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THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 7252.

MARQUETTE, MICH., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

JUDGES MUST LIVE AT STATE CAPITAL

Proposition Permitting Members of the Supreme Court to Reside Anywhere They Choose Is Killed in the House, 35 to 56.

That the Ionia Reformatory and the Marquette Prison Be Investigated Is Provided for in a Resolution Introduced by Representative Clarke, Labor Leader, of Detroit—Mr. Dickinson's Primary Election Will Be the Special Order for Today in the Senate.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 16.—[Special.]—Judge J. W. Stone of Marquette will have to come to Lansing to live, the house this afternoon killing the proposition to repeal the law which makes it obligatory on the judges of the supreme court to live at Lansing.

"Why should a man be condemned to spend his natural life at Lansing?" pleaded Representative Flowers, of Detroit, who was speaking in the interest of Judge Brooke.

"I guess most of us would be willing to be sentenced to Lansing if we had \$7,000 salary with it," said Representative Garry Sanders, a farmer of Mason, "and would be glad of it."

Representative Gramont urged that if the bill was passed the state would save a big mileage bill to pay, and next it would be confronted with a demand for a new intermediate court to take work off the supreme court's hands, because the supreme court was running behind with its work.

Farmers Had Laid for It. The farmers had been laying for this measure, the farmers' club of the legislature having condemned it, and when Mr. Gramont moved to strike out all after the enacting clause his motion went through, fifty-six to thirty-five.

The house passed a juicy little measure for the benefit of a Detroit law book publishing concern today. This concern has issued an annotated copy of the new constitution, with a preface by Fred Baker, which sells at \$1.25. Representative Flowers moved that the house purchase one hundred copies for its members. If the members had read the new constitution, then it would have been seen that such a purchase was forbidden. Representative Miller will move reconsideration tomorrow, and the resolution doubtless will be killed.

Representative Clarke of Detroit put in a resolution this afternoon, asking for an investigation of the Marquette prison and the Ionia reformatory. Mr. Clarke represents the Federation of Labor, which wants to see contract labor abolished in the prisons of the state. Others who desire a full investigation of all the prisons for other reasons are back of him, it is said, though what they expect to find in the two institutions mentioned is not well known. At any rate, it will provide a nice junket for several members.

Primary Bill Up Today. The Dickinson primary bill is the special order in the senate tomorrow. It looks as though Mr. Dickinson would have to amend the measure, for the state officers under its provisions, whereas now it provides only for the governor, lieutenant governor, United States senators and members of the legislature. Those who are anxious to kill primary reform by giving it a kicking dose, and those who believe in a panacea for all ills, will join in forcing radical amendments down Mr. Dickinson's throat.

Senator Taylor put in a home rule bill today for Senator Taft, who was detained at Mason on the Jerry Anderson trial. It seems to be a cumbersome affair and not as desirable as the Fowl bill put in some time ago.

A. J. Deberry, a new member of the board of agriculture, says that a bill will be introduced later in the session, making the Detroit fair a state institution under control of the state, and with regular appropriations.

New Measures Introduced. The following is a resume of today's bills: Representative Agnew—Appropriating \$83,150 for 1909 and \$67,500 for 1910 for the College of Mines. Representative Hades—Calling for a grand jury in every county every third year, and leaving the present law allowing judges to call such juries untouched. Representative Sanders—To give the railway commission authority to supervise bond issues, with the idea that the money raised shall be legitimately used for improvements and not for stock jobbing purposes. Representative McCale—For uniform ballot boxes. Representative Giles—For a specific tax of seven-tenths of a mill on each \$100 of mortgages, to be paid as now, and not at the time of filing the mortgage, as if proposed in other bills on this same subject. Senator Fowl—Allowing prosecuting attorneys a legal fee of \$5 where they appear for children in divorce cases.

"UNCLE IKE" DOESN'T TELL ALL HE KNOWS.

He Is on the Legislative Committee's Rack for Hours, but the Disclosures He Makes Are Not Particularly Enlightening.

Madison, Feb. 16.—Senator Isaac Stephenson today submitted to a searching examination, extending over four hours, before the Wisconsin legislative committee which has started to probe the United States senatorial primary of last fall. Mr. Stephenson told the story of his expenditures of more than \$107,000 during the campaign. The money, he said, was spent through his agents, who called upon him whenever they needed more.

Stacks of paid checks were placed in evidence, and checks or sums totaling over \$50,000 were issued to J. A. Van Cleave, of Marinette, one of his managers, and \$50,000 was placed in a Milwaukee bank for the use of his managers. Payments by check for various other small amounts were acknowledged by Stephenson "for work done." Many expenditures were belittled by the senator. He did not keep a memorandum of everything he spent, saying: "I keep them in my head."

Mr. Stephenson's testimony was not particularly enlightening. His statement of expenditures was prepared by his managers, and he signed it. He accounted for spending \$11,000 for postage by stating that 20,000 letters were sent out by his managers in two days. He could not say how an item of \$16,000 paid to an advertising agency was spent, nor could he tell if his manager, Mr. Edmonds, received pay for his work.

The senator smiled frequently when questions that appealed to him particularly were propounded. Asked as to whether he wrote any political letters during the campaign, he said he had, and added: "I have several that the political world may see sometime."

More Evidence the Chicagoan Will Be Secretary of the Treasury. Chicago, Feb. 16.—Further color to the report that the portfolio of secretary of treasury in Mr. Taft's cabinet has been informally tendered Franklin MacVeagh of Chicago was given today by an assertion in business circles that Mr. MacVeagh had decided to withdraw from his leadership in the wholesale grocery business and his directorship in the Commercial National bank. Mr. MacVeagh did not deny the report of his intended retirement from business. All he would say was that no formal offer of the secretaryship had been made to him. Retirement from the banking and importing business would be necessary to make him eligible to office.

Taft Has Busy Day in Washington, D. C. Part of the Time He Spends in Conference With Knox, Following Which He Makes the Unequivocal Announcement the Senator Will Be Premier.

Washington, Feb. 16.—In the opinion of the House, Senator Philander C. Knox is now legally eligible to receive the appointment as secretary of state. That he will be premier in the Taft cabinet was again positively stated by Mr. Taft tonight at the White House, the statement being made at a conference today between the president-elect and Mr. Knox. Mr. Taft went further, giving it as his opinion that no court could entertain any action based on the constitutionality of Mr. Knox's coming appointment, for the reason that the first question that would arise in such proceeding would be whether Mr. Knox was "de facto" an official of the government. This question, he maintained, would have to be answered in the affirmative, and there the proceeding would end. That Mr. Knox shares these views was made evident by Mr. Taft in the unequivocal declaration that the Pennsylvania senator was to be his secretary of state.

With this cabinet question finally discussed and settled, and with the annual report of the board of engineers, endorsing the present procedure in constructing the Panama canal, in the hands of President Roosevelt to be transmitted to congress tomorrow, along with a message of endorsement by him, Mr. Taft said that the engineers' report was intended to give a general and comprehensive view of the canal situation. In accordance with a request to the board of engineers, they are to make a supplementary report later to Colonel Goethals, which will deal with a number of purely technical engineering questions. It was stated upon authority that President Roosevelt heartily approves the report.

Wireless for Ocean Ships. Bill Passed by the House Makes Such Installation Compulsory. Washington, Feb. 16.—Being still in the legislative day of yesterday, the house today for the most part devoted itself to the consideration of bills under suspension of the rules. A number were passed, among them being those requiring the equipment of ocean-going vessels with the wireless apparatus and providing for the reorganization and enlistment of the Naval Academy band. The Indian appropriation bill, carrying \$11,571,000, was passed. A recent amendment eleven o'clock tomorrow morning. Among the bills passed were: Amending the interstate commerce law so as to make it a misdemeanor for any interstate carrier to make any false entry on record pertaining to its business; enlarging the membership of the interstate commerce commission from seven to nine.

MR. AND MRS. FAIRBANKS PLAN TRIP AROUND WORLD. Washington, Feb. 16.—Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks are contemplating taking a trip around the world shortly after the adjournment of congress. They probably will visit Hawaii and the Philippines, then China and Japan, returning via Europe.

SHARP CENSURE GIVEN PRESIDENT

Also the Executive Has Valiant Defenders in the Course of the Senate's Consideration of the Naval Appropriation Bill.

Washington, Feb. 16.—After an extended discussion upon the wisdom of keeping the marines on board the warships, and upon the constitutional powers of the president to command the army and the navy, the senate today adopted a committee amendment directing that the appropriation for the marines should be available in the event of their being quartered on board ships of the navy, according to the former custom. This act was objected to by Mr. Cummings as new legislation, which under the rules could not be placed upon an appropriation bill. Vice President Fairbanks submitted the question to a viva voce vote, following which it was declared to be in order and was then adopted.

Mr. Lodge defended the president's course in removing the marines and sought to defeat the amendment, which Mr. Hale championed, declaring that history has shown the value of the corps. Many senators took part in the debate upon the power of congress to interfere in the command by the president of the army and the navy. Mr. Rayner, Democrat, insisted that congress had absolute power in such matters, while Mr. Borah, Republican, took the opposite view. Mr. Rayner said the president had exercised tyrannical and despotic power, and Mr. Bacon, Democrat, added that congress had not the power to control the army and the navy there was very little barrier against despotism, "whenever a bad man happens to be president."

Important Amendments Adopted. At the night session of the senate the naval bill was further considered in committee of the whole. An amendment was adopted directing that in the reduction of the president half of the entire naval fleet should be kept on the Pacific coast. The bill was then reported to the senate. Mr. Lodge reserving for further consideration the amendments relating to the Marine corps being kept on board of naval vessels, providing for the reduction to 21,000 tons the size of each of the two battleships authorized by that act.

Newberry's Commission Idea Fails. On a point of order by Mr. Clay, the amendment providing for a commission to examine into the business methods of the navy department was stricken out. This commission had been incorporated in the bill at the request of the navy of the navy, and it was anticipated that under its recommendations the bureau system in the navy would receive its death blow. Some opposition to the provision existed on that account. At 10:35 o'clock the senate adjourned until tomorrow.

SIZE OF SHIPS IS CUT. Senate Amendment Limits New Draft-noughts to 21,000 Tons. Washington, Feb. 16.—By an amendment to the naval appropriation bill adopted tonight by the senate the size of the two battleships authorized is limited to 21,000 tons, and their cost, exclusive of armor and armament, to \$4,200,000. The house provision was for two first-class battleships to cost, exclusive of armor or armament, not exceeding \$5,000,000 each. It was the idea to construct ships of 26,000 displacement. Mr. Clapp offered an amendment, which was adopted, making the type of ships to be built similar to the Utah and Florida, the two 21,000-ton Draft-noughts now being constructed, and limiting their cost.

Hits the Powder Trust. The senate also tonight agreed to the provision that no part of the appropriation for powder in the navy bill should be paid to any trust or combination in restraint of trade, nor to any corporation having a monopoly in the manufacture or supply of gun powder, after amending it to read "except in case of emergency."

An extended criticism was made by Mr. Dixon, of Montana, of the method of having a large number of navy yards along the Atlantic coast. He took the ground that the work could be more economically done in a smaller number of places.

PITTSBURG ITS SPONSOR. Plan Afoot to Have Special Session Consider River and Harbor Bill. Pittsburgh, Feb. 16.—The Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and Pittsburgh Coal exchange today started a nationwide campaign to have a river and harbor appropriation bill included among the subjects specified in the call for the special session of congress which it is understood the president will issue soon after March 4. Circular letters were sent today to about two thousand commercial bodies in all the larger cities of the nation, asking co-operation and requesting that the resolutions of the bodies be sent to President-elect Taft and their respective senators and congressmen.

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Feb. 16.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Fair, Wednesday; Thursday, partly cloudy and slightly warmer.

SENATE GETS STATEHOOD BILL. That It Will Pass It This Session Is Not Expected, However. Washington, Feb. 16.—The New Mexico statehood bill, which passed the house yesterday, was referred today by the senate to the committee on territories, after considerable maneuvering on the floor and the discussion informally of a number of suggestions looking the passage of the bill at the present session. The committee will meet Friday to consider the bill, but it is not believed it will be reported during the present session.

FLEET WILL COMPRISE TWENTY-SIX VESSELS. Review of the Battleships by the President Next Monday Will Be the Occasion of a Brilliant Naval Spectacle. Washington, Feb. 16.—When the battleship fleet enters Hampton Roads next Monday, and is reviewed by President Roosevelt, it will form a procession over ten miles in length, and the review by the president will occupy two and a half hours. The president, after receiving Rear Admiral Sperry, the rear admiral commanding the divisions of the fleet and the captains of each of the battleships on board the Mayflower at 2 p. m., and addressing them, will go aboard each of the divisional flagships of the fleet and will address a representative of the officers and crews of the four ships forming each division, who will assemble on their flagship. In this way he will reach all the men of the fleet indirectly. For him to visit each vessel would occupy too much time, and Admiral Sperry devised this plan.

There will be twenty-six vessels, including the auxiliary Yankton. The different divisions of the fleet will steam 800 yards apart and each of the vessels will be spaced 400 yards apart. The flagship Connecticut will reach the tail of the line at 10:30 a. m. The fleet will drop anchor, either in a two or a three-volume formation. The barges of the admirals of the fleet will visit each ship of their respective divisions and pick up the captains of the fleet. They will then steam alongside the Mayflower, reaching the fleet at 2 p. m. Accompanied by the commander-in-chief, the president will leave the Mayflower at 2:30 o'clock and proceed to the Connecticut, spending twenty-five minutes there. He will visit the other flagships in their turn. The president will reach the Mayflower on the return at 4:40 o'clock and the vessel will then steam for Washington.

BASEBALL MEETINGS ARE TAME EVENTS. Sensational Incidents Predicted for Weeks to Develop—A New League Proposed, With Duluth as a Member. Chicago, Feb. 16.—The opening sessions of the National Amateur baseball league today developed little in the way of sensationalism, notwithstanding the rumors of the past week. The business transacted was not sufficiently important to cause the average baseball enthusiast to give more than passing attention. The National league meeting was adopted without change. The alleged attempt at bribing Umpires Klen and Johnson during the closing games in New York between Chicago and New York was not discussed, and may not be taken up at the meeting.

The two important moves of the session were made by Presidents Comiskey and Murphy, of the American and National Chicago teams, respectively. The former announced that he had secured C. Grayson, the best American pitcher, and Mr. Murphy that he had annexed George Brown to his fielding staff. The American league playing schedule was discussed, but final action was postponed until tomorrow.

Up to the present, the national commission the national agreement was the topic for discussion. While no definite action was taken, it is probable that the national agreement will be amended along the lines of the talk indulged in at the meeting. The agreement between the American association and the Eastern league. Minnesota-Wisconsin League Projected. At the session of the national commission tomorrow, W. R. Bryan, of Wausau, Wis., will endeavor to interest that body in the proposed placing of teams in Minneapolis and St. Paul. The projected Minnesota-Wisconsin league is behind the movement. Other cities in the proposed league are Eau Claire, La Crosse, Wausau and Superior, in Wisconsin, and Duluth and Winona, in Minnesota. Up to the present, President O'Brien of the American association has placed no obstacle in the way of the proposed new league, but he will reserve his judgment until the matter has been made clear to him in the application to be made to the national commission.

The National baseball league's season of 1909 will open April 14, according to the schedule made public today. Brooklyn will play at New York, Philadelphia at Boston, Pittsburgh at Cincinnati and St. Louis at Chicago. The first meeting between Chicago and New York, who finished so closely last year, will not occur until May 11 at New York. Philadelphia, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis get one holiday each at home; Pittsburgh is given three, and the other teams two each. The Saturdays at home are very evenly divided. The season will end Oct. 7.

CLEVER RUSE SAVES A MERCHANT PRINCE

Lawrence M. Jones, a Kansas City (Mo.) Millionaire, Narrowly Escapes Death, Along With His Wife and Their Son Chester.

Desperate Man Who Invades the House and With a Revolver in One Hand and a Dynamite Bomb in the Other Demands \$7,000, Is Finally Overpowered and Subsequently There Is Found a Fiendishly-Arranged Prison Intended for the Robber's Victim.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 16.—Lawrence M. Jones, a millionaire dry goods merchant; his wife, and son Chester narrowly escaped death today at the hands of a desperate man who entered the Jones home and with a dynamite bomb in one hand and a revolver in the other demanded \$7,000 from the merchant.

After clever maneuvering, Mr. Jones managed to gain the man's consent to accompany him and his son to the bank for the funds. While the trio were about to enter Mr. Jones' motor car, the millionaire threw himself upon the man from behind and seized him around the chest in such fashion as to pinion his arms. At the same time he kicked the man's feet from under him. Both fell and rolled down the steps at the edge of the porch.

Chester, the son, was upon the intruder before he could recover. The young man seized the man's pistol in one hand, just as the trigger was pulled. The weapon failed to explode. Mrs. Jones than ran in close and seized the bag containing the bomb, which she carried to the house. Later examination showed that the matches it contained had ignited, but the bomb had failed to explode.

Closet Arranged as Prison. At the police station the intruder gave the name of C. H. Garnett. He acknowledged, however, that this was not his real name. Following Garnett's statement the police this afternoon found the house where Garnett proposed to imprison Jones, after getting the money. It is a small frame affair in Independence, Mo., a suburb. A closet on the second floor was rigged up for a prison.

A large screw ring was set into the wall from top to bottom. A chain, with links a quarter of an inch thick, was attached so that about three feet of the chain fell on either side. At each end of the chain was a new lock. These were for Jones' arms. On the floor inside the door was a second chain, each end of which bore a lock. Garnett had made a bench that just fitted into the closet. It was of sufficient height so that when the victim sat down he could be securely chained in place. The house is in a secluded spot. Garnett said that he proposed to chain Jones up, then notify Mrs. Jones of her husband's whereabouts by mail, and make his escape.

GET BENEFIT OF THE DOUBT. Unless Coal Deposits Are Extensive, Disputed Lands Go to Settlers. Washington, Feb. 16.—President Roosevelt, Secretary Garfield and Commissioner Demott, of the general land office, conferred today with the North Dakota congressional delegation as to about 1,800 cases of public land upon which entry was made for agricultural purposes and the completion of final proof was suspended, the ground that the lands contain valuable coal deposits.

The claim of the delegation is that in 95 per cent of these entries the coal deposits are of little value and the agricultural worth of the lands is much greater. The president directed the commissioner of the general land office to give the benefit of the doubt to the settlers. This means that unless the coal deposits are clearly of considerable value, the settlers will be allowed to file their proofs.

SEVERE EARTH SHOCKS IN SOUTHERN BULGARIA. London, Feb. 16.—A despatch to the Times from Sofia says that during the last forty-eight hours there have been eighteen earth shocks in southern Bulgaria. Considerable damage is reported to Yambol, eastern Bannalia, and in that neighborhood. Several houses have fallen and the inhabitants of a number of villages have spent the last two nights in the open air.

