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THE DAILY EVENING JOURNAL

NUMBER 7263.

MARQUETTE, MICH., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 18, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

TEXT BOOK PRICES TO BE LOOKED INTO

There Being a Suspicion of Lansing That They Are Altogether Too High, a Committee Is Named to Conduct an Investigation.

'I May Have to Run for a Fourth Term,' Jokingly Remarks the Governor When It Develops His Anti-Lobby Bill Is Held Up in Committee With Little Prospect of Getting It Out—He Appoints Three U. P. Men to Office and the Senate Confirms Them.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 17.—[Special.]—Speaker Campbell of the house of representatives today appointed a special committee to investigate school book conditions. It is said that prices are too high, and the committee will try to get information as to prices in other states. The committee is made up as follows: Representatives Oggs, Edwards, Milburn, Woodruff and Straight.

Anti-Lobby Bill Held Up.

The committee on state affairs, which had decided to make a majority and a minority report on the governor's anti-lobby bill, today decided to withdraw that action and hold the bill for a time. It will take fifty-one votes to take the bill away from the committee, and the measure might have passed in committee if the vote had been fifty or fifty-five or perhaps less. If the vote should be close. The majority of the committee is against the bill. "I may have to run for a fourth term," said the governor, jokingly, in discussing the thing today.

Telephone Clash Is Heated.

In the state affairs committee late this afternoon, and when the Baker bill to force the telephone companies to interchange messages was pending, C. E. Tarte of Grand Rapids, representative of the Citizens' company, and Representative Baker came near coming to blows. Mr. Tarte had argued earnestly against the bill. "I don't believe this bill will hurt you fellows," said Mr. Baker, "and I believe you know it."

Upper Peninsula Gets Offices.

The governor sent the following nominations to the senate today, and they were confirmed: Roger M. Andrews, Menominee, commissioner of mineral statistics for two years, to succeed James L. Nankervis, Calumet. Charles J. Byrns, Ishpeming, six-year term on the Newberry ash-lum board, to succeed John H. Parks, Crystal Falls. Ira Carley, Stephenson, six-year term on the Marquette prison board, to succeed W. D. Calverley, Houghton.

More Bills in the Hopper.

The following is a synopsis of the bills introduced today: Representative Miller—A drastic anti-lobbyist bill. It provides that lobbyists must not try to influence legislation except by respectful messages to the speaker or lieutenant governor. Representative Haviland—To put the telephone rate-making power in the hands of the railway commission. It provides that the rate shall be ten cents for ten minutes, and a quarter of a cent a mile beyond that, the existing rate not to be raised. Representative Folks—Requiring a stamp on every bill of lading board. Representative Clarken—Amending the factory inspection law to provide more detailed reports. Representative Bonsum—To permit paying committees of the boards of supervisors for meetings when the boards are not in session. Representative Green—That the telegraph companies must show the filing time and delivery time prominently on all messages. Representative Woodruff—Adding cigar stores to the places where minors must not play dice or cards. Representative Currie—Relieving county treasurers from responsibility where the funds are kept in banks designated by boards of supervisors. Senator Scott—Reserving to the state the mineral rights under all state lands. Senator Scott—That persons digging deep wells or mines shall report information as to the strata they pass through to the state geologist. Senator Fox—Compelling township boards to submit annual financial statements.

TELL OF THEIR EXPENDITURES.

Three Senatorial Aspirants Appear Before Wisconsin Committee.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 17.—Three United States senatorial aspirants today appeared before the Wisconsin legislative committee investigating the senatorial primary election of last fall, and enlightened the committee as to the details in their expenditure of many thousands of dollars. Samuel A. Cook, of Neenah, admitted his expenditures were above \$40,000. Neal Brown, of Wausau, the Democratic nominee, testified to having passed with \$1,075. Wm. H. Hatton, the New London lumberman, said that his total expenses were about \$30,000.

MAKES EMPLOYERS LIABLE.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 17.—The senate today passed a bill which provides that employers shall be liable for damages on account of the injury of employees caused by imperfect machinery or working conditions, when the employer could by the

exercise of ordinary diligence have known of the defect. The present law provides for written notice from the employe.

CHICAGO POLICE HAVE MYSTERY TO UNRAVEL.

Gagged, and With Face Cut and Bruised, Young Woman Is Found Fastened to a Bath Tub in the Wellington Hotel.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—One of the most mysterious cases with which the police have had to deal in many years developed in the Wellington Hotel today when the unconscious form of Miss Ella Gingles, an Irish lace worker, was found fastened to the supports of a bath tub. When a chambermaid at the hotel, engaged on her daily rounds, reached the public bathroom on the fourth floor today, she found the door locked from the inside with a bolt. Later the house carpenter, removing the transom, entered into the room and opened the door.

The light from the hallway revealed the body of a woman, clad in a nightgown and bound and fastened to the legs of the bathtub; the woman's face was cut and bruised, she was gagged and apparently was suffering from laudanum poisoning. The bathtub was half full of bloody water.

When revived, Miss Gingles told a story of having been attacked on the street by a man and placed in a room in which she was employed as lace maker and who some time ago accused her of a theft of lace, but the case was not brought to trial. The man, Miss Gingles' friend claim, is well known in several states.

While the woman's friends believe that she is the victim of a plot, and that a serious crime has been committed, the police are inclined to question many portions of her story and believe some of her statements conflict.

HIS WIFE AND SON APPEAR AGAINST HIM.

Dramatic Incidents Follow in Rapid Succession at the Hearing of Colonel W. F. Tucker Before the U. S. Army Retiring Board.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—There were many dramatic incidents in the hearing before the retiring board today of the case of Colonel Wm. F. Tucker, former paymaster of the Department of War, who seeks to be honorably retired on the usual retirement pay. Colonel Tucker, who is now in the board today with an air of confidence.

The first witness to enter the room was Mrs. Tucker, who confronted her husband for the first time since 1905. At her entrance Colonel Tucker stood up and said nothing. What Mrs. Tucker's testimony consisted of, was not disclosed, as the session was secret, but she had not been long on the stand when it was whispered in the corridors outside that she had fainted, and this was confirmed by the rushing of several people to get a glass of water. Mrs. Tucker was followed by her mother, Mrs. John A. Logan, and Captain John A. Tucker.

Colonel Tucker was not unmoved by what took place, for when the board announced that the hearing was ended he appeared in the hallways, visibly affected. "This ordeal is terrible," he said. "Just to think of my own son, with whom, when I was on half pay, I shared the little I had, standing up against me. This was the first time I saw my wife since October of 1905, when I left for the Philippines. It was when I boarded the train to leave for San Francisco. I do not know what I shall do now, except that I shall probably remain in Chicago until after the case is finally settled."

Among those who testified in Colonel Tucker's behalf were John C. Ames, collector of customs; Charles R. Russell, cashier of the sub-treasury; Major Timothy L. Keleher, retired paymaster, and W. W. Robinson, Jr., deputy quartermaster general.

Wife Brings Divorce Proceedings.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—Mrs. Mary Logan Tucker, wife of Colonel Tucker, whose case is now being heard by the retiring board, today filed a suit for separate maintenance. In the bill Mrs. Tucker accuses her husband of intemperance.

WOMEN THE STAR WITNESSES.

Librarian and Stenographer Give Testimony at the Cooper Trial.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 17.—In the Cooper trial today there were two star witnesses, both of them women. Miss Mary Skeffington, state librarian, told how, on the day of the murder when within two hundred feet of the scene of the shooting, she met John Sharpe, one of the defendants, whom she has known for ten or twelve years. Just as she greeted him she heard three shots, and asked Sharpe what it meant. Without turning around to learn, Sharpe replied, she says: "That's Dunc Cooper shooting Senator Carmack."

ALL WELL WITH THE FLEET.

Ships 62 Miles East of Cape Henry at 8 Last Night.

On Board the Flagship Connecticut, Feb. 17.—The Atlantic fleet left tonight is 62 miles east of Cape Henry. The Maine, New Hampshire, Idaho, Mississippi and Salem joined the fleet at noon today. The fleet should arrive off the Capes the evening of Feb. 21.

BEVERIDGE DAY AT INDIANAPOLIS

Speech of the Hoosier Senator Stirs the Delegates to the Big Tariff Conference to Many Outbursts of Enthusiastic Approval.

Representing Forty-Two States and 223 Commercial, Agricultural and Industrial Bodies, the Convention Declares for the Creation by Congress of a Tariff Commission and at the Same Time Dismisses Any Idea That Delay in Revision is Sought.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 17.—The demand for the immediate creation by congress of a permanent tariff commission was voiced today in a resolution adopted by the Tariff Commission convention. To dispel any idea that delay in tariff revision is sought, and that the purpose of the gathering was to delay action on the pending tariff by congress, a provision was added, urging that during this special session congress should prepare and adopt a revised tariff to the best of its ability under present conditions.

While the adoption of the resolution was the subject of a heated debate the arguments seemed based upon a misunderstanding of the committee's report, rather than radical differences of opinion, and at the end the original report was adopted with the exception of a few unimportant changes in the phrasing.

These the Demands.

The resolutions adopted are: "We demand from congress, first, the equal benefit of all classes of the people, and in the name of all American industries, of the farm, the factory, labor and commerce, represented in the National Tariff Commission convention held at Indianapolis, consisting of delegates from forty-two states, 223 agricultural, civic, commercial and industrial bodies, the immediate creation of a permanent tariff commission, for the following purposes and ends, through congressional action:

"The collection and the intelligent, thorough and unprejudiced study of tariff facts.

"The development and enlargement of our foreign trade.

"The accomplishment of this by reciprocal trade agreements, based on maximum and minimum schedules.

"The adjustment of the tariff schedules so that they shall affect all interests equitably.

"The fixing of the rates of duty to be paid on imports from any foreign country, within the limits of the maximum and minimum rates established by congress, under reciprocal trade agreements negotiated by or under direction of the president; in order thereby to develop and protect our foreign trade by the means favored by President McKinley and authorized by Sections 3 and 4 of the Dingley law.

"We urge that, prior to passing the bill creating such commission, congress, during the special session about to be called, shall prepare and adopt, with the assistance of the best information presently available, a revised tariff, as completely and accurately adjusted to present conditions and therefore as stable as is possible at this time."

Beveridge Arouses Enthusiasm.

It was Beveridge day in the convention, and the speech of the senator from Indiana stirred the delegates to many outbursts of approval. Comptroller Barlow A. Metz of New York city, declared the need of a tariff commission so important that if an official one could not soon be procured, it would be wisdom for the businessmen of the country to establish an unofficial one. John M. Stahl, president of the Farmers' National congress, urged the necessity for a tariff commission, and Congressman-elect Cox and Sharpe, of Ohio, elected as Democrats in Republican districts, joined in the demand.

"Within less than four months a new tariff will be made," declared Senator Beveridge, in his speech. "I hope and believe it will be the best tariff that congress ever has constructed. It will be historic in this, that it will be the last American tariff created by commission to get facts and make classifications for congress; and not to fix duties, which is the exclusive business of congress."

"Immediate revision must not be delayed until a tariff commission is created and has made necessary investigations and arranged scientific classifications—that would require at least two years and ought to take a longer period. So for the last time, we must have a tariff bill in the old way. But that this should be the last tariff thus built, we must have a commission of tariff experts. The present emergency never must be faced again."

Scientific Classification Necessary.

"Heretofore, both parties have builded our tariffs without sufficient knowledge of the facts, without scientific classification of schedules. Both parties, whether framing a so-called revenue tariff or a protective, have handled this intricate subject in a way which would have crippled any business man or corporation handling their enterprises in the same fashion. Both parties have made the tariff exclusively political; have waged campaigns as to whether our tariff policy should be on the protective or revenue basis; work preparatory to revision has been delayed until the people have ordered immediate revision; and so finally a new tariff has been rushed through without time or ability to get the facts, without either the technical knowledge or scientific skill to make classifications. "Except upon the tariff congress has

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Feb. 17.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Increasing cloudiness; Thursday; snow at night and Friday.

seen the wisdom of a commission of experts to examine all sorts of subjects and report to congress. Yet the tariff is more difficult, intricate and far-reaching than all other present economic problems combined, excepting only the problem of currency and banking. In currency and banking congress has acknowledged that it cannot wisely legislate until a commission shall have spent years in studying our own chaos of financial laws and the monetary systems of other nations.

"Congress created the bureau of corporations for this purpose. After years of thorough work by this bureau, no man in any party proposes to destroy it or stop its labors. The same is equally true of the bureau of labor. Congress created the industrial commission to find out certain facts. The report of this commission and those of the interstate commerce commission resulted in the law for the department of commerce and labor, the bureau of corporations, the Elkins law, the rate law, the immigration law and most of the reform laws of the last six or seven years.

Tariff Commission of 1882.

"The tariff commission of 1882 devised and recommended the most important features of our present tariff administration. It originated the appraiser's court; and recommended most of the administrative tariff laws of the treasury department which have since been adopted. Congress provided for the administrative machinery designed by this tariff commission. But the tariff commission we ask for now does not go so far as the tariff commission of a generation ago. We are now asking only a commission of experts to find out facts and make classifications. Congress is to fix duties from these facts and adjust them to these classifications.

"A permanent tariff commission is inevitable. The sooner we get it, the better cannot do the work. These committees attempt to find out the facts by holding 'hearings.' At these 'hearings' crowds of men representing various industries—doctors of special rates of duty, jam the committee rooms. Each one of them is carefully prepared upon his own particular business—of necessity he is far better prepared than the whole committee put together. Very few witnesses appear before the committee representing the great body of consumers.

"These hearings are rushed through with all possible speed, because the country's business necessarily waits until the new tariff law is passed. After these hurried hearings, the committee is supposed to make the tariff law for the next year. He said he was asked to pay \$25,000 to have the stories suppressed.

Alleged Attempt to Blackmail.

The failure of an attempt to blackmail him, according to William Nelson Cromwell, was the reason for the publication of the stories which, he declared today, were exceptional and premeditated and were made with the foreknowledge of their infamous sources and after specific warning by me of their falsity.

"The stories," he added, "were concocted more than two and a half years ago by unscrupulous parties in New York, some of whom have criminal records, in an attempt to blackmail me. He said he was asked to pay \$25,000 to have the stories suppressed.

"I don't believe the World was a party to these attempts, but it was dealing with the same gang. The indictment of the New York World and the Indianapolis News is not an indictment of the press of the United States, as they would like it to have it appear in order to obtain the support of the general press of the country. I am in favor of a free and unamuzzed press."

THOUSANDS KILLED.

Mysterious Earthquake of Jan. 23 Destroyed Many Villages in Western Persia.

Tehran, Persia, Feb. 17.—News was received here today showing that a violent earthquake occurred Jan. 23 in the province of Luristan, western Persia. Sixty villages were wholly or partly destroyed, and the loss of life is placed at between five thousand and six thousand. Seismographs at Berlin, Vienna, London, Washington and elsewhere recorded this earthquake, but not until today was the location of the disturbance definitely fixed upon.

Porto Rico and Smyrna Shaken.

San Juan, Feb. 17.—Heavy earthquakes were felt throughout the island of Porto Rico at 2 o'clock this morning. The inhabitants were greatly alarmed. Little damage was done.

Smyrna, Feb. 17.—A strong earthquake shock was registered here this morning, but there was no local damage. Reports from Phocaa and Menemen say that a dozen houses collapsed, but there was no loss of life.

COURT IN MOURNING AGAIN.

Grand Duke Vladimir of Russia Passes Away Quite Unexpectedly.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 17.—The Russian court, which has just emerged from mourning over the death of Grand Duke Alexis, has been plunged again in gloom, and the festivities of the carnival week have been interrupted by the death of Grand Duke Vladimir, which comes as a shock and a surprise. One of the attending physicians visited the grand duke this afternoon and spoke most reassuringly of his condition. Half an hour later, while taking tea with members of his household, he was seized with asthenic spasms and died almost before the priest arrived to administer the last offices.

TWO-CENT FARES PROFITABLE.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 17.—The board of railroad commissioners of Missouri today gave out figures from the reports of the railroads in the state, which show that the several trunk lines earned more per mile under the two-cent fare law in 1908 than at three cents for the previous year, and that the earnings per mile in the state are greater than the interstate earnings.

GRAND JURY INDICTS JOSEPH PULITZER

Proprietor of the New York World Is Charged With Criminal Libel and a Bench Warrant Is Issued for His Arrest.

Editors of His Journal, Together With the Owners of the Indianapolis News, Are Accused Along With Him, All in Connection With the Publication of Allegations of Irregularities in the Purchase by the United States of the Panama Property.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Bench warrants were issued today for the arrest of Joseph Pulitzer, Caleb Van Ham and Robert H. Lyman, of New York, proprietors and editors of the New York World, and for Delavan Smith and Charles R. Williams, owners of the Indianapolis News, on indictments for criminal libel in connection with the publication in those newspapers of charges of irregularities in the purchase by the United States government of the Panama canal property from the French owners.

Theodore Roosevelt, William H. Taft, Elihu Root, Jr., Pierpont Morgan, Charles Taft, Douglas Robinson and William Nelson Cromwell are named in the indictments as the persons alleged to have been vilified by the stories appearing in the two newspapers.

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"The stories," he added, "were concocted more than two and a half years ago by unscrupulous parties in New York, some of whom have criminal records, in an attempt to blackmail me. He said he was asked to pay \$25,000 to have the stories suppressed.

