

“EVER THE WAR DEVOURS THE BEST”

These Words, Written by the Poet Schiller a Century Ago, Form Dr. Jordan's Theme at the National Peace Congress.

Warlike Nation of Today the Decadent Nation of Tomorrow, Asserts the Distinguished Educator—That in the Marvelous Growth of the Fraternal Orders the Peace Movement Has Its Greatest Present Factor Is the Sentiment of Another Speaker.

Chicago, May 3.—“Ja, der krieg verschlingt immer die besten.” These words, written by the German poet Schiller a century ago, formed the theme of the address at the opening of the second national peace congress here today.

“The warlike nation of today,” he said, in conclusion, “is the decadent nation of tomorrow. It has ever been so, and in the nature of things, it must ever be so.”

Fraternal Orders Promoters of Peace. In the great growth of fraternal organizations in the United States, Joseph B. Burt, of Chicago, speaking at the evening session, expressed the belief that the peace movement has its greatest present factor, “perhaps,” Mr. Burt said, “the greatest guarantee against another civil war in this country lies in the fact that over one-third of our men belong to fraternal orders and are taught to regard their fellow men as a brother.”

“Now, are these fraternal orders promoting peace? It is to be regretted that to teach men the brotherhood of man, the fatherhood of God, and love, kindness, fraternity, friendship, charity, benevolence, truth and justice, then our six hundred fraternal orders with their thousands of lodges and millions of members in the United States are promoting peace, and our nation in years to come will be known as a fraternal nation.”

“Some men may say that the foregoing principles have long been the dream of dreamers, poets and women, and that these principles will never be practiced by busy men and politicians; but there were many things called business and politics ten years ago whereas we wanted to hold our noses when we read of their passing away.”

Universal Co-Operation Necessary. Professor Paul S. Reisch, of the University of Wisconsin, one of the speakers at the evening session, declared that universal co-operation was necessary for international peace, is an ideal for the future.

Two sessions of the congress were held, afternoon and evening, but the evening session was itself held in two parts, one at Orchestra Hall, presided over by Rev. Emil G. Hirsch, of Chicago, and the other in the Fine Arts building, Miss Jane Addams, the Chicago settlement worker, being in the chair.

Other addresses of the evening were as follows: Racial Progress Towards Universal Peace—H. T. Kealing, Nashville, Tenn. Victims of War and Industry—Professor Graham Taylor, Chicago. Organized Labor and Peace—Samuel Compers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

International Socialism as a Peace Force—Carl D. Thompson, Milwaukee. A letter was received from Secretary of War Dickinson, who is president of the Peace congress, stating that he would be unable to attend the present congress. Mr. Dickinson is now on the isthmus of Panama.

President Taft's Sentiments. President Taft wrote as follows: “My Dear Sir:—I greatly regret that I am unable to attend the coming national peace congress at Chicago and there to express my earnest sympathy with the object of the assembling of so many distinguished men in the interest of world peace. That progress has been made in the matter of peace everywhere by international action and by the moral pressure of the peoples of the earth, any one who has examined the record must admit. It is true that armaments go on increasing in cost, but it is also true that the burdens presented by this competition in armaments are growing heavier and heavier, and the problems for solution consistent with their increase become more and more difficult.

DECISION IS MADE IN IMPORTANT CASE

Supreme Court of the United States Hands Down Its Opinion on the Commodities Clause of the Hepburn Rate Act.

While Under Existing Conditions, the Outcome Is a Practical Victory for the Railroads, the Principle Involved Is Sustained and the Way Is Left Open for Additional Legislation Prohibiting Carriers from Transporting Goods of Their Own Production.

Washington, May 3.—It has been many a day since a decision of the supreme court of the United States has been received with so much interest as the decision today in the case of the commodities clause of the Hepburn rate law which prohibits interstate railroads from carrying commodities manufactured, mined or produced directly or indirectly by the roads.

Only One Dissenting Opinion. The court's judgment was announced by Justice White, who, while he read from an elaborate printed opinion, declined to give anything more than a summary showing the net result of the court's finding. There was also surprise at the fact that there were no elaborate dissenting opinions and, indeed, only one dissenting opinion of any kind.

Analyzed, Justice White's decision is that congress did not transcend its constitutional authority in the enactment of the commodities provision, but, on the other hand, it was held that the government's construction of the provision had been entirely too comprehensive. As construed by the court, the sole object of the clause is to prevent a carrier from being associated in interest with commodities transported at the time of transportation, hence that the law prohibits only the transportation of articles which have been produced by a railway company which has not in good faith parted with them, when the commodities are transported at the time of the lowest to 15 1/2% at the highest, the latter figure representing the highest price touched since the boom in the stock in 1905 which culminated in prices of 164 in January, 1906.

Can Escape the Act Entirely. Summed up, the act compels the companies only to disassociate themselves from the products they carry; and the contention of the government that the law applies to the ownership of stock and the transportation of commodities simply because they have been produced by a railroad company, regardless of the fact that the company has parted with them, is untenable and incapable of enforcement.

The effect of the decision under existing conditions is favorable to the railroads, and the government has lost on practically all points except in the sustentation of the principle involved. In holding that congress had not gone beyond its authority in enacting the law, the court concedes the right to legislate and, it is believed, is so disposed that congress might enlarge and extend the provision. Hence, while the railroad gain practical victory, the government is not confronted by a constitutional bar from further acting in the direction of the control of the roads in the matter of the shipment of their own commodities.

The cases made their first appearance so clear to the world as hardly to need statement as my hands. I can only say that so far as my legitimate influence extends while at the head of this government, it will always be exerted in the full in favor of peace not only as between this country and other countries, but as between our sister nations.”

INSANITY THE DEFENSE. Flushing, N. Y., May 3.—The defense in the Hains trial today continued its testimony to show that Captain Hains, the defendant, was “insane” at the time he shot and killed William E. Annis.

in the court Oct. 10, last. They were argued during January and the decision has been anxiously awaited ever since the latter date. The decision sustained the provision of the law exempting timber from the operations of the act. This exemption was used as a basis of attack by the railroads on the law as discriminatory; but Justice White refused to accept that view, as the enactment of the law did not apply to the transportation of timber, and it is of course untouched by the decision.

Justice Harlan, in his dissenting opinion, said: “As these cases are not determined wholly on a construction of the parts of the Hepburn act here in question, and congress by it sees fit may meet this construction by additional legislation, I content myself simply with an expression of non-concurrence in some of the views expressed by the court as to the meaning and scope of the act. In my judgment, the act, reasonably and properly construed, according to its language, includes within its prohibition any railroad companies transporting articles or commodities if at the time it legally and equitably owns the stock—certainly if it so owns the majority of the stock of the company, by that mined, manufactured or produced the articles or commodities being transported by such railroad company.”

Railroads Practically Unaffected. New York, May 3.—The coal-carrying railroads will be practically unaffected in their business by the decision of the supreme court of the United States in the commodities case. This is the opinion of Robert DeForest of this city, who was associated with John C. Johnson, of Philadelphia as counsel for the companies in the argument of the cases before the court. Only the stocks of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad will change in the business methods necessitated by the decision, is Mr. DeForest's belief, and this not in a way to hamper the company for any length of time in handling its coal products.

Gold Interests to Engage in Mining. Pittsburg, May 3.—Within an hour after the news of the supreme court decision in regard to the Hepburn commodities clause was received here today, a deal was consummated by which the Gold interests will engage in the coal business in the Pittsburg district. Arrangements have been made already, it is said, to produce between 2,000,000 and 2,500,000 tons a year.

State Cannot Build Railroads. Austin, Tex., May 3.—Attorney General Davidson today held that the state cannot constitutionally engage in the railroad business, having no authority to build railroads.

BULL CARD FOR STOCKS. Supreme Court Decision Makes the Market Strong and Active.

New York, May 3.—The violent contention of the question in Reading today belied the assumption that the supreme court decision in the commodities clause case would prove without stock market influence in either direction. The market had slipped into a condition of stagnation before the announcement of the supreme court decision, and almost equally lethargic in the period of perplexity following the first report of the scope of the decision. These periods of inactivity during the suspension seemed as eloquent of the importance attached to the decision as the animation induced by the more decided opinions. The sentiment regarding the decision underwent violent mutations. This was plainly indicated in the downward plunge in Reading on the first announcement that the provisions of the law were upheld, but not in the most exaggerated terms. No other stock approached it in point of activity or range of movement. The market gained perceptibly in breadth and strength in the later stages of Reading's advance. The disposition of the commodities clause, it was felt, put out of the way a factor that has been overhanging the market with repressive effect for months. The general effect of the decision also was regarded as cheering and helpful for property and corporate interests. The buoyancy and animation of the later market put out of mind the dull and heavy tone of the early dealings. The 3 per cent rate for call money had left an expectation of possibly firmer money rates for a day or two. No higher rate than 2 per cent was touched during the day, however, and opinion on the money market settled back into a conviction of prolonged ease.

The promise of the extended abundance of money seemed to be the cause of the sharp advance in a number of industrial preferred stocks, United States Steel leading with a rise of two points, to the record price of 117 1/2. The high rate of investment return promised on these stocks with the indicated period of industrial expansion was an important factor in stimulating the demand for them. An outburst of speculative excitement followed the decision on the commodities clause, and the market was strong to the last.

SANTA FE RAILWAY WINS. Appellate Court Reverses the Decision in a Case Involving \$330,000 in Fines.

San Francisco, May 3.—The United States circuit court of appeals here today handed down a decision reversing the decision of the district court in the case in which the Santa Fe railway was found guilty of granting rebates and was sentenced to pay fines amounting to \$330,000.

Andrew Carnegie's Commission Makes Awards to Twenty-Three Persons. Pittsburg, May 3.—The Carnegie hero fund commission, at its quarterly meeting here today, made awards to twenty-three persons, practically all in the East and South, for deeds of heroism occurring since the last meeting. The awards consist of sixteen bronze and seven silver medals, \$14,000 in cash and annuities amounting to \$125 a month. The commission also appropriated \$10,000 to the relief fund for the relatives of the 117 victims of the explosions at the Lock Branch mine of the Proconias Consolidated Colliery company at Switchback, W. Va., Dec. 29, 1908, and Jan. 12, 1909.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, May 3.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Fair and warmer, Tuesday; increasing cloudiness and warmer Wednesday; winds shifting to south and increasing, Wednesday.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT JUBILANT.

His Good Luck Continues, One More Lion Falling Before His Rifle.

Nairobi, British East Africa, May 3.—Colonel Roosevelt bagged one more lion yesterday, making three lions and one lioness that he has killed on the present expedition. The expedition is immensely elated at his success.

BASEBALL.

STANDINGS OF THE TEAMS.

Table with columns for National League, American League, and American Association, listing teams and their records (W, L, P.C.).

SCHEDULE FOR TODAY.

Table listing baseball games for today, including National League, American League, and American Association matchups.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Table listing results of yesterday's baseball games, including scores and key players.

MAKES THE WRIGHTS BLUSH.

Enthusiastic Britons Give American Aeroplanists a Remarkable Ovation.

London, May 3.—There was a demonstration of enthusiasm remarkable in its character at the institution of the civil engineers today when the aeronautical society of Great Britain conferred on Wilbur and Orville Wright, the aeroplanists, of Dayton, O., its first gold medal.

