

LIVES ARE LOST IN CALUMET FIRE

Mrs. Douglas Bolton and Miss Ida Kelly Are Killed by Jumping from Windows and Two Small Children of Fred Curtis, a Well-known Baseball Player, Are Suffocated in Bed When an Apartment House Is Destroyed by Flames Caused, It Is Said, by an Explosion of Gasoline.

Injuries Are Sustained by a Number of Persons, One of Whom, Arthur Bolton, Will Probably Die, and There Is Fear Still Other Victims May Be in the Ruins, Not All the Members of the Families Made Homeless Because of the Blaze Having Been Accounted For Last Evening.

Calumet, Mich., Jan. 7.—[Special.]—Four persons—two women and two children—were killed and a number of others were seriously injured, one of them fatally, in a fire that destroyed the Henry Blum building on Pine street this morning. Twelve families were made homeless.

Names of the Victims. The dead were: MRS. DOUGLAS BOLTON; killed instantly by jumping from a third-story window. MISS IDA KELLY, aged seventeen, stepdaughter of Mrs. Bolton, who jumped with her from the window. MARY AND AVERILL CURTIS, daughter and son of Fred Curtis, the well-known Red Jacket baseball player. The bodies of the two children were found by firemen about 1 o'clock, lying on a bed in the Curtis flat.

The injured are: Arthur Bolton, brother of Douglas Bolton. He jumped from a third-story window with the two women and, falling upon a man, broke an arm and a leg, besides suffering internal injuries which will probably prove fatal. Mrs. Fred Curtis; jumped from a second-story window; burned about face and sustained a fracture of the right ankle. Mike Kosela and Steven Shiminski; suffered bruises and minor hurts when they heroically caught Mrs. Curtis as she jumped from the window.

Mrs. Peter Klotzka; burned while escaping from the building. Two children of John Karvala; burned while escaping from the building. What other horrors that the ruined building will yield and whether others lost their lives in the disaster will not be known positively until the firemen are enabled to thoroughly explore the structure. It was not possible to begin this search until late tonight, for although the fire was brought under control early in the afternoon, the building remained filled with suffocating fumes, with parts still smoldering. In many places the floors are burned through.

Gasoline Explosion Thought Responsible. Reports differ concerning the manner in which the fire started, but the accounts that seem best authenticated indicate that it began in the flat occupied by Fred Odell and family on the first floor and was caused by the explosion of a gasoline stove. With marvelous speed the flames spread through the entire building and when in a little time the gas pipes were burned away every part of the structure began to blaze fiercely. Mrs. Curtis says that she is positive the fire did not start on the third floor, in the Bolton flat, as was reported; she says the flames came from below.

Janitor Coombe was one of the first to discover the fire, and an alarm was telephoned from the Lundahl drug store, across the street, a few minutes before 1 o'clock. All of the departments of the Calumet district responded, and with the fire engines came throngs of people. The early arrivals were horrified by the sight of a woman at a third-story window. In a frenzy the crowd screamed to her to stop as she climbed out on the sill, but without a look downward she hurled herself forward. As she dropped through the air she turned half over and struck the frozen ground on her head. She lay there motionless. As scores of persons rushed forward, there was another shout from the crowd, as a second figure, that of another woman, appeared at the window. As the first had done, she leaped downward and fell near the spot where the other lay. She was followed then by a third person—the man, Arthur Bolton. Many in the crowd turned away, sickened at the sight, and a number of women fainted in the street and had to be carried into nearby stores.

Two Men Save Mrs. Curtis. Shortly after the three persons had jumped, Mrs. Curtis appeared at a window in the second story. As it had done before, the crowd screamed to her to stop, but she resolutely raised the sash. As Mrs. Curtis jumped, two men ran forward with outstretched arms. They were Mike Kosela, of Wolverine, and Steve Shiminski. They caught her as she fell, and that she was not killed was due to them.

It was seen at once that Mrs. Bolton, the woman who had jumped first, was dead. Her body was carried into the Lundahl pharmacy, and from there to a morgue. The other woman, Miss Kelly, was found to be still alive. Ambulances that had been summoned had arrived, and in one of these she was taken to the Calumet & Hecla hospital. She died there an hour later. It was said at the hospital that Arthur Bolton, the man who had jumped, had but slight chance for recovery.

While the firemen were fighting the blaze, rumors of all kinds passed from mouth to mouth in the crowd in the street. For hours it was wholly impossible to ascertain how many others were in the burning building. Finally, shortly before 1 o'clock, a number of the firemen made a desperate sortie through the windows of the second story.

Curtis Children Found Dead. Awestruck, the crowd watched them, and all there became strangely silent when one of the men re-appeared at the

window and called out, "Send up some blankets." These were brought, and a short time later the bodies of the little children that they had found on the bed in the Curtis flat were carried out of the place to a waiting ambulance. Further search made of the rear rooms, the only ones the firemen dared enter, revealed nothing. It was feared, however, that other lives had been lost in the building, and it was stated that several children of two Austrian families who lived there were still unaccounted for.

The Mining Journal representative personally interviewed Mrs. Fred Curtis at the home of her sister, Miss Dumontier, in Newtown, where she was taken after the doctors had attended to her at the Pine Street pharmacy. Mrs. Curtis then had not learned of the death of her children. When asked about her escape from the burning building, she said: "There was no one to give me warning that there was a fire in the house or that there was danger. The first warning I had was the roaring of the flames. I was terrified at the sight. I saw as I opened the door. My first thought was for the safety of my children. I ran to get a quilt to wrap them in, for they were sleeping on the bed. I felt positive I could not take them down the front stairs through that fierce flame and smoke, and I went to the window. There I found that I was hid from the view of the people below. "I got desperate, and crawled along the ledge to a balcony at the next window. There was no man in the crowd who seemed to have presence of mind enough to get a ladder and put it up for my rescue. O, those awful moments. Men insisted on my jumping; they said they would catch me and then go up to save my children. I believed them, and I jumped. Two men caught me and saved me from severe injury. But did they save my children? I'll lose my mind if they have not. What a firetrap they were in! No fire escape, no ladder—nothing at all. My little Mona and Averill—I wonder where are they?"

Not Equipped With Fire Escapes. The Blum building was one of the finest structures of its sort in Calumet, though it sadly lacked fire protection in the way of fire escapes. The only provision of this sort that it did have were fire balconies at the side, and these were not used today by those who jumped. The building, which was of pressed brick, three stories in height, was erected in 1901, and its estimated cost was \$15,000. The ground floor was used as a saloon by John Karvala, who lived with his family in the rear of the saloon. The two upper floors were occupied by the Odell, Bolton and Curtis families. The saloon was leased by the Bosch Brewing company.

The families from the two frame dwellings in the rear, as well as those who escaped from the main building, were cared for by relatives and neighbors. Fred Curtis, whose two children were burned, was at work in Hancock when the fire occurred. He was notified by telephone. Odell and Douglas Bolton are both barbers at the Stafford shop and were at work when the news of the fire was brought to them. Bolton, who lost his wife and his step-child and will probably lose his brother, is prostrated from the shock.

Big Roll of Bills Destroyed. An incident of the fire was the loss by Peter Karvala, brother of the saloon man, of a roll of bills, said by him to amount to \$1,000. He had the bills laid away in a bureau drawer in his room. For six hours street car traffic in Red Jacket was blocked on account of the fire. The car tracks are in the street in front of the Blum building. The Blum block was insured for \$10,000.

FIRE HORRORS ELSEWHERE.

Victims of These Are Six Persons Dead and Five Injured. Greentown, Ind., Jan. 7.—Gasoline used to start a fire in a stove came near wiping out the family of William W. Wilkents here today. Davis Wilkents was instantly killed, his mother was fatally hurt and two brothers, Morton and Harrison, were badly burned.

Rice Lake, Wis., Jan. 7.—Four boys, aged eight and sixteen years, sons of Christ Lee, living near here, were burned to death in a fire early today which destroyed the home. Mrs. Lee and three small children escaped from the burning house in their night clothes. The thermometer registered twenty-two degrees below zero.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 7.—Mrs. Fitzgibbons, her clothing aflame from an explosion of gasoline, threw herself on the bed beside her sleeping husband and three-year-old daughter early today, and then rushed from the house and fell dead

SERIOUS DEADLOCK IS ON IN ILLINOIS

Suspecting a Democratic Coup Through Deal With Shurtliff Republicans, the Senate Refuses to Participate in Canvassing the Vote Cast at Last Election, as a Result of Which There Will Be No Inauguration of New State Officers Next Monday.

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 7.—With both houses of the general assembly deadlocked over canvassing the vote cast for state officers at the last election, there will be no inauguration here Monday next, which is the day when the state officers-elect would be installed into office under ordinary circumstances.

The house and senate organizations looked hunched early today, when the senate refused to participate in the joint session to canvass the vote unless fully assured in advance relative to the plan of action to be followed by the Shurtliff Republicans in the house in the event that the Democrats attempt to file their governorship contest with the joint assembly.

How long the deadlock will continue, is purely problematical. There is no opportunity for a change in the situation sooner than next Tuesday morning, however, because the members of both houses left for their homes this afternoon, intending not to return until after Sunday. In both the house and senate, preliminary sessions will be held tomorrow morning, but there will be no attempt in either to transact business.

Senator Gardner served notice of the senate's determination to stay out of the joint session upon the Shurtliff Republicans prior to the convening of either branch of the legislature this morning, and he carried back word that the Shurtliff organization would not pledge its action in the matter in advance. Senator Gardner informed the speaker fully as to the position to be taken by the senate organization in protesting the Republican governor-elect from Democratic assault. When Mr. Gardner left the speaker's room, the call to order of the house had been delayed for forty minutes, but in that time Mr. Gardner had served notice that the senate would not be a party to the recount and that it would not participate in the joint session of the two houses until assured in advance that there would be no effort on the part of the Republicans in the house to all the Democrats in securing a recount of the vote cast for Governor Deeney and Adlai E. Stevenson, his Democratic opponent.

The action of the senate means that all the officers-elect must be inaugurated at the same time. This destroys the contemplated plan to inaugurate all the officers but governor, leaving that official to be inaugurated after the control is disposed of. During the day's debate it was openly announced that the Democrats will contest Governor Deeney's election.

Iowa Candidates to Flip a Coin. Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 7.—To break the deadlock in the speakership of the Iowa house, it is proposed to flip a coin. Fred J. Blackhawk and White of Story county, who control sixteen and fifteen votes, respectively, have about agreed to this. This would give the winner thirty-one votes, and while forty are necessary to a choice either one would be sure of at least nine from the remaining field. Harding of Woodbury leads tonight, with thirty-five. He is a standard party man, and is pitted against the field, which is progressive. It is almost certain that he will not be ultimate choice because no other candidate is willing to compromise with the standpats. Besides Harding, there are eight other candidates.

Civil Service Proposed in Michigan. Lansing, Mich., Jan. 7.—Today's session of the Michigan legislature was marked by the adoption of resolutions congratulating President James B. Angell, of the University of Michigan, upon his eightieth birthday and Truman Stebbins of Detroit, upon his inauguration as secretary of the navy in President Roosevelt's cabinet; the reading of Governor Warner's message, and the introduction of a civil service bill in the senate. The civil service bill provides for a commission to examine all applicants for positions in the employ of the state and the filing of all positions by the appointment of the applicants who qualify in the examinations.

Nebraska's New Governor Inaugurated. Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 7.—At a joint session of the legislature today, Anthony C. Shallenberger, Democrat, was inaugurated as governor of Nebraska. In his message Governor Shallenberger urged the passage of a bank deposit guaranty act. The retiring Governor Sheldon, in his message, suggested a law providing for the sterilization of confirmed criminals and incurable insane in order to prevent offspring.

Indiana Democrats in the Saddle. Indianapolis, Jan. 7.—The sixty-sixth Indiana general assembly, which convened today, promises to be one of the most interesting held in years. For the first time in eighteen years the Democrats will be in control of the legislature, which will elect a successor to United States Senator Hanaway.

Senator Perkins Succeeds Himself. Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 7.—George C. Perkins was selected tonight by the Republican joint caucus as a candidate for United States senator to succeed himself.

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, Jan. 7.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Probably snow, Friday and Saturday; fresh east winds.

HARSH CENSURE FOR NATION'S CHIEF

House Committee Will Recommend That the President's Communications Relating to Secret Service Be Laid on the Table.

It Holds His Language Disrespectful and to Reflect Upon the Integrity of Congress—Senator Culberson Attacks the Executive, Foraker Will Get After Him Monday and Blow Is Dealt When It Is Decided to Restore Marines to Warships.

Washington, Jan. 7.—As disrespectful and unresponsive to the inquiry of the house, the special committee, when it reports tomorrow, will recommend that President Roosevelt's secret service message of Jan. 4 be laid on the table. A similar request will be made for annulling that portion of the president's annual message relating to the secret services, on the ground that it reflects upon the integrity of the members of the house.

The special committee concluded its consideration of the message today and drafted its report, which will be presented by Mr. Perkins of New York tomorrow morning, but there will be no attempt in either to transact business. Senator Gardner served notice of the senate's determination to stay out of the joint session upon the Shurtliff Republicans prior to the convening of either branch of the legislature this morning, and he carried back word that the Shurtliff organization would not pledge its action in the matter in advance. Senator Gardner informed the speaker fully as to the position to be taken by the senate organization in protesting the Republican governor-elect from Democratic assault. When Mr. Gardner left the speaker's room, the call to order of the house had been delayed for forty minutes, but in that time Mr. Gardner had served notice that the senate would not be a party to the recount and that it would not participate in the joint session of the two houses until assured in advance that there would be no effort on the part of the Republicans in the house to all the Democrats in securing a recount of the vote cast for Governor Deeney and Adlai E. Stevenson, his Democratic opponent.

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tee yesterday. Besides the battleships, he said the navy should be provided with four new scout cruisers, ten destroyers, four submarines, three colliers, one repair ship, one ammunition ship and two mine-laying ships. About \$75,000 would be required to carry out the program as outlined by Secretary Newberry.

MYSTERY VEILS CHURCH MURDER

That Rev. J. H. Carmichael, Was Not the Man Killed at Columbus, Mich., and That Gideon Browning, a Carpenter, May, Instead, Have Been the Victim, Is Now the Suspicion, and Search Is Being Made for the Minister as a Fugitive.

St. Clair, Mich., Jan. 7.—Rev. J. H. Carmichael, the Methodist minister of Adair, Mich., who last night was thought to be a murderer's victim, the dismembered and burned body of whom was found in the stoves of the church near Columbus, Mich., tonight thought to be alive. The authorities of St. Clair county are looking upon the minister as a fugitive, instead of a victim, and have sent descriptions of the man to a number of Canadian cities, in the hope that a stranger who crossed the St. Clair river today from Windsor, Mich., to Courtright, Ont., may prove to be the missing clergyman, and may be located and returned to Michigan to clear up the church mystery.

The indications tonight point to Gideon Browning, a carpenter, as the victim, who lost his life. Frank Gardier, of St. Clair, reported that early today he had been approached by a man resembling Carmichael, who had offered to pay him to take him across the river to Canada; but Gardier refused, because the river was full of floating ice. Mr. Carmichael today identified the bloody clothing found in the church as having been worn by her husband.

Bones Cannot Be Identified. Port Huron, Mich., Jan. 7.—A thorough examination today of the bones and ashes found yesterday in the Battle Run church, resulted in the statement being made by the St. Clair county authorities that the body was so badly mangled that there is not enough left to determine anything at all about the man's identity. In support of the theory that the Rev. Carmichael left his home Tuesday morning, reports that the minister's house, reportedly some one hundred feet from the church, was found to have a poor draught, and it is evident that the body was dragged the full length of the church and deposited in the stove near the pulpit. This stove had a better draught.

In support of the theory that Gideon Browning was the victim, a necktie pinned found with the body has been positively identified as Browning's property, and a quantity of human hair found on the floor of the church is brown, mixed with gray, which, it is said, would not tally with the color of the clergyman's hair.

Sex of Victim Not Determined. Detroit, Jan. 7.—Rev. J. M. Carmichael and Gideon Browning, a carpenter, are tonight missing from their homes in Adair, St. Clair county, and the ashes and human fragments taken from the heating stoves of the Methodist church at "Battle Run" near Columbus, yesterday, have been removed to Port Huron for microscopic examination. This was the sum total of the developments today in the so-called Carmichael murder mystery. To determine whether either of the missing men was the victim of the murder that left the minister's Columbus church looking like the interior of a slaughter house yesterday, or to locate either man, proved a baffling problem today.

Doubt has been expressed as to whether it could be stated positively as to whether the dismembered body found in the stoves of the church was that of a man or a woman, so fragmentary are the parts that remain for the doctors to work upon. Among the wild rumors that gained currency today was one that Carmichael had been located alive in St. Thomas, Ohio, by the police of the Canadian city, but investigation proved that another man had been mistaken for the missing minister.

Barrel Marked "Rags" Is Sought. Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 7.—Information that Rev. J. H. Carmichael had shipped a barrel marked "rags" to a Mrs. Jacob Mader of Elyria or Elda, Ohio, Tuesday, the day of the Columbus (Mich.) murder, has started a search for the barrel. Two women whose names closely resemble that said to have been inscribed on the barrel are known in Elyria and also in Lima, Ohio, it is said. No express package has been received by either, according to advices, and a freight shipper would not have reached them today.

AUTOCRACY RE-ESTABLISHED. Shah of Persia Issues a Manifesto Revoking the Constitution. St. Petersburg, Jan. 7.—Special dispatches received here from Teheran said that the shah of Persia has again issued a manifesto revoking the constitution. Newberry appeared before that commit-

GOVERNOR URGES MUCH LEGISLATION

Submitting His Third Inaugural Message, Michigan's Executive Maps Out a Big Program of Work for Law-Making Body—Pointing to the Need of Various Reforms, He Recommends the Enactment of Many Measures Conducive to the Welfare of the Commonwealth and Its People.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 7.—[Special.]—Governor Fred M. Warner today submitted to the legislature his third inaugural message, embodying information as to the financial condition of the state and making various recommendations.

The message was given an attentive hearing by practically the full membership of both houses of the law-making body. It is the most voluminous document of the kind transmitted to the legislature of recent years, and is a comprehensive discussion of all the matters of importance now pending in state affairs. The impression made by the message was an excellent one. The governor confines his attention to state business, and there cannot be found a single word to arouse slumbering party factionalism, or to stir up legislative enemies.

The governor strongly reiterates his stand on the questions which he gave prominence during his campaign for re-nomination. He recommends and urges the enactment of a law against lobbyists, a law to provide for the ad valorem taxation of telephone and telegraph companies, a law against stock watering, and a state-wide primary election statute which shall be easy of application, and in which the faults of the present statute shall be remedied. Regulation of private banks and regulation of brokerage houses are also strongly urged.

Governor Warner shows himself to be in favor of more legislation to restrict the liquor traffic. He favors the extension of local option to townships, villages and cities, as urged by the State League, and the State Association of Farmers' Clubs; he likewise urges legislation to restrict the number of saloons to one for each 500 inhabitants, and the enactment of a law which shall punish any person convicted of a second violation of the liquor law from the right to be issued a license. The message discusses the more important matters as follows:

State Finances. The condition of the finances of the state during the past few weeks is a matter of common knowledge. The last legislature and the chief executive of the state have been criticized for that state's affairs, doubtless because their critics have had no effort to inform themselves as to the real cause of the shortage in the general fund from which the general expenses of the state government are paid.

In justice to the legislature, and especially to the finance committees upon whom devolved the duty of preparing the general budget, I deem it proper that an exact statement of the situation be made. Investigation that I have made shows that for thirteen years preceding 1906 it has been the invariable custom of the auditor general to report as required by law to the superintendent of public instruction for apportionment to the several counties the state practically the entire amount remaining from the primary school interest fund on November 1st of each year. The only sum not apportioned was the aggregate of the odd cents in the per capita computation.

