

KOREANS TURN UPON INVADERS

Emperor Forced to Yield His Throne to the Crown Prince. Bloody Rioting Follows in the Streets of the Capital City.

Thousands of Natives Take Part in Demonstration Hostile to the Mikado's Directorate, and Mutinous Soldiers Joining the Movement Serious Fighting Ensues in Which the Japanese Sustain Considerable Casualties—Revolt Is Not Impossible.

Scoul, July 19.—Enraged crowds have assembled at various points throughout the city, and inflammatory demonstrations which have been freely distributed. Serious collisions, it is believed, will take place tonight between the police and rioters. Marquis Ito, resident governor, is not likely to resort to extreme measures of repression until all means of pacification have been exhausted.

Scoul, July 19.—Mobs have filled the streets all day. One crowd of 5,000 Koreans was beaten back from the palace gates. During the audience with the cabinet last night, when the emperor acquiesced to the demand for his abdication, a number of students attempted to present a petition to the emperor, but the police prevented them, driving them back east of the palace, where they remained all night making speeches. At midnight Chief of Police Maruyama discharged some soldiers to the palace, but the crowd continued to increase at that time.

Crown Prince Becomes Emperor. The ceremony of transferring the imperial seal to the crown prince was completed this morning. Some shops were closed because of the sympathy of their proprietors with the emperor, and the streets around the palace were filled with people. The Japanese papers have published some sensational rumors, but as yet at least there is no indication of a revolt. The Korean official gazette is now circulating on the street the first official announcement of the abdication, which was signed by the emperor and the seven ministers in favor of the crown prince.

At the Japanese residence, Marquis Ito and Viscount Hayashi declined to make a statement concerning the effect of the emperor's action. Ito, however, said to the Associated Press that he desired to be stated that both before and during his audience yesterday, when the emperor and his cabinet were weighing the question of abdication, he refused any participation. The emperor repeated his declaration that he was not responsible for sending the Korean delegation to The Hague, and he asked the opinion of the cabinet's representation regarding abdication. Ito replied that the matter wholly concerned the emperor of Korea, and not himself as the representative of the empire of Japan. Furthermore, he declares, the cabinet's whole course of action was based on its own initiative.

Mutinous Troops Attack Japanese. Seoul, Korea, July 19.—A company of Korean troops mutinied this afternoon, escaping from the barracks without their officers and attacking a police station on the main street. After firing several volleys the soldiers scattered, continuing desultory firing and attacking individual Japanese. They were joined by a populace, who used stones and clubs. Ten wounded have already reached the hospital in the Japanese quarter, where the Japanese are looking for refuge. The correspondent of the Associated Press, while on the scene, noted seven Japanese and four Korean dead, and three Japanese and two Korean wounded. General Isewaga is sending dismounted cavalry to reinforce the police, who are now searching for the mutineers. The military has been ordered out.

Rain Aids in Restoring Order. Seoul, July 19.—The city became quiet at nightfall and is now under military patrol. A heavy rain, following the outbreak of today, was largely instrumental in dispersing the crowds. All traffic has been stopped, and Japanese shops are guarded. The police report that twenty-five Japanese were killed and wounded in the day's rioting. The casualties among the Koreans are unknown. The official Japanese report ascribes the shooting to Korean soldiers who could not be controlled by their officers.

New Monarch Expresses Regret. The noise of the firing and news that casualties had resulted greatly alarmed the emperor, who tonight sent a long apologetic letter to Marquis Ito to the effect that he regretted that his ignorant subjects had caused a violent commotion. He therefore relied upon Ito to take the measures necessary to prevent further trouble. He called upon General Isewaga to take military charge of the city. Troops have been offered for safeguarding the foreign consulates in Seoul.

Without a Friend in Europe. London, July 19.—The emperor of Korea is without a friend among the governments of Europe sufficiently interested in the status of the ancient Korean empire to interpose a word in his behalf.

American Sympathy Sought. New York, July 19.—Declaring that Japanese control over Korea was degrading Korea and fast tending to the complete eradication of Korea as a state, Homer B. Hulbert, for many years engaged in educational work in Korea, arrived here today on a mission from Korea to bring to the attention of the emperor of Korea the general opinion of the United States government and the people of this country under the Japanese directorate.

MEN GO BACK TO THEIR KEYS

Strike of the Commercial Telegraphers at San Francisco Is Declared Off by a Practically Unanimous Vote.

President Small Reports the Terms a Compromise Under Which the Grievances Will Be Submitted to Arbitration, but This Is Not Borne Out by the Statements of the Company Officials—Say Pay and Conditions Will Continue Unchanged.

Oakland, July 19.—At a meeting today the telegraphers' union voted unanimously to accept the terms of settlement proposed by the Western Union and Postal companies. According to the terms of the compromise, the telegraphers will return to work, and both companies will receive a committee of arbitration to discuss the settle matters affecting the operators.

Union Satisfied, Reports Small. Chicago, July 19.—The following message was received here tonight from President Small, address to Secretary Russell of the Commercial Telegraphers' union: "The vote to accept was 103 to 4. All the strikers are to be re-employed and the question of an increase in wages taken up after the resumption of work. All future grievances are to be arbitrated. Advice all locals that the settlement is entirely satisfactory to us and to me personally, and I urge that all strike talk be stopped. As soon as I can return east I will issue a statement to the membership. We should rejoice at the fact that we are in position to force an adjustment of grievances and not forget our duty to our employers and the public, now that the trouble is satisfactorily settled."

Conditions Unchanged, Say Companies. New York, July 19.—C. C. Adams, a vice president of the Postal, tonight said: "Edward J. Naffy, vice president and general manager of the Postal company, has received word from L. W. Storer, general superintendent at San Francisco that at a meeting held in San Francisco this afternoon the striking operators voted 103 to 4, practically unanimously, to return to work, they having been notified that the terms upon which they returned would be that they should make individual application for employment and all who were not objectionable to the local management would be re-employed, with the distinct understanding that the same salaries and same conditions existing prior to their walkout should govern their re-employment and that their promise to give good and faithful service and discontinue all agitation and interference with the company's business."

Colonel Robert C. Clowry, president and general manager of the Western Union, this afternoon issued the following: "The difference between the Western Union and its former employees at San Francisco and Oakland has been settled. June 21, a portion of the Western Union operators at San Francisco and Oakland quit work without notice. About one-third of the forces remained on duty, and eleven of those who quit were re-instated on their individual applications at their former compensation. Additions were promptly made to the force from other offices, and except for a brief period the traffic of the company has been moved promptly. The company will re-employ all the reliable and efficient operators who left the service on their individual applications and at the salaries paid when they quit work."

No Wage Increase Granted. San Francisco, July 19.—Superintendent Storer, of the Postal Telegraph company, and Manager O'Brien, of the Western Union, declare today that their companies had made no agreement with the operators in regard to an increase in wages. The men will be taken back on precisely the same terms that applied when the strike was called.

While the telegraph companies do not openly recognize the fact that they insist upon dealing with their own employees, the fact that the representatives of the companies signed the agreement with the operators is regarded by the operators as recognition of their organization. Mr. Small said tonight: "We were not fighting for the signing of the union contract. All we desired was the acknowledgment of our right to organize and the privilege of adjusting grievances through committees of the employees. This we have secured."

GETS OFFICE NOT WANTED. Kansas City, July 19.—Protesting against his own election and demanding the re-election of J. C. Swift, of Kansas City, Thomas B. McPherson, of Omaha, was chosen president of the National Livestock exchange today as the culmination of a campaign waged against Swift's re-election as an outgrowth of the late contest between the livestock men and the packers over the post-mortem examination law. A resolution was adopted which praised Swift's administration.

STEVENS' NEW POST. New Haven, Conn., July 19.—It was announced today by President Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad that John F. Stevens, former chief engineer of the Panama canal, had been appointed vice president of the road. Mr. Stevens will have charge of all matters pertaining to operation and will report to the president.

BANK CLEARINGS. New York, July 19.—The total bank clearings compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending July 13, 1907, for the past week were \$2,878,034,000, against \$2,746,114,000 in the corresponding week of last year.

WEATHER FORECAST

Washington, July 19.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Partly cloudy, Saturday, showers and cooler in the east; Sunday, fair; light to fresh northwest winds, becoming variable.

VIOLATED STATE LAW. Southern Railway Fined \$30,000 for Selling Tickets at Excessive Rate. Raleigh, N. C., July 19.—The Southern Railway company was today fined \$30,000 and Thomas D. Green, ticket agent for the company, was fined \$5 in the state court here for selling railroad tickets at a rate in excess of that provided by the recent state law for a uniform rate of 2 1/2 cents a mile in North Carolina. The court required Green to promise not to sell tickets at an illegal rate, Green made the promise, and paid the fine.

MACCABEE ORDERS MAY JOIN HANDS. SUPREME TENT SOCIETY GOES ON RECORD AS FAVORING THE PROPOSED AMALGAMATION. Detroit, July 19.—The supreme tent, Knights of the Maccabees of the World, today adopted a resolution empowering the board of trustees to move the headquarters of the order from Port Huron, Mich., to Detroit, if they deem it advisable. The tent also changed its session from triennial to quadrennial.

BASEBALL. STANDINGS OF THE CLUBS. National League. W. L. P.C. Chicago 61 20 753 New York 47 30 614 Philadelphia 31 603 Philadelphia 43 34 558 Brooklyn 47 45 451 Boston 33 44 429 Cincinnati 32 48 400 St. Louis 19 67 221

SCHEDULES FOR TODAY. National League. Pittsburgh at Boston. Cincinnati at Brooklyn. Chicago at New York. American League. Boston at Chicago. New York at St. Louis. Philadelphia at Detroit. Washington at Cleveland. GAMES PLAYED YESTERDAY. National League. New York, July 19.—New York dropped another point in its battle for the pennant by being knocked out today by Chicago. Summary: R. H. E. New York 0110010010—3 7 7 Chicago 3110000007—12 14 0 Batteries: McInnity and Bowerman; Brown and Kling.

Philadelphia, July 19.—By bunching hits in the seventh, Pittsburgh won a well-played game. Summary: R. H. E. Boston 0000000000—0 6 1 Pittsburgh 0000002000—2 8 0 Batteries: Young and Brown; Leifield and Gibson.

Brooklyn, July 19.—The home team today kept up its reputation as a winner in the first game with Cincinnati. Summary: R. H. E. Brooklyn 041100020—8 13 1 Cincinnati 000010000—1 11 1 Batteries: Pastorekus and Ritter; Hilt and McLean.

Philadelphia, July 19.—More's pitching was the feature. He allowing only two hits. Summary: R. H. E. Philadelphia 00121001—5 10 6 St. Louis 00000000—0 2 3 Batteries: More and Dooin; Beebe and Noonan.

American League. Cleveland 0000000000—0 12 4 Washington 0000000000—0 7 0 Batteries: Liebarth and Clarke; Smith and Heydon. Called at the end of the twelfth on account of darkness. Detroit 04001010—6 6 1 Philadelphia 10000000—1 5 2 Batteries: Donovan and Schmidt; Dyer, Craig, Partly and Powers.

St. Louis 10010002—1 7 1 New York 00200000—2 5 4 Batteries: Pely and Stevens; Chesbro and Klefow.

Chicago-Boston game not played because of rain. American Association. Kansas City, 6; Louisville, 9. Minneapolis, 3; Columbus, 4. St. Paul, 3; Indianapolis, 1. Western League. Omaha, 4; Sioux City, 3. Ten innings. Lincoln, 3; Des Moines, 2. Pueblo, 2; Denver, 3.

FORAKER OPPOSED TO THE RATE LAW

Is Still of the Belief Its Enactment Was Unwise, Unconstitutional and Unnecessary—Says the Elkins Act Suffices.

Speaking at Miamisburg, O., the Senator Voices His Views, and Incidentally Slaps at Roosevelt—He Wants No Tinkering With a Tariff That Has Brought Such Unexampled Prosperity, and He Declares the Proposed Revision Fraught With Peril.

Cincinnati, July 19.—In an address before the Miami valley Chautauque at Miamisburg, O., this evening Senator Foraker called on the tariff revisionists and explained some points in the recent rate legislation which did not seem to him to have been clearly understood by the public.

"I am charged with the offense of not having voted with my party. That is true, but it is also true that while I did not vote with the Republican party on the rate bill, neither did I vote with the Democratic party. The one argument is as good as the other, but neither import, because no one will claim that I voted against the rate bill for party consideration. I voted against the rate bill for three general reasons: First, I thought it was unwise because experience has demonstrated that rate making is so difficult that only experts can do the work satisfactorily. The railroads affect directly and indirectly almost all the people of the country, and almost all the business of the country. We must regulate interstate commerce and railroads as facilities for its transactions, but it is not necessary to resort to legislation in that behalf that is violative of the constitution and by which the government assumes duties which, in the nature of things, it cannot satisfactorily discharge. If we are to fix the rates, it may be charged, we must determine how much revenue a railroad shall be allowed to receive, and this involves how much it may expend for the expense of operation."

"I think the rate bill was unconstitutional because it invested the interstate commerce commission with judicial legislative and executive power. I was not in error in thinking the rate bill unnecessary, for time has already vindicated the contention that what we needed at the time the Hepburn law was passed was not more legislation, but only the enforcement of the laws we already had. It is not too much to say that it is now confessedly established that the courts have power under the Elkins law to prohibit any kind of a discrimination, of any kind of a rebate, or any kind of a preference, no matter in what way it may be disguised or in what method it may be practiced. The Elkins law is an efficient and easily-enforced statute. In simplicity, efficacy and certainty, it is so far superior to all other laws that all honest men, hereafter, as heretofore, now, will be brought under it, instead of under the Hepburn law, or the general interstate commerce law.

A Shot at Roosevelt. "I have been charged with voting against the rate bill, with opposing party staked, with trying to secure a hearing before the American people for the negro soldiers who were discharged without honor, but I feel thankful that no Democrat has ever nominated me for office; not that I dislike Democrats as men, but because I am a Republican and do not like their principles and politics. "It may be pleasing to Democrats of the South to see the negro soldiers thus cut out of the service, for the sentiment there is well nigh universal that they should not be allowed to wear the uniform even of a private soldier. But where is the teaching of Abraham Lincoln, Ulysses S. Grant, Oliver P. Morton, James G. Blaine, Benjamin Harrison and William McKinley, who does not believe that no man can be so black nor can be so humble, but that he shall have his day in court. When the Republican party falters in its devotion to this duty, it will dissolve and perish as the Whig party did and it will deserve the fate that so overtakes it."

Is Against Tariff Revision. As to tariff revision, the senator said: "Tariff schedules are not intended to stand forever. What suits at one time may not suit at another. If the Dingell suspension, as heretofore and as it will be made, other than what they are. But it does not follow from this that there should be an immediate revision. It is a serious matter to tinker with the tariff.

"It might be that a more satisfactory tariff law would be made than is that which we now have, but I doubt it. It may be that our general situation would be improved, but I do not see how that is possible. With respect to such a procedure only one thing is certain, and that is that we would have a period of suspense, of doubt, and of uncertainty that would work a more or less serious interruption to business. We should not invoke such results until we know, or at least have reason to believe that revision will do less harm than non-revision."

Assuming that the least possible injuries would result, and that the greatest benefits we can reasonably hope for would follow, still I want some man who is discerning for an immediate revision to tell me what evil is so great that it can not be longer endured, what duties are to be changed, and what improvement in the situation is to follow? No man

HAYWOOD LOSES IMPORTANT POINT

Decision of the Court Knocks Out Much of the Evidence Introduced in Defense of the Accused Miners' Leader.

All Testimony Offered in Support of Claim the Charge Against the Defendant Is Outcome of Plot to Exterminate the Federation Is Ruled Out on Ground Legal Connection Is Lacking, and in Notable Argument the State Arraigns the Prisoner.

Boise, Idaho, July 19.—The field for argument both for the prosecution and the defense of Wm. D. Haywood has been limited by Judge Wood, who in his decision handed down today, removed from the consideration of the jury all evidence bearing on the alleged conspiracy by mine owners and others against the Western Federation of Miners.

Judge Wood decided that the defense of Haywood had made no legal connection of the mine owners' association, the Citizens' alliance of Colorado, and the Pinkerton detective agency as laying a foundation for the evidence introduced by the defense to show that the charge against Haywood and his co-defendants is the outcome of a conspiracy to exterminate the federation.

Directly following the announcement of this decision, the argument commenced. Judge Hawley, the leading counsel for the state, spoke for two hours and fifteen minutes. His address after the opening statements was a plain analysis of the case. He characterized the case as the most important ever given to a jury in the United States, and he urged the jury to a serious consideration of the responsibility placed upon them. His denunciation of the defendant and his co-defendants as the worst kind of criminals that ever infested any section of this country was forceful, and his eulogy of ex-Governor Stuenkel was eloquent in the extreme.

Declares Orchard's Story Truthful. Mr. Hawley declared Orchard's story as truthful, not only because of the manner in which it was told, but because it had been corroborated in every important detail. Then when he found reason for the confession in the conscience of a criminal stirred by the memories of a happy boyhood in a virtuous home, there was a waver of emotion in the speaker's voice and more than a suspicion of tears when his audience.

Counsel for the defense repeatedly interrupted Mr. Hawley with protest and objections, but these only seemed to stir him to greater effort. Once or twice he turned to Clarence Darrow and placed his hand on his shoulder and said: "It does not lie in the mouth of counsel to find excuse for these awful crimes." Mr. Hawley will continue his argument tomorrow.

ITALIANS ATTEMPT TO LYNCH. Suspects in New Orleans Kidnapping Case Rescued by Police. New Orleans, July 19.—The city jail was used today as a place of refuge for Mr. and Mrs. Monteleone, Italian released on habeas corpus proceedings this afternoon after several weeks' imprisonment as suspicious persons in the Lammara case. Several hundred angry Italians surrounded the Monteleone home, and a guard of twenty-five policemen failed to quiet this crowd. The Monteleones were finally taken to the police station, during the excitement, Peter Lamana, father of the kidnapped boy, with a revolver attempted to break through the crowd to get at the Monteleones. He was taken to the police station, though not arrested.

The presence of three companies of militia and a number of rapid fire guns at the Hahnville jail has apparently stopped all intention of mobs to go from here to Hahnville for a lynching bee.

Troops Ask Reinforcements. Hahnville, La., July 19.—A hurry order for more troops to guard the Italian prisoners threatened with lynching has been given by Major Wheat, in command of the militia here. Mayor Wheat says that trouble is expected at any minute. Two companies of militia guard the jail, while nearly 100 men are picketed along the roads.

Hahnville, La., Saturday, July 20.—A posse of about one hundred armed men arrived here by train about 2 o'clock a. m. bent on a lynching, but it was dispersed by the militia with oura conflict. It is said that the members of the posse believed they had secured an understanding with a sufficient number of the troops to make the contemplated lynching a success.

BAOBY SHAKEN UP IN AUTO ACCIDENT

WIFE AND SONS OF VICE PRESIDENT FAIRBANKS NARROWLY ESCAPE SERIOUS INJURY.

Amsterdam, N. Y., July 19.—Mrs. Omas W. Fairbanks, wife of the vice president, and her sons Robert and Frederick and the latter's wife, comprising an automobile party, were in an accident twenty-five miles west of here today, but all escaped without serious injuries. The loss of a tire derailed their machine. The party was taking an automobile trip which began at Indianapolis and was to have continued to Boston, but which owing to today's accident ended at Fort Plain so far as the car was concerned. The party proceeded by rail to Boston.

While moving along at good speed half way between St. Johnsville and Fort Plain, a rear tire came off, causing the touring car to swerve toward a ditch and throw its occupants with considerable force into the roadway. All were roughly shaken up and more or less bruised, but none sustained injuries of serious character. The machine was badly damaged.

Hard Run for Glidden Tourists. Pittsburg, July 19.—The Glidden tourists arrived tonight. The run from Canton today was the most trying the tourists have encountered in the entire tour. While mud had been encountered in many places nowhere were there such rough roads and obstacles that would test a driver and his car as on the 125-mile stretch today. The trip had to be made in eight and a half hours.

Near Darlington, forty miles west of Pittsburg, the car driven by Charles Jardine and occupied by R. H. Tucker and A. D. McLachlan of Cleveland and F. L. Estey of Chicago was fired upon from the roadside by unknown persons concealed in the shrubbery. One of the men was injured, but two bullets of 38-caliber were imbedded in the tonneau.