World Abuses Roosevelt.

New York, Feb. 17.—In a statement issued tonight the World declares that if the prosecution for libel succeeds, every newspaper which circulates in Washington will be "at the mercy of an autocratic, vainglorious president."

"We are willing to prostitute our authority for the gratification of his personal malice."

The World adds: "Theodore Roosevelt is now abusing his great power as president to exploit his political malice. These libel proceedings have no other object than to enable Mr. Roosevelt to employ the machinery of the United States government to satisfy his personal desire for revenge. We say this reluctantly; but we say it without qualification, because it is true."

WILL HONOR TAFT TODAY.

Kilwinning Lodge of Cincinnati to Make Him a Mason at Sight.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 17.—All arrangements have been completed for making President-elect Taft a "Mason at sight" at the Scottish Rite cathedral tomorrow, when a large and distinguished body of leaders of the order will be present. Grand Master Charles S. Hoskinson will confer the honor. Among the prominent Masons who have accepted invitations to be present are the grand high priest of the United States, Joseph Byas, of the Royal Arch, Masons of Illinois, and Grand Masters Montague, of Michigan, and Davenport, of South Dakota.

The formal ceremony will be held at 5 o'clock and will be followed at 7:30 o'clock by the exemplification of the master's degree by Kilwinning lodge, which Mr. Taft's father and brother were members and with which he will be affiliated. A ball and reception will be given by Hanselman commandery, Knights Templar, at which the president-elect will be the guest of honor and will be received under the arch of dignitaries of the state and nation.

PRISON TERM FOR COFFEY.

Former Supervisor of San Francisco Convicted of Taking a Bribe.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 17.—After deliberating thirty minutes the jury in the case of former Supervisor Michael W. Coffey, indicted on the charge of receiving a bribe of \$4,000 to vote for the trolley franchise of the United Railroads, returned a verdict of guilty today. The man will be sentenced Feb. 18. Under the usual code, the punishment may be one to fourteen years in the penitentiary.

INDIAN CHIEF GERONIMO IS DEAD IN OKLAHOMA.

Lawton, Okla., Feb. 17.—Geronimo, the noted Indian chief, died today at Fort Sill, where he had been confined as a prisoner for years.

New Orleans, Feb. 17.—Kid Farmer, of Peoria, Ill., knocked out Jack Carriz, of New York, in the third round of a scheduled ten-round bout here tonight.

DR. ANGELL RESIGNS COLLEGE PRESIDENCY.

Office of Chancellor of the University Is Created, the Salary to Be \$4,000 a Year, and He Is Offered the Place.

Ann Arbor, Feb. 17.—James Burrill Angell, LL. D., today resigned as president of the University of Michigan, to take effect at the close of the academic year next June, and the board of regents created the office of chancellor and offered it to Dr. Angell at a salary of \$4,000 a year, together with the continued use of the president's mansion on the university campus.

BASEBALL MAGNATES AT SWORDS' POINTS.

National League Warfare Takes Serious Turn and President Pulliam Makes It Plain He Is Ready to Yield Office.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—President Pulliam, of the National Baseball league, made it plain today between two sets of the magnates represented in the organization that he was willing to forego the glory and salary attached to his position in order to save himself worry. It is known in baseball circles that the best of feelings do not exist between Pulliam, Gary Bertram, chairman of the national commission, and President Murphy of the Chicago National league club, but it was not until today that the warfare assumed a serious aspect.

A story was told that Mr. Pulliam had ordered Barney Dreyfuss and Charles Ebbetts, the owners respectively of the Pittsburgh and Brooklyn National teams, to leave his office in New York, and while the demand was complied with it is said that both vowed vengeance. Mr. Pulliam admitted that he had ordered them out of his office and declared that under similar circumstances he would do it again.

Some Changes in the Rules.

The proposed amendment to the national agreement in relation to Class "AA" leagues was discussed at considerable length at the meeting, and while no definite action was taken the owners agreed to agree to some changes in the rules. A similar spirit was manifested at the session of the American league directors. In the National league session it was decided to amend the rules so that the umpires will not have power to fine players or men on the coaching lines. In the future violation of the rules will be punished only by ordering the offender to the clubhouse.

The national commission decided to stop the practice of certain managers in shifting pitchers during a game. If a pitcher is injured, he is to be replaced by a pitcher in the bullpen. The umpires in the minor leagues might use their own judgment in the matter of imposing fines. In the major leagues the fines in the past have been settled by the clubs, and as a result the penalty did not fall sufficiently heavy on the playing offender. For this reason it was decided that in the minor leagues, where the fines imposed by the umpires have been settled in the majority of instances by the players, the rule will be allowed to stand.

American League Schedule.

The playing season of the American league will open April 12, when New York will play at Washington, and Boston at Philadelphia. April 14 Cleveland will be at St. Louis, and Chicago at Detroit. Memorial Day St. Louis will be at Cleveland, Detroit at Chicago, New York at Washington and Boston at Philadelphia.

STOCK MARKET TORPID.

Not Since Before the National Elections Has Stagnation Been Greater.

New York, Feb. 17.—Only scant material for comment could be found in today's torpid stock market. The speculative interest was more stagnant than at any time since before the national election. The few stocks which moved appreciably from some special causes were without any sympathetic effect on the general list, which drifted idly backward on nominal transactions representing nothing more than the tentative efforts of room traders to scalp small fractional profits. The board division still offered a sharp contrast to the stagnation of the stock market, although the volume of transactions there also fell away from the recent prevailing rate of activity.

The expected Burlington offering which appeared over night proved to be \$15,000,000, against previous estimates of probably \$20,000,000 or upwards, and the offering was closed as soon as the previous applications having been larger than the total issue. As the allotment price of 99 1/2 compared with the price of the new issue to a premium over the net price was not surprising. It became known that the New York Central had disposed of a block of \$4,000,000 of its refunding 6 1/2 per cent bonds, previously authorized, without public announcement or offering. These bonds of an unused investment demand for bonds proved ineffective in stimulating any feelings in stocks. The halt in trade revival appears to nullify the effect of the abundant money resources in that department of the securities market.

The gloomy feeling in the steel trade was deepened by reiterated reports of a coming cut in prices. This is quite directly affective on the speculative sentiment on stock. The fixing of March 15 as the date for calling the extra session of congress gave renewed life to the discussion of the coming tariff revision and to the reports of probable divergence of views in the dominant political party which may presage the settlement of the new schedules. As no effective trade revival is looked for until these schedules are adjusted, the day's news was of chilling influence on the speculative spirit.

SENATE PASSES THE NAVAL BILL

Appropriating \$136,000,000 the Big Supply Measure Is Put Through After Being Under Consideration for Three Days.

It Provides for Two Battleships of 26,000 Tons Displacement, This Provision Having Been Restored, and It Calls Also for the Return of the Marines to the Ironclads of the Fleet—Liquor Legislation Is the Topic in the House and "Drys" Win Out.

Washington, Feb. 17.—The naval bill, carrying \$136,000,000, was today passed by the senate, after having been under consideration for three days. The bill was today changed by the restoration of the house provision for two battleships of 26,000 tons displacement, to cost \$6,000,000 each.

An ineffectual effort was made to defeat the amendment for the restoration of the Marine corps to the battleships and cruisers of the navy, which amendment was placed in the measure while the senate was proceeding in committee of the whole.

During the last hours of the session today Mr. La Follette of Wisconsin severely criticized the methods of the navy, declaring that senatorial influence in the work of the department had caused an unbusiness-like development of the navy yards and stations.

"DRYS" WIN IN THE HOUSE.

Knox Bill Is Passed, Regulating the Shipment of Intoxicating Liquors.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Liquor legislation was the subject of consideration in the house today. When the penal code bill was taken up, Mr. Humphreys of Tennessee agreed to bring before the house members to regulate interstate shipments of intoxicating liquors.

The amendment, which is the Knox bill that passed the senate, forbids the transportation of liquor in interstate commerce unless it is consigned to bona fide consignees and unless the package is labeled plainly with the name of the consignee and the exact character of the contents is shown. The amendment prohibits the shipment of liquor to a J. Mr. Bartlett of Missouri sought to amend the amendment so as to include "cider, so-called temperance drinks and all beverages containing more than 3 per cent alcohol." The Bartlett amendment was defeated, 32 to 34, and the Humphreys amendment was adopted, 129 to 40.

Cannon Votes With "Temperance."

Speaker Cannon took his place on the floor and voted every time with "temperance."

An attempt to abolish capital punishment as a penalty under the federal laws today blocked the conclusion of the consideration of the penal code bill. This amendment was taken up after the house had become entangled in the Knox eligibility question and had laid the question aside for the day.

Mr. McCall, of Massachusetts, led the fight against capital punishment, and Mr. Bartlett was voted down made a point of no quorum. Just before this, twenty-five to twenty-seven, the committee had declined to substitute election for hanging as the death penalty. A motion to take a recess was approved by the majority of the bill, and a filibuster resulted. The doors were finally closed, and the sergeant-at-arms was sent after absent members. Nearly two hours later, at 7:50 o'clock p. m. when Mr. Madison of Illinois, announced that a quorum was secured and the house was declared in recess until tomorrow.

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.

It Will Be Convened March 15, the President-Elect Definitely Announces.

Washington, Feb. 17.—The extra session of congress will be convened March 15. This date was definitely settled today. President-elect Taft authorized the statement.

It developed later at a conference between Mr. Taft, Senators Knox and Hale and Speaker Cannon that these leaders believe the work of the special session can be finished between June 1 and 15. Mr. Taft is authoritatively stated, regards the outlook for satisfactory tariff legislation as good.

Inaugural Address Submitted.

What Mr. Taft regards as a most important feature of his two days in Washington were the consultations he was able to have with President Roosevelt, Senator Knox and others, regarding his inaugural address. A copy of the first draft of this paper has been in the possession of Mr. Knox for some days, and such suggestions as he shall think proper to make will be sent to Mr. Taft at breakfast. The president's approval of the speech is known to have been most hearty.

WATERWAYS COMMISSION

DAILY MINING JOURNAL
A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE
MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED.)

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains
Associated Press dispatches and is especially
devoted to the Upper Peninsula interests.

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Per month, by carrier.....\$1.50
Per year, by mail.....\$15.00
MARQUETTE, MICH., FEB. 12, 1909.

Entered as mail matter of the second class
in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

Here W. M. Bray of the committee
broke in and asked: "How did you
know when money was wanted?"
"They let me know," said the senator.
"They let me know more often than I
wanted to know."—Testimony of Sena-
tor Stephenson at Madison. Evidently
the senator was what is known in po-
litical parlance as a "soft" thing.

Representative McCabe this week in-
troduced the bill providing for uniform
ballot boxes which has been referred to
at some length in recent issues of The
Mining Journal. Nearly everyone who
has examined the measure has given un-
qualified approval of its provisions, and
has expressed the opinion that it would
accomplish much in preventing election
frauds and assuring aggrieved candidates
who want a recount an opportunity to
have a fair and adequate review of the
vote. The merits of the bill should recom-
mend it to the legislature, even with-
out any other influence being exercised
in its behalf.

The farmers, it is stated, have been
laying for the bill repealing the law
requiring the supreme judges to reside
at Lansing. Returns on the session of
the legislature Tuesday show that they
had no trouble "getting" it. The measure
was laid out, stiff and cold, in the
house, and members of the supreme
court, present and prospective, will, it
appears, have to reconcile themselves to
making Lansing the place of their abode.
It was particularly hoped here that the
bill would be passed, as it would be most
pleasing to the people of Marquette if
Judge Stone, who was last week nomi-
nated for a place on the supreme bench,
could continue his residence in this city.
The farmer members, and the members
who rallied to their support, appear to
have been actuated by a belief that if
they permitted the supreme judges to
reside away from Lansing they would
not put in as much time "on the job,"
and that, therefore, an early develop-
ment would be a demand for more
judges, or an intermediate court, to
help them keep abreast of the work.
This is, as a matter of fact, a most un-
substantial bugaboo on which to hang
opposition to a bill which was widely ap-
proved of, and which calls for the repeal
of a statute that has outlived its use-
fulness. But there's nothing to be gained
by arguing the matter. The legisla-
ture appears to be "set" in regard to
it, and there's nothing for new judges
to do but begin house hunting in Lan-
sing.

Regarding Ira Carley, of Menominee
county, who has been appointed by Gov-
ernor Warner to membership on the
board of control of the Marquette pris-
on, to succeed W. D. Calverley of Hough-
ton, the Menominee Herald-Leader says:
"The career of Ira Carley of Ingalls has
been marked with service to his fellow-
men as a soldier and a citizen. He served
with distinction during the Civil war
and is a member of the Lyon post, G. A.
R. He is a Republican in politics and
has been a member of the board of Me-
nominee county supervisors. Mr. Carley
is a director of the Menominee County
Agricultural school, and takes a lively
interest in its affairs. He has on several
occasions addressed the students and his
remarks, coming from a practical farmer
and a man of large affairs, carried great
weight and influence. He is a pioneer
of Menominee county and no other man
is more closely connected with its af-
fairs or has as large a circle of friends.
He has important lumbering interests
and his farm is one of the largest and
best in the upper peninsula. He is a
man of taste and culture and one with
whom duty is a sacred trust. In mak-
ing him a member of the board of con-
trol of the Marquette prison, at a time
when state institutions are rather con-
spicuously in the limelight, Governor
Warner demonstrates his purpose of plac-
ing responsibilities in the most reliable
hands."

Representative Field, of the Soo, has
introduced a bill designed to bring the
Michigan Lake Superior Power company
at the Soo, and all other property there,
under the general tax law of the state.
The Michigan Lake Superior company
has been greatly favored by the state,
largely at the suggestion of the Soo

people. It has been paying a specific
tax of \$5,000 annually, whereas its
property is said to represent an ex-
penditure of \$7,000,000. The Soo peo-
ple have approved of this specific tax
for a nominal amount—none of which
found its way into the Soo treasury—
because of their desire to co-operate
with the controlling interests to put
the power project on a permanent basis,
it having been realized that the company
has not been in a position to pay more
taxes. Two years ago there was a vig-
orous agitation for the repeal of the
specific tax law, but it was finally head-
ed off by the company promising to take
steps to finance the work of putting the
power canal in condition to develop the
full estimated horsepower. Nothing
came of the promises, however, and the
situation in regard to the canal is, as
far as the needed betterments are con-
cerned, just what it was two years ago.
The adoption of the Young bill by con-
gress would make it beside the point to
pass Representative Field's bill, as in
that event the federal government will
take over the Soo water power com-
panies. Representative Field's idea of
introducing his measure is doubtless to
have a bolt in reserve, should the Young
bill meet with any untoward fate.

GAME LAW REVISION.
The conference of representatives of
upper peninsula rod and gun clubs at
Marquette Tuesday was characterized by
a surprising degree of harmony, in view
of the widely different views of the in-
dividual delegates as to the changes
which should be made in the existing
statute. Notwithstanding these differ-
ences of opinion, the delegates finally ar-
rived at substantial agreement on the
schedule of changes to be recommended
to the legislature.

The Marquette delegates who proposed
to the conference a closed season for
deer in the upper peninsula, for a period
of five years, found the sentiment of the
conference unfavorable to such a radical
step. The majority of the delegates ex-
pressed themselves favorably to the plan
of limiting the number of deer to one for
each hunter, without any restriction as
to the sex of the deer killed, and this
recommendation was, accordingly, ap-
proved. The sportsmen who have sup-
ported the plan of limiting the killing
to buck deer do not appear to have made
much of a showing in the conference. It
was also voted that the amended law
should embody a requirement that no
carcass can be shipped except when the
hunter who killed the deer is accompany-
ing it to its destination.

These requirements will, it is patent,
throw greatly increased restrictions about
the killing of deer, and should operate to
reduce the annual fall slaughter of these
animals. The provision limiting the
number of deer allowed each hunter to
one should, it appears, in itself reduce
the average kill by one-half. It will
have an important effect in lessening
the bad results of the practice, now com-
mon, of having perhaps one skilled hun-
ter in a party bring in deer to the limit
of the license tags in possession of the
less skilled members.

The deer fared much better than the
brook trout at the hands of the confer-
ence. The gentleman who appears to
have determined the action of the confer-
ence with relation to the brook trout
was Mr. Marks, of the Soo hatchery.
Mr. Marks supported the proposition
that natural propagation of trout no
longer counts for much, because of the
pollution of the streams, and that it is
not artificial propagation that sportsmen
must depend for permanent fishing. He
also denounced as an idle fiction the be-
lief that harm resulted to the fishing
from the taking of big trout in the pe-
riod just before the spawning season, and
said, indeed, that it was better to take
the big trout than to take the little
ones. He saw no harm in extending the
season to Sept. 15, and the conference
cheerfully voted in favor of that change.

The lengthened season will, it appears,
put a further burden on the already de-
mated trout streams. To be sure it is
apparently compensated for by cutting
off an equal number of days at the open-
ing of the season, which is to be May 15,
but for each fisherman who would go to
the streams before May 15 there will be
several who will visit them after Sept.
15. More fish will be taken under the old
law. The depletion of the streams and other
trout waters will go on more rapidly
than ever. The hatcheries will have to
greatly increase their output of fry
to make up for the increased drain. As
to Mr. Marks' suggestion that natural
propagation no longer counts for any-
thing, we have heard the opposite view
maintained by men who are also not un-
worthy of being called authorities. But
Mr. Marks is doubtless well informed as
to the habits of the trout, and without
question advised the conference con-
scientiously. We will hope there will be
no bad consequences following the pass-
age of the suggested law, if it is passed,
but it appears odd to see a body of
sportsmen that takes steps to curtail
deer hunting expose the finest game fish
of the state to more severe attacks than
it has been sustaining.