BEATS WIFE'S HEAD TO A JELLY.

Aberedeen, S. D., May 3.—Hert Russell, arrested at Waukey, near here, today, on the charge of beating his wife and inflicting probably fatal injuries broke away from the officer and seized a knife and cut his throat, dying instantly. Mrs. Russell was found with her skull beaten to jelly by the blow brought to the Aberdeen hospital, where she is still unconscious. The couple separated last fall.

MRS. YOUNG WEDS AGAIN.

Widow of the Man for Whose Death Nan Patterson Was Tried.

New York, May 3.—Mrs. Margaret L. Young, widow of Caesar Young, the bookmaker for whose death Nan Patterson was tried for murder, was married tonight to George W. Langdon, who has managed Young's racing stable for Mrs. Young since her husband's death.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCK IS FELT IN BROWN COUNTY, NEBRASKA.

Norfolk, Neb., May 3.—According to a dispatch received here today, a distinct earthquake shock was felt in various portions of Brown county last night. No damage is reported.

INDEPENDENTS FOLLOW SUIT.

Steel Corporation Cuts the Prices of Wire and Wire Products.

Pittsburg, May 3.—A reduction of \$6 to \$10 a ton was announced today by the United States Steel corporation in the selling prices of wire and wire products. The cut was at once met by the independents. The new official price is to go into effect at once. It puts wire nailed at \$1.60, plain wire at \$1.40, and barbed wire at \$1.95.

DESERT THEIR BOATS.

One Hundred More Seamen Join Ranks of the Strikers at Chicago.

Chicago, May 3.—One hundred more seamen joined the ranks of the lake strikers at South Chicago today, when the steamship Jenkins and large German docked at that port. Squads of city and special police patrolled the docks, but the strikers offered no violence.

HER BODY IS BADLY MANGLED.

Dreading Marriage, Illinois Girl Throws Herself in Front of a Train.

Westville, Ills., May 3.—Mary Klunk, engaged to be married to John Markis this week, declared to him last night that she dreaded the approach of her wedding day. This morning her mangled body was found on the Big Four railroad tracks. She had thrown herself in front of a train. She and Markis had obtained their marriage license at Danville, Ills., Saturday afternoon.

PUBLIC DOMAIN BILL PASSES AT LANSING.

Puts the State Lands in the Hands of a Commission of Seven Members and Confers Upon the Newly Created Body Powers of Wide Scope.

Lansing, Mich., May 3.—[Special.]—Representative Flowers' public domain bill passed the house in committee of the whole today. It puts the state lands in the hands of a public domain commission, to be composed of the land commissioner, auditor general, state treasurer, one member each of the boards of the colleges of Mines, agricultural college and university, and one outsider. The commission has great powers, being able to sell what land it thinks useful for all agricultural purposes, but must always maintain a forest reserve equaling 200,000 acres. Conservation of the state's water power rights is given into its hands. If passed, as seems likely, it will be the only forestry measure of the session.

Two-Cent Fare Bill Is Killed. Little Rock, Ark., May 3.—The house today passed a bill providing that railroads shall be liable for damages for mental anguish, even in the absence of physical injury. The state now has a mental anguish law affecting telegraph companies.

Little Rock, Ark., May 3.—The house today killed the bill for a two-cent passenger rate, by indefinite postponement. The house empowered the state's attorney to enter into an agreement with the railroads for a two-and-a-half cent rate.

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SENATE HEARS TWO NOTABLE SPEECHES

Contending That It Is Fair and Equitable, and Not Class Legislation, Mr. Borah of Idaho Advocates an Income Tax.

He Declares It Is Not Only a Just Means of Raising Revenue, but That It Is the Duty of Congress to Again Submit the Question of Constitutionality to the Supreme Court—A Tariff on Lumber Urged by Mr. Piles of Washington.

Washington, May 3.—Declaring that extravagance has become almost a national disease, Senator Borah today argued for an income tax as a means for wiping out the deficit in the treasury as well as awakening public interest in national expenditures. He said the tax, which he proposed, should not be used to build up a great navy and a great army for the purpose of coveting the nations of the earth, but that the burden of taxation should be taken from those who dig the earth and put upon the purses of those who would never miss it. Mr. Piles, of Washington, also spoke, making an extended defense of the duty provided in the Dingley bill on lumber.

“I believe in an income tax,” said Mr. Borah, “not that we may impose the whole burden of government upon the rich or upon wealth, but that wealth may bear its just proportion of that burden which it does not do under a system of taxation resting entirely upon consumption. Every system of taxation resting upon consumption should be supplemented with an income tax, not alone for the purpose of raising extra revenue, but for distributing the burden of whatever revenue is necessary more equitably and more in accordance with the ability to pay.”

Not Class Legislation. Contending that the income tax was equitable and fair, not class legislation, and not an attack upon wealth but simply a reasonable demand that the burdens of government should be met in due proportion by the great property interests and the personal tax laws in the various states, Mr. Borah claimed that the income tax was no more injurious than the system of national taxation of today. He referred to the recent smuggling cases in New York.

“I believe in it,” continued Mr. Borah, “because it is a tax which gauges itself according to a man's success or failure. He said it reaches the income of the professional man, who may now escape almost entirely. Declaring that it was no more an incentive to pursue a life of luxury than the tax laws in the various states, Mr. Borah claimed that the income tax was no more injurious than the system of national taxation of today. He referred to the recent smuggling cases in New York.

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TURKISH CABINET RESIGNS OFFICE

Political Situation at Constantinople Now So Bewildering That No One Can Tell Just What the Outcome Will Be.

Papers Found at the Palace Are Alleged to Show That a Massacre of Foreigners Was Planned for April 24, and That Even the Diplomatic Representatives Were to Be Slain—Sentenced for Murder, Thirteen Persons Are Hanged in Public.

Constantinople, May 3.—The Turkish cabinet has resigned. The political situation is bewildering. No one can tell just what the outcome will be. Thirteen civilians and soldiers, sentenced by military courts to death for murder, were hanged this morning. Five were hanged in front of the parliament building, five in the entrance to the ministry for war, and three on the Galata bridge. Major Yousef was among those executed. “Papers have been found indicating that the conspirators at the palace acted under the sultan's name in preparing for the mutiny of April 13. The arrangements included a massacre of the foreign diplomatic representatives, April 24. The authorities also have knowledge that the massacres were planned for the Adnan district.

Abdul's Harem a Prodigious Affair. Since the deposition of Abdul Hamid there has been a daily exodus from the women of the imperial harem from the Yildiz Kiosk. Yesterday forty-five carriages, each containing two or three women, left the palace, and today fifteen more were seen proceeding to Stamboul. It is evident that the total number of fair prisoners in the palace must have been prodigious. Palaces have been set apart for their accommodation, but in the present condition of the country their fate is pathetic.

Rumors are current tonight of further disturbances in Erzerum. It is reported that several officers have been murdered.

JAPS WELL ENTERTAINED.

Their Stay at San Francisco Is Being Made a Most Pleasant One.

San Francisco, May 3.—The officers and men of the Japanese training squadron were well entertained today. The events included two formal receptions to Rear Admiral Hiji and the commissioned officers of the Japanese training cruisers Aso and Soya; a dinner on board the West Virginia, given by the chief petty officers of the Pacific fleet to officers of similar rank from the Nipponese vessels; a minstrel show aboard the United States flagship to two hundred Japanese enlisted men by the jacksies of the American cruisers, and a dinner to the Japanese warrant officers by the American warrant officers, followed by a theater party.

ask that in these extraordinary expenditures property and gathered wealth may assume their portion of the burden.

A Plea Against Free Lumber and a story of Oriental labor figuring in the difference of cost between the two sides of the Canadian boundary line, featured the speech made in the senate today by Senator Piles of Washington. He contended that a tariff sufficient to save the American manufacturer the United States market for his low grade lumber and shingles will make it possible for him to utilize every part of the tree. If this market were taken possession of by the Canadian manufacturer, the American lumberman, he said, would be obliged to leave a large per cent of the tree in the forest, a total loss and a constant fire menace to the standing timber.

In Washington, he pointed out, lumber is the principal industry, employing 110,000 men with average annual wages exceeding \$60,000,000. The Washington state legislature, commercial bodies, labor unions and banking interests have urged the retention of the duty on lumber and increased duty on shingles. The difference in the cost of stumpage in British Columbia and in Washington, he said, would be about \$1.50 per thousand. While the single industry had decreased in Washington since 1905, its increase in British Columbia had been phenomenal. There was a material difference in the cost of labor, owing principally to the use of Canadian of 75 per cent Oriental lumber in British Columbia. Despite Oriental labor, mills of equal capacity on both sides of the boundary employ practically the same number of men. There was a difference of approximately \$1 per thousand on water freight rates to California ports at British Columbia or ship in foreign vessels, while Washington must use American bottoms in the coastwise trade. Logging also costs more on this side, i. e. 100 miles of logging railroad being necessary in Washington. Free lumber he said, would stifle the development of Canadian provinces and be a detriment to the business interests of this country. Mr. Piles declared that practically the only persons seeking a lumber tariff reduction are American owners of timber in Canada. He presented an appeal from the Washington forest fire association against any reductions. He exhibited an original proposed contract of sale that Canadian lumbermen had submitted to American consumers in which they stipulated that one-half of the net profit in duty shall be paid to them.

DAILY MINING JOURNAL

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Marquette, Mich., May 4.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

And what will the board of pardons have to say about it?

Four lions ought to about fill out the Roosevelt party's allotment of that particular game.

The weather man will have to treat us mightily well during the remainder of the year, in order to strike a fair average.

The big political sweepstakes of the year 1910 in Michigan will be the direct nominations campaign for the office of United States senator.

Mr. Patten, it appears, has come out of his little deal in much better order than the wisecracker a few days ago were willing to admit that he could.

The upper peninsula delegation in the legislature has so far met with eminent success in heading off the things that the upper peninsula doesn't want.

If those Tigers prove to be able to play the game in the summer as well as they have in the late winter, there'll be nothing to the race in the American league.

When one notes the labor and travail of getting a new administration afloat one is inclined to be sincerely thankful that it has got to be gone through only once in two years.

On the whole the Jackson county grand jury made a bigger showing in indictments than it has of late been expected to. It appears, however, that there was no man "higher up" after all.

Among other important measures remaining to be disposed of is the bill redistricting the judicial circuits of the state. The Twenty-fifth will be particularly interested in the disposition made of it.

Groans greeted the announcement by Chairman Rice, of the ways and means committee, that the omnibus appropriation bill this year will carry \$3,350,000, against \$1,100,000 two years ago. The taxpayers will vent their groans later.

One guess is as good as another as to what President Taft will ultimately do with the tariff bill. A good deal will depend on the form in which the bill is reported out from the conference committee.

The Soo Times says there is hardly a doubt that Governor Johnson of Minnesota will be the Democratic candidate for president in 1912. In that event he should have a rattling good chance of carrying St. Louis county in his home state.

Colonel Roosevelt is some thousands of miles away in the interior of Africa, but Harper's Weekly continues to lambaste him with the same good will with which it followed this pursuit when he sat at the head of the cabinet table in Washington.