ELKS MOVE TO SAVE THE ELK. Teeth of Noble Game Discarded as an Emblem of the Order. Philadelphia, July 19.—The grand lodge of the Elks closed its business sessions today. A feature of the proceedings was a discussion of the movement to prevent the slaughter of the elk that their teeth might be used for emblems. A committee was appointed to investigate, and a resolution calling upon the members of the order to cease wearing elks' teeth as emblems until the committee returns its report, was passed.

Prize Awards Announced. The committee on contests and awards late tonight announced the prize awards. The winners of the most important first prizes are: Lodges making the best appearance in line, \$300; Toledo; lodges appearing in unique uniform, \$200; El Paso; lodges displaying the most attractive floats, \$200; Cincinnati; best drill corps participating in the drill contest, \$500; Cherry Pickers, Toledo, O. A special prize of \$300 for the largest band in line was given the Guadalajara Military band of Mexico.

OLD SOL'S RAYS ARE DEADLY. Five Fatalities in New York as a Result of the Hot Wave. New York, July 19.—Three children and two men died today as a result of the hot wave. In addition a large number of prostrations were reported.

Philadelphia, July 19.—The deaths due directly to the heat and humidity yesterday numbered four, and there are about a dozen cases considered serious by the hospital physicians. The dead were all residents of this city.

Illinois Man Driven to Suicide. Highland, Ill., July 19.—Adolph Rugeger, former treasurer of Madison county, committed suicide today, owing to an intense heat, which prevented him from sleeping.

Fort Wayne, Ind., July 19.—Jimmy Gardner, of Lowell, Mass., was given the decision over Clarence English, of Omaha, at the end of ten rounds tonight.

DAILY MINING JOURNAL

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED.)

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

REPUBLICAN DISTRICT CONVENTION

A convention of the Republicans of the 21st senatorial district of Michigan is hereby called to meet in the Ishpeming theater in the city of Ishpeming, on Tuesday, the 13th day of August, A. D. 1907, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination three candidates for delegates to the convention to be held in the city of Lansing for the purpose of making a general revision of the constitution of the state of Michigan, said delegates to be elected at a special election to be held on the 17th day of September, 1907.

The several counties comprising the district are entitled to one delegate in said convention for every five hundred votes, or an excess of a majority thereof, cast therein for governor at the last presidential election, no county being entitled to less than two delegates, making the following representation, to-wit:

Table with columns: County, Vote for Governor, 1904, Delegates. Rows include Alger, Dickinson, Iron, and Marquette.

By order of the Republican Committee for the 21st Senatorial District of Michigan.

THOS. CONLIN, Secretary. GAD SMITH, Chairman.

Dated Marquette, Michigan, July 18, 1907.

There is no doubt about it; Old Man Fitz is a dead one. He is as dead as Bill Squires, who never lived.

Naturally the presidential boom of Speaker Cannon is a thing that the average congressman has to handle in a very gingerly manner.

And who, pray, is Marse Henry Waterson's dark horse for the vice presidential nomination, for of course Governor Johnson of Minnesota must have a running mate.

To the general sporting public the most interesting question arising in connection with the Sons of St. George reunion at Ishpeming today is "Coveau and Ziehr, will they wrestle?"

Edward S. Greco, a Detroit lawyer and politician, has announced simultaneously that he has forewarned the Democratic party and that he will be a candidate for delegate to the constitutional convention on the Republican ticket.

The Republican organizations of Chippewa county and the city of the Soo having agreed with practical unanimity on a candidate for the postoffice to succeed William Webster, better known as "Billy Webster," all that Congressman Young need do, as they see it, is recommend his appointment to the president.

The supreme court's ruling in regard to Lieutenant Kelly's vote is doubtless sound enough. However, the court did not pass on the discretion and good sense of the senate boxers' refusal to agree to a referendum—which could have been had without expense to the state—on a question of such moment as the 40 per cent provision of the present primary election law.

Georgia has signified its intention to take a place in the prohibition column. Georgia already has local option, under

Advertisement for Superior Trust Company, Hancock Michigan, Capital \$150,000. Lists C. A. Wright, Jacob Baeke, and M. C. Getchell.

which the traffic has been driven out of 130 of the 145 counties of the state. Now it is proposed to make prohibition general. A bill to this effect has just passed the senate by a vote of 34 to 7, and it is certain to be concurred in by the house, which is almost unanimous on the cold water side.

It is reported from the Soo that Mayor Sullivan has the upper hand in the jungle about Sunday observance, and that the saloons will be closed without interference with motion stores, candy shops, ice cream parlors, the street cars or the industrial concerns that find it necessary to do business on Sunday.

The Bay City Tribune thinks it would save the state a lot of money to employ a first-class constitutional lawyer to pass on the constitutionality and legality of every bill that is before the legislature.

The reports from the head of the lakes show that the ore handlers' strike has developed in a serious manner. It has spread from Duluth to the other shipping points, with the result that ore movement from the docks is at a standstill.

The reports from the head of the lakes show that the ore handlers' strike has developed in a serious manner. It has spread from Duluth to the other shipping points, with the result that ore movement from the docks is at a standstill.

One of the wealthiest women of our land has set aside ten million dollars to be used for the improvement of social and living conditions among the poor throughout the country.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

was prosperous. At his death a short time ago Senator Larios was not only a leading business man, but one of the most beloved citizens of Malaga, and thirty thousand people followed his remains to the tomb.

While no doubt the kindness of the employer to his operatives won their good will and contributed to the success of the mill, a better explanation of happy manner in which Senator Larios' policy worked out may perhaps be found in the statement that "extraordinary diligence and care on the part of the employe in his or her work, or great activity displayed by an operative, was duly recompensed in some way at some time by the proprietor of the mill and every operative being aware of this sought to do his best."

Finland is a very small country. Here-tofore it has commanded little more attention than that aroused by its odd-sounding name, or its small allotment in the travels of Cook or Baedeker.

Finland is a very small country. Here-tofore it has commanded little more attention than that aroused by its odd-sounding name, or its small allotment in the travels of Cook or Baedeker.

Nineteen thinking, working members of the gentler sex have been elected to Finland's national legislative body—the Finnish diet. Within a year this legislative body will be called into session to enact new laws or amendments of laws for the betterment of its people.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

"We believe in the sanctity of the marriage relation," says Mrs. Milna Sillanpaa, "but we do not believe that the innocent offspring shall suffer for the sins of its parents."

"Free education, from kindergarten to college, will abolish the crime of social castes," says Miss Minni Kanervo; "it will level the entire nation."

From the success or failure of these nineteen women the world will draw some valuable conclusions.

One of the wealthiest women of our land has set aside ten million dollars to be used for the improvement of social and living conditions among the poor throughout the country.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Notice is hereby given, that by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette, in the State of Michigan, in Chancery, the West Republic Mining Company, a corporation under the laws of the State of Michigan, has been dissolved.

Iron Notes

Finally put down to the ledge at an approximate depth of 130 feet from surface, the shaft at Pickands, Marquette, Co's., under way on the Lake Superior range, near Bivabik, Mesaba range, will shortly be in readiness for permanent duty.

Sunk by sections, the shaft has been dropped eight feet at a time as the sand has been dropped up through a cylinder of steel, and at each stage concrete has been poured into and allowed to set in the space between the two forms attached to the steel shoe, creating thus the permanent walls.

The cost of getting down to the ledge has been great at both mines, especially in view of the former and unsuccessful attempts, and the first ton of ore taken out when the deposits are opened up will represent a good-sized figure.

No little trouble of similar nature has been encountered at the New Kellogg mine of the New York State Steel company, in the same vicinity, but the overburden here is not so thick nor as treacherous, and a shaft sunk by the drop system has successfully penetrated the ledge at a depth of some eighty feet.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

By the success or failure of Finland the nations of the world may be guided in their consideration of the suffrage question.

"How to Make Money Without Risking a Dollar."

There are a great many men and women who would like to make money by speculation but who are afraid to risk it as they do not understand it. Money is made by speculation. You may make a living in your business, but no one can accumulate without speculating.

You send me \$20 and I will guarantee to pay back your \$20 any time you ask for it, you agreeing to leave the profits I make for you as a nest egg and trade with it after I double your money.

J. W. SPEAR, INVESTMENT BROKER, Established 1893, Marquette, Mich.

Opera House MONDAY July 22 and all week long

Morgan's Comedians MISS HILDA MORGAN The Doll Comedienne

High Class Vaudeville Between all acts. Prices: 10, 20 & 30c NO HIGHER

BATH COMFORT! The daily bath pays in comfort as well as health.

Desjardins Pharmacy, 417 North 3rd Street.

THE BEST SPRING WATER ON EARTH is used in making "Drei Kaiser" Bottled BEER

U. P. BREWING CO. MARQUETTE - MICHIGAN

KENTUCKY BRED SADDLERS Up-to-Date Livery Outfits Sanitary Boarding Stables Hodgkins Bros. Co.

Wood and Building Material Kelley Island lime, gypsum and wood shims.

LAKE/SUPERIOR & ISHPEMING RY. MUNISING RAILWAY. MARQUETTE & SOUTHEASTERN RY

TRAIN SCHEDULE TABLE. In effect June 9, 1907. WEEK DAYS.

TRAIN SCHEDULE TABLE. SUNDAYS.

TRAIN SCHEDULE TABLE. SUNDAYS.

Charlton & Kuenzi Architects

Training School for Nurses. The training school for nurses of the Copper Range Hospital at Trumountain, Houghton Co., Mich.

Classified Want Directory HELP WANTED. WANTED—Males—our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach the barber trade in a few weeks.

WANTED—A girl for general housework, 403 E. Michigan.

WANTED—An expert cook and housekeeper, family of Mrs. Dr. Goodnow, Michigamme.

WANTED—A couple of good strong boys to work in the bottling department, U. P. Brewing Co.

FOR RENT—An eight-room house, hot water heat, modern, on Crescent street, between Front and High.

FOR SALE—Seven-room house. Enquire 953 Alger street.

FOR SALE—House and lot, 201 Hampton street. Enquire at premises.

CUT RATE SHIPPING—Cut rates on household goods to Pacific coast and other points.

Marquette Boiler and Sheet Iron Works E. F. KENNEDY, Proprietor. Boilers, Tanks, Smoke Stacks ETC., BUILT AND REPAIRED

The Joliet Bridge and Iron Company Engineers, Contractors and Builders of Steel Mining, Mill and Water Power Buildings and Bridges.

Copper Country

REUNION AT CENTRAL MINE.

Old Residents Will Gather There Tomorrow in Numbers.

One of the most interesting gatherings planned in the copper country this summer is that which will be held at the old Central mine in Keweenaw county tomorrow afternoon. The reunion will be held in the old Methodist church. Many prominent people of the copper country were born at or near the old Central mine and many first settled in the copper country at that point. All of these are requested to gather there tomorrow. Rev. R. Hancock and Rev. Mr. Peckham, former pastors of the Methodist church, will have prominent places in the reunion program.

A few years ago Central had a population of about 1,300. Now it is one of the many deserted villages of Keweenaw county, which are happily however enjoying a restoration. The Methodist church was built by the Central Mining company in 1868, and it has never actually been transferred to the Methodist Episcopal society. The Central school was one of the largest in the county. It cost \$7,500 to build, and at one time served nearly 400 pupils. All of these pupils and church members are scattered in various parts of the copper country, and it is expected that the majority of them will gather tomorrow at their deserted village for one of the pleasantest reunions ever held in the copper country.

The program is under the direction of Superintendent Nichols of the Osceola schools, and it will consist of hymns and songs by old residents of Central as well as other musical numbers. A portable organ will be taken to the old church, and Mrs. T. E. Mitchell, a former organist, at the Central, will preside at the instrument.

TRINITY CHURCH BUILDING.

Contractor Began Work on Houghton Edifice Yesterday.

The Northern Construction company, which has the contract for the construction of the new Trinity church in Houghton, set a gang of stone cutters to work on material for the building yesterday morning, and Contractor Kimpel says that the work will be rushed. The church is to be built largely of Portage Entry stone, and considerable time will have to be taken up in preparing the stone before active building operations will be begun.

The work of building was started last year. The old frame edifice was torn down and taken away from the site at Montezuma and Pawnee streets. Then the basement was excavated, and the basement constructed. The church board had let the contract for the basement, only and the work was suspended when that part of the building was completed. Now the Northern Construction company has secured the contract for the erection of the superstructure, and is at work.

The old residence of the late Hon. Jay A. Hubbell is being torn down by the authorities of the Michigan College of Mines, the building grounds now being a portion of the college property. The purpose is to clear the site for the new museum and library building to be used next year.

ESTABLISHED 1894.

Palne Webber & Co., Bankers and Brokers

BOSTON, MASS. Members New York Stock Exchange, Boston Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.

Arizona Stocks a Specialty.

BRANCH OFFICES: Marquette, Mich. Houghton, Mich. Butte, Mont. Calumet, Mich. Duluth, Minn. Milwaukee, Wis.

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS

MEMBERS NEW YORK AND BOSTON STOCK EXCHANGES.

65 State Street, Boston. 120 Broadway, New York.

Copper Stocks a Specialty

JAMES S. DUNSTAN Formerly of Hancock, Michigan, at New York Office.

ON NIGHT SHIFT

When the sun goes to sleep, an Electric Sign goes to work. How well it works successful merchants know. Get one to work for you.

HOUGHTON COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

TWO OFFICIAL REPORTS.

Houghton County Prosecutor's-Baraga County Sheriff's.

Prosecuting Attorney Angus W. Kerr of Houghton county has prepared for Attorney General Bird a report of the business of his office for the half year ending July 1. It shows that in the six months there were 337 criminal cases tried, and of these 250 ended in conviction. Only twenty persons charged with crimes were acquitted, and sixty-seven cases were nolle prossed or settled out of court. The report shows that the cases were fewer in the six months covered than in the previous like period, and that generally they were minor offenses, violations of the liquor law predominating. There were happily few murder or serious assault cases. Sheriff Cosgrove of Baraga county has prepared for his county board his annual report, for the year ending July 1. It shows that police matters were more active than in the preceding year, the jail having entertained seventy-four prisoners as against forty-seven in 1906. However, these seventy-four persons sixty-seven were charged with minor offenses, and the others were insane. The remaining three were charged with high crimes.

U. S. COMMISSIONER'S HEARING.

C. W. Goodale Disposes of Several United States Cases.

C. W. Goodale of Houghton, United States commissioner for Houghton county, yesterday heard three cases brought before him by E. D. Mosher of Marquette, United States deputy marshal. The first was that of E. A. Demars, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses and defrauding the United States mails by cashing a money order for \$30 made out to Albert Doumas. Demars was bound over to the September term of the United States circuit court, and in default of bail in the sum of \$1,000 was remanded to jail at Marquette.

Demars and Doumas were unknown to each other, but owing to the similarity of the names in the United States circuit court, and in default of bail in the sum of \$1,000 was remanded to jail at Marquette.

Demars and Doumas were unknown to each other, but owing to the similarity of the names in the United States circuit court, and in default of bail in the sum of \$1,000 was remanded to jail at Marquette.

PLAN ONTAGON TRIP.

Chief Voetsch of Houghton Visits Tournament Town.

Louis Voetsch, chief of the Houghton fire and police departments, and Chief Mitchell of the Houghton fire department, left yesterday for Ontonagon to make arrangements for the entertainment there next month of the two departments. The organizations will go to Ontonagon in a body in August to attend the convention and tournament of the Upper Peninsula Firemen's association.

Chief Voetsch hopes to be able to arrange for accommodations in the town, but falling in this will attempt to secure sleeping cars to take his men to and from the tournament and serve as quarters for them while there. This novel plan would be a distinct departure from the usual crowded condition in which a fire department finds itself at a tournament. The Ontonagon committees claim they will have ample accommodations, but the departments seem to doubt it. Captain Miller of Houghton is going to make use of his Spanish war experience and bivouac his department. He will take tentage along, and the department will go into camp during the tournament.

In point of attendance the tournament promises to be one of the biggest ever held. It will have a small card of races and no extra attractions, but every copper country department has promised to go with a full membership, except the usual detail which must remain at home to guard against fire. The Houghton, Lake Linden, Hubbell, Calumet, Hancock and Laurium companies have all promised to go with their entire membership. It is all there is to the tournament anyway. He has noticed references in these columns to the lack of running teams, and he says they affect the annual gathering not a jot. It is a reunion of old fire fighting comrades and it is getting more and more so every year. From this point of view it would appear that the races are not necessary to make the tournament a success.

OFF TO KINCARDINE REUNION.

A party of Calumet people consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Robinson and Miss Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. John Ennis, Mrs. Peter Taylor, the Misses McLenan and John McDuff and Will Gilbert, left Calumet last night for Kincardine, Ont., to participate next week in the Kincardine Old Boys' celebration. Many Canadian cities have organized among their former residents "old boys' associations," the members of which annually assemble at their former home, a gathering similar to the home-week celebrations in American cities. This Kincardine event is one of that order. Dr. and Mrs. A. G. McLeod of Calumet, who are enroute to their old home in Scotland, will also be present at the celebration, and Dan McLeod, a former Canadian athlete of note, will referee a lacrosse match during the celebration.

A HAPPY MAN.

Is Amos F. King, of Port Byron, N. Y., (85 years of age); since a sore on his leg, which had troubled him the greater part of his life, has been entirely healed by Bucklen's Anker Salve, the world's great healer of Sores, Burns, Cuts, Wounds and Piles. Guaranteed by The Stafford Drug Co. Price 25c.

QUICK RELIEF FOR ASTHMA SUFFERERS.

Foley's Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages and if taken in time will effect a cure. Sold by The Stafford Drug Co.

TUXEDO CLUB CIGARS

REPUBLICANS MEET.

Keweenaw Convention Held Yesterday—Houghton Call Today.

The Keweenaw county Republican convention for the purpose of naming delegates to the senatorial convention to be held at Laurium, Aug. 13 was held yesterday at Eagle River.

The Republican committee for Houghton county will meet at Houghton today for the purpose of calling a convention for the same purpose.

Similar conventions will be held in Ontonagon and Baraga counties for the purpose of sending delegates to the Laurium convention.

CIRCUSES ARE COMING.

Gollmar Bros. Show Monday and Tuesday—Norris & Rowe's.

The copper country small boy and his older relations will have one or two good times this summer. Two circuses are coming. Gollmar Bros. show will be at Hancock Monday and at Calumet Tuesday. It is the usual three-ring, most spectacular, blood sweating menagerie, greatest circus on earth. It will have all the features and will serve the purpose just as well as Ringling Bros.

GOOD WILL FARM PLANS.

Mrs. Walker Sought Again as Financial Agent.

The board of trustees of the Good Will Farm & Home Finding association are negotiating with Mrs. Gertrude M. Walker of Chicago, now a solicitor for the Chicago Orphans' Home, to return to Houghton to assume her old position as financial agent for the association. Mrs. Walker occupied this position for a number of years and was a fine worker for Good Will Farm.

Treasurer Haas of the association said yesterday that Mrs. Walker in the field the purpose of the association to care for the homeless children of the upper peninsula would be the better served. All cases in the peninsula could then be taken care of. Good Will Farm has had little publicity during the past year, since the departure of Superintendent Draper and his circus methods. The farm is flourishing and is now harvesting a bountiful crop of strawberries. It has also fine crops of hay, corn and potatoes in prospect.

HOUGHTON IN SECOND PLACE.

Giants Achieve a Sudden Elevation in North Trip.

The Houghton Giants by defeating the Winnipeg team Thursday afternoon with a score of 6 to 1 jumped into second place in the pennant race. Winnipeg had taken a game from Duluth in the morning, and the Houghton win forced Duluth down to third place. This seems incredible when it is recalled that Houghton was in last place when the copper country teams went north Tuesday night. The team, which played only two games, but they have been enough to force it to the second position. Last week it looked like a race between Houghton and Calumet for last place; now Houghton is in a position to fight with Winnipeg for the pennant. The outcome of baseball only goes to show that a team is never down and out until the season is over, unless it wants to be. The standing of the teams yesterday was as follows:

	W.	L.	P.C.
Winnipeg	3	16	46.9
Houghton	28	33	45.9
Duluth	26	31	45.6
Calumet	26	34	43.3

FASCINATING PURSUIT.

Hunting Green Stones on Isle Royale is a Delight.