Other provisions approved by the con-
ference relate to minor matters, but
they are all important. The recom-
mendations will doubtless have much
weight with the legislature, as the gather-
ing by which they were approved was
a representative one.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tab-
lets. Druggists refund money if it fails
to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on
each box. 25c.

DOCTOR ADVISED OPERATION

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound

Paw Paw, Mich.—"I suffered terri-
bly from female ills, including inflamma-
tion and congestion, for several
years. My doctor said there was no
hope for me but an operation. I began
taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegeta-
ble Compound, and I can now say I am
a well woman."
EMMA DRAPER.

Another Operation Avoided.
Chicago, Ill.—"I want women to
know what that wonderful medicine,
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-
pound, has done for me. Two of the
best doctors in Chicago said I would
die if I did not have an operation, and
I never thought of seeing a well day
again. I had a small tumor and female
troubles so that I suffered day and
night. A friend recommended Lydia
E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and
it made me a well woman."
MRS. ALVENA SPELLING, 11 Langdon St.,
Chicago, Ill.

HARD ON LA FOLLETTE.
The discussion and charges and coun-
tercharges that are growing out of the
heroic effort now being made in Wiscon-
sin to get delivered to Uncle Ike Step-
henson his \$107,000 senatorship are prov-
ing embarrassing to many a worthy
patriot, but to none more so than to
Senator La Follette. The breach be-
tween La Follette and Stephenson ap-
pears to be irremediable. We are left
in no doubt that La Follette would like
to see Stephenson fail of re-election. The
anti-Stephenson members of the Wiscon-
sin legislature are the members most
susceptible to La Follette's influence.
There's no doubt that by saying the
word La Follette could at once end the
deadlock in Stephenson's favor.

Why the breach? The reason does not
appear to be very clear. It is suspected,
however, that the imperious La Follette
has found Uncle Ike, who served ad-
mirably as a financier of his earlier cam-
paigns, to be too opinionated an old chap
to make an acceptable colleague. We are
compelled by the irresistible logic of
events to the conclusion that what Sena-
tor La Follette would like is a col-
league content merely to reflect his glory
and to follow in his footsteps.

Against La Follette is laid the dam-
ning charge of gross ingratitude. Uncle
Ike's friends point out that there was
nothing tainted about his money when
it was being used to finance La Follette's
campaigns. They can quote La Follette
himself in glorification of Uncle Ike's ser-
vices in the "cause," and the liberality
with which he employed his means to
advance it. This the Milwaukee Free
Press does in yesterday's issue, in which
it reprints a letter, under date of Sep-
tember 11, 1905, written to its editor.
Here are extracts:

"I know how hard a time you have had
and how much of your life you are put-
ting into the paper and how freely you
do it."
"I know how many of Mr. Stephenson's
business friends have month after month
pointed to the Free Press deficit as the
one thing which should determine the
fate of the paper. But upon the busi-
ness side it can be said without con-
tradiction that never before has a paper
in America made such progress in the
same length of time. It cannot fail. If
such a paper with its high purpose and
conspicuous ability cannot succeed as a
business enterprise, then God help our
poor country."

"I have an abiding faith in the people,
and the ultimate financial success of the
Free Press is a logical certainty because
it has an unlimited field and no rivals."
Then there is another side and a bet-
ter one. Mr. Stephenson cannot over-
look it and it is going to stand as one
of the greatest and most enduring things
in his remarkable life. It is this: The
Free Press is a part of the history of the
reform movement which began in
Wisconsin and has become the dominant
idea in the great decade upon which we
are now entered as a nation. The Free
Press stands today as the only distinct
representative of that idea among the
newspapers of the country.

Mr. Stephenson made this paper possi-
ble. The paper made the fight for re-
form in Wisconsin a potential fact in
the nation. It is the best supporter of
the president who has taken up the issue.
Mr. Stephenson has amassed an im-
mense fortune. It is a great thing to
have acquired a great fortune honestly in
these days. But he is a multi-millionaire
by sheer force of his business ability and
sagacity. The Rockefellers, Morgans,
Armours, Swifts and other plutocrats
have secured their fortunes in violation
of plain criminal statutes.

Isaac Stephenson will be long remem-
bered for his great business ability. But
man cannot live by bread alone. Man's
best fame cannot rest on wealth alone.
In the last four years he has founded and
maintained at great cost a great news-
paper which is doing a noble work for
the emancipation of government from
graft—which is bringing government
back to the people, which day by day is

saying to the big corporations of Wis-
consin and the country: "Conduct your
business in obedience to law and keep
your corrupting hands off legislation."
To do that thing and make this paper a
moral and political force in the restora-
tion of government to the citizen is to
wield a greater power and render a
greater service to his state and country
than falls to the lot of many men. The
country and the inhabitants of the Free
Press is Mr. Stephenson's best monu-
ment. It is an act of patriotism. His
family and his friends and the history of
his time will cherish it as the really
greatest work of a great life.

It requires no farsighted prophet to see
in the offering serious trouble for La
Follette. The old stalwart hatred of him
remains, little diminished in quantity or
virulence because held in abeyance. And
now he has split his own camp, appar-
ently by choice. Will he be able to
weather the storm that will break when
he himself is a candidate for re-election?

AT THE STATE CAPITOL.

Representative Charles E. Giles, for
eight years a supervisor and for four
years register of deeds in Muskegon
county, is author of a new bill de-
signed to correct the present system of
taxing credits. Briefly, Mr. Giles' bill
aims to place mortgage credits under a
specific tax of seven mills or 70 cents
on each \$1,000 of valuation. The feature
of the bill, however, lies in its simplicity
and brevity, and the simplicity with
which the present system could be adapted
to the demands of the new method of
taxing credits. To make the new law
coincide with the present methods Mr.
Giles' bill provides that the board of su-
pervisors shall direct that the amounts
levied on credits shall apply to the gen-
eral tax fund. Credits are separated from
other personal taxes by the supervisor,
who simply makes two totals instead of
one, as is the case in the existing law.
Today credits are counted in with per-
sonal assessments, but under the Giles
bill in making his assessments the super-
visor will simply make separate reports
on credits. In this manner Representa-
tive Giles figures there will be no marked
change in the machinery of assessment
and taxation. The same levied will be
applied at home. "The only possible ob-
jection that can be offered to this bill,"
says Mr. Giles, "is that it would not have
the effect prophesied for the recording
tax bill, of bringing savings banks un-
der its provisions. The representative
insists in questioning the bill in detail.
By adding to one section and making
a slight change in another law, he
says, the savings bank proposition can be
included in his bill and with much less
trouble and inconvenience to the assess-
ing and levying officials and the public.

Under the annual assessment of the
corporation properties coming under the
jurisdiction of the state board of assess-
ors, the total amount of ad valorem tax-
es to be turned over to the primary
school fund will be \$3,781,498 against
the total of \$3,990,292. This is
the total of the railways, express com-
panies and special car companies operat-
ing in Michigan. The report of the state
board of assessors shows some increase
in the assessment of larger roads while
some of the smaller railways on showings
of reduced business were granted a
smaller rate. The greatest individual
increase falls upon the Michigan Central.
This big company's assessment is in-
creased by the addition of \$500,000. Of
this amount, however, \$300,000 is due to
taxes on the Free Marquette express com-
pany's building of the great Detroit river
tunnel. The Free Marquette is another
heavy sufferer, \$550,000 being added to
its assessment. The total of all prop-
erties assessed this year is \$209,389,925.
Last year's total was \$209,404,300. The
total of the railways assessment this
year is \$18,000,000, while last year it
totalled \$207,139,500. Express compa-
nies this year assessed a total of \$1-
211,625 against \$1,032,400 for last year.
The car companies' assessment this year
is \$973,300 and last year it was \$741-
400. The average rate under which this
class of properties was assessed last
year was \$17.62. This year the rate
of assessment is \$18.008. Under this
assessment the amount of increase in the
rate to be paid to the primary school
fund by the railways, express compa-
nies, etc., is \$91,290.

Auditor General Fuller and the forestry
committee of the house will be inter-
ested in the enterprise of a certain
medicine company which, in giving
away alleged building or resort lots
about a Grand Traverse county lake,
threatened to bring the state of Michigan
a great volume of unnecessary expense.
It is reported that the company is pushing
its special brand of medicine by offer-
ing one building or resort lot on or
near the shores of Ruth lake. The com-
pany is within its rights, and the com-
pany has the property and it has re-estab-
lished what is to be had at Ruth lake.
But some of the lots are mud and swamp
and unavailable for any purpose of civiliza-
tion. The result feared is that eventu-
ally all these tiny lots of twenty by
thirty feet will come back upon the state
of Michigan as delinquent tax lands.
Each would come in as the property of a
separate owner and designated by its
special description. What this means in
advertising and the regular routine of
the departments through which delin-
quent tax lands pass before they
become the much talked of state home-
stead tax lands can be readily appre-
ciated. Already six thousand of these
lots have changed hands and there are
as many more ready to be passed out.
Each lot will demand that the full ma-
chinery of the state department be set
in individual operation. Twelve thou-
sand of these worthless little pieces of
land would cost the state as much as
many tracts of forty-eight acres, that
would offer at least some return for the
outlay. The company is well within its
rights, however. What is necessary to
save the state this expense is some mod-
ification of the system that will take in
just such a possibility as this.

Representative Dusenbury's bill to
provide a central board of control for the
prisons of the state has been broad-
ened in its application to include all
state charitable institutions and insane
asylums. It calls for three distinct
boards of six members each. Two mem-
bers to be chosen by the state board of
regents, two by the state board of ag-
riculture and two by the governor. It
is Dusenbury's idea to get these institu-
tions and their control out of politics
as much as possible. One of the three
boards will have supervision over all



Coughs That Rack Little Lungs
should be stopped immediately with a reliable
cough remedy. Otherwise they may perma-
nently weaken the lungs and cause untold harm.

Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant

is known by mothers all over the world as a
safe and effective remedy for Coughs and Colds.
It has likewise been successfully employed in
cases of Croup, Pleurisy, and kindred ailments
for three-quarters of a century. Your druggist
sells it in three size bottles at \$1.00, 50c and 25c.
**Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge is a safe
and reliable medicine for expelling worms.**

made for investigation of the financial
standing of persons applying for admis-
sion, though the attorney general's of-
fice may be enlisted to secure compen-
sation for the state where financial condi-
tion warrants action to reimburse for
the care of any inmate.

A QUICK WITTED ROGUE
Only a Rapid Thinker Could Have Plann-
ed So Clever a Trick.

Mons. Cyande, chief of the Paris poli-
ce, was ordered on one occasion to ar-
rest an escaped prisoner who had de-
franded the government. At the time
Paris was wild over the songs of Pieri
Jean de Berger, which were heard
everywhere, though the poet himself was
little known. In his hunt after the
fugitive Claude entered the famous Closerie
des Lilis, where he found his man sur-
rounded by a swarm of pretty girls,
bewitching dandies of the Latin quar-
ter.

The escaped prisoner saw him and
turned pale. Quick as lightning, how-
ever, he put to his lips to the ear near-
est to him and whispered, "It is Beran-
ger." In a moment all the beautiful sur-
rounded Claude, hounding him in. They
bowed to him, and embraced him, and
three bouquets of flowers over him. The
music stopped, and the dancers joined
the throng, and with one voice cried:
"Vive Beranger! Vive Beranger!" The
delight at finding their songs written
here in their midst intoxicated them, and
poor Claude was powerless. He was em-
barrassed by their embraces and the
flowers and compliments showered on
him that he could neither move nor
speak, and the convict managed to es-
cape before the clever trick was dis-
covered.—Harry Furniss in the January
Strand.

WASHINGTON ONCE GAVE UP
To three doctors: was kept in bed for
five weeks. Blood poison from a spider's
bite caused large, deep sores to cover his
leg. The doctors failed, then "Bucklen's
Arnica Salve" completely cured me."
writes John Washington, of Bosqueville,
Tex. For eczema, boils, hives and piles
it's supreme. 25c at The Stafford Drug Co.

Danderine

**Grows Hair
and we can
PROVE IT!**

DANDERINE is to the hair what fresh showers
of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It
goes right to the roots, invigorates and
strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and
life-producing properties cause the hair to grow
abundantly long, strong and beautiful. It at
once imparts a sparkling brilliancy and vel-
vety softness to the hair, and a few weeks
use will cause new hair to sprout all over the
scalp. Use it every day for a short time,
after which two or three times a week will
be sufficient to complete whatever growth
you desire.

A lady from St. Paul writes in substance,
as follows:
"When I began using Danderine my hair
would not come to my shoulders and now
it is away below my hips."
Another from Newark, N. J.,
"I have been using Danderine regularly.
When I first started to use it I had very lit-
tle hair, now I have the most beautiful long
and thick hair anyone would want to have."

**NOW at all druggists in three
sizes 25c, 50c and \$1.00
per bottle**

Danderine enjoys a greater sale than
any other preparation regardless of kind
or brand, and it has a much greater sale than
all of the other hair preparations in the
world combined.

FREE To show how quickly Danderine
acts, we will send a large sam-
ple free by return mail to anyone who
sends this free coupon to the
KNOWLTON DANDERINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.,
with their name and address and 10c
in silver or stamps to pay postage.

Classified Want Directory

HELP WANTED.
WANTED—Railway mail clerks. Salary \$850 to
\$1,400. Examination in Marquette May 15th.
Common education sufficient. Candidates pre-
pared free. Write immediately, Franklin Insti-
tute, Rochester, N. Y. 2-11m

WANTED—60 wood choppers at central
wood. The Stephenson Co., Wells, Mich.
2-24-09

WANTED—Plumbers at Cleveland Cliffs
camps, Rumney and Dorsey, Mich. Board 15 cents
per meal. Apply at camp. 2-24-09

LOST AND FOUND.
LOST—Purse, containing money and card of
owner, on Fourth, Hewitt or Third streets.
Kindly return to 107 N. Fourth street for reward.
2-12-09

**FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, new; one block
from Hotel Marquette. Electric light, heat and
bath. 610 Champion street. 1-12-09**

FOR SALE—An excellent farm of 40 acres at
Sando, Mich. a good log house and farming
implements. For particulars call on address D. S.
Thomas, 360 W. Park St., Marquette, Mich.
2-2-09

FOR SALE—A driving horse. Can be had at a
bargain. Call by Ed. Hewitt at 747, Erling street.
1-19-09

**FOR SALE—Two George N. length 58 ft., beam
12 ft. Engine 18 hp; boiler is good condition and
good steamer. Hull and equipment practically
new. Would make good harbor or fish boat. For
further particulars apply to Tenbyek Tour Line,
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. 2-4-09**

**FOR SALE—An account of \$21.25 against
J. B. Knight, Norway, Mich., for sale at
50 cents on the dollar. Mining Journal Co.,
Lansing. 1-19-09**

**FOR SALE—Having purchased all Ross es-
tate lots in Nester addition, will now sell
at 50 cents on the dollar. Mining Journal Co.,
Lansing. 1-19-09**

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
An Exceptional Investment for one person in each
county. Any amount up to \$250 will pay most
phenomenal dividends annually. Indorsed by best
authorities in California. Positive Bank Proof
and extensive circular matter, making fullest in-
vestigation possible. Nothing of a staple charac-
ter ever offered that will pay better and few as
well. Commission arrangement also by which
with little effort you can earn more than pay for stock.
Citrus Trustee Company, Citizens Bank Building,
Los Angeles. 2-4-09

HUMPHREYS'

**Veterinary Specifics cure diseases
of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and
Poultry by acting directly on the sick parts
without loss of time.**

- A. A. FEVERS, Concessions, Inflammations, Ulcers, Long Fever, Milk Fever.
- B. B. SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Cures Rheumatism.
- C. C. SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Croup, Distemper.
- D. D. WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
- E. E. COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Bronchitis, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
- F. F. POLIC, Bolls, Wind-Blows, Cures Indigestion, Stomach Stagnation.
- G. G. PREVENT MISCARRIAGE.
- H. H. CURES KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
- I. I. SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Cures Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
- J. J. BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Cures Indigestion, Stomach Stagnation.

50c each; Stable Case, Ten Spacing, Book, 5c. #2.
At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price.
Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John
Streets, New York.

A Sure Defense

against coughs, colds and lung
affections is the Chest Protector.
It's easier and cheaper to prevent
colds than to cure them—and
safer. A good Chest Protector
costs little and in security and
comfort brings large returns.
They are life insurance to many.
More of them should be used—
and will be when their value is
fully recognized.

For the winter season we have
a complete line of them. Fleece
lined, Chamol lined—all the latest
hygienic improvements. You
can be suited in price. They cost
less than they used to. And less
here than elsewhere.