Lisbon, Feb. 16.—A slight earthquake shock was experienced today in the vicinity of Penafiel. No damage was done.

SERVIANS EXPECT WAR WITH THE AUSTRIANS. Pueblo, Colo., Feb. 16.—Believing that war with Austria is imminent, three hundred Servians have left Pueblo for their native land during the past month. The feeling between the Austrians and Servians here has been running high. The life of Rad Porgovitch, editor of a Serbian paper, has been threatened by Austrians, it is said.

DISCLOSURES STUN HIM. Chicago, Feb. 16.—W. Vernon Booth, head of A. Booth & Co., the so-called fish trust, and social leader and polo expert, has all but collapsed physically under the flood of sensational disclosures in connection with the failure of the firm.

ENGLISH COAL MINE THE TOMB OF MANY.

Two Explosions Wrecking the Workings of a Colliery, It Is Feared That More Than a Hundred Men Have Perished.

Newcastle, Eng., Feb. 16.—A terrible disaster has occurred at West Stanley in which it is feared that more than a hundred lives have been lost. There were two explosions this afternoon in the West Stanley colliery, which employs four hundred men. About 135 men and boys were in the pit at the time, and up to a late hour none had come to the surface. Almost immediately after the explosion, flames burst through the shaft, scorching the workers at the pit head and blowing out the apparatus at the entrance to the mine. The flames spread rapidly, and it was impossible for rescuing parties to descend into the workings. At midnight it was still impossible to attempt rescue, and it will be many hours before the entrance is cleared.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL WRECK. Three Passengers Are Killed and Thirty-Six Injured. Murphysboro, Ill., Feb. 16.—Three passengers were killed and thirty-six injured today when Illinois Central train No. 207, southbound, from St. Louis to New Orleans, was wrecked by running into a broken rail six miles east of here. The dead were: Walter B. Long, Joliet, Ill.; Mrs. Cecena Walker, Anna, Ill.; and Miss Mollie Walker, Mt. Carmel, Ill. The train was running fifty-five miles an hour and was on a trestle when the engine hit a broken rail. The engine passed over safely, but the baggage car and smoker went off the track and threw the four remaining cars down the embankment. No Michigan or Wisconsin people are among the injured.

COURT SCENES BORDER ON THE SENSATIONAL. Trial of the Slayers of ex-Senator Carmack Opens at Nashville, Tenn., and the Day Is Filled With Dramatic Incidents. Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 16.—Filled with dramatic incidents, and marked by scenes that bordered on the sensational, the first day of the actual trial of the Cooper-Sharpe case closed tonight. Whether Duncan P. Cooper, Robin Cooper and John Sharpe killed former Senator Carmack in self-defense or as the result of a conspiracy is the issue. The taking of testimony began today.

Scarcely had the attorneys been rapped into order than sensation No. 1 was produced. Mrs. E. W. Carmack, the slain senator's widow, was first carried, half-dressed and weeping, to the witness stand in the deepest mourning. Her knees gave way as she neared her seat, and she was moaning as she was placed in her chair. Her little son, Ned, Jr., aged ten, stood by his mother, putting her shoulder and trying to keep her from weeping. Surprise No. 2 came when the state called Mrs. Carmack as its first witness. She was almost carried to the witness stand. A few questions were asked her, but she became hysterical and was excused. Sensation No. 3 followed Mrs. Carmack's leaving the witness stand. Ned Carmack turned squarely towards where the defendants sat, and fixed upon them a look full of hatred.

Next came the testimony of Mrs. Eastman, who seized the revolver said to have been found near the dead editor's body and re-enacted the performance. She told how she met Carmack and rehearsed the story of the shooting of the senator by Cooper as she saw it. Her cross-examination was severe, but only strengthened her testimony.

DRINKING LEADS TO ARREST. Talking too Much, Train Robber Suspect Is Jailed at Denver. Denver, Feb. 16.—Suspected of being one of the men who held up the Denver & Rio Grande passenger train near Milby Junction, Sunday, Cooper Lyman, who claims he is a cowboy and lives in New Mexico, was arrested today and is being held pending an investigation. When searched at the station, Lyman had more than \$1,000. Further than to say that he had earned and saved the money, Lyman refused to give any explanation. He admitted that he had not worked for several months. Lyman's arrest resulted from his own talk. The police say that he had been drinking. When asked by the proprietor of a small theatre where he got the money he was displaying, Lyman said: "I'm a train robber. This is easy money, so let's have a good time."

FOUND LETTERS IN WASTE. Two Chicago Men Arrested on Charge of Attempted Extortion. Chicago, Feb. 16.—The authorities took into custody today an engineer and a fireman, both employed in the federal building, on a charge of attempting to extort money. This served to complicate the case of Colonel W. F. Tucker, who is endeavoring to be honorably retired by the army retiring board, in session here. The men, the police assert, procured from waste sent to the boiler room to be burned personal letters sent to Tucker and then attempted to sell them to him. The letters were torn into bits when found by the men in the waste, and were pasted together, according to Leon Doyle, counsel for Tucker. It is said that large sums of money were demanded.

NO SURPRISES CONTAINED IN KING EDWARD'S SPEECH. London, Feb. 16.—The king's speech from the throne, opening parliament, today contained no surprises. The projected legislation is largely social in character.

TURK AN EASY WINNER. Rockford, Ill., Feb. 16.—Yussuf Mah-moud won from Emil Anderson in two straight falls here tonight, in fifteen and nineteen minutes, respectively.

NO AMERICANS AMONG THE DEAD

Victims of the Awful Catastrophe at Acapulco, Estimated at 200 to 350, Are Believed to Have All Been Mexicans.

Mexico City, Feb. 16.—The latest dispatches from Acapulco, where the Flores theater burned last night, bring varying estimates of the loss of life. They agree in declaring, however, that the dead will exceed two hundred, while some place the figures as high as three hundred and fifty. Most of the victims were charred and burned beyond recognition, so that it will take several days probably to secure an accurate list of the dead.

Acapulco is dazed by the catastrophe. All business at the port has ceased. The shops have closed and the people are crowding the churches, where masses are being celebrated for those who met their doom—most of the bodies so charred and burned as to be unrecognizable.

Theater a Seething Furnace. The fire, which spread with incredible rapidity throughout the immense wood and adobe structure, was due, it is alleged, to the carelessness and inexperience of the operator of the moving picture machine. There was an explosion then a burst of flame which ignited the building used for decorating purposes, and in a few minutes the entire structure was a mass of fire.

The flames started practically over the main entrance. The exits were all in the front part of the building, which was almost immediately turned into a wall of fire, so that the men in the men in the fire furnace. In their frenzied panic, people tried to run the gauntlet of flame, but where one escaped scores of others perished. Women and children suffered the most, and they comprised the majority of the dead.

The search of the ruins has thus far revealed no recognizable human forms. Charred bodies, from which the legs and arms have been burned, together with many dismembered limbs, have been taken from the debris, and as there was no chance of identifying these remains all have been buried in a common trench by the municipal authorities.

Men Fought Like Demons. The greatest loss of life was occasioned, according to survivors, by the fallen roof, which crashed down on the entrapped people in what seemed a very short time after the blaze was discovered. Previous to this the men in the pit had fought like demons, striking down women and children in their effort to escape. The fall of the roof, however, stilled the screams and groans of the fighting, panic-stricken audience.

The firemen and crowds on the outside who had been attracted to the scene could do nothing to help the people in the burning building, and were compelled to stand helpless and watch the theater, with its human contents, burn. After the first five or ten minutes there were no cries heard, and there was no noise save that made by the crackling flames.

The latest reports indicate that no Americans lost their lives, though the earlier dispatches said that several were killed. American consul Mosquera had been invited to the performance, but pressing business made it impossible for him to attend, and this probably saved his life. Many of those who escaped were injured in the panic or severely burned, and houses near the scene & via transferred into hospitals to take care of these people.

WIFE'S STRUGGLE IS IN VAIN. Harbor Springs Doctor Commits Suicide by Swallowing Poison. Harbor Springs, Mich., Feb. 16.—Dr. George Beeman, aged forty-five, committed suicide this afternoon by swallowing carbolic acid. Entering the dining room of his home, where sat his wife and young son, the doctor took a bottle from his pocket and, without a word, raised it to his lips. Mrs. Beeman sprang toward him, and for two or three minutes the husband and wife fought desperately, the one trying to end his life and the other making every effort to prevent him. The poison splattered over Mrs. Beeman's face and arms, frightfully burning her. Finally Beeman succeeded in releasing himself from the grip of his wife, and finished the vital. He then fell to the floor, and died.

SOLD TO THE B. & O. New York, Feb. 16.—Plans for the re-organization of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad company have been practically completed, according to the Herald, and it is expected that in a few days official announcement will be made. The road has been sold to the Baltimore & Ohio. The acquisition of the road will give the Baltimore & Ohio a new traffic route from Cincinnati to Toledo and Springfield, Ill., on the west, and Ironton, on the south.

ROCKFORD WINS. Rockford, Ill., Feb. 16.—Yussuf Mah-moud won from Emil Anderson in two straight falls here tonight, in fifteen and nineteen minutes, respectively.

DAILY MINING JOURNAL

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MARQUETTE, MICH., FEB. 17.

Entered as second class matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

Uncle Ike Stephenson, the candidate who made Wisconsin famous.

As the story runs, there will be three corners to our little postoffice fight.

Senator Knox may now become Secretary Knox, but it was a tight squeak.

One way of looking at it is that Representative Young was one too far for Representative Lorimer of Chicago.

Governor Warner's special commission on state lands and reforestation is well pleased at the impression it has made.

Now that the upper peninsula conference has been held, the legislature can arrange to go right ahead with its game law revision.

Ex-Warden Armstrong has left the Jackson prison, but the Detroit papers continue to serve him up hot, at the rate of about a column a day.

According to the Detroit Free Press, Michigan is tottering along under the burden of grafters, pignims and dubs. Poor old Michigan.

"There is no such thing as falling in love. You may jump into love, wade into it, or throw yourself headlong, but you can never fall," says a Detroit clergyman. Thus is the lie given to a time honored phrase.

The state convention's suggestion that it should fill out the state ticket after its heads are named by the people is not meeting with unanimous approval. There is a counter-chorus that if the convention is given the platform to build it should be enough.

The Soo is talking of reducing its police force. Many people believe that the present force is far too large for the work it has to do, and that thus it places on the taxpayers an unnecessary burden. The opinion is expressed that its expansion has been due largely to considerations of politics, rather than to any real need. The council is giving some consideration to the matter.

The \$10,000,000 bill reported by the rivers and harbors committee carries no items for new work. It is, as designated, an emergency and maintenance bill, and is planned to cover only such expenditures as must be made without delay, and to provide for the upkeep of the existing improvements. There will be no general rivers and harbors bill until the treasury balance is more reassuring than at present.

The Detroit Free Press and the Detroit Journal, which are under the Stair ownership, have struck up an avvil chorus dealing with the iniquities of the provision of the present primary law that calls for an advisory vote on the candidates for United States senator. They want it cast out of the new law. The Free Press and Journal doubtless figure that they will have a much more potent voice in the choice of the next senator if it is cast out. We believe the people want the provision in question retained. If they make themselves heard from in a sufficiently clear manner it will be retained.

There are two provisions which Governor Hughes of New York believes should be embodied in the urect nominations law that he is recommending for that state for which he is looking in the Michigan statute. One provides that the corrupt practices act shall be extended to prescribe the expenses that a candidate may lawfully incur in seeking a nomination, with full publicity of all expenditures; the other that the amount which may be expended by candidates for nomination shall be limited. There is a considerable demand in Wisconsin just now for the enactment of a law covering the latter point. It has had its origin from the statement showing that Stephenson had out \$107,000 in the primaries last fall. It is generally commented that some definite legislation is necessary to prevent a repetition of the spectacle of a multi-millionaire bidding in a great office. Legislation along this line is commented on as the best means of giving the comparative-

ly "poor man" some kind of a show in politics. The laws that require full publicity of the expenditures made by candidates in their campaigns, as well as the sources of the contributions, if the money spent is contributed, are measures of real value, worthy of being copied in all states where they are not now found. Michigan is among these states.

It is reported that there is a well defined fear in the council of elders in the senate that LaFollette of Wisconsin is shortly to again assume the role of "insurgent," to demonstrate to aforesaid elders that he is of some weight in the body. His revolt, it is apprehended, will take the form of a filibuster on one of the important appropriation bills. Its fundamental purpose will be a protest against the present order of things in the senate, by which the elders divide so many juicy committee places that they can't properly do all the work they take on themselves, while younger members, who could give excellent service, are shunted away into obscure posts and every effort made to minimize their influence. It is asserted that many new members are in sympathy with LaFollette's plan to put up a fight against this time honored ordering of senate appointments.

Andrew Carnegie has delivered himself of the opinion that the representatives, by reason of their limitations and because they have not access to authentic information, are incapable of framing a scientific tariff law. "The difficulty with the tariff commissions or regulators composed of members of congress is that these gentlemen are necessarily uninformed upon the true condition of the varied industries," said Mr. Carnegie. "Evidence given by interested parties cannot be depended upon as disinterested. Congressmen hearing evidence on the technical points of an industry are not familiar with the language. They cannot understand the bearings of the testimony given. Another misfortune is that congressional tariff committees get no trustworthy evidence upon conditions in other countries, and before men can legislate wisely they must be informed upon the relative conditions of both domestic and foreign manufactures. The industrial world is about to undergo the most momentous change known in its history, even more far-reaching than was the change from the individual domestic manufacturer, manufacturing at home, to the factory system and the huge establishments of today. We are rapidly losing competition in articles of general consumption upon which nations have hitherto depended to insure reasonable prices for the consumer. Some of our most important industries today are only nominally competitive and in reality are monopolies, so far as an understanding exists as to prices that will prevail. These virtual monopolies must be controlled in some way or other. A supreme industrial court will have to be created and eventually will have to pass upon prices—disguise this as we may."

As bearing on the fight against tuberculosis, the statements of Dr. Deadman, given in an article in yesterday's issue, are worthy of more than passing notice. It is asserted by him that the percentage of cattle suffering from tuberculosis is larger in the upper peninsula than in many other parts of the country, due to some extent to the fact that diseased cattle are shipped into this region for sale from Wisconsin, where the laws in relation to such cattle are much more stringent than in this state. He gives as his opinion that 8 per cent of the cattle in this region are tubercular. For some years the theory conceived by Dr. Koch, the eminent German scientist who contributed so much to an understanding of tuberculosis, that man was immune from infection from tubercular cattle was accepted, but more thorough inquiry has confuted Dr. Koch's conclusion, and it is now held that tubercular cattle are a menace to the human race. It is patent that the Michigan law in regard to them is very lax, just as it is patent that local governments in many cities of the state are culpable in not providing and enforcing ordinances for the regulation of dairies. In most upper peninsula cities the dairy men are subject to no regulation. Milk and dairy products from diseased cattle, or cattle kept under hopelessly unsanitary conditions, can be sold without hindrance. It would seem that the physicians who profess such an interest in the warfare on tuberculosis might well give some of their attention to these fundamental questions of pure milk supply and the elimination of tubercular cattle. The upper peninsula sanitarium for tubercular patients may, perhaps, be years away, but the other work can be done any time, in Marquette and most other upper peninsula cities and towns, and with no great trouble or expense, either.

THE SOO SITUATION.

The Soo News makes vigorous rejoinder in its Monday's issue to the attacks on its policy in regard to the water power situation at that point by the Soo Times, which asserted, among other things, that the News was particularly solicitous about the interests of the Chandler-Dunbar company and that it had misrepresented the facts in regard to the dispute between the rival companies and the bills that have been under consideration by the rivers and harbors committee. The News makes the point that the people of the Soo should

Skating On Thin Ice.

Scores of Skaters Meet Their Death Every Winter Through Disregard of the "Danger" Sign.



While thin ice in spots marked "Danger" brings death to scores of overbold and reckless skaters, disregard to the warnings given by Nature kills off thousands who neglect their bronchitis or asthma, sore throat, coughs or colds. The congested air-passages with the irritation produced by incessant coughing are the best breeding-places for the deadly germs of pneumonia and consumption. Mortality arising from these terrible diseases is on the increase, and yet they can be arrested in their early stages by Abbey Syrup, Copley Sancti Paulo, has established a marvelous record in Europe for the cure of all bronchial and lung affections. "Try a bottle today, it will convince you. You simply cannot afford to be without it. Saves doctors' bills, sickness and misery."

This is the original remedy and is sold and personally recommended in Marquette by all druggists.

not allow themselves to be drawn into a controversy on behalf of either of the water power companies, but should now look after their own interests, regardless of either company. "No matter in which company's behalf," says the News, "the Soo should and does oppose any plan to give to Canada half of the power on the American side of the rapids and to give to any concern, whether it be the Chandler-Dunbar company or the Michigan Lake Superior Power company, a monopoly of the balance."

The News, from the standpoint of things accomplished, can "point with pride," for our press dispatches yesterday contained the news that the rivers and harbors committee has adopted the report of the sub-committee in favor of the passage of the Young bill dealing with the situation at the Soo, this being the measure which the News' editor, W. F. Knox, had a hand in incubating and which has been aggressively supported by that paper. This bill provides, in brief, that the federal government shall proceed to purchase, by condemnation proceedings, both the power companies now operating at the Soo, and also provides for the leasing of the power privileges by the war department, after sufficient water has been reserved to meet all the needs of navigation.

This measure will settle the disputes between the Chandler-Dunbar company and the Michigan Lake Superior Power company for all time, by wiping both companies out of existence, and placing the government in charge of their plants, which shall, with the necessary water rights, be leased under regulations administered by the war department. It will, whatever its disadvantages may be, assure orderly and certain development at the Soo within the limits that the government decides that the water can be utilized for the development of power. The passage of this bill is to be attributed in no small measure to the demand from people at the Soo, exasperated by the evident inability of the power companies to come to an agreement, that these companies be wholly disregarded by the government.

The constitutionality of the proposed leasing plan has been questioned. The point has been made that the government can only acquire land by right of eminent domain to use it for government purposes, and it has been asserted that if the matter is put to the test the courts will rule that it is unconstitutional to lease the plants or water rights at the Soo. It is only fair to assume, however, that this phase of the matter has been given careful consideration both by the sub-committee of the rivers and harbors committee, and by the full membership of that committee, which includes excellent constitutional lawyers, and that no plan that the members did not feel would stand the test of the courts would be endorsed.