The men and newspapers who have been in such a distressed frame of mind because of the evident intention of the legislature to include a direct vote for candidates for U. S. senator in the direct nominations bill will doubtless find that this innovation will not work out half as badly as they thought it would.

The ubiquitous Mr. Osborn has witnessed part of the Turkish revolution, has tendered the office of president of the state university to Charlemagne Tower, and has been the most discussed gubernatorial possibility in Michigan through it all. And the most notable thing about the situation is the fact that he is not yet a formal candidate.

The managers of the teams of the Marquette-Alger county baseball league had an unusually harmonious meeting Saturday. All points of difference were disposed of in a manner satisfactory to the parties to the disputes, and a code of rules was adopted that is expected to ward off further trouble. A satisfactory schedule was also arranged. In short all the preliminaries to the active season were disposed of. As soon as the snow leaves the ground and the diamonds dry up the players will be ready to be-

gin the spring campaign. The first games are scheduled for the 16th of the month. Because of the backward weather they will be played by teams that have had little opportunity to get into form, and will probably be ragged. But the men will quickly steady down, and the season will doubtless be productive of much excellent sport.

Charlemagne Tower, former ambassador to Germany, is said to have been tendered the office of president of the University of Michigan, and Chase S. Osborn is reported to have been the regent who made the tender. As the story goes, Mr. Tower still has the offer under advisement. And this story seems to be just as good as any other in the large number that have been current since President Angell's retirement because a settled fact.

The story of the loss of the Aurania in Whitefish bay shows that the steamer was wrecked by the dead weight of the tremendous ice floes which beset it, and, under the stress of wind and wave, slowly but remorsefully stove in its steel plates and admitted to its hold a flood of water. The modern steel steamer is by no means as well adapted as its wooden predecessor to withstand the onslaughts of ice floes, such as the Aurania was compelled to face. Its steel sides buckle under pressure of ice that boats of the earlier type would resist without being seriously injured. Experience has proved that it would save heavy losses to keep the steel steamers in port until the ice has been pretty thoroughly melted away. A great price has been paid this spring for the eagerness to open the shipping season at the earliest possible date. In a way it may be regarded as part of the price paid for the labor trouble on the lake, as it was not the demands of commerce that led to the early sailings of so many boats so much as a desire to get them fully manned and in commission before the threatened strike should break out.

LONG PROBE ENDED. The probe by the Jackson county grand jury into the management of the Jackson prison and the operations of a plumbers' association in the county has ended with the return of some twenty indictments and an extended report on the conduct of the institution, with side comments on the board of pardons and institutional management in the state in general.

The indictments are about what was foreseen. There is no man "higher up" among the accused. At the head of the list is Allen N. Armstrong, former warden of the prison, accused of bribe-taking. Then comes John Wenger, deputy warden, who, it is said, will have to answer to a charge of perjury. Milton J. Daly is indicted for irregularities in the installation of the binder twine plant and the sale of supplies for that plant, and A. J. Emminger for fraud in the installation of the binder twine machinery. The other indictments are returned against Jackson men who allowed Armstrong commissions on the sale of supplies to the prison and members of the plumbers' association alleged to have been organized in restraint of trade.

The jury found that former Warden Armstrong was a persistent grafter, who turned a dollar wherever opportunity offered. Nothing was too small to claim his attention; nothing too large in the latter stage of his career to daunt him. Wenger, as the story goes, was willing to perjure himself to help Armstrong out of his hole, following the Green exposure. Daly and Emminger were bribe givers, in their operations to defraud the state. The Jackson tradesmen also belong in the latter category.

The jury's report, which is an extended and carefully prepared document, points to defects in the present system of institutional management in the state. The Jackson prison board is criticised because its attention to its duties was merely nominal. "Our investigation disclosed the fact that the members of this board performed many of their duties in a merely perfunctory manner and for this reason their judgment was of little value to the state in purchasing supplies, allowing bills or even in the enforcement of their own rules," it says.

The board of pardons also came in for criticism from the jury. The charge is made that political influence is allowed to play a part in determining the board's course in regard to applications for clemency, and the failure of the board to have printed a code of rules is censured, the statement being made that the practice of handing down the rules from board to board is one inviting gross abuses.

The report of the jury, it will be seen, goes beyond local affairs and takes up matters of general state concern. It will doubtless be followed by a sweep of comment, and vigorous defense by the boards whose methods are questioned. The net result of the discussion cannot help but be a gain for the state.

THE RENEWED COAL AGREEMENT. The renewal for another term of three years of the agreement between the anthracite mine owners and their employees adds a new item to the debt of gratitude the public owes to the commission of 1903. For six years, where previously there was industrial discord and more squalor than we like to think of as existing in America, there has been peace and prosperity. Men have had steady work at living wages, children have gone to school, homes have been built, and a populous region in a large measure transformed. Quiet and plenty are assured for three years more. Truly the members of the strike commission builded better than they knew, for it is agreed that trouble would have been likely this year had not the award stood in the way—if it had not been a charter which neither side wanted to have the blame of violating.

Time has worked its revenge on the comments and the predictions that were made when the commission was appointed and when it announced its conclusions. Its naming was denounced as an unwarranted intrusion into private affairs. Has it come to pass, it was asked, that managers of business institutions are to be bossed from the outside? It was declared that the only way to secure settled conditions in the hard coal districts was to enforce the laws and allow the struggle to go on until it was determined who was master. Most alarming pictures were drawn from the ill results that would flow from such compulsory arbitration. No one will ever know the anguish of mind that George F. Baer endured when he found himself forced to submit to a tribunal that he considered wholly illegal and to countenance principles that he abhorred.

Yet it is worth while to note that whereas in the beginning the mine owners objected to the award, now they cling to it as a veritable ark of safety. Six years have passed, and despite the gloomy prognostications of 1903 it does not appear from the present prices of anthracite securities that great harm has been done from paying better wages. Instead of detracting from the value of mine property the award of the commission added to such value. Mine operators have made more money out of peace than they did in the old days when another struggle was hardly over before another began. Capitalists often reproach their employees with being shortsighted—say they do not see in what direction their true interest lies. Contrasting what has happened with what was predicted in 1903, it does not appear that employees have any monopoly of shortsightedness.

Viewed in the abstract the appointment of the anthracite strike commission was legally unjustifiable and applied in a special instance a principle that is most dangerous. Yet, looking at results, perceiving how its work ended a great strike in 1903, prevented one in 1906, and again this year, who can refrain from saying: "Theory is a good thing, but there are circumstances when it is wise to let theory go hang." The owners of mine property, the employees working thereon, and the public at large have been benefited by the fact that as strict a legalist and constructionist as George Gray deemed himself justified in closing his law books.

NEW BOARD PUT INTO OFFICE.—A proposed ordinance regulating salaries having aroused the opposition of the municipal water board at Gladstone, the threat was made that were the ordinance passed by the common council the members of the protesting body would resign. The council adopted the ordinance and the threat was carried out. N. J. LaPine, J. P. Bushong, J. A. Hetrick and J. A. Forsberg all resigning their board membership. Subsequently Mayor Miller named Eli Eaton, A. B. Cassidy, Gasper Elquist and William Madden to complete the water board. The nominations were only confirmed by the council and the mayor instructed the clerk to notify the new members of their appointment that they might qualify.

MEANS MUCH TO MANISTIQUE.—The proposed extension of the Manistique & Northern railroad from Shingleton to Evelyn means much to the railroad in question, as well as to the city of Manistique. It means that Manistique will have a direct route to Marquette and the iron country and probably that much freight will be diverted from that region through Manistique. It looks as though the Cleveland Cliffs company was becoming a factor in the road, and if this is true, no one will object for the company to direct the enterprise in the peninsula. The change in ownership of the railroads of which the T. C. M. & L. and the car ferry line between Northport and Manistique are the northern extensions, and direct traffic relations with the Manistique, Marquette & Southeastern and Lake Superior & Ishpeming railroads would appear to augur well for the future of these links as well as for the importance of Manistique as a shipping point.

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MUNICIPAL PLAN SELF-SUSTAINING.—A report submitted to the village council by the Newberry water and light board has proved interesting reading to the taxpayers, since it shows that the water and light plant is not only self-sustaining, but is paying a good return upon the investment. The report covers a period of a little less than ten months, from June 1, 1908, at which date the present board took charge of the plant. During this time the receipts from all sources have been \$9,500.14 and the dis-

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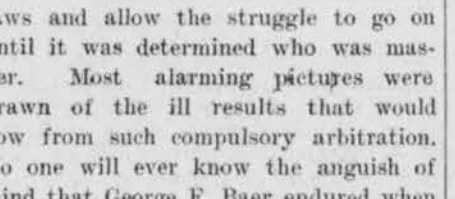
Fact-Question-Answer

Fact: CONTRACT sales doubled last month.

Question: What does this prove?

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Get quality. Buy



BEST & RUSSELL CO., Chicago, Ill., Distributors.

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REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK AT MARQUETTE, IN THE STATE OF MICHIGAN, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, APRIL 29th, 1909.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$1,148,889.93. Overdrafts, secured and unsecured 148.69. U. S. bonds to secure circulation 150,000.00. U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits 50,000.00. U. S. bonds on hand 12,500.00. Bonds, securities, etc. 25,110.00. Banking house, furniture, and fixtures 39,000.00. Other real estate owned 4,000.00. Due from State Banks and Trust Companies 12,202.05. Due from National Banks 38,296.59. Bankers' checks and cash 239,667.59. Checks and other cash items 3,982.46. Notes of other National Banks 6,450.00. Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents 265.63. LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ: Special tender notes \$ 98,712.50. Legal-tender notes 27,497.00. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (6 per cent of circulation) 7,500.00. Total \$2,184,706.74.

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in \$ 150,000.00. Surplus fund 25,000.00. Discount collected not earned 42,140.74. Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid 62,027.41. National bank notes outstanding 143,200.00. Due to other National Banks 9,820.63. Due to State Banks and Trust Companies 10,581.81. Dividends unpaid 270.00. Individual deposits subject to check 1,576,447.92. Demand Certificates of Deposit 72,294.36. Certified Checks 30,025.76. United States deposits 30,025.76. Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers 10,974.24. Reserved for taxes 3,394.61. Total \$2,184,706.74.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF MARQUETTE, I, CHARLES L. BRAINERD, Cashier, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of April, 1909. J. E. TOBIN, Jr., Notary Public. My commission expires Dec. 15, 1912.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK AT MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, APRIL 29th, 1909.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$607,300.55. Bonds, mortgages and securities 192,771.27. Overdrafts 800,671.82. Banking house 550,000.00. Furniture and fixtures 7,692.60. Other real estate 47,992.00. Due from other banks and bankers 1,489.59. Items in transit 1,914.90. Due from banks in reserve 108,094.54. Exchanges for clearing house 2,411.60. U. S. and National Bank Currency 32,875.09. Gold coin 15,000.00. Silver coin 1,914.90. Nickels and cents 725.05. Checks and other cash items 51,657.19. Total \$1,983,999.59.