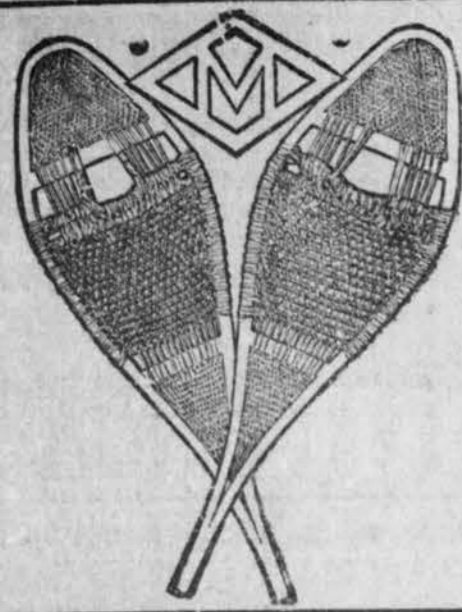
**Desjardins Pharmacy,
417 North 3rd Street.**

MICHIGAN COLLEGE OF MINES

F. W. McNAIR, President.
Located in Lake Superior district,
Mines and Mills accessible for College
work. For Yearbook and Record of
Graduates apply to
PRESIDENT OR SECRETARY,
Houghton, Michigan.

Charlton & Kuenzli, Architects

MARQUETTE, MICH.
DARANTELLA
10c Havana Cigars, 10c



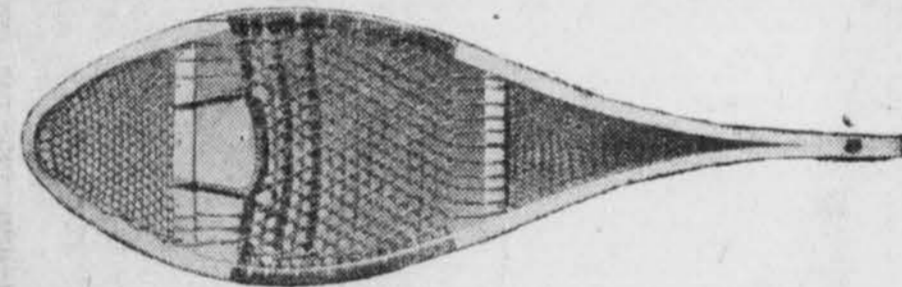
The Largest Snow Shoe Factory in the Northwest.

M. R. Manhard & Son, LTD.

Until Further Notice We Will Sell Dry Block Wood At \$6.00 Per Load or \$3.25 Per Half Load The Superior Lumber Co.

SCRANTON COAL Once tried always used. Blue Grass Cannel, Pocahontas Smokeless, Pittsburgh and Youghiogheny Steam, and Smithing. F. B. SPEAR & SONS. BOTH PHONES 117.

All My Own Make Snow Shoes, With Double Bridge, the Best on Earth George Gillett's Celebrated Snow Shoes



A Pair of my Double Bridge Snow Shoes outlasts Two Pair of any other. Oil Tan Shoe Straps with wide Toe Slip, 50 cents Per Pair. None genuine unless bearing the Shield Brand. For Packers and Landlookers: No. 1 Bent Toe, size 15x47, pair \$6.00 No. 2 Bent Toe, size 14x43, pair \$5.00 Straight Toe Sent only when Ordered. Make any size to order. Refill and Repair Shoes. Goods Shipped same day Order Received. 1024 North Front St. Marquette, Mich. Bell Phone 564 210-27-12

DO YOU KNOW Our HARDWOOD FLOORING is THOROUGHLY DRIED; also STEEL SCRAPED, which gives it a highly polished surface. It is unloaded from car into dry kiln where it remains until delivered to consumer, which insures you against the usual opening of joints, shrinking or warping after being laid. Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co. Marquette. 7-25-12

PERFECTION You must not think that it is in the prescription department alone that we are working so that we may claim to have a "perfect" service. The most extreme care is exercised in the selection of every line of goods in our store. Especially is this demonstrated in the careful buying of brushes of every description, in the buying of perfumes, the buying of toilet articles and preparations, the buying of drug sundries, such as sponges, chamois skins, rubber goods and a so the buying of goods which constitute the many different side lines which we handle. It will be a pleasure for us to supply you with all your drug store wants. You will never have reason to complain of our service. THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE J. B. JONES, Manager.

JONES' DAIRY FARM LITTLE SAUSAGE Seal Ship Oysters Chase & Sanborn's Coffee 1 lb. cans, 40c; 2 lb. cans, 75c. Fresh Vegetables AT D. MURRAY'S 114 South Front street.

IF YOU WANT THE BEST GROCERIES FRESH FRUITS and VEGETABLES PLACE YOUR ORDERS WITH Delf's Grocery 133 Washington St.

LESS FLOUR MORE LOAVES Ceresota From Minnesota

ICE CREAM ICES And Other Table Delights Fine Baking and Confectionery LaVALLEE'S BAKERY 213 N. Front St., Marquette. Both Telephones.

CHIMNEY FIRES Would be Rendered Impossible by Burning ...OUR... MACHINE-SCREENED ANTHRACITE COAL Which Is Practically Free from Dust and Dirt. JAS. PICKANDS & CO., LTD. 209 S. FRONT ST BOTH PHONES NO. 60.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Snow; stationary temperature. Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 18 degrees; noon, 16; 7 p. m., 15. Maximum, 18 degrees; minimum, 13.

Miss Freda Kluttig is visiting relatives in Crystal Falls. The Marquette Rifles will meet at Legion Hall tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Astre entertained at cards last evening.

Miss Elizabeth Byers has gone to Houghton to visit relatives.

A daughter was born to Sheriff and Mrs. John Lehman Tuesday.

James Sinclair is in Chicago attending the concrete exhibition at the Coliseum.

Mrs. C. D. Blanchard left last evening for Chicago and Detroit for a few days' visit.

Mrs. A. S. Westlake went to Chicago last night, where she will visit for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Spear went to Chicago last evening on a short combined business and pleasure trip.

Daniel S. Donovan has been ill this week, and Harry L. Siegel has been in charge of the city recorder's office.

John Siegel has been confined to his home since last Saturday, when he returned from a trip to Wisconsin points.

Miss Fannie Hoffenbacher, secretary of Red Cross legion, No. 209, has removed from 242 West Michigan street to 547 Washington street.

Miss Viola Primeau, of Escanaba, arrived yesterday to visit with Mrs. Clarence Archambault. Miss Archambault will entertain for her guest with cards at 3 o'clock this afternoon, to be followed by a luncheon, and in the evening at a theater party.

Groceries to Close—it is announced that all the grocery stores in the city will be closed Monday, on account of Washington's birthday.

Young Man Found Insane—Frank Nelson, Jr., aged twenty-five, of this city, was adjudged insane by Dr. Harkin and Dr. Lamm yesterday, and was taken to the state hospital at Newberry in the afternoon.

Another Greenhouse—E. R. Taneh has let the contract for another greenhouse, which will make the fourth to be erected on his North Third street property. The specifications call for a 28 by 100 feet structure, to be made of glass and cypress wood.

Special Train—On account of the Trainmen's ball to be given at Ishpeming Friday night, a special train will be run over the L. S. & L. road, leaving Marquette at 8 p. m. Ticket holders and railroad men having passes will be entitled to ride on this train free of charge.

Large Output Planned—Colonel E. E. Honie, of this city, has received a letter from his brother, George, who is superintendent of the manufacturing department of the Buick Automobile company, at Flint, stating that the Buick company expects to manufacture 20,000 automobiles this season.

Strange Birds Seen—Arthur Jacobs reports having seen a number of strange birds in this city within the last few days. The birds, says Mr. Jacobs, are slightly smaller than the robin, and resemble the English sparrow, except that they have a tufted head and a white-tipped tail. He says that he has never seen any such birds in this locality before.

Ice Forming on the Lake—The ice on the bay outside the breakwater is said to be about six inches thick. If the weather continues cold, the Lake Superior ice company expects to begin cutting near light house point the last of the week. The only ice that this company has secured for general retail use since last summer is five or six cars, which have been shipped from Lake Michigan.

Escanaba vs. Normal—What promises to be an unusually interesting basketball game is that between a team from the Escanaba High school and the Normal team, to be played at the Normal gymnasium Friday evening. As the Escanaba team has made a great record this winter, and the Normal team has won its last six games, a fast game should result when the two aggregations get together. An orchestra has been engaged and a usual good time will follow the game.

To Build Three Houses—Asir & Palmer expect to build three cottages on their three lots at the corner of Prospect and High streets. Excavating for one of these bungalows has already been begun, and will rapidly be pushed to completion. The houses will be offered for sale when finished. This real estate firm has also purchased the J. A. Handford house at the corner of Hewitt and Pine streets, and after making some repairs will offer it for sale. Mr. Handford is about to move into his new home on East Hewitt avenue.

D. W. Powell a Candidate—The fight for the post-mastership of this city has become more complex and interesting with the announcement that Daniel W. Powell has announced himself as a re-entrant candidate for the position. This makes three candidates in the field, the others being John D. Mangum, the present incumbent, and John Carlson. Both Mr. Mangum and Mr. Carlson have been actively at work among their friends for the last week or more, but Mr. Powell states that he considers it a little early to get actively into the game, as the appointment will not be made for a year or more.

Game Did Not Materialize—The basketball game between the teams representing the Ferguson Business college and the Knights of Columbus, scheduled to take place at Arena Hall last night, was not played, owing to a dispute over the eligibility of one of the business college players. As one of the regular business college players was unable to take part in the game, the team appeared on the floor with Austin Catlin in his place. The K. of C.'s objected to Catlin being in the line-up, and as the business college manager would not substitute another in his place, Captain Madigan withdrew the K. of C. team from the floor.

Schools Closed Till Feb. 23—The grade school of this city will be closed until next Tuesday in order to allow the teachers to attend the county institute at Ishpeming today and tomorrow. The high school will be in session today and tomorrow as usual, but will be dismissed

Monday, in honor of Washington's birthday. The Normal school has also adjourned until next Tuesday on account of the institute and Washington's birthday. The teachers of the city and some of the Normal students will go to Ishpeming this morning. Both railroads have made a special round trip route of fifty cents from Marquette to Ishpeming, on account of the institute.

Upper Peninsula

Boy Accidentally Shot—Shot through the left thigh by the accidental discharge of a rifle in the hands of a companion while the boys, Kinart, twelve-year-old son of Alphonse Kinart, was taken to the Delta county hospital at Escanaba. The bullet passed completely through the child's limb and it is feared that the bone is fractured near the thigh joint. The boy with a companion was playing with a 22-caliber rifle when the gun was discharged. The Kinart youngster was standing but a few feet away and the bullet struck him squarely on the side of the left hip, knocking him to the ground.

Ball Club Made Money—The committee which was assigned the task of auditing the books of the Escanaba baseball club has reported that the club has a balance in the treasury of \$231.10 and all outstanding bills have been paid. The reports indicate that the hardest work in getting the game on the right basis has been overcome. Much money was expended last season for improvements at the grounds, and this year the club will be in much easier circumstances. The total amount of stock sold was \$922.50, total donations \$88, received from fence advertising \$62 and the net receipts from baseball games during the season was \$2,022.38, making the total amount of cash received \$4,964.88.

Many Would Be Judge—With the election of Judge John W. Stone to the supreme court bench practically assured, candidates for the position to be left vacant by the Marquette jurist are cropping out in numbers. Attorneys R. C. Flannigan of Norway, A. C. Cook of Iron Mountain, A. L. Sawyer of Menominee, Norwood Bowers of Stephenson and a number of others are mentioned as aspirants, and some have begun an active canvass. In this connection there is the question of dividing the twenty-fifth judicial circuit. This matter was brought up some time ago but was voted down by all of the various bar associations. It is probable that the question will now be more favorably received and it may be that in another year two circuits will take the place of the one large one.

Wants a Jones Furnace—Menominee is to make a bid for one of the Jones furnaces, similar to the plant located at Iron Mountain, and unless all estimates of Menominee business men fall the first furnace to be constructed away from the iron range itself will be erected in that city. When Mr. Jones was experimenting with the furnace and before he made the final tests, which proved in every way successful, a party of Menominee businessmen which represented several million dollars called upon Mr. Jones at Iron Mountain, inspected his plant and offered the inventor any support that it was in their power to give. This offer was made while the new smelting system was still in its experimental stages and is said to have made a favorable impression upon Mr. Jones and already he has remembered Menominee by giving the orders for the heavy iron and steel work to the Prescott company of that city.

Strong Drink His Downfall—Belatives of Dr. Alfred Thibodeau, who died at the county almshouse this week, have been located at Montreal and notified of his demise. The body of the former prominent physician of Escanaba, whose downfall and death were traced to the excessive use of intoxicants, is being held pending the receipt of instructions from relatives as to its disposition. Sister Françoise, a nun at the Notre Dame hospital at Montreal, is a sister of the unfortunate man. It is considered likely that arrangements will be made for shipping the body to Canada for interment. In addition to Sister Françoise, Dr. Thibodeau is survived by one brother, who is a practicing physician but whose location is not definitely known. For several years he had not kept in touch with his relatives and the only knowledge that they possessed of his actions was that which was furnished by Escanaba friends.

This Tree a Curiosity—In front of the Hutchinson residence on State street in Menominee is a tree which is the only one of its kind in the northern peninsula and doubtless in the Northwest. It is a Japanese chestnut and is peculiar to Japan. The tree is one brought direct from the island kingdom and carefully planted and nursed until it became acclimated to the rough winter season which it never had to experience in its home forests. The wood is fairly close grained but it requires great care to keep the tree from being broken by the wind. Some time ago a heavy storm split the tree from its top almost to its base and the owner despaired of keeping it alive. As a last resort he ran an iron bolt through it and bolted it tightly together while the sap was yet soft. The tree has grown together again and the bolt is imbedded in the wood which has grown around it. The tree is a distinct curiosity locally and has been viewed by many interested horticulturists.

No. Eighteens Too Small—A pair of shoes made by a Wisconsin concern for "Big Louie" the Houghton county giant, known from one end of the copper country to the other, much heard of in the iron country, and quite generally heard of throughout the length and breadth of the United States, are on display at Iron Mountain and offered for sale at \$14. As a matter of explanation, the Wisconsin people are the ones from whom "Big Louie" purchases his shoes. This being the case they have made it a practice to keep a pair or two on hand to suit an order might be filled almost momentarily, thus the reason for having this pair in stock. But this time "Big Louie" fooled them. His feet assumed larger proportions, and his next order was for twentys. While extraordinarily large, the eighteens are well proportioned, weight two pounds each and measure sixteen inches from toe to heel. They are No. 18 E.

Soo's Municipal Election—There has been talk of a non-partisan municipal election here this spring, according to the Soo Times. A few years ago

it was decided to eliminate politics from the local election and a non-partisan ticket was placed in the field. The nominations made did not meet with the favor of certain parties, who put up a straight Republican ticket, and the straight won out. The Democrats went in with the Republicans in an agreement for a non-partisan ticket, and helped to nominate a Republican mayor. When the second ticket was placed in the field it left the Democrats up in the air and without representation as a party, both tickets being headed by Republicans. Since then the Democrats have been somewhat leary as to any non-partisan movements on the part of the Republicans.

Campitroller Everling says that if the city is to get out of the hole it will have to at least raise sufficient taxes to pay the running expenses. It is a well-known and acknowledged fact that there was no work of consequence of a public nature done by the city last year. Notwithstanding this it was necessary to issue a number of short term bonds and these are still unpaid. The condition is one that must be considered with caution and judgment and the best business minds of the Soo will be needed during the next few years. If non-partisanship would bring about the desired end, then every interest should unite on that proposition. But if the scheme is to induct a few men into office with personal axes to grind without expense to themselves and without thought as to the town's welfare, then the old parties might as well continue to fight for the spoils that go with a partisan victory.

THE QUEEN OF S.

A correspondent sends an amusing story of a visit which the archbishop of Canterbury recently paid to a certain Sunday school. For a few minutes Dr. Davidson took in hand a class of small girls who were going over the story of Solomon. "Now," he asked, "who was the great queen who traveled so many miles and miles to see the king?" No one answered. "Why, you all know. The queen who came to see the king?" Still no one seemed to remember. "You do know, I am sure," persisted Dr. Davidson. "The name begins with S; and she was a very great queen." Just then a little hand shot up, and a shrill voice cried, "Please, I know, the Queen of Spades."—M. A. P.

When you want milk, cream, butter or buttermilk of the finest quality, call Marquette City Dairy. Bell phone 223.

F. H. VANDENBOOM, Prop. (1-22-1m)

Foley's Orino Laxative cures constipation and liver trouble and makes the bowels healthy and regular. Orino is superior to pills and tablets as it does not gripe or nauseate. Why take anything else? Sold by all druggists.

Drink Vandenboom's buttermilk. (1-22-1m)

For health and pure food use HUNT'S PERFECT Extracts and Baking Powder. They are always pure, uniform and reliable. All Grocers GET A CAN AND A BOTTLE TODAY.



SHIRT SALE

We offer today all our broken lots of Men's Negligee Shirts—this season's fashionable shades and figures, made in the regular and coat styles, cuffs attached or detached—at following reductions:

\$1.50 and \$1.25 Grades, \$1.00

\$2.50 and \$2.00 Grades, \$1.50

Jacob Rose The Store of Quality, Marquette.

NOTICE! Wood and Building Material

I am now getting in 16-inch Dry Hardwood by the carload, and delivering the same at the lowest cash price. Every cord piled before leaving my yard, and guaranteed full measurement.

GEORGE E. FRENCH, Marquette, Mich. Bell phone 184. 11-17-12

WANTED:

One Hundred Thousand Dollars IN ACCOUNTS FOR COLLECTION.