For instance, if the apportionment amount to \$3.67 per capita, there would be portioned \$3.60 per capita, the balance being left, solely for convenience in making the computation, to be included in the next succeeding semi-annual apportionment. To doubt this was the custom for years preceding those covered by my investigation. The result of this practice was that only the small balances enumerated below remained in the primary school interest fund on December 31st of each year, after the November apportionment was made:

Table with 2 columns: Year, Amount. 1893 \$36,215.30; 1894 54,413.87; 1895 27,408.15; 1896 77,344.32; 1897 51,157.91; 1898 94,982.79; 1899 (overdrawn) 2,283.02; 1900 4,535.15; 1901 67,461.95; 1902 41,758.16; 1903 21,488.67; 1904 25,719.01; 1905 49,473.85. The average balance in the primary school fund after the November apportionment for these thirteen years was only \$42,103.51. In sharp contrast with the above is the following showing for the two succeeding years: 1907 \$1,222,486.57; 1908 1,667,494.06. Having for these thirteen years, as will be seen from the above statement, practically exhausted the primary school district fund in making November apportionments, the auditor general departed from the long established custom in his department in November, 1906, and in that year and the year following failed to include in the total reported to the superintendent of public instruction for apportionment large sums, so that after the apportionment was made in November, 1906, there remained in the primary school interest fund \$1,222,486.57, and after the apportionment of November, 1907, \$1,667,494.06. The balance in the state treasury is always at its lowest ebb at the close of the calendar year just previous to the payment of state taxes by the counties of the state. With the exception of two years only a nominal amount of primary

He Proposes Strict Supervision Over Stock Brokers and Private Banks; Wants Over-Capitalization Made Impossible, Asks the Ouster of the Lobbyist, Advocates Statewide Primaries and Declares for Local Option, With No More Than One Saloon for Each 500 Inhabitants.

Real Condition Not Suspected. When the legislative committees came to make up the general budget in 1907, they called for information as to the balance in the state treasury at the close of the year 1906, and were informed that it was approximately \$2,200,000.

No member of the committee and no one connected with either the legislature or the executive office had any reason to suspect that more than a nominal amount of primary school money, as shown by the average of less than \$42,000 for the previous thirteen years, was included in this balance. They in fact supposed that as in previous years, the primary school interest money had been apportioned and distributed to the counties as required by law. The members of the committee could properly assume that they were dealing with a general fund balance, and they proceeded as was entirely businesslike in view of such understanding, to take this large balance into account in preparing the general budget. Had they been apprised of the fact that one million two hundred twenty-two thousand four hundred eighty-six dollars and fifty cents, or over one-half of the balance, belonged to the primary school interest fund, they would, without doubt, have added that amount to the total to be raised by tax for the general purposes of the state government. In November, 1907, the auditor general withheld \$1,697,494 from the November apportionment, an even greater sum than was withheld the previous year, while in November last practically every dollar in the primary school interest fund was apportioned as it should have been under the law in each and every year.

It is my firm belief that every fair-minded person will concede that the legislature of 1907 acted in the utmost good faith in levying a tax for the general purposes of the state government, having no reason to suspect that the balance on hand at the close of 1906 was not available for general fund purposes, as in previous years.

While the shortage in the general fund is to be regretted, it is a matter for congratulation that it has caused the state so little embarrassment. So far as I have been able to ascertain very few of the state institutions have been inconvenienced. The greatest inconvenience was suffered by the employment of the state, whose compensation was withheld for a few weeks.

Chelsea Bank Claims. After discussing the details of former Treasurer Glazier's removal at some length, the auditor general, in a matter for congratulation that it has caused the state so little embarrassment. So far as I have been able to ascertain very few of the state institutions have been inconvenienced. The greatest inconvenience was suffered by the employment of the state, whose compensation was withheld for a few weeks.

The state has thus far been paid by the receiver of the Chelsea Savings bank two dividends aggregating to \$276,635.11. To secure the deposit of state money made by the state treasurer the bank has furnished a surety bond in the amount of \$200,000. Upon the bank becoming insolvent and its neglect to repay the state funds deposited with it, demand was made upon the surety companies for payment to the amount of their several bonds. The American surety company, New York immediately responded by paying the amount for which it was obligated, with interest. The other surety companies refusing to pay, suits were instituted by the attorney general in the circuit courts for the county of Ingham against the United States Fidelity and Guaranty company, the Bankers Surety company, the Metropolitan Surety company, the Title Guaranty and Surety company, and the Federal Union Surety company, to enforce the payment of their obligations. To the declaration filed by the state the Surety companies interposed a demurrer which was argued December 11, last, but which is still undecided. The amount involved in these five cases is \$350,000.

In addition to this there is the liability of the surety on the bond of Frank P. Glazier, state treasurer, in sum of \$150,000. The balance due the state from the Chelsea Savings bank is \$358,902.08. It is gratifying to note that the framers of the new constitution sought, to safeguard the funds of the state by providing that no deposit of state funds should be made in excess of 50 per cent of the capital and surplus of the depository.

Regulation of Private Banks. The governor continues: During the legislative session of 1903 and again in 1907 I urged the enactment of a law providing for the regulation of private banks. The need for the enactment of a law for better returning the public as to the nature of private banks is not for the better protection of depositors in these so-called banks is imperative. These concerns hold themselves out to the public as banks and there can be no doubt that a large portion of the general public labors under the misapprehension that they are regulated and supervised by state authority. In previous legislatures most of the opposition to the legislation designed to give the public needed protection came from persons who were financially interested in private banks. The hostile attitude of these proprietors constitutes the most potent reason for supplying the legislation in question. There is much force in the

(Continued on Page Two.)

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THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Governor Warner's message, transmitted to the legislature yesterday, is an unusually comprehensive document, as governor's messages in Michigan go, and is worthy of a careful reading by all persons who desire to be familiar with the present status of state affairs, and to have an idea of the most important items of legislation which the session of 1905 will deal with. Under its numerous heads practically every important matter before the state is discussed or commented on, from the present plight of the state treasury to the necessity for the enactment of a statewide direct primary statute which may be applied both easily and cheaply.

Governor Warner's discussion of state finances should receive close attention, as it constitutes his answer to the charge that he and his administration are in large measure responsible for the predicament which the state treasury has been in of late weeks—a charge popular with its political enemies and one that former Auditor General Bradley has been particularly pleased to repeat. It is interesting to find, then, that the governor puts this responsibility up to Bradley himself. He shows that the average of primary school money kept in the treasury after the November disbursement for thirteen years prior to and including 1905 was \$42,103.51. In 1906 he says that Bradley, as auditor general, kept a balance of \$1,222,486.57, though the law explicitly requires the appointment of the entire fund, and in 1907 he kept a balance of \$1,667,494. When the legislative committee made up the budget in 1907, the governor says, it was informed that there was a balance in the treasury of \$2,300,000, without being informed that over half of it was primary school money. Thus the failure to levy sufficient taxes, and the treasury stringency that still prevails.

Though the governor makes no reference to the matter, former Auditor General Bradley's discovery in the fall of last year that he must apportion all the primary school money in marked contrast to his holding back over a million dollars in both 1906 and 1907, and can only be explained on the theory that the general auditor was desirous of embarrassing the state administration to the full extent of his power.

The Glazier episode of the past year is given but a sketchy treatment by the governor. He outlines the bare facts in relation to the discovery of the former treasurer's irregularities, his removal and the status of the state's claims on account of the money that was deposited in the Chelsea bank. He makes no reference whatever to the personal side of the matter, namely, Glazier's efforts to involve him in the discredit of the administration of the treasurer's office. The state institutions are discussed in a general way, the state being felicitated on the high quality of their management and the high quality of results they are getting. The present Michigan insurance laws are commended, and legislation to compel fraternal societies to deal fairly with the public is recommended. The work of the state banking department is also commended.

The regulation of private banks is strongly recommended by the governor. He specifically advises that all private banks be required to place the word "private" on all their signs, advertisements and stationery, and that their titles (which are not to be permitted to be misleading) shall be followed by the words "not under state supervision," conspicuously printed. The governor also recommends regulation of the brokerage business on a basis that will protect the public from unsafe, if not dishonest, methods, and refers to the Cameron Currie Co. failure of last year to point a moral, though the firm is not explicitly mentioned.

Governor Warner's endorsement is given to the conservation movement, and he urges the necessity of steps to reduce Michigan's share of the great annual fire loss, which is draining the country each year of \$250,000,000 of wealth. The work of the state highway department is discussed in some detail. Since the establishment of the department a few years ago 326 miles of highway have been built under its supervision, and

twenty-six counties are now under the county road system. Forty more counties will vote on its adoption next April. A little over \$400,000 has been paid out in rewards, and the legislature has appropriated a total of \$360,000 for the department. The governor recommends that a limit be placed on the applications for awards that may be accepted to a certain sum in excess of the appropriation for the current year. The object is to prevent the state from assuming a moral obligation to pay sums vastly in excess of the amount appropriated.

The governor presents a brief and succinct statement of the present status of all the railroad litigation in which the state is now engaged, it comprising several cases, some started by the state, others by the railroads, in which the total amount in dispute is many millions of dollars. The Jackson binder twine plant, the governor says, has given excellent results. It has undersold the binder twine trust, which has reduced its prices in Michigan, besides giving remunerative employment to many convicts.

Reference is made elsewhere to the governor's views on the liquor traffic. He recommends that the legislature give heed to the demand for more restrictive legislation, proposes that not more saloons be allowed in a community than one for every 500 people, and that conviction of a second violation of the law shall debar the violator from the right to be issued a license. The strengthening of the powers of the railroad commission, and granting it jurisdiction over water transportation are recommended.

Coming to the four questions on which Governor Warner in large measure made his campaign for a third term, we find that he stands just where he did during the contest. He urges registration of all lobbyists for private interests and public hearings on pending measures; the passage of a bill for the ad valorem taxation of telegraph and telephone companies; the enactment of a bill against stock watering, and the enactment of a state wide primary law, one of the features of which shall be the elimination of the 40 per cent clause applying to the nomination of a candidate for governor. The governor also recommends that the enrollment and primary day be separated by a longer interval of time than under the present law, and suggests enrollment at the spring election as a good plan.

The governor, it will be seen, has cut out a lot of work for the legislature. Much of the work has previously been urged by him, and the political developments of the past year can fairly be said to show that the people approve of his ideas, and expect the legislature to enact laws that will carry them out. The legislature which has now gone into session at Lansing is believed to be in sympathy with many of the views put forward by the governor, and it is probable that many laws will be enacted along the lines he indicates, including laws covering all the items of legislation with which his name has been most identified.

Nice time down in Springfield, Ills. "The band of hope," or the Deenen contingent in the house of representatives, who made Edward J. King of Galesburg the Republican caucus choice for speaker, or anti-Deenen members, who, with the Democrats' aid, have now reelected Shurtleff to preside over the house. In some years the resultant bad blood and high feeling might not be as ominous as they are at this time, but with a senator to elect the splitting of the Republican majority in the legislature wide open is a thing that may be followed by far-reaching consequences. Senator Hopkins is a candidate for re-election. He received more votes than either Foss or Mason in the direct primaries, but fell a long way short of getting a majority of the entire vote. There have been many ominous rumors that a fight would be opened on Hopkins, in spite of the primary result. The split over the speakership will greatly increase the likelihood of such a development. It is much to be feared, too, that it will not be possible to reconcile the opposing Republican factions, and that therefore the session of the legislature will be attended by continual sparring for advantage that will greatly detract from its ability to get good legislative results. And the result of the split may not end with the session of the legislature. Many factional rows that have split parties through an entire state for a period of years have had smaller beginnings than the present ruction in Springfield.

Governor Warner's reference to the liquor traffic in his message is not what we would naturally expect from a man who had struck a political bargain with the liquor interests, as has been charged by his political opponents was the case. The governor, on the contrary, discusses the matter in a manner that shows he is considering no interests except those of the entire state. He recommends flatly that the legislature enact a law providing that no city or township of the state shall license more than one saloon for every 500 inhabitants. He also recommends the enactment of a law that will automatically debar a man convicted of a second violation of the liquor laws from ever again being licensed to engage in the liquor business in Michigan. The first recommendation referred to is one that the state brewers were recently reported to favor, though it has not been observed that they have undertaken any far-reaching agitation for it. It would be a revolutionary

piece of legislation. In Marquette, for instance, it would cut the number of saloons in half, and in some other upper peninsula cities that might be mentioned the percentage of reduction would be even greater. The governor makes no suggestion of how the men who are to be permitted to remain in business are to be singled out from those who are to be forced out. A satisfactory settlement of this vexing question is doubtless the most formidable obstacle in the way of the enactment of the proposed law. There is no means of knowing, until the matter is put up to it, what the attitude of the legislature will be. The governor's recommendation that a second violation of the liquor law be made to automatically debar any dealer from being allowed to continue in the business would greatly strengthen the hands of the anti-saloon forces, and would compel more discretion on the part of saloon men who are now accustomed to disregard the law.

It is greatly to the credit of the Republican press of the country that it is almost a unit in urging those Republican members of the Oregon legislature who pledged themselves to vote for the candidate for senator who received the majority of the popular vote to abide by their given word, and cast their ballots for Governor Chamberlain, although he is a Democrat, whereas the majority of the Oregon legislature is composed of Republicans. A report has been current, which, however, is not authentic, that National Chairman Hitchcock has been endeavoring to persuade the Republican members aforesaid to go back on their promises, and vote for a Republican candidate. The Republican press generally takes the position that if Chairman Hitchcock is engaged in any such effort he is engaged in an unworthy work, which he should drop forthwith. Naturally Republicans the country over would prefer to see a Republican senator returned from Oregon rather than a Democrat, but a thing of vastly more importance than this is that legislators should observe to the letter the pledges which they solemnly gave to the people.

There has been some speculation as to the manner in which the political future of Representative Tawney and Representative Smith will be affected by the president's secret service message. Some correspondents venture the prediction that their elimination from politics is inevitable. We don't believe that this follows. Nearly two years will have to pass before either congressman will be a candidate for re-election. A congressman can do a lot to square himself in two years, and the people can do a lot of forgetting, as experience has often shown. The fate of Representatives Tawney and Smith will depend, we imagine, in large measure on the manner in which they conduct themselves in the interval before they will again have to give an account of themselves to their districts. Doubtless their conduct in the meantime will be closely observed, and it is safe to state that if they see fit to play any more tricks like the one pulled off in regard to the secret service legislation they will not be the one best bets in the fields of candidates in their districts.

A number of one time Boxers have been given important committee appointments at Lansing. Inasmuch as the new constitution bars any of the committees from gagging the legislature, through the operation of a rule that a bill can be taken from a committee only by a two-thirds vote, there need be no apprehension because of this fact. It appears that the present session will see committee rule at a pretty low discount.

A motion to adjourn is always in order and is not debatable. This being the case, the majority of the council that adjourned in jig time Wednesday evening expects to avoid consideration of any more applications for saloon licenses until the Asire ordinance is duly published and becomes effective.

The Michigan State Telephone company is reaching out for new lines and new territory. Well and good, as long as reasonable rates and good service continue.

The anti-Deenen Republicans intend, if they can, to make the governor wish that Adlai Stevenson had gotten the majority of the votes in the November election.

President Roosevelt's orders put over 15,000 fourth class postoffices in the classified service. That's a lot o' pap to take away from the representatives.

It may be of interest to know that the president-elect and the president are in virtual agreement in regard to this little secret service matter.

There has been a plenty of talk about the way the house will skew president, when it gets around to it. But it may not get around to it.

The president is nothing if not willing. It now appears that he has the senate, as well as the house, on his hands.

John W. Gates, another retired steel magnate, shares Andy Carnegie's view that steel should be placed on the free list.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 60c.

GOVERNOR URGES MUCH LEGISLATION

Submitting His Third Inaugural Message, Michigan's Executive Maps Out a Big Program of Work for Law-Making Body.

(Continued from Page One.)

Suggestion that in the smaller communities and sparsely settled sections of our state, this class of banking is a necessity to the proper conduct of the business of the communities. Private banking is prohibited in but six states, and four of these are among the older and most populous states of the Union.

In order to fully advise and reasonably protect the public you should at least prohibit the use by private banks, of any name or title which will give the slightest degree of suggestion an incorporated institution or require that any such title appearing on signs, advertisements, literature or stationery thereon be prefixed the word "private" and that such title be followed by the words "not under state supervision," conspicuously printed. Either plan would inform the public as to the character of the concerns.

As to Stock Brokers.
Your attention is directed to the desirability of enacting a law for the regulation of the business of stock brokers. During the past year we have witnessed the failure of a concern which transacted a large brokerage business within this state. Men of all professions and callings, men of large means and men of small means, and as the result of the loss of their money, many have been driven to the very last day of its existence in full reliance upon its supposed pecuniary responsibility and in the belief that it was conducting its business according to the methods usually employed by reliable firms conducting this class of business. Developments showed the concern to have liabilities running into the millions with few assets save those pledged to the creditors, and further that it was insolvent for a long time before its business was interrupted by the appointment of a receiver.

The business of stock broking is in some respects similar to that of a bank. Indeed, in most cases, as in the particular case referred to, the broker holds himself out as being also a banker, his claim being made in his advertisements. The public comes to rely upon the pecuniary responsibility of such men and firms, although possessed of no real knowledge as to their responsibility. This business affords opportunity for indulgence in practices which are reprehensible and which lead to financial disaster, and it should be regulated by law. It is already so regulated in some states.

Conservation of Natural Resources.
The recent conferences participated in by the president of the United States, members of the cabinet, governors of the several states and other prominent officials and private citizens having for their object the conservation of the natural resources of the country, have awakened widespread interest in this vitally important subject. We of Michigan, our vast wealth of water power, our forests and our minerals, and our most valuable forests which have to a large extent been ruthlessly sacrificed in a mad rush for wealth, have special reason for enthusiastically cooperating with the leaders of this great movement to conserve that which is our heritage and our source of life. The waste places which have been made to give up their rich treasures, to the end that those who come after us may enjoy the blessings intended for them by an all-wise Providence.

It is our earnest desire to direct your attention to the desirability of taking active measures to lessen the fire waste of general property which is steadily increasing and which, during the past five years, in this country, has aggregated a billion and one million dollars. Michigan's contribution to this enormous total was in excess of twenty-six million dollars. An annual loss of fire of two hundred and fifty million dollars is a most appalling record. This means the permanent elimination of the state's resources from the country, for while the property destroyed by fire, may to some extent, be replaced, it can never be restored. It is gone forever.

A material reduction in this great loss can be made by the enactment of laws and ordinances requiring better construction of buildings, penalizing property owners who carelessly and negligently permit fires to start on their premises, governing and regulating the storage of explosives and other inflammable materials, providing for the careful and exhaustive investigation of all fires and the apprehension of all persons who willfully set fire to property. The activities of the state municipalities along the lines indicated would not only result in the preservation of vast property values from year to year, but would also effect a very substantial saving to property owners by materially lessening the rates charged for fire insurance. This has been the result in states which have given this subject the thoughtful treatment I commend this matter to your careful consideration.