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in 100,000.00. Surplus fund 75,000.00. Undivided profits, less expenses 4,458.71. State Money on Deposit 10,000.00. Commercial deposits 47,740.19. Due to banks and bankers 44,124.28. Cashier's Checks 30.43. Savings deposits 244,826.09. Savings certificates 27,811.91. Total 904,966.62.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF MARQUETTE, I, W. B. MCCOMB, Cashier, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of April, 1909. G. A. CARLSON, Notary Public. My commission expires May 4th, 1912.

NOTICE! Wood and Building Material. I am now getting in 16-inch Dry Hardwood by the carload, and delivering the same at the lowest cash price. Every cord piled before leaving my yard, and guaranteed full measurement. GEO. E. FRENCH, Bell phone 184. Marquette, Mich.

The Best Spring Water on Earth IS USED IN MAKING "Drei Kaiser" Bottled Beer. Along with the better grade of Malt and Hops, a trial order will convince you. Your doctor will tell you that it is health-giving. J. P. BREWING CO., MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

Palace Livery Stable. PAY & BRICKER, Props. First-class Livery Service at all hours. First-class Boarding Stables. Teams of All Kinds FOR SALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants.

Classified Want Directory. HELP WANTED. WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply 315 E. Arch street. 5-4-tf. WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. Enquire, 271 Hurst street. 5-3-tf. WANTED—Men—our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach the barber trade in a few weeks, mail-free. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill. 5-1-tf. Wanted—Dining room girl at Summit House. 4-30-tf. WANTED—Two experienced dining room girls. Clifton House. 4-29-tf. WANTED—Agents—Highest cash paid weekly with part expense. Home territory. Outfit free. A good chance for you. Costs nothing to start. Write at once. The Hawley Nursery Co., Wauwatosa, Wis. 4-28-1w. WANTED—Two skit fishermen; none but experienced need apply. Call Tuesday afternoon or evening. Wm. Davis, Opera House block. 4-26-tf. WANTED—The job to clean your yard. Eli Conroy, the tractor. Bell Phone 458. 4-13-1m. WANTED—Girl for housework. Call at 1025 North Front street. WANTED—50 wood choppers to cut chemical wood. The L. Stephenson Co., Wells, Mich. WANTED—Plumbers at Cleveland Cliffs camps, Rumely and Doreau, Mich. Board and room per meal. Apply at camps. 9-28-tf.

LOST AND FOUND. LOST—A gold beaded necklace. Finder please return to Mining Journal office and receive reward. 5-4-tf. LOST—Seventeen dollars in paper money on Washington street between Third and Front St. Reward at Mining Journal office. 5-3-tf. FOR RENT. FOR RENT—The O'Hagan building, corner Baraga avenue and Lake St. Will rent the whole or part. Good living at Hodgkin's livery. D. F. Mc D. Harkin, Savings Bank Bldg. 4-26-tf. FOR RENT—Upstairs, five rooms, modern conveniences. Inquire on premises, 412 W. Hurst St. 5-1-tf. FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms and four unfurnished with the use of a stove. 521 Baraga avenue. 4-19-tf.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—House and lot. Inquire 725 Cedar street. John Kestenen. 5-4-td. FOR SALE—Fine family horse, black mare, 1150 lbs. A bargain at about \$200. Getting an auto. Can be seen at Hodgkin's livery. D. F. Mc D. Harkin, Savings Bank Bldg. 4-26-tf. FOR SALE—Horse and buggy. Apply 928 South Lake street. 4-20-tf. HORSES FOR SALE—Wm. Doreau has received another carload of Wisconsin horses, ranging from 1,000 to 1,500 pounds. 4-20-1m. FOR SALE—Hunting purchased all Ross estate lots in Nesting addition, will now sell at bargain prices. Enquire at 113 W. Ohio St. Bell phone No. 298. L. J. LeVeque. (4-26-tf).

LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPERING RAILWAY CO. MUNISING RAILWAY CO. MARQUETTE & SOUTHEASTERN RAILWAY CO. TIME TABLE. In Effect Nov. 1st, 1908. TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE. WEEK DAYS. For Pickler Lake, Buckroe, Birch, Antlers and Big Bay 9:25 a. m. For Negaunee and Ishpeming 9:30 a. m. For Harvey, Mangum, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Selma, Carlshead, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, Rumely, Chat ham and Munising 7:00 a. m. For Marquette, Harvey, Mangum, Yalmer, New Dalton, Skandia, Carlshead, Little Lake, Gwinn, Princeton, Rumely, Chat ham and Munising 4:10 p. m. Train leaves Negaunee 4:20 p. m.

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TRAIN LEAVES MUNISING. For Birch, Marquette, M. & S. E. Ry. stations, Munising Ry. stations and Munising 11:45 a. m. Train leaves Birch 1:00 p. m.

TRAIN LEAVES PRINCETON. For Little Lake, Carlshead, Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming, Big Bay, Birch, Rumely, Chatham, Munising and East Branch stations 6:15 a. m. Leaves Gwinn 6:20 a. m. For Munising Ry. stations to Munising, M. & S. E. stations to Marquette, Leaves Gwinn 5:06 p. m. For Little Lake, 9:10 a. m., 2:30 p. m. Leave Gwinn 9:16 a. m., 2:36 p. m.

Spring Violets



are trying to peep through the snow, and it is time to get ready for your spring gardening by laying in a supply of garden tools. We carry everything in this line in the most improved patterns and of superior manufacture, that is guaranteed for high grade material and workmanship. Our farm and garden tools, mowers and hose, are the best in the city, as well as our prices.

M. R. MANHARD & SON, LTD.

FRESH ASPARAGUS RIPE TOMATOES STRAWBERRIES PINEAPPLES

Everything in Fresh Vegetables

D. MURRAY'S
114 South Front street.
SOLE AGENT FOR CHASE & SANBORN'S COFFEE.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Fair; slowly rising temperature. Yesterday's temperature: Seven a. m., 29 degrees; noon, 30; 7 p. m., 33; maximum, 33; minimum, 28.

H. H. Williams left for Chicago last evening.

Nels Flodin went to Duluth last night on business.

M. E. Asre left last night for Duluth and Minneapolis, to be gone about a week.

Captain Charles York and C. M. Gooding leave this morning for Escanaba to inspect three boats.

Phil Trombly will open his saloon in the Hicks block, 329 West Washington street, this morning.

It is reported from Chicago that a troop of Milwaukee cavalry will ride to Marquette this summer.

Miss Ruth Cairby has returned to her home in Iron Mountain, after visiting at the home of A. W. Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Joslin left yesterday for Grand Rapids, where they will make their home in the future.

Harry Hamby, of California, is visiting at the home of Mrs. William Hamby, also Mrs. Klegg and son, of Chicago.

The annual sale of delinquent tax lands in Marquette county will be held at the court house, beginning at 10 o'clock this morning.

Mrs. W. J. Pettie and Miss Jessie Palmer are conducting rehearsals at Ontonagon for a Kermis production to be put on in that city May 12 and 13.

George Outerson is home from De Queen, Ark., where he has been working for the past six months. He expects to make a visit of about two months here.

A meeting of the park, cemetery and street commission will be held this afternoon at which the appointment of a street commissioner is likely to come up.

A full rehearsal of the Knights of Pythias minstrel is called for this evening at 8:30 sharp. All members of the first part, both soloists and chorus, are requested to be present, as they are to be measured for their suits.

WORK ALREADY DONE BY CIVIC LEAGUE

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE PRESENTED INTERESTING REPORT AT ANNUAL MEETING LAST NIGHT.

The first regular annual meeting of the Marquette Civic League was held at the public library last night at 8 o'clock. The following statement from the executive committee was presented: "Less than two months ago we met here to organize this league. You will not, therefore, expect any extensive reports. Still, it has not been a period of inactivity. At that first meeting you selected as executive committee, J. A. Brown, of the First ward; Harlow Clark, of the Second ward; J. E. Sherman, of the Third ward; J. A. Malhot, of the Fourth ward, and E. R. Downing, of the Fifth, and empowered this committee to elect its officers, who should be the officers of the league. "The executive committee met March 6 and elected E. R. Downing, president; J. A. Malhot, vice president, and Harlow Clark, secretary and treasurer. Ward committees were appointed as follows: First ward, J. A. Malhot, chairman, F. E. Knight, J. D. Fletcher, J. H. Bennett, A. E. Koepf; Second ward, J. E. Tobin, Joseph Rean, Martin Dunnecker, George Ysilkis; Third ward, P. G. Teeple, J. E. Hodge; Fourth ward, O. G. Youngquist, Jas. Lawler, E. Bertand, John Siegel, Percy Dell; Fifth ward, Aug. Mellin, Frank LaBonte, Peter Johnson, J. E. Tobin, Jr., Wm. June.

"A membership committee has also been appointed by the executive committee, as follows: George A. McKereghan, First ward; Harlow Clark, Second ward; H. J. Malhot, chairman, Third ward; E. J. Pearce, Fourth ward; J. E. Tobin, Fifth ward.

"Other working committees have been formed or are now being constituted, mention of which will be made later.

Objects of League.

"One of the first objects of the league as stated in the constitution is that it will try to influence men of sterling character to accept nomination for public office. That seemed one of the first duties of the executive committee, and its members made efforts to induce men of recognized ability and worth to make the run for mayor and for aldermen in some of the wards. Our results only made more evident the need of a strong, organized effort to put in nomination for office men whose business or professional reputation assures an efficient and economic administration. In the present state of affairs such men hesitate to accept nomination, for they are not assured of organized support in the election nor proper backing if elected.

"A second aim of the league is to lend its influence to the election of such candidates as stand for business methods and high standards in civic affairs. Your committee set on foot investigations hoping to be able to publish information to election such records of the past public service of some of the candidates who were up for election. It might exert an influence for the election of the best equipped and most reliable man. But again we were disappointed, for it seemed impossible to find anyone to certify to any of the rumors current before election. Let us state a concrete instance: Information was brought to our committee that one of the candidates for alderman had, while in public office, committed an act, which if the accusation were true, should not only debar him from reelection at the hands of decent citizens, but, on conviction, would land him in the penitentiary. Members of the committee followed this rumor to its source and were assured that it was true, but on requesting an affidavit from the informants, merely to protect ourselves in case of libel suit, such affidavit was refused. It was manifestly impossible to believe, much less publish, any such evidence. Not only so, but repeatedly we found ourselves baffled in attempts to gather evidence that would help voters decide on the worthiness of candidates by the unwillingness of men to permit their names to be used in connection with derogatory statements. We are forced to the conclusion that the average citizen would prefer seeing a dishonest, corrupt man in public office than risk his business interests by making public the villainy of the candidate. We are not finding fault. We are merely stating a condition that our experience seems to indicate prevails. It is therefore evident that we must go slowly and accumulate our knowledge of present officials by the careful work of our own committees; only in such a way can we be ready to present the voters of the city with a just estimate of a candidate's worth as a public servant.

Will Watch Present Incumbents.