THE NORTHWESTERN COLLECTION AGENCY Marquette County Savings Bank Building. MARQUETTE MICHIGAN.



Opening Chorus, Act I, in "Honeymoon Trail," at the Marquette Opera House Tonight.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including "Paine New York", "closed", "was not", "wire", "trading", "document", "and it", "of the", "today", "time the", "probable", "consequ", "curious", "The St", "good su", "price ot", "tempera", "least a", "on steel", "regard a", "undoule", "verse aff", "tical con", "rther", "Turkey", "will be", "connecti", "the acti", "less favor", "Closing", "Annal...", "Smelter...", "Am. Lead...", "Arch...", "R. E. F...", "T. & O...", "C. F. & L...", "A. F. P...", "C. F. R...", "Corn Gas...", "C. & O...", "C. & O...", "Erie...", "pre...", "Ot. N. p...", "Ill. Con...", "Kan. C. p...", "L. & N...", "M. K. T...", "N. Pac..."

WHY ADVERTISE?

No one has yet discovered a recipe for perpetual motion—either in science or in business. Things move only when we move them.

You cannot keep advancing unless you keep pushing. Customers come to us because we constantly keep before them the ease and profit of dealing with us and our willingness to deal with them.

Marquette National Bank

Marquette, Michigan.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Paine, Webber & Co.'s Chicago correspondent at New York yesterday telegraphed as follows: "Aside from the bill issues, the list closed generally lower. The activity was not great in view of the continued trouble in the country over, and the trading was mostly by the professional element. The London market was mixed, and it was reported that quite a little of the stock purchased Monday and yesterday was liquidated today. At this time there is much discussion as to the probable extent of tariff revision, with consequent liquidation by holders of securities which are in fear of the same. The steel stocks have been sold on a good scale, but it is denied that the price setting of finished products is contemplated. However, it seems to be the general impression that there will be at least a moderate reduction in the tariff on steel goods and the uncertainty in regard to the extent of the same will undoubtedly continue to exert an adverse effect on values. The foreign political outlook is unsettled, on reports of further difficulties between Austria and Turkey, but it is thought that matters will be settled amicably. Until such connections are again firmly established, the action of the list will be more or less feverish."

Closing prices were as follows:

Table with columns for stock names and prices. Includes Amal., Am. Loco., B. R. T., C. & G., C. P. R., C. & W., Erie, Gl. N. P., Ill. Cen., Kan. C. So., Mo. Pac., N. Pac., Boston Stock Quotations.

Closing prices were as follows:

Table with columns for stock names and prices. Includes Adv., All., Amal., B. R. T., C. & G., C. P. R., C. & W., Erie, Gl. N. P., Ill. Cen., Kan. C. So., Mo. Pac., N. Pac., Boston Stock Quotations.

Copper Metal Prices.

New York, Feb. 17.—The London copper market was 5s lower today, at 53s, 7s, 6d for spot and 53s, 5s for futures. The local market was dull and with a declining tendency, with Lake quoted at 13.75@13.50, electrolytic at 13@13.12 1/2, and casting at 12.87 1/2@13.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—The bill campaign in wheat lapsed into extreme dullness today, the closing quotations being practically unchanged. Although the leading bulls gave support on the weak spots the demand was not active and the prices the greater part of the day were a trifle below the closing figures yesterday. The crippled wire service restricted operations. The feature was renewed selling of the July, which caused that option to rally comparatively weaker than the nearby delivery. The poor demand for cash wheat here and the slack demand for flour at the milling centers were the chief factors in the situation. The May opened at 114 1/2@115 1/2; highest, 114 1/2; lowest, 113 1/2; closing, 114 1/2.

Corn—Predictions of a liberal increase in shipments from interior points had depressing effect, and the sentiment was bearish nearly all day. The close was a shade to 1/4 lower. The May opened at 65 1/2@65 3/4; highest, 65 1/2; lowest, 65 1/4; closing, 65 1/2. This market secured a further advance, as buying by leading longs and

the entire controversy has been given L. Johnson, who, with his flowing beard and keen eye, has fought for segregation of school children from the first.

ISTHMIAN WORK GIVEN HIGH PRAISE

Mr. Taft's Special Board of eminent Civil Engineers Submits a Report, Commending Canal Methods and Construction.

Sending the Findings to Congress, the President Says They "Show It Would Be Inexcusable Folly to Change from the Lock to the Sea-Level Plan," and That the Only Pissible Ground for Criticism Is on the Score of Occasional Excessive Caution.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Any attack made hereafter on the lock type of the Panama canal, according to the opinion expressed by President Roosevelt in a message transmitting to congress today the report made by the engineers who recently visited the canal zone with President-elect Taft, "is in reality merely an attack upon the policy of building any canal at all." The report, in Mr. Roosevelt's opinion, "shows in clear and distinct fashion that the congress was wise in the position it took and that it would be an inexcusable folly to change from the proposed lock canal to a sea level canal."

"I commend to you," he says to congress, "the most careful consideration of the report. They show that the only criticism that can be made of the work on the isthmus is that there has sometimes been an excess of caution in providing against possible trouble. As to the Gatun dam, itself, they show that not only is the dam safe, but that on the whole the plan already adopted would have reduced the high water stage and according to their recommendation that the height be reduced by twenty feet, which changed plans I have accordingly directed."

President Roosevelt says that the engineers who made the report "are all the men in their profession, within and without the United States, the men who are on the whole best qualified to pass upon these very questions which they examined."

CALIFORNIANS BELLIGERENT. Fight Against Asiatics Has Just Begun on the Pacific Coast.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 17.—The recent heated debates in the legislature relative to the anti-Japanese legislation will go down in history as the greatest conflict in the state since the war with Mexico. In both houses were intense. The galleries were packed almost to the point of suffocation. Cool heads were scarce and excited that in the bitterness of their attacks they made statements which will have a long and bitter history. Friends who have worked together during the years of their legislative experience have become estranged and the greatest and most intense feeling ever known in the legislature has been aroused. All this has been caused primarily by the movement against the Japanese in California, but this would not have been in any degree so fierce a struggle had it not been for the strenuous action of the president in attacking such legislation as contrary to the best interests of the country at large and suggesting that it was unconstitutional.

This interference of the president is what aroused the independent feeling of the most ardent. While in their former moments the legislators would not have hesitated to accept the suggestion of the president of the United States in any matter affecting the country at large, they were annoyed by his telegraphic communication and the whole question soon became one not of admitting the Japanese to the school, but whether the president of the United States could interfere in state legislation or not.

"The most obvious bill has now been killed by a small majority. The governor, the president of the United States and a few coolheaded men are to be thanked for the defeat of this bill. Had it passed there is no question but that it would have involved first of all legal disputes which would have made the Japanese question a vital one, and secondly it would have worked great injury to the prestige of the country abroad."

President Roosevelt and the Japanese and American ambassadors have been actively working on this case for many months. Their policy has been one of diplomacy and there is no question but that they have gained more by political agreements between the two countries than could possibly have been gained by any legislative enactment of any individual state. There are certain agreements in which they have entered into which this segregation of Japanese children in California schools would have been a disaster. First of all, they have agreed to treat them as any other foreign-born children and are in honor bound to maintain the diplomatic policies inaugurated. It was for this reason that the president has taken such strenuous action in interfering with state legislation.

For the present, at least, the trouble is blowing over, but the question of Japanese immigration into the coast state is one which is a vital one in California and demands the most careful consideration in Washington. There is no question but that this complex problem can be handled in a diplomatic way entirely pleasing to both nations, and there is no disposition for any individual state taking action until it is proven that the national government is not handling the question properly. Perhaps the most picturesque figure in

the completion of the canal," they say "the wider canal is not as likely to be blocked as a narrower one."

They approve the change in the proposed location of the breakwater at the Panama canal. Their estimate of the complete cost of the canal is \$360,000,000. They say it is incorrect to state that the original estimate cost was \$140,000,000, as this did not include "sanitation and zone government. The estimate of the expense of sanitation and zone government and payments added, only \$143,000,000. "Of this amount," they say, "nearly one-half can be accounted for by the changes in the canal and appurtenant works already referred to and the remainder is to be attributed mainly to the higher unit cost of the different items of the work."

Commendation is expressed at the present condition of the work and the engineers voice the belief that "in no other great construction work has so much been done for employees in the way of necessities, comforts and luxuries of life at the cost of the work as has been done in this work. This is one reason for the high cost of the canal."

In their opinion "the work is well organized and is being conducted energetically and efficiently. They commend the medical and sanitary department "for its success in exterminating yellow fever and controlling malaria. We can see no reason," they add, "why the canal should not be completed, as estimated by the chief engineer, by the end of 1915, in fact it seems that a somewhat earlier completion is probable if all goes well."

Considering the cost and time of construction of a sea level canal as compared with the lock type, they hold that "most of the factors which would be in its favor are almost entirely nullified by the fact that the lock canal would operate with similar effect to increase the cost of the sea level canal, and at the present time there are additional factors of even greater importance to be considered as affecting the completion and cost of a sea level canal."

One of these they find in the Gatun dam. If work on this were to be started as soon as possible, they declare, it "could not be completed until after the time required for the completion of the lock canal. Further than this they say that "change in the type would result in abandoning work which represents large expenditures." They claim that by the change the river Chagres and the river on the isthmus tributary thereto, would be strong and according to their recommendation that the height be reduced by twenty feet, which changed plans I have accordingly directed."

Replying to the criticism that "the canal region is liable to earthquake shocks and that a sea level canal would be less subject to injury by earthquakes than a lock canal," they assert that "dams and locks are structures of great stability and little subject to damage by earthquake shocks" but that even if they could regard earthquakes as a source of serious danger to any type of canal on the isthmus "their effect upon the dams, locks and regulating works proposed for the sea level canal would be much the same as upon similar structures of the lock canal."

As to the question of water supply they are of the opinion that "the water supply is much greater than any need that can be reasonably anticipated that the best method of securing more water when the time of need arrives does not require to be considered now. They report that they can find no reason to apprehend that the water in the reservoirs through the ridges surrounding the Gatun dam, "while in our judgment," they add, "the bed of the lake will be practically impervious to water."

The engineers who composed the board are Frederick P. Stone, chief engineer, D. Huxley, Arthur P. Davis, Isham Randolph, Henry D. Allen, John H. Freeman and Allan Hazen.

FOUR SHOT-FIRERS ENTOMBED. Wrecked by Explosion, Illinois Mine Is Burning and Has Been Sealed.

Benton, Ill., Feb. 17.—A second explosion occurred in mine 18 of the Illinois Coal and Coke Co. today. It was more severe than the one of yesterday, which entombed four shot-firers. Soon after the first explosion the rescue party, when about twenty feet from the bottom of the mine, discovered the mine to be on fire, and returned to surface. The second explosion wrecked the mine, and as it is all on fire in the underground workings the four bodies never will be recovered.

New Castle, England, Feb. 17.—Twenty men were today found alive, but most of them injured, at the second level of the colliery at West Stanley where the disastrous explosion occurred yesterday.

FATHER AND SON PERISH IN STORM IN NEBRASKA.

Alliance, Neb., Feb. 17.—Word was received here today from the Southeast that Frank Eichtaler and his seven-year-old son were lost and frozen to death during the storm of last Saturday, while enroute home from Alliance.

Only 6 per cent of amputation cases result fatally at present, owing to the improvement in antiseptic surgery.

Dyspepsia Appendicitis BUT KODOL

PREVENTS DYSPEPSIA A great many persons do not know this—that such diseases as dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, flatulence, etc., are almost always followed close upon neglected indigestion. But there is little need of considering these facts, when Kodol will give such quick relief from the digestive disorders—and prevent all the serious consequences. Just as quickly as Kodol is taken into the stomach, it at once commences the perfect and natural digestion of all the food in the stomach. Our Guarantee. Get a dollar bottle if you are not benefited—the druggist will at once return your money. Don't hesitate; any druggist will sell you Kodol on these terms. The dollar bottle contains 25 times as much as the 50c bottle. Kodol prepared at the laboratories of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Advertisement for Washburn-Crosby Co. Gold Medal Flour. Text: "Don't Discharge the Cook Use GOLD MEDAL FLOUR The better the Flour, The better the bread. The better the bread, The better the baker. WASHBURN-CROSBY CO THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY FOR SALE BY YOUR GROCER"

ST. JAMES' COURT MAY GET DR. ELIOT.

Taft's Friends Believe Harvard's Head Will Be Ambassador.

OVERTURES ALREADY MADE.

Little Older Than Mr. Bryce, the Great Educator Is at the Zenith of His Powers—His Many Eminent Qualifications.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Among the men who may be chosen as the warm person to succeed Mr. Taft as ambassador to St. James' Court is Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president of Harvard University. It is believed that he may succeed Dr. Charles W. Eliot, the retiring president of Harvard University, to become the ambassador to the court of St. James, succeeding William Reid. Matters of this sort, as Senator Knox once said in relation to President McKinley's reputed desire to name a certain man to a high diplomatic post, are not usually stated. "They are rather the subject of delicate negotiation, and are sometimes over a period of months, in which the attitude of either side is gradually defined. Thus, whatever may be the issue, neither of the two parties chiefly concerned is exposed to a rebuff or humiliation. An offer is made, and the president ascertains the position taken by the other man. And no man is ever a candidate for a place of this sort. It must come to him by reason of fitness."

It is possible that not all men now in high official position have held to Senator Knox's rigid rule that "no man is ever a candidate for a place of this sort." But it is certain that Dr. Eliot is not. "On the other hand, it is equally true that delicate negotiations, to use the phrase quoted above, have been in progress for some time, and that Mr. Taft has expressed himself as a warm admirer of the man who in thirty-five years made Harvard one of the greatest universities, rather than an over-estimated colleague."

The extent to which these negotiations have progressed may not be stated, for they are as yet in a nebulous form, and may be dropped by either party without offence. It is not even known that Dr. Eliot would accept the ambassadorship if it were tendered to him. Nor is it known that Mr. Taft will ask him to take this, from an American viewpoint, the most important diplomatic place in Europe.

No Sudden Change.

But this much may be said in all conservatism. For the time being it is improbable that any change will be made in the ambassador to the court of St. James. Mr. Taft has caused it to be known that he will not take up matters relating to the diplomatic service until after he has been inaugurated.

His time is completely occupied by matters of more immediate importance. No change will be made until he has become accustomed to the routine of the executive office and has disposed of those things that require attention at once. Further, Mr. Taft has always been a believer in retaining in office those diplomats that have been particularly effective, and to a great extent in keeping them at the posts where they have proven themselves useful. The matter of substituting a successor to Ambassador Reid is one of the most important duties with which the new administration will be personally charged, and it will be deemed the subject of grave and long continued deliberation. It is believed in the inner circles, both in London and in Washington, however, that Ambassador Reid does not expect to retain his post under the incoming administration, and it is thought here that Mr. Taft is most favorably disposed toward Harvard's arduous, while enroute home from Alliance.

Little Older Than Bryce.

It will be urged against Dr. Eliot, of course, that he is an old man. He will celebrate his seventy-fifth birthday on March 20, sixteen days after the new president assumes his office. On the other hand, it may be said that he is as hale and hearty, as well preserved physically, and as fit mentally as he ever has been. He did not retire from the presidency of Harvard because he felt the weakness of age coming on him. On the other hand, as he has stated, he desired to leave his post in the possession of his powers, that he might devote the few years of life that remain to him in broadening an experience that has been the lot of but few men, and which has left an indelible imprint upon his time and his country.

From the time that he was one of the best of college orators, as a student, until the present day, he has cared for his body with reverence and knowledge. No day goes by that he does not take an hour of exercise. Whether it is walking, when he swings along the elm shaded streets at a pace that few undergraduates care to follow, or in his boat, he proves his possession of well-kept and flexible muscles. Today he is at the very zenith of his intellectual powers, and his retirement as president of Harvard was the signal for one of the most remarkable tributes ever paid a public man in the press of every state and almost every nation.

One of the most striking estimates of Dr. Eliot's greatness was that paid him by James Bryce, the British ambassador, at the dinner of the Harvard club of Chicago. Mr. Bryce is one of the intellectual leaders of Great Britain, a man whose achievements have been of incalculable value to the English-speaking race, and is himself seventy-one years old. In addressing the Harvard club, he made use of these expressions: "I have heard of a controversy in this country as to who was the most eminent man in the United States, and concerning this there has been a difference of opinion, but I have never heard any controversy relating to the second greatest man in the United States, and he is Charles W. Eliot, president of Harvard University. He has been great because of his wisdom, his courage, his sense of justice, and his friendship. I have known him for thirty-nine years, and he is the best friend I ever knew."

Intellectual Leader. Nor, in the estimation of those best qualified to judge, was Ambassador Bryce led astray by the fellowship of his generation. From the day, forty years ago, when he assumed the presidency of Harvard, and in the words of Oliver Wendell Holmes, "turned the university over like a flapjack," he has never ceased to be the unquestioned intellectual leader of his generation. Just after President Roosevelt began to savor the sweets of executive power, he once stated that "Dr. Eliot is the only man in the world I envy." Nor has that envy been confined to the strenuous president. Five years ago one of the most widely read and critical periodicals of the country said of him: "He stands among the foremost citizens of the United States. Were there a common denominator by which one could measure men of widely different talents and callings, he might easily rank the very first. This success is indubitably due in large part to a power which he wrought, like the force of a glacier, without haste and without rest."