Prison Binder Twine Plant.
The result of the first season's operation of the binder twine plant established in the state prison at Jackson in accordance with a law enacted by the last legislature has fully justified the attitude of those who urged that an appropriation be made for this purpose. This legislature has only lessened the cost of twine to those farmers who purchased their supply from the state, but has effected a saving to the farmers of Michigan generally by forcing the twine trust to reduce the price of twine to the state for its commodity. In addition profitable employment has been given a large number of convicts at a non-competitive industry. In every way, therefore, has the state been the gainer by the establishment of twine plant. Experiments have demonstrated that in order to operate the plant on the most economical basis a larger revolving fund should be provided or the board of managers empowered to borrow money with which to purchase supplies and materials until the most favorable conditions at times when advantage can be taken of the best market.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, eighty convicts were employed in the prison twine plant for an aggregate of 6,045 days. This large commensation to the state for this labor, after making the usual allowances for depreciation of tools and machinery, and crediting, as required by law, the convicts employed with 10 per cent of the net earnings of the plant was in excess of \$1.50 per day

for each convict. This is three times the earnings of the state on the labor of convicts employed under contract.

Concerning the Liquor Traffic.

In common with the trend of public sentiment throughout the country there is a growing disposition on the part of the citizens of Michigan to hedge the liquor traffic about with more restrictive laws. Michigan is a pioneer in this respect, having on its statute books at this time laws which have lately been secured only after the most strenuous effort. The electors of any county in this state have during all these years had it within their power to prohibit the manufacture and sale of spirituous and intoxicating liquors within the county, if they saw fit to do so. Two of the great farmers organizations of the state, the Grange and the State Association of Farmers Clubs, at their recent meetings, asked, by the adoption of formal resolutions, that the smaller political units, the cities, villages, and townships, be given similar power to restrict or abolish the liquor traffic. I believe these two organizations fairly reflect the best public sentiment of the state in this recommendation, and that the best interests of society demand legislation in accordance therewith. There is also a well defined and I believe a justly founded limitation to be placed on the number of saloons that may be established in a community or municipality. I would recommend that under no circumstances should any municipality or community be permitted to establish more than one saloon for each five hundred inhabitants, leaving it optional with the municipality or community to say whether the number of inhabitants per saloon shall be greater than five hundred. In all these computations the population as shown by the last state or national census should govern. It would be well also in order that the enforcement of all liquor laws may be made more effective to provide that any person who shall have been twice convicted of violation of the liquor laws shall thereafter be absolutely debarred from obtaining a license in this state. Effective and definite restrictive measures should be provided to prevent the establishment of a saloon in the vicinity of a church or public school.

Michigan Railroad Commission.

The state railroad commission created by act of the last legislature has made a most satisfactory record and there is no doubt that the departure from the one-man commission which so long obtained in Michigan and the creation of a commission of the laws and the powers of the commission were wise and timely. While the new law is not perfect and needs some improvement, its enactment was decidedly a forward step.

Inasmuch as there has been raised a grave question as to the right of the legislature under the old constitution, to delegate certain powers conferred upon the legislature by the new constitution, it is advisable for this legislature to re-enact the law and thus place its constitutionality beyond question.

The law should be amended so as to give the commission jurisdiction over water transportation lines which are operated wholly between Michigan points.

Because of the number of claims presented to the commission for return of overcharges on shipments of freight between points within the state it would be well to confer upon the commission power to grant relief to these claimants in respect to overcharges due to the general revision of freight rates, and the cancellation of commodity tariffs without notice to shippers. During the past year the railroad companies have in numerous instances sought authority to make repayment in these cases, but this authority has been specifically withheld by the commission from granting such authority. It is not believed that it was the intent of the legislature to withhold authority to make repayment under circumstances such as are above outlined, and it is recommended that the law be amended so as to confer the authority to grant relief which careful investigation proves to be just.

The law forbids any person, not an employee of the company, from accepting free transportation from any railroad company, but confers upon the state railroad commission the right to extend the free list in its discretion. The commission, therefore, has power to exempt from the prohibition of the law the member and employees of the commission. The commissioners, however, feel that they would be criticised for so extending the free list. The commissioners are of the opinion that they, their inspectors or other employees when traveling under orders of the commission on lines of railroad within this state, should not be required to pay railroad fare. It is recognized that much of the work of the commissioners and its employees is in connection with matters in which the companies alone are directly interested. It is the opinion of the public generally, however, that it is generally conceded that the state should not be called upon to expend money for transportation in such cases at least. I would recommend that the law be amended so as to require that the railroad companies to transport their commissioners and their employees without charge when traveling within the state on official business and under orders of the commission. A plan of identification which would effectively prevent any abuse of this privilege could be readily devised. I am informed that this course has been adopted in other states and there would seem to be no valid objection to such a provision.

Anti-Lobby Legislation.

Two years ago I took occasion to say to the legislature which then convened that "The professional lobbyist has no proper place in legislation and the sooner he is eliminated therefrom the better not only for the public but for the legislator himself." It is especially so. This sentiment was again expressed in special messages addressed to the same body of law makers, but without influencing it to abolish the evil which is condemned by every right-minded citizen of the state. The professional lobbyist who stands ready at all times to serve whatever interest is willing to pay his price is not to be banished utterly from the halls of legislation, and those representatives of legitimate interests, who are concerned properly with pending legislation should be required to register and disclose the source of their employment and the measures which they either favor or oppose.

The proper discharge of your duty to your constituents demands that this needed legislation be supplied at an early date. The right of petition and of every citizen, corporation or interest concerned in pending legislation to be heard should be carefully preserved. All lobbying, so-called, should be done at pub-

lic hearings by persons who have previously registered and formally stated in writing the names of the persons, firms or corporations which they represent. The law providing for the registration and regulation of lobbyists should not, however, apply to the regularly accredited counsel or representatives of municipalities, public boards or public institutions. I am still of the opinion, however, that heads of state institutions and departments and members of state boards, will have discharged their duty when they have prepared the necessary data, setting forth the needs of the respective branches of the state government with which they are connected, and have explained these measures and accords to the legislative committees having them in charge. The responsibility for further action will rest with the legislature.

Several states have already enacted legislation which has had a most beneficial effect in reducing the professional lobbyist with his secret, dark lantern methods of influencing legislation. Michigan is lagging in this matter and it should hasten to take a decisive stand against any and all lobbying that will not stand the light of full and complete publicity.

Telegraph and Telephone Companies.

There is a universal and just demand on the part of the people of the state that telegraph and telephone companies be required to pay an ad valorem tax and at the same rate as are all other property owners and tax payers who share the burdens of government.

Over Capitalization and Stock Watering.

Over capitalization and stock watering manipulations by corporations is an evil which disastrously affects the general public. The railroad companies have been the greatest offenders in this respect. When these practices are indulged in by public service corporations the general public pays tribute through taxation from them of increased tolls. The general public law, for the elimination of all corporations which seek to pay dividends on watered stock, or which unload such stock upon a confiding people who are at all times seeking legitimate investment for their surplus funds. The result in either case is robbery of the public. It is specifically prohibited by statute. To the end that the public may be protected in this respect, all issues of stocks and bonds of public service corporations, at least, should, in my opinion, be required to have the approval of some competent state authority.

Primary Election Law.

The enactment of a good, common-sense, easily workable primary election law, the provisions of which can be carried into effect at the least possible cost to the people is a task to which you should give early and consistent attention. There is already on the statute books of Michigan the nucleus of such a law. The present law is the best that possibly could be obtained at the time of its enactment. It is, however, far from being perfect and should be thoroughly overhauled and amended so that it will meet the demands of the people. Michigan should be in line with the best thought and methods in this matter.

The scope of the law should be enlarged and provision made for making all nominations, state, congressional, county and legislative, that are made by direct vote—on the same day, all local acts being made to conform to the state law in this respect. This will tend to secure an expression from the greatest number of voters. The greater the number of offices involved in the primary, the greater will be the interest of the voters therein. At the last primary in Michigan two hundred thousand Republicans and forty thousand Democrats recorded their will. The following table shows the number of counties and districts where the direct voting system of making nominations has been adopted, and by what parties:

Congressional Districts—Republicans, 10; Democrats 1; Prohibition, 2; Socialist, 1; Socialist Labor, 1.
Senatorial Districts—Republicans, 16; Democrats, 8; Prohibition, 8; Socialist, 7; Socialist Labor, 2.
Representatives Districts—Republican, 50; Democrat, 16; Prohibition, 9; Socialist Labor, 9.
County Offices—Republican, 58; Democrat, 17; Prohibition, 5; Socialist, 5; Socialist Labor, 5.

All candidates for the legislature should be nominated by primary vote. A member of the legislature does not either represent or act for a particular district or locality, but rather for the entire state and he should not therefore be nominated by any clique or faction of a party. All the people of all parties are interested in and elected by this official action. It is especially so now that the constitution prohibits the enactment of a local act where a general law can be made to apply.

Thus far no one has given a valid reason for the retention in the primary law of this state of the 40 per cent clause, so-called, which applies only to the nomination of governor and lieutenant governor. As previously remarked, the scope of the law should be extended to all offices placed on the same footing as regards the number of votes to be polled by the successful candidate. It is folly to attempt to assign any but a purely political reason for contending that in two cases only out of more than a thousand involved the interest of the people is not served by a successful candidate poll any specified percentage of the total vote. Political reasons or political exigencies should not be considered by men charged with the duty of legislating for nearly three millions of people, who constitute the population of the most intelligent and important states of the Union. There is certainly no need for greater care in the selection of candidates for office than the constitution has for more than half a century provided for the selection of the official who are to administer the offices to which these candidates aspire. The 40 per cent clause should be eliminated from the law and the same requirement should apply equally to all candidates who are nominated by direct vote.

It is my conviction that a greater period of time should intervene between enrollment day and primary day. The reason for this is obvious to all who even casually observed the course of events last year. This change would effect a great saving to the taxpayers, as

an additional clerk could take care of the enrollment, if held in conjunction with the April election, and it would also greatly enhance the purity of our elections. In cities in which no elections are held in April, the expense of enrolling the voters at that time would be no greater than it would be later in the year. The present law gives any candidate the right to demand a recount without requiring him to make the slightest showing that there is any reason to even suspect that a wrong has been committed or an error made. I believe that the law should be amended so as to protect the state against the great expense incident to needless and unwarrented recounts. The petitioner for a recount should be compelled to show to the satisfaction of the proper body that there is reasonable grounds for asking for a recount.

Every care should be taken to limit the expense both to the candidates and to the taxpayers in the execution of the primary law. Provision should be made for giving the greatest publicity to all expenditures made in behalf of each and every candidate.

Receipts and Disbursements.

During the biennial period ending Dec. 15, 1905, the total receipts of the primary school interest fund were \$9,327,847.72. Of this amount \$7,000,067.57 was paid by railroad corporations and \$88,134.51 by insurance companies. The balance of \$833,236.84 was received from other interests which pay a specific tax. During the same period there was paid from this fund by the state to the several counties for the support of the public schools \$9,891,076.28, or \$536,228.56 more than the revenue of the fund.

The aggregate of state taxes levied and collected during the same two years was \$7,985,813.42 and the back taxes collected amounted to \$271,241.86. The expenditures of the state on account of our educational, charitable, penal and reformatory institutions during the same period amounted to \$6,795,224.53, being as follows:

University of Michigan.....	\$1,066,700.82
Agricultural colleges.....	630,836.81
Normal college.....	270,343.30
Central Normal school.....	170,526.20
Northern Normal school.....	113,249.94
Western Normal school.....	181,216.82
County Normal Training classes.....	68,000.90
Asylum for Insane.....	2,135,538.65
Soldiers' Home.....	218,190.07
Home for Feeble Minded.....	270,833.36
School for the Blind.....	75,876.97
Employment Inst. for Blind.....	38,829.03
School for the Deaf.....	182,401.14
State Public School.....	91,311.95
Prisons and Reformatory.....	620,271.90
Home for Girls.....	147,550.01
Ind. School for Boys.....	201,306.67
Psychological Hospital.....	291,106.61
State Sanatorium.....	91,699.08
College of Mines.....	206,800.00

While the expenditures on account of these institutions have largely increased during the past few years they have simply kept pace with the natural growth and development of the institutions and the demands made upon them by the increasing population of the state.

I have had prepared a detailed and exhaustive statement of the receipts of the state treasury from all sources and expenditures for all purposes which will be laid before the finance committee of the senate and house of representatives.

Classified Want Directory

HELP WANTED.
WANTED—Finnish woman wants work by day; washing, house cleaning, etc. Enquire basement, 151 Rock street.
WANTED—Stenographer. Apply by letter only to Gen. W. Ackerman, Marquette, P. O. Box 107.
WANTED—Purchasers for Vendor's Lien Land Notes, offering the best and safest investments, bearing from 7 to 8 per cent annum. These owners are glad to carry only from 5 to 10 per cent of the actual value of the property for which the notes are issued, offering absolute security. If interested in an investment of your funds write H. W. Hancock, Realty, Seale, 1-1-10.
WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply at once 414 E. Hewitt Avenue, 12-22-04.
WANTED—A cook at the Summit House, 12-25-04.
WANTED—60 wood choppers to cut chemical wood. The I. Stephens Co., Walks, Mich. 1-23-05.
WANTED—Pencemakers at Cleveland Cliff Camps, Runley and Dewey, Mich. Board 18 cents per meal. Apply at camps. 9-23-04.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A six room house on East Michigan St. has modern conveniences. Apply by Hall telephone 856 block. 12-9-04.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Farm of forty acres, near Mangum, with house, barn and timber. Apply at 210 Western Block. 12-30-04.
FOR SALE—Mixed timber lands, including some coal lands. Apply J. Connolly, Harbor Block, Marquette. 11-18-04.
FOR SALE—One thoroughbred White Plymouth Rock cockered. Call and see them at 1020 N. Front street. Terms reasonable. Walter C. Hornstein, owner. 12-14-04.
FOR SALE—Tug George N. length 68 ft., beam 12 ft. Engine 18 ft. boiler in good condition and good steamer. Hull and equipment practically new. Would make good harbor or fish boat. For further particulars apply to Tomasz Tug Line, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. 9-8-04.
FOR SALE—An account of \$21.25 against J. B. Knight, Norway, Mich., for sale at 50 cents on the dollar. Mining Journal Co., Ltd.
FOR SALE—Having purchased all Rose estate lots in Nestor addition, will now sell at bargain price. Enquire at 113 W. Ohio st. Tel. phone No. 28. L. J. LaVeque. 14-26-04.

SHIPPING.

CUT RATE SHIPPING—Cut rates on household goods to Pacific coast and other points. Superior service at reduced rates. The Boyd Transfer Co., Minneapolis, Minn. (2-1-04)

Lake Superior Carriage Works

H. J. WOLF, Proprietor.
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C. A. WRIGHT, President
JACOB BAER, Vice President
M. C. GETCHELL, Secretary

Copper Country

DEATH OF JOSEPH MONDOUX.

Joseph Mondoux, a well-known Lake Linden farmer, died Wednesday afternoon after an illness of four weeks. He was sixty-six years old. Mr. Mondoux was a native of Canada, and since coming to this country a few years ago he had made his home at Lake Linden. Besides his wife he is survived by several children, two of whom are Mrs. William Ellison and Mrs. Olivia Allen of Lake Linden. A son who resides at Sheboygan, Wis., has been sent for.

PASSING OF A PIONEER.

Louis Ziemer, a pioneer resident of Houghton, died Wednesday afternoon after an illness of two months. He had made his home in Houghton for the past twenty-seven years and was employed as night watchman by the Quincy Smelting Works. He was sixty-five years old and was a native of Germany. The deceased is survived by a wife and five children—Mrs. Emil Muzal, Mrs. Herman Gundlach, and Lizzie, Albert and Ernest Ziemer, all of Houghton. The funeral will probably take place tomorrow afternoon.

WERE MARRIED WEDNESDAY.

Mrs. Evelyn Piche of Lake Linden and Napoleon Cantin were married Wednesday morning by Father X. J. Raymond, pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic church. They were attended by Alfred Pugin of Calumet and Abile Chamblon of Lake Linden. Mr. Cantin has been engaged in the wood contracting business for the past several years, and is well known throughout the county. The young couple will make their home in the Bayble block, Lake Linden.

MEDICAL SOCIETY'S ELECTION.

At the annual meeting of the Houghton County Medical Society the following officers were elected: President, Dr. W. K. West, Painesdale; vice president, Dr. C. H. Kuprecht, Calumet; secretary and treasurer, Dr. John McLaue, Centerville; member board of censors for three years, Dr. A. F. Fisher, Lake Linden; delegate to state medical society, Dr. N. S. MacDonald, Hancock; alternate, Dr. P. H. Bourland, Lake Linden.

COPPERDOM BREVITIES.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George Bennett of Altonet. Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Lurie of Calumet are visiting relatives in Chicago. A. R. Bagley and S. M. Higgins of Negaunee were copperdom visitors this week. The thermometer registered 16 degrees below zero on Quincy hill Wednesday morning.

Charles Friedstrom of Calumet is paying a visit to friends at Moran, near St. Ignace. Mrs. August Polto of Hancock has received news of the death of her sister at Butte, Mont.

The weekly party of the Portage Lake Skating club was given last night at the Amphitheatre. Joseph Guibault and John Long of Escanaba paid a visit to friends in Lake Linden this week.

Will Sweeney of Great Falls, Mont., is in Calumet, called there because of the death of his mother. Captain Josiah Hosking of Calumet has left for Detroit. From there he will go to California, to spend the winter.

Mrs. Norman Demette has returned to her home in Houghton, after a two weeks' visit with relatives in Marquette. William McLean, who visited during the holidays with relatives in Hancock, left Wednesday afternoon for Nashville, Tenn.

Mrs. Polkinghorne of Lake Linden left this week for Redlands, Cal., where she intends to spend the remainder of the winter. Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Becker of Atlanta, Ga., are visiting at the home of Mrs. Becker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Connors, Sr., of Hubbard.

A game of basketball will be played at Germania Hall, Hancock, tonight between the Naval Reserves and the Calumet High school team. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Shields of Lake Linden left this week for Hot Springs, Ark. Before returning home they will visit Palm Beach, Fla.

Rev. E. J. Cross and family left Hancock Wednesday for Vassar, Mich., where they will spend a few weeks. Mr. Cross has not yet decided where he will locate. Dr. L. M. Powers, who arrived in South Range from Ontonagon this week, has taken office rooms in the Germania building and has begun practice in his new field.

Charlie Liffiton, of Montreal, formerly a forward player on the Portage Lake hockey team, has been made manager of the Montreal team in the Canadian Federal league. Dr. Pascoe of Tremontain will this week succeed Dr. Tolson as assistant to Dr. W. D. Whittier of Baltic. Dr. Tolson will succeed Dr. Pascoe as interne at the hospital.

Heaton Wright, secretary and manager of the Alvin Development company, left Houghton Wednesday on his way to Salome, Ariz., where he will commence his duties.

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Direct private wire service to all markets. If you want the best service on your curb orders and cannot favor us direct, instruct your Banker to have us execute the order. Buy and Sell Boston Coppers, Railroads and Curb for cash or margin.

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mence drill operations on the company's property.

Hermann, cooperator on the Red Jacket hockey team, will be unable to play in the game against Hancock tonight, owing to illness. He is to undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Superintendent Doole, of the Houghton schools, has received a circular, announcing that the next annual meeting of the National Educational association will be held at Denver July 5 to 9, next.

It is probable that Dr. Percy R. Glass of Lake Linden, the new secretary of the Southern Michigan Baseball league, may remove from that village to Lansing, in order to establish himself on the circuit.

Dr. R. N. McKaig, a well-known evangelist, will be in Calumet Sunday, for the purpose of opening a series of evangelistic meetings at the M. E. church. The singing will be led by T. Richardson of Chicago.

Among the recent births in Laurium were a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. James E. Maynard; a son to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Perryman; a son to Mr. and Mrs. Claude Michelson, and a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Williams.