The question, taken as a whole, is one of the most important affecting upper peninsula interests with which congress has dealt in many years. The people of this region would like to see the Soo relieved of the handicap which the failure of the Michigan Lake Superior Power company to realize its promise, and the endless bickering between the rival power companies, has imposed on it, and, while the matter is a complicated one and it is perhaps rash to pass opinions, it appears that the Young bill is about as satisfactory a solution of the problem, for all the people of the Soo, as could be hit upon. The handling of that bill has been in large measure in the hands of Mr. Young and that he has piloted it safely through the committee is no small tribute to his capacity for effective work, particularly as it had to run counter to a measure proposed by Representative Lorimer, which that representative appears to have done his best to have approved.

UP TO DATE IN AGRICULTURE.

However conservative the farmer is about his politics and his religion and his views on morality, he has rid himself of most of his old-time fixed ideas about agriculture and is leading the professional state experimentalists in the search for new methods.—Toledo Blade.

OREGON FOREST GIANT.

The largest tree cut from an Oregon forest yielded 65,000 feet of lumber and timbers, which sold at an average price of \$15 per thousand feet. This tree was brought to the mill that turned it into lumber approximately \$1,000, and there are many other such trees in Oregon.

THE LARGEST SHIPS YET.

Those Leviathans Now Building Nine Hundred Feet Long.

I have spent the morning in wandering around the Queen's island shipbuilding yard of Messrs. Harland & Wolf, Belfast, in company with the visible motor thereof, the Right Hon. A. M. Carlisle. Through the courtesy of Messrs. Ismay, Imrie & Co. I have been permitted to peep behind the scene of their latest stride forward, and the sight is an intoxicating one.

First of all a glimpse is caught of the Laurentic fitting out and the Megantic to be launched soon—two modest vessels for the White Star line of 14,700 tons each, wherewith to inaugurate their entry into the trade of our vast North American dominion, Canada. Of course, in size, though far ahead of any vessel that now plies up the St. Lawrence, they are nothing special for the White Star line, but, as is fitting, they mark an epoch in ship propulsion, in that they combine the reciprocating engine with the turbine, a new development making for economy with power to which buildings and owners have tried their faith and shown it by their works.

But now the eye is caught by an amazing erection, a web-work of steel girders nearly 300 feet high, 300 feet wide, 850 feet long, and costing a quarter of a million of money. It extends over the length and breadth of the two great berths whereon are being laid the keels of the coming vessels, two berths that have been formed out of three berths where on such vessels as the Adriatic, Baltic and Celtic have been built. The foundation of these berths, being "sho," a beautiful word that conveys its own meaning, has had 10,000 extra piles driven into it, and ferro-concrete, at the rate of 2,000 tons each twenty-four hours, is being laid, in order that the floor may bear being depressed unevenly by a weight of 75,000 tons. But that gantry enthralls, fascinates. With its twenty-nine electric cranes lifting from five to forty tons, and its cantilever arm reaching out 137 feet in any given direction, it is an amazing creation, designed by Harland & Wolf and built by the builders of the Forth bridge, Sir William Arrol & Co.

Vast as the preliminary outlay is, the Olympic and Titanic could not come into being without it, for they simply dwarf all that have ever gone before, even those marvelous vessels, the Lusitania and Mauretania, of the Great Eastern, Leviathan born out of due time, since even now she dominates the imagination of many, be pleased to compare her principal dimensions with these latter-day wonders.

She was 25,000 tons displacement, they 60,000; she was 410 feet long, they 37 feet; her length, I think, was about 600 feet, their between 900 and 1000 (exact figures are not available in this particular); her combined horsepower was 3,000, theirs 50,000—for they are not to be considered fast ships, only they will not steam less than twenty-one knots.

They will each have four funnels and one mast. In this connection I am puzzled about the exhibition of the after-mast headlight, which, though not compelled by the board of trade, is, in my opinion, a most unnecessary and an absolute necessity in ships over 300 feet long. Their stern frames, cast in one vast forging, will each weigh 300 tons, the rudders each 100 tons 15 cwt. and, for a swift transition, the main dining saloon will seat 600 diners at once.

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Some ancient bulls are credited to William Armin, who was a London police judge, in the 30's of the last century. He once remarked to counsel: "If you can show practically at what moment the offense was committed, and prove that the prisoner was not there when he did it, he could not possibly have done it." And he sagely added: "We cannot divest ourselves of common sense in a court of justice." Of a similar character was an axiom he once delivered himself of which has been maliciously fathered on many other occupants of the bench: "If ever there was a case of clearer evidence than this case, this case is that case."

A Zurich newspaper published the following advertisement in English: "Teaching boarding house among a charming set of mountains. Very becoming for families of singular individuals. Shadowed glades and amiable places for resting for guests of the cure. All facilities for mountainous expeditions. Excellent kitchen, with lager beer running from the tap." In an English village an official notice reads as follows: "The public are warned against using the well for domestic purposes unless previously boiled."—Chicago News.

First Was Sufficient.

Three Hebrews were relieving the tedium of a railroad journey by a game of poker. The game was slow, owing to the small number of players and the extreme cautiousness with which they made their wagers; hence they looked about for a fourth party to add life to the game. A middle aged gentleman, half way down the aisle looked promising, so one of the players approached him. "We are having a little game, but dare not only draw of us and it's a little slow. Would you like to take a hand? Poker, you know." The gentleman looked at him with a quizzical smile. "There are just three reasons why I cannot play with you."

Answer This Question

When thousands of women say that they have been cured of their ailments by a certain remedy, does this not prove the merit of that remedy?

Thousands of women have written the story of their suffering, and have told how they were freed from it by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—for thirty years these reports have been published all over America.

Without great merit this medicine could never have gained the largest sale of any remedy for woman's ills—never could have become known and prized in nearly every country in the world.

Can any woman let prejudice stand between her and that which will restore her health? If you believe those who have tried it you know this medicine does cure.

Read this letter from a grateful woman, then make up your mind to give Mrs. Pinkham's medicine a chance to cure you.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—"I am a firm believer in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was a great sufferer from organic female troubles for years, and almost despair of ever being well again. I had bearing-down pains, backache, headache and pains in my abdomen, and tried Mrs. Pinkham's Compound as a last resort. The result was astonishing, and I have used it and advocated it ever since. It is a great boon to expectant mothers. I have often said that I should like to have its merits thrown on the sky with a search-light so that women would read and be convinced that there is a remedy for their sufferings. "My husband joins me in its praise. He has used it for kidney trouble and been entirely cured."—Mrs. E. A. Bishop, 1915 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

Classified Want Directory

- HELP WANTED. WANTED—A man who understands pipe and boiler covering. T. T. Kruger, Postoffice building, Marquette. 2-15-09. WANTED—Two dining room girls and a kitchen girl at the Hotel Marquette. 2-15-09. WANTED—Railway mail clerks. Salary \$80 to \$100. Examination in Marquette May 15th. Common education sufficient. Candidates prepared free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Rochester, N. Y. 2-11-09. WANTED—50 wood choppers to cut chemical wood. The Stephenson Co., Wells, Mich. 2-24-09. WANTED—Piecemakers at Cleveland Mills camps, Rumley and Dorsey, Mich. Board 18 cents per meal. Apply at camp. 2-25-09. LOST AND FOUND. LOST—A gold bead necklace and cross. Finder will please return to Mining Journal office and receive reward. 2-15-09. LOST—Purse containing money and card of owner, on Fourth, Hewitt or Third streets. Kindly return to 107 N. Fourth street for reward. 2-14-09. FOR RENT. FOR RENT—Furnished room, new; one block from Hotel Marquette. Electric light, heat and bath. 616 Champion street. 1-15-09. FOR SALE. FOR SALE—Lot, corner High street and Hewitt Ave. Enquire 525 High St. 2-11-09. FOR SALE—An excellent farm of 40 acres at Sault Ste. Marie, a good log house and farming implements. For particulars, apply to D. S. Thomas, 200 W. Park St., Marquette, Mich. 2-2-09. FOR SALE—A driving horse. Can be had at a bargain. Call by Bell Phone 747, 2 rings black. 2-14-09. FOR SALE—Tug George N. length 88 ft., beam 12 ft., engine 125; boiler in good condition and good steamer. Hull and equipment practically new. Would make good harbor or fish boat. For further particulars apply to Touffrey Tug Line, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. 2-8-09. FOR SALE—An account of \$21.25 against J. F. Knight, Norway, Mich., for sale at 50 cents on the dollar. Mining Journal Co., Ltd. 2-11-09. FOR SALE—Having purchased all Ross estate lots in Nester addition, will now sell at bargain price. Enquire at 113 W. Ohio St. on the corner. L. J. LeVaque. (2-25-09).

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES. An Exceptional Investment for one person in each county. Any amount up to \$250 will pay most profitable dividend annually. Indorsed by best authorities in California. Positive Bank Proof and extensive circular matter, making fullest investigation possible. Nothing of a staple character ever offered that will pay better and few as well. Commission arrangement also by which with little effort you can more than pay for stock. Citrus Trustee Company, Citizens Bank Building, Los Angeles. 2-4-09.

Lake Superior Carriage Works

H. J. WOLF, Proprietor. All kinds of Carriages, Wagons, Buckboards and Sleighs Built to Order. Morgan & Wright Rubber Tires. Repairing Promptly Done.

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Marquette Bowling Club

6 Alleys Open IN PERFECT CONDITION DAILY 9 A. M. TO 12 P. M.

Try out the "loop the loop" returns. Backus Pin Spotters.

Ladies session specially invited at morning and afternoon hours. Everything possible will be done for their comfort.

NOTICE! Wood and Building Material

I am now getting in 10-inch Dry Hardwood by the carload, and delivering the same at the lowest cash price. Every order piled before leaving my yard, and guaranteed full measurement. GEO. E. FRENCH, Marquette, Mich. 11-17-08.

MICHIGAN COLLEGE OF MINES

F. W. McNAIR, President. Located in Lake Superior district. Mines and Mills accessible for College work. For Yearbook and Record of Graduates apply to the President or Secretary. Houghton, Michigan. Charlton & Kuenzli, Architects. MARQUETTE, MICH.

SUPERIOR TRUST COMPANY HANCOCK, MICHIGAN Capital \$150,000. This company is under the supervision of the state banking department and is authorized by the law to act as executor, administrator, guardian, assignee, receiver or trustee. C. E. WRIGHT, President. JACOB BAER, Vice President. H. C. GETCHELL, Secretary.

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There is Only One "Bromo Quinine" That is Laxative Bromo Quinine USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c. E. W. G.

Answer This Question. When thousands of women say that they have been cured of their ailments by a certain remedy, does this not prove the merit of that remedy? Thousands of women have written the story of their suffering, and have told how they were freed from it by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—for thirty years these reports have been published all over America. Without great merit this medicine could never have gained the largest sale of any remedy for woman's ills—never could have become known and prized in nearly every country in the world. Can any woman let prejudice stand between her and that which will restore her health? If you believe those who have tried it you know this medicine does cure. Read this letter from a grateful woman, then make up your mind to give Mrs. Pinkham's medicine a chance to cure you.

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Copper Country

RAILS GOING TO L'ANSE.

More Signs That Trolley System to the Iron Country Is Planned.

Coupled with the filing of incorporation papers by a power company that states it intends to build a power plant on the Sturgeon river is another incident that may seem significant to those who suspect that the building of a trolley system between the iron and copper countries is contemplated.

It is not conceivable that an electric car line system would be built from L'Anse to Houghton only, nor is there any occasion for any extensive railroad improvements that would require big shipments of steel rails.

FINANCE COMMITTEE NAMED.

Will Confer With Hancock Board To Consider Water Rate Reduction.

In accordance with the wish of the Hancock board of public improvements, the city council has designated a committee to act with the board in considering a change in the present water rates.

TORCH LAKE INTERESTED.

Question Whether Sunday Shows May Be Held Now to Be Settled.

In the Torch Lake district more than in any other copper country district the question of Sunday theatricals has been a subject of contention, and the interest of the people is now at its highest pitch.

LECTURE DATES FIXED.

Anti-Tuberculosis Speaker March 14 and 15.—Went Sauter March.

At a meeting this week of the Houghton County Anti-Tuberculosis society the dates of the lectures to be given by Dr. Frederick Tice of the faculty of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Chicago were fixed.

A matter under consideration for some time has been the establishing of a place where tubercular patients may be treated, and it was intended earlier to build a cottage near the detention hospital or to make an effort to get the old poor house building, vacated a few weeks ago when the new structure went into use.

WILL END YEAR IN GOOD STYLE.

Hancock Finds It Can Keep Wolf from Door for the Next Two Months.

A report prepared by the finance committee of the Hancock city council and covering the ten-month period from April 1, 1908, to Feb. 1, 1909, seems to indicate that Hancock is in sound financial health and will close its fiscal year April 1, next, in very good style indeed.

The appropriations made for eight departments of the city have been drawn, and the contingent fund shows a cash balance of \$14,240.22.

COMPANY'S PROPOSAL ACCEPTED.

Nothing now remains to hinder the beginning of operations on the Front street improvement in Hancock, and it is probable that the work will be started as soon as the cold season ends.

BURT WON THE CONTEST.

Raymond Burt was declared the winner of the oratorical contest of the Calumet High school as a result of the contest held Monday afternoon.

DEATHS OF EARLY SETTLERS.

The funeral of Mrs. John O'Brien of Hancock, who died Sunday at the age of seventy-nine, will be held this morning with services at St. Patrick's church and interment in the Catholic cemetery.

Mrs. Joseph Pantera of the Franklin location, who also was an old resident of the Hancock district, died suddenly Monday from heart failure.

The funeral of James Baumert, who was one of the earliest settlers of the copper country and who was living in Keweenaw county when it was still known as travel by trail or boat to Houghton, will be held this morning.

Advertisement for Calumet Baking Powder. 'The real test is in the baking.' 'Other Baking Powders may make bread claim, but when it comes to the production of real delicious biscuit, cakes and pastry...'

COPPERDOM BRIEVITIES.

F. S. Carlton of Calumet has returned from a trip to Chicago. John D. Cuddihy of Calumet has gone to Duluth, on a business trip.

Julius White of the Wolverine location has gone to Chicago, on business. Mr. and Mrs. Con Hanley of Calumet are paying a visit to friends in St. Paul.

The funeral of the infant daughter of James Rodda of Hancock was held Sunday. J. T. Finnegan of Calumet has returned from a business trip to Ishpeming.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rice of Houghton have returned home from a trip to Chicago. William Schultz of South Range has returned from a trip to southern Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Calverley have returned to Houghton from a trip to Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Coggin of Redridge are home, after having visited at Chicago.

Miss Luella V. Holmes of Calumet has gone to Pueblo, Colo., for a visit with relatives. Mrs. James G. McCallum and son of Calumet are paying a visit to friends in Marquette.

It is announced that Miss Maud Winning and A. H. Hamm of Houghton are to be married. J. H. Dufresne and J. W. Deenan are newly-elected trustees of St. Ignace's church of Houghton.

Con Burton has returned to Houghton from Chicago, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis. James Farley of Franklin has announced his candidacy for the office of treasurer of Franklin township.

Walter Fitch, who has been in the East, on business for the past several weeks, has returned to Calumet. Colonel W. H. Thielen, who went to Chicago last week, to attend the automobile show, has returned to Calumet.

F. Hoves of Chicago is a newcomer in Calumet and has taken a position as operator in Paine, Webber & Co.'s office. Richard Edwards, who is attending the University of Wisconsin at Madison, is in Houghton, for a brief visit with his parents.

Edgar Rice, infant son of D. E. Rice of Calumet, died in Milwaukee Friday. Mrs. Rice's death occurred about ten days ago. Miss Mabel Pryor of Lake Linden, who has been visiting relatives in Chicago for the past two weeks, has returned home.

The D. Y. W. Y. K. club of Lake Linden was entertained Monday night at the home of the Misses Ethel and Libbie Maclay. H. W. Eave of South Range has left for the Southwest, on account of ill health, and will be away until the middle of next May.

Arthur Stoye of Duluth is in Houghton, visiting his mother, Mrs. N. Stoye. He will leave shortly for Seattle, where he intends to locate. Carl Winkler of Houghton left yesterday for Duluth, where his two brothers—Theodore and Albert—are to open a candy factory.

J. G. Bertrand, who has been visiting in Colorado Springs, where Mrs. Bertrand and family are spending the winter, has returned to Houghton. Dr. J. W. Moore of Atlantic has gone to Grand Rapids and will be away a week. In his absence his practice will be cared for by Dr. Pascoe of Baltic.

Henry Bonds of Lake Linden is at the Lake Superior General hospital, recovering from an operation for appendicitis, to which he submitted Sunday. The Ishpeming indoor baseball team is seeking games with the Houghton-Huron town club, and a trip into the iron country may be arranged for the latter.

S.S.S. DRIVES OUT RHEUMATISM

Rheumatism is in reality an internal inflammation—a diseased condition of the blood cells which supply the nourishment and strength necessary to sustain our bodies. Uric acid, an irritating, inflammatory accumulation, gets into the circulation because of physical irregularities, and then instead of nourishing and invigorating the body, the blood irritates and inflames the different nerves, tissues, muscles and joints, because of its impure, acid condition.

will compete with a team of the Houghton club. Those who will probably comprise the Houghton team are R. M. Edwards, Paul Swift, Leigh Swift, J. J. Zealand, J. H. Rice and F. L. Cairns.

Huron town's big annual social affair, the firemen's annual ball, will take place next Saturday night. It will be a masquerade and will be preceded by a parade, headed by the Isle Royale band.

Steve Bonett, an employee of the Calumet & Hecla, has every reason to believe that this is a hard world. When he quit work one day recently, he discovered that someone had stolen his trousers. He didn't want to be kept a prisoner in the dry house and also miss his supper, so he took somebody else's trousers—those of John Graecan.

Mining News

SITUATION IN COPPER.

Present Price Not Much Below the Average for the Last Decade.

The reduction in the price of a leading selling agency to 13 1/2 cents, delivered, thirty days, corresponding to about 13 1/2 cents, cash, New York, had no effect upon the copper market, comments the Engineering & Mining Journal.

The North Tamarack hockey team has engaged the Calumet & Hecla band for a skating party that it is to give at the Park rink, in Calumet, tomorrow evening. Copper country railroad officials expect that a big delegation will go to the iron country to attend the Ishpeming ski tournament on Washington's Birthday, Feb. 22.

The loss caused by the fire Sunday afternoon at the home of Fred Kinville, a short distance west of Hancock, amounts to about \$800 and is covered by insurance. The basketball games scheduled for this week between teams of the Houghton and Hancock High schools have been postponed until the evening of Thursday, Feb. 25.

The hockey game between the Red Jacket and Houghton teams, postponed on Christmas eve, was to have been played this week, but it has been found that it cannot be arranged. During Lent Rev. John E. Curzon, pastor of Trinity church, of Houghton, will deliver a series of six sermons upon the subject, "The Co-Redemption of Frith." The sermons will be given Sunday evenings, the first one Feb. 28.