Always he has been in the very first rank, from the day he answered the convulsion of one of the old fey members of Harvard's faculty, that "for eighty years we have been going on in the same orderly path and now, within three or four months, it is proposed to change all our modes. It seems very extraordinary, and I should like to know how it happens."

"I can answer that question very easily, said the grave, self-contained man of thirty-five years. 'There is a new president.' Of the changes he introduced in Harvard nothing need here be said, except to point out that his administration of that university's affairs raised him to the first rank among men of intellect. But he has not confined his activities to the narrow limits of the campus. It was he who first preached the 'strenuous life,' and told of the joy of work. For that he was lauded at in Faneuil Hall, and that he has not changed his method of thought."

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Not a Money Maker. He declared that the motive of exelling, the love of work, the play of mental power, should give the laborer more satisfaction than his wage. And no man has ever more valiantly lived up to his belief than he. His salary as president of Harvard was but \$9,000 a year, and the drains upon that comparatively meager sum were never ending. He leaves the university a poor man, comparatively speaking, in this world's goods, but incomparably rich in all the noblest aims of his country's greatest assets.

In Washington it is felt that Mr. Taft, himself a poor man, who has risen to his present height without ever feeling the need of stepping aside from the path of wealth, will not mind Dr. Eliot's lack of money as a bar to his usefulness in a diplomatic post. It has been generally understood that the elevation of David Jayne Hill—a poor man, but intellectually a great one—to the post at Berlin met with Mr. Taft's entire approval. More than that, it is believed by those who know him that he has felt that this country has done itself an injustice in recent years by making as a primary requisite for the selection of an ambassador or other important official in the diplomatic service the possession of great wealth. Mr. Taft's whole trend of thought, his training, his mode of life, causes him to attach far more importance to a man's strength than to his bank account. Nor will the presumed need of wide entertainment weigh heavily with Mr. Taft. It may be assumed that he is not in sympathy with the suggestion that an ambassadorship is primarily a social position, to which rides must be tied to the inner circles are above the key. Ambitions as they are known to be to make his administration not merely a successful one, but one which will rank with the great administrations of other years. Mr. Taft will pay first attention to the calibre of his ambassadors, and later on—if at all—to their ability in cotton and in the management of a score.

Pointed Way of Peace.

It is on these facts that Dr. Eliot's friends feel that their hope of seeing him the next ambassador to the court of St. James is firmly based. It was he who pointed out the simple method of insuring peace by disarmament by international agreement, along the lines of

the convention between the United States and Canada, which he regarded as a most remarkable precedent. It is he who called the "Seab" a national hero," and declared that "democracy must profoundly distrust the labor union's too frequent effort to restrict the efficiency and the output of the individual workmen." It was he who sharply rebuffed to Senator Goovers' plan that foreign workmen be kept out by the declaration that "when we begin to think that self-protection is a sound motive for dealing with men we are getting on dangerous ground."

For a revival of Dr. Eliot's achievements in forty years of leadership would occupy more space than any single newspaper could give. His preeminence among men of brain has been admitted so very recently with such enthusiastic unanimity that argument is unnecessary. And even though he be a poor man in money, his friends do not believe that is a bar in the eyes of William Howard Taft, the man who gave up a guarantee of \$100,000 a year to be a corporation lawyer in New York, and accepted a salary of \$9,000 a year to become a circuit judge in the service of the government.

A LAUGH OR TWO. That Legendary Briton.

One of the most striking examples of the obtuseness of your typical Englishman for certain brands of our American humor was the acceptance of the limberlock. There was a young man from Savannah, who slipped on a vacant banana. The words that he said: "When he fell on his head Wouldn't do for a Sunday school banner."

The Persevering Guesser.

Dr. Akeel, John D. Rockefeller's pastor, was praising the perseverance of the suffragettes, who, he said, "stood ready to undergo imprisonment and to sacrifice their lives to right what they decided an intolerable wrong."

"Then, with a smile, Dr. Akeel resumed: "It is amazing what perseverance will achieve. Even misdirected perseverance has achieved marvels. There is the case of Robson, the great Notts cricketer. "Robson, during his Australasian tour, was determined, one searching afternoon, that his side shouldn't do the hard work of fielding."

"Well, when the Australian captain spun the coin, Robson shouted: "Woman!"

"Then, seeing that heads lay uppermost, instead of acknowledging defeat Robson said, with perseverance and non-claudication: "Well, we'll go in!"

"But—er—I thought," said the puzzled Australian—"you see, I don't quite know the English meaning of 'woman.'" "Then," said Robson gallantly, "we'll toss again."

"The Australian made a second toss, Robson called heads, and tails came up. The ordinary man would at this point have surrendered in despair, but not so Robson. "Honors are now even," said he, with a pleasant smile. "On with the rubber."

"The Australian a third time flipped the coin, and having at last called the toss correctly, the persevering Robson hid his side to the shady benches."—Washington Star.

Eels and Tees.

Farmer Crab's brook is noted for the number and size of its eels. Fishing therein is "strictly prohibited," which in itself is attraction enough for the small boy. The other evening an urchin was leaving the neighborhood rather hurriedly, when a youthful friend inquired: "Caught anything, Bob?" "Yes," replied Bob. "Eel!" "No, fool?" His friend understood, and wisely decided to turn back with Bob.—Tit-Bits.

Unlucky Reference.

Judge Wicks, who used to reside in a Maryland court, was a great stickler for verifying the attorney's references. In pursuance of this custom he one day completely upset a young lawyer who was taking an eloquent flight. "If your honor please," he cried, bombastically, "it is written in the book of nature—"

"On what page, sir?" interrupted the judge, who not only caught the last words.—Globe Magazine.

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A TEARING TERRIBLE COUGH

bespeaks impending peril. Constant coughing irritates and inflames the lungs, invading the ravaging attacks of deadly disease. PISO'S Cure soothes and heals the inflamed surfaces, clears the clogged air passages and stops the cough. The first dose will bring surprising relief. PISO'S Cure has held the confidence of people everywhere for half a century. No matter how serious and obstinate the nature of your cold, or how many remedies have failed, you can be convinced by a fair trial that the ideal remedy for such conditions is

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CHANGE OF PROGRAM

ADMISSION 10c TO ALL.

Matinees Monday's and Saturday's. Adults 10c; children, 5c.

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Every day from March 1 to April 30, low fares to Pacific Coast and to intermediate points, via the

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LYMAN H. HOWE'S MOVING PICTURES OF WILBUR WRIGHT'S CONQUEST OF THE AIR

At Ishpeming Theatre tomorrow night and Monday night.

Ishpeming Department

Additional Ishpeming, on Page 7. BACK FROM NORTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE TODAY

PROFESSOR BARBOUR, OF YPSILANTI, AND PROFESSOR CALKINS, OF MOUNT PLEASANT, WILL CONDUCT THE SESSIONS HERE.

The teachers' annual institute for Marquette county will be held in the auditorium of the Ishpeming new high school today and tomorrow. Most of the public schools of the county will be dismissed for the two days, and it is expected that almost all the teachers will attend the institute.

Professor Barbour of Ypsilanti will act as conductor, and Professor Calkins of Mount Pleasant will be the instructor. The programs for the two days will be as follows:

—Thursday Morning—
9:00 Whitman's "My Captain"—Professor Barbour.
9:20 What is Geography?—Professor Calkins.
10:20 Recess. Visit and become acquainted.
10:25 Music.
10:35 Fundamental Construction in Grammar—Professor Barbour.
—Thursday Afternoon—
1:30 Home Geography—Professor Calkins.
2:20 Recess.
2:35 Music.
2:45 English Composition—Professor Barbour.
3:40 Questions.

—Friday Morning—
9:00 Hiawatha, Professor Barbour.
9:45 Singing by Institute.
10:00 Maps, Their Language and Their Use—Professor Calkins.
10:50 Recess.
11:00 Music.
11:10 The Educational Value of Language Study—Professor Barbour.
—Friday Afternoon—
1:30 Relation of Geography and History—Professor Calkins.
2:20 Recess.
2:35 Music.
2:45 Literature a Recreation for the Tired Teacher—Professor Barbour.

Art Exhibit Closes Tonight.

The art loan exhibit in the assembly room of the grammar school attracted a large number of visitors yesterday afternoon and evening. The programs were well given, the children singing their songs in excellent style. Several primary classes gave selections in costume, which were well received by the audience. Encores were many and were responded to with ready will by the children. The evening program by the fifth and sixth grades was especially well rendered.

This afternoon the exhibit will be open to the teachers in attendance at the institute. The following program will be given:

Sword of Ferrara.....
Boys' Glee Club.....
Piano solo, "Come Back to Erin".....
Miss Myrtle Quayle.....
Solo, selected.....
By: Robbins.....
Reading, selected.....
Mrs. Rushmore.....

LONG DISTANCE RACE.

Ishpeming Finnish Organization Will Conduct Tournament Monday.

The Finnish Athletic club will hold its fourth annual long distance ski tournament next Monday morning, commencing at 9 o'clock, at the Union park. The distance to be covered by the participants will be six miles, or twelve laps. Four of Ishpeming's fastest riders are now practicing for the event and it is expected that from four to eight Negaunee men will enter. The first prize will be \$20 in cash; second, \$15; third, \$10. The arrangement committee may decide to give a fourth prize of \$5.

Last year's race at the park was witnessed by a large crowd and were exciting, as the leading men were close at the finish. The six miles were covered in a little over forty-six minutes, which was nearly six minutes faster than the same race had been made in the previous year. Entries for Monday's contest can be made with Alex Pantti, corner Division and Second streets.

GREAT AMERICAN PLAY.

"Paid in Full" Here Next Tuesday. Praised by New York Paper.

The New York Globe in speaking of Wagnhals & Kemper's production of "Paid in Full," which comes to Ishpeming theater next Tuesday evening, said "The quality which makes 'Paid in Full' of value is its absolute fidelity to the real things in life. One might have been watching a room from which the fourth wall was removed. The characters are severely interesting. They are familiar types grouped around a familiar topic, and if the ultimate conclusion leaves something to be desired, one can only further compliment the author on his faithfulness to a popular point of view. Such criticism as can be raised against 'Paid in Full' cannot be applied wholesale. We cannot close without a line to Mr. Kemper, under whose direction the play was staged. His moves in the same orbit with Mr. Belasco. There is an ease and naturalness in 'Paid in Full' which does credit to the American stage."

REVOLTS AT COLD STEEL.

"Your only hope," said three doctors to Mrs. M. E. Fisher, Detroit, Mich., suffering from severe rectal trouble, lies in an operation. "Then I used Dr. King's New Life Pills," she writes, "and I was cured." They prevent Appendicitis, cure Constipation, Headache, etc. at The Stafford Drug Co.

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The above is the name of a German chemical, which is one of the many valuable ingredients of Foley's Kidney Remedy. Hexamethylenetetramine is recognized by medical text books and authorities as a uric acid solvent and antiseptic for the urine. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy as soon as you notice any irregularities, and avoid a serious malady. Sold by all druggists.

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CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

T. F. COLE HONORED.

T. F. Cole, the well-known mining man, will represent the state of Minnesota at the inaugural ball in Washington on March 4. This is an honor that many prominent Minnesota men sought, and it is said that Mr. Cole was selected without any special effort being made by his friends. There will be only one special representative from each state. Mr. Cole left Duluth Sunday night for Nevada to inspect the Giroux Consolidated company's mines. G. A. Newett of this city was a member of the party. They are expected back about the first of the month.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Gwin State Savings Bank,

At Gwin, Michigan, at the close of business, February 15, 1909, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

Loans and discounts	\$27,782.00
Real estate mortgages	17,543.94
Furniture and fixtures	5,407.33
Current expenses, interest and taxes paid	1,233.18
Items in transit	1,124.62
Due from banks in reserve	8,853.37
U. S. and National Bank Currency	2,967.09
Gold coin	1,077.50
Silver coin	1,058.19
Nickels and cents	215.89
Checks, and other cash items	10,881.86
Total	162,764.15

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus fund	2,500.00
Commercial deposits	\$31,461.51
Due to banks and bankers	233.53
Certified checks	300.00
Savings certificates	11,529.21
Reserve for interest	\$5,169.15
Reserve for taxes	68.00
Total	\$62,764.15

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF MARQUETTE, ss.
I, H. H. McMillan, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of February, 1909.
JOHN L. KRISTOS, Notary Public.
My commission expires July 2nd, 1912.

CORRECT—Attest:
W. F. BOWKINS, C. E. JACKSON, C. V. E. THOMPSON, Directors.

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RAILWAY DODGES THE BIG CLIMBS.

Pacific Coast Extension of the Canadian Northern.

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Only One Mountain Range Instead of Three and an Elevation of Only 3,700 Feet.

Winnipeg, Feb. 17.—The announcement that the Canadian Northern railway will extend its line to Vancouver, giving the United States as well as Canada a new route to the Pacific, has been officially confirmed. Negotiations to secure the assistance of the provincial government of British Columbia, it may be assumed, have been successful and work will probably be begun by summer. The importance to the United States of this latest move of the Canadian road builders lies in the fact that one of the terminals of the Canadian Northern is now in this country as a result of the purchase of the Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg railway which was announced less than two months ago. This line put Duluth for the first time on a direct short line between Chicago and Winnipeg and insured to the United States a large share in the shipments to and from the prairie provinces of Western Canada. The Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad was also affected by the change in control.

The new line will be the seventh trans-continental railroad to be built across western America, and will be unique in its engineering features. The route as planned runs from Edmonton which is the present western terminus of the railroad through the Rocky Mountains at the Yellow Head Pass down the North Thompson river in British Columbia to the intersection of the Fraser river and from there through to New Westminster and Vancouver. By this route the road will cross but one range of mountains, and that at an elevation of only 3,700 feet. All the systems in this country have three ranges of mountains, the Rockies, the Sierras, the Coast range. The Union Pacific crossed the highest point at an elevation of 8,000 feet. This means that the Canadian Northern railway will have very favorable grades both from Port Arthur and from Duluth to the sea. The present lines of the Canadian Northern form a network of rails covering the richest sections of Manitoba and Saskatchewan and connecting the ports of Port Arthur and Fort William on Lake Superior with Edmonton in Alberta. Further extensions are planned to Calgary in southern Alberta and to Toronto and Ottawa to the East.

The Canadian Northern has the unique record of having extended its lines at the rate of a mile a day for eleven years. Obstacles which have checked railroad building in the United States have not had effect north of the boundary line and Canada now has more rail road mileage per capita than any other country on the globe. This is partly due to the enterprise of men in charge of the Canadian provinces, particularly the wheat growing provinces, which have been coming up by leaps and bounds. Much of this wheat traffic is now handled by the Canadian Northern which has enormous docks and terminal facilities at Port Arthur, including the largest grain elevator in the world.

The project of continuing the company's lines to the coast had been under consideration for several years but the first hint that it was an immediate possibility was contained in a speech made by D. D. Mann, vice president of the

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If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant herb relief from Women's Ills, try Mother Gray's "KIDNEY PILLS". It is a safe, reliable regulator, and relieves all Female Weaknesses, including Irritation and abnormalities. Mother Gray's "KIDNEY PILLS" is sold by Druggists or sent by mail for 50 cts. Sample sent FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

road, in Victoria only a few days prior to the official announcement. In this speech he said: "It is our particular ambition to construct our own line of railway from the shores of the Atlantic to the Pacific coast. I have called upon the premier of this province with the view of seeking such assistance from the provincial government as will enable us and at no distant date to build our trans-continental road right down through your province, until it reaches tidewater."

He added then: "I may say that the Canadian Northern Railway company has at the present time 4,100 miles of its road completed and in full operation, of which over 3,000 miles lie between the Great Lakes and the foot-hills of the Rockies; while we intend to complete 2,000 additional miles in the near future. Of all the bond guarantees which we have received from the Dominion and the provinces during the last twelve or fifteen years no contributing government has ever yet been called upon to pay a single dollar.

"These lines of railway, which we are building over the prairies in the north-western provinces, will moreover not only reach every competitive point but will also minister to the needs of at least 75 per cent of the entire population of these prairie provinces. During the last seven years 122,000 settlers have annually come into these rich and inviting tracts between the shores of the Great Lakes and of the Rocky Mountains, a great movement of population which has been largely and directly connected with the opening up of the Saskatchewan Valley and the steady construction of the Canadian Northern railway.

Few careers are so picturesque as those of William Mackenzie and D. D. Mann, the men who first conceived a second western railroad for Canada and whose energy and determination built it up into a great system. Mackenzie is a Scot, a man who began his life work by working on a farm. His first railroad experience was obtained building bridges for the Canadian Pacific railroad. Mann, the vice president, is a Canadian product. He is the operating man of the pair. Like Mackenzie he rose by his own efforts in this case from a farm. Now he controls the workings of nearly 5,000 miles of railroads, and is planning the details of extensions that will mount up to nearly as many miles again.

NO DUTY ON HUMMING BIRDS.

