, which consists of about 200 acres of mineralized ground, adjoins the Keystone group of seventeen claims, which is being developed by the Miami company, and the surface exposures of both are very similar, being enormous bodies of siliceous ore, exposed vertically to heights of from twenty to 100 feet, and on the Live Oak covering an area of approximately thirty acres. There are two tunnels and two shafts on the property, and the Silicate tunnel, from which shipments have been made, is the one now being driven to further distance and depth by the new company. The incline shaft has been sunk to a depth of 100 feet at the portal of this tunnel, and the other shaft, which is over 200 feet deep, was sunk to intersect the ore bodies found in the tunnel. The present management has sunk it to further depth as a mine, sixty-six feet of which is in sulphide ore. The sulphide tunnel, which is in over 500 feet, shows

mineralization almost the entire distance. This tunnel will cut the vertical shaft at a depth of 280 feet.

Cordova Copper.
"Work is progressing satisfactorily at the Eureka property of the Cordova Copper company, although it has not reached the stage where results in the way of ore discoveries are close at hand. At the Gem mine (Globe Consolidated) of the company there have been excellent developments recently especially in the exploration of the Gem and Future Copper veins. The former vein is strong and looks exceptionally well, the ore averaging about 5 1/2 per cent. The vein is now over 700 feet from the shaft. The Future Copper vein is in 975 feet and the face is broken diorite and shale carrying sulphide ore in bunches. It is expected to resume sinking in the Gem in a short time the management having recently decided to sink from the 1,200 to the 1,600-foot level at which large deposits of ore are looked for."

Upper Peninsula

Escanaba's Mayor Puts on the Lid—

By orders issued by Mayor Solomon Greenbush every saloon in Escanaba is now closing at 11 o'clock at night and the proprietors have instructions to keep all doors closed throughout Sunday morning. Chief of Police George Rowe was called from his home by Mayor Greenbush, after the chief had retired, and was given the closing orders with instructions that they be enforced to the letter. It was decided that the entire city could be covered before 11 o'clock the same night. Chief Rowe was forced to call to his aid the entire force of policemen, each of whom was given a particular district. Every saloon keeper will have his garden seed quota raised from 12,000 packages to 20,000. This especially is welcome news to members representing agricultural districts, where the demand for such seeds has grown so rapidly as to become a burden on the principal companies which are developing the Miami district, and good results from exploratory work are reported almost daily. The Live Oak tunnel continues in good concentrating ore, which is improving with further distance. The tunnel is now in about 700 feet, the last few hundred feet being in ore, and indications point to the development of an ore body that will equal if not surpass the remarkable deposit discovered in Miami ground, which is adjacent to Live Oak.

Electrical Shock Kills Miner—

Standing on the sixteenth level of "A" shaft at the Aurora mine, Gogebic range, both hands grasping an iron bar, one end of which was touching the trolley wire and the other a steel ore car, Thomas J. Jarski was found dead by a fellow workman. Luckily the man who made the discovery knew something about electricity and what to do under the circumstances. He knocked the trolley wire away from the trolley wire, breaking the circuit, and Jarski fell over in a heap. Jarski was a miner and had been working in a sub-level off from the sixteenth. For some unknown reason he must have left the sub-level. Just how he happened to handle the bar so that it came in contact with the trolley wire and the car at the same time is a mystery, but it is presumed that he did it while trying to pry the car in some way. Then again, the shock received would not have been sufficient to kill a man of his build, unless he had a weak heart. The full strength of the current, but even then he must have had a weak heart to have been killed by it. Jarski was about twenty-five years of age, and leaves a wife living in Austria.

Angry Wife on Husband's Trail—

After spending several days in Escanaba, searching for employment among barber shops, Edward Garfield, who said he had been sufficient to kill a man of his build, unless he had a weak heart. The full strength of the current, but even then he must have had a weak heart to have been killed by it. Jarski was about twenty-five years of age, and leaves a wife living in Austria.

The celebrated Peacock Brand of Hams, Bacon and Lard for sale by the following dealers:
MARQUETTE.
Werner Bros., Campbell Bros., Wm. Dorais, John Tierney, Wm. Williams, David Murray, Dell's Grocery, Anderson & Mellin, Anderson & Lindstrom, Wm. Fassbender, E. LaBonte.
NEGAUNEE.
N. Laughlin, H. G. Muck, S. S. Thomas, N. Hansen & Sons, Miller Bros., John Erickson, Winter & Suss.
ISHPING.
F. Braadstad & Co., Peter Koski & Co., L. Hoyveth, A. Hendrickson & Co., I. Gustafson, Ishpeming Store Co., Ishpeming Co-Op. Society, A. W. Myers Mercantile Co., J. Selwood & Co., J. J. Lefler.