"Your executive committee would recommend therefore to the new committee to be elected tonight, that several sub-committees be appointed to make a careful study of the work of the several departments of the city and of the personnel of these departments that these committees be prepared to return information to us as to the worth of public servants for reappointment and reelection and recommendations in regard to the conduct of the several departments of the city. It is our hope that a league may intelligently stand for needed improvements. Let a finance committee of men of recognized skill as financiers in the community be organized to study the city expenditures here and compare with cities of similar size elsewhere and then recommend to us where economies can be practiced wisely, or wherein we are failing to make appropriations for needed improvements; then the league members will feel that they know what rightfully to demand. Let a council committee, a police board committee, water board committee, etc., be appointed to study the work of these several bodies, to co-operate with them and keep us informed of their work, their praiseworthy accomplishments and their defects, if any, so that we may intelligently try to bring about the best of which our city is capable. We believe any public board would appreciate having an organized body of earnest, intelligent voters ready to endorse their efforts for improvement and to help in that campaign of education that must precede all civic improvements. "It is now over four years that the question of a pure water supply for Marquette has been discussed. In those four years there have been reported to the health officer 135 cases of typhoid,

STEIN-BLOCH CLOTHES

Capture London

WHEN Harry Selfridge, former manager of Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, was filling his great London shop, his buyer, after he had studied the productions of various American manufacturers with great care, decided on STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES with which to capture the English market.

The first Stein-Bloch clothes were placed on sale in the house of Selfridge & Co., Ltd., London, in March.

The buyer had ordered courageously to cover what he considered the season's requirements.

But the success was instant. The supply was exhausted with unlooked for rapidity and they cabled Stein-Bloch to send a representative for another order.

It is only natural that they should be appreciated in London as they are through America.

Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes are not only metropolitan, they are cosmopolitan. This is genuine CLOTHES HISTORY. It is a complete reversal for the first time of a trade custom which has always prevailed.

Stein-Bloch Clothes bear this label:



And can be procured in Marquette at our own clothes shop.

ORMSBEE & ATKINS

Marquette's Largest Clothiers and Haberdashers.

Nester Block. Washington St.

ONE TON OF PEA COAL

Will furnish more than TWO months' fuel for your range, giving you steady fire day and night.

Only \$5.00

Can you beat it?

Jas. Pickands & Co., Ltd.
209 Front St. Both Phones No. 90.

VAUGHAN'S SEEDS

Nasturtiums,
Sweet Peas,
White Clover,
Lawn Grass

By the ounce or pound, at

Delf's Grocery
133 Washington St.

Portland Cement

Wood Fibre Plaster Common Brick
Grand Rapids Plaster Fire Brick and Clay
Petoskey Lime Flue Lining
Crushed Stone Sewer Pipe

Write Us for Prices on Building Material.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.
BOTH PHONES 117.

Up to Grade Always

CERESOTA

From Minnesota

ROCKER WOOD

Thoroughly Dry.

\$5.50 per load

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.
Marquette.



LaVallee's Bakery

CALL

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.
300 CANAL PASSAGES.

Paint! Paint! Paint!

We have it ready mixed if you prefer it. We also sell Red Seal White Lead and Carter White Lead. We guarantee them both pure white lead. FOR KALSOMINE

We have MURESCO in all shades and colors. We recommend its use. It doesn't brush off on your clothing.

Kelly Hardware Co.
305 S. Front St.

Boats Locked Through, Bound for Ports on Lake Superior.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 3.—[Special.]—The upbound boats passing the canals the past twenty-four hours were as follows: Stratheona, 10 p. m.; Algonquin, 3 a. m.; Chibic, 9:30; Maryland, 10; D. C. Whitney, 11; Turnd Crown, 3:30 p. m.; Muncy, 4; Northern Queen, 7:30.

E. H. Vandenberg will make a special delivery of choice creamery butter Tuesday. The goods are of a most excellent quality and the price will be reduced. See that he gets your order. 5-3-24

NYAL'S HOT SPRINGS BLOOD REMEDY

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

Do you feel worn out? Feel as though you could hardly go? These are symptoms of sluggish blood; blood that is not circulating right. Are you pale and anemic? This is caused by the blood not properly nourishing the cells of the body.

Have you pimples or boils? They are the result of the blood failing to do its duty of carrying away waste material from the cells.

If you have any of the above complaints do not suffer. COME TO US. We will recommend to you a bottle of Nyal's Hot Springs Blood Remedy.

We know what it will do. We have seen the results. If you suffer from eczema, tetter, scurvy or any other skin disease, take a course treatment (not less than six bottles) and we will be greatly surprised if you are not cured.

It is not a specific, but it is the nearest specific we know of, for skin and blood diseases. A dollar buys a large bottle.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE
J. B. JONES, Manager.

WE HAVE A LINE OF AKRON SEWER PIPE and FITTINGS

When in the market would be pleased to figure on your requirements.

THE SUPERIOR LUMBER COMPANY

Steel Trust Boat Here—The Robert Fulton, owned by the Pittsburg Steamship company, arrived at No. 4 dock at noon yesterday. She will begin loading on this morning which has been brought from the Blue and Hartford mines. About 5,000 tons will be carried.

Peter Schantliney Gone—Peter Schantliney, who is under \$100 bond for his appearance before Justice Gray on May 22 to answer to a charge of larceny, preferred by fellow members of the Longshoremen's union, is believed to have shipped on the Anchor Line boat Susquehanna, which cleared for Duluth Sunday night. Schantliney was seen to go aboard the Susquehanna a few moments before she left her port, and as he was not at home Sunday night, it is believed he shipped with her. If he does not return by May 22, his bondsman, James Gibson, will forfeit \$100.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

After May 1st, I will be located at 147 Washington street, L'Hotel block, opposite The Mining Journal building, where I will be pleased to meet my friends and patrons.

(4-30-1w) **ERNE BUSH.**

Now is the time to order your awnings. We make awnings of all descriptions, also anything in canvas work. 3-13-1f **KELLY HARDWARE CO.**

A fad of a day will soon fade away, but Vandenberg's old-fashioned butter-milk has come to stay. 5-3-1w

DRY HARDWOOD.

Two dollars per cord in two-cord lots. (2-13-1f) **F. B. SPEAR & SONS.**

NOTICE.

We have been employed to act as the attorneys for the trustees of the Military Road lands belonging to the Ayer estate to protect said lands against trespass and pillage. The prompt communication to us of any information as to trespass on said lands will be esteemed a favor.

A. R. ELDRIDGE,
A. E. MILLER,
Marquette, Mich.

which he estimates to be about 70 per cent of the total number in the city. It may be unjust to lay all these cases to a contaminated water supply and yet sanitarians are wont to trace the disease to that source usually and to a consequently infected milk. If on the basis of this number of cases of typhoid you will figure the expense to citizens of Marquette that the delayed purification of our water has entailed, we think it will be evident that we are paying as a toll to unnecessary disease and death an amount that would pay the interest on a sufficient loan to remedy the defect. That is the way it looks to the average citizen. It may be wrong; a committee of this league could study the matter and present a report that would mould public opinion on this water question and facilitate its settlement either by proving that the views of the average citizen stated above are incorrect and that no action is necessary or by hastening the proper measures for a satisfactory supply. The water board is cited to illustrate the work a league committee may do, not because it is conspicuous for inefficiency but because its work appeals to us all intimately. We merely want to discover means for making the majority of the citizens accurately intelligent on these matters of civic improvement and not leave to chance hearsay the information they shall acquire. Such committees, it is hoped, will accomplish this much at least.

"This committee has endeavored to represent what it judged would be the wishes of the membership to the mayor and aldermen, standing for the appointment of men of worth and for the simple maintenance of the law. How far its representations have been influential must be a matter of conjecture where so many influences are operative, but certainly 100 men standing together must carry some weight, and if we could make our membership 500 we might almost be assured of accomplishing our purposes. Certainly there are 500 citizens here in Marquette who believe in clean, efficient city government."

The report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

Report of Treasurer.

The following treasurer's report was also accepted and ordered filed:

—Receipts—

82 paid memberships	\$41.00
—Disbursements—	
250 post cards	\$ 5.00
500 circulars	2.50
300 cards	1.50
120 post cards	2.50
Cash balance on hand	29.80
	\$41.00

On motion the present executive committee was continued in office, except that P. G. Teeple was elected to the committee in place of J. E. Sherman, who was requested to be relieved of the added work.

Meanwhile numbers—the balance on the wrong side of the sheet.

Crushed Stone

for Concrete and Road Work

Write us for delivered prices.

MARQUETTE STONE CO.
MARQUETTE.
4-29-1f

Freshly Cut Flowers

In greatest profusion are always found at our Greenhouses.

Flowers which will carry your messages of congratulation and sympathy. Try us and you will learn that we can be depended upon for the correct thing for every occasion.

E. R. TAUCH, Florist

1007-1017 N. Third Street.
Marquette, Mich.
Bell Phone, 1034. County Phone, 217.
4-4

NOTICE.

JOSEPH ZALK

You will save dimes and dollars by calling at 222 S. Third St., between railroad tracks and Spring St. I am now located with a complete line of Stoves, Furniture and Household Goods, bought, sold and exchanged; also repair work done. Bell phone 304 black. (1-2-1f)

Crushed Stone

for Concrete and Road Work

Write us for delivered prices.

MARQUETTE STONE CO.
MARQUETTE.
4-29-1f

Freshly Cut Flowers

In greatest profusion are always found at our Greenhouses.

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COUNTY PHONE 395. LONG DIST. PHONE 88.

D. T. MORGAN & CO.

BROKERS
106 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.
WE SPECIALIZE IN
LISTED - Coppers - UNLISTED

Direct private wire service to New York and Boston; Our daily market letter MAILED FREE upon request.

Ishpeming County Phone 92. Ishpeming Long Dist. Phone 82.
Negaunee " " 93. Negaunee " " " 190.

GEORGE F. RUEZ

BROKER

Robbins Block, 116 Main St., ISHPEMING.
First National Bank Block, NEGAUNEE.
Both offices open evenings.

Private, Webber & Co.'s private wires to Boston, New York and all markets.
Daily market letter, also Waller's Weekly Copper Letter, mailed free upon request.

BIJOU THEATRE

Mr. and Mrs. Lew Stanley
In a high-class SINGING ACT.

Best dressed and most enjoyable act of its kind in vaudeville.

Admission: Adults, 10c; Children 5c.

NO CHEAP EGGS OR MEAT IN PROSPECT

FARMERS IN MANY SECTIONS DECLARE THAT THEY DO NOT EXPECT TO SELL EGGS AT LESS THAN TWENTY CENTS A DOZEN.

some mysterious way, but those who are thoroughly posted as to the situation can readily see why the prices do not come down. During the midwinter eggs were sold on an average of over thirty cents a dozen, wholesale. It is reported now from some states that the farmers say that under no consideration will they sell their eggs this year at less than twenty cents a dozen, so that the retailer has little hope of getting cheaper eggs.

"Judging from present conditions, eggs will be as high in price next winter as they were last winter," said a commission man yesterday. "At the present time the cold storage people are gathering in all the eggs they can get hold of at from twenty-one to twenty-two cents a dozen. This means that the storage eggs will have to sell at twenty-six to twenty-eight cents a dozen, wholesale, in order to yield a profit. The great factor in the egg business is that the consumption is greater than the supply. The same is true of beef and pork. So long as these conditions prevail lower prices on any of these commodities are out of the question.