But There's a Texas Law Against Serving Them for Dinner.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Humming birds may be killed and eaten as freely as chickens, as far as the United States customs tariff is concerned. The treasury officials, acting simply as human beings, have been deeply interested in the reported purpose of a man in San Antonio, Texas, to provide his guests at a dinner with five hundred humming birds which he has ordered from Tampico. The Texas law, however, is another matter. Within two weeks the Texas court of criminal appeals has decided in favor of the constitutionality of the act making it a punishable offense to have in possession dead birds other than game birds, and if the proper initiative is taken, there is nothing to prevent this package of humming birds from being seized by local officials on its arrival from Mexico, and the person having custody of it fined for the possession of every bird. Dr. T. W. Palmer, chief of the division of game preservation of the bureau of biological survey, also is acting in the interest of the Audubon society. He has been following the Texas case with interest, and said today that he contemplated informing the Texas authorities of the fact and requesting that action be

ISHPEMING

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Mrs. Charles J. Anderson and daughter, Teckla, left for Chicago this morning.

A Temperance rally will be held Sunday afternoon at the Swedish Methodist church.

Joseph Shied, a former resident, is here from Milwaukee on a visit to friends.

S. P. Todd and wife of the Gwinn Hotel, on the Svanoy range, were visitors in the city yesterday.

John Ward, conductor on the Chicago & Northwestern system, is filling James Wall's place during the latter's absence.

A number of the boys of the city are trying out their dogs on Main street, in preparation for the dog race next Monday morning.

Miss Maggie Heelo, employed as clerk in N. E. Skid's dry goods store, yesterday submitted to an operation for appendicitis at Dr. Liegren's hospital, where she had been confined for a week.

Members of Hematite lodge, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, are decorating Braastad's Hall for the society's eighth annual ball, to be held tomorrow night. Several hundred tickets have been sold.

The senior class of the Ishpeming High school will conduct a hop tonight at Braastad's Hall. Several hundred invitations have been issued to Ishpeming and Negaunee people and it is expected that there will be a large attendance.

The late Mrs. Wall, wife of Conductor James Wall, who died Monday at her home in Green Bay, was known to many here in this case from a farm. Now he controls the workings of nearly 5,000 miles of railroads, and is planning the details of extensions that will mount up to nearly as many miles again.

A Union soldier, George Middleton, of Chicago, has sent to Col. W. B. Halleman, of Louisville, Ky., a contribution of \$50 toward a proposed monument to Gen. John H. Morgan, the famous Confederate cavalry leader.

Cultivating Slimness.

Fat women must take this injunction to heart if they want to be in style for the new modes will not drape over a fat figure.

The fat has got to come off quickly without harm, of course, and this means only one thing can be depended upon. Excessive or dieting are too slow. The fat woman who wants to wear a form-fitting gown must make an immediate trip to her druggist and get a case of Marmola Prescription Tablets, which will cost her about 75 cents, applying one of these after each meal and at bedtime should be enough to bring her to the "losing-a-pound-a-day" stage before even the first case is used up.

It is hardly believable that such delightful results can be obtained without harm and for such a small sum of money, but then, fact is stranger than fiction.

Test the effect of these tablets by getting a case yourself, either from the Marmola company, Detroit, Mich., or from any druggist. They are made in exact accordance with the famous Marmola Prescription and, consequently, can not have any ill effects.

Negaunee Department

TO PUSH INTERIOR FINISHING WORK

LARGE FORCE OF CARPENTERS AND PAINTERS WILL BE EMPLOYED AT THE NEW HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING, STARTING NEXT TUESDAY MORNING.

L. E. Chaussee will put several carpenters at work next Tuesday in the new high school building. The finishing work, has been held back until the plaster become thoroughly dry, but it can now be started in practically all of the third floor rooms, and it is expected that the second floor rooms will be ready by the time the casings and doors are in place on the first floor. The plasterers will complete work on the first floor this week. Mr. Chaussee has hired several carpenters during the past few days and has instructed all of them to report for duty Tuesday morning. As practically all of the finishing material has been received it is expected that the work will proceed without interruption until it is finished.

J. W. Elliott, who has the contract for the painting, will have a force of men following up the carpenters as closely as possible and it is expected that the day before the building is ready to be finished within a short time after the carpenters complete their work. It is the wish of members of the board of education, as well as the contractor, that the school be entirely completed early in June. It is planned to hold the 1906 graduating exercises in the new auditorium.

The painting will be a big job and Mr. Elliott intends to put his entire force on it. Being a member of the board of education, he is particularly eager to have the building finished at the specified time.

There will be work on the grounds the greater part of the summer. There are several hundred loads of sand to remove, and it will be a big job to make a lawn.

DIED AT HOSPITAL.

Young Finn, in Country Less Than a Year, Buried Yesterday.

Anti Heikkanen, aged twenty-four years, who came out from Finland last spring, died Monday afternoon at the Negaunee hospital and his funeral was held yesterday afternoon from the Heikkanen's undertaking rooms, on West Iron street.

The deceased was taken ill with typhoid fever shortly after his arrival here and he had not fully recovered from the disease when he was removed to the hospital, and he was finally removed to the hospital, and it was seen when he was received that he would probably not recover.

The deceased leaves a widow and two babies living in Finland. A brother, Sali Heikkanen, is the only relative residing in Negaunee.

NO SNOW IN OLD COUNTRY.

Andrew Butiney, a native of Poland, who has resided in Negaunee for a number of years, recently returned from the old country where he spent a year or more. He was accompanied to the city by a young countryman who is to visit here. While away Mr. Butiney was married and his wife will join him here in about two months. Before starting across the ocean Mr. Butiney visited a number of the foreign countries and he was surprised to find that there was no snow anywhere he went. He reports that this is the first winter in several years that there has been no snow in Poland.

INJURED AT EMPIRE MINE.

Matt Salmi, an old resident of Palmer, who has been employed at the Empire mine, is confined to the Negaunee hospital as a result of injuries received Tuesday by falling through a raise. Although Salmi fell only about ten feet he was rendered unconscious and remained in that condition for several hours after arriving at the hospital. He is an elderly man and his family resides at the Palmer location. His condition is serious, but it is thought that he will recover.

TICKETS WENT WITH RUSH.

There has been an unusually big demand for reserved seat tickets for the entertainment to be given tomorrow night at McDonald's opera house, under the direction of Mrs. Anna Trach, for the benefit of St. Paul's church. The seat sale opened yesterday morning at J. E. O'Donoghue's drug store and in less than an hour the greater part of the reserved section was sold out. The net proceeds of the sale will be used for much needed repairs at the parsonage.

Count the cups and count the cost. Much is saved by using "Santal" Tea. Sold only in sealed lead packets to preserve its native purity and delicious flavor. At all grocers.

SALOONISTS' HEARING.

Ishpeming Temperance Men to Be Witnesses Against Negaunee Dealers.

Since the announcement early in the week that C. H. Rutledge, the anti-saloon league organizer, had entered complaint against three Negaunee liquor dealers, charging them with violating the law, many here have wondered who secured the evidence for Rutledge, as it was positively known that he had not visited any of the Negaunee saloons, though he has been a frequent visitor here during the past month. Marshal Frearvor of Ishpeming served the warrants on Oral J. Lacombe and Joseph Lacombe Tuesday and on James Gaffney yesterday, and they were ordered to appear at Judge Andrews court in Ishpeming this morning at 9 o'clock for their hearing.

While Rutledge is the complainant in all three cases, the evidence will be given by three members of the Finnish Temperance society, all living at Ishpeming. Mike Sytka, president of the National Brothers' Temperance association, will be one of the witnesses, and Emil Lindon will be another. The name of the third had not been secured by the judge yesterday, but it is understood that the trio will be on hand this morning, accompanied by Mr. Rutledge.

The witnesses claim to have visited the places of the liquor dealers arrested on Sunday, Jan. 31. They alleged that they were in each place twice and that they saw men buying drinks, though they did not purchase any themselves. They merely went into the places and stood around for a while, watching what was going on. The outcome of the hearing will be awaited with interest here.

ORGANIZE TOMORROW NIGHT.

The Negaunee tent of the Maccabees of the World will be organized tomorrow evening by A. P. Crooker, the state deputy commander, and his assistant, Alfred Hebbard, Jr. The meeting is to be held in the room of St. George hall in the Mulvey block. The committee appointed some time ago to secure a permanent meeting place have completed arrangements with the officers of the Sons lodge to use this hall. The new tent will start with a membership of twenty-five, but it is expected that several more applications will be rounded up before the deputies leave the city.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Frank Farrell, of Munising, visited relatives in Negaunee yesterday.

J. E. Suess was confined to his home Tuesday and yesterday with a severe cold.

John Meish, an old resident of Negaunee, left yesterday for Allegan and Detroit, where he will spend three or four weeks visiting relatives.

John F. Allison, the jeweler, announces in this issue, that he will conduct auction sales at his store, starting next Saturday afternoon and continuing until the stock is disposed of.

George McEnclon, an old and well-known resident of Little Lake, was in the city yesterday. He has been engaged by L. E. Chaussee to do carpenter work at the high school.

Peter Mattsson announces in this issue that he is prepared to give instructions on the violin. He already has a number of pupils. Mr. Mattsson spent ten weeks at the Chicago Musical college taking instructions and is said to be a competent teacher.

Gillard Bros. of the Family theater, who are to give up McDonald's opera house Friday and Saturday as an adjunct of St. Paul's church entertainment, will give moving picture performances both evenings at Riverside hall at Princeton. They will operate their moving picture machine with a calcium outfit.

The employees of the Jackson, Maas and Negaunee mines were paid yesterday. The men at the Regent and Hartford properties, operated by the Ojibwa Iron Mining company, will receive their checks today; the workmen at the Cambria and Lillie mines will be paid tomorrow and those at the Mary Charlotte and Rolling Mill properties Saturday.

L. E. Chaussee, the contractor, who has been confined to his home the past three weeks with an injured foot, caused by stepping on a nail, was out Tuesday for the first time since the day following the accident, but it will perhaps be a week or two before he will be able to walk without the aid of a crutch or cane. A delegation of members of English Oak lodge, Sons of St. George, will attend an entertainment of members of the several organizations of the county at the Woodmen's hall in Ishpeming tonight. The meeting is to be conducted under the auspices of Sir Humphrey Davy lodge of Ishpeming.

Several of the Negaunee Finnish divers have been practicing the past few weeks for the long distance races that are to take place before the close of the season. The first one will be held next Monday morning at 9 o'clock at the Union Park, under auspices of the Finnish Athletic club of Ishpeming. The Negaunee club has not yet decided on a date for its long distance tournament, but it will probably be held either on the first or second Sunday in March at Teal Lake. The distance to be covered in the Ishpeming races will be six miles, or twelve times around the track. The first prize will be \$20 in cash; second, 15; third, \$10. It is also likely that a fourth prize of \$5 will be given. Riders must pay an entrance fee of \$1.

THE SECRET OF LONG LIFE.

A French scientist has discovered the secret of long life. His method deals with the blood. But long ago millions of Americans had proved Electric Bitters prolongs life and makes it worth living. It purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood, rebuilds wasted nerve cells, imparts life and tone to the entire system. It's a godsend to weak, sick and debilitated people. "Kidney trouble has plagued my life for months," writes W. M. Sherman, of Cushing, Me. "But Electric Bitters cured me entirely." Only 50c. at The Stafford Drug Co.

PNEUMONIA FOLLOWS LA GRIPPE

Pneumonia often follows la grippe but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, for la grippe coughs and deep seated colds. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. Sold by all druggists.

Auction Sale

...OF...

Jewelry Watches Clocks, etc

...AT...

J. F. ALLISON'S

Sundberg Block, COMMENCING

Saturday, Feb. 20, at 2:30,

Continuing every afternoon at 2:30 and evening at 7:30, until the entire stock is sold out.

Great Bargains. Don't miss it.

WANTED

Class for Instructions in Violin by

Peter Mattson

who spent 10 weeks at the Chicago Musical College.

For particulars call at City Drug store.

We guarantee our work and the goods we sell

Fred J. Merten

JACKSON STREET.

The Old Reliable Plumbing House.

Bell Phone, 134. County, 123.

Menominee River Brewing Co.'s

Fine Old

Bock Beer

on tap today

Feb. 18

at the following places:

J. LACOMBE'S,

O. LACOMBE'S,

"GLOOMY GUS,"

"CHERRY HALL,"

OPERA HOUSE,

MONTREAL HOUSE,

PILO'S,

U. D. HOTEL,

LAUGHLIN'S.

Bottled BOCK

Ready Feb. 23

Price \$1 10 per case

Phone your order early

Supply limited.

D. McDonald

Wholesale Agent

Opera House Block,

Negaunee.

HARD WOOD

16-inch

\$5.50 PER LOAD

Independent Lumber & Coal Company

Cut Flowers

Roses, Carnations, Narcissus, Violets, Daffodils, Callas, and Lillies of the Valley.

Potted Plants in Bloom

Cinerarias, Azalias, Primroses, Cyclamens, Hyacinths, and Daffodils.

PALMS AND FERNS

Floral Designs a Specialty. Prompt shipments to all parts of the Upper Peninsula.

Telegraph or telephone orders given prompt attention.

NEGAUNEE NURSERY & GREENHOUSES

Wholesale and Retail Florists, NEGAUNEE, MICH.

The Best Spring Water on Earth

IS USED IN MAKING

"Drei Kaiser"

Bottled Beer

Along with the better grade of Malt and Hops. A trial order will convince you. Your doctor will tell you that it is health-giving.

U. P. BREWING CO.

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

Special Engagement **Ishpeming Theatre** Tuesday February 23

The Wagenhals & Kemper Co. offer Eugene Walter's great American play

"PAID IN FULL"

With the same excellence of production and brilliance of cast that characterized its sensational engagement. 2 years in New York, 6 months in Chicago.

PRICES: Lower Floor, \$1 and \$1.50; Balcony, 75c and \$1; Gallery, 50c; Box Seats, \$1.50 and \$2

Mail orders filled in the order in which they are received. On account of the vast local interest taken in this engagement the management requests that patrons make their reservations early in order to protect themselves. NO PHONE ORDERS ACCEPTED.

Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, including "k", "ings rates", "er. ashier", "he of asher", "D.", "ITION", "s Bank", "of business, on the Commis-", "above named above state- knowledg and N. Cashier", "me this 10th KESTON, ary Public, 1912.", "Directors.", "NG", "19", "b. 22", "York", "NH.", "E", "d after quake.", "MPLETE PRDS OF ZONE.", "ws balcony,allery, 25c.", "W."

COURT CALENDAR FOR THE FEBRUARY TERM

WHAT WILL COME BEFORE JUDGE STONE AT THE SESSION TO BEGIN TUESDAY.

TWELVE CRIMINAL CASES

Many Alleged Statutory Offenses of Interest, But Civil Docket Is Very Light.

The February term of circuit court will open next Tuesday. The calendar, which is now in the hands of the printer, shows that twelve criminal cases are to come up for hearing, while the civil docket is unusually light.

There are two criminal cases that are likely to be watched with more than ordinary interest. One of these is that against Nicholas Talo, who is charged with having murdered Anton Pelton at the Austin location last November.

The other case referred to is that against Richard Moross and Ed. Peterson, who are charged with burglarizing the dwelling of A. J. Yungbluth at Ishpeming.

This case is of especial interest because of the notoriety of Moross, who has a long prison record, and the fact that he has steadfastly maintained that he was innocent to prove his innocence, in spite of the apparently open and shut evidence against him.

The other criminal actions are for larceny, rape, assault and battery and violations of the liquor laws.

The civil docket contains one personal injury case and two divorce cases, but the remainder are of minor importance to the general public.

Cases on the Calendar.

The People vs. Nicholas Talo; murder.

The People vs. Robert Ray; larceny from dwelling.

The People vs. Elias Maki; assault with intent to do great bodily harm, etc.

The People vs. Victor Saffo; violation of the liquor law.

The People vs. John T. Neim; violation of the liquor law.

The People vs. William Hawes; violation of the liquor law.

The People vs. John Talo; assault with intent to do great bodily harm, etc.

The People vs. Michael Tasson; assault and battery, appeal.

The People vs. Richard Moross and Edward Peterson; burglary.

The People vs. Owen O'Neil and Frederick Lamore; assault.

The People vs. John Chirio; violation of the liquor law.

The People vs. George Raymond; larceny.

Finest Orchard vs. The Babcock & Wilcox Co.; assumpsit.

Swan Hendrickson vs. The Foundation Company; assumpsit.

Leo F. Hale and Lot Nevius vs. Germania Fire Insurance Company; assumpsit.

K. W. Hexter and S. M. Hexter vs. Frank G. Jenks; assumpsit.

Robert A. Maclean vs. Carrie Hallam, Laura Manthei, Anton Manthei, Lizzie Manthei, Ida Lang, Clara Maek, Mammie Kremer and John F. Maek, Jr.; case.

Ternard Cairbro vs. James McQuillan; assumpsit.

City of Marquette vs. Fremont C. Virgeant and Arthur C. Newton; to recover license.

Abnet N. Broadhead, William Broadhead and Sheldon Broadhead, under the firm name of Broadhead & Sons, vs. Lewis Grabower; assumpsit.

Gustav Loehman vs. John A. Dexter; assumpsit.

The Thomas Briggs Shoe Company, a corporation, vs. Jacob Friedman; assumpsit.

William C. Weber vs. Mrs. Henry McKenzie, Archie McKenzie, George M. Stephens, Horace W. Avery, Addie Faup, E. E. Critz, Alice Titus, Victoria L. Gray, Frances Gray Swimmer, Harold M. Gray, Mazie Gray, William M. Gray, Jr., Georgiana A. Hallier, Marie L'Huilier, Hogan, Clara E. L'Huilier Chambers, Joseph Green and Cyril Morin, alias Cyril Murray; bill to quiet title.