In carrying out its work, the newly-organized Social Purity league is to divide the copper country into districts—the Range, Portage Lake, Torch Lake, Dollar Bay and Calumet. A trustee from each will be chosen. A new pool and billiard establishment was opened in Houghton yesterday, in the quarters formerly used for the same purpose by Charles Marquette. Brad Walker is the proprietor. A confectionery is operated in the connection.

John H. Hagan of Chicago is a newcomer in Hancock and has taken charge of the offices of the International Correspondence schools, succeeding Pearl T. Beaman. J. H. Peterson of Milwaukee has taken a position in the office. Mrs. Henry Vaudrin has returned to Houghton from Milwaukee, where she was called last week on account of the illness and subsequent death of a relative, Mr. Edward Vaudrin, who was formerly Miss Florence Foucha of Atlantic.

Hockey teams composed of members of the Dollar Bay Episcopal church and Houghton Presbyterian church will compete for honors at the Dollar Bay rink tomorrow night. Before the beginning of Lent a return game will be played at the Houghton Amphitheatre. The directors of the Tamarack Co-operative association, the concern that operates the general store at Tamarack, contemplate the purchase of two delivery automobiles. The matter will be considered at the annual meeting of the association, which is to be held in March.

As a result of the revival services in progress at the Houghton Presbyterian church, twenty-three new members have been added to the congregation. Rev. J. R. Mitchell of Marshall, Mich., who conducted the services, has gone to Iron Mountain, where he will preside at a similar revival. Officers of the newly-organized Baraga Creamery company, which is to begin business May 1, are: President, H. H. Price; Frank M. Emis; treasurer, Stan Hill. The officers and Arvid Johnson, Alphonse Gauthier, Joseph Osterman, Peter Girard and A. Giddings comprise the board of directors.

Paul Swift of Houghton won this week's shoot of the Houghton Gun club by the score of 38 out of a possible 75. Members of the club are much interested in the shoot to be held next Sunday, when a team of Ishpeming marksmen

Advertisement for The Citizens National Bank. 'CONSIDER THIS WELL. Why wait until you are older before starting a reserve fund? The money you save now and deposit in the Citizens National bank will be an increasing source of financial strength to you.'

Advertisement for Paine, Webber & Co. 'ESTABLISHED 1880. BANKERS AND BROKERS, BOSTON, MASS. Members New York Stock Exchange, Boston Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade. Direct Private Wires to All Markets. Curb Stocks Given Special Attention. Marquette Office, W. H. Schweitzer, Resident Manager.'

There have been two distinct export movements to China, the first taking 100,000,000 pounds and terminating in the early part of 1906 while the second, which began in October, 1907, and terminated a few months later, involved only about 25,000,000 pounds. The large amount of exports to other countries than those enumerated in 1904 and 1905 was due to the shipment of 40,000,000 pounds to Mexico in those two years.

FOREIGN COPPER TRADE.

United States Exports in 1908 Exceeded Imports by 500,000,000 Pounds. The calendar year 1908 was notable in the foreign copper trade of the United States as marking the largest copper exports on record, the total reaching 661,876,127 pounds, which compares with 554,550,000 pounds in 1904, the previous high record.

The period of the greatest exports was for the twelve months which ended Sept. 30, 1908, during which year the shipments of copper from this country abroad exceeded 750,000,000 pounds, an average of 62,500,000 pounds per month. The excess of exports over imports during 1908 was nearly 500,000,000 pounds, the largest on record, the next highest excess being in 1904 when it was 412,205,207.

The estimated production of copper in the United States in 1908 was about 520,000,000 pounds. Adding to this the imports of 162,000,000 pounds, the total available supply, not including stocks on hand Jan. 1, 1908, 1,112,000,000 pounds, of which amount 662,000,000 pounds, or nearly 60 per cent was expected, leaving the country available or consumable in this country 450,000,000 pounds. During the three years of 1902, 1903 and 1904 the average price of copper was from 12 1/8 to 13 1/2 cents and we exported an average of 400,000,000 pounds per annum. At the close of 1904 the price of copper in the price of copper began, which reached its culmination in the 26 1/2 cent market of the early months of 1907.

AMALGAMATED.

According to reports from New York John D. Ryan has practically retired from the office and duties of managing director of the Amalgamated Copper company in Montana and is devoting himself almost exclusively to the "Cobalt-Ryan interests." His successor has not yet been selected, and two names are mentioned. One is that of Cornelius F. Kelley, chief counsel of the Amalgamated company in the West, and mining and business interests are hoping he will be Mr. Ryan's successor. The other name is that of Mr. Kelley, who is a close and trusted friend of the late Marcus Daly and is one of the most trusted, considerate and approachable men associated with the big mining interests in the West.

As the head of the Amalgamated in the West he would be a tremendous strength to that company, a guarantee of mutual interests protected as between the big company and its employees, and other interests. Mr. Kelley has a better knowledge of mining conditions than Mr. Kelley, and no one has a broader practical knowledge of the affairs of the Amalgamated company in the West. But for his connection with the company, Mr. Kelley's name would be the highest political honors within the gift of the people of Montana. He entered the legal department of the Amalgamated company some years ago as an assistant, at the close of his term as assistant prosecuting attorney of the county, and in a few years he had charge of all of the company's important litigation. Several years ago he became head of the legal department.

The opposition to the Amalgamated Copper company, which once was strong, is in evidence in Montana, but almost entirely disappeared and the company is strongly and permanently entrenched in power in the state. Its wishes are law with the present Montana legislature. A bill in the latter part of the session was introduced permitting one corporation to own stock in another corporation in Montana, and will become a law. A bill was introduced giving power to cities to regulate light, water and power of electric power in the state.

There was on foot a very popular movement to consolidate the city and county governments of Butte and Anaconda, where the cities practically comprise all of the counties, but the Amalgamated, whose taxes would be thereby increased by taking some of its properties into a city government, expressed its disapproval and the movement was dropped when it had reached the height of public interest.

The disappearance of the harassing fight that had for years been made on the Amalgamated has brought peace to industrial Montana, and where the Amalgamated once was compelled to fight for its rights it can now obtain anything it wants by merely intimating its desires.

Father says: "Say, mother, can't you make us some more of those fine doughnuts if I will bring home a pair of Cuddly's Peacock lard again?" (7-29-0)

Advertisement for Kidney medicine. 'Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It. How To Find Out. Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a brick dust sediment will settle to the bottom, or a string of mucus will appear, or a white appearance often indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; too frequent desire to pass uric acid or pain in the back are also symptoms that tell you the kidneys and bladder are out of order and need attention.'



The Largest Snow Shoe Factory in the Northwest.

M. R. Manhard & Son, LTD.

Until Further Notice We Will Sell

Dry Block Wood

At \$6.00 Per Load or \$3.25 Per Half Load

The Superior Lumber Co.

SCRANTON COAL

Once tried always used.

Blue Grass Cannel, Pocahontas Smokeless, Pittsburgh and Youghiogheny Steam, and Smithing.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

BOTH PHONES 117.

George Gillett's Celebrated Snow Shoes



All My Own Make Snow Shoes, With Double Bridge, the Best on Earth

A Pair of my Double Bridge Snow Shoes outlasts Two Pair of any other. Oil Tan Shoe Straps with wide Toe Slip, 50 cents Per Pair. None genuine unless bearing the Shield Brand. For Packers and Landlookers: No. 1 Bent Toe, size 15x47, pair \$6.00 No. 2 Bent Toe, size 14x43, pair \$5.00 Straight Toe Sent only when Ordered. Make any size to order. Refill and Repair Shoes. Goods Shipped same day Order Received. 1024 North Front St. Marquette, Mich. Bell Phone 564. 216-27-12

DO YOU KNOW

Our HARDWOOD FLOORING is THOROUGHLY DRIED; also STEEL SCRAPED, which gives it a highly polished surface. It is unloaded from car into dry kiln where it remains until delivered to consumer, which insures you against the usual opening of joints, shrinking or warping after being laid.

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co. Marquette.

PERFECTION

You must not think that it is in the prescription department alone that we are working so that we may claim to have a "perfect" service.

The most extreme care is exercised in the selection of every line of goods in our store.

Especially is this demonstrated in the careful buying of brushes of every description, in the buying of perfumes, the buying of toilet articles and preparations, the buying of drug sundries, such as sponges, chamomile skins, rubber goods and a so the buying of goods which constitute the many different side lines which we handle.

It will be a pleasure for us to supply you with all your drug store wants.

You will never have reason to complain of our service.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE

J. B. JONES, Manager.

JONES' DAIRY FARM

LITTLE SAUSAGE

Seal Ship Oysters

Chase & Sanborn's Coffee

1 lb. cans, 40c; 2 lb. cans, 75c.

Fresh Vegetables

AT

D. MURRAY'S

114 South Front street.

IF YOU WANT THE BEST GROCERIES FRESH FRUITS and VEGETABLES PLACE YOUR ORDERS WITH

Delf's Grocery

133 Washington St.

Up to Grade Always CERESOTA From Minnesota

ICE CREAM ICES

And Other Table Delights

Fine Baking and Confectionery

LaVALLEE'S BAKERY

213 N. Front St., Marquette.

Both Telephones. 116-14

CHIMNEY FIRES

Would be Rendered Impossible by Burning ...OUR... MACHINE-SCREENED ANTHRACITE COAL

Which is Practically Free from Dust and Dirt.

JAS. PICKANDS & CO., LTD.

208 S. FRONT ST. BOTH PHONES NO. 60.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Partly cloudy; stationary temperature.

Yesterday's temperature: Seven a. m., 9 degrees; noon, 17; 7 p. m., 15. Maximum, 17 degrees; minimum, 9.

Mr. and D. H. Hall left last evening for Chicago.

Albert Herron, of Escanaba, is visiting in the city.

William F. Carr went to Wetmore yesterday afternoon.

C. B. Dunster left for a trip into the copper country yesterday.

J. E. Sherman, Morgan Jopling and E. W. Allen were Chicago passengers last evening.

Mrs. Harry Handford is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Moore, in Duluth.

Mrs. H. R. Fox left last evening for Chicago to spend a month with relatives and friends.

Silas McGannan, of Big Bay, was brought to St. Mary's hospital yesterday for treatment.

The G. I. A. to the B. of L. E. will meet at Keough's Hall at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

F. H. Vandenberg left yesterday to attend various agricultural meetings in lower Michigan.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. J. LaFortune, of West Michigan street, yesterday morning.

William Fitzgerald, of Trenary, will undergo an operation at St. Mary's hospital this morning.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to Alfred Olson, of Marquette, and Louisa A. Nelson, of Butte, Mont.

Miss Clara Hicks, of East Hewitt avenue, entertained for Miss Edna Richardson, at a thimble party, last evening.

The German Aid society will give a dance at Keough's Hall Saturday evening, for members and their families only.

Clarence Thiele, of Champion township, brought a lynx skin to the county clerk's office yesterday, and was paid one regulation bounty therefor.

The Sansbarrel club, of St. John's congregation, will give a card party at Legion Hall tonight for the benefit of the church. Playing will commence at 8:30.

Miss Ida Swanson, of Chicago, who has been visiting at the home of Mrs. John C. Johnson, underwent an operation for appendicitis at St. Luke's hospital Monday.

Dr. J. H. Dawson has gone east to attend the annual meeting of the Victoria Mining company. On his way back to California next week, he will visit in Marquette.

Edward Mitchell and daughter, Miss Olive, and Mayor John Robertson went to Chicago yesterday. Messrs. Mitchell and Robertson will attend the concrete exhibition at the Coliseum, and will be absent from Marquette for about a week.

Card Party Tuesday—The ladies of the cathedral parish will give a card party in Baraga auditorium next Tuesday evening.

Is a Benefit Affair—The Ladies' auxiliary to the A. O. U. H. will give a card party at Keough's Hall this evening. It is a benefit affair.

Basketball Tonight—The teams of the Ferguson Business college and Knights of Columbus will play basketball at Armory Hall this evening. A social hop will follow. The ball playing will start at 8:15.

Commandery Inspected—Lake Superior commandery, Knights Templar, was inspected by Grand Standard Bearer Gordon R. Campbell, of Calumet, Monday evening, and candidates were initiated into the order of the Red Cross.

Meeting of Executive Board—There will be a meeting of the executive board of the Queen City Commercial club this afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the city hall, to consider important matters with which the club is now dealing.

City Team Won—The K. of C.'s basketball team was defeated by the City team at Armory Hall by a score of 27 to 13 Monday night. A fair size crowd witnessed the game. A return game will be played some time next week.

Trip to Camp—Miss Ferris LaBonte, 727 North Third street, entertained a party of her young lady friends Sunday with a trip to the LaBonte camp, near Gordon. The party went to the camp, and had a most enjoyable outing.

Wm. J. Smith Dead—William J. Smith, a lifelong resident of this city, and the son of one of the pioneer settlers of Marquette county, died at the county house Monday, at the age of sixty-three years. The funeral was held today afternoon, with interment in the family lot at Park cemetery.

Special Meeting—Captain Barry, the new head of the Marquette corps of the Salvation Army, announces that his subject this evening will be "The Wise Men of Marquette, and Their Value to the City." The captain has had applications for help for housework and other domestic work and will be pleased to refer persons wanting employment to the applicants.

Death of Young Woman—Miss Martha Thomas, aged twenty-seven years, died at St. Mary's hospital yesterday morning, after an illness of two months with tuberculosis. The deceased was a native of Canada, and lived near Toronto. During the past summer she worked at the home of J. J. Cleary, on Rock street. She was a cousin of Peter Martel of this city, but is not known to have any other relatives in this locality. Funeral arrangements will not be made until her Canadian relatives are heard from.

Will Go to Copper Country—The Marquette City team, consisting of ten members, will leave Thursday at 3:10 for their tour into the copper country. This trip has been planned for the last month and each man has been practicing faithfully so as to put up the fight of life against the teams of the copper country. All the members have their uniforms and ought to make a neat appearance upon the floor. Thursday night will be spent at L'Anse, where a game will be played with the strong aggregation of that city. Friday night the team will be at Houghton, where the boys will learn a few points of the game from

the Michigan College of Mines' team. Saturday the City team will try conclusions with the Y. M. C. A. team of Calumet, who recently badly defeated the Ferguson business college team. The boys will return to Marquette Sunday night.

Marquette Rifles Meeting—The Marquette Rifles will meet at Legion Hall tomorrow night for drill, basketball practice and a business meeting. All members are urgently requested to be present. The military company has been working under difficulties, owing to their inability to find a suitable place for practice, but now that Legion Hall has been obtained for that purpose, it is expected that their affairs will run more smoothly. The company is now considering the purchase of uniforms, the plan being for every member to purchase and own his own suit.

Not Yet Successful—The test well drilling work now being done north of light house point has not yet been attended with successful results. Rock was encountered very near the surface at the foot of Ohio street, and the drill was moved to a point near the foot of Hewitt avenue. This well is now down thirty-two feet, or about sixteen feet below the level of the lake. The strata found in drilling this hole were alternating layers of clay and gravel, and the drill was in a hard pan formation when work was suspended last evening. If rock is found below this hard pan, the hole will have been drilled in vain, but if a layer of gravel should be found, water may be obtained, which will prove whether or not filtration from the lake is practicable.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO. WAR ON HIGH PRICES.

Hotel Men Urging Elimination of Turkey from Bill of Fare.

The hotel men of this city have recently received letters from hotel organizations in the East, requesting that turkey be eliminated from the hotel menu, in accordance with a somewhat general movement, headed by the Hotel World, the leading journal of hotel men. Owing to the excessive prices charged for this toothsome bird, the World asks that the hotel men of the country cut the turkey out. If the movement becomes general, it is possible that the Marquette hotel men may fall in line. The argument of the Hotel World is as follows:

"This is a time that the Hotel World wishes that every buying steward for hotels, restaurants, cafes, eating houses and dining places whatsoever and whosoever were readers of the paper and that everyone would follow its instructions. If only the public could be trained at this time not to order any turkey for a few months or, if necessary, for the next year, this firm, which has all the turkey meat going into cold storage, would be taught a lesson it well deserves.

"Turkey is not essential to the diet of man. The citizen of the United States can be just as strong, healthy, powerful, mentally and physically, without turkey as with it. He does not need it on the table, and, at this time, he can well afford to go without it.

"If the public ceased to eat turkey, the turkey raiser would be ruined. No one has any business to eat turkey when it is twenty-six cents a pound. If the American citizen quit eating poultry, it would not be a boycott, it would be following a line of action that is in the highest sense moral."

BOWLING SCORES.

The match rolled at the bowling alleys last evening resulted as follows:

Repeaters—	Tot.
Gooding	142 128 150 420
Gorman	152 148 124 424
Carr	111 100 145 356
Goelwin	178 161 137 476
H. J. Bell	190 147 188 525
Totals	773 669 744 2186
Standards—	
Geisegen	159 131 131 421
O. Anderson	158 107 161 426
Leason (club)	135 174 125 434
Drumney	131 141 141 413
Totals	598 539 569 1606

The Standards won two out of three. Tonight the Eagles and Wolverines will play.

THOUGHTFUL GIRL.

"Can you take a little care of that card of mine?" implored the impecunious girl, to the office man, "and bring it back to me so I can send it in somewhere else. Cards cost me a cent apiece."

BIDS WANTED.

Bids wanted by the Mary Charlotte Mining company, for the construction of a shaft house at No. 2 shaft Mary Charlotte mine, Negaunee. Company will furnish all material. Plans and specifications may be obtained at the company's office, Marquette County Savings bank building. Bids to be sent to H. L. Kaufman, vice president, Rockefeller building, Cleveland, Ohio. (2-15-1w)

PROPOSALS FOR CEMENT.

Marquette, Mich., Feb. 10th, 1909. Office of the Park, Cemetery and Street Commission, City of Marquette, Mich. Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of this commission until 5 o'clock p. m. Feb. 27th, 1909, for furnishing this city during the present season, with 4,000 barrels (more or less) of Portland cement, brand to be specified, prices quoted to be:

- 1st, f. o. b. dock Marquette, in 1,000 barrel lots,
- 2nd, f. o. b. cars Marquette, in 1,000 barrel lots, and
- 3rd, delivery price on work as needed in the construction of concrete walks, etc., in different parts of the city.

All cement to be guaranteed to pass the standard specifications for cement of the American Society for Testing Material.

The commission reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JOSEPH F. ANDERSON, Clerk. (2-12-1w)

SLABS.

Pine and hardwood slabs, dry 16-in. Delivered in any part of the city. Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co. (6-4-1f)

There's a RARE Pleasure in being Able to Play the BEST Music—When You Are Not a Musician.