"There is a certain fascination about hunting these Lake Superior green stones," said a Houghton visitor at the Douglas yesterday. "I had heard a good deal about them before going to Isle Royale, and had admired them in the store windows, but never had any thought that I would care to exert myself to the extent of digging around in the rocks and sand for them. After I went to Isle Royale last year my ideas on the subject changed. The people spending their vacations there seemed to be getting more fun out of going after green stones than they did out of fishing."

"A bunch got me to go along with them one day, and I went against my will. I was lucky in finding a good stone the first day, and the others admired it so much that my interest was aroused and the rest of the morning I displayed as much energy as any one else in the hunt. That put the fever in my blood, and during the remainder of my stay I was every day looking for the stones. I even went so far as to get up at 5 o'clock in the morning so that I might search a while before breakfast. As a result of all this industry I got quite a presentable collection and later received offers of as high as \$2 for single stones."

"Some of the stones I found along the shore, but most of them were spotted from a rowboat. The water over there is remarkably clear, and a person can distinguish objects for a distance of many feet. Small greenstones can be seen six or eight feet down, and by means of poles with special attachments at the end, they may be fished out. The field where they are to be found extends for five or six miles, so there will probably be good pickings there for several years to come, in spite of the fact that so many people are looking for them all the time."

AWAY WITH SMOKE NUISANCE.

Red Jacket Council Will Pass an Ordinance—Houghton's Needs.

The village council of Red Jacket has in preparation an ordinance directed against the smoke nuisance. It will be intended to regulate the use of large smokestacks so that Red Jacket will be a cleaner place in which to live. As the village is entirely surrounded by the smokestacks of mining companies, the ordinance will be of little effect, except within the town itself.

But the effort of the Red Jacket council is commendable, and many people in Houghton would be pleased to see their council take up the question. There are at least a half dozen smokestacks within the business district of Houghton, and these scatter enough soot to make a Panama hat look like mourning garb after one day's wearing. White dresses may not be worn in Houghton if it is intended to sit down in them, and the dust is the domestic implement most employed in the village. The council intended some time ago to take up the matter, but so far has not made good.

DEATH OF CHRIS. JOHNSON.

Chris Johnson, forty-eight years of age and for twenty years an employee of the Tamarack Mining company, is dead at his home in the Tamarack location.

Death was the result of a cancer. His wife and three children, one of the latter a sailor in the United States navy, survive him. The funeral will be held tomorrow under the auspices of the Macabees.

BIG STRIKE AT MANDAN.

It is reported from the Keweenaw Copper company's shaft at Mandan that a rick strike of copper rock was made at a depth of 710 feet on Thursday.

Captain Hoatson, mining superintendent of the company, declares that it is as rich amygdaloid rock as he has ever seen. President Wright of the company visited the Mandan shaft Thursday, and verifies the report of the strike.

STANTON TROPHY SHOOT.

The Calumet and Houghton militia companies will meet today on the former's range in one of the regularly scheduled shoots for the Stanton cup. The event will be an interesting one, as the teams are evenly matched and they have each won the trophy twice.

COPPERDOME BREVITIES.

Dr. Alfred C. Lane, state geologist, is in Houghton on an official visit.

Rev. L. S. Bridges, pastor of the Hancock Baptist church, has gone to Alexandria, Ia., for a visit.

Kenneth Mallon of the Calumet hockey team has returned to Calumet after a visit at his home in Canada since the close of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Woolway and Miss Woolway of Duluth, who have been visiting relatives in Houghton, and Keweenaw counties, returned home yesterday.

President Fitch and General Freight Agent Walker of the D., S. S. & A. ton have been visiting stations in the copper country, west east yesterday morning.

The funeral of the late Thomas Davey will be held Thursday afternoon from Grace M. E. church, Houghton. A large cortege accompanied the remains to their last resting place in Forest Hill cemetery.

John Pantan, head of the firm of Pantan & White of Duluth, principal owners of the new glass block store in Calumet, is in that place looking over the new establishment.

The Rita W. Harlan company will give Calumet theater guests summer dramatic entertainment all next week. The troupe opened at Calumet theater Monday night in repertoire.

The Barber Asphalt company has advised Mayor Scott of Hancock that this week it would send a gang of men to the city to repair the defective spots in the pavement. This is in line with the company's guarantee of ten years.

William Johnson, clerk of Calumet township, is the champion tennis player in the township. He is a member of the Secretary Westernman of the institution, and yesterday Mr. Johnson defeated Mr. Westernman two games straight.

Mining News

ELY (NEVADA) DISTRICT.

Will in Time Take High Rank as a Copper Producer.

Richard A. Parker, mining engineer of Denver, has recently returned from a trip through Nevada, visiting the Ely copper camp and the Black Horse gold camp. He says: "Ely has the greatest copper development of recent years, and the camp will in time take high rank among the copper producers. They have copper there in unbound quantities for a new camp. Developments have been so rapid under the lead of systematic developments planned by the Nevada Consolidated and Cumberland Ely companies that all companies now operating in the camp are working on the lines laid out by these big properties."

"Millions are being expended there in all directions, but the money is being expended economically and systematically, so that Ely will in a well planned and well laid out mining camp. The Guggenheim interests are spending millions in reduction works. Pope Yeatman, in charge of the Guggenheim operations, expects the first unit of the plant, consisting of 300 tons concentrating capacity and 600-ton smelting capacity, to go into commission Nov. 1; but if it goes into commission Jan. 1, they will be doing well. The first foundations are all in, and the steel work is well ahead of requirements, but there has been and is likely to be considerable delay on account of inefficient labor. The Black Horse camp is located sixty miles southeast of Ely. It is a gold camp with excellent surface showings and some Boston money has gone into the camp. It promises to have a water development that may in time prove of great value to the mining interests of Ely."

BUTTE COALITION.

It turns out that the discovering of copper ore at the 2100-foot level in the Corra mine was one of the most important strikes that has been made in Butte in a long time. Since the discovery was first made the vein has been traced and found to be forty-six feet wide. It is nearly all first-class. This vein, it is said, is practically a new one,

the Guggenheim-Thompson-Phillips people are interested, will be turned over to the recently formed Consolidated Copper company, capitalized for \$50,000,000. The only company so far taken over has been the Ely Mines, which owns a large acreage between the Nevada Consolidated and the Cumberland Ely in the Ely camp, which property is represented by 120,000 shares of stock upon which \$5 per share has been paid in. Over \$500,000 in cash has recently been expended in getting the Ely mines properties together. This company was taken over on the basis of three shares of Consolidated stock for each share of Ely Mines. The Ely Mines stock has never been upon the market, though as high as \$15 per share has been privately paid for it in the past few months.

It is not unlikely that the shares of the Nevada Consolidated and Cumberland Ely companies, of which there are now outstanding 1,300,000 shares of each, will go into the new company on the basis of three shares of new stock for each share of Nevada Consolidated, and 2 1/2 shares of new stock for each share of Cumberland Ely. There will be no immediate attempt made to take over the Utah Copper company, that being under later consideration, although it is planned to have the Consolidated Copper company eventually control the porphyry ore deposits of both the Ely and Bingham camps. When the Utah Copper company is taken over, an attempt will probably be made to also take over the Boston Consolidated, as these two companies control the porphyry deposits of Bingham.

It is not expected that the Nevada Consolidated and Cumberland Ely companies will be able to figure much in the production of copper. The reduction works of these two companies, now under construction will cost it is estimated, \$6,200,000. The plant will undoubtedly cost \$7,000,000 and from the starting up of the first unit of the plant it is figured that both companies can earn about \$2 per share on their stock. The Cumberland Ely company now has a three-year supply of ore ready for the smelter that will run about 3 1/2 per cent. The average assays on all of the ore in sight has been 3.28 per cent. It is said that the reason for making the par value of the shares of the Consolidated Copper company \$5 was to provide an international market. The trading in the London market is done in \$4 shares. It is planned to have this stock traded in not only in New York and Boston, but in London, Paris and Berlin.

ACTIVITY AT BISBEE.

Forces at the Mines as Large as Before the Strike.

During the past week there has been little of interest in the mines of the Warren district, says the Bisbee Review. The companies are daily increasing their working force, notwithstanding the arrival of a few new Western Federation pickets. The trials of the pickets at Lowell, who are charged with trying to intimidate men who are at work for the mining companies, have all so far resulted in hung juries, though in one case eleven of the jury were for conviction. The companies now have forces at work equal to the force at work before the strike in April. Except for a few meddlesome pickets now holding forth at Lowell, there is no evidence of the labor strike remaining. During the week it was announced by the Western Federation that a union was to be organized at Douglas to be composed of the men at work in the smelters, but the best advice from that city is to the effect that the smeltermen are not taking much stock in the men who come to work as satisfactory, and there is no more cause for labor agitation there than there was in Bisbee. The strike in Bisbee was doomed to failure from the beginning, because of the fact that the agitators were trying to force an organization into a district where it was not wanted by the men employed in the mines and because the hoisting engineers, firemen and those engaged with the companies in other avocations than mining unanimously refused to recognize the Western Federation strike order. It is believed that the men in Douglas among all classes employed at the smelters is stronger against the trouble-makers than it was in Bisbee. Notwithstanding the claim that a local union has already been organized in Douglas it is not believed that it will ever draw sufficient strength to even split down a single furnace or cause the loss of a single charge.

The smelters in Douglas are being operated to the extreme limit, and are daily receiving from the mines in Bisbee more ore than is necessary to supply the capacity of both plants. During the past week both the Copper Queen and the Calumet & Arizona smelters have been able to put considerable ore in the reserve piles which have not been drawn for six weeks. The construction work at the Calumet & Arizona is being pushed forward with all possible speed. Two new 500-ton furnaces have been planned, and besides this the five old furnaces are all to be enlarged from 300 to 500 ton capacities. This will mean an increased capacity of the Calumet & Arizona of 3,000 tons during the present year if all this construction work can be completed by January 1.

The Copper Queen smelter is operating ten furnaces and there is steady growth in custom ore tonnage arriving daily. The 125-foot addition to the east end of the smelter building is now practically complete and material for the addition to the west end of the smelter building is arriving now and foundations are practically complete. At the Queen since daily more than eighty thousand tons of ore have been added to the reserve pits after supplying the furnaces from daily ore receipts. The Queen management is making plans for greatly enlarging their smelter capacity during the next year in preparation for large increased mining at Bisbee and also at Cananea; it is known that at this time the Phelps-Dodge properties at Cananea are now in position to treble ore shipments whenever it can be accommodated by the smelter.

FREE TO YOU—MY SISTER

Free to You and Every Sister Suffering from Women's Ailments.

I am a woman. I know woman's sufferings. I have found the cure. I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home, without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand woman's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I have cured Leucorrhoea or White Discharge, Irritation, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Premature Menstruation, Pains, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths, Weakness in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, dizziness, loss of the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, nervousness, kidney and bladder troubles, and those caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex. I want to send you a complete ten day's treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give the wish to continue. It will cost you only about 10 cents for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you the treatment book "WOMAN'S MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why you suffer from your ailment. Every woman that has ever been old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which specially and effectively cures Leucorrhoea, Green Discharge and Painful or Irregular Menstruation in Young Ladies. Plagues and health always result from sex. Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell you how to cure your ailment. This Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten-day's treatment, by return mail, the book. Write today, as you may not see this offer again. Address MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box H. Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK

HOUGHTON, MICHIGAN

OFFICERS. DIRECTORS.

Graham Pope, President. C. V. Seaber, C. H. Moss, Cashier.

Graham Pope, C. V. Seaber, B. F. Chynoweth, J. H. Johnson, E. R. Hall, A. P. Holdman, W. H. Schulte, John O. Stone, C. H. Moss.

for it appears below the 1900-foot level. Drifting is now in progress in it at the point of intersection. The Corra is owned by the Butte Coalition company and is one of the mines which the United Copper company and F. A. Heinze transferred to the Coleman interests just prior to the organization of the Red Metal and Coalition companies. It was not much of a producer when Mr. Heinze sold it, but shortly afterward the new operators discovered a vein of sulphides at right angles to some openings made by the Heinze forces while the latter were following a copper ore body on the 1000. The company opened this vein on the 1000, 1500 and 1400-foot levels, and it has been the principal source of production from that mine since then. Now that another vein almost four times as wide and containing a better class of ore has been struck, the Corra, always regarded as a low-grade producer, will undoubtedly take rank among the big ones.

The fact that the new vein opens below the 1900-foot level and is so large at the 2100 is a pretty good argument in favor of the veins of the Butte district going deep. So far they, or at least one or two of them, have been opened at a depth of 2,400 feet, and are eventually to be opened deeper, and are immensely productive at that depth. The shaft on the High Oro is now 2,800 feet deep, and will be sunk to the 2,875, the old seventy-five foot stump purposes. The shaft on the Corra is 2,200 feet deep, and is to be connected with the Diamond at that depth in order that the water will flow into the latter. The new vein will then be crossed at that point and opened in good shape.

Upper Peninsula

Missing Girl Is Found—Ethel Sensiba, the seventeen-year-old daughter of C. H. Sensiba of Iron River, Mich., who disappeared from the home of her uncle, James Tiernan in this city on Thursday, June 27, has been located at Oshkosh, says a Green Bay dispatch. She went to Oshkosh the day after her disappearance and registered at the Fowler hotel as Miss Ethel Schultes. The following morning she asked Landlord William Cook for a position, which she received. The proprietor and the hotel girls were unaware of her identity until it was discovered when she lost a letter containing a \$5 bill. Miss Sensiba was determined to attend the Oshkosh Normal school and had arranged to wait on tables at the hotel for her board during the fall term.

Girl Gets Big Damage—The Van De Bogart damage suit, brought against the Marinette & Menominee Paper company, tried in circuit court, reversed in supreme court and granted mandamus for trial; tried again and finally decided in favor of the plaintiff by the highest tribunal in Wisconsin, has been settled and judgment satisfied. The attorneys who represented the unfortunate girl during this long legal battle have received a check amounting to \$14,000, with interest from June 24, from the paper company and the Travelers' Insurance company. Several years ago, while working in the paper mill, the girl had her long hair caught in whirling machinery, and before assistance could be rendered, her scalp was terribly lacerated. After an unsuccessful attempt at settlement, the girl brought suit and through the great legal fight her attorneys she finally has been recompensed for the affliction sustained.

Valuation of Ironwood Mines—The valuation of mining property at Ironwood, metropolis of the Gogebic ranges, as fixed by the board of revisors for the purpose of taxation, is somewhat higher than last year. By companies, it now stands on the assessment rolls as follows:

Company	Real	Personal
Steel Corporation	\$22,500	\$70,000
Corrie mine	88,700	
East Norrie	538,200	
Aurora	538,200	
Pabst	307,000	
	\$2,890,800	\$710,000
Cleveland-Cliffs	577,320	137,500
Schlesinger	577,320	137,500
Newport mine	575,900	190,300
	\$3,231,820	\$1,057,800

Real and personal together, the total is \$4,289,620. The valuation of the entire city is \$5,550,250, so that taxes will be paid only on \$1,260,635 worth of general property.

Menominee Gets Convention—After several hours balloting, in which Menominee, Detroit, and Manistee were the prominent contenders, the Sheriffs,

FREE TO YOU—MY SISTER

Free to You and Every Sister Suffering from Women's Ailments.

I am a woman. I know woman's sufferings. I have found the cure. I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home, without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand woman's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I have cured Leucorrhoea or White Discharge, Irritation, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Premature Menstruation, Pains, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths, Weakness in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, dizziness, loss of the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, nervousness, kidney and bladder troubles, and those caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex. I want to send you a complete ten day's treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give the wish to continue. It will cost you only about 10 cents for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you the treatment book "WOMAN'S MEDICAL ADVISER" with explanatory illustrations showing why you suffer from your ailment. Every woman that has ever been old or young. To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which specially and effectively cures Leucorrhoea, Green Discharge and Painful or Irregular Menstruation in Young Ladies. Plagues and health always result from sex. Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell you how to cure your ailment. This Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten-day's treatment, by return mail, the book. Write today, as you may not see this offer again. Address MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box H. Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

FREE TO YOU—MY SISTER

Free to You and Every Sister Suffering from Women's Ailments.

I am a woman. I know woman's sufferings. I have found the cure. I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home, without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand woman's sufferings. What we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor. I have cured Leucorrhoea or White Discharge, Irritation, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Premature Menstruation, Pains

OUR SODA SPECIALTIES:

French Marron Sundae, 20c
Strawberry (Marquette) Sundae, 10c
Raspberry Fresh Sundae, 10c
OPEN AFTER ALL SHOWS

Don't mind the crowd, a few minutes wait will bring a table.

The Stafford Drug Co.

Front and Main Sts.

The Ideal Cooker



The only perfect and practical combination
Square Steam Cooker and Baker
on the market.
Call in and see our stock.
M. R. MANHARD & SON

Economy WINDOW SCREENS

Something new and practical; simple, compact, durable. Absolutely fly-proof and cannot be opened from the outside. Made for either half or full windows. Call and see them.

The Superior Lumber Co.

209 So. Front St. Both 'phones No. 90.

Atlas Portland Cement

The Standard American Brand.

Fire Brick Wood Fiber Plaster
Fire Clay Adamant
Lime Sewer Pipe
Get our prices.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.

Foot of Baraga Ave. Marquette, Mich.

Our Soda Fountain

serves the coldest of refreshing soda made from the purest and most wholesome materials.

Plenty of crushed fruits. Fancy drinks to please by their novelty.

Our ice cream is noted for its smooth richness. Prove its merits.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE

S. B. JONES, Manager MARQUETTE, MICH.

TOMATOES

Rockyford Melons

CAULIFLOWER, CUCUMBERS, ASPARAGUS, RADISH,

WAX BEANS

LETTUCE, PIE PLANT, NEW BEETS, NEW CARROTS, PARSLEY,

Strawberries

Olives in Bulk

D. MURRAY

114 S. Front St.

PICNIC AND CAMPING

PARTIES CALL ON

DEL'S GROCERY,

133 Washington St.

If you wish your orders filled with the best

Fruits, Groceries and VEGETABLES

A Word From the Ice Man

We have secured for family use 300 cords of clear blue ice from the open lake Northwest of Presque Isle. There is no question regarding the purity and quality of this ice. It is unexcelled. The equal of this ice has never been delivered in the city. Remember this is the only company delivering open lake ice in the city.

Yours for prompt and regular service.

Lake Superior Ice Co.

PALACE LIVERY STABLE

FAY & BRICKER, Props.

First-class Livery Service at all hours

First-class Boarding Stable

Teams of All Kinds

FOR SALE—Driving and Draft Horses to suit any wants.

Surplus Stock of Bedding Plants

At Reduced Prices..

In order to clear out flower beds for fall and winter stock we are anxious to sell the balance of our bedding stock.

The Stafford Greenhouses

N. Third St.

Down town branch: WERNER'S GROCERY.

COAL

Wholesale and Retail

Jas. Pickands & Co., Ltd. Marquette, Mich.

On account of overstock I must sell regardless of cost my large stock of wagons, carriages, buggies and harness at once.

H. E. BITTNER, Marquette

City Brevities

Today's weather: Fair and cooler; fresh northwest winds.

Yesterday's temperature: Seven a. m., 67 degrees; noon, 72; 7 p. m., 64. Maximum, 74 degrees; minimum, 60.

A. Mathews left for Chicago yesterday.

Miss Norma Ross left the city for Detroit yesterday.

Joseph Sness of Negaunee was among yesterday's visitors.

D. S. Donovan is home from a several weeks' stay in Milwaukee.

Luncheon will be served at noon today at the Marquette club.

Theodore Thoren, city attorney of Negaunee, was here yesterday.

J. R. Thompson, mining man, of Ironwood, spent yesterday here.

Henry Hallam of Michigan spent the day in Marquette yesterday.

The Ideal orchestra will give a social hop at Fraternity Hall this evening.

Miss Olive McLellan has taken a position with the firm of Bigelow & Co.

O. W. Robinson, former Lieutenant governor, was here from Chassell yesterday.

James Maloney, marshal of Princeton, visited at his home in the city yesterday.

M. H. Foard is advertising for sale a summer house that possesses an exceptionally good location.

Mrs. W. J. Allen and Mrs. Benjamin Youren of Ironwood are visiting at the home of Sam Bennett.

Hanck's drum corps will visit the prison today, entertaining the convicts with their music and drilling.

A concert will be given at Fraternity Hall next Tuesday evening by the celebrated Finnish band of Ashtabula, O.