"We are now getting twenty-two cents per dozen for our fresh eggs. This is two cents higher than the lowest price reached this season. The stormy weather of the past week has stimulated the prices considerably, and it would not surprise me if they went at least two or three cents higher the next few days. The farmers are not bringing their eggs to the markets, a large proportion of the eggs available being brought in from the farming districts by commission men anxious to supply their trade. The average retailer usually loses money on eggs if he attempts to sell them at less than three or four cents a dozen above the wholesale price. The breakage loss is heavy and quite frequently there are losses on account of inferior stock.

"There has been much complaint the past few months as to the price of beef, but the wholesalers are unable to remedy the situation, so far as I can judge, the present high prices of beef and other meat stuffs will continue at least until August, when the grass cattle come into the market. This is the first time that I can recall during my many years' experience in the commission business that the wholesale meat concerns have not been able to supply their trade with 'cow beef.' I am advised that hardly a carcass of 'cow beef' has been received by the dealers in the upper peninsula for a month past. Usually 'cow beef' is more plentiful than 'steer beef.' The farmers are not bringing their cows to the markets, a large proportion of the eggs available being brought in from the farming districts by commission men anxious to supply their trade. The average retailer usually loses money on eggs if he attempts to sell them at less than three or four cents a dozen above the wholesale price. The breakage loss is heavy and quite frequently there are losses on account of inferior stock.

AN IMPORTANT CHANGE.

Western Express Co. Now Working in Conjunction With Wells-Fargo.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company on the first of the month, transferred its express business from the United States Express company to the Wells-Fargo Express company, which is the largest express corporation in the United States. It is expected that the change will prove a good thing for the Western Express company, which will now work in conjunction with the Wells-Fargo company, as the latter concerns covers more territory than any of its competitors. Its system extends from ocean to ocean and it is doing business in practically every state in the union. The loss of the St. Paul business is a big item to the United States Express company, as the system covers many states.

The Wells-Fargo company is not only the largest, but the oldest express corporation in this country. It started in the West many years ago with a stage line. The founders of the company have been dead several years but the business keeps on growing. The company owns several banks in the Pacific coast district, and it also has other large interests, including real estate.

EXPERIENCED DIRECTORS.

Physical and Religious Instructors Have Been Secured for Y. M. C. A.

Harold L. Westerman of Adrian, Mich., has been called to the physical directorship of the Ishpeming Y. M. C. A. Mr. Westerman has had experience in association work in Colorado, Nebraska and Michigan, and is well qualified for the position. He will arrive in Ishpeming about the middle of the month, preparatory to assuming his duties after the opening of the building.

W. A. Clark, a former assistant under Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in Chicago, has been called to the position of religious work director. Mr. Clark, besides his work in Texas, has done active Christian work in western Canada among railroad men and comes well prepared to handle this department of association work in Ishpeming.

Mr. Beaglehole, who some time ago secured the position of janitor in the new Y. M. C. A. block, began work yesterday getting the building in condition for occupancy. The furniture is now arriving and will be put in place at once. The work on the building has been completed, with the exception of the swimming pool, which is now being lined with enamel tile.

If you desire a clear complexion take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation and liver troubles as it will stimulate these organs and thoroughly cleanse your system, which is what everyone needs in the spring in order to feel well. Sold by all druggists.

Your baking is not an experiment when you use HUNT'S PERFECT Baking Powder and Extracts. They never disappoint.

All Grocers
GET A CAN AND A BOTTLE TODAY.

Ishpeming Department

JOSEPH SELLWOOD'S BUSINESS CAREER

WELLKNOWN MINING MAN WAS ONE OF THE FIRST TO EXPLORE AND OPERATE MINES ON THE MESABA RANGE, AND IS STILL INTERESTED THERE.

The Duluth Evening Herald, in its Magazine edition, had the following interesting review of the life of Captain Joseph Sellwood, who got his start in the mining business at the Cleveland Harb' Ore property in this city, where he did contract work for a number of years before going to the Mesaba range. From a poor boy, in Cornwall, England, to master of millions; from a miner's apprentice to his present powerful position in the iron mining world; from mediocrity to a foremost place, a commanding figure among the captains of industry and the generals of finance—this is outlined in the history of the life of Joseph Sellwood, mining magnate who is rounding up a most fruitful career as the most notable of all the pioneer miners and rich owners on the Gogebic, Florence and Mesaba iron ranges. A developer of rich iron mines, this man has succeeded where others have failed, because he has been possessed to a high degree with the gift of continuance and has not watched the clock. His early history carries the lesson of obstacles and the countless will of him determined to succeed in the battle of life. With heart, soul and nerve concentrated upon his purpose, Joseph Sellwood mined toward accomplishment and carved out his own destiny.

During the lifetime of this progressive and enterprising man, many changes have been wrought in the industrial world, but none more marked than the revolution in the production, manufacture and use of iron and steel. When, as a boy, he labored as a miner's apprentice in Cornwall, England, steel was too expensive to be used to any great extent, but was utilized to point the iron drill used by the miners. When we reflect upon the enormous use of steel in this "iron age," we can form some conception of the changes which have transpired in this one industry alone.

Captain Sellwood's sincerity impresses itself strongly upon every one with whom he comes in contact, and this characteristic, together with the force and determination which he stamped upon his features, explains the confidence reposed in him by his associates in the great mining ventures on the Gogebic and Mesaba iron ranges, which has covered a period of over twenty-five years. Mr. Sellwood was given a free hand to develop and purchase such properties as he saw fit, transactions that run into the millions of dollars. Such was the faith placed in him by the men of millions. Such men are not met with every day, and Duluth is highly honored in being able to count among its respected citizens the name of Captain Joseph Sellwood.

This man is the representative of the most progressive type of Cornishman, not only as a miner, by mine owners; a leading figure in this great industrial age, his financial standing as president of the City National bank of Duluth and other banking houses on the range, while as a city builder he ranks as one of the foremost, having built the Sellwood magnificent bank and office building, the Leithhead Drug building, Commercial club building, and others.

His Mining Success.

Mr. Sellwood has been all his life identified with mining industries, and is familiar with every detail of that line of business. Beginning as an apprentice boy in the Cornish mines, he has worked his way through the successive stages of the business until he stands among the foremost business men of the world, and his judgment on any subject pertaining to mining, is recognized as an authority.

After coming to this country, Mr. Sellwood was identified with iron mining on the Michigan ranges for a number of years, becoming by practical experience and observation, familiar with whatever features of the industry he had not previously mastered. At the suggestion of the Minnesota Iron company in February, 1892, he came to Minnesota, for the purpose of investigating the Mesaba range, and he has since been here at that time much speculation and many conflicting rumors. So great was the confidence in his judgment that he was clothed with authority to negotiate for the purchase or control of any iron lands which, in his opinion, might justify such a venture. He reached the range by means of a tiresome journey over a desolate and unpromising road and examined the pits which had been operated by the Merritts and their associates. Though these were not as promising as some of the best on the Mesaba range, his investigations convinced him that there was an abundance of merchantable ore on the range, and his declarations to that effect, being the first to come from a man of influence and experience, greatly encouraged the hopes of those who were interested in prospecting as well as inspiring the confidence of capitalists and investors who were interested in iron production. Captain Sellwood received a number of flattering propositions from mining companies who wished to avail themselves of his knowledge of iron mining on the Mesaba range, but the Minnesota Iron company had too high an appreciation of his abilities to consent to any dissolution of the relations which existed between him and that corporation. A new proposition was made to him, which he accepted, allowing him an interest of 5 per cent in the profits of any mines which he might see fit to buy on behalf of the company. This was really the stepping stone to his future success as the one leading factor in the development of the Mesaba.

Sellwood's Wheel of Fortune.

Captain Sellwood's investments for himself and others on the Mesaba range exceed those of any other individual. The capacity of the mines which he has handled is estimated at fully 150,000,000 tons, and it will be many years before their products are exhausted. It is his prediction that the annual production of ore from this range will keep on increasing until it reaches forty million

tons per year. He is not as sanguine as to the amount of merchantable ore on the range as some people who are not as well informed, but is confident, however, that a billion tons will eventually be taken out and estimates that one-half of that amount lies within a radius of six miles from Hibbing.

The compactness of these immense deposits naturally tends to facilitate their rapid depletion, or as he expresses it, "When ore was packed in that way by nature, it was intended to be used, and he is exhausted as fast as a man could take it out—and it will be."

The estimates made by this great captain of industry are always conservative, and bearing these facts in mind, it is interesting to note the following statement recently made by him: "I am now in charge with another, it will be necessary to spend, on the range and here, over a billion dollars to get the ore to the docks, and it will cost \$700,000,000 more to land it in Lake Erie. Most of this enormous sum will go into the hands of people on the range and at Duluth."

Among the mines which he is operating are the Adriatic at Mesaba, the Cass at Biwabik, and the Bedford and Cyprus mines at Hibbing, the combined annual production of which is about half a million tons, while the mines of the International Harvester company, operated by him, the Agnew, Hawkins and Illinois mines, are producing an aggregate of a million tons each year. Most men would be in health care this by the nervous strain of the fabulous transactions which he has carried on, but, like most men of his nationality, he is not readily excited, has kept a sound mind in a sound body, and bears the weight of his sixty-two years with as much tranquility as that of other great captains of finance whom he greatly resembles in physical appearance, J. Pierpont Morgan.

One \$400 piano, mahogany case, \$300; one \$250 piano, mahogany case, \$215; another \$250 piano, oak case, \$215. (5-4-tf)

CABLE PIANO CO.

WILL CONDUCT A FAIR.

Ladies of St. Joseph's Congregation Have Perfected Organization.

At a meeting of the ladies of the St. Joseph's church congregation, held last Sunday, the organization which is to have charge of the fair to be conducted next fall was perfected. The fair will be held in the Woodmen's hall during the week of Sept. 18. Several of the societies connected with the church have been sewing and doing other work in preparation of the fair for some weeks past, and as a result the ladies expect to have one of the finest displays of fancy and useful articles that they have exhibited at any of their bazaars. The officers elected at Sunday's meeting are: Mrs. A. Lavasseur, president; Mrs. E. Laroche, first vice president; Mrs. Joseph Robare, second vice president; Mrs. Ed. Lemire, secretary, and Mrs. Garceau, treasurer.

Universally acknowledged to be the finest tea grown, Get a package of "Santalada" from your grocer today.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Mrs. Grahaan of Bessemer is in the city, visiting Will Muger and wife.

A regular monthly meeting of the council will be held tomorrow evening.

George Cahill left Sunday evening for Iowa, where he will spend a few days, visiting relatives.

J. R. Kroghall, manager of the Rainy Lake Labor exchange, has moved into his new quarters in the Milavetz block.

An Italian wedding party of twenty-four people came up from Princeton Saturday and had a group picture taken at Childs' Art gallery. They drove from here to Negaunee and had a good time generally.

A group picture of the members of the confirmation class of the Finnish Lutheran church, numbering forty-five boys and girls, was taken at Childs' Art gallery Saturday. The pastor of the church is seated in the center of the group.

Births recorded in the city yesterday were a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. William Ugen, 121 South Angeline street, a son to Mr. and Mrs. James Harvey, 627 West Empire street, and a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Silas, 223 Marquette street.