The Pianola Piano

Exclusive Agency Northern Michigan CONKLIN'S

STUYVESANT, WHELOCK, STECK, WEBER, the most perfect player pianos extant. A child can play them. Prices \$550 up. Easy monthly payments. See the line, hear them play, at CONKLIN'S

Upper Peninsula

His Injuries Proved Fatal—

As a result of injuries received when he fell from a trolley, August Johnson is dead at Marquette, where he had lived for many years. He leaves a brother, Adolph Johnson, at Negaunee.

Luce County Pioneer—

D. M. Campbell, whose sudden death at the age of sixty-one was due to heart failure, was a pioneer of Luce county. The deceased was a former living a few miles from the village of McMillan, in Calumet township, and was one of the early settlers in that region, locating there over twenty years ago. He was a native Scotchman and possessed all the inherent characteristics of his race. He is survived by a widow, one son and two daughters.

New Rod & Gun Club—

The sportsmen of Newberry have perfected an organization. It will be known as the Luce County Rod & Gun club, and starts off with a membership of twenty. Hugh Osborn is the president, W. G. Fretz secretary and H. E. Smith, treasurer. It is the purpose to encourage all kinds of field sports, and to endeavor to foster a sentiment for the better protection of game. Funds realized from membership fees and monthly dues will be devoted to restocking the streams with fish and planting wild rice in the rivers and lakes. An invitation has been extended to all true sportsmen in the county to become affiliated with the organization.

Fought in the Rebellion—

James Joyce, who passed away last week at the Sault Ste. Marie hospital, where he had lingered since last October, was a G. A. R. veteran and a familiar figure about the Soo. He was born in Ireland seventy-three years ago, whence he came while still a young man. He enlisted in Company C, Sixteenth United States Infantry of New York, in 1861, and was with the army of the Cumberland all through the Civil war. He was mustered out in 1867 and went to the Soo a few years later. Death was due to old age and general debility. With the passing of Joyce there remain but sixteen members of the Soo G. A. R. post. Several are out of the city.

Helped Establish Newberry—

The funeral of William O. Strong, who died recently at Oklaoma City, in his eighty-second year, was held at St. John's chapel at Detroit, from 1880 to 1890 Mr. Strong was local commissioner of the Detroit, Mackinac and Marquette railroad and before that agent of the St. Mary's Canal Land company. He was a prominent figure in the early history of Newberry and took an active part in founding the village. He was of a sanguine temperament and one of his early dreams, in which he implicitly believed, was that Newberry was destined to become within a space of a very few years a city of considerable importance. The surviving sons are Edward E. Strong of San Francisco and Henry F. Strong of Detroit.

Harvesting Much Ice—

The annual ice harvest will be unusually heavy in Menominee this year and the several ice companies, together with the breweries, wholesale fish houses and private ice houses, will put up fully 50,000 tons of the product. The Boreal Ice company, Donner Fish company and Carpenter-Cook company are all cutting their ice in the lower main river. The ice is used principally for cooling purposes. The ice houses of the Menominee River Brewing company are now full, holding in the neighborhood of 2,500 cords. This company cut ice above the first dam. The Leisen & Henes company is putting in a large quantity, cutting the product from the bay in the rear of the brewery. The Sowak and Phalon & Jones ice houses are almost full, the ice coming from Green bay.

Friends Give Skin for Grafting—

Ten friends of Philip Gaudette, a former Escanaba man, who was the victim of a serious railway accident at Kaukauna on Thanksgiving Day and who has since been confined to his bed in a critical condition in that city, have recently bared their arms and given sufficient skin from their bodies to cover a terrible wound on the right limb of the accident's victim. Mr. Gaudette, who is an engineer employed by the Northwestern road, was pinned for nearly two hours under a switch engine which toppled over in the yards at Kaukauna, being badly scalded about the limbs and the lower portion of his body. Since the accident he has been constantly confined to his bed under the care of expert Northwestern physicians of Chicago and Kaukauna. By the skin grafting process it is believed that his recovery will be made certain.

Horse Play Marks Convention—

A Republican convention having been called to meet at the village hall at Newberry for the purpose of nominating a candidate for county road commissioner, there were only two townships represented—McMillan and Pentland—there being no contest on any kind to induce the attendance from outlying districts. The delegates were plainly suffering from ennui when someone's discomfiture in their games, and fired it at the head of Attorney Feal. This was apparently a signal for a "rough house."

CATARH CAN NOT BE CURED

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they call for a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Have Catarrh Cured Internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and its regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results. Write for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists.

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WHY ADVERTISE?

No one has yet discovered a recipe for perpetual motion—either in science or in business. Things move only when we move them. No money making machine will run on and on of itself, turning out the precious product of profit, if the motion behind it is still and idle.

You cannot keep advancing unless you keep pushing. Customers come to us because we constantly keep before them the ease and profit of dealing with us and our willingness to deal with them.

Marquette National Bank
Marquette, Michigan.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY

MARKETS

STOCK MARKET DISAPPOINTS.

Prices React, Following London's Lead, and Trading Becomes Stagnant.

New York, Feb. 16.—The stock market today proved itself unready to follow the advance of yesterday and was disappointed in the hopes of the speculative element, which thought that the advance might prelude a revival in the market. Interest fell away to the vanishing point again today and the latter hours of the session saw the conditions as stagnant as at any time last week. The London market led the way in this course, the tendency there being distinctly reactionary from yesterday's strength. As the foreign situation had largely influenced the shaping of speculative sentiment yesterday in New York, the contrary movement abroad today was of important sympathetic effect.

The rate of interest by the trust companies on different classes of deposits has ranged from 3 to 4 per cent and has served as a potent attraction to draw in deposits from all over the country and also for large accounts from capitalists and financial institutions, including, it is said, savings banks. With the prevailing low rates for money and the additional reserve requirement of 15 per cent of the deposits which was imposed on the trust companies Feb. 1, they find themselves unable to use these funds on terms which will reimburse them for such high rates to depositors. It is believed that the reduction of the interest on these deposits will have the effect of diverting large sums into investment on bonds, on many of which the rate remains still much above the interest rates on money.

Copper Metal Prices.

New York, Feb. 16.—Copper was about 58 higher in London today, with spot quoted at 258, 125, 62 and futures at 259, 126. The local market was dull and unchanged.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—The wheat market rallied from a weak opening today and advanced to a new high record mark for the season for the May delivery, the best price being 114 1/2. The slump at the start was due to a decline of 3/4 to 1/2 at Liverpool and favorable weather conditions in this country for the fall season crop, heavy snows being reported over a large section, including the Ohio river valley. There was considerable selling for short account at the opening, the initial transactions being unchanged to 1/2 to 3/4 lower. The first hour the market held fairly steady at the decline. Toward the middle of the session, however, more activity was manifested, following moderate purchases by leading bulls. The demand by the big holders brought out numerous buying orders by smaller shorts and caused a strong rally. The firmness was maintained until the close, which established advances of 3/4 to 1/2. The May opened at 113 1/2, highest, 114 1/2; lowest, 113 1/2; closing, 114 1/2.

Corn—Decreased offerings from the country, owing to the unfavorable weather for the movement, had bullish effect. At the close the prices were 1/4 to 1/2 higher. The May opened at 64 1/2, highest, 65 1/2; lowest, 64 1/2; closing, 65 1/2.

Oats—The May sold at 53 1/2, the highest price of the season. The market was strong, chiefly because of unfavorable weather for the movement. The primary receipts were about half of those of the corresponding day a year ago. The close was 1/4 to 1/2 higher. The May opened at 53 1/2, highest, 53 1/2; lowest, 53 1/2; closing, 53 1/2.

FASHION NOTE FOR MEN.

Then there are the new pajamas, with mother-of-pearl buttons and beading with any delicate shade of baby ribbon—pink being preferred by the ultra-exclusive ones.—Men's Fashion Notes.

These are screened with galvanized wire screening and separated into compartments. Their banks are sheathed with planks to keep the trout from slipping away and over each compartment is a wire net to prevent the brooms fish hawks and other birds from getting at the young fish. In these ponds Mr. Taylor has liberated about every two years 10,000 trout fry.

Liberate Trout When Too Young.

"I keep them for two years in these artificial ponds," said Mr. Taylor. "The government and the fish commissioners of this and other states liberate trout when they are a year old. They are then too small to fight and are eaten by larger trout and other fish. It is my opinion that not more than 50 per cent of such yearlings live. When the trout of a few months are liberated in the ponds and streams of the state I don't believe that more than 5 per cent of them live to grow up. It is a waste of money to liberate fish as early as this and most fish culturists will agree with me in this matter I think. As the trout increases in size in the artificial ponds, we get the larger ones from the smaller. They are cannibalistic in their habits, and the big fish eat the little ones after they attain a certain size, so we keep them weeded out to about the same size and feel them well."

Mr. Taylor now has 10,000 yearlings, 6,000 two-year-old trout, which will be released some time in the coming season, and in his ponds he estimates that he has from 4,000 to 5,000 trout from three to five years old. He and his friends have caught thousands of fish in these ponds in the last few years and there never has been a time when he hasn't taken out all that he and his guests want to catch and eat or take home and there seems to be no end to this liberating.

PRESENT TARIFF SYSTEM DENOUNCED.

Outgrown Many Years Ago, Declare Speakers at the Indianapolis Convention.

Leaders of Opposing Political Parties Are Agreed That the Only Remedy Is Establishment of a Non-Partisan Commission.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 16.—Men of opposing political parties and whose views on the construction of the tariff differ as widely as the tenets of their parties sat side by side as delegates and joined in the tumultuous applause today as speaker after speaker in the first National Tariff Commission convention vigorously denounced the present tariff and the method of its construction.

The present tariff system has been outgrown, and that the United States lingers behind the scientific methods of European countries was repeated almost as often as a new speaker addressed the delegates. That the present establishment of a non-partisan tariff commission was the only remedy for the present conditions was repeated as often.

On the nature of the commission—whether it should be a permanent body of congress and labor; an appointive commission; one composed of experts only, or a body of business men empowered to engage experts—the speakers differed, as apparently did the delegates. The matter of the tariff was taken up and it there seemed to be no dispute.

J. W. VanCleave, of St. Louis, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, who was made permanent chairman, aroused enthusiasm by asserting that the tariff was a matter of partisan politics, and Congressman Foster, of New Jersey, who is sponsor for the Beveridge commission bill, now before congress, caused a demonstration when he asserted that the tariff must cease to be a football of political parties.

Former Governor Guild of Massachusetts, Senator Brown of Nebraska and Congressman Ransdell of Louisiana gave the varying viewpoints of their sections. That there was little conflict save on minor points was indicated by the speeches. Mr. Guild spoke his thought plainly concerning the combination of Chicago packers, the duty on lads and the alleged victimizing of the American farmer. Senator Brown did not except himself when speaking of the mystification of the average congressman on the subject of the tariff, and Henry R. Towne questioned vigorously the ability of the members of the ways and means committee to deal intelligently with the same subject. H. E. Miles, a manufacturer, coincided with Mr. Towne.

Senator Brown's Address.

That a tariff commission, composed of experts who would carry on investigations which congress could use as the basis of tariff legislation, was provided for by congress, such commission, however, to have no authority to fix tariff rates, was the substance of the speech delivered by Senator Brown, of Nebraska. The speaker said, in part:

"While I believe in the most skilled tariff which will protect American labor and capital, I do not come to argue the economic merits of that policy nor to demonstrate the folly and the fallacy of the contrary doctrine. I come to commend, and I hope to encourage this representative body of America's business men in their stand for an intelligent and scientific basis on which congress may determine what duties shall be levied on the world's importations.

"The task now before congress is to adjust, not to repeal, the Dingley law, its policy and purpose must be perfect and not abandoned. The judgment of the American people is for its re-arrangement in the matter of details and for its re-edification in the matter of principle. It is because the details are so intimately and inseparably associated with the principle and purpose of an industrial legislation that every true friend of wise and safe congressional enactment should be willing to have the facts on which the details rest ascertained and reported to congress. The creation of a permanent commission of experts to make such an investigation is a public necessity.

"There is not a business man of small means or great degree who does not find the facts of location of trade, of conditions, of prices, of supply, of distribution, and many other facts before he ventures to invest a dollar. Why should congress that acts for all the people be less careful and less informed about what it undertakes than the average business man who acts for himself alone? If that business man is wise, who first obtains the facts, before he opens his business house or buys a factory, or builds a railroad, would it not

be wise for congress to first obtain the facts, as a basis for legislation, before it legislates on a subject which necessarily involves for well or woe every business house and every factory and every railroad and every laborer in all the land?

"There should be no doubt about an early enactment of congress providing for a tariff commission of experts to investigate and report all of the facts obtainable relating to trade and industrial conditions to be used as a basis for tariff legislation. A commission of this character is a public necessity and would be a public benefaction. It would tend, at least, to remove the tariff issue from politics. While I believe in the existence of political parties, I do not think the business of the country should be entrusted and the industries of the people threatened every two years by an assault on tariff schedules. The tariff is a practical matter and it is a practical question of detail which should be left alone as much as possible by the political paragon issue builders of the age.

"The public is best served in its business interests by men willing to act on the facts, and not on the theories of the whole time is given to finding out those facts without regard to the effect they may have when found out, on the life of some political organization. Let it be understood that the work of this commission is not to include the rate of duty on a single article of commerce. That is a legislative function and belongs solely to congress. No commission could be authorized under the constitution to fix schedules."

SENATE WAR SERIOUS.

Led by La Follette, New Members Demand Recognition.

They Want Better Places on the Committees and to Force Their Concession They Threaten to Hold Up Important Bills by Insisting Upon a Full Discussion of All Legislation.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Ten great appropriation bills held up for action in the special session of congress, is the prospect set forth by the action of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin in forcing postponement until the present week of consideration of the naval appropriation bill. Ordinarily the plots of "insurgents" attract little attention at the Capital, where plans for rebellion are hatched with the influx of every new group of members, and the insurgent La Follette is to be seriously taken, however, for the insurgent hand in the senate, assisted by the senate rules, is large enough to guarantee that the threat will be carried out. Only one appropriation bill, the urgent work of the insurrection, which they have introduced in committee, while independent matter, in which the younger senators may be interested, are given no recognition. The result is, it is pointed out, that the whole senatorial delegations from some of the greatest states are out of participation in the largest affairs of legislation and denied the intimate knowledge to which they are entitled to enable them to vote intelligently on bills. It was suggested in debate that the report of the naval affairs committee on the naval appropriation bill contained nine pages on distillery in the navy, and not one word about the alleged political yard.

The insurgent band in the senate can be organized with reasonable accuracy. It is said by the insurgents themselves to number eighteen, with four more senators hanging in the balance and likely to join them upon the right provocation. It is held by some senators that the movement based wholly upon a program of delay of the appropriation bills, which must be passed anyway, in the view of the insurgent leaders, however, the issue broad enough to warrant such action, and the matter of the tariff was taken up and it there seemed to be no dispute.

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BRONCHITIS VICTIM

Little Daughter of Mrs. Hastings of Fitchburg Suffered for Years. Could Not Attend School Winters.

COMPLETELY CURED BY VINOL

"For many years my little daughter suffered from bronchitis. Every winter she was in bed for most of the time, and until last fall had not taken her out of school entirely. We had one of the best doctors in the city, and while he would bring her out of the acute attacks all right, they kept recurring. At last she got so very bad that it did not seem as though she could stand any more spells. Knowing that Vinol had cured my little nephew of congestion of the lungs I decided to try it for my daughter. I did so and could soon see a great difference. She took four bottles and was completely cured. She has had an attack of bronchitis since and seems strong and well." Mrs. J. E. Hastings, Fitchburg, Mass.

The reason Vinol is so successful in such cases is because it contains iron, together with all of the healing, medicinal and body-building elements of cod liver oil actually taken from fresh cods. It is not only to upset the stomach and retard its work. It does not taste of oil and children love it. If Vinol fails to benefit any case far when it is recommended we will refund every cent paid us for it. That's your guarantee; we know it will do you good. The Stafford Drug Co., Marquette, Mich. J. E. O'Donoghue, druggist, Negaunee, Mich.

Marquette County Savings Bank

SAVINGS BANK BUILDING, MARQUETTE.

A Checking Account

is indeed a business necessity; and he who tries to get along without one is at great disadvantage.

It is not required that a person should have a large bulk of business in order to open an account. Men in every business, farmers and even many women are running personal checking accounts. If you have never done business in this way, and are not familiar with the plan, come to us and we will get you started. We will be glad to supply you with the necessary books, blanks and information.

Special attention to BANKING BY MAIL. Send a postal for booklet.



The Dancing Brownies, in the "Honey Moon Trail," at the Marquette Opera House Thursday, Feb. 18.

rich, Burrows, Lodge and Cullon that they are "all right," and that the younger members are left without important places, regardless of ability. It is nonsense, they say, to urge that men who have made national reputations as progressive governors of great communities should be obliged to wait for years before being given important work in the senate. The content, also, that where the older senators are loaded down with good committee appointments they are unable to give proper attention to the business coming before their committees, which involves the expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars. The older members get most of the things they want by smuggling them into the appropriation bills, of which they have control in committee, while independent matter, in which the younger senators may be interested, are given no recognition. The result is, it is pointed out, that the whole senatorial delegations from some of the greatest states are out of participation in the largest affairs of legislation and denied the intimate knowledge to which they are entitled to enable them to vote intelligently on bills.

The revolt is noteworthy, too, in view of the forthcoming tariff revision. Most of the revolutionists, like Beveridge, who will become a hot rebel on the right issue, favor a tariff commission. Cummins has just given out an interview favoring the commission idea; and while it is inside opinion that the new senator from Iowa will not be badly treated when the committee assignments are announced in the new congress, it is known that no concessions will be made from his purpose to fight for his ideas when the tariff bill reaches the upper branch.

The census bill is expected to go over to the special session, and with the likelihood that some of the great appropriation bills may also, the possibility of general legislation is increased. La Follette and his friends say openly that it is ridiculous for the senate to sit around all summer with nothing to do half the time, and that the time can better be employed in debating appropriation bills and correcting mistaken policies, as in the case of the navy yards, instead of taking the word of Senators Hale and

secretary, chief of the weather bureau, assistant chief of the weather bureau, chief of the bureau of animal industry, chief of the forest service, chief of the bureau of chemistry.

Department of commerce and labor—assistant secretary, chief of the bureau of corporations, chief of the bureau of manufactures, chief of the bureau of immigration, chief of the census bureau, chief of the coast and geologic survey, chief of the bureau of statistics, steamboat inspector general, chief of the bureau of fisheries, chief of the bureau of immigration and naturalization, chief of the bureau of standards.

Interstate Commerce Commission—Places as vacancies may appear by reason of the terms of present members ending.

Civil Service Commission—Three members.

MANY READY TO HELP TAFT.

Every State Has Candidates for Government Offices.