Negaunee Department

TEMPERANCE WORKERS TO MEET HERE FRIDAY

COMMITTEE DIRECTING CAMPAIGN FOR LOCAL OPTION NOTIFIES DELEGATES RECENTLY NAMED IN THE VARIOUS CITIES AND TOWNSHIP TO BE PRESENT.

The movement for local option in Marquette county is now to take form. Since the first meeting was held in Negaunee in March, the ministers and other prohibition advocates who are leading in the fight against the liquor traffic have been devising plans for their campaign and they express themselves as well satisfied with the progress being made. A public meeting has been called for next Friday afternoon at the Finnish Temperance society's hall on Teal Lake avenue, and the committee extends an invitation to all who are interested in the movement to attend.

Since the second meeting, held in Ishpeming the latter part of March, delegates have been selected from nearly every ward in the three cities, also from many of the townships, and it is expected that the session will be attended by a large number. It is proposed to outline plans for securing names to petitions to be circulated among the voters of the county. It is expected that the petitions will be placed in the hands of committees in the various cities and townships. The call for Friday's gathering is as follows:

At a public meeting held in Negaunee, March 16, 1909, the question of securing the submission of local option to the voters of Marquette county was discussed and a committee was appointed to call a representative convention of all the townships and city wards of the county to be held early in May for the purpose of inaugurating a local option movement. The committee appointed met in Ishpeming March 23, and fixed the basis of representation as follows: Two delegates from each township and city ward; the pastor and one layman from each church; and one delegate from each temperance organization in the county. It was decided to hold the convention in the Swedish-Finnish Temperance hall (Teal Lake avenue, opposite the hospital) Negaunee, Mich., at 4 p. m. on May 7, 1909. You have been appointed as one of the delegates to that representative convention and are hereby notified of the time and place of the meeting. It is important that every delegate be present if possible.

J. SALLSTROM, Chairman,
C. L. ADAMS, Secretary,
O. SANDAHL,
E. R. DOWNING,
W. B. COOMBE,
S. HOGANDEK,
J. KAMINEN,
C. H. RUTLEDGE,
Committee.

BOWLING SERIES FINISHED.

Ravens Win First Prize in Contest of Finnish Teams.

The bowling contest, participated in by eight three-men Finnish teams at DeRains' alleys, will be brought to a close tonight or tomorrow night, when three of the teams in second place will bowl off their tie. The Ravens took first prize, having won one of seven contests. The Cubs, White Sox and the winners of a game last night between the Eagles and Wolves are a tie for second place, each having won four games and lost three. The standing of the teams up to yesterday was as follows:

Team	Wm.	Lost.
Ravens	5	2
White Sox	4	3
Cubs	4	3
Owls	3	4
Tigers	3	4
Wolves	3	4
Hawks	2	5

Team	Wm.	Lost.		
Owls	4	3		
Saunala	118	154	136	408
Perkola	136	126	132	404
Lukerinen	166	145	131	442
Totals	420	425	390	1244
Hawks	157	156	155	468
Makela	136	136	133	405
Lammil	122	167	114	403
Laffgren	115	149	102	376
Totals	414	459	402	1275

In Monday night's contest the White Sox won from the Tigers by twenty-three pins. The scores follow:

Team	Wm.	Lost.		
Teikari	141	132	172	445
Laitinen	122	109	175	407
Asplund	132	132	117	421
Totals	414	393	465	1272

TURKISH BATHS AND CHIROPODY.
FRANK KOUSH, 123 W. Bidee St., Marquette.

PEACOCK HAMS, BACON AND LARD.

The celebrated Peacock Brand of Hams, Bacon and Lard for sale by the following dealers:
MARQUETTE.
Werner Bros., Campbell Bros., Wm. Dorais, John Tierney, Wm. Williams, David Murray, Dell's Grocery, Anderson & Mellin, Anderson & Lindstrom, Wm. Fassbender, E. LaBonte.
NEGAUNEE.
N. Laughlin, H. G. Muck, S. S. Thomas, N. Hansen & Sons, Miller Bros., John Erickson, Winter & Suss.
ISHPING.
F. Braadstad & Co., Peter Koski & Co., L. Hoyveth, A. Hendrickson & Co., I. Gustafson, Ishpeming Store Co., Ishpeming Co-Op. Society, A. W. Myers Mercantile Co., J. Selwood & Co., J. J. Lefler.

