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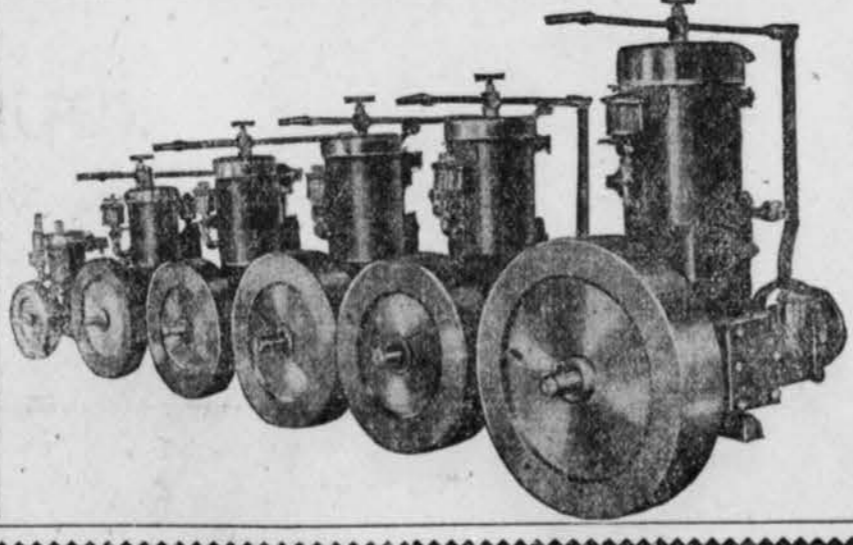
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COAL

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COAL

RUSSIAN ADVICES REPORT A VICTORY

Japanese Said to Have Lost Several Craft in Attack at Port Arthur.

NEWS WILDLY ENTHUSES ST. PETERSBURG.

Affair, However, Seems to Have Been an Attempt to Send Fire Ships Among the Defending Fleet or to Block the Harbor Entrance, and in London's view These Hulks Were the Vessels Destroyed.

St. Petersburg, Thursday, Feb. 25.—A telegram from the Russian minister of foreign affairs... 'At a quarter before three the morning of Feb. 24, numerous Japanese torpedo boats attempted to attack the battleship Retvizan and sink large steamers loaded with inflammables. The Retvizan was the first to observe the torpedo boats, and opened a strong fire on them. She was supported by the land batteries. She destroyed two steamers near the entrance of the harbor; they were coming directly towards her. One of them went on the rocks near the lighthouse on Tiger peninsula and the other sank under Golden Hill. The Retvizan observed four steamers in a sinking condition and eight other torpedo boats departing slowly to rejoin the waiting Japanese warships. A portion of the crews of the Japanese vessels were drowned. The grounded steamer is still burning. The enemy is observed in the offing of Port Arthur in two lines.

The Japanese crews saved themselves in boats and it is possible some of them were picked up by the enemy's torpedo boats. I am proceeding to examine the coast. The entrance to the harbor is open. I attribute the complete destruction of the enemy's plan to the brilliant action and destructive fire of the Retvizan. Floating mines are still visible in the roadstead. I have recalled the three cruisers sent in pursuit of the enemy in order, in the first place, to clear the roadstead of floating mines. We had no losses.

Wei Hai Wei, Feb. 24.—Four Japanese battleships and nine cruisers passed this port today, bound eastward. London, Feb. 24.—The fleet which passed Wei Hai Wei today is supposed to have been Admiral Togo's fleet leaving Port Arthur. Fire Ships Destroyed. London, Feb. 24.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram company from St. Petersburg, sent at 11 o'clock tonight, says that last night the Japanese attempted to send four steamers filled with explosives among the Russian fleet in Port Arthur harbor. These fire ships did no damage and were themselves destroyed, two being sunk and two going ashore. Two Japanese boats escorting the fire ships are said to have been destroyed by the Russian guns.

Paris, Feb. 24.—The Russian embassy here has received a communication to the effect that a Japanese squadron, during the night of February 23, succeeded in blocking the entrance to Port Arthur harbor, at the same time attacking the Russian warships there with torpedo boats and trying to set them on fire. The Russian ships, supported by the coast batteries, repelled this attack, forced the Japanese to retreat, and succeeded in sinking two of their vessels. News of this Russian victory was posted in the lobbies of the chamber of deputies and the senate during the sitting this evening and caused great enthusiasm.