In the main window of Sellwood & Co.'s dry goods store in one of the most unique displays seen in this city in many months. It consists principally of copies of Butterick's Fashion and Delicater. The window is attracting a great deal of attention. It was arranged by C. A. Childs, manager of the dry goods department.

Ishpeming people who are under the treatment of "Dr. TIL," the plaster specialist, of Almena, Wis., are advised by his assistant, J. B. Bergonbourg, that his doctor's sister, Mrs. Steobel, will take care of his practice during his absence in Europe. Mrs. Steobel will be assisted by her nephew and cousin, who are familiar with TIL's methods.

Arson Perrault has returned from the Mesaba, where he spent the past three weeks. He reports that there are a great many men idle on the range, though it is expected that all of them will soon be at work, as most of the mines are resuming shipping operations and are increasing their forces. A great many foreigners who have arrived in the country during the past month have located on the Mesaba.

Will Gill, who was assaulted by a fellow workman in North Dakota last week, returned to the city last evening from Paynesville, and will remain here for a time, under the care of his mother, Mrs. Joseph Gill. In a message he sent to his mother yesterday afternoon he stated that he was feeling well and asked her to meet him at the train. His wife, who is at the home of her parents, in Paynesville, is not now in danger.

MINING STUDENTS HERE.

A party of about twenty-five mining students arrived in the city yesterday and will spend two weeks in doing practical work at the W. W. Iron Mining company's Section 21 mine at the Wintthrop. The class to which the young men belong is composed of about fifty members. The other twenty-five students will spend two weeks on the Mesabian range, after which the two parties will exchange places. Most of the students will room and board in the city and will ride to and from the mine every day.

FROM MORGAN'S CURB LETTER.

Increased activity was noted in the market for copper shares today, resulting in higher prices for nearly all of the active issues. Mass was again heavily traded in, opening at 13 1/2, advanced a point in the first few minutes. Here some profit-taking was met, and the price receded to the opening figure. In the late trading it recovered to above 14. Uncertainty regarding the full import of the supreme court decision in the commodity case caused considerable un-

PRICES ADVANCING.

Zinc Ore of 60 Per Cent Variety Now Bringing Above \$40.

Ishpeming people interested in lead and zinc mines are pleased with the prospect of a continued advance in the prices of both lead and zinc. Since operations were started at the Vandeventer mine's new roaster plant a few weeks ago there has been an increase of nearly 86 a ton in the price of zinc ore and over \$7 in lead. Last week sales of 60 per cent zinc ore were above \$41 in Wisconsin and a number of sales were reported at \$43, while 80 per cent lead ore sold at from \$56 to \$58. It is reported that the roads are still in bad condition and many of the mines have a considerable tonnage of ore on hand.

As a result of the wrangle over the tariff on zinc ore before the senate committee, which are lined up the forces representing the smelter interests of this country and the men who are engaged in the production of zinc ores, comes a compromise arrangement offered by United States Senator Reid Smoot of Utah, one of the most expert mining authorities in the United States. On all zinc ore under 20 per cent a one-fourth cent duty is levied; on from 20 to 25 per cent ore, one-half cent; on from 25 to 30 per cent ore, three-fourth cent, and on all ores assaying better than 30 per cent, one cent per pound on the zinc contents contained in the ore. This arrangement is still being opposed by the Missouri contingent of miners, who have remained in Washington. The Wisconsin people, however, feel inclined to accept this proposition and make the best of what appears to be a bad bargain, and they have all returned home. It is stated as very probable, that Senator Smoot's proposition will finally prevail.

HANDSOME SCENERY.

John Cort has given "The House of Bondage," in which Florence Roberts will be seen at the opening theater tomorrow evening, a scenic equipment that has caused unusually favorable comment for its pictorial attractiveness and strength of detail. The first act takes place in a prominent surgeon's office in London, while the second and final acts are laid in Switzerland. Platzer, the artist, has designed two particularly handsome interiors. One, showing the reception room of a Swiss chalet, with the Alps in the background, is notably effective. Every article of furniture and garniture is carried by Miss Roberts and is in complete harmony with the settings.

ISHPEMING THEATRE

The season's most noteworthy event

Wednesday Night, May 5

John Cort Presents America's Greatest Emotional Actress

FLORENCE ROBERTS

and a company of distinguished players in Obermer's masterpiece

THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE

"The hit of Miss Roberts' career. A play intensely interesting, played by a company of real artists and mounted in a strikingly beautiful manner," says the Kansas City Journal. You will say so, too.

PRICES: Parquet and box seats, \$1.50; dress circle and first two rows of balcony, \$1; balance balcony, 75c; gallery, 50c. Seat orders now being received. 4-29-tf

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000. -- Ishpeming, Mich.
SURPLUS \$75,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS:
D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER, W. H. JOHNSTON, A. MAITLAND, H. O. YOUNG, JAMES GLANCEY, DR. JOS. VANDEVENTER, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS:
F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier. H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres. O. G. AAS, Asst Cashier. GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Asst Cashier.

H. W. ELSON

Manufacturer of
Fine Carbonated Beverages
County Phone 403.
325 Cedar St. 3-30-tf Ishpeming, Mich.

ISHPEMING THEATRE

Friday, May 7

Harvey B. Day Presents the Japanese novelty

G. HARRIS ELSON'S GORGEOUS COMEDY

THE BELLE OF JAPAN

With Miss Bessie Clifton

The show with music, costumes, comedy, pathos and plot.

A novelty show. Attractive scenery and unique costumes and stage effects.

PRICES: Parquet, 75c; dress circle and first two rows of balcony, 50c; balance balcony, 25c; gallery, 25c. 5-3-tf

Karl Makinen

Blacksmithing, Repairing and Horseshoeing. Rubber tire work a specialty.

Morgan-Wright Tires on Hand
Walseth's Old Stand.
4-17-eod-1m

ISHPEMING THEATRE

The season's most noteworthy event

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PRICES: Parquet and box seats, \$1.50; dress circle and first two rows of balcony, \$1; balance balcony, 75c; gallery, 50c. Seat orders now being received. 4-29-tf

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APPOINTMENTS NOT LEGALLY CONFIRMED

AND ON SECOND VOTE M. F. MADIGAN DID NOT MEET WITH APPROVAL OF THE COUNCIL.

MAYOR APPOINTS MR. BROWN

Who Is Likely to Be Confirmed as City Attorney at the Next Council Meeting—Story of Busy Session.

The squabble between George P. Brown and M. F. Madigan over the city attorneyship developed a new and unexpected phase at the council meeting last night, when the following communication was read from the mayor, asking that the votes on confirmation of appointments be re-taken, owing to an illegality in the former supposed confirmation.

To the Common Council of the City of Marquette:

Gentlemen—My attention has been called to the fact that at the session of the common council held on April 19, 1909, the several votes on the confirmation of appointments to offices provided for in the charter of the city, were taken contrary to the provisions of Section 275, page 103, of the charter, etc. of the city, which reads as follows:

"Votes upon the confirmation of all such appointments shall be taken separately and by yeas and nays; but no such vote shall be taken prior to the next regular meeting of the common council succeeding the regular meeting at which any such appointment is presented for confirmation, except upon motion that such vote be sooner taken, be adopted by a two-thirds vote of all the aldermen elect, taken by yeas and nays."

The requirements of this section were not observed so far as pertains to the votes taken on the confirmation of controller, city attorney, health officer, harbor master, market keeper, president of the council, police commissioner and park, cemetery and street commissioner, those offices being provided for in the city charter while trustee of the public library and member of the light and power commission, being offices provided for in acts of the legislature independent of the city charter, do not come within the provisions of the section referred to.

I therefore recommend that votes be taken again upon the confirmation of such of the appointments heretofore submitted for officers provided for in the city charter as may now properly be confirmed by the common council.

Respectfully submitted, DANIEL VAUGHAN, Mayor.

Second Vote on Appointments.

The recommendation of the mayor was adopted by the council and the council at once proceeded to take the votes on the former appointments. The appointment of Peter Primrose as city controller was unanimously confirmed, and then came the appointment for city attorney, which, of course, was really the important point of the mayor's communication.

Mayor Vaughan read the name of M. F. Madigan and then stated that Mr. Madigan was not his choice at the time he was named nor was he now, and asked that the council refuse to confirm the appointment. The fireworks began, Alderman Ward rose to a point of order, saying that the minutes of April 19 had been approved and that he saw no reason why the appointments needed reconsideration. He was ruled out of order and then made a motion to confirm the appointment of Mr. Madigan. The vote was taken, which resulted in four yeas, for confirmation and six nays, Aldermen Asire, Reichel, Schauer and Ward voting aye.

Alderman Ward then rose to another point of order saying that there had been no objection to the immediate confirmation of the appointments at the meeting of April 19, which was in effect, a waiver of the section of the charter, quoted in the mayor's communication. He was again ruled out of order and the remainder of the appointments were voted upon, the result being the same as at the former meeting.

In connection with Mr. Ward's objections to last night's procedure, the following from the council proceedings of April 20, 1909, is of interest: "Moved by Alderman Ward, that the vote upon the confirmation of the appointments of the mayor be taken at this session, supported by Alderman Asire." While it is customary to waive legal technicalities where more parliamentary rules are involved, it was stated last night by legal authority that such was not the case where more important issues are concerned, as in this instance.

Madigan Will Defend Title. During the session a communication was read from Mr. Madigan, in which he stated that he had been appointed by the mayor and duly confirmed by the common council; had qualified as city attorney and was ready and had been ready to perform the duties of that office, and that he would defend his title against any man.

The only construction that can be placed upon this communication is that Mr. Madigan intends to carry his case to the courts. The legal point of which the case will be argued is likely to be whether or not the mayor's action is the postponement of the confirmation of the appointments by interposing no objection thereto. Inasmuch as this section was put into the charter during Mayor Sherman's administration expressly to prevent hasty action on appointments, it would hardly seem that such a position is tenable.

Brown Gets Six Votes.

Mayor Vaughan's appointment of George P. Brown for city attorney failed to get the necessary two-thirds majority for immediate confirmation, although he received six of the ten votes of the aldermen. If these six aldermen are kept in line, it means that Mr. Brown's appointment will be confirmed at the next meeting, as only a majority will then be necessary. Aldermen Reichel, Schauer and Ward voted against the confirmation of Mr. Brown last night, while Alderman Asire refused to vote.

saying that the matter was likely to be threshed out in the courts anyway, and that any vote the council might take would be of no consequence. Throughout this part of the session, Alderman Hennessy showed himself master of parliamentary situations and aided materially in the prompt disposition of the business in hand.

Other Business Transacted.

Inasmuch as James Russell had failed to qualify for member of the light and power commission, the mayor appointed Ernest L. Pierce in his place, the motion to immediately confirm his appointment being unanimously carried.

A petition from John Balmes, asking that he be exempted from taxation, was referred to the committee on finance and taxation.

The liquor bond of Phil Trombly was presented and accepted.

The committee on streets recommended that the petition of residents of Fitch avenue for the curbing and macadamizing of that street between Wabash and Northwood be granted, with the condition that water mains be laid in the street before it was macadamized.

The committee to whom the motion to repeal the Asire ordinance, which will eventually limit the saloons in the city to twenty-five, was referred, asked until June 7 to make their report. Alderman Donovan announced that in his opinion the committee ought to be able to report last night, but their request was granted.