TRIED CLEVER GAME.

Foreigner Arrested Monday Night Had to Part With Coin.

Oscar Donnellin, who was arrested Monday evening on the charge of being drunk and disorderly, was brought into court yesterday morning and fined. He had been in several saloons Monday playing an invention and had made himself generally obnoxious. An effort was made to induce him to go to his boarding house Monday evening, but an officer finally had to put him behind the bars. When his sentence was pronounced he pleaded to be let off, declaring that he had no money with which to pay his fine. As a last resort he asked to be permitted to call on some of his countrymen conducting saloons in an effort to get them to pay his fine. All refused, and finally, at the last place he called, he became angry because the saloon keeper turned him down. After pleading for some minutes, he dug down into his trousers and, removing several pins, pulled out a wallet wrapped in a piece of cotton cloth. In were two \$100 bills, and others of smaller denomination, which he shook in the saloon man's face, declaring that he could pay his own fine. He returned to the court, accompanied by the marshal, and settled.

It is said that although Donnellin drank heavily Monday afternoon and evening he did not pay for the liquor, nor did any of the saloon men, nor those who were with him, know that he had any money. In spite of the fact that he was pretty drunk he knew enough to hang on to the cash.

NO EXHIBITION GAME.

Owing to the unfavorable weather conditions it is not likely that the Ishpeming and Negaunee teams will play the proposed exhibition game next Sunday. The Negaunee players have not yet had any practice and it now looks as though they would not be able to do any work until next Sunday. The team has not been organized and it is not known how many of the several players now in the city will make good. If the weather is favorable next Sunday they will be devoted to a try-out, and it is hoped that the regular players can be selected at that time, as the league series will open a week from Sunday, when the Ishpeming and Negaunee teams will meet at the Union Park and the Marquette and Ishpeming teams will play at Munising. The umpires have not yet been selected.

CLEANER IN BIG DEMAND.

The vacuum cleaner, recently received by the city, is in great demand. It is giving the satisfaction. Superintendent Willman of the board of public works yesterday said that six machines could be kept busy. As this is housecleaning time, practically every one in the city has use for the outfit. Most of the housekeepers keep the machine for at least a day.

LOCAL LAONICS.

A. C. Seass went down to Little Lake yesterday morning.

Charles Muck, Sr., spent yesterday at Gwin, on the Swanzy range.

Louis Dousseron is painting a sign on the window of the Kirkwood pharmacy.

Mrs. T. C. Yates left Monday evening for Chicago, where she will spend a few days visiting relatives.

Frank Tippett, who has held the position of master mechanic at the Regent mines, has given up the place.

Ernest Johnson arrived home yesterday from Escanaba, where he attended the funeral of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Bert Johnson.

Negaunee will be well represented at the production of "The House of Bondage" by Florence Roberts and her company at Ishpeming theater tonight.

Thomas F. Cole spent Monday night and yesterday in Negaunee, visiting relatives and friends. On Monday he attended a meeting of the directors of the Cabinet & Arizona Mining company, in Calumet.

Superintendent Willman of the board of public works has given notice that all electric light and water consumers, who are in arrears, must pay up at once or they are likely to find themselves with the service cut off. In all cases where the service is cut off on account of bills being unpaid, an extra fee will be charged for turning on the light or water.

The Scandinavian society, which is to hold a picnic at the Cleveland park in Midsummer day, June 24, will this week send invitations to the various Scandinavian societies of the upper peninsula. All of the Swedish and Scandinavian societies of this county, will accept the invitation and it is also expected that at least a few societies of other counties will be represented.

The room in the Miller block that is to be occupied by John Honka, the barber, is being redecorated, repainted and otherwise improved. Mr. Honka expects to move the latter part of the week. Thomas Tracey, who owns the building occupied by Mr. Honka and S. S. Thomas, both of whom are to vacate, have had inquiries for the place, and he expects to rent it as soon as the present tenants leave.

Charles Arvidson, whose daughter was ill with small pox, has suffered some financial loss on account of having been quarantined. He had several cows and calves supplying a large number of customers with milk and cream. Practically all of the customers left him as soon as it became known that his daughter was suffering with the disease. The family is out of quarantine and he has now resumed his work.