Senators and Representatives Anxiously Watching Places Not Covered by Civil Service—General Change Expected in Washington—New Cabinet Likely to Want New Assistants—The Great Body of Working Clerks, However, Cannot Be Disturbed.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Imbued with the idea that President Taft intends to make a pretty general change in the unclassified officer of the federal service, Republican senators and representatives are preparing to keep a sharp look out for desirable patronage after March 4. So far they are making no promises to constituents who want office, because they are not quite certain as to what the new president's attitude will be, but they will be disappointed if there is not a few lot of patronage to distribute through them early in the new administration. Every state that cast its electoral vote for Taft, and some that did not, has a long list of applicants for desirable places. Unless all signs fail Mr. Taft will have to devote a great deal of time to the office-hunting contest before he has warned his new chair in the executive office. Many of the congressmen are receiving inquiries as to the places outside of the classified service which might become vacant after the fourth of March.

Vacancies for Taft to Fill.

Here is a list of the more desirable places that pay from \$4,500 to \$12,000 a year:

Department of State—Assistant secretary, second assistant secretary, third assistant secretary, solicitor, assistant solicitor.

Department of the Treasury—Three assistant secretaries, supervising architect, director of the bureau of engraving and printing, chief of the secret service, superintendent of the life saving service, comptroller of the treasury, assistant comptroller of the treasury, register of the treasury, auditor of the treasury department, auditor for the war department, auditor of the interior department, auditor of the navy department, auditor of the state and other departments, auditor of the postoffice department, treasurer of the United States, comptroller of the currency, commissioner of internal revenue, director of the mint.

Department of War—Assistant secretary of war, chief clerk and solicitor to the judge advocate general.

Department of justice—Solicitor general, assistant to the attorney general, five assistant attorneys general, an assistant attorney general for each of the executive departments, sixteen attorneys constituting a staff in the department here, twelve assistant attorneys, seven special assistant attorneys, and a large number of special agents.

Postoffice Department—Four assistant postmasters general.

Department of the Navy—Assistant secretary.

Department of the Interior—First assistant secretary, assistant secretary, assistant to the secretary, commissioner of the general land office, assistant land commissioner, commissioner of patents, assistant commissioner of patents, commissioner of pensions, commissioner of Indian affairs, commissioner of education, director of the geological survey, director of the reclamation service.

Department of Agriculture—Assistant

secretary, chief of the weather bureau, assistant chief of the weather bureau, chief of the bureau of animal industry, chief of the forest service, chief of the bureau of chemistry.

Department of commerce and labor—assistant secretary, chief of the bureau of corporations, chief of the bureau of manufactures, chief of the bureau of immigration, chief of the census bureau, chief of the coast and geologic survey, chief of the bureau of statistics, steamboat inspector general, chief of the bureau of fisheries, chief of the bureau of immigration and naturalization, chief of the bureau of standards.

Interstate Commerce Commission—Places as vacancies may appear by reason of the terms of present members ending.

Civil Service Commission—Three members.

Many New Men Will Take Office.

In the foregoing list is not included the private secretaries to cabinet officers and to assistant secretaries, which may amount to \$2,500 a year. No one believes the new president will on short order put new men in all of these places, but the prevailing view is that eventually new men will be put into practically all the places. That Mr. Taft will have a cabinet made up almost entirely of new men is the view generally accepted of the public. Naturally a cabinet officer will desire something to say about who his assistants shall be; in most instances he will name them. The expectation is that in most of the departments the present assistants will continue in office until the new cabinet officer has become acquainted with the department.

Civil Service Law a Protection.

Thanks to the civil service law the great body of working clerks in the departments cannot be disturbed by the change of administration. After all, it is the men in this protected service who really do the government's work. The rest is known here as the passing show. Every new cabinet officer will have to take instruction from some clerk in the classified service, who works on year after year in obscurity, who never gets his name in the newspapers.

Besides having to deal with the demand for places here at the capital, the president soon after he enters the White House will have to take up with senators and representatives many appointments out in the states. During this year there will be United States marshals, revenue collectors, collectors of customs, United States attorneys, pension agents (if the agencies are not abolished) and postmasters to appoint in nearly every state. The new president will, of course, follow precedent and depend on senators and representatives to recommend men for these places. Owing to changes in the senate and house effective March 4 a large number of vacancies in offices controlled by members of congress have accumulated and will have to be disposed of soon after the new administration comes in.

Mr. Taft's first communication with the senate will contain the names of the members of his cabinet. According to custom this will be sent in soon after he is inaugurated. The senate will be convened in special session to confirm the cabinet nominations and such other important nominations as the new president may send in at the opening of his administration.

EUROPE'S WAR CHESTS.

At the present time, and for the future as well, there is lying at the bank of France, in Paris, a reserve gold store of \$160,000,000, which is in fact, writes one correspondent, "hooked upon as a war fund, besides which the twenty millions of Germany looks very small." But the German "Kriegsschatz," or emergency war-chest fund, only amounts to six millions sterling, and it is lying not in the Reichsbank at Berlin, but in the vaults of the Julius Tower, in the fortress of Spandau, near the capital, against the coming of Germany's next evil day. It has been lying there as a dead fund ever since Germany received from France her war indemnity of \$200,000,000, from which it was taken—London Chronicle.

TRY THREE OF THESE

LA VERDAD

They are the finest clear Havana cigars it is possible to produce. Made in Tampa by the most skilled Cuban and Spanish workmen from second grade Vuelta Abajo tobacco. Every cigar is perfect. LA VERDAD cigars are an aroma and flavor distinctly their own. Three for 25c and five for 40c.

RON FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO. DULUTH, MINN.

M. C. SCULLY, Agent, Marquette, Mich.

Mayer's
Martha Washington Comfort Shoes

You will never know what genuine foot comfort is until you wear Martha Washington Comfort Shoes. They relieve tired and aching feet and make walking a pleasure. They fit like a glove and feel as easy as a stocking. No bother about buttons or laces—they just slip on and off at will. The elastic at the sides "gives" with every movement of the foot, insuring free action and a perfect fit. *Absolute comfort guaranteed.*

Beware of imitations. Only the genuine have the name Martha Washington and Mayer Trade Mark stamped on the sole. Refuse substitutes. Your dealer will supply you; if not, write to us.

FREE—If you will send us the name of a dealer who does not handle Martha Washington Comfort Shoes, we will send you free, postpaid, a beautiful picture of Martha Washington, size 15x20.

We also make Honorbit Shoes, Leading Lady Shoes, Yerma Cushion Shoes and Special Merit School Shoes.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co.
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

Ishpeming Department

Additional Ishpeming, on Page 7. TO SHOOT AT HOUGHTON. Ishpeming and Houghton Gun Clubs Will Compete Next Sunday.

ART LOAN EXHIBIT WELL WORTH SEEING

MANY PEOPLE CALLED AT THE GRAMMAR BUILDING YESTERDAY AND ENTERTAINMENT WAS LARGELY ATTENDED.

The art loan exhibit at the grammar school was formally opened last evening with the program as published with the exception of the address by Mr. Moulton, who was called out of the city.

The exhibit is beautiful, and the various classes of pictures are grouped in excellent position and lighting, giving the room a most artistic and pleasing appearance. Seldom, indeed, have the people of Ishpeming had an opportunity of viewing so many fine pictures, especially the many original water colors and the fac-simile color prints.

Tonight's program will be as follows:

- (a) Orchestra
- (b) Moon Song
- (c) Hunter Song
- (d) Exercises
- (e) Peaceful Slumber
- (f) Grammar School, Fifth Grade
- (g) Fatherland
- (h) Skylark
- (i) Ridge Street School, Sixth Grade
- (j) Stand by the Flag
- (k) May
- (l) High Street School, Sixth Grade

Thursday evening, the program will consist of special music with selected readings by Mrs. Estie Gay Rushmore, of the expression department of the Northern Normal school.

DEATH OF S. KAGAN.

S. Kagan, the young man who arrived here about two weeks ago from Pittsburgh to take the position of chemist at the Photo Powder company's new works, south of Winthrop, which were recently completed, and who was removed from his room at the Nelson House to the Ishpeming hospital, where he was operated on by Dr. C. Theinhaus of Milwaukee, assisted by local surgeons, died at 5 o'clock last evening. Mr. Kagan was taken ill on the train en route from Pittsburgh to Ishpeming, and he was a sick man when he arrived. He was suffering from appendicitis as well as other complaints. The man was an entire stranger in the city and was known upon his arrival here to only a few of the men connected with the powder company. He was a native of Russia, but had been in this country for some years. He was aged thirty and was single. Providing friends in the East advise to the contrary, the funeral will be held here at 9 o'clock Thursday morning from St. John's church.

DECORATIONS IN SCHOOLS.

Discussing the importance of art decorations in the schools Miss Jean Hay, director of that department here, yesterday said:

"The decoration of our school rooms and school buildings is not merely the planning of a pretty picture in the room or tint upon the walls. It is not hazardous or only so when zeal outruns taste and judgment.

"School room decoration, in a systematic, intelligent and skillful way, began in Boston in 1871, and though still young in years the educational value of this idea has spread to almost every village and city in the country.

"The country recognizes that all its citizens pass in and out of the doors of the public school and make of them the best for the state they must have the best the state can afford.

"So, first having warmth, light, sanitation, not for enervation but for perfect development and appreciation, then art develops in its various forms of literature, science, architecture, music and color, so that our boys and girls may obtain to the fullest development.

"An ideal building should be educational in its plan of decoration. The tinting of the walls depends on the location and light of the room. With tinting in good taste and the wall areas in pleasing proportion, the placing of appropriate decoration need only be a question of means, for the expert taste can be had for the asking. A few words will outline our plan.

"In the lower grades, kindergartens and first grades, the children have just come from the home nest and we wish to keep this home love warm and bright for those who do not have it. In the third and fourth grades life with action has its place. The noble animal stories that have been told by the great artists greatly appeal to the age.

"In the fifth and sixth grades the realm of literature and science opens a new door, and in the seventh and eighth grades American history and Egyptian and Grecian architecture are proper subjects, and beautiful models, sculpture and paintings are placed in their rooms.

"In the high school the different studies call for special environment and the Greek and Latin rooms are most suggestive. Modern languages furnish a beautiful text and the English room can be expressed in so many ways that it is difficult to choose. The Shakespearean class room—what could be more suggestive? The beautiful Stratford church, the epitaph and bust, scenes from the plays and historic settings, all are appropriate. The American history room, either in the grades or high school, can be made to express the best in America.

"The halls call for grander treatments in color and form.

"In Ishpeming this work has not been neglected, but it has been carried on so quietly that appreciation of the effort has been lacking. The graduating classes for many years have given an art memorial to the school. The class of 1901 gave the casts and art pottery to the studio. The high school in 1902 presented one of the smaller schools with some fine prints. The complete Parthenon frieze is to be the bequest of several classes. In the grades from time to time the pupils and teachers have given pictures and casts to different rooms.

"At the time of our art loan several years ago pictures were bought by the schools which were added to by gifts from Mrs. Felch and Fred Braastad."

PLEASED WITH TREATMENT.

Hancock Ball Players Liked Their Entertainment in Ishpeming.

The copper country papers say that the members of the Hancock Elks indoor baseball team were well pleased with the treatment they received in this city last week. John Keves, a well known commercial man, one of the officials of the Hancock indoor league, is quoted as saying that the Ishpeming players are superior in their fielding to any of the Hancock league teams and that they are a hard nine to defeat. The Ishpeming team will be invited to meet the Hancock team that city before the season is ended.

W. J. Brand, who played second base for the Hancock, expects to bring team to this city next summer to meet the Ishpeming nine.

"What shall we have for breakfast?" "Why Cudaly's Peacock ham and eggs of course; they are always acceptable especially at this season of the year." (7-29-0)

BOY MAYOR TONIGHT.

Entertainment of Unusual Interest Will Be Given at Ishpeming Theater.

Sherburn M. Becker, who won wide fame as boy mayor of Milwaukee, will be heard at Ishpeming theater tonight in a two-hour lecture on Italy and the recent earthquake. Mr. Becker has selected a theme that is timely and his scenes of the stricken region are said to be realistic. Mr. Becker's knowledge of the country and the people, gathered in

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE GWINN STATE SAVINGS BANK.

At Gwin, Michigan, at the close of business, February 5th, 1909, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department:

RESOURCES:	
Loans and discounts	\$37,782 00
Bonds, mortgages and securities	17,843 34
Furniture and fixtures	2,500 00
Real estate	2,497 34
Current expenses, interest and taxes paid in advance	1,225 15
Items in transit	1,124 62
Due from banks in reserve	8,832 37
U. S. and National Bank Currency	2,967 06
Gold coin	1,072 53
Silver coin	1,036 16
Nickels and cents	215 93
Checks, a. d. other cash items	15,911 82
Total	102,764 15
LIABILITIES:	
Capital stock paid in	\$25,000 00
Surplus fund	2,500 00
Commercial deposits	54,451 51
Due to banks and banks	235 25
Deposits in transit	369 00
Savings deposits	11,329 21
Savings certificates	1,831 93
Reserve for interest	49 00
Reserve for taxes	66 00
Total	102,764 15

STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF MICHIGAN, ss.
I, H. H. McMillan, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
H. H. McMILLAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of February, 1909.
JOHN L. KESTON, Notary Public.
My commission expires July 2nd, 1912.
CORRECT—Attest:
W. F. HOPKINS, Directors.
G. R. JACKSON,
C. V. R. TOWNSEND.

W. M. STROMWALL HAS RETURNED FROM CHICAGO.

George Harris, who purchased a stock of hardware, J. Waldman & Son have carpenters working in the store room he will occupy in the Dundon block building before the stock is placed on display. Mr. Stromwall expects to open up for business about the first of the month.

K. J. BEEMIS OF JAMESVILLE, WHO WAS IN THE CITY MONDAY, FELL ON A SLIPPERY WALK WHILE COMING DOWN MAIN STREET FROM STRAWBERRY HILL MONDAY EVENING.

Mr. Beemis is one of the company's largest shareholders and both of the Milwaukee men purchased stock after inspecting the mine. Mr. Keek is a dealer in coal, and Mr. Seefeld is a produce man.

WILLIAM TRUBLOCK AND HIS FOREMAN, GEORGE HARRIS, WILL LEAVE THIS EVENING FOR CHICAGO, WHERE THEY WILL ATTEND THE CONVENTION OF THE CEMENT WORKERS.

They expect to return next Tuesday morning. While in the city Mr. Trublock will purchase a concrete mixer, also another block maker, and perhaps some other equipment that he can use to advantage in the conduct of his concrete business here.

THE ISHPERING BAND WILL GIVE ITS SECONd ANNUAL GOOL FRIDAY CONCERT AT ISHPERING THEATER ON THE EVENING OF APRIL 9.

An admission of twenty-five cents will be charged for all parts of the house. The band has already started rehearsing the selections to be rendered and it is expected that in view of the excellent condition of the organization, the entertainment will be one of the best it has ever given. Local talent will assist.

THE SECOND OF THE SERIES OF ENTERTAINMENT FOR MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE SOCIETY WILL BE HELD TOMORROW NIGHT BY SIR HUMPHREY DAVEY LODGE OF THIS CITY.

The Woodmen's hall has been engaged for the occasion, and the officers extend an invitation to the members of all other societies in the county. The meeting will be followed by a banquet, at which a number of the more prominent members will give short talks. The series of meetings will continue throughout the remainder of the winter.

DARANTELLA

10c Havana Cigars, 10c

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000. --- Ishpeming, Mich.
SURPLUS \$75,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS:
D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER, W. H. JOHNSTON, A. MAITLAND, H. O. YOUNG, JAMES CLANCEY, DR. JOS. VANDEVENTER, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS:
F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier. H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres. O. G. AAS, Ass't Cashier. GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

Storm Sash

If you need Storm Sash, remember we are headquarters. Carry a large stock. Special sizes. We make up in a few days. Storm Doors, Storm Sheds, etc.

ROOFINGS

Remember, when in need of anything in the line of Roofings that we are the largest dealers in the Upper Peninsula. Have the largest stocks on hand of all kinds. Asphalt Roofing, Rubber Roofing, Gravel Surface Roofing, Asbestos Roofing, for Felt Roofing; Roofing that can be put on in cold weather as well as in warm weather; Roofing for all purposes.

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

COUNTY PHONE 395. LONG DIST. PHONE 88.

D. T. MORGAN & CO. BROKERS

106 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.
WE SPECIALIZE IN LISTED - Coppers - UNLISTED

Direct private wire service to New York and Boston. Our daily market letter MAILED FREE upon request.

County Phone 92. Long Dist. Phone 82

GEORGE F. RUEZ BROKER

STOCKS, BONDS AND GRAIN

Robbins Block, 116 Main St. ISHPERING, MICH.

Paine, Webber & Co.'s private wires to Boston, New York and all markets. Daily market letter, also Walker's Weekly Copper Letter, mailed free upon request.

SIR--

Buy clothes to fit. Get style too. Shop with us. We've the proof. Of what?

Good Clothes STEIN-BLOCH'S, KUPPENBEIMER'S, DESPRES-LOWENSTEIN'S.

Knox, Stetson Hats. Hanan, our own shoes.

L. W. ATKINS & CO.

BIJOU THEATRE

CHANGE OF PROGRAM

ADMISSION 10c TO ALL.

Matinee Monday's and Saturday's. Adults 10c; children, 5c.

C. A. CRINNAN, Prop.

Ishpeming Theatre TONIGHT

SHERBURN M. BECKER

Ex-Mayor of Milwaukee, in his own vivid story of the Italian Earthquake

25, 35 and 50 cents.

Storm Sash

If you need Storm Sash, remember we are headquarters. Carry a large stock. Special sizes. We make up in a few days. Storm Doors, Storm Sheds, etc.

ROOFINGS

Remember, when in need of anything in the line of Roofings that we are the largest dealers in the Upper Peninsula. Have the largest stocks on hand of all kinds. Asphalt Roofing, Rubber Roofing, Gravel Surface Roofing, Asbestos Roofing, for Felt Roofing; Roofing that can be put on in cold weather as well as in warm weather; Roofing for all purposes.

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

and they were repeatedly recalled after all of their song numbers. Mattie Fox, a winsome miss in love with Perkins, is a clever actress and is the possessor of a sweet voice. The chorus is strong and the musical numbers catchy. The whole performance moved with snap and the production is elaborately staged and costumed.

"Let us have some Cudaly Peacock bacon and calves liver for supper mamma," say young and old. (7-29-0)



Sherburn M. Becker, former "Boy Mayor" of Milwaukee, at Ishpeming Theater tonight, in a lecture on the Italian earthquake, with motion pictures showing rescue work, etc.

FIFTH ANNIVERSARY.

Rev. Sam Plantz, D. D., the distinguished president of Lawrence University, Appleton, Wis., has been secured to preach the principal sermon on Sunday, the 28th, at the fifth anniversary of the dedication of the First Methodist Episcopal church in this city. A free offering to help toward the payment of the church debt will be taken up, but no pledges or subscriptions will be taken this year.