Ishpeming residents who visited in the city yesterday were: Al Andrews, T. J. Maloney, R. P. Bronson and M. J. Kennedy.

Mrs. George Charlan, who came here to attend the funeral of her mother, the late Mrs. Helen Crowe, left for her home in Warren, Ark., yesterday.

A. Ekstrom, for the past nine years a clerk with A. Westlake, has resigned his position and accepted a place with L. Grabower. Mr. Ekstrom is a capable salesman and is well known to the local trade.

A very pleasant informal dancing party was given at Legion Hall last night by D. Sness, Baron, Osgood, Conwell, and Peters. It was the third of the series. Sweet's orchestra furnished the music.

Out of town residents who passed through the city yesterday on their way to the Huron Mountain club were: Dr. William Radcliffe of Washington, D. C., and E. D. Smith, L. D. Smith, E. D. Smith and Mrs. Dunlap Smith of Chicago.

C. W. Thompson, local freight agent for the South Shore, has resigned his position, and will turn over the office to his successor as soon as he is appointed. Mr. Thompson will return to the copper country, his former home. He has not yet decided on his plans, but has a number of good offers.

United States Deputy Marshal Mosher came down from Houghton yesterday with E. A. Demars, a prisoner who has been bound over for trial in the federal court here on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses and defrauding the mails by cashing a post-office order made out to another man.

To Keep Us Warm—The steamer Packer, which arrived yesterday from Buffalo, is unloading 1,600 tons of hard coal at the F. B. Spear & Sons' dock.

Eastbound Boats—The passenger steamer Juniata, sailed last night at 7 o'clock. The Japan will leave this morning at 11 o'clock. Both boats are eastbound.

Increasing in Popularity—Tonight's program at the Grand theater is published in another part of this issue. Increasing attendance shows that the attractions of this theater are appreciated by the public.

Prisoner Brought Here—Convicted of being a disorderly person, Jacob Hunt yesterday began a term in the Marquette prison. The various offenses which brought about the prison term were committed in Escanaba.

Paroled on His Vacation—Frank Thorton of Escanaba, who is visiting Rev. Father Jodocy, is recovering from an attack of ivy poisoning which he suffered while on a fishing trip a week ago. His vacation has been prolonged on account of his illness.

Special Music at Presbyterian Church—Mrs. R. Murray of London, Ont., and S. M. Simons of Detroit, will each sing a solo at the morning service tomorrow in the Presbyterian church. Both have powerful, well modulated voices of very excellent quality and wide range.

Will Hear Old Case—The Kloman Mining case, which has been on the docket for the past three years, and which was continued at the last term, will be taken up at a special session of the circuit court beginning July 29. Several other cases, which were continued, will also be heard.

Run Special to Ishpeming—A special train will leave Marquette for Ishpeming at 1 p. m. today and returning will leave Ishpeming at 4:55 p. m. The occasion is the annual reunion of the Sons of St. George. Tickets sold at the reduced rate will be good for return until tomorrow morning.

Broke His Parole—George Needham, who was paroled from the Marquette prison, was yesterday taken back to that institution after a period of several months' freedom. He was arrested in the city on a charge of drunkenness. Needham was brought to the prison in 1904, and was paroled eight months ago.

Sunday Services—Rev. B. Bruce Brown of Sault Ste. Marie will speak in the newly decorated building of the Disciples of Christ, 317 Washington street, tomorrow. In the morning his subject will be "A Talk With Workers for Christ," and in the evening "Would It Be Better for Christians to Be United and Have One Church, and What Church?"

Preparing Celebration—Marquette Masons are preparing to celebrate the fifty-fifth anniversary of the establishment of the blue lodge in this city. The event will take place Aug. 22 next, and a program is now being prepared for the occasion.

FAST GAME EXPECTED.

Marquette and Rapid River Will Cross Bats Tomorrow.

The best baseball game of the season to date is expected by the fans when the Marquette and Rapid River teams line up at the fair grounds park tomorrow afternoon in the first match ever played between the two clubs. Much has been heard of the speedy Delta country nine that has already taken Marquette, Escanaba and other strong teams into camp this year, and baseball enthusiasts here are anxious to see it in action. The interest is heightened by the fact that Lowell, the University of Michigan star, is the Rapid River catcher and captain, and that the only one-arm pitcher on the diamond anywhere will do the twirling for the visitors, and there is every reason to believe that in the event of favorable weather the attendance will be a record-breaker. Announcement is made that special traction service will be provided. Connection will be made on the fair grounds branch with every car leaving the downtown district. The game will be called at 2:30 o'clock. The line-up of the teams will be as follows: Marquette—Rydholm, first base; Messier, short stop; Webb, right field; LeFebvre, catcher; Scholtz, pitcher; Scanlon, center field; Riopelle, left field; Gilbert, second base; Conese, third base; Jensen, sub. Rapid River—Boyer, Grobelle, Day, Dunstrom, Reich, Brozelle, pitcher; Cannon, Labumbard, Lowell, catcher; Cole and Forest, subs.

gram is now being prepared for the occasion. During the day an outing at Presque Isle will be held, and at night a reception and a dance will be given in the hall.

Presiding Elder to Preach—Rev. James Peace, presiding elder of this district, will preach at the Methodist church tomorrow morning. In the evening, Harvey Burright Hatch will discuss "The Fundamental Law from the Position of a Layman." Sunday school will be held at 12 o'clock and the Epworth league services will be at 6:45 o'clock in the evening.

Repairing Roadway—Superintendent French of the street commission is carrying out repairs on Lake street where the wash-out three weeks ago demolished the roadway and swept away two hundred feet of the tracks of the South Shore and the Marquette & Southeastern Railway companies. A new bridge is being built on Division street near the sandstone quarry.

Engagement Closes—With the presentation tonight of "Confusion," a comedy made famous by Nat Goodwin, the Harlan Stock company will close its engagement in Marquette. Throughout the week the theatergoers have given a cordial reception to players, who are making their first visit here, and a good business has been done. Miss Harlan leaves a good impression.

Settled Out of Court—Thomas Robinson who filed a charge of trespass against his nephew, James Robinson, in the court of Justice of the Peace Byrne, yesterday declined to prosecute when the case was called, and it was dismissed. The younger Robinson, it was alleged, had pastured horses on a plot of grass in front of the home of his uncle. Both men are from West Branch township.

Skilled Labor Scarce—James R. Thompson of Ironwood, general manager of the Consumers' Gas company, who visited in Marquette yesterday, stated that there is a scarcity of diamond drillers throughout the entire iron region. In that connection C. J. McCord, superintendent of the firm of Longyear & Hodge, said that the entire force of employees of his firm are fully occupied in the ore field, and that more skilled labor is in demand.

Is Studying Divorce—A. A. Rowley of Washington, D. C., who arrived in Marquette from Houghton yesterday, is collecting divorce statistics. At the last session of congress it was ordered that these data be gathered in order that they may be presented when the proposed uniform divorce law is brought up. In his research Mr. Rowley will go back into the records for twenty years. He has finished his work at Houghton and will probably be in Marquette ten days.

Val Green Weds—Marquette people have received the announcement the wedding at Plymouth, Wis., Wednesday, July 17, of Miss Alice Belle Bowers, daughter of Benjamin Bowers, and Charles Valentine Green. Mr. and Mrs. Green will be at home at Evelet, Minn., after August 1. Mr. Green was a resident of Marquette for several years, and was employed in the office of the Michigan Iron & Land company, under the late Horatio Seymour. He left the city to take a position with the Oliver Iron company of the Mesaba range, and is now a trusted employe of that company.

Praise for Normal—The Soo News quotes Thomas R. Easterday, who this week attended a meeting of the upper peninsula county commissioners' schools at the Northern Normal, as follows: "I believe the Northern Normal school has the best corps of teachers engaged in normal work in the state. I don't believe that for several years, and I am disinterested in his line of work anywhere. He gives each student that enters that institution a definite purpose, excepting such as are endowed with such a purpose when they come there, and then he trains them in a way to get some definite results. The upper peninsula of Michigan can be proud of its normal school. The work of the school is not excelled anywhere."

Bazaar to Be Held—The bazaar for the purpose of raising funds for the completion of the French Catholic church will be held in Fraternity Hall for two weeks beginning Aug. 20. About \$7,000 remains to be raised. Work on the new church edifice is progressing rapidly, and today the plasterers will complete their part of it. The flooring and hardwood construction will begin next week. Because the plasterers were deficient in Latin an unfortunate delay was brought about when they constructed an inscription in the vestibule, backwards, misspelling the words. The work had to be removed and the inscription, tastefully decorated, has been correctly replaced. The mistake was occasioned because of the absence from the city of Rev. Father Jodocy. The flight of steps to the vestibule, will be of Cleveland blue stone. The stucco interior work is now complete.

A trip to Foster's Clearing sale is profitable. (7-20-1w)

If you want dry hard and soft wood 16-inch slabs, call at or telephone to H. J. Koopp & Co., 815 Champion street. Bell Phone No. 78. (5-8-1f)

SOFT SHIRTS
Are Ready
If you want to get a chance at our handsome assortment of Neglige Shirts, come now and make your selections. Come while there's an opportunity to skim the cream of the stock. Our line includes about everything a man can want in cool shirts.

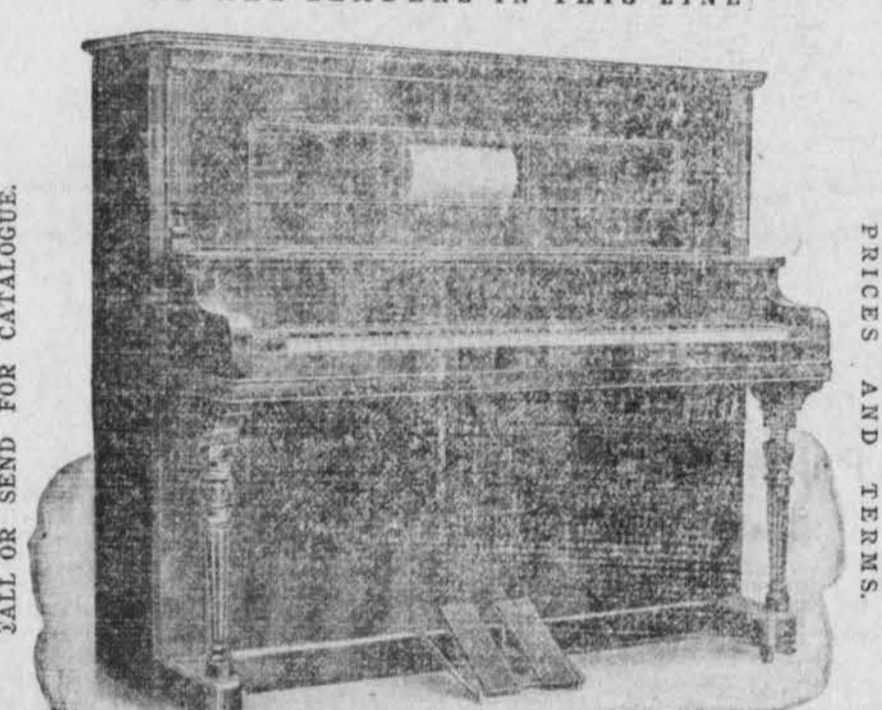
Plaited or plain bosoms, cuffs attached or detached. Sleeves different lengths.
Monarch Shirts.....\$1.00 to \$1.25
Cluett Shirts.....\$1.50, \$1.75 to \$4.00

Men's Belts Boys' Belts
25c to \$1.00 BELTS 25c to 50c

We invite your inspection of our recent arrivals of Summer Furnishings, Underwear, Wash Ties, Smart Hose, Gloves, Umbrellas and everything in togery at fair prices

ORMSBEE & ATKINS
Marquette's Largest Clothiers and Haberdashers.
Nester Block Washington St.

OUR LINE OF HIGH GRADE INTERIOR PLAYERS



Our line of high grade pianos are beyond competition
BRADBURY WEBSTER BENNING WHITTIER
Largest stock in the country. Lowest cash prices or monthly payments.
AMOS SALADIN,
MARQUETTE, MICH.
7-13-17-20

We Carry in Stock
VUDOR PORCH SHADES
and sell them at Factory Prices.
We also have

Hammocks, Lawn Seats, Lawn Chairs.
Hager Bros. Co., Ltd.
118 South Front Street.

ALL SAFE AHEAD



The track is clear and you may proceed with safety. Our institution is on a safe basis, and you may proceed to deposit here, knowing that you run no risk. We have no danger signal. Our methods always inspire confidence in depositors.

Capital, \$100,000
Surplus, 40,000

THE MINERS' NATIONAL BANK
ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN

THE WALLACE H. HOPKINS CO., INC.

STOCKS BROKERS BONDS

Buy and Sell Any Stock for Cash or on a Substantial Margin

Our own private wire system. Execute any order on exchanges or unlisted market specialties. Bisbee, Ariz. coppers, Black Mt. Tonopah, Goldfield and Manhattan Gold Stocks. Wis. and Iowa Lead and Zinc stocks.

ISHPEMING MILWAUKEE CHICAGO
Milwaukee Nat. Bank Bldg., 705-6 Borchard Bldg.
WISCONSIN GREEN BAY, WISCONSIN
ESCANABA MICHIGAN.

Bell Phone No. 82 County Phone No. 92
DAILY MARKET LETTER READILY MAILED FREE UPON APPLICATION

GEORGE F. RUEZ
BROKER

SPECIALTIES:
Copper Stocks of Arizona and Montana
Gold Stocks of Nevada and Utah
Zinc and Lead Stocks of Wisconsin

OFFICE: Jenks Block, Second Floor, Ishpeming, Michigan

PRIVATE WIRE CONNECTIONS:
Correspondents, Paine, Webber, & Co.,
members New York and Boston Stock
Exchanges.

REFERENCES:
Miners National Bank, Ishpeming.
Frasnatie Bank, Ishpeming.
First National Bank, Negaunee.

The New Theatre The Cool Theatre

GRAND
Family Theater.

Main Street, Opposite Skud's.
The Coolest Theatre in Town.

Cosmopolitan Dances. Frolics of the Imps. A Voyage Around a Star. Shown in Moving Pictures.

Take Me to Your Heart Again, by H. Gluckstine.
Meet Me Sweet Kathreen in Honey Suckle Time, by J. F. Peterson.

ADMISSION 10c; Children 5c.

Matinee Daily, 1:30 to 4:30 p. m.
Evenings 7:30 to 10:30

A Continuous Show. Entire change of Programme every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

COOK WITH GAS

Ishpeming Department

(Additional Ishpeming on Page Seven.)

HANCOCK IS FAVORED.

Sons of St. George Reunion of 1908 to Be Held in Copper Country.

At the closing session of the grand lodge of the Sons of St. George yesterday afternoon Hancock was selected as the place of meeting in 1908, the vote being unanimous. William Andrews, of this city, and Captain John Treillock, of the National, were chosen delegates to the supreme convention in Calumet on the first Tuesday in October. W. Frank James, of Hancock, and Nathaniel White, of Calumet, are the alternate delegates.

Last evening the officers and members of the grand lodge were tendered a banquet at the Bradstad Hall.

The principal officers nominated this year and who will be elected at next year's convention are:
Grand President—John Nekervis, Calumet.
Grand Vice President—Joseph Curtis, Negaunee.
Grand Secretary—John F. Miners, Robert Northey and Stephen Terrill, all of Ishpeming.
Grand Treasurer—Trevnen Andrew, Hancock.
Grand Messenger—W. Frank James, Hancock.
Grand Trustee—Peter Cardew, National.

Large Crowd Expected.

Preparations for today's program were under way yesterday. The decorating of the telephone and electric light poles and business houses was started early in the morning and by evening the business places on the principal streets presented a holiday appearance.

According to the copper country papers 1,000 or more people will be down from that region. A number of copper country people are already in the city, delegations having arrived on every train since the first day, the excursion trains went into effect. A large party arrived last evening. It is expected that there will be nearly 1,000 people on the special train, to arrive this morning about 11 o'clock.

Wrestling Will Draw Well.

Unusual interest is shown in the Cornish wrestling tournament. Nine tiers of seats have been erected on the four sides of the Braastad lot, and it is estimated that there will be seating capacity for at least 2,500 people, and several hundred more will be able to find places on the ground outside the ring.

Joe Ziehr, the much-talked-of crack wrestler from the copper country, arrived in the city yesterday from Escanaba. He said that he is in fine condition, and is some pounds heavier than he was a year ago, when he carried off first prize at the Negaunee tournament. He tips the scales at 180 pounds. Charles Coveau, who is to meet Ziehr this afternoon, has reduced his weight twenty pounds during the last two weeks, since he started to train, and he now weighs only 172 pounds, or eight pounds less than Ziehr.

There have been all sorts of rumors about regarding the coming of Jack Karkoek and John Rowett. Karkoek is now in Ironwood, visiting Dave Foley, but members of committee on wrestling were unable to reach him by telephone yesterday, to ascertain if he intends to participate in the tournament.

John Rowett is chief of police at Bessemer. He advised a friend here that he might come down and said that if he did he would enter the tournament. The last few times Rowett attempted to wrestle in this county his knee, which he injured a few years ago, went back on him. He had to quit wrestling on that account, though he is credited with having said that he would like to try Ziehr a while, to determine whether he has the right to style himself champion of the United States.

It is expected that Ziehr and Coveau will be called to the mat about 3 o'clock. It is understood that neither will be asked to meet any of the other wrestlers before coming together, so that the loser will have no reason to make excuse for being thrown. Coveau said yesterday that if Ziehr throws him on the first round he will re-enter, and wrestle others for standards.

There will be athletic sports on the streets in the afternoon, and all the bands will unite in playing one or more selections immediately after dinner.

Concert This Evening.

The festivities will close with a ball tonight at Braastad's Hall and a concert at the Ishpeming theater. The general admission for the entertainment will be thirty-five cents. The concert program will be:
Ishpeming Light Guard Band.
Soprano solo—Miss Erna Ivey.
Humorous solo—Will Locher.
Male quartet—Masonic Quartet.
Reading—Mrs. S. G. Main.
Tenor solo—Roy Andrews.

TELEPHONE IMPROVEMENTS.

W. H. Crumb & Co. Will Begin Work in Ishpeming This Week.

The improvement of the Ishpeming end of the Marquette County Telephone company's system will be started next week by W. H. Crumb & Co. of Chicago, who have had a crew at work in Marquette for several weeks past. The cable will extend north as far as Marquette to this city and it is expected that the greater part of the material necessary for the overhauling of the system will arrive by Tuesday or Wednesday. The Chicago office has advised the management of the telephone company that part of the material is now on the way.

About 80 per cent of the wires in the district to be provided with cables will be removed. A new switchboard will be put in and other improvements made. The cable will extend north as far as the corner of North Third and Vine streets and south as far as the Oliver office, and east on Cleveland avenue to Third street. The substituting of the cables for the wires will not only improve the telephone system, but it will also improve the appearance of the streets through which so many wires now pass. It is anticipated that it will take about two months to complete the work. The crew will then be transferred to Negaunee.

LOGES MAY CONSOLIDATE.

Proposition to Unite National Societies Will Be Considered at Calumet.

Jacob Kaminen, secretary of the National Finnish Brother Temperance association, left last evening for Calumet, to attend the annual convention. Several officers and prominent members of the society will participate in a series of lectures at the Finnish church this evening, tomorrow and Monday.

The convention will open Tuesday morning, when delegates from the 100 or more lodges will have assembled. The sessions are to be conducted at the Finnish hall, and the business will hardly be terminated before Friday evening.

Mr. Kaminen said yesterday that the most important question to be considered is a proposition to consolidate the four National Finnish Temperance societies in the United States. The Finnish Brothers' organization is the largest, but the two associations in the west have a fairly large number enrolled.

Other important matters to be considered will be the matter of leasing or erecting a block in this city for the conducting of the society's business, also the establishing of a Finnish newspaper here. The grand lodge officers have been publishing a paper for some years past, but they desire to enlarge it.

Arrangements have been made for a special train to be run from this county on Saturday, leaving Marquette at 4:30 p. m., and departing about forty-five minutes later, arriving in Calumet between 8 and 8:30 o'clock. The society has guaranteed the sale of at least 200 tickets, and Mr. Kaminen thinks that there will be nearer 400 or 500 people on the train. The round trip fare from Ishpeming and Negaunee will be \$3.00 and from Marquette \$3.50. Excursion tickets will be sold both Friday and Saturday, and will be good for return as late as Monday. The special train will leave Calumet Sunday afternoon.