\$100 REWARD, \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer a large sum for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists. 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. 4-21-o

S.S.S. THE CURE FOR SCROFULA

The usual symptoms of Scrofula are enlarged glands of the neck, sores and ulcers on the body, skin affections, catarrhal troubles, weak eyes, and general poor health. The inherited poison, transmitted through the blood, pollutes and weakens this fluid, and in place of its nutritive qualities fills the circulation with scrofulous matter, which saps the vitality of the entire system. Thousands of children, born with a scrofulous taint, have spent their childhood in constant physical suffering, and grown to manhood or womanhood handicapped by ill health and stunted growth, and perhaps later some disease of the bones or joints developed. S. S. S. given in their early life, would have prevented this. It would have cleansed and purified the blood of the taint, nourished and strengthened their systems, and assisted each to grow into strong, healthy manhood or womanhood. S. S. S. is the very best remedy for Scrofula. It goes down to the bottom of the trouble, and cleanses the circulation of all scrofulous matter. It supplies the weak, diseased blood with strength and health-building qualities, and under the purifying effects of this great remedy all symptoms of Scrofula pass away. S. S. S. contains no minerals in any form, and is an absolutely safe treatment for children, even infants, or persons of any age. Literature about Scrofula and any medical advice free.



Scene in "The House of Bondage," at the Ishpeming Theatre TONIGHT.

BIJOU THEATRE

Harry and Mable Martine in their great comedy creation

"The Limber Lady and That Funny Cuss"

Introducing Singing, Dancing, Juggling and Contortion.

Matinees Mondays and Saturdays. Adults, 10c; Children, 5c. J. C. WOODWORTH, Mgr. 4-13-o

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Gwinn State Savings Bank,
At Gwinn, Michigan, at the close of business, April 28th, 1909, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES:	Amount
Loans and discounts	\$41,143 72
Bonds, mortgages and securities	22,774 37
Commercial deposits	2,774 37
Furniture and fixtures	7,607 38
Current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,586 74
Due from banks in reserve	990 93
City and National Bank Co.	6,988 99
Money	4,072 00
Gold coin	724 29
Silver coin	319 39
Nickels and cents	188 56
Checks and other cash items	12,361 15
Total	\$66,302 17

LIABILITIES:
Capital stock paid in... \$25,000 00
Surplus fund... 2,000 00
Commercial deposits... \$42,302 14
Due to banks and bankers... 56 67
Savings deposits... 39,335 36
Savings certificates... 1,839 30
Reserve for interest... 125 00
Reserve for taxes... 195 00
Total... \$66,302 17

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
I, H. H. McMillan, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of April, 1909.
JOHN L. KEETON, Notary Public.
My commission expires July 2nd, 1912.

CORRECT—Attest:
G. R. JACKSON, Directors,
C. V. B. TOWNSEND,
W. F. HOPKINS.

Treat Your Skin Now
with the delightful E. Burnham Toilet Requisites. They will render your complexion exempt from any ill effects of exposure to the wind or the sun.

- E. Burnham's Cucumbers and Elder Flower Cream... 50c and \$1.00
- E. Burnham's Hygienic Skin Food... 1.00
- E. Burnham's Coarse Parsi Lotion... 1.00
- E. Burnham's Developing Cream... 1.00
- E. Burnham's Lillazone (Hand Whitener)..... 25
- E. Burnham's Instantaneous Skin Bleaching..... 2.50
- E. Burnham's Medicated Complexion Powder, (4 Shades)..... .50
- E. Burnham's Imperceptible Rouge Sticks..... 25
- E. Burnham's Hair Lotion..... 50c and 1.00
- Gray Hair Restorer..... 1.00

"50 Preparations"

Wholesale: 67 and 69 E. Washington Street
Retail: 70 and 72 State Street
CHICAGO, ILL.
For Sale by All Dealers.
If your dealer cannot supply you send 10 cents for mailing for samples and booklet.

CUT FLOWERS

Roses, Carnations, Violets, Easter and Calla Lilies, Single and Double White Narcissus.

Potted Plants in Bloom
White and Yellow Marguerite Daisies, Primroses, Deutzias, Spireas, Calceolarias.

Telephone or telegraph your orders, which will be given prompt attention. Excellent facilities for shipping by American or Western Express.

Belk and County Phones.
NEGAUNEE NURSERY & GREENHOUSES
Wholesale and Retail Florists, NEGAUNEE, MICH.

DARANTELLA
10c Havana Cigars, 10c

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PATRICK DEFENDS WEATHER BUREAU

ANSWERS ATTACK MADE BY EMERSON HOUGH IN MAY ISSUE OF EVERYBODY'S.

DEPARTMENT HAS MADE GOOD

Vesselmen and Many Others Find the Daily Reports of Great Value to Their Business Interests.