GAVE FINE SATISFACTION.

The largest audience that has attended an entertainment at Ishpeming theater since the "Top of the World" several months ago, greeted "Honey-moon Trail" Monday evening. Every promise made by the management of the attraction was fulfilled and few musical comedy productions seen here have given better general satisfaction. The company is a large one and the cast contains a number of clever people. Harry Stone as Perkins, the advertising manager for "Barlow's Boston Beans," is a successful humorist, and he is ably assisted by W. H. St. James. The Misses Alma Youth and Olive Vail have fine voices

ISHPEMING THEATRE

Friday, Feb. 19
Monday, Feb. 22 (SKI NIGHT)

It Thrilled the New York Hippodrome.

GO WITH LYMAN H. HOWE TO EGYPT AND RUSSIA

SICILY Before and after the earthquake.

THE ONLY COMPLETE HISTORICAL RECORDS OF THE CALAMITY ZONE.

PRICES:
Lower floor and first two rows balcony, 50c; balance balcony, 35c; gallery, 25c.
ORDER SEATS NOW.

Bone Meal

\$2 per 100 lbs.

Best and Cheapest Poultry Food.

J. J. LEFFLER

First National Bank

NEGAUNEE, MICH.

United States Depository.

Capital and Surplus, \$150,000

This bank conducts a general banking business. Invites the accounts of corporations, business houses and individuals.

Accepts Savings Deposits in any amount from \$1 up and allows interest thereon at the rate of 3 per cent per year.

OFFICERS:

A. Maitland, President. Geo. J. Maas, Vice Pres.
T. C. Yates, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

A. Maitland, Geo. J. Maas, J. H. Winter,
A. B. Miner, T. C. Yates.

ISHPEMING

GUNDERSON TO RIDE HERE NEXT MONDAY

SKIER WHO RECENTLY BROKE WORLD'S RECORD HAS BEEN ENTERED FOR ISHPPEMING'S ANNUAL TOURNAMENT.

Con Thompson and Ole Holm, members of the Ishpeming Ski club, who participated in the tournaments Friday, Saturday and Sunday at Duluth, Colorado and Superior, arrived home yesterday morning. All three tournaments were successfully carried out and the jumping was on the whole, of a high class. Nearly all of the creek riders participated in the three tournaments. John Evenson, who won first prize at the national tournament at Eau Claire, also carried off first honors at Duluth and Colorado. He fell in one of his jumps at Superior and did not win a prize. Ole Feiring of Duluth and Oscar Gundersen of Chippewa Falls being tied for first place. Barney Riley, of Colorado, captured first prize in the amateur class at Colorado, but did not participate in the Superior tournament. John Evenson made the longest standing jump of 111 feet, at Colorado, and Ole Larson and Ole Mangseth took the prize for the longest twin jump, eighty-one feet. Barney Riley's longest standing jump was 102 feet. Young Riley's jump was exceeded by only one foot until the regular contest was concluded, when the skiers jumped for the prize for the longest standing jump.

The prize winners and their scores at the Colorado tournament were as follows:
—Professionals—
John Evenson, Duluth 254
Ole Feiring, Duluth 248
Ole Jannun, Minneapolis 240
Carl Elk, Red Wing 240
Ole Mangseth, Colorado 230 1 2
Ole Larson, Minneapolis 230
Lars Haugen, Chippewa Falls, 230
Talley Hamnerstedt, Eau Claire 230
Longest standing jump, Oscar Gundersen, Chippewa Falls, 108 feet.
Twin jump, Ole Larson of Minneapolis, and Ole Mangseth, Colorado, 85 feet.

—Amateurs—
Barney Riley, Colorado 232
Henry Tramm, Duluth 218
Superior Tournament Winners
The winners in the professional class at the Superior tournament were:
Ole Feiring, Duluth 243 1-3
O. Gundersen, Chippewa Falls, 243 1-3
O. Jannun, Minneapolis 237
Carl Elk, Red Wing 235 2-5
T. Hommesvold, Eau Claire 235
K. Holand, Chippewa Falls 235
Ole Larson, Minneapolis 232 2-5
August Nordby, Superior 232
J. Mangseth, Duluth 232
E. Diesen, Superior 226
The winners in the amateur class were as follows:
Ole Noroy, Superior 215
H. Tramm, Duluth 213 1-3
H. Ladrey, Duluth 209
E. Nordman, Duluth 208 2-5
Jonasson, Duluth 190 2-5
M. Flesvig, Superior 187 1-3

Gundersen to Be Here
Oscar Gundersen, who was credited with having broken the world's record by a jump of 138 feet at Chippewa Falls, is a first-class performer, and he believes that he made the jump credited to him. The record of his performance is verified by Ole Mangseth of Colorado, who informed Mr. Thompson that he had measured the jump and that it was exactly 138 feet and four inches. Gundersen, according to Mr. Thompson, displays excellent form.
T. W. Durham, secretary of the Ish-

peiming club, yesterday received notice from the secretary of the Chippewa Falls club that Gundersen, Andrew Haugen, Knute Holland and Lars Haugen, all members of that club, will participate in the Ishpeming tournament.
Mr. Durham has been advised by Secretary Alfred Johnson of the Skandia club, that cash prizes will be given the winners at the tournament three Sunday, and that all of the riders not taking prizes will have their railroad fare refunded. The club recently completed a trestle 150 feet in length and it is expected that jumps of 100 feet will be made.
The Ishpeming men were well entertained in the three places where they attended tournaments. There were banquet each evening and most of the riders were called on for talks. Mr. Thompson outlined the extensive plans that have been made for the Ishpeming tournament and urged the riders and others to attend. He said that the world's record will undoubtedly be broken, as the improvements on the hill will permit of jumps from twenty to thirty feet longer than were made last year.
One of the most wonderful performances seen at either of the three tournaments, Mr. Thompson states, was a jump of seventy-one feet, made by Albert Hansen, a twelve-year-old Colorado lad, who used bare staves as skis.

Ishpeming Prizes.
The cash prizes for the winners in the tournament here will be as follows: First, \$25; second, \$5; third, \$40; fourth, \$30; fifth, \$25; sixth, \$15, and seventh, \$10. For the rider making the longest jump over American record, \$20; for longest standing jump, \$10. Gold and silver trophies, also other prizes will be given to the winners.
Advance orders for reserved seats are now being taken by T. W. Durham, secretary, and O. G. Aas, at the Miners' National bank.

TEDDY BEAR TOURNAMENT.
Representative of Grinnell Piano Co. Has Unique Display in Anderson Window.

One of the most unique window displays seen in the city of late, is to be found in the Pearl street window of Anderson & Co.'s jewelry store. It represents a ski tournament, the performers being teddy bears. It was arranged by A. H. Peterson, local representative of the Grinnell Bros., the Detroit piano manufacturers.
The scaffold on the upper portion of the miniature slide is similar in design to the one on which the tournament will take place. The slides are arranged in three different slides are shown, one starting from the top, another in midair, after leaving the bump, and the third falling from the bottom. The slide and surroundings are covered with white cotton batting, representing snow. On one side there is a grand stand filled with attractive teddy bears and other toy figures, and on the opposite side near the bump, is a German band, above which is a card announcing that the musicians are playing a selection in praise of the Grinnell Bros. The slide is flanked by the tournament officials are represented by teddy bears. The Hopkins cup, won by Thomas Lokken in three successive tournaments, is also displayed in the window.

FROM MORGAN'S CURB LETTER.
"The New York market opened strong this morning. Trading was rather light, with no special feature, and the close was fractionally lower in most instances. Our advices from New York today state that stocks are a purchase, especially Union Pacific. The wires being still down today, no quotations could be had from Boston. A few, which worked via New York, showed slight recession from last night's close. The Boston market yesterday was quite strong, material advances being attained in a number of the coppers, among which Altonze showed four points, Isle Royale 1 1/2, Oscola 2, Superior 4, and several others fractions of a point. Such quotations on coppers as could be had today showed very few changes, and those indicated a slightly lower tendency. Failure to get in touch with Boston had a depressing effect on even those cubs stocks which were active yesterday, and trading was not so brisk. Wire service will undoubtedly be completely restored today, and tomorrow we expect a resumption of former activity in all the more popular stocks. San Antonio sold about yesterday, Superior & Boston, Groux, and Live Oak were fractionally lower; the last two being very well taken. There are good orders for both Superior & Globe and Arizona & Michigan just under the present market. Superintendent Snell has returned the home office of the Superior & Globe company that the three compartment shaft on this property has been started, and that before the month closes considerable depth will have been reached. The company is fortunate enough in having the Yuma fault outcropping on its property, a ledge which is recognized as being one of the most promising in the Globe camp. The Old Dominion has loaned the Superior & Globe such machinery as is necessary for temporary service, and until the shaft gains considerable depth it will not be necessary to expend much money for equipment. It is said that the listing of the Superior & Boston stock on the Boston stock exchange may be announced next week, possibly Monday. Trading both on the curb and listed markets will tend to increase more than ever the activity in the issue. There is no disguising the fact that Eastern interests are rapidly increasing their holdings of Superior & Boston stock. This is evident by the transfers being made for this account during the past few months."
The day's prevailing prices were:
Bid. Asked.
Arizona-Michigan 1.62 1/2 \$ 1.75
Arize 1.12 1/2 1.25
American 2.25 2.35
Altonze 105.00 175.00
Black Mountain 2.75 2.87 1/2
Butte & London2832
Boston Ely 1.25 1.37 1/2
Cactus 1.00 1.07 1/2
Calumet Corbin 19.50 21.00
Chonung, 88 1.27 1.35
Columbus Cons 1.75 1.87 1/2
Carmen 8.25 8.37 1/2
Cumberland Ely 8.25 8.50
Corbin Copper 3.75 3.77 1/2
Denn 3.02 1/2 3.15
Davis-Daly 7.62 1/2 7.75
First National Cop 8.00 8.25
Groux 6.25 6.50
Globe 13.00 13.50
Holsveta 3.75 3.87 1/2
L. S. & A 2.25 2.35
Live Oak 5.12 1/2 5.25
Nevada-Utah 3.12 1/2 3.25
National Mining6870
North Butte Exten.0508
Ojibway 14.00 14.50
Raven5255
Superior & Pittsburg 15.20 1.06
Superior & Globe95 1.06
San Antonio 12.50 13.00
Shattuck 18.00 18.50
Superior & Boston 17.50 17.75
Savannah 2.50 2.75
Tri-Bullion75 1.00
Vanderwater 1.75 3.75
Wolverine & Arizona 1.12 1/2 1.25
Yukon 4.62 1/2 4.87 1/2
Nippising 9.75 10.00
Silver Queen98 1.00
Mek D6972
Silver Leaf1113
Gold Cons 8.00 8.12 1/2
Florence Mining 3.87 1/2 4.25
Daisy7275
Tonopah 6.00 6.25
Belmont8898

WHEN YOUR JOINTS ARE STIFF
and your muscles sore from cold or rheumatism, when you slip or sprain a joint, strain your side or bruise yourself, Painkiller will take out the soreness and fix you right in a jiffy. Always have it with you, and use it freely. The oldest, the cheapest and the best medicine for internal and external aches and pains in man or woman. Perry Davis' Painkiller, and for over seventy years it has been the great standby for emergencies in thousands of families all over the world. Don't go home without a box, or one of the new size 5c. bottles.

Negaunee Department

BIG BREWERS HAVE DETECTIVES AT WORK

THE CONCERNS DOING BUSINESS IN THIS REGION REALIZE THE IMPORTANCE OF PROPERLY CONDUCTING LIQUOR TRAFFIC.
A Negaunee business man, who is in position to speak authoritatively, says that the larger brewing companies are sending out detectives to ascertain what liquor dealers are violating the law. The brewers have realized lately that it is up to them to aid in regulating the liquor traffic, and it is said that several brewer detectives are now working in the upper peninsula. It is reported that two liquor dealers on the Negaunee range, who were under obligations to breweries, were closed up last week because of their disregard for the law.
"The brewers should have taken this step long ago," said the Negaunee man. "I believe that seven-tenths of the liquor dealers in the upper peninsula are, in one way or another, under obligations to the brewers. The latter have been too eager to make business and as a result they have put some irresponsible parties in charge of saloons. If the saloon business is in the hands of responsible men there is no reason why it cannot be conducted in strict accordance with the law. There are now many men in the business who are not capable of conducting it properly, and in most cases where such men are engaged in the traffic, the brewers are to blame. They will pick up at most any man who desires to engage in that line and back him to the extent of securing his license, paying his rent, providing his fixtures and furnishing his first stock of goods. The brewers, as a rule, keep on the safe side, as their representatives make collections daily, in order to keep him in line. The dealers in whiskey and cigars are the ones who are conducting saloons under direction of the breweries but little financial interest in the business, and for that reason they become reckless."
"From what I can learn there is likely to be a concerted movement on the part of the brewers to exceed the irresponsible liquor dealers. It would be the best thing they could do, and otherwise there will surely be some surprises for them within the next year or two. Public sentiment will not long tolerate the lawless conduct of the liquor traffic. If the brewers would lay down the law to the retailers they are lacking there would be fewer violations and less complaint on the part of the general public."

IN CONTRACTING BUSINESS.
Engineer, Well-known Here, at Head of Philadelphia Concern.
S. S. Neff, who was for some time in the employ of the Lake Superior & Ishpeming Railway company, and is well known to many in this county, has been elected president of the Interstate Engineering and Supply company of Philadelphia, Pa. The concern will do a general engineering and contracting business and it is reported that it has many large contracts pending. The Electric Railway Journal of last Saturday had this mention of Mr. Neff:
"S. S. Neff, who recently resigned as general superintendent of the Atlantic City & Shore railroad, Atlantic City, N. J., has been elected president of the Interstate Engineering & Supply company, Philadelphia, Pa. This company will do a general engineering and contracting business, and Mr. Neff's first work will be in connection with the building of the new elevated railway with stations between Potomac and Wormsdelor. Mr. Neff is a graduate of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and was connected with the Pennsylvania railroad for nine years after he was graduated as superintendent of maintenance of the Erie and assistant civil engineer. Later Mr. Neff held positions successively with the Cornell railroad, the Great Northern railroad, the Vandalia railroad and the Lake Superior & Ishpeming railroad. Subsequently he became connected with the Erie Elevated Railway, Chicago, from which company he resigned in 1900 to enter the employ of the Boston Elevated railway as consulting engineer. In February, 1901, Mr. Neff was appointed superintendent of the elevated line of the Boston Elevated railway. Mr. Neff was also at one time connected with the Mexico City tramways."

The fellow who shunts his patriotism from the home front is generally the first to dodge his taxes.—New York Times.
PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days, or money refunded. 50c.

LOCAL LACONICS.
Mr. and Mrs. Phil Levine visited relatives in Republic yesterday.
Sam Hadley, a well-known commercial man of Chicago, is in the city calling on his patrons.
Miss Elsie Jones of this city, who is teaching school in the copper country, is expected down from there tomorrow, to remain until Sunday.
A number of Negaunee people are placing orders for seats for Howe's Moving pictures Friday night at Ishpeming theater, after "Friday in Follies" Tuesday night.
Gillard Bros. of the Family theater, in McDonald's opera house, are presenting an excellent program this week. Included among their feature moving pictures is a series taken from the play "Monte Cristo."
Max Croil, whose baby son died here Monday morning, arrived yesterday evening from the Mesaba range. The funeral will be held this afternoon, with services at the home of James A. Goodman, conducted by Rev. R. T. Hicks, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church.
The Mary Charlotte mining company is preparing for the erection of a shaft house at its No. 2 mine in this city. Bids for the construction work are to be received by the company's main office at the Marquette County Savings bank. The company will furnish all of the material used on the job.
A number of Negaunee people will attend the eighth annual hall of Hemetite lodge, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, Friday night at Branstad's hall. The members have sold a large number of tickets and a large delegation is expected up from Marquette, by special train. Several members of the lodge live in Negaunee.
J. C. Brown, one of the two men entombed in the Cambria mine for twenty-eight hours, was able to come down town Monday, it being the first time that he had been out since the accident. Mr. Brown is still nervous and he does not expect to resume his work for several weeks. His partner, Louis Duca, was down town the latter part of last week. He has almost completely recovered from his horrible experience.
Sandy Johnson, the liverman, drove a party of twenty young people of this city to Marquette and return Saturday evening. On the return trip they stopped at John Hokason's place at Eagle Mills where refreshments, including coffee, cake, ice cream, etc., were served and valentines exchanged. Thus Thursday acted as toastmaster, and practically all

Beware of Imitations.

Cheap Substitutes and "Just As Good As."



Unscrupulous dealers, mindful only of profit and caring nothing for the health of their patrons, are offering for sale low-grade, impure whiskey, which they tell you is as good as Duffy's.
It is a cheap confection and fraud, intended to deceive the people. Of course, when a remedy has been before the public so long, has been prescribed and used by the best doctors and in all the prominent hospitals, and has carried the blessing of health into so many thousands of homes as Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has, imitations are bound to arise. But they can imitate the bottle and label only—no one can imitate the contents.
Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is an absolutely pure distillation of malted grain; great care being used to have every kernel thoroughly malted, thus destroying the germ and producing a predigested liquid food in the form of a malt essence, which is the most effective tonic stimulant and invigorator known to science; softened by warmth and moisture, its palatability and freedom from injurious substances render it so that it can be retained by the most sensitive stomach.
Any firm that will sell imitation or substitution goods will sell impure goods. The firm that is dishonest in one thing would not hesitate to be dishonest in another. Whenever you see imitation and substitution goods offered for sale by a firm, beware of anything and everything put up by that firm. You endanger your own life and the lives of your family and friends by dealing with them.

Beware of Frauds!
Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey
is sold in sealed bottles only—never in bulk. A fac-simile of the genuine bottle is printed here so that you may easily recognize it. It is our own patented bottle—round, amber colored and with the name "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Company" blown in the glass. The trademark—the Old Chemist's Head—is on the label, and over the cork there is an engraved paper seal. Be certain this seal is not broken.
It is the only whiskey recognized by doctors everywhere as a family medicine. At all druggists, grocers, dealers, or direct. \$1 a bottle. Write Consulting Physician, Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y., for free illustrated medical booklet and free advice.

Ishpeming Theatre TONIGHT

SHERBURN M. BECKER
Ex-Mayor of Milwaukee,
in his own vivid story of the Italian
Earthquake
25, 35 and 50 cents!