John Dunlavy, Sr., was appointed keeper of the dump grounds, which has been facetiously termed "the most coveted position in Marquette."

The request of the special committee appointed to report on the communication submitted by the water board at the last meeting, to be given power to act, was granted.

The matter of constructing a sewer on Front street, between Ohio and Michigan streets, which has been before the council so often, was referred to the park, cemetery and street commission, with a request that a report be made at the next council meeting. As this part of Front street is underlain with rock, the construction of a sewer would be a difficult proposition.

The committee on streets was clothed with power to act in the matter of allowing Fred Duckers to build a low window over the sidewalk in the second story of his new block. It was recommended that he be allowed to do so, with the condition that it could be removed at any time by order of the common council.

DEATH HAS CALLED ARTHUR M. BIGELOW

MARQUETTE BUSINESS MAN PASSED FROM LIFE SUNDAY NIGHT AT HENSELEY, W. VA.

Word was received early yesterday morning of the death of Arthur M. Bigelow, whose critical illness was chronicled in yesterday's Mining Journal. Mr. Bigelow had been in ill health for many months, although able to attend to his business most of the time, and a few weeks ago, with Mrs. Bigelow, had gone to visit his brother, at Henseley, W. Va., in hope of finding a more congenial climate. It was there that his demise occurred some time Sunday night, heart and kidney trouble being the cause of death.

The deceased was one of Marquette's best known business men, having resided here for about twenty-five years. He was about fifty years of age, and went to northern Michigan from the lower peninsula about thirty years ago, first settling in Ishpeming, where he secured employment in Girzi's jewelry store. It was there that he married, in 1882, he moved to this city as the jeweler in Henry Hallam's store, which was located in half of the store still occupied by H. F. Handford. Later he went into the jewelry business for himself at 313 Front street. About twenty years ago he went into partnership with a Mr. Vannier, and under the name of Vannier & Bigelow conducted a jewelry store and news stand on Front street. In 1897, after the death of Mr. Vannier, the deceased and A. E. Boswell became partners in a jewelry, stationery and news store in the building now occupied by Louis Getz. A year later this partnership was dissolved and Mr. Bigelow moved to his present location on Washington street, where he has since conducted a general book, stationery and paper business.

During his long residence in this city as a business man, the deceased gathered about him a large circle of acquaintances and friends, all of whom mourn the death of a man of integrity and many other sterling personal qualities. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias, the Elks, and carried insurance in the National Union.

In his immediate family a wife and daughter, Miss Alma, a teacher in the public schools, are left to mourn his sudden passing. The daughter had started for her father's bedside, but was intercepted at Chicago yesterday morning and from there will accompany the funeral cortege to this city. Late last night a telegram was received stating that the remains would arrive in Marquette Wednesday afternoon and that the funeral would be held Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

TURKISH BATHS AND CHIROPODY.

Frank Kouour, 125 W. Ridge St., Marquette.

Marquette has dairies old and dairies new, dairies large and dairies small, but Vandenberg's dairy leads them all. 5-3-1w

KILL THOSE LICE!

Don't kill your young chickens in a wholesale manner by sitting them to be eaten to death with the poultry keepers greatest enemy—Hen lice! Lousy hens will not lay eggs—it is not natural for them to lay when uncomfortable. I have just received a large order of B. H. Greider's "Gormicide," the only safe, sure, poison killer on the market. I have used it with greatest success for over a year, and I am giving you the benefit of my experience. One pound box, twenty-five cents. Walter C. Hornstein, poultry raiser, 1025 North Front street.

MILLINERY ANNOUNCEMENT.

I have moved my millinery stock to my house on Blaker street, where I am showing all the new spring and summer styles. New stock of hats received this week. I will be pleased to have all my customers call at my new place. MRS. A. M. ADAMS. (4-15-1f)

M. & S. E. R'Y MAY GET OUTLET TO THE SOUTH

CONSTRUCTION OF A CONNECTING LINK FROM SHINGLETON TO EVELYN IS UNDER CONSIDERATION.

An improvement that may be of great value to the Marquette & Southeastern and Munising railways and its connections is the contemplated building of a connecting line by the Michigan & Northern railway from Shingleton to Evelyn, a distance of four and one-half miles. Shingleton is the present terminus of the M. & N. and Evelyn is a junction point of the M. & S. E. and D., S. S. & A. railroads.

The construction of the road would give the M. & N. an opening into the iron and lumbering region of the upper peninsula and would give the Cleveland-Cliffs roads an outlet to the south by way of Manistique. The immediate result would likely be to make possible the shipment of pulpwood and lumber from the Manistique district to the Munising paper mill by direct route, but in time a route to the Michigan and Northern might be established, which would be of great importance to the railway and shipping interests of the Lake Superior country. The Manistique Courier-Record has the following to say regarding the matter:

"An important improvement that will not only be of great value to the railroad and its connections but to Manistique as well is the contemplated building of a connecting line by the M. & N. R. from Shingleton to Evelyn. The officers of the interested companies were in Grand Rapids last Saturday in conference with J. H. P. Hughart, general manager of the G. R. & L., with which road the M. & N. connect by car ferry at Northport.

"Those present at the meeting were J. H. Robinson, manager of the M. & N.; H. A. St. John, general passenger and freight agent of the Marquette & Southeastern; H. R. Harris, general manager of the M. & S. E., and J. H. Hughart, superintendent and general manager of the Grand Rapids & Indiana. The plan contemplates the handling of lumber products and ores from the north over the M. & N. to Manistique and under the present arrangement would no doubt be turned over to the G. R. & L. at Northport. The matter of making the extension of the road is still to be passed on by the boards of directors of the two roads and it is thought the matter will be definitely settled the first of the coming month or as soon as the directors can get together to take the matter up.

"The importance of this connecting link is greater than may at first be seen. It gives the M. & N. an opening into the iron and lumber region and the Munising road an outlet to the south. The most of this freight business is now going out over the Soo Line and the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. This will be diverted through Manistique and will make the harbor and cross the lake route to Northport more important and stable than ever. It will have much to do not only with making the car ferry line between here and Chicago permanent. It may result finally in there being a new boat built to handle the business or a permanent arrangement under the lease plan for boats to do the work. The Ann Arbor boats are now doing this transferring but there appears to be no permanency to it as they come and go as the business seems to warrant it, yet a large business has been carried on over this line the past winter."

DEATH OF TROWBRIDGE JOHNS.

Former Marquette Man Passed Away in Chicago Saturday.

Word was received in Marquette yesterday of the death in Chicago Saturday of Trowbridge Johns, a former well-known resident of Marquette. No details were learned, and the announcement came as a great surprise to his friends here, as it was not known that he had been ill.

Mr. Johns was a resident of Marquette for about twenty years, during all of which time he was in the employ of The Mining Journal Company, Ltd. He came here from Chicago in 1882 to take a position as foreman of the job printing department of the company in which capacity he served throughout his period of service with it. He resigned his position with the company in the summer of 1892 and went into the printing business up to the time of his death.

During his residence in Marquette Mr. Johns was a paramount worker in the prohibition cause and was nominated for various offices by his party, being one occasion placed on the state ticket. He was a man who commanded the respect of his employers and associates and much sincere regret will be caused by the news of his death. He is survived by his widow and one son, Harold Johns, a student at an Episcopal seminary in New York, and a funeral will be held in Chicago tomorrow. The deceased was a member of the Knight of Pythias order.

NOTICE TO COAL DEALERS.

Lansing, Mich., April 28, 1909. Notice is hereby given that the State Board of Education until Thursday noon, May 27, 1909, for furnishing coal for the Northern State Normal school at Marquette, Michigan, for the period beginning July 1, 1909, and ending July 1, 1910. The State Board of Education will select the best quality of Pohontas coal, mine run, or other first class steam coal, to be delivered as required in bins at the above named institution, and weighed at the institution; 300 tons, more or less will be required. All bids should be submitted in separate sealed envelopes and addressed to L. L. Wright, Secretary State Board of Education, Lansing, Michigan. The person awarded the contract will be required to furnish a bond for the faithful performance of the contract in such sum as the State Board of Education may designate. L. L. WRIGHT, Secretary State Board of Education. (5-1-3f)

Jacob Rose. If you want to enjoy the pleasure of being correctly attired let us make to your individual order one of our "style proper," at \$25 to \$35.



We are wholesale "custom tailors" who operate on a very large scale, and by purchasing all our materials direct from the mills are enabled to give you the maximum of value at the minimum of cost.

The Store of Quality 304 Front St.

BLANK BOOKS and OFFICE SUPPLIES at A. M. Bigelow's Books and Stationery MARQUETTE.

Send us your order for Cut Flowers or Potted Plants ROSES Carnations, Violets, Easter Lilies, Hyacinths, Daffodils, Primroses.

Stafford Greenhouses MARQUETTE Mail or telegraph orders promptly attended to.

BIJOU (The House of Features) "FOOL'S REVENGE" A Drama.

Making Moving Pictures A Comedy.

Follow the Crowds TO THE BABY SHOW Matinee 2:30 to 5. Evening 7 to 10 Adults, 10c; Children, 5c.

DARANTELLA 10c Havana Cigars, 10c

The First National Bank OF MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN ORGANIZED JANUARY 22, 1864 UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY STATEMENT OF CONDITION. Condensed from Statement to the Comptroller of the Currency, April 28th, 1909. RESOURCES: Time Loans \$566,003.62 Demand Collateral Loans \$584,029.00 Cash, Exchange and due from U. S. 1,019,153.12 Treasurer 435,124.12 U. S. Bonds and other Bonds at par 506,610.00 Bank Building and real estate 43,000.00 Total \$2,134,766.74 LIABILITIES: Capital Stock paid in \$150,000.00 Surplus and Profits 102,607.41 National Bank Notes Outstanding 145,200.00 Deposits 1,736,959.33 Total \$2,134,766.74 Special Attention Given and Facilities Offered to Out-of-Town Accounts. Send for our Booklet, "Modern Banking," which explains how our system of banking by mail is made both safe and convenient. Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, - \$250,000

Every Article of Furniture Marked much below the regular selling price. Regular city catalogue prices are slashed beyond comparison. If you need Furniture come and see what we are offering. Tonella & Johnson FURNITURE and RUGS. Front Street, Opposite First National Bank.

SANITARY VACUUM CLEANING COMPANY 123 Genesee St. Telephone 650 Black. Carpets, Rugs, Draperies, Upholstered Furniture, Mattresses, Box Springs, Pianos, Side Walls, Ceilings, etc., Cleaned and Renovated By and With Pure Air And all dirt, dust, etc., removed through hose to tanks on the wagon.

GRAND Change of Program Today Matinee 4 to 5. Price 5 and 10c. Evening 8 to 10. Price 10 and 15c.

Suits French Dry Cleaned and Pressed \$1.50 Suits Sponged and Pressed 75c CAN YOU BEAT IT? Marquette Steam Laundry

We Do Not Guarantee to Pay Your Bills BUT--WE HELP. HOW? That's our business, thank you. WE INVITE INQUIRIES. The Northwestern Collection Agency 409 Marquette County Savings Bank Bldg. Marquette, Michigan.

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