The May number of Everybody's magazine contains an article from the pen of Emerson Hough, in which the United States weather bureau is severely arraigned and it is charged that the service does not repay the government for the expense attendant to its maintenance. As might be expected, the article has stirred up a storm of protest in the weather bureau department.

"It appears that while Mr. Hough is free in the expression of his own adverse opinion he is unable to quote the representative of any of the numerous agricultural, commercial, or marine interests that the weather bureau so intimately and faithfully serves, as having made a single adverse criticism of the service, and this notwithstanding the fact that the magazine publicly solicited criticisms several months before," said Observer H. R. Patrick yesterday.

"Just ask the vessel men what they think of our service," he continued. "There is no harbor of refuge between Marquette and the Soo, and captains scarcely ever leave this port without first inquiring of us what the weather is to be. Although this is the most difficult station on the lakes to correctly forecast the weather, but one boat has been wrecked in seventeen years on the way from Marquette to the Soo. Our warnings are in large measure responsible for there having not been many more."

"Persons wishing to make a trip up or down the shore in small boats find our service of great assistance, as we can usually tell whether or not it will be possible to make a landing along the beach. You would be surprised to know the number of people who call on us daily to find out what the weather will be. Whenever the forecast is left out of the daily paper there is a howl of protest from the public. If only the service were discontinued for a few days, people would realize more generally how much dependence is placed upon it. The vessel men, especially, would put in a united and indignant protest."

Interests It Serves Satisfied. "In support of Mr. Hough, Everybody's publishes a criticism of the weather service by Elias B. Dunn. The only answer that the chief of bureau would make to Mr. Dunn's criticism, when questioned was that he removed him from charge of the weather bureau station in New York city in 1898 for reasons that were satisfactory to President McKinley and Secretary Wilson.

"The relations of the weather bureau are so intimate with the great marine, commercial, manufacturing, agricultural, and transportation associations and companies that it is significant that Everybody's magazine, which called for complaints, could not secure from a single representative of any one of these organizations an authentic statement justifying its attack upon the weather bureau.

"Weather forecasting, and the making of storm and flood warnings, will never become an exact science in this or any other country. About the same number of errors that have occurred in the immediate past will of necessity occur for some time in the future. The vast interests which the bureau serves understand this, and do not ask for the impossible. On the contrary, the growth of the service has been in response to the demands of the very interests that are so intimately served with the forecasts and warnings that they know all about their accuracy and their defects, and it is a fact that can be certified to by every member of either the senate or house committee on agriculture, as well as by the voluminous records of the bureau, that the appropriations made for the support of the service are far less than are demanded by the interests that are competent to judge of its merits. Let us have facts instead of merely the unsupported opinion of an unscientific writer of fiction, for the accuracy and reliability of whose production Everybody's has been fit to become responsible."

FOUND UNCONSCIOUS.

Negance Man Brought to St. Mary's Hospital from Schweitzer's Camp.

A man who was later found from left in his pocket to be John Schweitzer, of Negance, was brought to Marquette in an unconscious condition yesterday afternoon, on the Marquette & Sault Ste. Marie train from Big Bay. He had been picked up near Schweitzer's camp, where he was found lying alongside the trunk in an improvised litter of boards and straw, that strangely resembled a rough box.

It was at first thought that his feet and hands were frozen but upon being taken to St. Mary's hospital, where he was examined by Dr. Harklin, it was found to be simply a case of acute alcoholism, and no serious results are anticipated.

J. H. Godwin, who was at the Schweitzer camp yesterday, states that Schweitzer was found by some of Mr. Schweitzer's employees early yesterday morning, lying squarely across the M. & S. E. track in a drunken stupor, and that he was removed to the camp and the litter constructed, on which he was taken to Marquette in the afternoon.

A fad of a day will soon fade away, but Vandenberg's old fashioned butter-milk has come to stay. 5-3-1w

MILLINERY ANNOUNCEMENT. I have moved my millinery stock to my house on Blaker street, where I am showing all the new spring and summer styles. New stock of hats received this week. I will be pleased to have all my customers call at my new place. MRS. A. M. ADAMS. (4-16-1f)

WILL MAKE CLAY PRODUCTS.

Northern Michigan Brick and Tile Company Representatives Here.

William H. Bateman, of Calumet, and Ed A. Reavie, of Laurium, are in the city in the interests of the Northern Michigan Brick and Tile company, which is to engage in the manufacture of all kinds of clay products near St. Ignace, beginning about July 15.