It is asserted that the Calumet & Hecla Mining company is the biggest purchaser of diphtheria anti-toxin in the state of Michigan. This statement is made by John Gilroy, representing a New York drug house which sells the serum.

N. A. Metz of Hancock has been notified that he has been chosen major of the Upper Peninsula battalion of the Patriotic Militant, Independent Order of Old Fellows. The notification came from Brigadier General F. W. Davis of Detroit.

The annual meeting of the Laurium fire department will be held next Tuesday evening. Officers will be elected and plans for the tournament of the Upper Peninsula Firemen's association that is to be held in the village next August will be outlined.

Hancock lodge, Knights of Pythias, will install its new officers tonight. Following the ceremony a musical and literary program, which has been arranged by E. A. Hamilton, Oscar Ongie and Victor A. Fredt, will be given. The installation will be a public one.

Tickets for the Calumet & Hecla band promenade, to be given tonight at the Calumet Armory for the benefit of the Italian earthquake sufferers, are on sale at the W. H. Dec cigar store, in Houghton. It is expected that a large gathering from the Portage Lake towns will attend the dance.

The new officers of Copper Crown lodge, Swedish Sons of America, of Calumet, are: President, Charles Stone; vice president, John Sundberg; past president, Victor Eklund; recording secretary, Victor Anderson; financial secretary, John E. Lindquist; treasurer, Eric Fablen; chaplain, John Swanson; marshal, John Gulisjo; guard, Albert Herstrom.

Thielman Hyde, Lady Macabees, of Hubbard, will install his new officers at a meeting to be held Jan. 19 at the concert hall. The ceremony will be in charge of Past Commander Mrs. D. R. Tennant. Another Hubbard installation will be that of the Foresters of America, to be held tonight. The installing officer will be Rev. Daniel Stalker, of Houghton. Rev. Stalker is the chaplain of the lodge at that place.

With the aid of all the Houghton members of the lodge, the Elks' indoor baseball team of the Hancock league succeeded in putting a period to the long run of bad luck it has had. In the game with the Naval Reserves at Germania Hall Wednesday night, the Elks won by the score of 7 to 2. All of the Houghton members of the lodge attended the game and rooted loyally for their team.

At the celebration of the anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns, to be held by the Scotch residents of Calumet Jan. 23, the principal speaker of the evening will be Rev. Daniel Stalker, of the First Presbyterian church. A quartet, a number of selections by a band, solos will be sung by Mrs. James Fisher, Mrs. George Wright and the Misses Belle MacKenzie and Florence Wright. John Owens, violin soloist, will assist.

The Sunday school of the Hubbard Congregational church has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Superintendent, D. K. MacDonald; assistant, Arthur Packer; secretary, Hester Dunst; assistant secretary, Hester Dunst; treasurer, Miss Nettie Jenks; organist, Miss Ethel Jenks; assistant organist, Miss Elsie Montague; chorister, Mrs. Jessie Cameron; superintendent of primary department, Miss Carrie Axford.

The Houghton hockey team of the Copper Country Amateur league has a big lead to overcome, and the players are practicing daily for the game with Red Jacket at the Amphitheatre next Tuesday. Laurium is in the lead, with three games won, and one lost; Hancock is second, with two games won and one lost. Houghton follows with one game won and two lost. Mohawk and Red Jacket each have one game. Tonight Red Jacket and Hancock will play at the Laurium Palace.

A number of special premiums have been offered by Houghton fanciers of game chickens, in order to increase the interest in that variety of birds at the coming show of the Copper Country Poultry association. C. C. Douglass has offered a \$5 gold piece for the best trio of pit games; a \$5 gold piece for the best Cornish red cock has been offered by James R. Dea; a \$5 gold piece for the best pair of pit games is the contribution of W. F. Miller, and a \$5 gold piece for the best male pit game will be given by John J. Michels.

Have you tasted "Salada" Tea? The purest and most delicious of all. Ask your grocer for a 10c trial packet.

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Father says: "Say, mother, can't you make us some more of those fine doughnuts I will bring home a pair of Cadaly's Peacock lard again!"

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Mining News

BUTTE COPPER PRODUCTION.

The estimated production of the Butte mines in December was 29,963,339 pounds, the largest output of any month this year, and greater than any single month since March, 1907. The only other month this year in which Butte production has reached the 29,000,000 pound mark was September, with an output of 29,655,000. The December 1908 return of 29,963,339 pounds compares with but 7,863,293 pounds turned out in December, 1907, a period, however, which marked the very depth of the curtailment of operations in the Butte camp. As figured by the Boston News Bureau, the production for 1908 was 268,272,460 pounds, against 240,496,507 pounds in 1907, an increase of 27,775,953 pounds. All of this gain has been made in November and December. At the end of October production was some 13,000,000 pounds behind the same time of the year. The manner in which a decrease for the first seven months of 1908 of 54,000,000 pounds has been turned into an increase of 27,775,953 pounds for the year is shown in detail in the following comparison:

Table with columns for months (July, August, September, October, November, December) and production amounts for 1907 and 1908.

NOTES OF COPPER NEWS

An increase in the force of men employed at the Shattuck-Arizona mine from twenty-five to about sixty took place recently, and there have been shipped to the Copper Queen smelter at Douglas the 500 tons of ore which had been accumulated during the past year on the 500-foot level. The management proposes to maintain shipments at the rate of approximately fifty tons per day from the same level.

The new shaft being sunk on the Hecla-Wagner claims of the Calumet & Hecla Mining company, the proper depth has been reached. The new shaft is about 1,500 feet southwest from the Irish Jack and is separated from the main Calumet & Hecla properties by several Copper Queen claims which intervene.

No important announcements followed the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wolverine & Arizona company, and as near as can be ascertained development work at the property will be carried on during the coming year as it has been in the past, says a Boston correspondent. There has been, however, a great deal of interest in drifting around in the mountain top and the local stockholders have become disgusted with the methods employed and one or two who were known to be large holders are said to have been quietly unloading for some weeks. The market for the Wolverine & Arizona stock has been very quiet, although there are too many opportunities for quick profits to expect people to continue to hold a stock as slow as this one seems to be.

The United States Smelting, Refining & Mining company is carrying a large stock of copper and silver bullion, having declined to liquidate some of the low priced stock which prevailed last year though inventory values were marked down to the low prices. These stocks, which are stored at its refinery in Chrome, N. J., amount to 20,000,000 pounds of copper and 6,000,000 ounces of silver, with a present market value of about \$3,000,000. It has held the copper since the days of 12 1/2-cent metal. The appreciation has since amounted to about \$900,000. Its silver has been of more recent accumulation. As against these large supplies of bullion the company is holding \$12,000,000. A year ago it was borrowing as high as \$3,000,000.

A syndicate has been formed which has taken from the treasury of the Nevada Consolidated Copper company the remaining 125,000 shares of Cumberland-Ely stock. It has been hanging over the market for some time. In fact, 75,000 shares had already been sold in the open market, and this selling has naturally had a depressing effect on the market. The Nevada Consolidated

MASS CONSOLIDATED. The impression has gone out that the directors of the Mass Consolidated Mining company were about to levy an assessment of 82 per share. This is quite incorrect, as no thought or consideration has been given to this matter. At the

dated sold this shares in order to finance an extension of the Steptoe smelter and mill. The Nevada Consolidated company originally owned 200,000 shares of Cumberland-Ely stock acquired in part payment when that company sold the Steptoe reduction works for \$3,000,000.

MARKETS NEW YORK STOCKS.

Paine, Webber & Co.'s correspondent at New York yesterday telegraphed as follows: "Specialty operations were again in progress, notably in Colorado Fuel, Colorado Southern and Denver & Rio Grande" and at the same time the Great Western issues and American Ice were under heavy pressure in view of reports to the effect that assessments would be levied in the former instance and in the latter that a reorganization would be necessary in order to strengthen the position of the company. The closing was higher than last night with the above exceptions, and the feeling was much improved as the Consolidated Gas-Jackson seems to have temporarily spent its force as a disturbing market factor. There was no news to account for the earnest desire on the part of the shorts to cover their commitments in the metal stocks, but it seems to be the general impression that the position of the metal companies will be greatly strengthened in the near future by the placing of large contracts. Reports are heard to the effect that the dividend on Southern Pacific is likely to be increased at the meeting during the latter part of this month and that a 4 per cent guarantee for Big Four will be given by the Lake Shore.

Closing prices were as follows: Anaconda 88 1/2, Am. Loco 89, B. & O. 117 1/2, C. & W. 129, Cons. Gas 129, Erie 83 1/2, G. & W. 146 1/2, Ill. Cen. 146 1/2, Kan. Pac. 125 1/2, N. Pac. 142 1/2, N. & W. 88, O. & W. 128, P. & N. 124 1/2, Rep. St. 141 1/2, U. S. Steel 113 1/2, Wabash 118 1/2, W. Va. 113 1/2, W. Cent. 71 1/2.

Boston Stock Quotations. Wiring from Boston yesterday, Paine, Webber & Co. had the following to say of the stock market: "After a very dull session a demonstration against the shorts was made just before the close. Prices responded most easily, but in my opinion it only furnishes a better level to sell on. The market all day was practically bare of orders and shows the great apathy of the public. The general level is too high, and must be lowered five to ten points to encourage any speculation. Pools were active in their specialties today, but did not get any following. One thousand shares of Union Pacific of Butte were traded in up to \$4, but for an hour after that \$3 was the best bid. United States Smelting was very active, advancing 1/2 points, but failed to hold it. I advise selling the whole list on any strong upward movement. There will be plenty of time to turn around when we see a change for the better in either the metal market or the industrial situation."

Closing prices were as follows: Adv. 100, All 100, Am. Loco 100, B. & O. 100, C. & W. 100, Cons. Gas 100, Erie 100, G. & W. 100, Ill. Cen. 100, Kan. Pac. 100, N. Pac. 100, N. & W. 100, O. & W. 100, P. & N. 100, Rep. St. 100, U. S. Steel 100, Wabash 100, W. Va. 100, W. Cent. 100.

President McKinley's Way. The newspaper account of President Roosevelt and the young ladies who passed him while on horseback, said an old-time Washington man, "made me think of an incident that happened before the days of the 'big stick.' With three other men, one of them a bicycle, I had been over at Arlington. It was at the interment of the Maine soldier. I think, and coming down the long hill home the macadamized center of the roadway was the only place fit for bicycles. Half way down the hill we met up with an open landau, moving much slower, of course, than we were, and sticking to the good part of the road so closely that we couldn't pass. We whistled, but neither the driver, footman of the single occupant of the carriage paid any attention; probably they didn't hear us, but at any rate one of our party got mad and yelled, 'Get the out of the way!'"

The single occupant of the carriage looked around and immediately gave directions that resulted in the carriage moving to one side and letting us pass. As we did so he raised his silk hat and said, 'I beg your pardon, gentlemen, I didn't see you.'

"It was President McKinley," Boston Herald.

A Needed Change. The navy department recently received from the commander-in-chief of the fleet an official communication relative to certain changes recommended by him to be made in the uniform shirt of the enlisted men. In accordance with custom this letter was forwarded to various officials for comment or expression of opinion, the remarks of each officer being appended on an endorsement slip. Each endorsement introduced the subject matter of the letter in a brief, and one of them thus tersely explained the con-

"What shall we have for breakfast?" "Why Cadaly's Peacock ham and eggs of course; they are always acceptable especially at this season of the year."

(7-29-0)

Central Route to FLORIDA Via BIRMINGHAM

First-class line to Jacksonville connecting for all points in Florida and for steamships for Cuba and Nassau. Through Sleeping Car Chicago to Jacksonville leaving Chicago daily at 7:30 p.m. on the sleeping car section (coach section at 5:30 p.m.) of the fast Limited train for the South, of the

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R. arriving at Birmingham 3:15 p.m. next day and at Jacksonville at 7:30 second morning. The Limited carries out of Chicago.

Buffet-Library Car, and Dining Cars are carried serving all meals en route. Tickets and further information, of agents of connecting lines or by addressing W. J. Bowser, Trav. Pass. Agent, Illinois Central R. R., Milwaukee, Wis.

Chicago Grain Markets. Chicago, Jan. 7.—Foreign news upsurged the field occupied the past two days by the cold wave in this country and in-

THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK HOUGHTON, MICHIGAN OFFICERS. DIRECTORS.

ESTABLISHED 1880. PAINE, WEBBER & CO. BANKERS AND BROKERS, BOSTON, MASS. Members New York Stock Exchange, Boston Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade. Direct Private Wires to All Markets. Curb Stocks Given Special Attention. Marquette Office, W. H. Schweitzer, Resident Manager. We solicit your stock business. Our daily quotation sheet and market letter sent for the asking. Office open from 7:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

A Parisian journalist recently wrote a rather unfavorable criticism of the performance of a well known actor. The letter was keenly wounded, and watched for a chance to avenge herself. She was one evening at the Varieties, with a young aristocrat for an escort, when she espied the critic. She had a package with her, which she requested her friend to deliver in person.

The dandy rose and, taking the package, walked over to where the journalist was sitting with a party, and presented it to him, saying: "Mademoiselle, who admires your talent, has requested me to present you with this souvenir from her."

The critic took it and opened it before his friends, who had heard the dandy's little speech. It contained about a dozen goose quills, and smiles and suppressed laughter went round the room.

But the critic was equal to the occasion. "Ah, my dear sir," said he to the messenger, "please give my best thanks to the young lady for these pretty feathers. I was aware of the fact that she plucked her admirers, but I really did not imagine she did so on my account!"—Tit-Bits.

Flattering Scales. When Grover Cleveland's son Richard was born, his good friend, Joseph Jefferson, drove over to Gray Gables to congratulate the father. "The child weighs fifteen pounds," said he; "I weighed myself with the scales you and I use when we go fishing."—Success Magazine.

THEY WELCOME THE BOYS. There are various circles within the club for social and intellectual purposes, and the atmosphere is one of comradeship rather than thrift. The June club nine years ago moved into a house built expressly for its use. There is a similar club for boys, but more important still are the purely social clubs. There are two clubs, one for boys between fifteen and twenty years, and another for young men. Each of these is well equipped with a gymnasium, bath, a library, pool tables and smoking saloon.

The boys' club numbers 1,000 members and does valiant service in combating the attractions of the saloons and other "outing centers of vice." The boys and young men have organized various basketball teams and track team which have been quite successful in their contests with other teams from the city. The women's club was organized with twelve members in 1891, and now has a total of 150.

Every winter members of the various clubs give plays—Shakespeare, Deen, George Bernard Shaw, the "Ajax" of Sophocles in the original, and in fact, plays in most known languages, living or dead. But the festival is perhaps the most picturesque in the Mardi Gras annually celebrated at Hall House. It is the pet affair of the Italian colony, whose members appear sometimes in beautiful dress imported from Italy. The Irish, not to be outdone, give an annual St. Patrick's cotillon, and other organizations give their special dances in addition to the regular dancing classes—South Atlantic Quarterly.

"What shall we have for breakfast?" "Why Cadaly's Peacock ham and eggs of course; they are always acceptable especially at this season of the year."

(7-29-0)



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New classes in all subjects.

We have the best equipped school in the Northwest. We give thorough courses in Stenography, bookkeeping and commercial branches.

We give a written guarantee to offer every graduate of our complete course a position.

NIGHT SCHOOL

All the subjects taught in the day school are also taught in the night school. Dozens of students have increased their earning capacity by attending our night school; it is the best that experienced and competent instructors can make it.

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In addition to the regular business courses, we will give, beginning January 4, courses in Mechanical Drawing and Higher Mathematics. These courses will be conducted by an experienced teacher.

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We have several vacancies for young men stenographers. The salaries are from \$50 to \$75 per month for beginners. Why not prepare for this work? We guarantee to place every young man who graduates at not less than \$50 per month.

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Strawberries

Lettuce Parsley Tomatoes Onions Carrots
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For heating and cooking purposes it cannot be equaled at any where near its price.

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City Brevities

Today's weather: Snow flurries; stationary temperature.
Yesterday's temperatures: Seven a. m., 12 degrees below zero; noon, 7; 7 p. m., 4. Maximum, 7 degrees; minimum, 15 below.

Miss Anna Dinnelbeck has returned from a visit to Chicago and Milwaukee.
B. O. Pearl is again able to be in his office, after an illness of a week or more.
Marquette aerie, F. O. E., will install the recently elected officers this evening.
Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Egan have as their guest their daughter, Mrs. William Normile, of Hancock.
Mr. and Mrs. George Shiras III left last evening for Washington, D. C., after spending the holidays here.
Mrs. J. Walter Weldon, of Toledo, will arrive today to visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Peters.
The Ladies' Aid society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at the parsonage at 2 o'clock this afternoon.
Mrs. John T. Powers, who is ill with typhoid fever at her home, 222 West Michigan street, is rapidly improving.
The Women's Aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet this afternoon with Mrs. R. C. Young, Pine street.
Miss Clara Kuhn, who recently resigned as operator at the Bell exchange, has gone to Detroit for an extended visit.
The Woman's society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. R. C. Young, 719 Pine street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon.
K. S. Baker, district manager of the Michigan State Telephone company, has gone to Menominee and Detroit on a business mission.
The Young Woman's Guild of St. Paul's church will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon with Mrs. S. S. Ormsbee, 206 East Ridge street.
Mrs. Arnold Magnuson and Miss Kathryn Ryan were received as patients at St. Mary's hospital yesterday. The former has been in ill health for some time and the latter is thought to have appendicitis.

Inventories Being Taken—Many of the business men of this city are now taking their annual inventories. This being a comparatively dull season of the year in most lines of business, the merchants are taking advantage of their leisure time to find out what and how much stock they have on hand.

Funeral Sunday Afternoon—The funeral of the late Agnes Agnew will take place Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, with services at St. John's Catholic church. The interment will be in Holy Cross cemetery. The members of the Ladies' auxiliary to the U. S. F. S. are asked to attend the services at the church.

The Junior Annual—What is known as the junior annual will be given at Salvation Army Hall at 8 o'clock tonight. This consists of a social and literary entertainment at which rewards for constant attendance at Sunday school will be given out. No admission will be charged and a pleasant evening is planned.

To Give Weekly Dances—The Ladies of Superior Ave., L. O. F. M. M., have arranged to entertain at a social dance each Saturday night at Fraternity Hall, for the ensuing year. Invitations will shortly be sent out, which will express a welcome to all of the coming evenings of social enjoyment. The ladies' idea is somewhat of a novel one, and should result in some very pleasant social gatherings.

Lights Shut Off—The electric lights were turned off this morning from 1:30 until nearly 4 o'clock, because of a shortage of water at the power plant. For the last few weeks, the amount of water passing over the dam has just been adequate to supply the current needed, but the cold spell has probably lessened the amount that runs into Dead river from tributary streams.

Match Games Tonight—A five-men team from Negaunee will play a picked Marquette team at the Marquette bowling alleys tonight. Gray, Ishpeming, Detroit, of Negaunee, and Bell, of Marquette, will also roll the last five games of a fifteen-game series, total pins to win. With ten games played, Dufraim leads Bell by about seventy pins and Bell leads Gray by about thirty pins.

Indoor Baseball Team—The North's indoor baseball team has been organized and issues a challenge to any team in the upper peninsula. Arthur Menhennet has been chosen manager of the organization and Arthur Primeau will coach the team. The following is the lineup: Windolf, catcher; Richardson, pitcher; Jeansson, first base; Cody, second base; Reinhardt, third base; Menhennet, short stop; Peterson, short stop; Zerbel, left field; Scholtz, right field.

Marquette Rifles Dance—The Marquette Rifles will give a dance at Fraternity Hall next Monday night, the proceeds of which will go toward our clothing uniforms. Dancing will be from 9 to 1 o'clock, and the Peerless orchestra will furnish music. The committee requests that invitations be presented at the door. The newly organized military company is getting on finely and now has thirty-five members enrolled. Captain Ludington, of Ishpeming, has agreed to use his influence toward getting guns for the boys from the state.