Earlier Advice Reported Disaster. St. Petersburg, Feb. 24.—It is officially announced from Port Arthur that four Japanese battleships and two Japanese transports have been sunk in a fresh attack on Port Arthur. The attack was repulsed. Paris, Feb. 24.—A Port Arthur dispatch says that four Japanese cruisers and two transports have been sunk in a fresh attack on Port Arthur. The dispatch adds that the attack was repulsed and that the Russian battleship Retvizan covered herself with glory. Shanghai, Feb. 24.—10:35 p. m.—The Russian consul and the commander of the Russian garrison, received an official telegram today, announcing that the Japanese made a futile attack on Port Arthur last night. The dispatch added that six vessels are reported to be disabled, but that the character and nationality of the ships were uncertain.

Paris, Feb. 24.—The foreign office received late this afternoon the following dispatch from the French consul at Chefoo: "The Russians have repulsed a Japanese attack upon Port Arthur. Four Japanese battleships were damaged and run aground." The dispatch adds that the attack occurred last night and indicates that the disabled ships are stranded near Port Arthur. Chefoo, Feb. 24.—The steamer Governor Jaesch, while passing Port Arthur at three this morning, heard heavy firing in that direction. There is a persistent rumor abroad that several Japanese warships have been disabled, but so far it is unconfirmed. Another steamer passing Dalny about the same time reports she heard no firing.

St. Petersburg, Thursday, Feb. 25.—12:10 a. m.—The wildest rumors have been afloat here regarding a reported Japanese repulse at Port Arthur, but up to midnight nothing official could be learned. It is reported unofficially that the Japanese, while attempting to land at Piceon bay, adjacent to Port Arthur, lost two cruisers and two transports. Discredited by Japanese Legation. Washington, Feb. 24.—The Japanese legation here discredits the reports of

FANCY BAKING AND ICE CREAM

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Home Made Pies, Patty Cases, Salted Almonds, Pure Sweet Cream Cream Puffs. Out of Town Orders Promptly Filled for Receptions, Etc. JOHN W. DESCHAINE, Both Phones, MARQUETTE, MICH.

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proclamation makes an earnest appeal for the sympathy of the people in the present crisis when, it says, "Russia must put her back to the wall." H. B. Miller, United States consul at New Chwang, is increasingly active in his endeavors to protect the Japanese refugees and has made further demands for information as to the whereabouts of the refugees. He has made strong representations in the matter of the right of search and inspection.

JAPANESE PUSHING NORTHWARD.

Advance of the Troops in Korea Is Under Way. Shanghai, Feb. 24.—The Japanese army corps landed at Chemulpo, Korea, already has been deployed between Seoul and Ping Yang. Advance guards are even northward of the latter place. Owing to a partial thaw, the roads are bad and the transportation of provisions and war munitions is most difficult.

Paris, Feb. 24.—A dispatch to the Times, after confirming the announcement that Japanese troops have reached northern Korea, adds: "It is expected that Russia will not oppose the passage of the Yalu river, but will withdraw her first line of defense farther into Manchuria, believing that such action will be disadvantageous to the enemy, because of the distance from his base and the inefficiency of his cavalry." London, Thursday, Feb. 25.—In a dispatch from Chefoo, the correspondent of the Mail says that five thousand Russian troops have moved from Mukden to Hsin Min Ting, and that skirmishes are reported between Chinese regulars and Russians near Shan Hai Kwan.

TAKES OVER KOREA

JAPAN DECLARES A PROTECTORATE OVER HERMIT KINGDOM.

Causes Stir at Washington and Is Taken to Open Up Possibilities for New International Complications.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Secretary Hay has received information that Japan has negotiated a treaty with Korea, whereby she guarantees the independence and integrity of Korea. No details of the new Japanese-Korean treaty have been announced at the state department, which confines itself for the present to a brief announcement of the treaty's conclusion. It is known, however, that Korea gives Japan extensive military rights and the officials here regard the negotiation of the treaty as a declaration by Japan of her protectorate over Korea, a move which has long been expected. It is supposed that Japan is given the right to fortify Korea in any way she wishes and practically to assume control of all of Korea's defenses.