COAL WANTED.

Sealed bids will be received from coal merchants, doing business in Ishpeming, by the Board of Education, of school district No. 1, city of Ishpeming, for 400 tons (more or less) of anthracite and 400 tons (more or less) of steam coal, run of size, to be delivered to the various schools and the power house as need may arise.

Bids must be in the hands of the director on or before 4 p. m. July 30, 1907.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids. By order of the Board of Education.
(7-19-1w) J. G. WELSH, Director.

Orders for piano tuning left at William Leininger's furniture store, or at 206 Cleveland avenue, will receive prompt attention.
(7-18-14) J. G. B. ASTENIUS.

DEATH OF WILLIAM HOUGHTON.

Veteran Engineer on Northwest Line Passed Away at Escanaba.

William F. Houghton, a veteran engineer of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company, who worked a number of years in Ishpeming, and is well known here, died recently at the Delta hospital in Escanaba, after an illness of nearly five years from locomotor ataxia.

Mr. Houghton did his last work in Ishpeming about ten years ago. He was born at Racine, Wis., in 1856, and entered the service of the Chicago & Northwestern company at Escanaba as locomotive engineer, twenty-five years ago. During the period of his illness he had not worked steadily and at time his condition had been critical. During the past few months his health failed rapidly and about four weeks ago he entered the hospital at Escanaba, having formerly been cared for at the Commercial Hotel, where he boarded for a number of years. Mr. Houghton was well known to all of the older railroad men in this range and he had many friends among them.

DEATH OF OLD CITIZEN.

John B. Williams, 1314 North Third street, died yesterday morning. Death was not unexpected, as his condition had been precarious for some days. His demise was indirectly due to an injury to his knee, sustained several years ago in one of the mines of this city. The knee was always stiff, but Mr. Williams worked for some time, until about a year ago when it was found that the bones were decaying. His condition gradually grew worse from that time, and it has been evident for some months that it could not be cured. The deceased has been a resident of Ishpeming for over twenty years and was well known and popular. His age was fifty-three years and his widow, one son and one daughter, survive him. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the Methodist Episcopal church under the direction of Sir Humphrey Daxey Lodge, Sons of St. George, of which he was a member.

WAR AGAINST CONSUMPTION.

All nations are endeavoring to check the ravages of consumption, the "white plague" that claims so many victims each year. Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs and colds perfectly and you are in no danger of consumption. Do not risk your health by taking some unknown preparation when Foley's Honey and Tar is safe and certain in results. The genuine is in a yellow package. Sold by The Stafford Drug Co.

MAJESTIC THEATRE
CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE,
Change of Program Monday, Wednesday, Friday

MOVING PICTURES: "The Bathers," "The Artist's Dream," "The White Cappers," "The Clever Thief."

SONGS: "Dear Old Dixie Land," "The Face on the Bottom Floor."

OPEN AFTERNOON AND EVENINGS
ADULTS, 10c. CHILDREN, 5c.

MAJESTIC THEATRE
CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE,
Change of Program Monday, Wednesday, Friday

MOVING PICTURES: "The Bathers," "The Artist's Dream," "The White Cappers," "The Clever Thief."

SONGS: "Dear Old Dixie Land," "The Face on the Bottom Floor."

OPEN AFTERNOON AND EVENINGS
ADULTS, 10c. CHILDREN, 5c.

DOUGHERTY STOCK COMPANY Will Be at Ishpeming Theater All Next Week.

The Superior (Wis.) Telegram, of recent date, gave the Dougherty stock company, which will fill a week's engagement at Ishpeming theater, opening next Monday evening with the comedy drama, "A Gambler's Wife," this mention:
"The Dougherty stock company presented at the Grand opera house last night 'The Game of Life,' a very beautiful drama indeed, and one that was highly appreciated by the audience. This company makes no pretensions toward an elaborate plot, but it is so constructed as to provide numerous opportunities for the display of their talents on the part of every member of the company, and a very capable company it is. They show a thorough study and a relentless fidelity to detail that is in the highest degree commendable. Jim Dougherty as 'Frank Dixon' was a fine impersonation. This young man gives great promise. He is one of the rising actors of the day. He, too, has a destiny as well as Edipus. Chas. H. Vinton as 'Jasper Smith' was another fine impersonation. This young man possesses histrionic ability of a high order, and will be heard of later on."
"Harriet Bartram took the part of 'Madame Vintime' and acted it capitally. This lady is remarkably clever. Hattie Lanar made a decided hit as 'Nellie Morton.' Her manner is pleasing and she shows first class ability. Baby Clara Vinton did the juvenile part of 'Little Annie.' This little tot is a perfect prodigy in her line."

DEATH OF WILLIAM HOUGHTON.

Veteran Engineer on Northwest Line Passed Away at Escanaba.

William F. Houghton, a veteran engineer of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company, who worked a number of years in Ishpeming, and is well known here, died recently at the Delta hospital in Escanaba, after an illness of nearly five years from locomotor ataxia.

Mr. Houghton did his last work in Ishpeming about ten years ago. He was born at Racine, Wis., in 1856, and entered the service of the Chicago & Northwestern company at Escanaba as locomotive engineer, twenty-five years ago. During the period of his illness he had not worked steadily and at time his condition had been critical. During the past few months his health failed rapidly and about four weeks ago he entered the hospital at Escanaba, having formerly been cared for at the Commercial Hotel, where he boarded for a number of years. Mr. Houghton was well known to all of the older railroad men in this range and he had many friends among them.

COWS DAMAGING LAWNS.

Poundmaster Tasson has been unusually busy the past few days, most of his work being on the New York hill, where both cows and horses have been doing damage to lawns and vegetable gardens. One morning recently Mike gathered in eight cows. Some of them did much damage during the night. He reports that horses from the Lynch field are roaming the streets and people living on Vine street have complained about them.

INSTITUTE MEETING POSTPONED.

The annual meeting of the Lake Superior Mining institute, which was to have been held next week at Duluth, has been indefinitely postponed on account of the labor troubles at the docks. The step is taken at the request of the Duluth and Mesaba range mining men.

LET US HAVE SOME CUDAHY'S PEACOCK
LACON AND CALVES LIVER FOR SUPPER MAMA'S
SAY YOUNG AND OLD.
(11-27-06d)

TUXEDO CLUB 10c CIGAR

LOST—A lock bearing the monogram "M." and containing the picture of an Ishpeming man. Return to Mining Journal branch office, 7-13-1w

FOUND—Gray bronze, brand mark on right hip and white spot on forehead. Frank Bonkala, 432 Jasper street, Ishpeming. 7-12-1w

Try our
Home Cured Hams, Short Back Bacon, & Sausage

The best on the market.

J. J. LEFFLER
ISHPEMING. 7-9-17

ISHPEMING THEATRE
TONIGHT
Morgan's Comedians

MATINEE AT 2:30
IN
"The Romp"
Prices: 10 and 20c

EVENING:
"Midnight In Chinatown"

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold wrapper. Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

HOUGHTON, MICHIGAN
Michigan College of Mines
Located in the Lake Superior district. Mines and mills accessible for practices. For Year Book and Record of Graduates apply to President or Secretary.
F. W. McNAIR, President.



Jim Dougherty

Ishpeming Theatre, One Solid Week, Starting Mon. July 22

THE POPULAR
DOUGHERTY STOCK COMPANY
In a Repertoire of Comedy Dramas

Opening Play: **A GAMBLER'S WIFE. A Story of Heart Interest, Laughter, Tears**

Tuesday, The Fatal Likeness.
Wednesday, A Dixie Tragedy.
Thursday, La Belle Marie.
Friday, Gay Mr. Tompkins.
Saturday, The Gold King.

High Class Specialties, Moving Pictures, Illustrated Songs.

PRICES 10, 20 and 30c

Ladies free Monday night when accompanied by the holder of a paid 30c ticket, which must be reserved before 6 p. m. 6-20-2d



Hattie Dougherty

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, NEGAUNEE, MICH.

United States Depository

Capital and Surplus, . \$150,000.00

Commercial and Savings
Accounts Solicited.....

BANKING BY MAIL

IS A CONVENIENCE WHICH WE ARE OFFERING OUR OUT-OF-TOWN FRIENDS. The method is an absolutely safe one. We will be pleased to answer questions regarding same.

3 per cent INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

OFFICERS:

A. Maitland, President T. C. Yates, Cashier.
Geo. J. Maas, V. Pres. T. Pascoe, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

A. Maitland Geo. J. Maas J. H. Winter
A. B. Miner T. C. Yates



JIM DOUGHERTY,

with Dougherty Stock Company, at
Ishpeming Theatre all next week.
Prices, 10, 20 and 30 cents.

WANTED—A woman cook. Wanted for mine boarding house with twelve men. Telephone Empire mine, Negaunee. 7-17-07.

FOR SALE—A family driving horse, weight, about 1500 pounds; not afraid of automobiles or trains; steady; a well broken family driving horse. Apply, A. F. Maitland. 7-18-07.

Do Not Delay!

Now is the time to order
NURSERY STOCK.

We can fill your orders promptly for

ROSES, CARNATIONS & LILIES

POTTED PLANTS FOR THE HOUSE

BEDDING PLANTS FOR THE LAWN.

Leave your orders early for vegetable plants for the garden.

Negaunee Nursery and Greenhouses.

Both Phones.

St. John's Military Academy

(THE AMERICAN RUGBY)

Prepares for college and for business. Finest school plant in America. For catalogue address St. John's Military Academy, Delafield, Waukesha county, Wisconsin, (File P.)

COOK WITH GAS

Annual Pilgrimage to the Shrine of Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, will leave via the South Shore every day July 13th to 19th, inclusive. Fare for round trip \$25. Good for stop-over at Ottawa, Montreal and other intermediate points. Return limit Aug. 31st. Through sleeping cars. Apply to ticket agents. (7-5-131)

Negaunee Department

BACK FROM TENNESSEE.

Italian Miners from Princeton Refused to Work in Copper Mines.

Fifteen of the twenty-two Italians who left here over a week ago for Copper Hill, Tenn., to take positions in one of the mines on the Tennessee copper company, returned to Negaunee Thursday night. Three others of the party have gone to their old home in Italy and the other four left Tennessee for Hurley, Wis. The men were pleased to get back to Negaunee as they had had nothing to eat from the time they left Cincinnati until they arrived here. They expected to get food in Chicago, but the trains made close connections. When they arrived in Negaunee the first thing they did was to hunt for food. They turned Joe Simonds out telling him they were nearly starved. Joe said that they were certainly hungry, as it took a large quantity of food to fill them up. After satisfying their hunger they sat down to review their experiences, some of which were very amusing. The men were much disappointed in the conditions in Tennessee. Some of them went underground, but remained less than an hour, when they decided to leave the place. They say that the mine was not well ventilated and that they would have been unable to work more than a few hours at a time. The water in the town and at the mine made some of them sick. The mines were safe enough, but were hot, due to lack of ventilation. Most of the miners working there have a sickly look, and this had much to do with scaring them away in a hurry. The Tennessee Copper company paid the men's fare and other expenses going down and they were advised before leaving here that their return transportation would also be paid, provided they remained a reasonable time. The men did not see Bruce Middleton before leaving Copper Hill. Ole Hammer of Ishpeming, who has worked at Princeton for a time, and who aided Mr. Middleton in getting the men together, remained at Copper Hill, but it is possible that he will also return, as he does not like the country.

MANY TO ISHPEMING.

Negaunee Will Be Largely Represented at Celebration Today.

There will be little work at the mines today and it is expected that most of those who take the day off will attend the some of St. George celebration at Ishpeming. The members of English Oak lodge will leave here on special street cars at 10:30, arriving in Ishpeming in time for the parade, which will start at 11 o'clock, or perhaps a little later, that depending on the time the special will arrive from the copper country. Special street cars will give Negaunee people the best possible accommodations. The Negaunee lodge will be accompanied by the City band. The grand lodge officers and delegates of the Sons of St. George accepted an invitation from English Oak lodge of this city to a smoker Thursday evening at the society's regular meeting place. Captain William Allen, who retires from the presidency of the grand lodge this year, and who is a past president of English Oak lodge, presided as toastmaster. Captain Allen is now a resident of Ironwood, where he has charge of a mining property. About 100 were present, and several of the guests responded to the toast. Among the speakers were Rev. W. B. Coombe, pastor of the Mitchell Methodist church, who gave an excellent talk. Mr. Coombe will be the principal orator at Ishpeming today. His address will be delivered from the grand stand at city square, at the conclusion of the parade.

OLD RESIDENT INJURED.

Ole Rund, an old and well-known resident of Negaunee, residing at the Buffalo location, had a leg fractured near the thigh and sustained injuries to his back, as the result of a fall of ground at the Blue mine Tuesday. John Frisk, Lund's partner, barely escaped being struck by the falling dirt. Lund is being cared for by the Scandinavian society, of which he has been a member for some years past.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Mrs. J. T. Burns is visiting relatives at Green Bay.

The Misses Mary and Helen M. Reidy are visiting friends in Chicago.

Miss Agnes Kilgallon, of Chicago, is in the city visiting Mrs. Ellen Gaffney.

George Willett, wife and two children, are here from Lake Linden, on a visit to his folks.

Mrs. John Ryan of Ironwood is in the city visiting Captain James F. Foley and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Anderson, Park street, are the parents of twin daughters.

Mrs. Elizabeth Spike of Edgerton, Wis. is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Elias Davis.

Harry Siegel, Jr., of Marquette, is in Negaunee visiting his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Lebeau.

Mrs. James Tregene has left for Butte, Mont., to join her husband, who located there about three months ago.

Mrs. Joseph Boyer is at Green Bay, where she is to submit to an operation for kidney trouble. Her husband is with her.

Miss Lucy Nightingale has returned to her home at Sault Ste. Marie, after a few weeks' visit with friends in Negaunee.

Thomas Rowe is visiting in Negaunee.

Homes down from Ironwood to attend the Sons of St. George convention at Ishpeming.

Rev. Edward Schuch, of Chicago, is in the city visiting his wife, and other relatives. Mrs. Schuch has been in the city the past few weeks.

Harry Moyer and bride of Pennsylvania stopped off in Negaunee Thursday on their way to Baraga, where they are to visit friends for a short time.

R. G. Jackson, who spent the week at Jackson, attending the quarterly meeting of the board of control of the Old Fellows home, is expected home today.

The Negaunee branch of the German Aid society will conduct its annual picnic tomorrow at Cleveland Park. The picnic will be for members and their families.

Mesdames H. O. Young and T. A. Felch will serve tea at the club house this afternoon. There will be a hop this evening, with dancing from 8 until 11 o'clock.

Rev. Berglund, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church, is organizing confirmation classes in both English and Swedish. Children wishing to join are asked to notify the pastor.

Louis Stenmiller, a pioneer in this country, died recently in Chicago. His home of late years was at Escanaba. Nearly a half century ago he was an extensive buyer of timber and mineral lands, from which he made a big fortune.

The Negaunee Business Men's baseball team and the Salsom Men's nine will probably play again some day next week. The Business Men's team also expects a game with a nine composed of Ishpeming business men. In case the latter game is arranged, no outsiders will be permitted to play with either team.

The Astabula Finnish band, which is to attend the annual convention of the National Brothers Temperance association at Calumet a week from today, will give a concert at the Finnish Temperance society's hall in this city next Tuesday. The Finnish mixed and male choirs of Ishpeming will assist with the program. The admission will be fifty cents for adults and twenty five for children.

HOW'S THIS! We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for many years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by the Stafford Drug Co.

ANNUAL PILGRIMAGE EXCURSION TO CANADA. Annual Pilgrimage to the Shrine of Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, will leave via the South Shore every day July 13th to 19th, inclusive. Fare for round trip \$25. Good for stop-over at Ottawa, Montreal and other intermediate points. Return limit Aug. 31st. Through sleeping cars. Apply to ticket agents. (7-5-131)

FROM HOPKINS' CURB LETTER.

The reported sale of something like 10,000,000 pounds of electrolytic copper yesterday, coupled with the declaration of a regular dividend at the rate of 8 per cent per annum by Anaconda, had a stimulating effect on all coppers and the market opened steady to a shade

ALLISON'S ELECTRIC THEATRE

POSTOFFICE BLOCK NEGAUNEE
MOVING PICTURES AND ILLUSTRATED SONGS

Continuous Performance. Stay as long as you wish. Change of Program every other night.

The Mysterious Screen. The \$100 Bill. Modern Burglars. The Fencing Master. Shown in Moving Pictures.

Illustrated Songs--The Holy City. She Rests by the Suwanee River. Comic Song--If I Wear a Rose.

High Class Moral Entertainment. ADMISSION: Adults, 10c; Children, 5c.

Wonderland NOW OPEN

Matinees Wednesday and Saturdays. Coolest spot in the city. Electric Fan Service.

Changing Program Every Evening At the McDonald Opera House, Negaunee

2 Performances, 8 p. m. and 9 p. m. STAY AS LONG AS YOU PLEASE

NOTE: Wonderland Changes Program Every Evening. Adults 10c Children 5c

ISHPEMING

ORGANIZED FIFTEEN YEARS.

The Finnish band of Astabula, O., which is to give a concert at Ishpeming tomorrow evening under auspices of the Ishpeming Finnish Temperance society, will arrive in the city this evening or tomorrow morning. The band is composed of twenty-five members, most of whom have played together for fifteen years. It is the oldest and by far the finest Finnish band in America. Tomorrow afternoon the members of the band will be the guests of the Finnish mixed and male choirs at a picnic at Cleveland Park, which will assist with the program in the evening. The band will give a concert Monday evening at Negaunee and Tuesday evening at the Finnish Hall in Marquette. From the latter city it will go to Calumet, remaining there until a week from tomorrow, or later. It is expected that the band will carry off first prize in the contest for Finnish bands at the annual convention of the National Finnish Brothers Temperance association a week from today.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Mrs. J. D. Spitzer and son have returned from a month's visit with relatives in Detroit.

A special meeting of Sir Humphrey Davy lodge, Sons of St. George, will be held this morning at 8:30 o'clock.

William Pascoe, a former resident, now located at Iron Belt, Gogebic range, is in the city on a few weeks' visit to relatives.

The funeral of the late Evelyn E. Benry will be held from Grace church tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock instead of 2 as at first announced.

Chief of Police Larkin of Iron Mountain was in the city yesterday. He is off on his vacation. Mr. Larkin and wife are visiting friends in Negaunee.

Mrs. H. O. Young and Mrs. T. A. Felch will serve tea at the club house this afternoon. In the evening from 8 until 11 o'clock there will be dancing.

The Gately baseball team and a nine from Marquette will cross bats tomorrow afternoon at the Union park grounds. Each team has won one game.

Edward Keskeys, a former resident, who has been in Illinois for some years past, is in the city, having come up to see his father, William Keskeys, who is ill and confined to his home.

J. H. Quinn, F. E. Keese and O. D. McClure will go to Cuba City next week to meet A. W. Gramis of the Joplin Mill company, and it is expected that the contract for the Vandewater company's mill will be closed.

Superintendent Dieckhoff of the Michigan Pipe company, is in the city, having come here to bid on the pipe wanted for the extension of the water main through sections nine and sixteen, where the surface is unimproved.

The Lake Superior & Ishpeming railway line is advertising a round trip from Ishpeming to Presque Isle tomorrow of twenty-five cents, and thirty-five to Marquette and return. Children will be charged fifteen cents to Presque Isle and twenty cents to Marquette. The Ishpeming band will go down on the train leaving here at 1:40, and will give concerts during the afternoon and evening.

FROM HOPKINS' CURB LETTER.

The reported sale of something like 10,000,000 pounds of electrolytic copper yesterday, coupled with the declaration of a regular dividend at the rate of 8 per cent per annum by Anaconda, had a stimulating effect on all coppers and the market opened steady to a shade

THE REAL FIRST FAMILIES.

They Are Made Known by Publication of the Census of 1790.