The company has established offices at Calumet and St. Ignace and has purchased forty acres of clay, suitable for manufacturing brick, tile and sewer pipe, three miles northwest of St. Ignace, on the South Shore railway. Machinery has been bought, a siding 500 feet long is to be constructed and stripping will be commenced, the cost of all which, including the land and installation of the machinery, has been paid for with stock at its par value. There is said to be clay of excellent quality, free from limestone and pebbles, in abundance on the forty owned by the company.

The company is capitalized for \$50,000, divided into 5,000 shares of treasury stock, \$10 par value. The company intends to sell 2,500 shares at \$10, fully paid.

The officers of the company are as follows: President, M. Van Orden, Houghton; vice president, James J. Byers, Houghton; secretary, W. A. Bateman, Calumet; treasurer, C. E. Thomas, Calumet; managing director, E. A. Reavie, Laurium; directors, M. Van Orden, William A. Bateman, E. A. Reavie, James J. Byers, C. E. Thomas, W. J. Reynolds and William M. Harris, J. J. Condit, 17 West Ohio street, and Frank Sticker, will act locally as the fiscal agents of the company.

WORK OF SESSION IS WELL IN HAND

REPRESENTATIVE M'CABE DECLARES THAT UPPER PENINSULA HAS FARED WELL AT HANDS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

"In my opinion the upper peninsula is going to fare pretty well at the hands of the legislature this session, and the house member who has done more to his end than anyone from above the straits in Representative Edwards, of Houghton," said Representative C. R. McCabe yesterday. "While Mr. Edwards does not get his name into the papers as often as some others and is scarcely ever heard on the floor of the house, he is one of the most popular members and with his wide acquaintance is able to get pretty nearly what he wants."

"I have noticed in a number of the upper peninsula papers protests against re-districting the judicial circuits, especially the proposition to form a new circuit of Dickinson, Delta and Menominee counties. Just before I left Lansing I interviewed Representative Flowers, who is chairman of the committee on judiciary, and he told me that there would positively be no re-districting done at this session. This statement should put the people of Dickinson and Marquette counties at ease, as far as this matter is concerned."

"The house committee on game laws, of which I am a member, has reported out a bill which limits the license to one deer and provides for a \$1 gun license that must be paid by all who shoot protected game. No special restriction was placed on aliens, but the present non-resident deer license was retained. I think this bill, including the one deer clause, stands a fair chance of passage. The season on brook trout will be made at least as late as Sept. 1, and possibly as late as Sept. 15."

Liberal Home Rule Bill. "Both the house and senate have passed home rule bills, which are very similar and I anticipate no difficulty in the two houses reaching an agreement on this question. The bills passed are very liberal and make the present charters of cities effective, until changed by a referendum vote. The bonding limit has been placed at 10 per cent, and the bill makes it possible for cities to make almost any changes in their charters that may be desired."

"The liquor question is in an uncertain condition and it is impossible to forecast what may be done. The Warner bill is the measure on which any liquor legislation will be based, if any action at all is taken. As the Warner bill stands, it limits the number of saloons to one to every 500 population, and in cities where the saloons are in excess of that number, they shall be reduced 10 per cent each year until the legal number is obtained. There will be strong opposition to this bill, however, and if passed at all, is likely to be amended in several respects."

"With this exception, the legislature has the business of the session pretty well in hand. Most of the bills have been agreed upon in the committees, and many of those not reported out may be considered dead. This is certainly true of the tonnage tax bill. Speaker Campbell hopes to adjourn May 15, and I rather think the business of the session can be closed up by that time."

Representative McCabe will not return to Lansing until the last of the week.

SOO CANAL PASSAGES.

Boats Locked Through, Bound for Ports on Lake Superior.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 4.—(Special.)—The up-bound boats passing the canal at this port during the four hours were as follows: Kakakaska, Fryer, mid night; Duluth, 4:30 a. m.; Jay Gould, 6:30; Barth, Helvetia, Gettysburg, 8; Stanton, Cornell, 10; Zillah, Peshtigo, Goshawk, Lycoming, Sweetheart, 1 p. m.; Crescent City, 8.

Marquette has dairies old and dairies new, dairies large and dairies small, but Vandenberg's dairy leads them all. 5-3-1w

REMOVAL NOTICE.

After May 1st, I will be located at 147 Washington street, L'Hullier block, opposite The Mining Journal building, where I will be pleased to meet my friends and patrons. ERNIE BUSH. (4-30-1w)

Now is the time to order your awnings. We make awnings of all descriptions, also anything in canvas work. 3-13-1f KELLY HARDWARE CO.