No Interest Being Taken—The announcement of the Marquette National bank that the institution would be glad to receive and forward contributions for the Italian earthquake sufferers has met with no response as yet. The managers of the Grand theater expect to transmit the proceeds of their benefit performance through the medium of the bank, but no individuals had volunteered a contribution up to last evening. At the time of the Maritime disaster, our bank forwarded quite a respectable sum of individual donations to the sufferers, but the scene of the more recent catastrophe is apparently too far distant to attract much interest in a charitable way.

Not a Large Crowd—The first benefit performance for the relief of the sufferers from the Italian earthquake was a great disappointment to the managers, in point of attendance. But sixty-one tickets were sold, which is barely enough to pay the expenses of the evening's performance. Many of those who went

did not seem to fully understand the purpose of the special entertainment, probably because the charity performance had not been much advertised. Another performance, the proceeds of which will go to the earthquake sufferers, will be given tonight, following which a dance will be given at Legion Hall. The twenty-five cents charged for admission to the theater last night and tonight will include admission to the dance, and it is hoped that a large crowd will attend the performance this evening, so that a creditable amount may be sent from this city to the Italian unfortunate, many of whom are in dire distress.

INSURE WITH PETER WHITE & CO.

THEATRICAL.

"The Man from Home."

Those who did not see "The Man from Home" at the opera house last night missed a mighty good show, not only good because of the excellent work of the cast, but good because of the careful construction and literary value of the piece itself. Booth Tarkington and Harry Leon Wilson, the authors of "The Man from Home," have won a fame for themselves in the literary world, and this attempt in playwriting would indicate that they are to be equally successful in their new field of labor. A typical American life thrown upon a foreign background is the unique central idea around which the play is built. It pleases because of the spirit of healthy Americanism that pervades it, and we are certain that last night's audience went out of the theater rejoicing in their good fortune of living in this country and being Americans. With one or two exceptions, the cast is an unusually strong one, and the play is one that requires more than the usual amount of thespic ability. The scenery and staging of the play was also well done and materially aided in bringing out the essential contrast between the foreign and the American life and point of view.

Henry Hall as the Indiana lawyer, the man from home, stands out above the rest of the cast, carrying his difficult part at all times in a talented manner. He is the twentieth century Yankee of the true Tarkington type, and his excellent work captured the audience. Every move of his lanky form, every smile of his quizzical face, struck a responsive chord.

Charles D. Herman, as the Grand Duke Vasilovich, did not make a good work in a hard part, proving the exception to the rule in the play, by showing that occasionally there is a titled nobleman, who is also a man.

Allan Pollock, as the caricature of what Americans think titled foreigners are like, was a success and played the part of an idiot with a Crey and Agincourt aguestry in a manner befitting his role.

Rosina Henley, as the leading lady of the piece is a girl of attractive personality, a girl who looked good to be met yet out of her teens, but as for being a success in her part not much can be said. She was a bit too stiff and conventional and did not rise to the situations required of her. In a less difficult part to which she was better fitted, however, she would be more successful. It is possible that the part last evening may have been taken by an understudy.

The remainder of the cast did excellent work, and the impression left by the play on the whole was distinctly pleasing.

"A Knight for a Day."

"A Knight for a Day," the merry musical comedy that has had such a vogue at the Whitney Opera House, Chicago, and Wallack's theater, New York, and the Tremont theater, Boston, comes to the Marquette Opera House Monday night with a splendid cast and stage equipment. The first scene of the play is laid in Evanston, Ill., and the second on the island of Corsica. "A Knight for a Day" is a musical comedy of the customary kind as regards both plot and matter, but it is said to be an uncommonly good entertainment, and the admirer of tuneful music, abundant fun-making and dashing, strenuous stage movement will have nothing to regret if he patronizes the performance. One of the enjoyable features of this entertainment is the American Beauty chorus, which adds greatly to the charm and usefulness of the piece. The cast is headed by Bobby Barry and Elsie Herbert, whose reputations are well known by their excellent work in musical comedies. The production is being sent on under the management of H. H. Frazee, who has given it a sumptuous scenic equipment.

SLABS.

Pine and hardwood slabs, dry 16 inch. Delivered to any part of the city. Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co. (6-6-1f)

ANNUAL MEETING.

Marquette National Bank of Marquette, Michigan.

Marquette, Mich., Dec. 12th, 1908.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Marquette National bank for the purpose of electing directors and transacting any other business which may properly come before said meeting, will be held on Tuesday, the twelfth day of January, 1909, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 12 o'clock noon of said day.

J. M. LONGYEAR, President.
F. J. JENNISON, Cashier. (12-12-1m)


NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

City Treasurer's Office, Marquette, Mich., Dec. 1, 1908.

Notice is hereby given, that the general tax roll of the city of Marquette, with all regular taxes, state, county and municipal, for the year 1908, spread thereon has been deposited with me, and is now in my office in the City Hall, and that the amount of taxes therein assessed and specified are due, and may be paid to me at any time up to and including the 28th day of February, 1909. On all state and county taxes paid to me on or before January 9th, 1909, a collection fee of one per centum will be charged, and on all such taxes paid to me on or after January 10th, 1909, a collection fee of four per centum will be charged. On all municipal taxes paid on or after this date, a collection fee of three per centum will be charged.

R. P. BYRNE, City Treasurer. (12-1-1-9)

Jacob Rose Clearance Sale



We place today on sale at a reduction of 20 to 30 per cent several lines of Men's and Boys' Underwear, Sweaters, Shirts, Gloves and Mittens left over in small lots from a brisk holiday trade. Exceptional values at the prices now offered.

The Store of Quality
304-306 Front St.

Palace Livery

STABLE

FAY & BRICKER, Props.

First-class Livery Service at all hours.

First-class Boarding Stables.

Teams of All Kinds FOR SALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants.

MARY ELLEN Gold Medal Flour is the best for making everything. SABINA.

There's a RARE Pleasure in being Able to Play the BEST Music—When You Are Not a Musician.

The Pianola Piano

Exclusive Agency Northern Michigan CONKLIN'S

STUYVESANT, WHEELOCK, STECK, WEBER, the most perfect player pianos extant. A child can play them. Prices \$550 up. Easy monthly payments. See the line, hear them play, at

CONKLIN'S

TURN OVER A NEW LEAF ...1909...

Buy a Majestic Range. It is the cheapest on fuel and will last you as long as you live. We have a proposition to offer you. Call and get our terms and prices. Nearly 400 Majestics in use in Marquette.

KELLY HARDWARE CO.

START THIS YEAR RIGHT AND USE ROCKER WOOD

It is clean and dry, and the best fuel for kindling, cooking or heating purposes. When you want good Wood or Coal call us up and your order will be filled satisfactorily.

Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.

CHOICE Wines, Liquors and Segars

QUALITY GOODS

In neat attractive packages.

THE F. BENDING CO.
201 S. FRONT ST.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Monday, Jan. 11

H. H. FRAZEE'S

New Musical Sensation

A Knight for a Day

Book and Lyrics by Robert B. Smith. Music by Raymond Hubbell; Authors of "Fantana" and "Mexicana."

The Musical Sensation of the Century. Big cast of favorites; including

BOBBY BARRY and

ELSIE HERBERT

GERTRUDE HUTCHESON. ISABELLE WINLOCKE. ELEANOR IRVING. EUGENE MOULAN. GEO. H. LEMMING. THOS. CAMERON. JAS. MCCORMICK. and the famous

AMERICAN BEAUTY CHORUS.

The "Ten English Dancing Maecads." A scenic and electrical marvel.

PRICES: Entire lower floor, \$1.50; first two rows Balcony, \$1; balance Balcony, 75c; Gallery, 50c. Seat sale opens at Bigelow's store Friday, Jan. 8th., at 8:30 a. m. (1-6-1w)

WOOD AND BUILDING MATERIAL

I am now getting in 16-inch Dry Hardwood by the carload, and delivering the same at the lowest cash price. Every cord piled before leaving my yard, and guaranteed full measurement.

GEO. E. FRENCH,
Bell phone 184. Marquette, Mich. 11-17-1f

There's a RARE Pleasure in being Able to Play the BEST Music—When You Are Not a Musician.

The Pianola Piano

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STUYVESANT, WHEELOCK, STECK, WEBER, the most perfect player pianos extant. A child can play them. Prices \$550 up. Easy monthly payments. See the line, hear them play, at

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Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co.

CHOICE Wines, Liquors and Segars

QUALITY GOODS

In neat attractive packages.

THE F. BENDING CO.
201 S. FRONT ST.

Saving Begins in the Home

and comes from avoiding waste in everyday expenditures.

Those who know what they spend learn quickly HOW to save enough out of what is ordinarily wasted to maintain a bank account.

A record of family expenses will show where this saving can be made.

Marquette National Bank

Marquette, Michigan.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

STOCKS IN DEMAND, WALL STREET PRICES GO UP ALL AROUND

Bears Cover Shorts, Aiding Materially in Lifting Values, Although Until the Spurt of Activity That Accompanies a Buoyant Rise Late in the Day the Trading is Rather Dull.

New York, Jan. 7.—The most significant events today from a financial standpoint were outside the stock exchange, and the volume of business done on the floor of the exchange shrank materially until the spurt of activity which accompanied the buoyant rise late in the day. The points of positive strength were found outside the list of stocks ordinarily most active in the trading, and mostly in those of minor grade.

The adjustment of the short account built up in the course of the week's sharp decline in prices was a natural consequence of the subsidence of the active legislation, and the covering of shorts was assigned an important part in the demand which lifted prices. The New York Central and Consolidated Gas stocks gave substantial evidence of relief from the selling pressure, and their strong recovery was a great help by sympathy to the rest of the market.

In the Colorado & Southern stocks, orders made their appearance apparently for the offering of those stocks up to designated figures. It was assumed that further details of the purpose of the Burlington towards these securities were reflected in these movements, but no announcement was forthcoming to throw light on the subject. The Rock Island movement had to go with a rumor that a change in the status of the common stock was intended and which would give it equal voting rights with the preferred.

St. Paul's movement was incident to the supposition that the authority for issuing bonds on the Pacific coast extension might contemplate the reimbursement of the stockholders for the funds withdrawn in holding the extension. There was a volatile advance in Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie in response to rumors of the acquisition of this or that railroad in the United States, which would give the Canadian Pacific entry to the country's railroad traffic.

New bond issues and sales were the feature of the day's financial news. These included the public offering of \$17,500,000 of Denver & Rio Grande bonds, the sale to bankers of \$10,000,000 of New York city revenue bonds, and \$8,000,000 of Alton bonds, and various smaller transactions of like sort.

BIG FORKERRIES CHARGED.

California Millionaire Causes the Arrest of a Mining Broker.

Oakland, Cal., Jan. 7.—F. B. Signor, a real estate promoter and mining broker of this city, was arrested tonight on complaint of James H. Murray, a multi-millionaire banker and mining man, who charges Signor with forging aggregating nearly \$1,000,000. Signor is alleged to have forged Murray's name to four notes for \$100,000 each, as well as to numerous other negotiable documents.

PRESIDENT-ELECT AND PREMIER-TO-BE CONFER AT AUGUSTA

Mr. Taft Takes Counsel With Senator Knox on the Subject of Cabinet Appointments, No Statement Being Made, However, as to Any Conclusions That May Have Been Reached.

Augusta, Ga., Jan. 7.—President-elect Taft today took counsel with Senator Knox, his secretary of state, on the matter of the cabinet appointments. Mr. Taft has heretofore announced that the judgment of Mr. Knox is to have great weight with him in selecting the men who are to be in his cabinet. With this in mind it may be stated that the preliminary and formative periods of this important work have merged into that of making definite decisions, and of preference and acceptance of plans.

Mr. Taft would not discuss for publication or otherwise what he said was a long and most satisfactory talk this afternoon with his premier. The men are to be together practically the entire day tomorrow, as a result of which the president-elect indicated that it might be possible to make a partial report for publication. It is understood that Senator Knox is being asked to give his judgment regarding the men whom Mr. Taft has tentatively selected after extended consideration and consultation with party leaders, rather than to go into the initial stages of the subject.

Mr. Taft has said recently that no cabinet offers were outstanding and unaccepted, from which it readily may be seen that should the conference with Mr. Knox bring the questions to finality in the mind of the president-elect, his offers will have to negotiate the aftermath and acceptance with the men he has decided upon.

House Debate Takes Wide Range.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Although technically under consideration in the house today, the District of Columbia appropriation bill was sidetracked while the members indulged in a general debate. This took a wide range, the proceedings opening with a defense of the rules of the house by Mr. Olmsted, of Pennsylvania. His remarks stirred up the subject in all its phases, and gave the so-called insurgents under the leadership of Mr. Gardner, of Massachusetts, opportunity to air their grievances. Mr. Cochran, of New York, occupied a middle-ground on the proposition.

WILL ASK LEGISLATION.

Railroad Men Declare for Adoption of Employers' Liability Law.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 7.—The legislative boards of the Order of Railway Conductors, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen & Enginemen and Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen concluded a joint session here today, after agreeing to join with representatives of other labor organizations in support of an employers' liability law. The joint session went on record as favoring the adoption of the Temple amendment, adopted in Iowa in 1898. This makes it impossible for corporations to set up the defense of fellow-servant and contributory negligence, and knocks out relief associations which are alleged to interfere with contract rights.

FOR RECIPROcity WITH CANADA.

New York, Jan. 7.—The Chamber of Commerce of New York state today declared its belief in favor of empowering the president of the United States to negotiate a reciprocity treaty with Canada. It was voted to ask other commercial bodies to unite with them in urging congress to give such power to the president.

DISTRESSING SCENES MARK THE ARRIVAL OF SHIP FROM ITALY

Four Hundred Sicilian Steerage Passengers Learn of the Earthquake Disaster Only When the Steamer Germania Puts Into New York from Naples, and They Are Stricken With Grief.

SHOCKS CONTINUE AT MESSINA; FIRE BREAKS OUT AGAIN.

Messina, Jan. 7.—The earthquake shocks still continue here at the rate of about ten per hour. Fire has again broken out, completing the destruction of the city hall and the records stored therein.

Loss is \$1,200,000,000.

St. Paul, Jan. 7.—Italian Consul Franchina today received a cablegram from the prefect of Messina, stating that the damage in Messina and Reggio provinces is approximately one billion, two hundred million dollars.

New York, Jan. 7.—Four hundred Sicilian steerage passengers on the steamer Germania, which arrived today from Naples, were stricken with grief when they learned for the first time of the disaster which had befallen their relatives and friends in Messina.

Not a word of the earthquake had reached them until the steamer reached the dock, when a reporter boarded the vessel and through an interpreter broke the news to them. At first they were incredulous and seemed not to realize that any of them were concerned until one of the passengers from Messina asked whether the earthquake had damaged that city.

"Messina is wiped out," replied the interpreter. "My whole family is there," shrieked the passenger. "My poor wife and children, they are all dead."

1,300 Bodies in One Grave.

Messina, Jan. 7.—A most impressive funeral ceremony was witnessed here today when Archbishop Bagnasco, blessed a grave containing 1,300 bodies. The dead were piled, one on top of the other, and the bodies were covered with quick lime.

Renewal of Earthquake Terrors.

Palmy, Jan. 7.—At 6:30 o'clock this evening a short but intense earthquake was felt, causing the collapse of standing walls, including those of the cathedral. No one was injured, but the people rushed from their shelters almost crazed with fright.

CHINA'S GRAND CANAL.

The junction of the real canal with the Wei river was not by means of a lock, but simply a high and steeply sloping mud bank, over which the grain vessels had to be dragged by the force of peripatous hundreds of men. It should be borne in mind that in China the lock of a canal is not much more than our idea of what that name connotes than it is like a padlock. Amid constant and often serious changes of level, with an uncertain and not infrequently a scanty supply of water, and with a grain fleet which traveled in blocks of some eighty vessels under one officer, it was necessary to devise some way for keeping them together and for transferring them as a consolidated unit with this in view.

No Question as to the Superiority of CALUMET Baking Powder

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition Chicago, 1907.

GETS THREATENING LETTERS.

Police to Protect the Jurist Who Sentenced Samuel Gompers.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Because of the receipt of numerous letters of threatening character by Judge Wright, growing out of his recent decision in the labor contempt case, the police have been instructed to "take such precautions as ordinarily would be taken to protect a citizen from the possible work of cranks."

WAS LONG-LOST SON.

Deceased Atlanta Man Found to Be Former Port Huron Boy.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 7.—A mild sensation was created here today by the publication of a story detailing the fact that a former well-known Atlanta businessman, who lived here for fifty years, and who died Sept. 20th, last, under the name of Charles A. Howard, was in reality George M. Busby, the longlost son of Thomas Busby of Port Huron, Mich. Walter T. and Charles E. Busby of Port Huron arrived here this week, and today positively identified the supposed Charles A. Howard as their brother. His brothers state that their father was devoutly religious and was of the opinion that George, out of respect for this feeling, assumed the name of Howard when he entered the theatrical business here.

WORK IN SIGHT FOR HAYTI'S NEW HIGH EXECUTIONER

Former Officials of the Government to Be Prosecuted for the Massacre in March Last, When a Score of Alleged Revolutionists Were Dragged from Their Beds and Put to Death.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Jan. 7.—The Haytian government is pushing forward energetically its investigation into the massacre of the 17th of March, when more or more alleged revolutionists were taken from their beds and summarily shot.

UNCLE SAM AS A HORSEMAN.

The Department of Agriculture Reports on Results at Its Two Stations.

Results, it is explained, are just beginning to show well from the incursion of the government into the horse breeding field. The department of agriculture, which has been at work in this line for the last four years, now issues a report of the work at the two government stations. One is in Colorado and the other in Vermont. The first was established in 1904 and the other, while discussed in 1905, was not actually started until 1906.

WOMAN KILLS A BIG BEAR.

Fights With Bruin in Road and Brings Trophy Home.

Held up Friday morning by a big bear that obstinately blocked the roadway as she was driving home from Port Jervis, N. Y., Mrs. Brown, of Green township, Pike county, Pa., drew her revolver, and with two well-directed shots that would have done credit to any veteran hunter, brought the animal down in his tracks.

MOTHER SUPERIOR THIRTY YEARS.

Montreal, Jan. 7.—Sister Louisa Mary of Boston, for thirty years mother superior of the Episcopal order of St. Margaret's sisters in the United States and Canada, died today at the age of eighty-five. The order was established in America by Bishop Grafton of Fond du Lac, Wis.

MARONED MEN RESCUED.

Ludington, Mich., Jan. 7.—The eight men marooned on the stranded freighter Pure Marquette were reached by wrecking tugs today, when the storm subsided.

PROHIBITION LAW UPHELD.

Mobile, Ala., Jan. 7.—The state prohibition law was upheld here today, when a liquor license was refused in probate court.

JURY CONVICTS THE NIGHT RIDERS TRIED IN TENNESSEE

Penalty of Six of the Men, Found Guilty of Murder, May Be Death or Life Imprisonment, and Two Others Are Sentenced to Serve Twenty Years in the Penitentiary.

Union City, Tenn., Jan. 7.—With verdicts of guilty in varying degrees, the jury in the night rider trials reported at 8:45 o'clock p. m. tonight. They found Garret Johnson, Ed Burton, Roy Ransom, Fred Pinion, Arthur Clair and Sam Apple guilty of murder in the first degree, with mitigating circumstances, and Ed Morris and Bud Huffman guilty of murder in the second degree, the punishment in the latter two cases being fixed at twenty years in the penitentiary.