Genealogists will be interested in the announcement from the director of the United States census that pamphlets are now in press containing lists of the names of all heads of families in the states of Vermont, New Hampshire and Maryland at the date of the first census, 1790. These pamphlets, of about 150 pages for each state, are sold separately by the director of the census, Washington, D. C., at \$1 each. These lists have never been published before. A summary of the census was published in 1791 in a volume of fifty-six pages. The original schedules were preserved in Washington until the burning of the capitol by the British soldiers. In that fire the returns for Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, New Jersey, Tennessee and Virginia were destroyed. On account of the numerous requests for information addressed to the census bureau it seemed best to print these early schedules for the first time. The appropriation for the printing of the census bureau for the year 1907 was not large enough to permit the publication of more than three state lists. It is hoped, says the Chicago Tribune, that the next congress will appropriate money enough to permit the lists of heads of families in Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania and the Carolinas to be published. The first census report filed fifty-six pages, the twelfth filed 10,000 pages, each as large as several pages of the first report. In 1790 Philadelphia was the capital of the United States and had 28,222 inhabitants. New York was the largest city, with 33,131 inhabitants. The "federal city" was planned in part, but not yet built and not yet named. Chicago did not exist. There were in the United States about 540,000 heads of families. The records of 140,000 of those names have been destroyed. The lists about to be published contain about one-third of the rest. In 1790, the first four states in population were, in the order named, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, North Carolina. The whites outnumbered female whites in every state except Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. Maine, Massachusetts and Vermont alone had no slaves, although by a printer's blunder Vermont was credited with sixteen. The entire cost of the first census was \$84,377.

A MEMORABLE DAY.

One of the days we remember with pleasure, as well as with profit to our health, is the one on which we became acquainted with Dr. King's New Life Pills, the painless purifiers that cure headaches and biliousness, and keep the bowels right. 25c. at The Stafford Drug Co.

MIDSUMMER EXCURSION TO DELTCH.

Via the South Shore, leaving July 25th and 26th, return limit July 29th. Fare for the round trip \$9.10. Attractions: Barnum & Bailey's circus at Superior July 26th, and at Duluth July 27th; the "White City" on Park Point; baseball games Houghton vs. Duluth. (7-11-26)

IN THE BEGINNING.

"Papa," began Gunson, Jr., "when the government of the United States began to coin gold and silver money it was necessary to buy gold and silver, wasn't it?"

"Yes, my son," replied Gunson, Sr., rather cautiously.

"Of course, papa," resumed the youngster, "you'll be able to tell me where the government got the money to buy the gold and silver?"

"Why, er, of course," stammered Gunson, Sr., as he put down his newspaper and gazed thoughtfully at the boy.

"Now, don't misunderstand me. The government wanted to coin money and in order to do it was necessary to purchase gold and silver. You want to know where the government got the money to buy the gold and silver?"

"That's right," chuckled Gunson, Jr., gleefully, and a great joy filled his being as he thought of his all-important struggle with the simple question.

"Um-um," murmured the elder Gunson. "Why, sonny, the government simply issued dollar bills and bought gold and silver with them. Anything else?"

"Yes," said Gunson, Jr. "Where did the government get money to buy paper for the dollar bills?"—Harper's Weekly.

In the world's history no medicine has ever met with greater success.

PRICE 25c. LARGE SIZE 50c.

DIARRHOEA

There is no need of anyone suffering long with this disease, for to effect a quick cure it is only necessary to take a few doses of

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

In fact, in most cases one dose is sufficient. It never fails and can be relied upon in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is equally valuable for children and is the means of saving the lives of many children each year.

In the world's history no medicine has ever met with greater success.

PRICE 25c. LARGE SIZE 50c.

TUXEDO CLUB

10c CIGAR

MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, July 19.—The operations for a rise in the prices of stocks which have been persisted in at intervals during the week in spite of occasional interruptions were continued today. The movement encountered less active resistance than for several days in the form of positive weakness in any prominent stocks.

opening was strong and active, with prices up a point. Great dullness prevailed the rest of the day, but prices held firmly, and in some cases gained a little. It was the best record the market has had for some time. One of the best posted brokers says it is like picking up gold dollars to buy Amalgamated, Copper Range, North Butte, Union Pacific, Great Northern, Northwestern and Reading at these prices.

Copper Metal Prices.

New York, July 19.—Copper was higher in the London market today, with spot advancing 10s. to £94. 10s. and futures 15s. to £88. 15s. Locally, the market was dull and nominal, with Lake quoted at 21 1/2 ct. electrolytic at 20.50 ct. and casting at 20 1/2 ct.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, July 19.—The bears were in complete control of the wheat market today, and a heavy tone prevailed throughout the session. The trading, however, was not in large volume, chiefly because of the slack demand, chiefly because of the slack demand, chiefly because of the slack demand.

Corn—The pit was flooded with despatches telling of the rapid growth of the new crop, and as a result the prices were weak all day. Commission houses and local longs were the chief sellers, while cash houses took most of the offerings. The close was weak, the September down 1/2. September opened at 53 1/2 to 53 3/4; highest, 53 3/4; lowest, 52 3/4; closing, 52 3/4.

Wheat Summary.

Paine, Webber & Co. telegraphed from New York yesterday as follows: "The persistency and aggressiveness of the powers behind the market were strongly indicated by the action of prices in today's session. Prices were higher all along the list, but the buying was confined mostly to specialties. The easiness of call money and the slightly lower rates for the time funds were encouraging features, and lent color to the report that the money situation is very much better than outward appearances indicate. The higher levels are beginning to attract public interest. Indications are for a good bank statement tomorrow and we would not be surprised to see the first resume its upward course next week."

Closing prices were: US Steel... 8 1/2; Amal... 10 1/2; Cop St... 28; Smelter... 11 1/2; Sugar... 23 1/2; St. Paul... 23 1/2; A. C. & W... 22; C. P. E... 22; North Island... 22; Penna... 12 1/2; C. & N... 12 1/2; D. & H... 12 1/2; S. O. B... 12 1/2; C. & W... 12 1/2; U. P. C... 14 1/2; Mex. Con... 14 1/2; B. & O... 38 1/2.

Boston Stock Quotations.

Closing prices were: Anac... 5 1/2; Amal... 9 1/2; Adv... 25 1/2; Arcadian... 50; Ad... 65; B. & O... 11 1/2; B. & N... 11 1/2; B. & W... 11 1/2; B. & M... 11 1/2; B. & S... 11 1/2; B. & T... 11 1/2; B. & U... 11 1/2; B. & V... 11 1/2; B. & W... 11 1/2; B. & X... 11 1/2; B. & Y... 11 1/2; B. & Z... 11 1/2.

THE SALES WERE AS FOLLOWS:

Amal Cop... 45 1/2; Adv... 50; Arcadian... 50; Ad... 65; B. & O... 11 1/2; B. & N... 11 1/2; B. & W... 11 1/2; B. & M... 11 1/2; B. & S... 11 1/2; B. & T... 11 1/2; B. & U... 11 1/2; B. & V... 11 1/2; B. & X... 11 1/2; B. & Y... 11 1/2; B. & Z... 11 1/2.

Wiring from Boston yesterday, Paine, Webber & Co. said:

"The action of the market today must confirm any one's bullish ideas. The

WHAT WILSON HAS DONE.

EFFICIENT WORK OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Has Saved Country \$228,859,000. It is Estimated—A Reply to the Criticisms of Tawney—Forestry Service Has Saved More Than Cost of Bureau.

Washington, July 19.—The department of agriculture is worth \$228,859,000 annually to the American people. This is the claim made by Secretary Wilson, and, if anybody knows what that department is doing for the general good, it is "Uncle Jimmy," who has presided over its labors for so many years that he has become the dean of cabinet ministers.

When Mr. Littlefield's committee on expenditures in the agricultural department, stung by the taunt of Chairman Tawney, of the committee on appropriations, that it never met and knew nothing about how things were being conducted in the department under its supervision, began its belated inquiry last session, there began a series of prepared statements that there was reckless extravagance in some of Secretary Wilson's bureaus. To meet this charge, Secretary Wilson directed his bureau chiefs to ascertain the precise value of the work they annually accomplished, and what it meant in dollars and cents to the American people.

Having now reported to the secretary, the total is given at the aggregate sum before mentioned, divided among the bureaus as follows: Weather bureau, \$30,000,000; bureau of soils, \$10,000,000; bureau of plant industry, \$25,000,000; bureau of animal industry, \$50,280,825; bureau of chemistry, \$10,255,500; office of public roads, \$87,175; bureau of entomology, \$2,750,000; bureau of biology, \$3,000,000; forest service, \$75,500,000. Since the establishment of the department of agriculture, congress has appropriated a grand total of \$65,438,391, but of this amount little more than \$5,000,000 was unexpended and went back into the general fund.

According to the estimate of Secretary Wilson, therefore, the forest service alone has saved the people more money in one year than the entire cost of the support of the department from the day it was established. Since the enactment of the meat inspection, pure food and drugs and the grain-grading laws, the department of agriculture has come into closer contact with the people than any other department of the federal government. Not a potato, apple, orange or package of green goods is transported from one city to another without the railroad company first ascertaining from the department of agriculture whether there is likely to be freezing weather during the time of transit. By the end of the present calendar year, if not before, not a bushel of grain will be sold except upon the grading made by the men of the department of agriculture. At present the buyer and seller of grain say of what grade is a given shipment of wheat. The farmer takes that grading or keeps his wheat.

Mr. Wilson is now perfecting a plan whereby the seller of grain may appeal from the grading of the market, had by men to the department of agriculture for a rating of his product. A machine has been invented for mechanically testing grain so as to determine the amount of moisture in it. Moisture, when every other factor is equal, determines the grade of a given quantity of wheat. Every day in the year Mr. Wilson has set-entists at work devising mechanical and chemical means for the improvement of crops, either by new means of fertilization or the destruction of the natural pests, or doing up on the farm, or in the factory where food is prepared is too small or insignificant for examination by Mr. Wilson's 2,500 scientists. Each bureau chief made an estimate of the value of the particular services rendered, and Secretary Wilson has stored as a check upon them in appraising the monetary value of the services.

CANADA MAY USE PEAT.

Government Sends Expert to Investigate European Plants. Winnipeg, July 19.—The fuel famine which prevailed all over western Canada last year, the depletion of the forests in the older settled parts, together with the ever-increasing price of wood for fuel purposes, has caused the government to take active steps to ascertain the utility of Canadian peat as fuel. Erik Nyström, an engineer on the staff of the department of mines, is now touring Europe and will make a report on the peat industries in the various countries he visits. The estimated peat producing area so far reported distributed over the different provinces of the Dominion is 37,008 square miles, with an average depth of from eight to ten feet. Further investigation will undoubtedly prove that this estimate represents but a fraction of the total area.

JURY ACQUITS A LYNCHER.

Charlotte, N. C., July 19.—A jury in the United States superior court, in the case of John Jones, one of the twenty citizens of Anson county, charged with lynching John V. Johnson at Wadesboro, May 28, 1906, today returned a verdict of acquittal.

Professor Moore estimates that a benefit of \$5,000,000 accrues from the ordinary temperature and weather forecasts sent out every day. The items in the estimate of the bureau of plant industry consist of savings to crops as a result of the war made on pests, the largest item being the value of last year's production of 30,000,000 bushels of durum wheat in the semi-arid regions under the dry-farming process, introduced by the bureau, \$25,000,000. Dr. Melvin is convinced that his bureau of animal industry saves the market \$25,000,000 annually by the introduction of the new inspection system now in vogue which was introduced against the protests of the packers. Million-dollar items in his estimates are: Dipping sheep for scabies, Southern cattle marketed during cold season. Dr. Wilson's chief of bureau of chemistry, being engaged in work calculated to save the health of human beings, is not able to fix a high monetary value on his work. Nevertheless, he thinks the work he did with the "poison squad" was worth \$3,000,000 exclusive of adulterated and misbranded foreign food products. A \$1,000,000 utilization of waste in making denatured alcohol will cause a saving of \$1,000,000; a like sum is allotted to each of the investigations made in sorghum sirup and the sugar beet analysis. Half that sum, he thinks, is saved to the government by the investigations made on tanning materials, on leather, on paper used for government publications, on inks and the distillation of wood.

It is Gifford Pinchot, member of the

The Modesty of Women

Naturally makes them shrink from the delicate questions, the obnoxious examinations, and unpleasant local treatments, which some physicians consider essential in the treatment of diseases of women. Yet, if help can be had, it is better to submit to this ordeal than let the disease grow and spread. The trouble is that so often the woman undergoes all the annoyance and shame for nothing. Thompson's "Favorite Prescription" has been cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures debilitating drains, irregularity and female weakness. It always helps. It almost always cures. It is strictly non-alcoholic, non-secret, all its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper; contains no deleterious or habit-forming drugs, and every native medicinal root entering into its composition has the full endorsement of those most eminent in the several schools of medical practice. Some of the numerous and strongest professional endorsements of this medicine will be found in a pamphlet wrapped around the bottle, also in a booklet mailed free on request, by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. These professional endorsements should be far more weight than any amount of the ordinary lay, or non-professional testimonials.

The most intelligent women now-a-days insist on knowing what they take as medicine instead of opening their mouths like a young girl and gulping down whatever is offered them. "Favorite Prescription" is of known composition. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. Dr. R. V. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. 21 one-cent stamps for paper and 31 stamps for cloth binding. If sick consult the Doctor, free of charge by letter. All such communications are held sacredly confidential.

Dr. R. V. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. 21 one-cent stamps for paper and 31 stamps for cloth binding. If sick consult the Doctor, free of charge by letter. All such communications are held sacredly confidential.

Dr. R. V. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. 21 one-cent stamps for paper and 31 stamps for cloth binding. If sick consult the Doctor, free of charge by letter. All such communications are held sacredly confidential.

WILL SAIL IN NOVEMBER.

Preparations Continue for Battleship Fleet's Pacific Cruise. Washington, July 19.—Preparations for the cruise to the Pacific of the battleship fleet continue. Rear Admiral Evans says he expects to have his fleet in readiness to sail for the Pacific coast by the end of the summer. It is possible his fleet may consist of one less ship than the number originally intended. The battleship Alabama is badly in need of repairs; her engines should be overhauled and her boiler are being so that it is impossible for her to make her speed. The present intention is to place the Alabama out of commission and recommission her sister ship Wisconsin, which is now being overhauled at the Puget Sound navy yard. When the Wisconsin is home from the East she was ordered to Puget Sound for extensive repairs and improvements. To complete the latter will require the better part of a year, but her repairs can be completed in ample time for her to join the fleet of the Pacific coast. The Nebraska, which will get away from the yard on her maiden cruise some time next month, will make the sixteenth battleship of the fleet and will probably accompany the Wisconsin on her way to the Pacific.

Without the president's personal attention which the president devotes to the navy. If the president were in Washington this summer it is impossible that the service would be so hotbed of friction as it now is. When that sturdy New Englander, Charles H. Darling, was assistant secretary of the navy he was very frequently called upon to act as secretary. A remedy which frequently applied when he found officers criticizing everything and everybody was to order them to sea. The effect was as prompt as it was desirable. Since his time officers have taken to inspiring and in some instances actually preparing articles for the organ of the navy league, which in the cases of foreign navy would mean a court-martial for the guilty officers. Sooner or later it is to be expected that a man as fond of open and above board dealing as President Roosevelt will become aware of the fact that there is too much of this sort of thing in the navy and then it will be stopped.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Office of the City Treasurer: Marquette, Mich., July 15th, 1907. Notice is hereby given that the general tax roll of the city of Marquette has been deposited with me, and is now lying in my office in the city hall, and that the amount of tax therein assessed and specified are due and may be paid to me at any time up to and including the 31st day of October, A. D. 1907. Upon all such taxes paid to me before the first day of September a collection fee of one per cent will be charged and on all such taxes paid on or after the first day of September a collection fee of three per cent will be charged. R. P. BYRNE, City Treasurer.

NEW RULES FOR BAGGAGE.

Cortelyou's Plan a Great Boon to Transoceanic Travelers.

Washington, July 19.—Transoceanic travelers owe a debt of gratitude to the present secretary of the treasury for his reform in the method of baggage examination at ports of entry, which they can best repay by making honest declarations of the dutiable articles brought with them on their return. One of the first problems that confronted Mr. Cortelyou when he became secretary of the treasury was that involved in the cumbersome and complicated examination of ocean travelers upon their return or arrival in the United States. When he first took up the question he found hundreds of indictable protests from all over the country, many women being among the number, who complained of the delay and inconvenience of baggage examination by the customs officials, especially in New York and Boston.

It was wholly characteristic of the sort of man Mr. Cortelyou is, that he should probe this question very deeply before undertaking to find a remedy. Not until he had personally witnessed the confusion on board ship and on the dock at several of the larger ports was he prepared to reorganize the system. In other words, the secretary took his time about it, made a thorough investigation of the conditions, and will at once make public the new method which he has ordered placed in operation, and which should be in full swing in time to greet the homecoming European travelers toward the end of the summer.

"It is a matter to which I have given considerable attention," said Secretary Cortelyou, "and at my request Assistant Secretary Reynolds has worked out the details of the new system, which is radically different from that in operation. I have directed that the new system shall take effect as soon as necessary arrangements can be made. It should be in operation about the middle of August."

In looking over a large number of complaints, Secretary Cortelyou found that there were two features in connection with the examination of passenger's baggage which were especially annoying to the traveling public. The first was the practice of herding all the passengers into the cabin of the steamship during the last hour of the voyage in order that a customs official might receive their declarations. Experience has demonstrated that in many instances these declarations were unsatisfactory to the government officials, and anyone who has witnessed or participated in the rush that marks the end of the voyage this fact is not surprising. The second objectionable feature which most of the complaints emphasized was the oath required when the declaration was made. The passenger under the present system is obliged to make oath as to all articles contained in his baggage, and as soon as the latter is landed on the dock, the same government to which he has made oath, promptly searches his baggage to see whether or not the passenger has perjured himself. Early in his investigation of the problem Secretary Cortelyou determined that these two features should be eliminated in the interest of decency and that their abolition would cause no reduction in the revenues nor danger to government interests.

Under the new system, declarations will be distributed to the passengers during the early part of the voyage to this country and can be made out by them at their leisure. The form of the declaration will be simple and straightforward; it will contain no "trap" clauses and its language will neither be complicated nor mysterious. The declaration in its foreword will instruct the passenger to specify the different articles obtained by him while abroad, accompanied by a statement of their cost or value. Some time during the last day of the voyage an officer of the ship will collect these declarations and will be held responsible both by the government and by the passengers on board for a statement from each passenger on board.

When the customs officer boards the ship these declarations will be turned over to him by the steamship officer and in turn delivered to the chief representative of the surveyor on the dock. When the declaration is handed to the steamship officer a coupon will be handed to the passenger, bearing the same initial number as the declaration. This coupon will be the passenger's receipt for his baggage. After the baggage is landed and as soon as it has been properly inspected, the passenger will present his coupon to the proper representative of the surveyor, and secure the services of an inspector who will examine his baggage and verify the declaration previously made on board ship.

The new system of examination contains no oath of any kind and Secretary Cortelyou has been assured of the hearty cooperation of all the steamship companies in carrying out the new system. This is one of a number of reforms in this important branch of the government service of which Mr. Cortelyou is in charge. It was his custom while postmaster general not to announce forthcoming investigations or make promises of far-reaching reforms, but he refrained from picking the public palate by this well known method and saved his announcements until the investigations had been completed, and the proper remedy found and applied. His announcements as postmaster general were of results and not of promises. They told of what had been done and not what would, should or might be done. Apparently Mr. Cortelyou intends to employ the same system as secretary of the treasury. Sooner or later the public will demand that other executive departments reform their methods of announcements after the manner of Secretary Cortelyou, it results in which the people are interested and not roseate promises of projected reforms. There is more than one executive department in Washington that should adopt the Cortelyou system.

THE CHARMING WOMAN

Is not necessarily one of perfect form and features. Many a plain woman who could never serve as an artist's model, possesses those rare qualities that all the world admires: neatness, clear eyes, clean smooth skin and that springliness of step and action that accompany good health. A physician would say that woman should not be attractive, not even to herself. Electric Bitters restore weak women, give strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, beautiful complexion. Guaranteed at The Stafford Drug Co.'s store 50c.

Hotel Williams, Grand Island, Munising, Michigan, has opened the season with a good patronage. Three two-room cottages with fire places have been added to the equipment, enabling the hotel to handle the increased patronage. (7-8-211)

The strongest sometimes eat the least, but they eat wisely. Not what you eat, but what you digest, gives you strength. Uneeda Biscuit is the most nourishing and digestible food made from flour. Eat wisely—eat for strength—Uneeda Biscuit. In moisture and dust proof packages. 5c NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY



Try a Singer Or a Wheeler & Wilson On the Rental Plan

The purchase of a sewing machine is altogether too important a transaction to be decided off-hand, because it soon becomes a family institution.