HOW MOTOR BOATS MUST BE EQUIPPED

SEVERAL CHANGES IN THE RULES FOR 1909 AS LAID DOWN BY THE FEDERAL DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

The Marquette customs office has received notice from the secretary of commerce and labor quoting the law governing the equipment of motor boats on the great lakes and their connecting and tributary waters as far east as Montreal. Many requests are received from owners of motor boats for information relative to the law, which is hereby published for their information and benefit. Clip the following and keep it in a convenient place for frequent reference until you have familiarized yourself with its provisions:

Whistle and Bell.

All motor vessels, without regard to size or use, must be provided with an efficient whistle and an efficient bell. No size or style of bell is prescribed, provided it is available and sufficient for the use for which it is intended. The word "efficient" must be taken in its ordinary sense, considered with reference to the object intended by the provisions in which the word appears, namely, the production of certain signals. The power to operate the whistle is not prescribed, but the whistle must be of such a character as to be heard in ordinary weather at a distance of at least two miles.

Lights.

When navigated between sunset and sunrise, they must carry regulation lights, namely:

- 1. A bright light at the bow or head of the vessel.
- 2. A green light on the starboard side and a red light on the port side provided with proper screens. The side lights may be so affixed to the coaming or to the sides of the deck house as to be properly screened, provided the lantern be backed with metal. Whenever the green and red side lights cannot be fixed, they must be kept lighted and ready for use as provided by article 8 of the act of February 8, 1895.

The law does not appear to permit the use of a three-color "combination" light.

Copies of Rules.

Such vessels are also required to have on board two printed copies of the rules which must be observed by them, which rules will be furnished by local inspectors of steam vessels on request.

Life Preservers.

All such vessels of 15 gross tons or less engaged in carrying passengers for hire, in addition to the equipment above stated are required to carry one life preserver for each passenger carried and shall be operated only in charge of a person duly licensed by the local inspectors of steam vessels. Such vessels when used only as private pleasure boats and not at any time engaged in the carriage of passengers for hire are not obliged to comply with the provisions of law in regard to life preservers and licensed operators. (The life preservers must be of the sort prescribed by the regulations of the board of supervising inspectors.) They must bear the United States inspectors' stamp.

While the law does not require it, the department recommends, in the interest of safety to life, that a life preserver for each person on board be carried on all motor boats, regardless of size or occupation.

Documenting, Inspection, Etc.

All motor boats of over five tons engaged in the carriage of freight or passengers for hire must be documented; that is to say licensed by the collectors of customs. (Vessels under five net tons are not documented in any case.) The license of the vessel obtained from the collector of customs (designated a deck license) is additional to and must not be confounded with the license required for the operator of a motor boat of 15 gross tons or less carrying passengers for hire.

Motor vessels of over 15 gross tons engaged in the carriage of passengers or freight for hire must also be inspected by the United States local inspectors of steam vessels and must carry a licensed engineer and a licensed pilot.

Documented vessels must have name and home port on stern and name on each bow. Official measurement is necessary only in case of vessels requiring to be documented and inspected. While the law does not require it, the department recommends that the name be conspicuously displayed on undocumented motor boats.

BIDDING WAS SPIRITED.

Sale of Delinquent Tax Lands Yesterday Was Well Attended.

Unusually spirited bidding on a number of descriptions of land, especially those in Ely township, was the feature of the sale of Marquette county lands delinquent for taxes, held at the court house yesterday. In a few instances the bidders were willing to pay the taxes for an interest now too large to stick a pin into. William C. Webber, of Detroit, bid off one description by agreeing to pay the taxes for a one-sixty-second (1/60th) interest in it, whatever amount that may be. Several others went for a one-millionth interest and even less. The most heavy buyers were Mr. Webber, of Detroit; the Ayer & Longyear interests, and Morgan W. Joplin. Mr. Webber probably got the most land of the three, and seemed to take especial interest in lands wanted by E. N. Breitling and Mr. Joplin.

The sale was more largely attended than in some previous years, although there are a number of descriptions left on which no bid were made. These will be offered for sale again this morning at 10 o'clock, and if not then taken will be bid in by the county treasurer for the state.

KILL THOSE LICE!

Don't kill your young chickens in a wholesale manner by letting them be eaten to death by the poultry lice, the greatest enemy—then lice! Lousy hens will not lay eggs—it is not natural for them to lay when uncomfortable. I have just received a large order of B. H. Greider's "Germicide," the only safe, sure louse killer on the market. I have used it with greatest success for over a year, and I am giving you the benefit of the experience. One pound box, twenty-five cents. Walter C. Hornsted, poultry raiser, 1025 North Front street.