Russia Will Ignore It.

The declaration of the protectorate over Korea by the Japanese removes Korea from the rank of neutral powers and makes it as legitimate a field for military operations as Japan itself. Russia will ignore Japan's newly negotiated treaty with Korea, and has so informed the United States. Japan, it may be stated, assumes practically the same attitude of indifference towards Russia's protest as the powers, which in high authority is declared will be ignored by the Tokyo government.

ST. PETERSBURG ELATED.

Reported Japanese Repulse Causes Wild Excitement and Enthusiasm. St. Petersburg, Thursday, Feb. 25.—Crowds thronged the streets and the excitement attained the fever point when it was known definitely that the emperor had received a telegram giving the details of the Japanese defeat at Port Arthur and showing that the Russian victory was even greater than at first reported.

The newspaper managers waited at the admiralty with fast horses ready to carry away the news which it was known was being prepared. When the sheets were finally distributed, at 2:30 o'clock this (Thursday) morning, a rush was made for the exits and the assembled officers cheered wildly and repeatedly. The crowds showed no inclination to disperse, hoping further news would be received, showing the exact extent of the Russian victory.

CAPTURED BY RUSSIANS.

Three British Ships With Coal for Japan Seized in the Red Sea. Soudin, Egypt, Feb. 24.—The captain of the British steamer Lusitan reports that he was stopped and examined by Russian torpedo boat destroyers a few miles south of Deadalus island in the Red sea, who informed him that three British steamers laden with coal for Japanese concerns, had been captured by them.

URGENT REVOLT AGAINST CZAR.

Russian Students Call on the Revolutionary Elements to Rise. Berlin, Thursday, Feb. 25.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Bern, Switzerland, says that Russian students at Bern are attending the Bern university held a meeting and adopted resolutions expressing the hope that the revolutionary elements in Russia would mobilize and turn the war against Japan into a war of the masses against official Russia.

AMERICAN ARGUMENT WON.

Melville Stone Who Induced Czar to Abolish Censorship on News. London, Feb. 24.—Reuter's Telegram company has given out the following: "The abolition of the censorship on news telegrams sent abroad from Russia is understood to be the direct outcome of the interview which Melville E. Stone, general manager of the Associated Press, had with the czar at St. Petersburg. Mr. Stone urged upon his Majesty the wisdom of abolishing the cen-

CLASH WITH SPANIARDS. Seamen from the Columbia Engage in Brawl at St. Thomas.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Feb. 24.—Two seamen from the United States cruiser Columbia jostled against two from the Spanish cruiser Rio De La Plata on the street yesterday. A Spaniard drew a stiletto and seriously wounded one of the Americans. Others from the Columbia went to the rescue of their companions and attacked the Spaniards, who defended themselves with knives and slightly wounded several of the Americans. The Spaniards finally escaped, ran to the wharf and jumped into the water. They were picked up by a harbor boat and taken on board their warship. The wounded American sailor is in a hospital here in a critical condition.

STARCH MILL IS DESTROYED

EXPLOSION PARTIALLY WRECKS A SUGAR REFINING PLANT AT WAUKEGAN, ILLS.

AT LEAST THREE MEN DEAD

BODIES OF SEVERAL OTHERS MAY BE IN THE DEBRIS.

Awful Loss of Life Not the Case Only Because Disaster Occurred Between Shifts—Damage to Property a Quarter of a Million.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—An explosion of dry starch in the plant of the Warner Sugar Refining company near Waukegan, Ills., tonight partially destroyed the establishment, killed three men and injured a number of others. The explosion occurred between the hour of the night and day shifts, and there is no way of ascertaining the number of men in the plant at the time. The explosion occurred in what was known as the "powder house," where dry powdered starch was kept, and the direct cause of the accident is unknown. The property loss is estimated at a quarter of a million dollars. The dead were:

JOHN CUNICK. JACOB SPREECE. UNIDENTIFIED MAN.

The injured are: Albert Mitchell, Thomas Bailey and William Goggin, all fifteen Poles and Bohemians, none of whom are seriously hurt.