STANLEY KETCHELL ARRESTED.

Grand Rapids Girl Charges Boxer With Breach of Promise.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 7.—Stanley Ketchell, the pugilist, was arrested today on complaint of Elizabeth Honman, aged eighteen, who charges that Ketchell is guilty of breach of promise. She claims damages of \$10,000. Ketchell gave bonds and was released. Ketchell declares the charges blackmail.

DR. ANGELL'S BIRTHDAY.

Michigan University's Venerable Head Reaches the Four-Score Mark.

Ithaca, N. Y., Jan. 7.—"I suppose that there are many who believe that when a man like myself reaches the four-score mark, he should be quoting from the Scriptures, 'Yet is there strength, labor and sorrow.' However I today am of another frame of mind, and nothing is farther distant from me than sorrow." Thus spoke President James B. Angell, the venerable head of the University of Michigan, who today celebrated his eightieth birthday. President Angell is now at Cornell University, attending the annual convention of the Association of American Universities, of which he is the head.

WHEN THE KING DRIVES.

How London Police Distinguish Royal Carriages From Others.

Visitors from London are sometimes temporarily alarmed by a sudden stoppage of the traffic. Looking for the cause of it they see that the police on point duty have "held up" all vehicles for apparently no reason whatever, presently a closed carriage drives swiftly by; the police salute, lower their arms and then wave the traffic on again. Some member of the royal family was in the closed carriage.

Speculators of this scene often wonder how the police are able to distinguish a royal carriage from a number of others. The police are always furnished with three or four clues to the ownership of the royal carriages. The carriages themselves are usually slightly larger than those generally in use, and the horses are larger in proportion. The difference in size between the royal horses and those of other people is plainly apparent to any close observer at any big royal procession. On those occasions the royal stables cannot supply all the horses required, and a number of other horses are "jockeyed" for the day. The hired horses are naturally the best that can be procured, but in point of size they are vastly inferior to those in the royal carriages.

At one time the royal carriage horses could always be distinguished by the red bands on the fronts of their bridles, but harness of this description is not now used exclusively by royalty. The police, however, can tell from the liveliness of the coachman, and footmen that they are in the service of the royal family. There are no bright metal buttons on the coats; the buttons are covered with cloth matching that of the coat. There is also a slight difference between the royal coaches and that of a private individual, but although the difference is so slight it is sufficient to distinguish the royal servants in a crowd of others.

These little clues are only necessary when, as sometimes happens, members of the royal family drive through London without giving notice beforehand to the police. As a rule when the king and queen or the prince and princess of Wales are going to drive from one part of London to another notice of the time and the route is given some hours before the royal carriages may be expected. In the case of a semi-private drive of this kind the royal carriages never pass down the most crowded streets, but at the same time they never take any of the short cuts through side streets which are so dear to the hearts of cabmen in a hurry.

Marquette Bowling Club

6 Alleys Open IN PERFECT CONDITION

DAILY 9 A. M. TO 12 P. M.

Try out the "loop the loop" returns. Backus Pin Spotters

Ladies session specially invited at morning and afternoon hours. Everything possible will be done for their comfort.

Marquette Boiler and Sheet Iron Works

E. F. KENNEDY, Proprietor.

Boilers, Tanks, Smoke Stacks ETC.

WE CARRY TUBES IN STOCK. Estimates Furnished on Application. BELL PHONE 875. W. Washington St. Marquette, Mich. 5-31-09

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6 Alleys Open IN PERFECT CONDITION

The Particular Smokers' Choice

La Verdad

Clears. We buy second cut directly on the plantation saving a broker's and jobber's profit. This saving goes into the quality and the quantity in LA VERDAD. It is always uniform. Any pipe will gladly sell you LA VERDAD cigars.

RON FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO. SAN CULU, CUBA

M. C. SCULLY, Agent, Marquette, Mich.

BRUSH'S DASH GROCERY

Fifth and Washington Sts. Both Phones.

Creamery Butter 34c lb

10 Bars Calumet Family Soap 25c

New Dill Pickles, per dozen. 12c
California Apricots in Syrup, large can. 15c
New York Plums in Syrup, large can. 12c
Best Lima Beans, 2 lbs. 15c
Pop Corn, the kind that pops, per lb. 5c
New Mixed Nuts, per lb. 15c
Best fancy Seedling Raisins, 1 lb. packages or Buckwheat Flour, per lb. 10c
Best Shredded Coconut, per pound. 15c
Runkel Bros.' or Baker's Baking Chocolate, per lb. 38c
Pure Buckwheat Flour, per pound. 5c
Prepared Panada or Buckwheat Flour, 2 lb. pkgs. 10c

25 lb. Sack Best Granulated Sugar \$1.50

Rice, full head Japan, 4 lbs. 25c
Beans, best hand picked, per can. 5c
Uncolored Japan Gunpowder Oolong and English Breakfast Tea, per lb. 39c
10-lb. sack of Graham Flour 30c
Runkel Bros.' or Baker's Cocoa, 1/2 lb. can. 22c
25c can IC Baking Powder 18c
Seedless Muscatel Raisins, per pound. 8c
Snider's Sunnyside Baked Pork and Beans, Tomato Sauce, 3 lb. can. 10c
Best Standard Tomatoes, per can, 10c; six cans, 55c
Snider's Catsup, pint bottle 20c
10 Bars Galvanic American Family, Felix Napha or Ivory Soap, 5 bars per Ring out Evaporated Apples, per lb. 10c
Gallon can Apples. 30c

49 lb. Sack Best Flour \$1.50

Large package Quaker Oats. 23c
Singapore Sliced or Pineapple Chunks, per can. 15c
Rising Flour, 5 lb. package. 5c
Best Bulk Leaf Lard, per lb. 13c
Fancy Country Gentleman Corn, best put up, per can. 12c
12 Bars Parlor Matches. 12c
Early June Cakes per can. 10c and 13c
Good standard Sugar Corn, per can. 8c
5 lbs. Yellow Corn Meal. 12c
Bell Coffee, per lb. 15c
Fairy Soap, 6 bars for 25c

Picnic Hams 10c lb.

Regular Hams, mild cure, per lb. 14c
New Sweet Santa Clara Prunes, lb. 12c. 10c. 8c
Gallon can table Corn Syrup. 40c
20-lb. box fresh Baked Soda Crackers. \$1.25
10 Bars Santa Clara or Queen Anne Soap. 38c
Large package Gold Dust Washing Powder. 20c
6 lbs. best bulk laundry starch. 25c
10 Best round Cakes Pins 10c
Quart bottle best Ammonia 10c
Corn Starch, 1-lb. package. 5c

FURS! FURS!

Furs repaired and remodeled the very latest styles at moderate prices, when quality and workmanship are considered. Mail Orders Given Special Attention.

W.M. DAVIS

Ladies' Tailor and Furrier Exclusively.

Opera House Block, Bell Phone 481 Marquette, Mich. 11-3-09

NOTICE. JOSEPH ZALK is opening a second-hand store at 230 So. Third St. between railroad tracks and Spring St. Store will be opened for business Jan. 25. Stoves, furniture and household goods bought, sold and exchanged; also repair work done. 1-3-09

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E. F. KENNEDY, Proprietor.

Boilers, Tanks, Smoke Stacks ETC.

WE CARRY TUBES IN STOCK. Estimates Furnished on Application. BELL PHONE 875. W. Washington St. Marquette, Mich. 5-31-09

Marquette Bowling Club

6 Alleys Open IN PERFECT CONDITION

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COUNTY PHONE 395. LONG DIST. PHONE 88.

D. T. MORGAN & CO.

BROKERS

106 Front St., Ishpeming, Mich.

WE SPECIALIZE IN

LISTED - Coppers - UNLISTED

Direct private wire service to New York and Boston. Our daily market letter MAILED FREE upon request.

County Phone 82. Long Dist. Phone 82

GEORGE F. RUEZ

BROKER

STOCKS, BONDS AND GRAIN

Robbins Block, 116 Main St. ISHPERING, MICH.

Prime, Webber & Co.'s private wires to Boston, New York and all markets.

Daily market letter, also Walker's Weekly Copper Letter, mailed free upon request.

BIJOU THEATRE

(VOELKER BLOCK)

ADAMS & WALSH

High Class Singing and Character Change Artists

EDMUND CLARK

JEWISH COMEDIAN.

Moving Pictures and Illustrated Songs

ADMISSION 10c TO ALL.

Matinees Tuesday's and Saturday's. Adults 10c; children, 5c.

C. A. CRINNAN, Prop.

SIR--

Buy clothes to fit. Get style too. Shop with us. We've the proof. Of what?

Good Clothes STEIN-BOCH'S, KUPPENHEIMER'S, DESPRES-LOWENSTEIN'S.

Knox, Stetson Hats. Hanan, our own shoes.

L. W. ATKINS & CO.

SCOURGING THE WHITE SCOURGE.

About twenty years ago advanced members of the medical profession, after centuries of merely empirical treatment of the greatest scourge of mankind, began to recognize the true character of the disease called consumption or pulmonary tuberculosis. Roughly a decade was necessary to educate the rank and file of the profession into general recognition of the new knowledge. Then the propaganda of instruction was turned against the laity, and during the last decade so much progress has been made that it is now fairly safe to say that practically every one who seeks actively to keep abreast with the times is aware of the effective means which have been discovered to prevent and to cure the disease. Now effort is being directed towards further teaching the laity so that, on one shall no longer ignorant or indifferent concerning a matter of common concern, and every one, as a matter of course, will use the body of information that scientific investigation has slowly built up.

The most ambitious attempt to bring home to the masses of the people of this country the truths that have been uncovered is now being made in this city. The attempt is embodied in the sensational international tuberculosis exhibit, which was opened recently at the Museum of Natural History, and which is to remain open for six weeks. The purpose of the exhibition is not to add to the sum of knowledge possessed by servants, but is the education of the many. Hence, to make everything plain, and to reach the brain through the eye, the facts are presented in a graphic, pictorial, or object lesson form. It is not believed that any person of ordinary intelligence will be able to pass before the various booths and displays and come away utterly ignorant or indifferent. And that through no lapse is made certain by the comprehensive publicity plans that have been adopted. No one in New York, if difference is to prevent it, is to escape knowing that he can see without cost something that is greatly to his advantage to see.

The White Scourge is not forever to demand its annual toll of victims. It has been established that tuberculosis is preventable and many cases curable. The edict has gone out for the elimination of the bacillus that has slain more people than all the wars ever fought. Enlightenment and altruism will be satisfied with no more amercement or party victory. Consumption is to go. How speedily will be its going will depend on how long it will take to educate the masses to perception of their self-interest. The tuberculosis problem, practically solved in scientific aspect, is one of applying knowledge—of removing the conditions that cause and spread the dread disease.

A ship master who should come to port with a cargo of odors and attempt to turn the reptiles loose on the streets would be quickly stopped. Yet in our milk, in the dust that flies in the air, in sunless tenements, we permit to be scattered a poison as dangerous as that carried in the cobra's head. Are we so

Ishpeming Department

MUNICIPAL COURT.

ANDREW G. JOHNSON IS NEW POLICEMAN

Total Receipts for December Did Not Reach \$200.

The report of Municipal Judge Andrews for December was presented to the council Wednesday evening by Alderman Frigg of the common law police. The amount collected during the month on account of fines in criminal cases was \$22, and the costs amounted to \$33.95. The amount received on account of civil cases was \$61. A check for \$38.62 was received from the county for justice fees in November and part of December, and \$26.60 was received for November and part of December on account of officers' fees, making a total of \$188.97. The county received for fines from the city \$23, leaving the net receipts of the court, \$145.97.

The municipal court has had a fair business this year, and it is expected that the total receipts for the twelve months ending in March will be as large as last year. The court's average yearly business since its establishment some six years ago has not varied to speak of.

COUNCIL FILLS VACANCY ON THE POLICE FORCE AND ADVANCES THE OLD MEN, NICHOLAS SWANSON TAKING PATRICK COLLINS' PLACE AS FIRST OFFICER.

By the advancement of W. H. Trevarrow to the marshalship, to succeed John Lehman, the new sheriff, and the promotion of Patrick Collins to the position of deputy marshal, succeeding Trevarrow, a vacancy on the police force was created, which was filled by the council at its regular meeting Wednesday evening. Andrew G. Johnson, an old and well known resident, was elected by acclamation. The one other applicant for the place was Richard Penberthy, 621 South Angeline street. The other police officers were advanced, and will hereafter be designated as follows: First constable, Nicholas Swanson; second constable, Emil Liorette; third constable, William J. Olds; fourth constable, Mike Bemasta. Johnson, the new man, will be the fifth constable.

The business Wednesday evening was disposed of in quick order, the session being one of the shortest that has been held in several months. Mayor Keese and thirteen aldermen responded to the roll call.

Petitions asking to be exempted from the payment of water taxes were received from Mrs. Levina Chapman, 805 North Second street, and Mrs. Gustava Person, 543 Jasper street. Both were referred to the committee on water works.

Oscar Blomgren, Charles Renberg, Emil Warner, J. C. Paul, W. J. Blaney and twenty others petitioned for an are light at the intersection of Empire and North Fifth streets. The petition was referred to the committee on electric lighting.

Alderman Olson, for the committee on claims and accounts, presented the following bills and pay-rolls for December, which were allowed and ordered paid: Library fund, \$305.40; cemetery, \$16.40; police, \$24.45; fire, \$277.44; general, \$251.34; water, \$471.93; highway, \$96.10; sewer, \$1.40; cement curb rebate, \$6.10; street lighting, \$810.50.

Pay-rolls—Official, \$1,600.90; highway, \$458.52; sewer, \$2.90; water, \$458.61. Total bills and pay-rolls, \$4,782.08.

FRUIT JOBBERS PROTEST.

Express Companies Are Charged With Unfair Dealings.

At the annual meeting of the Western Fruit Jobbers association being held this week in St. Paul, Minn., the members expressed their disapproval of the manner in which they are being treated by the express companies. In certain districts the express companies handle much fruit on their own account, in many instances disposing of it at prices below those maintained by the jobbers. It is also charged that the express companies have been known to neglect fruit turned over to them, giving their own shipments the preference. Facts were produced tending to show that the express companies were paying more attention to the handling of their own goods than they were those of the jobbers.

The matter has been discussed at previous meetings of the association, but no action with a view to putting a stop to the practice was taken. The appeal to be sent to congress will be a strong one and it is said that the jobbers will do their best to have a measure passed prohibiting express companies from engaging in business in competition with them.

SECURED BIG CONTRACT.

Johnson & Rundman, Ishpeming painters, have just secured the contract for the Cleveland-Ohio. From company to paint twenty-four new houses at Municipal. Both members of the firm went there yesterday and they are to remain there the greater part of the time until the work is finished. Several of the houses are of good size and are provided with modern conveniences, including heating plants, bath, etc. The painters expect to complete all of the interior work by spring, when the houses will be painted outside. The contract is one of the largest the firm has ever had.

FROM MORGAN'S CURB LETTER.

The undertone of the market for copper shares continues as firm as a rock, and while the volume of trade is not large, a very cheerful feeling exists with regard to the future of prices. Mohawk directors declared a semi-annual dividend of \$2, payable Feb. 1, as against \$2.50 in June last year. On this announcement the stock gained two points, selling at 70. Amalgamated gained 1 1/2, Wednesday night, and the market is again feeling the feature of the curb trading. The floating supply of this issue is very small, and buying orders are hard to execute at anything like present prices. We look to see it cross 10 in the near future. A good strike is reported at the Butte plant. This find is on the 700-foot level, and shows 19 inches wide, averaging 17 per cent copper. The close was strong at the best prices of the day, and indications are for a rising market tomorrow. We would buy these copper now, in anticipation of activity in the metal, which is confidently expected to materialize this month. Boston wires: "There has been better demand for copper over last two days, with result that leading producers and agencies have advanced the price of electrolytic, fractionally. Several million pounds have been sold. It is yet too early to make any statement as to whether buying now under way will continue. Sales of electrolytic have been made abroad at 14 1/2 cents a pound and local sales at 14 1/2 cents a pound. This is the highest price at which copper has sold in the current upward movement."

GOOD POSITION IN NEVADA.

Former Ishpeming Man to Superintend Mining Operations.

H. Prouse, who recently returned to the city from Ely, Nevada, to spend the holidays with his family, will leave for that state on Wednesday, accompanied by his wife and children. Mr. Prouse left Ishpeming last June to take a position as foreman in the Veteran mine, operated by the Cumberland Ely Copper company, and just before his departure for home he was advised by the company that he is to have charge of the underground operations upon his return. About 250 men are employed. The mine has a shaft 400 feet deep and several drifts and crosscuts are being opened up. It is a new property, but the ore was discovered in 1880, and is of the Nevada Commercial company is a part owner of the smelter plant and railroad.

When Mr. Prouse left here last June he was to have charge of the caving work being introduced at one of the company's mines. The system is similar to the caving system employed in the soft ore mines of this section. It worked out successfully at the copper property. The Nevada Commercial company is removing an overburden of fifty feet in depth from one of its mines with a steam shovel.

Ishpeming friends of Mr. Prouse will be pleased to learn of his success in the West. He was a resident of Ishpeming for twenty years, during most of which time he was employed at the mines. He was at the Cleveland Lake mine for nine years, most of the time as foreman of the timber gangs, prior to accepting a position with the Nevada concern.

NOVELTY IN "KNIGHT FOR A DAY."

The "Eight Berlin Dancing Madcaps" with the latest musical furore, "A Knight for a Day," which comes to Ishpeming theater next Thursday evening, is an imported acrobatic terpsichorean novelty. And a true, emphatic and striking hit they undoubtedly are. The act is not easy to copy and would have many imitations were it not for the time, trouble and expense in producing, one fact, by the way, never included in "The Knight's" management. "A Knight for a Day" is an earnestly desired to please is one motto that repays. Mail orders for seats are now being received.

Reward of \$5 for return of Fox hound, tan color, white spot on back of neck, answers to name of "Sport." Lost at Dexter. Notify Mining Journal branch office. (1-7-1w)

M. J. Olson, piano tuner, now with the Melville Clark Piano Co., Chicago, will be in the county for a short time. Orders left with William Leininger, Ishpeming, will receive prompt attention. (1-5-1f)

The Miners' National Bank

Capital \$100,000. -- Ishpeming, Mich.

SURPLUS \$75,000

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY.

We solicit your business, large or small, and we pay interest on all savings accounts. We sell money orders payable in all parts of the world. Get our rates before you buy elsewhere.

DIRECTORS:
D. T. MORGAN, F. BRAASTAD, A. B. MINER, W. H. JOHNSON, A. MAITLAND, H. O. YOUNG, JAMES GLANCEY, DR. JOS. VANDEVENTER, M. M. DUNCAN.

OFFICERS:
F. BRAASTAD, Pres., A. B. MINER, Cashier. H. O. YOUNG, Vice Pres. O. G. AAS, Ass't Cashier. GEO. HATHAWAY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

Storm Sash

If you need Storm Sash, remember we are headquarters. Carry a large stock. Special sizes. We make up in a few days. Storm Doors, Storm Sheds, etc.

ROOFINGS

Remember, when in need of anything in the line of Roofings that we are the largest dealers in the Upper Peninsula. Have the largest stocks on hand of all kinds. Asphalt Roofing, Rubber Roofing, Gravel Surface Roofing, Asbestos Roofing, for Felt Roofing; Roofing that can be put on in cold weather as well as in warm weather; Roofing for all purposes.

CONSOLIDATED FUEL & LUMBER CO.

ON NEW CIRCUIT.