When You Rent a Singer or a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

even for so short a time as one week you give yourself an opportunity to test a machine that will do its daily work so perfectly and noiselessly from the start, that you will hesitate before you let it go out of the house again. No reason why it should go out either; for your rental payments may be applied to the purchase of the machine if you decide to keep it.

Singer Sewing Machine Co. Marquette, 108 N. Third St. Ishpeming, 120 S. Main St. Negaunee, Iron St. Hancock, 503 Reservation St. Calumet, 423 N. Fifth St. Escanaba, 713 Ludington St. Iron Mountain, 205 E. Tenth St. Sault Ste. Marie, 116 Ashmun St.

CORTELYOU "DARK HORSE."

His Candidacy Backed by the Empire State Republicans?

Washington, July 19.—Following close upon the "boasts" of Senator Elkins of West Virginia and Colonel James S. Clark, celebrated as a manipulator of southern Republicans, the following editorial in the Washington Post entitled "A Dark Horse," is attracting considerable interest here in political circles, where until recently the presidential boom of George Bruce Cortelyou has not received the attention perhaps that its steady growth warrants. It is a very high authority that it is learned the New York delegation will go to the convention not of Charles E. Hughes, but of George Bruce Cortelyou. With the support of his native state and the Empire state at that Mr. Cortelyou would necessarily figure prominently in the convention. The Post editorial follows: "The suggestion is ventured that Secretary George B. Cortelyou will be an important factor in the Republican national convention of 1908, and stands a pretty good chance to get the nomination. There is a report in New York that the postoffice department is solid for Mr. Cortelyou, and that is the biggest political layout in this country, and has a mortgage on Southern delegations in Republican national conventions."

"Mr. Cortelyou is the child of civil service reform, and rose up from stenographer to cabinet minister. Hence that old set that formerly looked to George William Curtis, Carl Schurz and the New York Evening Post for guidance will contemplate with a deal of satisfaction the progress of a young man through all the chairs of the civil service from a classified clerk in the postoffice department to chief magistrate of the great republic. The president himself is more or less committed to that sort of thing, and Civil Service Commissioner Roosevelt seemed to be much further from the presidency in 1890 than Secretary of Treasury Cortelyou is in 1907."

"Mr. Cortelyou was chief of staff of the Republican forces in the great campaign of 1904, and in that station discovered a genius for politics never equalled by the old practical set from Martin Van Buren, to Arthur P. Gorman, from Thurlow Weed to Mark Hanna. Silence and secrecy were everywhere. There was a lack nowhere. Like the

TUXEDO CLUB CIGAR. I will mail you free, to prove merit, samples of My Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and my book on either Dyspepsia, The Heart or The Kidneys. Troubles of the Stomach, Heart or Kidneys, are merely symptoms of a deeper ailment. Don't make the common error of treating symptoms only. Symptom treatment is treating the result of your ailment, and not the cause. Weak Stomach nerves—the inside nerves—mean Stomach weakness, always. And the Heart, and Kidneys as well, have their controlling or inside nerves. Weaken these nerves, and you inevitably have weak vital organs. Here is where Dr. Shoop's Restorative has made its fame. No other remedy even claims to treat the "inside nerves." Also for bloating, biliousness, bad breath or complexion, use Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Write me today for sample and free Book. Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. The Restorative is sold by The Stafford Drug Co.

Tell Them You Know! You may tell your friends, on your "say-so," that when they buy a package of the genuine Arbuckles' Ariosa Coffee they get the best of the coffee trade. No coffee of equal quality can be sold in this town for the same price, whether it be sold out of a bag or a bin, or under some romantic trade-mark. You may tell them you know and that Arbuckle Brothers, the greatest coffee dealers in the world, will stand for it. ARBUCKLE BROS., New York City.

OUR VANISHING TIMBER. TWENTY YEARS THE LIMIT OF PRESENT SUPPLY.

Forestry Bureau Calls the Figures Alarming—Year's Lumber Output Breaks All Records—National Forests as an Offset to the Coming Shortage.

Washington, July 19.—If the demand for timber could be kept stationary, and no timber were to be burned up by forest fires, wood would last for centuries from now at the present rate of destruction only what our forests would have grown in the interval. This is the statement of the bureau of forestry in a bulletin just issued on the timber output of the last year.

The production of lumber, lath and shingles in the United States in 1906 was the largest ever recorded. The census bulletin recently issued gives 37 1/2 billion feet as the actual cut of the 21,000 mills which made reports. This is seven billion feet more than the cut reported in 1905.

These figures at first seem to point to a very alarming conclusion—that the country in the last year has cut more than 23 per cent more lumber than in 1905 in the face of the fast waning supply. But the difference is chiefly due to the fact that 21,000 concerns have reported their cuts as against less than 12,000 a year ago. The gain is the result of responses from the smaller mills, made because the rank and file of the lumbermen now appreciate that these returns are important to the trade, and that their value depends on every body helping to make them as complete as possible.

If the returns were complete they would probably show a cut of forty billion feet for lumber alone. The cut of lumber forms perhaps 80 per cent of the total timber consumption for all purposes. The figures are alarming enough, the bureau adds, taken in connection with our available supply of wood.

Three-fourths of the population of the country is east of the Mississippi, but more than half of the timber supply is west of it. The West has in its forests material to last it for nearly fifty years if its per capita consumption is no greater than that of the country at large and if it can hold itself down to the same annual total. This, however, is not the account of the demands which a developing country makes. But the East has not enough saw timber of its own to last fifteen years. In point of fact the East is already drawing so heavily upon the Northwest for lumber that the railroads have trouble to handle the traffic.

The position which Douglas fir holds in the West's rapid progress toward becoming the principal source of supply of saw timber, and the falling off in the production of Eastern states which formerly held that place, is shown by new ranks second place, white pine in total cut, and yields about one-half as much lumber. Never before has it outranked white pine, which for many years stood first, and later second, just as white pine had to give way to Douglas fir in the second place, which is also known as red fir and Oregon pine. It is found nowhere east of the Rocky Mountains, and by far the greatest quantity of it is in Oregon and Washington.

The passing of the pine fire of the late states is emphasized by the statistics gathered by the census, which in 1879, 1880 and 1890 showed Michigan the leading state in total production of lumber. In the census of 1900 Wisconsin had passed to first place, with Michigan second, Minnesota third. This relative position was not changed until 1904, when Washington appeared at the top of the column and Louisiana was third, with Wisconsin second and Minnesota and Michigan fourth and fifth.

Wisconsin goes down from second to third and Minnesota from fourth to seventh. Mississippi and Arkansas have moved up to fifth and sixth places, while Michigan goes to fourth.

New York, in 1890, had the first place in the production of lumber. Pennsylvania rose to first place ten years later, and New York dropped to second. In the period following the Civil war the rapid extension of railroads brought into market the great white-pine forests of the lake states, and the chief source of supply moved thither. Michigan first, then Wisconsin, went to the front. When Washington supplanted the latter the leadership had crossed the continent. In fifty years it passed from an Atlantic to a Pacific coast state.

The holding of first rank in production by a state does not locate the country's chief source of supply. Washington now stands first among the states, yet the South is supplying more lumber than the West. But the magnificent yellow-pine forests of the South are being rapidly cut and marketed, just as was done with the white-pine forests of Michigan and Minnesota during the thirty years following 1870. But the Pacific coast will soon be the chief source of supply.

The policy of the government in creating national forests in the West, taken in connection with the favorable climatic and topographical conditions for the growth of trees, insures a future supply which will be greatly to the West's advantage. When the inevitable time of timber shortage arrives, the cost of transportation in the long haul across the continent will aid the West in supplying its own needs first. The national forests must be first of all for the supply of Western needs. The East had originally the bulk of the country's forests. It has largely waned them. The West has now a considerable provision for the future. The presence of the national forests will insure for all time a permanent supply of material for wood-using industries in the West, although the actual holdings of the federal government in these areas are by no means sufficient to furnish all the timber which will be needed. They will also have an influence in encouraging private holdings of timberlands to take care of them in a way that will keep them in a productive state. The question what to do for timber that cannot be had in needed quantities will become acute in the East.

STARTLING INVENTIONS.

The Many Freak Ideas Sent to the Patent Office.

The craziest offspring of the human brain may be found in the freak inventions which go forth from the United States patent office at Washington, says the Kansas City Star.

Almost daily some inventive genius offers a model of something which will benefit the world at large, and perhaps within the same hour a visionary seeks a patent on some rattle-brain idea which he avows will cause people to live 600 years, if they will follow instructions on the "perfect system of physical culture."

These freak models, ideas and suggestions are birth-provoking, yet the examiners in the several divisions are required to give the same careful consideration to the "patentable" merits of each and every erratic application that they would to the most valuable offering of Edison or any of the other great inventors. The law requires this, and there is no dodging the labor.

President Lincoln was among the first to offer an impracticable device—an unsinkable steamer—the model of which is still among the assets of the patent office in the freak model room. Mr. Lincoln sought and obtained a patent on his steamer in 1849, but the patent was all he ever got, the "unsinkable steamer" proved a rank failure. Soon after this patent was issued another man came along with a "volante boat," and it shared the same fate as the "unsinkable steamer." An eccentric inventor's model is for a life-saving appliance, a chair in which a shipwrecked person has only to lash himself and float at ease and comfort, supporting his life with a supply of hardback stowed in a drawer in the chair. There is also a corset with air-tight compartments designed for life-saving purposes.

Another man of large ideas contrived and perfected (as he thought) a machine for boring through the earth, and this model is still a nightmare for certain examiners in the office. Still another had a scheme for signaling and talking to the people of Mars, his plan being to have a grand illumination by means of fireworks simultaneously all over the globe. A man from California who believed it not impossible to visit Mars submitted a model of a wooden man with wings, in shape and movement like those of a bird. The wings are strapped to the shoulders by a band that goes over his chest and comes out under his arms. There is a tail also like a bird's, and the wings and tail are controlled by the inward movement of the arms, which are harnessed to them by straps. But there are a large number of models of flying machines, and some of them are about as feasible as the California model.

An inventive genius, evidently impressed with the necessity of getting down to business in the early morning hours and believing that the "early bird catches the worm," patented a bed which he guaranteed capable of wowing the sleeper all through the night, but at the first cock crow it would hurl the sleeper mercilessly to the floor. The model of the bed looks like a wholesome, motherly bed, full of gentleness and repose, but it is not. It "bucks" like a very yellow pine. To this bed is attached a companion piece to this bed, the late Chief Justice Logan E. Beckley of Georgia patented a device for adjusting the covers so that the temperature of the bed could be regulated.

A New York inventor patented a "buried alive coffin," so arranged that the willful dead man could get out or call assistance. The model shows an ordinary burial box, at the head end of which is a square opening to receive the lower end of an elongated box or trough made enough for a man to crawl through. The trough is set on end, the lower end over the face and chest of the casket's occupant, and the other projects a foot or more over the top of the grave. A wooden stick or arm is nailed to one side of the upper or outer end, upon which a bell is hung. To this bell is attached a cord which runs down the trough and is tied to the man's hand in the coffin. In case of his awakening a slight movement will suffice to ring the bell, and the sexton can go to the rest—dig him out.

A man who really wanted to benefit mankind patented a sheeter, cut, a feline operated by clockwork and with a bellows inside which swells up its tail and causes sounds that would awaken an entire neighborhood. The cat's claws are of steel. When the animal is roused it jumps up and places its tail on the ready to deal death blows to every midnight prowling cat that comes near. Still another inventor was given a patent on a pasteboard cut covered with phosphorus, so that it shines in the dark. It is to be used for frightening off rats and mice. There are luminous match boxes and luminous gloves to scare away burglars. The gloves are supposed to be for use in cemeteries and graveyards where ghouls are in the habit of visiting.

There is an umbrella which can be changed into a pipe, and an innocent looking walking cane has a glass tube inside which will hold one-half pint of "undertaker's delight," and is recommended by the inventor as a "most convenient and useful article for use in Prohibition states." A far more useful model is that of a hand sewing machine, designed for sewing patches on worn and torn garments. It looks like a pair of large scissors and is worked up and down like the blade of a shears. Could the machine prove practical, patients and overworked mothers could have their young hopefuls march up in regular order and the patch put on "while they wait." Preachers of all sizes are provided for in a pulpit, so arranged that by pressing a button it can be adjusted to any height desired. In the same row of models is a "lover's gate" which will swing both ways at which can be raised or lowered to suit the size of the lovers. Saint Cecilia has had many remarkable imitations, judging from the models of musical instruments, a violin with a horn attached is a fair sample of the horn being at the neck of the instrument representing almost an entire brass band. A violin maker has a patent on a violin made entirely of hardened glue, and he believes that he has solved the question of tone production in violins. Many inventors who have lost their patience "shooting" chickens from their dovecotes and gardens might investigate the "chicken hobble," a device to be attached to a chicken's leg, and which will force it to move onward if an attempt is made to scratch. The inventor asserts that it will make the most obstinate old hen walk right out of a garden. There is also a patent machine for forcing non-laying hens to produce eggs. This is a ready-made nest with three imitation eggs. The hen with the least ambition will not refuse to lay after she has a look at the tempting nest. There are

several patents for holding a cow's tail while being milked, and a shrewd Yankee has invented an adjustable tail for horses. A luminous harness has been patented, so that a horse being driven at night might look like a sheet of chain lightning. There is an iron bootjack made in the form of a pistol, which may be carried in the pocket and used to frighten the holdup man, and there is also a pocketbook which conceals a pistol. A patent shotgun is provided with a case in the stock sufficiently large to hold a flask of whisky, and there are imitation coconuts, designed to be used in prohibition states. A freak patent, which at one time had a very large sale is that of a flask with a cover like that of a neatly bound book.

Impossible devices are chossed under the general title of "whimwhams to chide snobs." Their inventors would be objects of pity were they not sustained and soothed by the conviction of their own genius and the hope that the world must some day render them their just reward.

A DEAL IN RUM.

New York Sun: Into one of the large upper Broadway grocery stores noted for its wines and liquors a middle aged man strolled the other day. To the clerk he said he had heard that the firm had in stock some particularly fine old Jamaica rum. Might he taste it?

The customer, who was dressed well, dressed, wore gray spats, carried a cane and had every appearance of a man of leisure, culture and wealth. The clerk was charmed to serve him. "If you don't mind coming down into the cellar," he said, "drawing some of it right for you, sir?" "Delighted," was the reply, and down into the cellar they went and threaded their way between long rows of barrels dimly shown by incandescent lights that glowed red through the dust covered globes, until they reached a barrel with a strange mark. The clerk turned the spigot.

"Fill 'er up, young man; fill 'er up," said the general visitor, and "she" was filled to the brim. To sniffed the rum critically, he held it in front of a light; then, moistening his lips, he quilled it at a gulp. Though fully he drew a sharp, sibilant breath, and snacked his lips, then he turned toward the store and out into Broadway without saying another word. Two days later the same man came in—sure hand same appearance of a man of leisure, culture and wealth. Again with a dignified air he asked the clerk if he might try the Jamaica rum, which a friend had recommended. Again, they went to the cellar. Again the visitor said: "Fill 'er up, young man?" Again he gave those manifestations of connoisseurship and departed in silence.

On the following day he appeared again, and he was informed that the clerk had begun to wonder if he were a grafter. His appearance of prosperity and refinement argued against the theory, but the performance was repeated in the cellar, and the man departed once more without saying a word about buying rum. The proprietor, who told him about the visitor who was sampling the fine old Jamaica rum.

"He'll be here again, no doubt," said the proprietor, "and will keep on coming until we let him know that we are on the job. Send him to me the next time." Two days later he was there.

"Young man," he said, "I haven't quite decided on that rum yet. I suppose I'll have another taste of it." Certainly the clerk didn't mind. That's what he told the visitor. So the glass was filled and the stranger sniffed and sipped and drained it with his usual apparent enjoyment.

"Don't you want to buy some of it?" asked the clerk. "Well, I'll tell you," the man began, but the clerk interrupted and said: "Wouldn't you like to meet Mr. T.?" naming one of the proprietors. "I should be delighted," said the stranger cordially.

So they went to Mr. T.'s office. "I understand that you have been tasting our old Jamaica rum," began Mr. T., who was rather taken aback by the visitor's appearance of prosperity and refinement, but was determined to stop him plying at the store's expense. "Yes," said the stranger, "and I tell you, sir, it is the finest I ever drank." "A fine jolly," thought the proprietor, "just what I expected." He was about to say something cutting, when the stranger asked:

"How much of it have you in stock, Mr. T.?" "About ten or twelve barrels, I think." "Well, I wish you would send it all up to my country place at Timbly's Park. And if you can get any more I'll please hang onto it for me." Still thinking that perhaps the stranger was but carrying out the rest of a bluff Mr. T. asked for his name and address. When the stranger gave it, Mr. T. nearly fell out of his chair. The tipping visitor was the president of a manufacturing company and a rich man. He joyfully told him of the clerk's suspicion of his own suspicions. When the manufacturer had paid for the rum, he said: "Now, Mr. T., won't you come down and have one with me?" The clerk was sliding away, and the manufacturer urged him to join them. "Not in working hours, sir, thank you," he said, and then added to himself: "Now wasn't that thoughtful of me to be so proper before the boss?" After Mr. T. and the manufacturer had had their drink, the manufacturer's rum in the cellar the clerk went down to put the tags on the barrels.

G. B. BURHAMS TESTIFIES AFTER FOUR YEARS.

United States Coast the Best Protected—Historic Minot's Ledge.

In less than two hundred years this country has marched from the position of having no aids to navigation to being, in proportion to her coast line, the most perfectly protected country in the world. Historic and picturesque in order of construction is Minot's Ledge, near Boston. On this lonely rock, awash with the tide at low water and covered at high water, a lighthouse was erected in 1818, of iron piles.

In 1851 the house was swept away and all in it at the time—a keeper and two assistants—lost their lives. In 1860 the last stone of the present structure was laid, completing one of the great stone lighthouses of the world. Work could be done only at low water. Blasting and cutting a rock hardly big enough for the lighthouse itself, constant interference from wind and sea, made the laying of every fresh block stand a new and unsolved problem. Minot's Ledge light today, one of the loneliest lighthouses in existence, is still a triumph, although some other structures since erected have equalled it in difficulty.

Spectacle Reef, for instance, in Lake Itasca, was an engineering problem the solution of which was watched by the engineers of the world. Even when in 1873 the structure was completed everyone predicted that the terrible ice push of the winter would sweep it away. But the man who built it, General O. M. Poirer, had wrought with a cunning hand. The masonry courses were so fitted together and so strongly and securely bolted that a minimum calculation showed it to be even stronger than a shaft of solid stone. The ice is first crushed by impact on an outer stone structure. This broken it grounds in a few feet of water on the reef and protects the house from the force of other ice.

To miles from the nearest land, and with ice and waves having a fetch of 170 miles to the southeast, it is in a pitifully unprotected position. In 1874 when the keepers returned for a new season, the ice had piled forty feet high around it. Fowey Rocks lighthouse, in Florida, was hardly less difficult in construction than Spectacle Reef. It is a steel structure built on iron piles driven ten feet into living coral rocks. It is at the extreme north point of the Florida Keys, and is so situated that it is subject to weather that at last a platform was built over the foundation piles twelve feet above the water, and a force of workmen left there for days at a time, working when they could get material, at other times waiting with what patience they could for a fair day.

Perhaps one of the most spectacular lighthouse achievements of the service is the light on Tillamook Rock, Or. This apparently impossible feat was accomplished under tremendous difficulties. Tillamook Rock is a small, abrupt rock formation one mile from the mainland. The sides are so precipitous and so inhospitable that even in calm weather the landing is exceedingly dangerous, so that on the first attempt to put a supply of provisions on the rock the foreman lost his life.

The party did not land and it was difficult thereafter to get the skilled labor necessary; but at last in 1879 nine men succeeded in landing with provisions and tools. Building themselves a strong shelter, bolted to the rock, they set to work. Blasting had to be done to get the foundation, supplies and stone, and tools and apparatus had to be landed from ships, involving much difficult engineering and many hairbreadth escapes, but after eighteen months of labor the structure was completed.

Less spectacular but hardly less important is the light on the lesser lights—the post lights, which have made river navigation and particularly Mississippi River navigation possible at night, the buoys which mark the channels of rivers and harbors, the bell and whistling buoys which mark prominently the places to avoid rocks and shoals, and the fog horns, sirens, Daboll trumpets, which are an integral part of many lighthouse stations, and the day beacons or ranges by which navigation is assisted.