It is possible the number of dead is larger, but it will be at least a fortnight before the wreckage can be cleared up in such a manner that it can be positively known that no more bodies are in the debris. Reports of the dead run all the way from three to twenty-five. The evidence, however, is in favor of the lower number.

The entire plant is valued at \$2,500,000. The total number of men employed is 600, and the capacity of the starch mill was 18,000 bushels of starch daily. The starch mill, a four-story brick structure, 200 by 100 feet, was entirely destroyed. The force of the explosion was such as to break windows in Waukegan, a mile and a half away. Had the establishment been in full blast at the time, it is probable there would have been at least a hundred dead.

EMPLOYERS CHARGE PLOT.

Sweeping Injunction Against Central Labor Union Granted at Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—On the sworn statement of officials of the Dearborn Duster company that the Chicago Federation of Labor was engaged in assisting strikers in unlawful acts of intimidation and violence, Judge Holdom today issued an injunction against the Central Labor union. In the attempt of the company to connect the Federation of Labor with the acts complained of, it will connect that body with an alleged conspiracy to put employers out of business unless they grant the union demands. All criminal acts will, it is claimed, render every member of a labor union responsible. Judge Holdom's injunction is said to be one of the most sweeping ever issued in Chicago.

GEN. DICK IS NOMINATED.

Republican Caucus by Acclamation Names Him as Hanna's Successor. Columbus, O., Feb. 24.—At a caucus of the Republican members of the legislature this evening, General Charles Dick was nominated by acclamation for both the unexpired and the short term for United States senator to succeed the late Senator Hanna. General Dick's name was the only one presented. As the Republicans have a large majority in both branches, Congressman Dick's election is assured and the balloting on March 1 will be only a formality.

NOW LOSES HIS HEAD.

Clerk at Fort Sheridan Refused to Spell "Routing" With an "e". Chicago, Feb. 24.—W. E. Baker, a clerk in the office of the quartermaster at Fort Sheridan, who refused to spell "routing" with an "e," although ordered to do so by his superior, Lieutenant Colonel Miller, today received his discharge from the secretary of war, to whom the question of spelling had been referred. Baker says he will appeal to President Roosevelt.

WM. J. BRYAN THANKS HAY.

Letters from Secretary of State of Much Assistance to Him in Europe. Washington, Feb. 24.—William J. Bryan called on Secretary of State Hay today to thank him for letters which the secretary gave him on his recent trip to Europe and which proved of great assistance to Mr. Bryan.

Tripoli City, Tripoli, Feb. 24.—Torrential rains have flooded and devastated surrounding country. Great loss of life is believed to have occurred.

(Continued on Page Four.)

DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED.)

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches and is especially devoted to the Upper Peninsula interests.

Subscription Rates: Per month, by carrier, \$1.50; Per year, by mail, \$15.00.

MARQUETTE, MICH., FEB. 25.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

The railroads have capitulated, it is said, and are buying rails at \$28 a ton. Keep your eye on freight rates.

Korea will not make an exhibit at St. Louis. It finds being the seat of war about as strenuous as being a party to the war.

A shipment of 15,000,000 tons of ore in 1904 would appear rather miserly, but it would serve us right. We had no business being so strenuous in '02 and '03.

There is a lull in the supreme court candidacy business. No new aspirant has appeared this week as yet, and it's already as late as Thursday. What can the matter be?

Late accounts of hockey games have had the effect of quite reconciling a number of upper peninsula towns to the fact that they have not yet been initiated into the mysteries of the noble sport. They read like reports of a Russ-Jap battle.

An upper peninsula exchange's story about a locomotive being frozen to the track, tying up a train for two hours until a switch engine could be sent along to get the procession moving, may be eighteen karat, but is certainly sounds on the Mark Twain order.

The Hague tribunal, by giving the Venezuelan blockaders the preference, has given a standing invitation for similar aggressions in the future. Next time there will be a rush to be in on the ground floor. It's too bad the peace court is not more solicitous about assuring peace.

George A. Newett should find the Native Copper Times' reading of late. Our caustic friend "A Has-been" has let up on the theaters and is now training his batteries on co-operative stores, in which crusade he outdoes even Mr. Newett. And it may be commented that there is a deal more truth than fiction in both gentlemen's remarks on the subject. Co-operative stores, like most bonanza mining companies, are usually a good thing for the handful of insiders. The other shareholders pay the freight.