Beginning a week from Monday, the attractions for the Bijou vaudeville theater in this city will be secured from the management of the Sullivan-Censine circuit, which extends from coast to coast. None but meritorious acts are sent over the circuit and Manager Crinnian, of the Ishpeming house, expects to present some fine bills. Several other houses in this section are included in the same arrangement and the Sullivan-Censine performers will now have eighteen weeks' work in Michigan. Adams & Walsh, doing a singing and character change act, are the principal features of this week's bill at the theater. Their work is clever and their act alone is worth the price of admission. Edmund Clark, a Jewish comedian, is also doing a turn. There is a change of moving pictures and illustrated songs each evening.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

E. J. Rich of Beacon transacted business in the city yesterday.

George F. Thomey has been ill and confined to his home the past few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cops left last night for Chicago, where they will spend a few days.

Otto Eger and wife, who spent the past week or more in Chicago, Ill., and Watertown, Wis., are expected home tomorrow.

Will Mangler has accepted J. E. Cassin's challenge for a five-pin bowling contest. Five games will be bowled and the total pins will count. Mr. Cassin holds the record in this city, street at 10 for the five-pin game.

Thermometers in the city yesterday morning registered from twenty-five to thirty degrees below zero, according to their location. The lowest point reached by the thermometer on the Nelson House veranda was twenty-four below at 2 o'clock. In some parts of the city it was colder at 8 o'clock than at any time during the night. The mercury did not rise above the zero mark yesterday.

Mrs. P. L. Ramquist of Coleraine, Minn. is here to attend the funeral of Mrs. Bengta Jensen, formerly Mrs. Ellis, of this city, whose remains are expected to arrive from California today or tomorrow. Mrs. Ramquist was accompanied from Coleraine by Miss An Ella Ellis, who visited here during the holiday season. Miss Laura Ellis, another daughter of the deceased, is here from Bessmer to attend the funeral.

Parties desiring well furnished, steam-heated rooms, with convenient bath and hot and cold water, can be accommodated at 616 North Pine street, Ishpeming. (1-8-2w)

The soothing spray of Ely's Liquid Cream Balm, used in an atomizer, is an unspeakable relief to sufferers from Catarrh. Some of them describe it as a "wonder," and no wonder. The thick, foamy discharge is dissolved and the patient breathes freely, perhaps for the first time in weeks. Liquid Cream Balm contains all the healing, purifying elements of the solid form, and it never fails to satisfy. Sold by all druggists for 75c, including spraying tube, or mailed by Ely Bros., 50 Warren street, New York.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The First National Bank of Alger County.

Munising, Michigan, Dec. 12, 1908.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Alger county will be held at its banking room in the village of Munising, Mich., on Tuesday, the twelfth day of January, 1909, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

G. SHERMAN COLLINS, Cashier. (12-14-1-12)

TEN YEARS IN THE ARMY.

Striking Changes Have Been Wrought in a Decade.

Its Numerical Strength Has Been Trebled—There Is a Whole New System for Defending Coasts—Canteen Is Gone; Pay of the Enlisted Men Is Much Larger.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Army and Navy Life presents an interesting review of the last ten years in the army. When war was declared on April 26, 1898, the authorized enlisted strength of the army was twenty-five thousand men, the line consisting of ten regiments of cavalry, seven regiments of artillery and twenty-five regiments of infantry. The various staff departments having about half their present strength. Today its strength is nearly seventy thousand, the line including three battalions of engineers, fifteen regiments of cavalry, six regiments of field artillery, 170 companies of coast artillery and thirty regiments of infantry. In the staff departments there are about forty-five hundred men; the hospital corps has about three thousand; fifty companies of Philippine scouts and the Porto Rico regiment of infantry bring the total strength up to eighty thousand men, approximately.

Varying climatic conditions have called for suitable uniforms, and this necessity has been met by the adoption of uniforms for stations in the tropics, and others making for comfort "where winter wraps the polar world in snow." Thus we have the white and cotton khaki uniforms in the Philippines, Cuba and Porto Rico, while the buffalo overcoat, fur cap and gloves offset to some extent the rigors of an Alaskan winter. Even at home more attention is now paid to the requirements of the ever-changing seasons, and comfort and health are safeguarded accordingly.

The past ten years have brought a complete revolution in our system of coast defense. The installation of modern high power guns, with position finding equipment and accessories at all the important harbors has made the coast defense system the most complete and efficient in the world. Almost every day we read of an artillery command making 100 per cent hits on a rapidly moving target five or six miles distant from the guns; such a performance is possible only with perfect armament and equipment, and the most intelligent and carefully trained personnel. In the mobile army, field artillery, cavalry and infantry, annual combined manoeuvres in battle exercises have brought these arms to the highest standard of efficiency, and experience at home and observation abroad have led to the ready solution of problems of mobilization, supply and maintenance formerly deemed of but little moment.

The pay of the enlisted men has been very materially increased and the ration augmented, so that in these respects the army of the United States is now on a basis equal at least to any of the foreign armies. From 1890 to 1901 the sale of beer and light wines was permitted in the post exchanges, but this ("canteen feature") of the exchange was abolished by act of congress approved Feb. 2, 1901. This action met with strong disapproval in the army, service sentiment, both as to the officers and enlisted men being almost unanimously opposed to it. So much has been written on this subject that it is scarcely necessary to enlarge on it here, but it may be said that the soldier looks upon the prohibition to have beer in the canteen under proper restrictions as an infringement of his constitutional rights, and an expression of the opinion that he cannot be trusted to maintain proper discipline, and to conduct himself as a good soldier should if beer is allowed in the post. In the ranks the reestablishment of the canteen would be hailed as the restoration of a right, an acknowledgment that soldiers are reasonable men—not children, and possessed of sufficient self-restraint to take an occa-

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sional glass of beer without forgetting their obligations to the service.

A carload of fine draft horses can now be seen at Loselying's stables, Ishpeming. (1-7-10f) JOHN MARSH.

FOR SALE—Black mare, eight years old, weight 1,200 pounds. Price reasonable. John Baker, 614 Front street. 1-8-1w

LOST—Small cow, dog, light tan color, black around nose. Color check with her, plate on which is the word "Fluffy." Reward. Return to 627 S. Main street. 1-6-1w

FOR SALE—Two stoves, base burner and steel range with water front, and several pieces of furniture. Also range to rent. Address: H. Prouse, 308 West B. room street. 1-7-1w

FOR SALE—House and lot on Strawberry Hill. Apply to Hays (Gardner). 1-6-1w

ISHPEMING THEATRE

Thursday, Jan. 14

H. H. FRAZEE

Presents the Brisk, Breezy, Whirly, Girly Musical Comedy Sensation

A KNIGHT FOR A DAY

Book and Lyrics by Robt. B. Smith
Music by Raymond Hubbell
Authors of "Fantasia" and "Mexicana"

The Musical Sensation of the Century

Big Cast of Favorites, including

Bobby Barry and Elsie Herbert

Gertrude Hutcheson, Isabelle Winlocke, Eleanor Irving, Eugene Moulan, Thomas Cameron, George A. Lemming, Jas. MacCormack

AND THE FAMOUS

American Beauty Chorus

The "Ten English Dancing Madcaps"

A Scenic and Electrical Marvel.

PRICES: Lower floor, \$1 and \$1.50; balcony, 75c and \$1; gallery, 50c. Mail orders for seat now being received. 1-8

Madame Luettria

The celebrated Egyptian, Palmist, tells you all about business matters and love affairs, will, journey, speculation and every matter pertaining to your future life and happiness. Call and consult with her on all affairs of life. Hours 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. Gardfield House, corner Pearl and First streets, Room 6. 1-4-1w

DR. JOHN H. STACKE

OPTICIAN

Voelker Block, Room 10, Second Floor. (9-12)

First National Bank

NEGAUNEE, MICH.

United States Depository. Capital and Surplus, \$150,000

This bank conducts a general banking business. Invites the accounts of corporations, business houses and individuals.

Accepts Savings Deposits in any amount from \$1 up and allows interest thereon at the rate of 3 per cent per year.

OFFICERS:

A. Maitland, President. Geo. J. Maas, Vice Pres. T. C. Yates, Cashier. T. Pascoe, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

A. Maitland, Geo. J. Maas, J. H. Winter, A. B. Miner, T. C. Yates.

Upper Peninsula

Pastor Accepts New Call—

Rev. Albert Torbet has accepted a call from the Presbyterian church at Harbor Springs, and will move there shortly. Mr. Torbet has been pastor of the Presbyterian church at Manistowic for the past six years and is a first-class speaker. He is a talented and cultured gentleman. He has done good work in the Schoolcraft county seat, and the church has prospered under his pastorate. His departure from the city is regretted.

Likes Life in the Navy—

After being out of the navy for less than three months George S. Young, son of Mrs. George Young, of Escanaba, has found life ashore a tame proposition and has re-enlisted in the service of Uncle Sam. Mr. Young enlisted while on a visit to Chicago and is now aboard the United States steamer Hancock at the Brooklyn navy yard, where he expects to be stationed for a short time at least. During his previous term of enlistment Mr. Young was stationed in the Philippines.

Uncle Sam Buys Boat—

The steamer Two Myrtles, which was for several years under charter by the Carpenter-Cook company of Menominee, has been sold to the United States government and will be converted into a light-house tender. The consideration paid for the craft was \$5,700. The steamer was built in 1899 and made Green Bay its home port for several seasons. It was used by the Carpenter-Cook company to carry mail from the coast centers in lower Michigan to Menominee. It is a small craft of the steam-tug type and can carry a substantial cargo.

Sheriff Breaks a Precedent—

Announcement is made by Sheriff Frank W. Aronson of Delta county that Superior Timothy J. Curran, of LaPorte, has been appointed under Sheriff to serve during Mr. Aronson's term of office and to succeed Under Sheriff Marc Popin, who has resigned. It had been rumored that Sheriff Aronson would break the precedent established by recent sheriffs and name some man out of Escanaba for sheriff, and his action will doubtless prove pleasing to the people of the county districts. Under Sheriff Curran has served for the last two or three years as a member of the county board and has proved one of the most active and efficient members of that body.

Shrievally Goes to Courts—

It is apparent that the shrievalty question in Ontonagon county will be taken to the courts for final adjustment. According to the recent report Sheriff C. H. O'Rourke was re-elected by a majority of thirteen; but notwithstanding this Henry C. McFarlane has filed his bonds, taken the oath of office and demanded a surrender of the office. Mr. O'Rourke allowed that he would keep possession of it and Mr. McFarlane said that now the matter will be threshed out in the courts. There are only two changes in the county officers: Dr. W. B. Hanna of Mass City succeeds J. E. Boyer as coroner, and E. H. Wilcox of Ontonagon succeeds E. F. Douglas as county surveyor.

New Trial Is Refused—

Judge Stone has refused a new trial in the case of C. L. Cook vs. Fred Harrison of Menominee. The case was heard at the August term of court in Menominee and a verdict for the plaintiff was found for \$325.25. The case arose from an order for twenty thousand cigars for Harrison. When the goods were delivered he refused them, stating that they did not arrive as per agreement. The plaintiff's order for cigars for Harrison and brought suit for their value, with the above mentioned verdict. The defendant then asked for a new trial, claiming that the verdict was contrary to the evidence and contrary to law, and that new evidence had been gathered which would change the aspect of the case. In his opinion now handed down, Judge Stone states that he finds that the opinion of the circuit court was not contrary to the evidence and not contrary to law. He held that the new evidence, which was in the form of a claim for damages because the

crushers were alleged to have been improperly kept by the plaintiff and were injured during the holding, should have been presented when the case was first filed.

A Victim of Typhoid Fever—

Ralph Prince, supervisor from Spalding township, Menominee county and prominently identified with the affairs of that district for many years past, died a victim of typhoid fever, after only a week's illness. The deceased was an old resident of the county. He had served his township as a supervisor for years and also held the office of justice of the peace. In 1906 he accepted the Democratic nomination for member of the legislature from Menominee county, but was defeated by Michael Harris, a fellow member of the county board. Mr. Prince was a large, robust man of fifty-three years. His appearance indicated good vitality and his death came as a distinct surprise. He leaves a wife and six children, the oldest of whom is twelve years.

Predicts Plenty of Ice—

"Don't ever begin to think that Menominee is to experience an ice famine this year because there is no ice on the bay at this time," was the statement made by an old fisherman of that city who has heard comments on the open season and the probabilities of continued open weather. The fisherman then went on to tell of the winters experienced during the last thirty-two years, and showed that in not one of them was there a time when the ice did not form over Green bay and give the ice men all of the product needed. "To be sure," he stated, "there have been times when the weather conditions were such that the ice men had to hustle to make good yields and in some cases, one of them didn't think we will see a winter for a while yet, in which the ice supply will fall so low that the ice men cannot get their loads filled."

Was Killed by Concussion—

The Chatham No. 2 mine in the Stambaugh district of the Menominee range was the scene of a peculiar fatality when Stanley Smith met his death. The accident was caused by the explosion of the powder magazine. This magazine was located on the first level. It was constructed in accordance with the usual plans and was deemed safe in every particular. It was heated with steam, supplied by boilers on the surface. At the time of the explosion it contained twenty boxes of powder. How the accident occurred will never be known and the cause is unexplainable. No one was working in the vicinity and no one had visited the magazine the day of the accident. Smith, the victim of the accident, was working on the second level, one hundred feet below the magazine. His death was caused by the concussion. He was thrown against the wall of the shaft in which he was working, with such force as to fracture the skull. The head was not blown from the body, as reported at the time, and the body was not torn nor mangled. The cut on the head was a small one. Several other men, a work on the lower level, were thrown down and bruised.

New Stone-Crushing Plant—

John Biehler & Sons, proprietors of the Biehler quarries at Gross, near Escanaba, are investing about \$15,000 this winter in erecting a new building and installing new machinery for their stone-crushing plant. The new plant will have two crushers, one of which will be a No. 6 and the other a No. 3 of the gyratory type, with revolving screens to screen any size stone desired. Storage bins will be provided with a capacity of 300 yards. The crusher will be fed by automatic dump cars, which will be run from the quarry up to the crushers by a friction drum hoist. The plant will be operated by a 100-horsepower electric motor, the current for which will be supplied by the Escanaba Power company. The daily capacity of the plant will be from 400 to 450 cubic yards. Mr. Biehler expects to have the plant completed and in running order by Feb. 1st. The stone which will be crushed at the new plant will be quarried deeper than any of the stone yet produced at the quarries. The lower stone is of better quality and is therefore more desirable for street building and concrete work. The new plant is being built at the quarry on the east side of the river. The old jaw crusher which has been in use at this quarry will be moved to the upper quarry. The crush-

ing plant at this quarry will be operated by a thirty-horsepower electric motor. The crushing plants have been unable to supply the demand for crushed stone during the past two years, but this large additional capacity of the new plant will probably be sufficient. The new plant will be equipped with the most modern machinery, and it has been designed in every way for convenience and has many labor saving devices.

State Boundary Line an Issue—

Attorneys Doyle and Tracy of Menominee are diligently preparing their defense in the case which has been brought against Warden A. B. Bedellami, two Menominee fishermen at the coming term of circuit court in Marquette. The case originated in the seizure of several hundred nets by the Menominee warden on the ice near the Menominee shore last winter. The nets, valued at several thousand dollars, together with the fish which they contained, were held by the Menominee warden and his assistants. The case is in the nature of replevin suits brought by the Wisconsin fishermen to recover their nets. The fishermen claim that the nets were seized while they were set in Wisconsin waters. In support of the defense, surveys have been taken and the exact location of the nets noted. The government opinions on the division of the waters of the two states is that the boundary line is midway between the points where navigable waters start on the shores of Menominee county and Chamber's island. Government maps of the location, together with expert measurements, will be offered by the defendants and they expect to have no difficulty in proving their points.

An Advertisement Explained—

This rather odd advertisement appears in the Escanaba Journal: "To the people of Escanaba: We have no more wood for sale, but we wish to reserve this space for the purpose of letting the public know that our company believes in advertising in the Escanaba Journal and we don't care who knows it. Even if you are a business man of Escanaba, we mentioned in the wood sawmill factory, which is the largest and most important industrial plant in the city.

In the same issue of the Journal appears the following editorial statement and it doubtless explains the unusual text of the advertisement above quoted: "The year that has just ended has been a strenuous one for the Journal. It has had to fight for nearly one hundred days the strength of nearly one hundred saloons and it has had to fight the liquor interests who are running this lawless fight in doing their bidding. The Journal has come through the fight and it still is thriving and not at all discouraged. The boycott is still on, but the lawless saloons who are running this lawless boycott will be taking to the woods one of these days.

"The publisher of the Journal has frequently been asked why he did not publish a larger paper. The answer has been because the business men of Escanaba are afraid to use the columns of the paper for advertising, and the paper cannot be enlarged or bettered without advertising patronage. The liquor interests have not only boycotted the Journal, but they have also boycotted the business men who have patronized the Journal. This is not speculation; it is fact. But the Journal is still in the ring. The publisher was told by an interested party this week that the saloons will call off the dog against you and you will let up on them. In other words, if the Journal will keep mum and let lawlessness have full sway, the liquor interests will consent to our right to be a spineless newspaper, like every other newspaper in the city. No thank you, gentlemen. When you get around to the point where you see the advantage of being law-abiding citizens the Journal will be ready to talk with you. And the sooner you make up your minds that you cannot escape nor buy off the Journal out of existence the better it will be for you. "The published of the Journal is very grateful because of the fact that there have been enough men of principle in Delta county—men with the courage to stand for the right and to support an influence for the right—to enable the Journal to keep up the fight for a little cleaning up. No one can tell what the new year has in store, but we do believe that before another twelve months roll around the city will have made many steps forward in the march for a bigger and better city."

OPPORTUNE.

It was just as the curtain was being rung up that kind-hearted Mrs. Grey suddenly remembered the inquiry that she had intended to make about a sick neighbor. She leaned back and accounted Mrs. Ransom, who had just moved in next door to the sick friend. "Can you tell me," she queried, hastily, "how old Mrs. Davis is?" "A puzzled and reflective look stole over the face of Mrs. Ransom, as she turned for a whispered consultation with a third lady, directly behind her. Presently she bobbed back towards Mrs. Grey, her forehead puckered. "I really am not quite certain," she reported, apologetically, "but I believe she is at least seventy-five."—Harper's Week-ly.

S.S.S. CURES CHRONIC ULCERS

Any chronic ulcer shows an unhealthy and impure condition of the blood. It is a diseased condition of the flesh at that particular spot, caused and kept inflamed and irritated by a continual discharge into it of unhealthy matter from the circulation. No treatment can have any curative effect except a medicine which will renovate the blood and entirely remove the cause. Salves, washes, lotions, etc., are sometimes helpful in reducing inflammation, cleansing the ulcer, or perhaps lessening the discharge, but such applications do not reach the blood where the disease germs are located and can never effect a cure. S. S. S. goes down into the circulation, drives out all impurities and morbid matter, and by nourishing the flesh with rich pure blood causes the place to heal naturally and permanently. S. S. S. does not make a surface cure, but by beginning at the bottom, and rebuilding broken-down tissue, and supplying healthful, healing qualities to the blood, causes the place to fill in with new, firm flesh, which it steadily but surely effects a permanent cure. The ulcer can not exist when the blood is pure, and S. S. S. will thoroughly purify the blood. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Negaunee Department

NEW PATRONS ADDED TO LIGHTING PLANT

LARGER INCREASE IN INCANDESCENT LIGHTING IN DECEMBER THAN IN ANY PREVIOUS MONTH SINCE SHORTLY AFTER PUBLIC WORKS BOARD TOOK CHARGE.