HARD WOOD

16-inch
\$5.50 PER LOAD
Independent Lumber & Coal Company
2-12-1w

Cut Flowers

Roses, Carnations, Narcissus, Violets, Daffodils, Callas, and Lilies of the Valley.
Potted Plants in Bloom
Cinerarias, Azallas, Primroses, Cyclamens, Hyacinths, and Daffodils.
PALMS AND FERNS
Floral Designs a Specialty.
Prompt shipments to all parts of the Upper Peninsula.
Telegraph or telephone orders given prompt attention.
NEGAUNEE NURSERY & GREENHOUSES
Wholesale and Retail Florists, NEGAUNEE, MICH.

Special Engagement **Ishpeming Theatre** Tuesday February 23
The Wagenhals & Kemper Co. offer Eugene Walter's great American play
"PAID IN FULL"
With the same excellence of production and brilliance of cast that characterized its sensational engagement. 2 years in New York, 6 months in Chicago.
PRICES: Lower Floor, \$1 and \$1.50; Balcony, 75c and \$1; Gallery, 50c; Box Seats, \$1.50 and \$2
Mail orders filled in the order in which they are received. On account of the vast local interest taken in this engagement the management requests that patrons make their reservations early in order to protect themselves. NO PHONE ORDERS ACCEPTED.
15-16-17-18-19-22-25

LIMIT LICENSE TO A SINGLE DEER

SUCH WAS THE RECOMMENDATION MADE AT UPPER PENINSULA SPORTSMEN'S MEETING.

A LATER TROUT SEASON

Sought to Make It Lawful to Catch Spec- tial Beaters from May 15 to Sept. 15—Other Resolutions.

Eight of the fifteen counties of the upper peninsula were represented by delegates at the meeting of upper penin- sula sportsmen held at the court house in Marquette yesterday, and a comprehensive set of recommendations for game law revision was adopted, the most important of which were those relating to deer hunting and trout fishing.

The meeting was called to order at 11 o'clock, and J. H. Powell, of Marquette, was elected temporary chairman, and I. N. Haas, of Houghton, temporary secretary. The chair then appointed Harry Marks, of the Soo; Dr. C. F. Moll, of Kenton; E. C. Voght, of Escanaba; T. E. Bissell, of Munising, and Sam Mitchell, of Marquette, as a committee on credentials.

Republic Rod & Gun Club—W. A. Siebenthal. Marquette County Board of Supervisors—D. W. Powell, Frank Platto, J. H. Anders, A. J. Yungbluth and O. Bloomgren. Ironwood Rod & Gun Club—E. E. Bennett. Delta County Sportsmen's Association—E. C. Voght, H. O. Brotherton, F. D. Davis, Charles Daly. Bark River Rod & Gun Club—Ole Harstad. Sidway Hunting & Fishing Association—P. A. Pequet.

Kenton Rod & Gun Club—William Krall, Carl F. Moll. Portage Lake Rod & Gun Club—L. N. Haas, P. D. Swift, F. W. Knoll. Arbutus Rod & Gun Club of Trout Creek—Victor L. Harde. Grand Marais Rod & Gun Club—Wm. Leighton, Dr. J. C. Anderson, Charles F. Hickok. Grand Island Rod & Gun Club—Burdie Anderson, T. E. Bissell, Thos. B. Wyman. City of Marquette—T. J. Maney, E. J. Schultheis, J. J. Donovan, J. R. Gordon, Sam Mitchell. Twin City Gun Club—D. D. Randall, Captain Kuse, W. W. Graff, Charles Stephen, Captain Platto. City of Negaunee—Maurice Wallen, Louis Merrill, Louis Villeneuve, James Gaffney, C. L. Spoley. Manistique Rod & Gun Club—John Schuster.

The committee appointed on permanent order of business reported in favor of making the temporary organization permanent, and outlined the order in which the subjects slated to come before the meeting were to be taken up. The committee was composed of P. D. Swift, of Houghton; A. J. Yungbluth, of Ishpeming; F. D. Davis, of Escanaba; C. E. Bennett, of Ironwood, and Thomas B. Wyman, of Munising. At this point adjournment was taken for dinner.

Would Limit to One Deer. The deer question was the first subject to be taken up at the afternoon session, and the discussion was opened by D. W. Powell, of Marquette, who moved that the convention recommend a closed season on deer for five years. This motion did not meet with favor from the other counties. The Delta county delegation advocated that the present law on deer be endorsed, while the other delegations, excepting Marquette county, favored limiting the license to one deer in a season. After considerable discussion, the one deer recommendation was unanimously adopted, without any restriction as to the sex of that deer.

In order to prevent a person's license, it was recommended that the owner of the slain animal be compelled to accompany it to its destination, which provision was said to have been in effect for several years in Wisconsin, and to have worked successfully. Later Trout Season. One of the most radical recommendations of the day was that regarding the trout season, the vote being unanimously in favor of making the open season from May 15 to Sept. 15, one month later, both at the beginning and at the end, than under the present law. This action was taken largely on the advice of Harry Marks, manager of the fish hatchery at Sault Ste. Marie, who spoke at length on this subject. Mr. Marks argued that brook trout did not spawn until late in October and during November, and that extending the season would not result in any additional depletion of the streams. He said that spawners were developing in the female fish all summer and that propagation was no more seriously interfered with by catching the fish in September than in June. When reminded that the large fish were more easily caught in late August than at any other time of the year, he replied that it was the "big fellows" that ought to be caught, and not the smaller ones which had not become mature. He said that no more than one per cent of natural trout spawn ever hatched, anyway, and that the only way in which the streams could be re-stocked was by artificial propagation. In view of all these facts, Mr. Marks stated that he could see no reason for prohibiting fishing for trout during late August and early September, which is the most pleasant time to be

in the woods. As Mr. Marks is generally recognized as an authority on the habits of fish, his remarks had great weight and a motion for a later season carried unanimously.

It was voted to favor the same season for all other members of the trout family, and that the sale of bass should be prohibited. The subject of protecting commercial fish in the Great Lakes was disposed of by recommending that the legislature take steps toward placing the fishing industry of the Great Lakes holding in Michigan under the jurisdiction of the federal government.

Miscellaneous Recommendations. The convention voted to recommend that the open season on rabbits be from Oct. 1 to March 15, and that the snaring of rabbits be prohibited at all seasons of the year.

The only recommendation made regarding fur bearing animals was that the protection on beavers be removed after 1910, except during the summer season.

It was voted to recommend the raising of the bounty on wolves to \$40, that a bounty of \$2 be paid for foxes, and that the bounties on lynx and wild cats be allowed to remain as they are. The sentiment of the meeting was in favor of a uniform season for game birds from Sept. 15 to Nov. 30. Twelve birds were recommended as the maximum kill in any one day and fifty for a season, in the case of grouse. It was recommended that the shooting of ducks and other water fowl in the spring be prohibited.

Rod and Gun License. The sentiment of the meeting was in favor of a general rod and gun license of \$1 to all residents of the state, boys under eighteen years of age to be exempt from paying the rod, but not the gun license. With reference to non-resident hunters and fishermen, it was voted that they be required to pay a fishing license of \$1, a license of \$10 for the privilege of hunting small game and a license of \$25 to hunt deer, the hunter to be allowed to take home his last day's kill or catch. The motion included a provision to class as non-residents all unnaturalized citizens over twenty-one years of age.

It was voted advisable to remove the bounty on English sparrows, inasmuch as the present law was not accomplishing their extermination to any perceptible extent, and the boys who hunted them were killing many other kinds of birds, as well as sparrows. In the course of the forenoon session, Dr. E. R. Downing, of the Normal school, addressed the convention on the subject of non-game birds. He emphasized the necessity of protecting the many varieties of birds whose usefulness to the farmers in ridding them of destructive insect pests, he believed was often underrated. He further said that to kill many of the non-game birds was punishable by fine and imprisonment, and asked the sportsmen to do all in their power toward enforcing the laws for their protection.

The action of the convention yesterday was said to be of more than ordinary concern to the sportsmen's associations of the lower peninsula, who are to hold a meeting at Kalamazoo Friday. Harry Marks stated that he understood the sportsmen from below the straits were anxious to unite with the sportsmen from this section in their recommendations to the legislature, and were disposed to accept of anything within reason that the upper peninsula men might favor. This consideration had considerable weight in yesterday's meeting, and all the recommendations were framed with the interests of the lower peninsula in mind. Mr. Marks was chosen president of the interests of the upper peninsula at the Kalamazoo meeting.

Association Formed. Just before the close of the meeting it was voted that the meeting form itself into a permanent organization, in order to better secure the interests of the hunters and fishermen of the upper peninsula. Thomas B. Wyman was elected president of this association, and E. C. Voght, secretary. It was recommended that the next meeting be held at Munising in August. A committee consisting of Representative Harris, of Menominee, Representative Thomas, of Marquette, and W. P. Belden, of Ishpeming, was appointed to draft a set of game laws in accordance with the recommendations adopted by the convention.

After tendering a vote of thanks to the board of supervisors of Marquette county for their courtesy in allowing the convention the use of the court room the meeting adjourned with only the most friendly feeling evident on the part of all the delegates. AN IRATE SAWYER. Amusing Bit of Correspondence Shown by Marquette Man.

The Mining Journal yesterday was handed an amusing exhibit of actual correspondence between a Maine shingle-sawyer and a Maine lumber company that was sent to the late Peter White before his death by a friend. The humor of the offense which Peter Lawitsen found in the too short letter is unctious. The correspondence runs thus: MILLINECKET, ME. Dear Sir,—I hear you was putting up a new saw mill so I thought I would drop a line to see if you wanted a shingle power. I guess I can saw as many shingle as the next man, I have been sawing for four year. If you want me, please let me know, and when you want start. I shall come as soon as you want me. Write soon and let me know what you think about it. PETER LAWITSSEN, Millinecket, Me., care Crockett Camp. Mr. Peter Lawitsen, Millinecket, Me.

Dear Sir:—Referring to your of the 1st instant, would say that we are not in need of a shingle sawyer at this time. Yours very truly, KATHLEEN PULP & PAPER CO. Diet. H. H. R.

Dear Sir:—You wrote me a letter, but she was so short, I do not know what to say. You do not say if you wanted a shingle sawyer or not and when you was going to start. I guess you do not know anything about a shingle mill, and I guess you do not know how hard it is to get a shingle sawyer. As you answer me so short, you can go flying plump to H—l, you great big fool. Answer this if you like to. PETER LAWITSSEN, Millinecket, Me., care Crockett Camp.

DRY HARDWOOD. Two dollars per cord in two-cord lots. (2-13-1f) F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

PAPER TO BE MADE FROM PINE STUMPS

CADILLAC FIRM ENGAGED IN BUSINESS THAT MAY MEAN MUCH FOR FUTURE OF MICHIGAN'S CUT OVER LANDS.

Michigan's pine stumps are about to come into their own through the firm in Cadillac that is on the point of making them into turpentine, rosen and wood pulp. This information has been brought to Washington by Professor Roth, who regards the move as most important in demonstrating Michigan's progressiveness in the timber industries. With the successful working out of this great project, Michigan will have taken the lead in commercially utilizing waste forest products. This problem is one upon which the forest service is at work experimentally.

The plant for utilizing old pine stumps is under construction by the firm of Murphy & Diggins. This firm looks upon the venture from the standpoint of hard business sense.

Right under the noses of the Cadillac people are oceans of pine stumps which have always been just in the way. Farmers were anxious to get rid of them. And when they pulled them up or burned them in the ground they accomplished nothing but clearing the land. The stumps themselves were worse than useless. To some extent attempts have been made to work the stumps up into charcoal, but charcoal made from this soft wood was not up to the standard of hardwood charcoal.

The Cadillac firm did not jump at the proposition of turning pine stumps into value, however alluring it might look. A representative of the firm thoroughly investigated an experimental plant at Toledo, O. To this plant refuse lumber was shipped from the south, and here it was turned into turpentine, rosen and wood pulp of such value to make even this experiment commercially profitable.

Method of Manufacture. The apparatus required for this process represents a substantial investment and indicate the faith which the Cadillac firm has in its unique venture. The first requirement is a machine to "chew" the stumps up into sufficiently small pieces. The largest piece will be the size of one's little finger. After the "chewing" the bits of stump will be carried to a loft by means of an endless belt similar to that used in a grain elevator.

Then the wood will be allowed to run down into a vertical boiler, into which live steam will be run. This steam will start all the turpentine in the wood and will carry it off in vapor. It will be condensed by cooling and collected. Afterward the wood is put into water and boiled with the proper chemicals. Thus the rosin is extracted. This leaves the pulp ready for the paper mill.

Turpentine and Rosen Driven Out. The fact that old pine stumps in Michigan are now about to be used for making paper raises the inquiry why this had not been done before. The reason was that the turpentine and rosen in the wood were always in the way and could not be driven out with certainty and economy. But the early processes in the Cadillac plant will draw off as articles of value, the very things which have heretofore prevented a very substantial addition to the paper supply of the state.

Professor Roth says that with the turpentine and rosen eliminated pine stumps will make excellent paper and will be in great demand by paper mills. The fiber, he says, is entirely up to standard. Professor Roth also points out that this ideal operation in Michigan for the first time in the country, will probably set the pace for utilizing saw mill and lumbering waste all over the country. In many localities the waste of trees runs as high as 30 and 60 per cent.

CARD OF THANKS. I take this opportunity to extend my heartfelt thanks to the members of the Sleeping No. 826, M. E. A., the Rev. Amos Maywood, of the Methodist church choir, and the many others who rendered kind service and assistance at the funeral of my wife in this city. CHARLES WEBSTER, Proprietor, Marquette. 6-28-1f.

HARDWOOD FLOORING. We deliver direct from our dry kilns. No shrinking or warping after being laid. Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co. (9-23-1f)

When you want milk, cream, butter or buttermilk of the finest quality, call upon Marquette City Dairy, Bell' phone 223. F. H. VANDENBOOM, Prop. (1-22-1m)

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE. Our regular Semi-Annual Clearing Sale in all departments is now going on. THE BEE HIVE, L. Getz. (11-10-1f)

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION. A Democratic convention for the county of Marquette, Mich., is hereby called to meet at the city hall, in the city of Marquette, on Saturday, the 20th day of February, 1909, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing seven delegates to the state convention called to meet in the city of Lansing, Mich., on Feb. 25th, 1909.

The several cities and townships of the county are entitled to delegates in said county convention as follows: Marquette city, 18 delegates; Negaunee city, 12 delegates; Ishpeming city, 24 delegates; Forsyth township, 4 delegates; Republic township, 3 delegates; Champlain, Michigan and Tilden townships, 2 delegates each; Choccolay, Ely, Humboldt, Ishpeming, Marquette, Negaunee, Richmond, Sands, Scandia, Turin, West Branch, Wells and Powell townships, 1 delegate each.

Dated, Ishpeming, Mich., Feb. 6, 1909. T. J. DUNDON, Chairman Marquette County Democratic Committee. F. S. BYRNE, Secretary.

Drink Vandebloom's buttermilk. (1-22-1m)

DARANTELLA 10c Havana Cigars, 10c



SHIRT SALE

We offer today all our broken lots of Men's Negligee Shirts—this season's fashionable shades and figures, made in the regular and coat styles, cuffs attached or detached—at following reductions:

- \$1.50 and \$1.25 Grades, \$1.00
\$2.50 and \$2.00 Grades, \$1.50

Jacob Rose The Store of Quality, Marquette.

CHINA SALE

During this month (February) I will offer all of my stock of China at a discount of from 10 to 50 per cent. A Good Time to Buy. A. M. BIGELOW, 104 Washington St., Marquette. 2-3-1f

CUT FLOWERS

From the Stafford Greenhouses Marquette Are always fresh and lasting. Roses, Violets, Carnations

Telephone or telegraph orders have careful attention. T. M. SORENSON, Proprietor, Marquette. 6-28-1f

PALACE LIVERY STABLE

FAY & BRICKER, Props. First-class Livery Service at all hours. First-class Boarding Stables. Teams of All Kinds FOR SALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants.

Marquette Boiler and Sheet Iron Works

E. F. KENNEDY, Proprietor. Boilers, Tanks, Smoke Stacks ETC. WE CARRY TUBES IN STOCK. Estimates Furnished on Application BELL PHONE 875. W. Washington St. Marquette, Mich. 6-31-1f

NOTICE. JOSEPH ZALK

You will save dimes and dollars by calling at 222 S. Third St., between railroad tracks and Spring St. I am now located with a complete line of Stoves, Furniture and Household Goods, bought, sold and exchanged; also repair work done. (1-2-1f)

Advertisement for THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, MARQUETTE, MICH. UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY. CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS - - - - - \$250,000.00. Includes an eagle logo and text: 'Every Day the Papers Tell You of thefts and daring robberies of diamonds, jewels and other valuables. Why keep your valuables about the house where they are not safe? Put them in a Safe Deposit Box in our Fire and Burglar Proof Vault where they will be secure. \$3, \$5 and \$8 per year.'

Advertisement for A. E. ARCHAMBEAU, Everything a Man or Boy Wears. Includes an illustration of a man in a suit and text: 'FOR THE PRE-LENTEN FESTIVITIES Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits of the celebrated Hart Schaffner & Marx Make "Monarch" and "Cluett" full dress Shirts, Full Dress Ties, Corliss-Coon Collars, Winton Full Dress Patent Leather Shoes, Pearl Cuff Buttons, White or Suede Kid Gloves. A Dress Shirt should be so perfectly proportioned that it will not ride up—bulge—pinch or crease. The accuracy of the body patterns on which Cluett shirts are cut insures the right hang, which in turn assures the perfect fit. \$1.50 up. 218 S. Front Street. -- Marquette, Mich.'

Advertisement for BRUSH'S CASH GROCERY. Bulk Creamery Butter, 32c lb. California Evaporated Pears, per lb. 10c-12c. California Evaporated Appricots, per lb. 12c-15c. California Evaporated Peaches, per lb. 12c-15c. Seeded Raisins, very best, 1 lb. package .9c. California Cooking Figs, per lb. 8c. 25 lbs. Best Sugar, \$1.40.

Advertisement for Old Velvet Whiskey. A mild and pure product. Sold by The F. Bending Co. The wholesale liquor house that carries the stock. Includes an illustration of a man drinking whiskey.

Advertisement for MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE. Thursday, Feb. 18. THE PRINCESS AMUSEMENT CO., Inc., Of'ers Personal Direction MORT. H. SINGER The Merriest of Musical Productions HONEYMOON TRAIL Beauty Chorus and Dancing Brothers. DIRECT FROM Triumphant Run La Salle Theatre CHICAGO 200 NIGHTS Including Alma Youlin, Olive Vail, Hattie Fox W. H. St. James, Wm. Bechtel and 60 --- SINGERS --- DANCERS --- COMEDIANS --- 60 Prices: Lower Floor except last two Rows, \$1.50; last two rows Parquet, \$1; first two rows Balcony, \$1; balance Balcony, 75c; Gallery, 50c. Seat sale at Bigelow's store, Tuesday, Feb. 16, at 8:30 a. m. (2-12-1w)