Jacob Rose



An Oxford or Slipper made over a shoe last is worth 50c to \$1 less in the making, an apparent saving, but not enough to bridge that gap in the shank and around the ankle which is so disagreeable.

Jobbing house Oxfords or Slippers are all made over shoe lasts and cost less money. Our lines of Oxfords or Slippers are made over Oxford or Slipper lasts. They cost a little more, but are worth a good deal more.

The Store of Quality, 306 Front St.

Send us your order for Cut Flowers or Potted Plants ROSES Carnations, Violets, Easter Lilies, Hyacinths, Daffodils, Primroses.

And almost any plant that may be desired. Stafford Greenhouses MARQUETTE Mail or telegraph orders promptly attended to. 6-28-1f

BIJOU

(The House of Features)

"FOOL'S REVENGE"

A Drama.

Making Moving Pictures

A Comedy.

Follow the Crowds

TO THE BABY SHOW

Matinee 2:30 to 5. Evening 7 to 10 Adults, 10c; Children, 5c. 8-2-1f

The Palace

Billiard & Pool Parlors

Vierling Block 117 Front St.

THE FINEST AND LARGEST IN THE CITY.

Everything New and Up-to-Date.

Plenty of Room, Well Ventilated, Excellent Light.

The best place to enjoy a good game of Billiards or Pool. A trial will convince you. 3-10-9

Charlton & Kuenzil, Architects

MARQUETTE, MICH.

CHARTER NO. 390

The First National Bank

OF MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

ORGANIZED JANUARY 22, 1864

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

STATEMENT OF CONDITION.

Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency, April 28th, 1909.

RESOURCES:

Time Loans	\$ 566,003.62
Demand Collateral Loans	\$584,029.00
Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. Treasurer	1,019,153.12
U. S. Bonds and other Bonds at par	506,610.00
Bank Building and real estate	43,000.00
Total	\$2,134,766.74

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in	\$150,000.00
Surplus and Profits	\$252,607.41
National Bank Notes Outstanding	145,200.00
Deposits	1,736,959.33
Total	\$2,134,766.74

Special Attention Given and Facilities Offered to Out-of-Town Accounts.

Send for our Booklet, "Modern Banking," which explains how our system of banking by mail is made both safe and convenient.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, - \$250,000

WE SHOW an exceptionally fine assortment of Men's Oxfords, in green, tan, ox-blood, vicci kid, patent leather, velour calf; prices \$3.00 to \$4.00

We claim to give you the best shoe values obtainable in Marquette. You'll think so, too, when you see them.

This store is the home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes.

The Best Shoe on Earth for the Money

The BEACON Shoe for Men is sold nearer the actual cost of production than any shoe made. It is honest all through and every man who buys BEACON Shoes receives a full equivalent in wear. They are made of the highest grade tanery leather, by Union Workmen. Every pair is made by genuine Goodwear well-hand sewed process. They are sold direct to you through our exclusive agent, at one small profit. Every pair has price stamped on the bottom to protect you from paying excessive profits.

A. E. ARCHAMBEAU
218 S. Front St.
Marquette Mich.

SANITARY VACUUM CLEANING COMPANY

123 Genesee St. Telephone 650 Black.

Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, Upholstered Furniture, Mattresses, Box Springs, Pianos, Side Walls, Ceilings, etc.,

Cleaned and Renovated By and With Pure Air

And all dirt, dust, etc., removed through hose to tanks on the wagon.

The average house cleaned in a few hours without taking up Carpets, moving Furniture, or disturbing regular routine of the household.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Postal or phone and we will give you an estimate of the work.

Special Terms for periodical cleanings: weekly, monthly or quarterly.

Orders taken now can select dates to have work done. 8-20-1f

Suits French Dry Cleaned and Pressed **\$1.50**

Suits Sponged and Pressed **75c**

CAN YOU BEAT IT?

Marquette Steam Laundry

2-14-1f

THE F. BENDING CO.

201 S. Front St., Marquette, Mich.

JOBBERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS in Wines and Liquors

Representing Leading Eastern and Kentucky Distilleries. Both Phones.

We Do Not Guarantee to Pay Your Bills BUT--WE HELP.

HOW?

That's our business, thank you. WE INVITE INQUIRIES.

The Northwestern Collection Agency

409 Marquette County Savings Bank Bldg. Marquette, Michigan.