In spite of the fact that the municipal electric lighting plant was in a disabled condition last month, there was a big increase in the amount of public works lighting on the circuit. On the circuit there are sixty-three street lights and eleven commercial lamps. The receipts for the lighting plant for November were larger than during any previous month, the collections amounting to \$2,340.28. Of this sum \$500 were received from the school district on the lighting contract for the new high school building, which amounts to \$2,300. Much of this, however, will have to be paid out for material and labor. J. H. Sanders, who is superintendent of the works and who has been in charge of the work employed since starting on the job a few weeks ago is working by the day so it is impossible to tell at this time just how the city will come out on the contract. The job was secured on the change of current was made from the generator to another it effected the field. When Mr. Carney made the inspection he found that the plant was carrying in excess of a 100 per cent overload, and that the field was in such condition that it would not stand another day of regular work. The old field was almost completely burned out and a new one was necessary. Two men from the factory have been working at the plant for over a week past. The necessary changes are also being made on the generator and it is anticipated that when the plant is again in commission it will be in perfect running order.

Water Collections Satisfactory. W. H. Mitchell, clerk of the board of public works, advised the council that the collections for water rates for the October quarter amounted to \$3,401.30. In addition to this \$243 was collected for permits, making the total receipts for the three months, \$3,644.30. The receipts of the water department have been increasing lately, due to additional consumers. The clerk is now preparing his annual report, which will show the increase in receipts and consumers. For the year 1908 the expenditures were heavy, on account of the several extensions, and other improvements made, most of them at the request of property owners. In spite of the increase in the receipts, the amount of water consumed during the year in the water department was the Queen mine extension, which cost \$775.50. Of this sum \$464 was paid for 1,450 feet of four-inch wood pipe. The labor on the job cost \$250.80; fittings, \$13.29, and hydrants, \$36.50.

SENT HOME TO DIE Wm. Brown Weighed Only Sixty-Eight Pounds. Had Severe Pulmonary Trouble. SAYS VINOL SAVED HIS LIFE. "Four years ago I contracted a severe lung trouble. Doctors in Thaxton hospital, Utica, gave me up—I only weighed sixty-eight pounds. They sent me home from the hospital saying they could do nothing for me. Later I saw Vinol advertised, and immediately began taking it. I improved after the first bottle, so continued it for three months. Today I weigh 137 pounds, am an excellent and healthy. I really believe Vinol saved my life." Wm. J. Brown, Syracuse, N. Y.

REPLY TO CABLEGRAM. Salvatore Bortucchia, the barber, who last Sunday night sent a cablegram to his brother at Simberio in the earthquake zone in Southern Italy, making inquiry as to what damage was wrought by the earthquake, received a reply Wednesday evening. It was to the effect that no deaths resulted in Simberio, but that several buildings were damaged. The receipt of this information gave Mr. Bortucchia and his cousin, Antonio Lofaro, much satisfaction, as they feared that some of their relatives had fallen victims.

ANNUAL MEETING. Gwin, Mich., Dec. 12th, 1908. The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Gwin State Savings Bank will be held at its banking house in the village of Gwin, Marquette county, Michigan, on Tuesday, Jan. 12, 1909, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. W. F. HOPKINS, Vice Pres. H. H. McILLAN, Cashier.

CHANGE AT CITY HALL.

Likely That Gribble's Successor Will Not Live in the Building.

The board of public works has about decided to recommend to the council that the quarters now occupied by the marshal's family in the city building be used for other purposes when Thomas Gribble's family vacates it in the spring. The matter was discussed by the members of the board at a meeting Wednesday evening, and it was agreed that the rooms now occupied for living purposes can be used to excellent advantage by the city officials and employees. Over a year ago the question of erecting a new building received some consideration by the council, and several of the aldermen were in favor of the plan, but it was finally decided to repair the foundation of the old building.

There are seven living rooms in the building, four on the ground floor and three on the second. The three main rooms on the first floor are connected by stairs and when the partitions are removed the space available will be about twice as large as the recorder's present office. There are two entrances to the building, both the first and second floors would be comparatively light. All of the city officials agree that a fine council chamber could be made in the three rooms on the first floor, if they were thrown into one. A part of the space might also be used for a private office for the board of public works, or a private office for the recorder. Under the present arrangement the board of public works and all committees, also the marshal, superintendent of the board of public works, and the city recorder, transact their business in one room. E. C. Anthony, chairman of the board, is very much in favor of a change as under the present arrangement it is almost impossible to conduct private board meetings. The various committees meeting in the room all desire to have sessions at the same time, but as much as it is a public place they are frequently disturbed and matters that they would like to discuss are often set aside.

The second floor rooms are badly needed for the public library, which has been overcrowded for more than a year past. Nearly one-half of the second floor is occupied by the marshal's family. By removing some of the partitions the book room can be enlarged, providing additional space for racks, and a private room could be provided for the librarian.

THIRTY BELOW ZERO.

Many Water Pipes and Some Meters Burst Wednesday Night.

The plumbers of the city found a big demand for their services yesterday. When Fred Merten came down to his shop yesterday morning he found a number of pipes waiting for him, and wanting him in a hurry to repair burst pipes or water meters at their homes. Many pipes were frozen during the night and several meters were wrecked. The worst of the trouble was in basements of houses where there are no heating plants. Up to this time few service pipes have frozen, but it is expected that there will be trouble at that account soon, as the frost is rapidly going deeper into the ground. With only a few inches of snow on the surface the pipes are in a most precarious position. The cold weather was much discussed yesterday. Various thermometers throughout the city registered from twenty-five to thirty below at an early hour in the morning. According to reports from the city, including the one at the Breitung House, it was colder at 8 o'clock yesterday morning than at any previous time during the night or morning. A number of thermometers registered thirty below. Two hours earlier it was twenty-eight below and one hour later twenty-four below. Wednesday evening at 5 o'clock it was twenty-one below. At 6:30 it was twenty-four and at 8 o'clock twenty-eight below. A Duluth paper contained the statement that it was thirty-four below in that city Tuesday night, with the wind blowing at times at the rate of fifty-six miles an hour. It was said that the night was one of the worst ever experienced at the head of the lakes. Reports from several other sections of the Northwest were to this effect: Twenty-five to thirty-five below zero. The fuel dealers are at present having their biggest rush of the season. Many additional orders have been received since the cold snap set in and extra men and teams are now employed hastening the deliveries.

NEARLY \$30,000 RAISED.

Chicago papers Wednesday reported that the Italian earthquake relief committee of that city had succeeded in raising nearly \$30,000 in one day on the sale of tags. The latter were sold by the young Italian women and girls. As stated in a previous issue, the idea originated with Bernard Barasa. Tuesday's Chicago Tribune contained a picture of Mrs. Barasa, who gave her husband much aid in working out the plan. Wednesday's issue of the Record Herald contained a group picture of the relief committee counting the funds received for the earthquake victims. Mr. Barasa is a member of the committee, which is composed of eight men.

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Karo
The Great Spread for Bread
Use it instead of other sweets; you'll enjoy the flavor and be benefited by its purity.
Karo is a sweet with a food value.
In straight line, 10c, 25c, 50c.
A book of cooking and candy-making recipes sent free on request.
Cora Products Refining Company
New York

HE'S HERE WHO?

STANCHFIELD, THE PIANO WIZARD

Don't fail to hear him at the

FAMILY THEATRE

(McDonald's Opera House)

Opening Saturday, Jan 9

Matinees 2 to 5:30
Evenings 7:30 to 10

Flickerless machine; absolutely FIREPROOF THROUGHOUT. All subjects personally selected by...

GILLARD BROS.

LOCAL LACONICS. H. O. Brotherton of Escanaba was a visitor in Negaunee yesterday.

The newly elected officers of the Negaunee Lodge of the Danish Sisterhood at this city were installed at the regular meeting last evening.

The two-year-old daughter of Johnson Granville, a well-known resident of the city, died Wednesday night of diphtheria. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon.

The Union baseball team will meet the Ishpeming City team in another game next Monday evening at Broadstreet hall. It is expected that the Union will be accompanied by Ishpeming by a good-sized delegation of rooters.

A rare Lenten meeting of the Episcopal clergymen of the Marquette diocese will be held at St. John's church in Negaunee Feb. 16 and 17. Programs are now being arranged for the afternoon and evening meetings. The business sessions will be held in the Guild hall, but the public meetings will probably be held in the church.

If the cold weather continues for a few days longer it is thought that the ice on Peal Lake will be several inches thicker than it has been at any time in years. There are two layers of clear ice, with a layer of snow ice about four inches thick between them. The top layer will soon be over fifteen inches thick and the local dealers now expect that the combined thickness of the cakes will be two feet or more, by the time they begin to harvest their season's supply.

Gillard Bros. will open the Family Theater at McDonald's opera house tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, promise something good in moving pictures and illustrated songs. The entertainments will be refined and high class. The Gillards have been in the moving picture theater business for some years and they have a contract with one of the leading concerns of the country, which has promised to give them the latest subjects as soon as they are on the market. The evening entertainments will start at 7:30 o'clock and will be continued until 10, with no intermission between the shows.

The United States consumes more than half the world's production of sugar. This seems 6,000,000,000 pounds a year.

There is a growing demand for American pearls. Those taken from the western waters last season were valued at \$500,000.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 8th day of December, A. D. 1888.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, etc.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LOST—Pair of garnet prayer beads, between St. Paul's church and postoffice. Reward. Return to Negaunee postoffice. 1-6-09

Holiday Decorations

EVERGREENS.
Holly Wreaths and Sprays,
Mistletoe, Galax Leaves
and
Evergreen Wreathing.
CUT FLOWERS.
Carnations, Roses, Hyacinths,
Lilies, Narcissus and Stevia.
PLANTS IN BLOOM.
Primroses, Azalias, Cinerarias,
Cyclamens, Stevia, Narcissus,
Poinsettias, Celestial Peppers,
Jerusalem Cherries.

NEGAUNEE NURSERY & GREENHOUSES
Wholesale and Retail Florists,
Negaunee, Michigan.

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm
is quickly absorbed.
Gives Relief at Once.
It cleanses, soothes,
heals and protects
the diseased mem-
brane resulting from Catarrh and drives
away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores
the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size
50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid
Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts.
Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

MICHIGAN COLLEGE OF MINES

F. W. McNAIR, President.
Located in Lake Superior district.
Mines and Mills accessible for College
work. For Yearbook and Record of
Graduates apply to
PRESIDENT OR SECRETARY.
Houghton, Michigan.

DARANTELLA

10c Havana Cigars, 10c

MORE RESIDENCES USE ELECTRICITY

BUT BUSINESS PLACES HAVE BEEN ECONOMICAL OF LIGHT DURING THE PAST YEAR.

CAPACITY IS AMPLE NOW

Installation of Sub-Station and Transformers Increases Efficiency of City Lighting Plant.

Figures now at hand indicate that the annual report of the light and power commission for the year ending March 10, next, will show an increase in the number of residence customers, and a slight increase in the net earnings over the previous year, although the earnings from the light and power used in the business district have fallen off. Two and four-tenths per cent more current was used in December, 1908, than in December, 1907, which represents pretty closely the per cent of increased business for the whole year. This increase was entirely in the residence district, the earnings from the business places being about \$1,100 less than in 1907.

Superintendent Retallic gives as the reason for a less amount of current than usual being used in the business district that the docks did not work at night last summer and used no light; that the city now pays three cents per kilowatt hour for its light, where it formerly paid five cents, the reduction applying to the lights used in the house, the water works, the city hall and the city market and fountain; and, lastly, that the merchants have been more economical than usual, due to the slack times. The per capita of current used in residences is somewhat less than in former years, but the number of new customers secured more than offsets this shrinkage.

There are now 1,554 customers, who are using current, on the books of the light and power commission, 165 new residence customers having been secured within the year. These figures are compiled from Nov. 1, 1907, to Nov. 1, 1908, the December totals not having yet been footed up. The earnings from the residence lights in 1908 were \$17,242, and in 1907, \$15,087. The earnings from the business lights and power in 1908 were \$20,110, in 1907, \$21,234. About twice as much current is consumed in December and January, the heaviest months, as in August and September, the lightest months. Superintendent Retallic expects that his report next March will show a net profit for the year of about \$32,000, an increase of \$2,000 over last year's report. This profit will be used to pay off the bonded indebtedness of the plant and in the improvement of the equipment.

The New Sub-Station.

The most costly single improvement made during the past year was the construction of the sub-station and transformer system, back of the city hall, installed for the purpose of reducing the loss of power in transmission from the power house to the city. Before this station was built and the necessary transforming apparatus installed, the main conducting wires from the power house were overloaded during the late afternoon hours of the short days in the early winter months. This overloading of the conducting wires resulted in a loss of about 28 per cent, which, by the installation of the transformers, has been reduced to 5 per cent. Current is now sent over the conducting wires at a voltage of 6,000, and then "stepped down" by passing it through the transformers at the sub-station to the voltage of 2,200, for distribution in the city. At the power house, the voltage is "stepped up" from 2,200 to 6,000, to be sent over the high tension conducting wires. This sub-station and apparatus has cost about \$10,000, but have made it possible to furnish plenty of current, even

during the heaviest hours, without overloading the system at any point. Heretofore, the lights have often been dim between half-past four and six o'clock during the short days, owing to the heavy load being carried by the plant, but this winter no such inconvenience has been encountered. Three sets of transformers have been installed, two of which are in constant use, while the third is kept up solely for use in case of accident to either of the others. The installation of the system of transformers not only makes possible the supply of an abundance of current for the present consumers, but the capacity is sufficient to take care of a considerable increase in business.

The electric light and power business is peculiar in that its efficiency is measured solely by its ability to carry the maximum load required of the plant. The voltage of 2,200, which could be sent over the conducting wires without the use of transformers, is amply sufficient to supply the current needed with the exception of an hour and a half a day for three months in the year. The large amount of current used between half-past four and six o'clock in the afternoon, during November, December and January, however, necessitates the maintenance of the sub-station the year round.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Defective Chimney in Sidnaw Saloon Starts Bad Blaze Yesterday.

A disastrous fire gutted several business blocks at Sidnaw early yesterday morning. The blaze started between 2:30 and 3 o'clock from a defective chimney in Goulette's saloon. The weather was bitterly cold and as no water was at hand, the fire spread rapidly to near by buildings. Among the buildings burned besides the saloon were Mrs. Mellin's store and residence, Richard Oelthert's barber shop, an empty store building belonging to B. Reynolds and a lumber office, occupied by Mr. Bittner. No lives were lost.

A CHIMNEY INSPECTOR.

Prominent Business Man Believes Such An Officer Should Be Appointed.

"People should be required to have their chimneys regularly inspected," said a prominent Marquette business man yesterday. "Every time the fire department is called out to extinguish an insignificant chimney fire, it costs the city about \$10. If people were required to have their chimneys inspected at regular intervals, and were fined when their chimneys caught fire, provided they could not show a certificate of inspection, the fire department would be saved many runs and the city no small sum of money," continued the individual.

Since the first of last November there have been fifteen chimney fires, and three fires due to other causes, said Fire Chief Money last night. The business man quoted above believes that by the adoption of his plan nearly all the chimney fires would be avoided, and the city would be saved approximately \$300 a year. Chimneys should be cleaned at least once a year, and some of them much oftener, but it is said there are a good many chimneys in the city that are never cleaned. If the carelessness of the public in this regard is the reason for the large number of chimney fires, the common council would do well to consider some plan for lessening the evil.

The regular Saturday night pep will be given tomorrow night at Legion Hall Music by the Peerless orchestra. (6-12-4)

HARDWOOD FLOORING. We deliver direct from our dry kilns. No shrinking or warping after being laid. Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co. (9-23-4)

You take no chances on dirt or disease when you drink milk from Vandendoom's model dairy. Cleanliness the prime factor. Both phones. (12-10-1m) F. H. VANDENBOOM, Prop.

SPECIAL SALE ON HATS. We are making a reduction of one half off on all of our ladies', misses' and children's hats. THE BEE HIVE. (11-10-4) L. Getz, Prop.

ICE CUTTING SEASON WILL SOON BE HERE

LAKE SUPERIOR ICE CO. PLANS TO BEGIN WORK AT LAKE MICHIGAMME NEXT WEEK.

The Lake Superior Ice company, of Marquette, will begin cutting ice on Lake Michigan early next week, if the weather does not moderate greatly within a few days. Snow is now being cleared off the lake to be in readiness for operations next week. The ice there is now twelve inches thick, but cutting is not usually begun until it is fourteen inches thick. Unless the weather should turn much warmer, it is expected that the ice will be of the required thickness by Monday.

Louis E. Reidinger, the manager of the company, said yesterday that from 140 to 150 carloads of ice would be cut at Lake Michigan this winter. None of this ice will be sold to the public in this city, but it will be cut under contract for the D., S. S. & A. railroad, shipping ice companies and other private concerns. From eighteen to twenty men will be employed in cutting, and the work will last about a week.

To Cut City Ice Later.

The ice to be sold to the people of Marquette next summer will not be cut until late in February, in all probability. It is customary to wait until that time to see if the lake does not freeze over, as the lake is the cheapest and most sanitary source of ice for public use. For the last three seasons, the lake has not frozen sufficiently to make good ice and the company has had to get it elsewhere. Last season the cut was made on Dead river, and then hauled in cars to the ice houses. Two years ago the ice was obtained from the lake, between Grand Island and Munising.

By the middle of February Manager Reidinger is able to tell whether or not the ice on the lake will get thick enough for cutting, and if conditions are unfavorable arrangements are then made to get the city supply somewhere else. Mr. Reidinger is of the opinion that the lake will freeze this winter, as the water seems cold and heavy, but cold weather and little wind is necessary for a good coat of ice to form. The weather last winter was cold enough to freeze good ice on the lake, but there was so much wind that it was broken up by the waves as fast as it formed. The usual place for cutting ice from the lake is near the water works intake.

The people of this city on an average consume about 2,200 cords (equal to 220 carloads) of ice every summer, but owing to warm weather extending late into the autumn, last year about 2,500 cords were used. The Lake Superior Ice company's ice house in Marquette holds 1,700 cords, and every winter it is filled, either from the lake or from some other body of water, in case the lake does not freeze over.

All doctors and trained nurses recommend Vandendoom's bottled milk for infants and patients because they know the goods are right. (12-29-2w)

ANNUAL MEETING.

Marquette, Mich., Jan. 2, 1909. Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Shore Engine Works, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Secretary, in the city of Marquette, in the state of Michigan, on the third Monday (the 18th) of January, A. D. 1909, at two o'clock p. m. J. E. BALL, Secretary. (14-13)

ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual stockholders' meeting of the Marquette City & Presque Isle Railway company, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the president, Albert F. Koepke, 134 Washington street, in the city of Marquette, Michigan, on Tuesday, the 19th day of January, 1909, at 10 o'clock a. m. Dated Dec. 21, 1908. CHARLES RETALLIC, Secretary. (12-22-1-19)

SLAUGHTER OF CHILDREN'S SUITS



We have placed on sale about 50 heavy gray McMillan, Lot 488, D. B. Coats, Straight Knee Pants, worth \$5.00, and larger sizes \$5.50 each, at the low price of \$3.50. Sizes 8 to 16.

These suits are the warmest and most durable knockabout school suits on the market. Ask to see them.

Boys' German Socks.
\$1.00 quality sold at 75c
75c " " " 50c
50c " " " 40c

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In greatest profusion are always found at

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Try our Carnations and Roses, long stem, large and lasting Flowers; none better. Prompt attention given out-of-town orders.

Down town branch Mack Block. Both Phones.

T. M. SORENSEN,
Proprietor, Marquette. 6-28-4

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Special attention to BANKING BY MAIL. Send a postal for booklet.

We wish you a **Happy and Prosperous New Year** and hoping for a continuance of your valuable patronage, we are, respectfully,

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