Congressman Dick is said to be already as good as elected as Senator Hanna's successor, having more than enough votes for a choice pledged. Congressman Dick should make an able senator. He is generally held to be more of a politician than a statesman, but when he becomes thoroughly saturated with the senatorial atmosphere, it's a pretty safe prediction, too, that Congressman Dick won't get lost in the senate, for he has a way of making himself heard. From all accounts Senator Foraker and he will pull together pretty well, at least in the beginning.

The Soo Evening News is out with its third weekly demand for a grand jury, which goes to prove that there is at least one institution at the Soo not ready to compromise with crime. The news says that a majority of the people of the city desire an investigation. If so a majority of the people are verily singularly supine and voiceless, for it begins to look as if their desire is going to receive no attention. For the purpose of enlightening the general public and to bring the blame home to the right party the News might very well explicitly state who is responsible for holding up the grand jury proceedings, which, indeed, seem to be badly enough needed. If The Mining Journal remembers correctly the prosecuting attorney put the question up to Judge Steere. Is it Judge Steere who is hesitating to give the people what the News says they are clamoring for?

The special grand jury in the Iroquois case saw fit to indict five of the eight men singled out for blame by the coroner's jury, and it indicted the big men, too. At the head of the list is Will J. Davis, the manager, who with T. J. Newman, his business manager, and James F. Cummings, his stage manager, is held for manslaughter. The other two indictments are against city officials, Commissioner of Buildings Williams and one of his subordinates, Inspector Laughlin. These last two indictments are on a lesser count, palpable omission of duty. The action of the jury in clearing Mayor Harrison was foreseen and will not be quarreled with. It was based on the fact that the mayor had no knowledge of the violations of the law in the particular case of the Iroquois theater. Chief Masham is also cleared. It is almost unnecessary to say, however, that some part of the moral responsibility rests on these officials. If they had been as careful as they might well have

been in administering their offices the Iroquois horror might well have been avoided. The next step is the trials of the indicted men. The coroner's and grand juries have successively done their duty in a manner beyond criticism. It is now time for the law to discharge its part in the same irreproachable manner.

Senator Quay is said to have taken warning from the death of Senator Hanna, to have dropped all political and business cares with Quay there has been a peculiarly intimate relation between the two) and to have retired to Florida, where it is his intention to get a thorough vacation and rest. The Pennsylvania senator has been in doubtful health for some time, and it was reported on several occasions that he intended to pull out of the active fray. However, these reports were erroneous, for the "old man" was on the spot whenever there was any serious need for his services. Now, however, it is said that he will devote much of his time to insuring the longest possible lease of life for himself. He is to retire from the national committee at the end of his present term and has intimated that Senator Penrose is his choice as his successor. He does not intend to leave Florida to attend the Pennsylvania convention and unless his health improves he may not even appear at Chicago in the spring. Much interest will attach to the success with which Senator Quay keeps all these excellent resolutions. He is a good deal of a veteran to be able to remain away from the fray when trouble begins to thicken.

The Soo Evening News is another upper peninsula paper that does not seem to be satisfied with either Fred M. Warner or Justus S. Stearns for gubernatorial timber, though it might naturally, from its advocacy of primary election reform, be expected to tumble into the Stearns wagon. However, the News suggests the discussion of candidates from a higher point of view. Both Mr. Warner and Mr. Stearns are seeking the office and the News thinks it is about time that the office began to seek the man. The News has, of course, some particular man in mind, and he is no less an one than Congressman William Alden Smith, of the Fifth district, in whose behalf the News makes a plea as strenuous and so impassioned as to convey the impression that he is in the field for the nomination. But we thought he was permanently out; we understood that he had promised Stearns his friendship and support. Does the News mean to say that Smith really would like to be governor if sufficiently urged; that he is coyly waiting for the invitations to become pressing? If so, then indeed should he be seriously considered. But what's the use of canvassing his varied abilities in this connection when the last word we have heard from him in any authoritative utterance was that he did not care to be governor, having in mind even bigger things.