Walter Lattrel vs. Mary Lattrel; divorce.

James H. Knowles vs. San Simon Copper Company; specific performance.

Lydin Cadotte vs. Frederick Cadotte; divorce pro confesso.

TAX TITLES GOOD.

Recent Decision of Supreme Court Will Save Land Owners Trouble.

Speculators in tax titles in this locality will be interested in a decision handed down by the supreme court a few days ago, which will probably put an end to the practice of going into court with bills to quiet title.

The court taxed the plaintiff with costs and said there was no justification for the action.

It is claimed by some persons that a tax title is not as saleable as other deeds and in consequence the former owner has been forced into court to defend a suit to quiet title, when in fact he makes no claim to the property in question.

It has frequently cost former owners of such property from \$75 to \$100. In the eyes of the law tax titles are good, therefore this practice will not be tolerated by the courts.

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE.

Our regular Semi-Annual Clearing Sale in all departments is now going on. THE BEE HIVE, L. Getz, (11-10-14)

HARDWOOD FLOORING.

We deliver direct from our dry kilns. No shrinking or warping after being laid. Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co. (9-23-14)

Honore coughs and stuffy colds that may develop into pneumonia over night are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar, and it soothes inflamed membranes, heals the lungs, and expels the cold from the system. Sold by all druggists.

TESTS NOT ENCOURAGING.

Attempts to Sink Trial Wells Frustrated by Clay and Rock.

The labors of yesterday in sinking test holes north of Lighthouse point for the purpose of getting water from the lake by filtration were attended with little different results than those of preceding days. In no case has it been possible to go more than thirty-two feet below the surface without striking rock, and in order to carry out the plan of getting water by filtration from the lake, as recommended by the special committee of the water board, it would be necessary to sink a well at least fifty feet deep below rock was struck. The committee expects to sink one more trial hole about 300 feet north of the foot of Hewitt avenue today, and if no different results are obtained, the original plan will probably be abandoned as impractical, because of the uniform presence of rock near the surface.

However, the nature of the strata found in all of the test holes sunk leads Mr. Young of the water board, to believe that successful results may possibly be obtained by a filtration plant of a somewhat different nature than the one first proposed. A strata of sand, six feet thick, resting on a rock, has been found about ten feet below the surface of the lake, in most of the places where holes have been put down. Under similar circumstances, other cities have installed what is known as a filtration gallery with successful results. The idea is to allow the water to filter laterally through from 100 to 200 feet of sand into a well or reservoir, using some device to prevent the sand getting into the storage well with the water. If such a plant were installed on the city property adjoining the government reservation, the filtered water would come out of the sand within fifty feet of the present storage well, and could easily be piped into the present receptacle for the intake pipe. Whether or not a filtration gallery system could be installed here with satisfactory results is, however, merely a matter of conjecture, and either expert opinions or experimental tests would be necessary before the efficacy of such a scheme could be demonstrated.

THEATRICAL.

"Honeymoon Trail."

"Honeymoon Trail," the latest La Salle theater success, from the pen of Hough Adams and Howard, is the attraction to be seen at the opera house tonight. It is regarded as the most elaborately staged piece the management has attempted. The scenes are laid in California, and the story deals with the patients and guests of "Sleep Hollow Rest Cure," a retreat for overworked business men, and those of "Liberty Hall," a divorce colony hotel. The plot has been treated in a farcical spirit, from which numerous complications arise. A carefully selected cast of well-known players includes Harry Stone, W. H. St. James, Alma Youlin, Albert Hart, George Fox, the famous La Salle brothers, and a chorus of forty.

"Paid in Full."

The Wagenhals and Kemper company announce an elaborate production of the great play of contemporary American life, "Paid in Full," by Eugene Walter, at the Marquette Opera House on Wednesday night. In the presentation of the Wagenhals and Kemper company of it, they will have one of the most notable acting companies in America and the production here will be as complete as that given at the beautiful Astor theater, New York, where it is now in its second year, and for six months at the Grand Opera House, Chicago. "Paid in Full" has been endorsed by the critics as the greatest play since the days of "The Banker's Daughter" and "Jim the Penman." Seat sale opens Monday morning.

WON TWO OUT OF THREE.

The Wolverines defeated the Eagles in the bowling match at the alleys last evening. The scores were:

	Tot.
Conklin	156 162 115 433
Peterson	131 139 137 407
Wheeler	124 139 136 399
L-Faye	120 129 121 370
Miller	108 137 183 308
Totals	699 726 692 2117
Wolverines	185 159 128 472
L-3-b	136 132 134 402
C. Drake	155 147 122 424
A. Anderson	126 102 110 408
Mancos	131 133 164 428
Totals	763 753 658 2174

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Democratic convention for the county of Marquette, Mich., is hereby called to meet at the city hall, in the city of Marquette, on Saturday, the 20th day of February, 1909, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing seven delegates to the state convention called to meet in the city of Lansing, Mich., on Feb. 25th, 1909.

The several cities and townships of the county are entitled to delegates in said county convention as follows: Marquette city, 18 delegates; Negaunee city, 12 delegates; Ishpeming city, 24 delegates; Forsyth township, 4 delegates; Republic township, 3 delegates; Champlain, Michigan and Tilden townships, 2 delegates each; Choseloy, Ely, Humboldt, Ishpeming, Marquette, Negaunee, Richmond, Sand, Scandia, Turin, West Branch, Wells and Powell townships, 1 delegate each.

Dated, Ishpeming, Mich., Feb. 6, 1909. T. J. DUNDON, Chairman Marquette County Democratic Committee. F. S. BYRNE, Secretary.

GET WITHIN.

Piles Can't Be Cured From the Outside.

External treatment won't cure piles. Nor will surgical operations. The cause is inside—bad circulation. To cure piles you must free the circulation of blood in the lower bowel. Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid is the only internal tablet remedy for piles. It removes the cause. \$1 at the People's Pharmacy, Marquette, Mich., City Drug Store, Ishpeming, Mich. Guaranteed to cure any case.

Dr. Leonard Co., Station B, Buffalo N. Y., proprietors. Write for booklet.

RECOMMENDATION: Your grocer has Gold Medal Flour. GENEVA.

FASHION'S DECREES FOR WEARING APPAREL

GREEKIAN STYLES DISTINCTIVE FEATURE OF WOMEN'S DRESS, WHILE MEN'S CLOTHES ARE EXTREMELY FADDISH.

According to recent issues of the fashion magazines, the spring and summer seasons will bring with them radical changes in styles, both in men's and women's wearing apparel. It is stated that in the realm of woman, the season will be marked by the invasion of Greek fashions, and that instead of the puffs, curls, rats and Marcel waves now in vogue, women will wear bands of jewels and velvet, circling the plainest of Greekian coiffures.

"Rats will disappear before the fashion invades, like leaves before a November wind," says a well known fashioner. "The rat has had its day, that's all there is to it."

"The very newest style of hair dressing is straight—no curls and waves, if you please—parted on the right side, brought loosely over the forehead. Then it is brought loosely up from the neck and coiled, so that it reaches even with the top of the head. Then you just use your own taste with the rest of your gown—a bit of black on hats and yowns is to be fashionable—you use a black velvet band for the finishing touch. Place the band just below the coil of hair at the back of the neck, and bring it up on top of the head with a low knot or jeweled buckle arranged just a bit to the side in front.

"There is no doubt that this new hair-dressing will be a big success. It really cuts ten years off a woman's age." Not satisfied with this victory, according to the latest fashion bulletin issued from Fifth avenue, the Greeks have captured the dressmaking field. Greekian gowns having won out after a hard-fought battle with the Parisians.

"The long, crumpled, gossamer," announced an authority, "are doomed from this very minute."

Men's Wear Very Noisy.

Men's wear, it is announced, will represent the extremes of fashion in many respects, and the college lads who love to dispense themselves in ultra-fashionable garments will be able to gratify themselves to their hearts' content.

But there are also new fads for others of the trousers sex, who want the toggiest togs. The up-to-the-minute trousers should be made with even larger hips than last summer. Just take a Christmas tree and turn it upside down and you have a startling picture of the "Clayby" boy from the waist down. He will be something big and fluffy on a small base, a heavy weight half way up to the second floor, whose make-up gives you the feeling that there is room to rent in the attic.

The shoulder pad anduffed trousers are to be relegated to the dim and forgotten past. The double-breasted coat has been sentenced to the same fate. The really nobby tail will be given enough to make St. Patrick hang his head in shame. Diamonds also are needed. There should be diamonds to dazzle your eyes in the tie pin, diamonds to dot your walking stick and diamonds to frolic about your vest. The new frock coat for walking purposes will be just about as fast enough for the Twentieth Century Limited.

Wet Weather Outfit.

Wet weather garments for men will soon be in demand—raincoats, hats, caps, etc. Anent styles for this class of apparel the current Vogue says:

"It is well enough, perhaps, to have a light topcoat of waterproof fabric made on the more 'dressy' lines or a model intended for dry days (or, to be in another way, such a model made of rain-proof material) and it is necessary at times to protect an ordinary dry-weather suit by an umbrella, and to cover light coats with rubbers or oil-sprays, for these are occasions on which distinctive storm clothes cannot be worn."

"But for everyday business and informal dress in town or country, in down-right bad weather, the look of not carrying now wet overhead and how slippy under foot it is, is the look of good form, and this can only be had by wearing a hat, coat, boots, etc., designed for just such weather and reserved especially for it."

"Aside from the ordinary easy, full duster model, which—made of rough, serviceable fabrics in mixtures and checks in plaid patterns; double-breasted; with wide collar and lapels; large buttons, deep flap-covered pockets and strap sleeves—is an excellent cold-weather stormer, there are a number of good designs, and so long as it fills the practical requirements and has the distinctive, serviceable look, it makes little difference, as a matter of fashion, just which one selects."

BIDS WANTED.

Bids wanted by the Mary Charlotte Mining Company, for the construction of a shaft house at No. 2 shaft Mary Charlotte mine, Negaunee, Company will furnish all material. Plans and specifications may be obtained at the company's office, Marquette County Savings bank building. Bids to be sent to H. L. Kaufman, vice president, Rockefeller building, Cleveland, Ohio. (2-15-14)

PROPOSALS FOR CEMENT.

Marquette, Mich., Feb. 10th, 1909.—Office of the Park, Cemetery and Street Commission, City of Marquette, Mich. Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of this commission until 5 o'clock p. m., Feb. 27th, 1909, for furnishing this city during the present season, with 4,000 barrels (more or less) of Portland cement, brand to be specified, prices quoted to be:

1st, f. o. b. dock Marquette, in 1,000 barrel lots.

2nd, f. o. b. cars Marquette, in car-load lots, and

3rd, delivery price on work as needed in the construction of concrete walks, etc., in different parts of the city.

All proposals to be guaranteed to pass the standard specifications for cement of the American Society for Testing Materials.

The commission reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JOSEPH F. ANDERSON, Clerk. (2-12-14)

DRY HARDWOOD.

Two dollars per cord in two-cord lots. (2-13-14) F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

Spring Shapes IN KNOX HATS



World-Renowned HATS

Will be submitted for the approval of the public February 18th, 1909, at all the agencies throughout the United States and Mexico.

Knox Derbies... \$5.00
Roxford Derbies... \$3.50
Beacon Derbies... \$3.00

Knox Soft Hats, \$3.50 to \$5.00
See our window.

ORMSBEE & ATKINS
Nester Block, Washington Street.

CHINA SALE

During this month (February) I will offer all of my stock of China at a discount of from 10 to 50 percent. A Good Time to Buy.

A. M. BIGELOW
104 Washington St., Marquette. 2-3-14

CUT FLOWERS

From the Stafford Greenhouses Marquette Are always fresh and lasting.

Roses, Violets, Carnations

Telephone or telegraph orders have careful attention.

T. M. SORENSON, Proprietor, Marquette. 6-28-14

PALACE LIVERY STABLE

FAY BRICKER, Props. First-class Livery Service at all hours.

First-class Boarding Stables.

Teams of All Kinds FOR SALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants.

Marquette Boiler and Sheet Iron Works

E. F. KENNEDY, Proprietor. Boilers, Tanks, Smoke Stacks ETC.

WE CARRY TUBES IN STOCK.

Estimates Furnished on Application. BELL 'PHONE 875.

W. Washington St. Marquette, Mich. 5-31-14

REMOVAL OF SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS BY ELECTROLYSES; LADIES' FACIAL TREATMENTS.

MANICURING. Phone, Bell 61; Room 4, Werner Block.

MISS HOLIE OSTER Graduate Madam Qui Vive's Beauty Shop, Chicago. 1-5-14

DARANTELLA

10c Havana Cigars, 10c

Every Day the Papers Tell You of thefts and daring robberies of diamonds, jewels and other valuables.

Why keep your valuables about the house where they are not safe?

Put them in a Safe Deposit Box in our Fire and Burglar Proof Vault where they will be secure.

\$3, \$5 and \$8 per year.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
MARQUETTE, MICH.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS - - - - - \$250,000.00

Marquette County Savings Bank
SAVINGS BANK BUILDING, MARQUETTE.

A Checking Account

is indeed a business necessity; and he who tries to get along without one is at great disadvantage.

It is not required that a person should have a large bulk of business in order to open an account. Men in every business, farmers and even many women are running personal checking accounts. If you have never done business in this way, and are not familiar with the plan, come to us and we will get you started. We will be glad to supply you with the necessary books, blanks and information.

Special attention to BANKING BY MAIL. Send a postal for booklet.

SEALER'S CASH GROCERY
Russell Morin, Successor, 344 Washington Street. IS THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR Groceries

BOTH PHONES. READ OVER OUR PRICE LIST.

Best Flour
49 lbs.,.....\$1.50
10 bars Queen Anne Soap,.....38c
Picnic Ham, per lb., 10c
Creamery Butter... 32c
Preamo Coffee, per lb., 25c
Reception Coffee, 2 lb., 75c
Gallon can of Apples, 30c
New Sweet Santa Clara Prunes..... 35c and 10c
Fels Naptha and Galvanic Soap, 10 bars,.....45c
Vermicelle and Macaroni, 3 packages..... 25c
Ring Cut Evaporated Apples, per lb.,.....10c
 Snyder's Sunnyside Pork and Beans, 3-lb. can,.....10c
10 bars Calumet Family Soap, 25c
Standard Corn, 2 cans for, 15c
Standard Tomatoes, 3-lb. can, 10c
Domino Sugar, 5-lb. package, 45c
Cocoanut, shredded, per lb., 14c
Tea, Gun Powder,..... 28c
Tea, Uncolored Japan, 50c quality, per lb.,.....38c
Cocoa, 1/2 lb. Walter Baker's or Runkel's,..... 22c
Soda Crackers, 20-lb. box, fresh baked,..... \$1.25
Gold Dust, large package,..... 20c
Corn Starch, 1-lb. package,..... 05c
4 lbs. Rice,..... 25c

Pure Lard per lb. 13c
Quaker Oats, large packages, 23c
Baked Pork and Beans, tomato sauce, 3-lb. can,.....10c
Mince Meat, 3 packages finest quality..... 25c
Bell Coffee, per lb.,.....18c
Tapioca, 3 packages,..... 25c
COFFEE—All kinds at very reasonable prices.

25-lb Sack Best Granulated Sugar,.....\$1.40
Corn Meal, 5 lbs.,.....11c
Pickles, sour, per dozen,.....10c
Corn Syrup, gallon can,.....40c
Granulated Pepper, per lb.,.....19c
Pickles, very nice quality, per quart..... 20c
Six pounds Laundry Starch, 23c
New Fancy Seeded Raisins, 1-lb. package.....10c (7-21-0)

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Thursday, Feb. 18

THE PRINCESS AMUSEMENT CO., Inc., Offers Personal Direction

MORT. H. SINGER
The Merriest of Musical Productions

HONEYMOON TRAIL Beauty Chorus and Dancing Broilers

DIRECT FROM Triumphant Run CHICAGO 200 NIGHTS La Salle Theatre

Including Alma Youlin, Olive Vail, Hattie Fox
W. H. St. James, Wm. Bechtel and
60 --- SINGERS --- DANCERS --- COMEDIANS --- 60

Prices:
Lower Floor except last two rows, \$1.50; last two rows, Parquet, \$1; first two rows Balcony, \$1; balance Balcony, 75c; Gallery, 50c.
Seat sale at Bigelow's store, Tuesday, Feb. 16, at 8:30 a. m. (2-12-14)

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Wednesday, Feb. 24

2 Years in New York THE GREAT AMERICAN PLAY WAGENHALS & KEMPER CO PRESENT 6 Months in Chicago

PAID IN FULL By EUGENE WALTER

BRILLIANTLY CAST AND STAGED GREATEST DRAMATIC SUCCESS IN 20 YEARS Most Important Theatrical Event of the Season.

PRICES: Lower floor except last two rows, \$1.50; last two rows, \$1; first two rows balcony, \$1; balance balcony, 75c; gallery, 50c.
Seat sale at Bigelow's store, Monday, Feb. 22.

NOTE—Mail orders for seats accompanied by check or money order and self-addressed stamped envelope, will be accepted and filled in order received. 15-20-22-24

NOTICE.
JOSEPH ZALK

You will save dimes and dollars by calling at 222 S. Third St., between railroad tracks and Spring St. I am now located with a complete line of Stoves, Furniture and Household Goods, bought, sold and exchanged; also repair work done. (1-2-14)