The service includes forty-two steam tenders, the business of which is to place and to replace buoys, take them to buoy depots for painting and repairing, and to attend to the various apparatus and tools and apparatus used, and generally maintain the service. The lighthouses are supplemented by the lightships, of which there are now forty-nine in service and eleven in reserve. These vessels are in effect, but floating light stations, where lighthouses cannot be built, and guarding reefs and shoals in much travelled water. The most famous and the most dreaded of these are the Diamond Shoals, those terrible sand banks off Cape Hatteras.

Here, when in storms almost the year round, a ship is certain to be maintained in a captain, a mate, two engineers and a crew of fourteen men living for three months at a time a life out of absolute freedom from communication of every kind, if one excepts an infrequent mail and the wireless station. What a blessing the naval establishment of a wireless station on these lightships is to the crew, only who like the writer, has lived with them, can know.

What a safeguard the wireless is, can be easily appreciated when it is stated that a wireless message brought a relief ship to the Nantuxet Shoals ship just in time to rescue the crew, last year, before the ship from wrecked, went down beneath her men. Half an hour later, indeed five minutes later, some say, and another tragedy would have been added to the list of marine disasters. It is of particular interest at this time to know that the Diamond Shoals Light is a captain, a mate, two engineers and a crew of fourteen men living for three months at a time a life out of absolute freedom from communication of every kind, if one excepts an infrequent mail and the wireless station. What a blessing the naval establishment of a wireless station on these lightships is to the crew, only who like the writer, has lived with them, can know.

We pay express charges both ways on orders amounting to \$5.00 or over, one way on \$3.00 to any point in the United States.



As Charles Surface in "The School for Scandal" To the Pantorium—I take great pleasure in expressing my entire satisfaction of the work done by you, the excellence of its finish and the rapidity with which the goods were returned.

ESTABLISHED 1892 THE PANTORIUM L. C. TODELL Expert French Dry Cleaners, Dyers and Tailors Cleaners of Silks, Satins, Woolens, Laces, Fur and all Known Fabrics. Portiers, Draperies, Rugs and all kinds of Household Finery. Panama and Felt Hats Cleaned and Blocked. Goods Reaching us before 9 a. m., Finished and Reshipped the Same Day if Desired. Second Street, Cor. Grand Avenue MILWAUKEE Tel. 784 Grand REFERENCES: The Germania-National Bank, or any reputable citizen or firm of Milwaukee.

MAKINGS OF GLUE.

It is Not a Definite Organic Substance, But the Product of Several Transformations. Glue is not a definite, positive, organic substance as most people suppose. Chemists tell us that glue does not pre-exist in any animal organism except under abnormal conditions—as in disease—but is the product of several transformations. The first transformation takes place in drying the hide. If a green hide is boiled after being prepared in exactly the same manner by liming, etc., while it is yet green, an entirely different product of less consistency is secured than by drying the hide after liming and then boiling.

The second transformation seems to take place in boiling the material, probably from action of the heat. The third transformation occurs in the drying of the jelly secured in the boiling operation. Still another transformation occurs in the drying of this jelly into actual glue, and this series of changes does not end here, for glue dissolved in water and again boiled sufficiently long loses its form once more and will not gelatinize, but will remain in liquid form.

The yielding substances are produced by the animal economy from proteic bodies, albumen, fibrine and caseine. The ordinary glue of commerce is made from the length of time the stock from which glue is made renders it necessary to adopt some system in choosing and preserving it until sufficient quantities are collected without fermentation or decomposition. Hence the refuse from tanneries, consisting of the clippings of hides, ear and tail pieces of ox, calf and sheep, and from skins of other animals are preferred, because they can be dressed with lime which removes the hair and acts as an antiseptic.

The ordinary glue stock is made from the larger bones of cattle and horn pits, collected from different sources. A large quantity of waste bones is accumulated in the preparation of tinned provisions. These have not been overhauled and are in good condition, a considerable amount of glue can be obtained from them. The bones from the head, ribs and feet give a better yield than those of the thighs and legs.

There is also the hoof glue, which is made from the hoofs of different animals. Then there is glue made from sinews and fleshings, and also a grade known as rabbit glue made from the skins of hares and rabbits. This glue makes a good water test, but should never be used to cement a belt. There is a large quantity of this glue made in this country, and a person not very familiar with it could easily be deceived. The age of animals yielding glue stock has an important influence on the product. While from younger animals the production, as a rule, is of a lighter color, more abundant, and more easily obtained, it contains more chondrin, so that for solutions of equal strength those from mature animals will be found to be of the greater consistency and the glue more solid.

Then, again, there is what is known as the pig stock glue, which is made from the feet of hogs. Next comes the fish glue or isinglass. Its varieties are numerous, and a thorough knowledge of them can only be obtained when one is personally acquainted with the different factories and stock from which they are made. The best of this material, however, is made from the sounds of air bladders of the different species of fish. The air bladders of the common sturgeon and other fish caught in northern climates make the best.

TELEGRAPH IN SAHARA. New York Sun: The French have completed plans for erecting a telegraph line across Sahara. The enterprise in some respects is a novel one. Some of the details are new and a number of problems had to be solved before the work of building the line could be started. The manufacture of the plates is now in progress. It includes interesting features, especially relating to telegraph poles. It would not do to string the wires so low that they would interfere with camel caravans in the desert. There must be no fence in that great waste to obstruct travel in any direction. So the hollow telegraph poles that are being made of steel are so long that they may be firmly planted in the earth and the wire fastened to their tops will be fifteen feet above the ground. The only way to carry these poles hundreds of miles out into the desert is by means of camels, and the problem was how the poles might be carried, for hundreds of feet in length are not adapted to camel transportation. The

THE OLD MASTER.

Saturday Evening Post: J. Pierpont Morgan was a seventieth birthday the other day which goes to show that Wall street is no longer the center of the prevailing fashion of having one's anniversaries among its elect. All the great men seem to have been born in 1837.

The old cub that used to wait every afternoon in front of Mr. Morgan's office at Broadway and Wall streets to take the prevailing fashion of having one's anniversaries among its elect. All the great men seem to have been born in 1837.

There was a time when every move Mr. Morgan made sent a shiver up and down the ticker. Now he is an organizer of art, rather than of industry. When it comes to art he is the prize spender.

They use to say abroad that Mr. Morgan was an easy mark for all the curio, antique and rare dealers generally; that any gold brick, dressed up in ancient trimmings, could be worked off on him. Once some dealers in a small Italian town framed up one for him. They made a very picturesque looking antique piece that looked old and interesting, and the real year-crusted goods. Mr. Morgan looked at it very carefully and said:

"Yes, and the eyes of the Italian sparkled: 'I'll take that to the chief of police.'"

Mr. Morgan is not as frail as he is used to be. A look agent once hurried into his office and started to show him wires. The great man flew into a rage and the agent was glad to escape with his life. But that night he wrote Mr. Morgan a letter saying that through his was a despised agent he was a human being with feelings. The next day he got a letter of apology from Mr. Morgan, written in the financier's own hand.

During the summer kidney irregularities often caused by excessive drinking or being overheated. Attend to the kidneys at once by using Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by The Stafford Drug Co.

TUXEDO CLUB CIGAR 10c DARANTELLA 10c Havana Cigars, 10c

\$1,500 IN PREMIUMS FOR COUNTY FAIR

COMPLETE LIST IS NOW BEING PREPARED AND IS TO BE MADE PUBLIC SOON.

CONDITIONS FOR EXHIBITORS

Must Pay \$1 to Become Members of Association and Will Receive Four Tickets of Admission to Grounds.

Premiums which are to be given to prize exhibitors at the Marquette County Fair will aggregate \$1,500. The list is now being prepared, and it will be published within a short time.

The livestock exhibition will be held Thursday and Friday, Sept. 5 and 6. Special attention will be paid to the care of stock exhibited.

Railroads will run to the fair grounds at reduced rates and electric cars will run to the grounds.

All entries for the several classes must be made on or before Tuesday, Sept. 3, to the superintendent of each department.

All stock entered must have been owned in the county at least sixty days. No intoxicating liquors, prize packages, or games of chance will be allowed on the grounds.

Exhibitors of livestock will be provided with hay and bedding by the superintendent of the livestock department.

The blue ribbon or card will mark first premium and the red ribbon or card will mark second premium.

Entries of livestock must be made in the name of owners.

Livestock exhibitors making entries in the thoroughbred class must be prepared to furnish the superintendent of the respective departments in which the entries are made with proof of breeding by reference to standard book or record.

An ample police force will be kept on the grounds to care for the safety of fair visitors and of exhibits.

ASKS PUBLIC TO SMOKE UP.

Attractive Smoking Room at the Library but Nobody Uses It.

Marquette's library is unique in that it has a smoking room, but the public does not appreciate it, so say those in charge of the institution.

The new glass floor of the library is to be installed in August and stacks similar to those now on the first floor are to be erected.

TUXEDO CLUB CIGAR

CRUSHED BETWEEN CARS.

Fred Lind Is Victim of Painful Accident in Lower South Shore Yard.

Fred Lind, a South Shore car repairer is at St. Mary's hospital suffering with a broken left leg and with a mangled left hand injuries which he received when he was crushed between two freight cars in the lower yard yesterday morning.

He neglected to wait until a red flag was placed at the end of the car upon which he and a fellow employe were working, and while he was between the cars, a switch engine backed onto the track. He will lose three fingers and the thumb of his left hand.

WERE MARRIED 57 YEARS.

Death of Antoine Gauthier Who Had Lived in Marquette for Many Years.

The funeral of Antoine Gauthier, who died at the age of eighty-four from cancer of the face at his home, 206 Rock street Thursday night, will be held Monday morning.

Mr. Gauthier, who was widely known, came to Marquette from Canada thirty-eight years ago. Until a year ago when the affliction which caused his death appeared, he retained his vigor, although an aged man. For the past four months he had been confined to his bed. Seven years ago he celebrated his golden wedding anniversary and his wife, who with eight children survives him, is now seventy-four years old.

DINNER PAIL WAS EMPTY.

Nels Steinberg Punishes Stranger Who Had a Hearty Appetite.

When the noon whistle at the coal docks of the James Pickands & Co. blew yesterday, Nels Steinberg, an engineer employed on the docks, found his dinner pail empty, and also he found the man who had emptied it.

When asked for an explanation, the stranger, a youth of eighteen, who was a long way from home, admitted that he had eaten the contents of the pail, but he explained that he had done so because he was hungry. Strangely, Steinberg thought the explanation unreasonable, and without further comment, he struck the young man on the apex of the nose with his fist.

The distressing appearance of the prisoner's nose aroused the sympathy of the police, and believing that he had been sufficiently punished they released him.

Foster's Clearing sale is causing quite a stir. The store is dotted inside and throughout with red price tickets.

NOTICE.

This is to certify that I have severed my connection with the News. All accounts paid to me have been recorded in the company's books despite statements made to the contrary by others.

UMBRELLAS.

We have a full line of umbrellas at marked-down prices. You may need an umbrella very soon. Now is the time to get one at half regular price at Seidenfeld's store.

STOP THE LEAKS.

Now is the time. That is our business. The best shingles for the least money. Consolidated Fuel & Lumber Co. Both Phones. (4-27-11)

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A full line of fancy, silk and other grades at half regular price during the closing out sale at Seidenfeld's store.

TUXEDO CLUB CIGAR

SHE FEEDS FUDGE TO HER VISITORS

MISS A. B. LYONS HAS STOOD TREAT TO THE ENTIRE CITY ALL WEEK LONG.

Throughout the entire week Miss A. B. Lyons has been making good things to eat just to show how it is done, and what is the more remarkable, she has been giving her dainties away just to show how well and easily they are prepared by her method.

The one chief alluring product of Miss Lyons' chafing dish is creamy nut fudge, and that she knows all about the making of it is fully attested by those who have visited the store on Front street where her demonstration is held. Her cooking is done by means of electricity, and her visit to Marquette has been for the purpose of acquainting the public with the advantages of the use of electricity in cooking.

An interesting observation which she has made regarding the price of electric power, and one which demonstrates the success of the municipal plant, is that power here is about fifty per cent cheaper than it is in any of many other cities in the northern states, which she has visited.

Miss Lyons concludes her demonstration in Marquette today and will go from here to Ishpeming where she will remain for a week. After her departure the electrical utensils which she uses, and which are manufactured by a Chicago firm, will be placed on sale by Mr. Retaille for the city.

JOHN T. KEEGAN IN TOILS.

Brought Back to Marinette on Serious Charge.

John T. Keegan, a man who put out a lot of so-called Kimberly stock before the Kimberly company was organized, and whose operations have caused the officers of that company an endless amount of trouble, has been brought back to Marinette, under charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

Keegan is not known here, but most of the stockholders of the Kimberly company here have heard of him and his operations. Keegan is an ex-secret service man, and he appeared in Marinette over a year ago, representing himself as the president and fiscal agent of the Kimberly company. He had met a Marquette man out West, and impressed him. This Marquette man introduced him about the town, and Keegan was successful in unloading a considerable lot of bogus stock. After he had rounded up a nice bunch of money Keegan left the town, and only then it was learned that the Kimberly company had not yet been organized.

Keegan was arrested at Chicago, in the dining room of the Auditorium Annex, where he was dining with Senator Guggenheim of Colorado. He has had a preliminary hearing at Marinette, bail being set at \$5,000 pending the examination next week. Keegan claims that he was unable to deliver the stock he sold because other parties had it and refused to give it up. His prosecution is being pushed by his Marquette victims.

CLEARING SALE.

Foster's Clearing sale is now in progress. (7-20-11)

GREAT REDUCTION ON HATS.

We will now make a special reduction of one-half off on all of our latest misses' and children's trimmed hats of all sorts.

THE BEE HIVE.

222 S. Front St. L. Getz, Prop. (7-5-11)

TUXEDO CLUB CIGAR



A Straight Tip—

If you seek a Summer suit that looks well, feels well, and will wear well, look our way. Be your own judge of style and fit; we'll please you mightily in these things; and take it from us that the fabrics will be right and that you won't be disappointed.

A further consideration is the price inducement. Today begins our annual clothing sale, a saving to you from \$5 to \$10, some styles still more.

Jacob Rose The Store of Quality.

Marquette Opera House

To-Night!

John F. Bailey, presents the favorite versatile Actress

Rita W. Harlan

And company of capable players in

Nat C. Goodwin's Successful Comedy in 3 Acts,

"CONFUSION"

Prices 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c

DR. DEADMAN

VETERINARY PHYSICIAN SURGEON AND DENTIST (Regularly Registered) MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

Bell, County and Long Distance Telephones. No. 286. (4-19-11)

First National Bank of Marquette

UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY

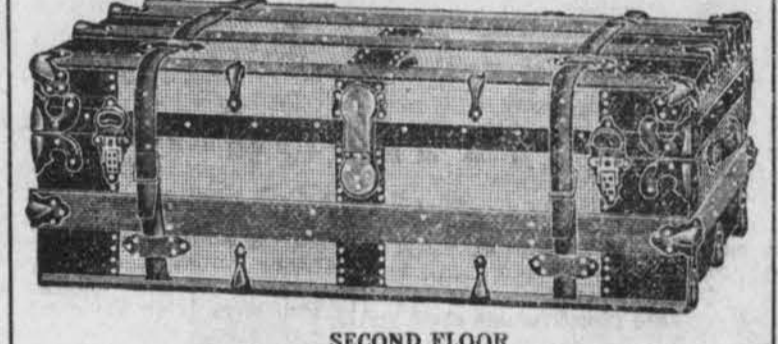
The success of this bank is based on service. Fair, equitable treatment to all depositors, large and small. A steady continuous growth is the best attest of the satisfactory nature of the service we render. A personal interview regarding your banking needs is invited.

PETER WHITE, President; EDW. S. BICK, Cashier; L. G. KAUFMAN, Vice-Pres.; C. L. BRAINERD, Asst. Cashier; W. O. JOHNSON, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS, \$250,000.00

Travelers' Goods

YOU ARE SURE TO BE SUITED HERE



Steamer Trunks, Self Raising Tray Trunks, Wrought Iron and Brass Trimmed Trunks, Leather Bound Canvas Trunks, Shawl Straps, Trunk Straps

Suit Cases at \$1.25, \$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$5 and \$10

WE HAVE SOME GREAT VALUES IN THIS LINE

A. E. ARCHAMBEAU,

Seller of Everything a Man or Boy Wears.

218 South Front Street. Marquette.

FRED BERNARD

Dealer in Meats and Poultry

Poultry killed to order is our specialty.

Telephone orders receive careful attention. Both telephones. 424 South Third Street.

Next to Fred Bureau's Grocery. (6-22-11)

DARANTELLA

10c Havana Cigars, 10c

COOK WITH GAS

THE IDEAL KITCHEN FUEL

CLEAN

EFFICIENT

ECONOMICAL

Marquette Gas Light Co.

111 FRONT STREET.

Who Knows?

No matter whether you buy on the Refund day or any other day you will double your money as you will get \$2 in merchandise for every dollar you spend with us.

Saturday or Monday, July 20 or 22, May be The Lucky Day at the GREAT REFUND SALE

Now on at Seidenfeld's Old Stand, One Door South of First National Bank.

Take a chance and be in the game—you are sure to win—you cannot lose, and the greater the amount of your purchase the greater your gain. Supposing you should be fortunate enough to make a \$20 purchase on the unknown refund day—then you would be exactly \$40 ahead of the game, your money would be refunded and you have \$40 worth of merchandise free of cost. Should you fail to hit the lucky day you will still have \$20 to the good for you will then have \$40 in practical merchandise for your \$20. The fact is plain that whenever you come or whatever you buy you are sure to be the winner and the more you buy the more you gain. The reason we make this unheard of proposition is that we are obliged to close out and we want every man, woman and child in Marquette to help us dispose of our stock. In return we pledge ourselves to do OUR PART by giving you the greatest values ever offered here and to conduct this, OUR LAST SALE, on strictly legitimate lines.

Are you doing yourself and family justice when you resist these value temptations on sale Saturday and Monday

<p>EXTRA SENSATIONAL.</p> <p>10 yards best percale55c</p> <p>10 10c yard wide bleached muslin9c</p> <p>10 10c yard wide unbleached muslin6c</p> <p>82 suit cases1.29</p> <p>82 club bags1.89</p> <p>All other suit cases and bags in same ratio.</p>	<p>CLOTHING OFFERINGS</p> <p>\$10 value men's suits4-45</p> <p>\$15 value men's suits8-89</p> <p>\$18 value men's suits12.00</p> <p>\$4 value child's 2-piece suits2.19</p> <p>\$6 value child's 2-piece suits3.49</p> <p>25c suspenders1.00</p> <p>\$5 silk umbrella2.80</p>	<p>LADIES' SHOES</p> <p>50c soft sole shoes1.9c</p> <p>\$3.50 values at2.59</p> <p>\$5.00 values at3.59</p> <p>\$4.00 Misses at3.19</p> <p>\$3.00 Misses at1.79</p> <p>All other shoes in the same ratio.</p> <p>20c ladies' hose9c</p> <p>\$5 lace curtains2.89</p>
---	--	---

Now don't forget that everything in the store has to go and the prices will be just as low on all other things as the above quotations. Be sure and save your slips. J. J. CARROLL & CO.

NUMB POWE N Depart Actio solve Restr Is Most ment olies Throu the T to Pa Asked Charg Washin of justice days to the peopl The bill General brought law, and a combin The fin havea tr posed cas injunctio defendan traffic. T tioned to Eastern Dipont way and pany. T are suppo fluence of The bil ants: E. E. J. Dup pany of national curies of ment co company, Lafin & Dynamite Mours & Powder e pany of works, C Fairmount pany, Ju company. Powder of pany, Act E. C. an Anthony Equitable pany and Twenty will also It is st nouncement as was m tobacco t ship plan only one will be a The const form such asserted l some of t financing. The p fields of is the one to the go has given what it made pre opposition got hold were gott YAWN Wisconsin Chippee Bailey, a sad plight awake ea seized wit of the big fused to y was wron anec. He could not looked in tongue and desparat "Doctor a he was pl tor succor proper ge LAVY Texas D Calvest were hel night by ests to in a special repeal or the frust The new who deal goods nu trust, o made goo punished from two \$2,000 Carnegie Thomp Pittsbu ment is company the Edg Braddock In addit gons from ported, f the proc overcom