A POSSIBLE RUSSIAN ALLY. Just now the elements are fighting on the side of the Japanese, the intense cold and snow storms interfering with the movement of Russian troops into Manchuria from European Russia. But, when summer comes there may be a difference, and climatic phenomena are not unlikely to work to the advantage of the Russians.

A letter in a New York paper from Dr. Albert S. Ashmond, late foreign medical director, Tokio hospital, calls attention to a danger menacing Japanese soldiers if the war should be protracted until after spring. The rainy season of east Asia will be on in June, July and August, which is the season for that exhausting disease, beriberi. The cause of this disease is a matter of controversy, some authorities ascribing it to the rice diet and others to "the Japanese infernal charcoal stove with its fumes," but whatever the cause, the prevalence of the disease among the natives and its debilitating effects are unquestionable. According to the medical director of the chief Japanese hospital beriberi has "paralyzing effects on Japanese muscles of respiration, the heart, and of the legs, making these people struggle for breath and walk like goats." This, he thinks, must necessarily disable a large percentage of the Japanese fighting force, while the Russian soldiers are immune from this particular disease.

If this statement is well founded the fact has undoubtedly been taken into account by the Japanese military authorities and will dispose them to push operations in Korea and Manchuria to a conclusion, if possible, before the rainy season arrives. Time fights on the side of Russia in a protracted campaign, and should the Japanese be misled by Russian tactics of withdrawal into following them into the interior, and so weakening their own line of communication with their home base, the appearance of General Beriberi as an ally of Russia might have an important influence on the result of the summer campaign, if not on the outcome of the war.

ESCAPED AN AWFUL FATE. Mr. H. Haggins of Melbourne, Fla., writes: "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases by Stafford Drug Co., druggists. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Purifiers does it.

A CARD. We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

Desjardins' Pharmacy. (11-2-0m) Desjardins' Pharmacy. Desjardins' Drug Store.

Mining News

EXPECT BETTER TERMS. Copper Range Strikers Are Hopeful of Satisfactory Concessions.

The strike situation on the South range remained the same yesterday. Now that the men have refused the companies' proposition, given in yesterday's issue, it is understood that the local mine management has again taken the matter up with the East, and something in the nature of better terms is now expected by the men. In submitting the proposition of the companies to the representatives of the Baltic, Trimountain and Champion mines, Dr. L. Hubbard, general manager of the Champion, sent a letter in which he told why it was thought that the proposition was fair. The letter, however, failed to carry weight with the majority of the members of the committees of the strikers, although the men have due respect for Dr. Hubbard and do not blame him in any way for the reduced wages which caused the trouble. The terms named were not considered satisfactory and the refusal of the proposition was the natural result. Dr. Hubbard's letter read as follows: "First of all I beg to call your attention to the fact that the conditions in the different copper mines of Lake Superior are not uniform. Some are very deep and very hot and are charged with water that destroys the clothes and inflames the skin. The depth of the mines means also a greater risk to the miners in case of fire or accident. It will not be pretended that a uniform schedule of wages could be adopted that would apply equally to a mine of this character, and a mine like the Champion. "We have tried to recognize this difference and at the same time to enable our miners to earn a good living. "There is no doubt that if a system of contract work could be devised that would accurately measure the skill and industry of the best men as against the inexperienced and indifference of the others, it would probably be satisfactory to the majority of our miners as well as to the people that pay them for their work but every miner knows that it is difficult to devise any such system. The nearest approach to it that seems to be possible is a piecework practice in the open-pit mines. In the Champion mine, where every man's work is inspected and is paid for at the end of the month according to the judgment of the mining captain, and that, too, with a bias generally in favor of the miners, the lowest wage earned by any party of miners in January was \$55.75. Had it been a twenty-six day month the average would have been \$58 per man. Only five parties out of a total of fifty-seven parties received this; the others received pay at a higher rate. "Since the strike has been on some of the miners have admitted that they would rather work for \$5 per month less in the Champion than in the deeper mines. "The lowest wages paid miners in the Champion in January was just \$4 per month less than the average wages paid miners in the year 1903 in a neighboring deep mine as lately published in the newspapers. The wages paid were actually higher in January than those of December, which contradicts the statement made that wages had been cut without notice."

ONE OF OREGON'S ARGONAUTS WHO HAS LEFT HIS IMPRESSION ON THE STATE.

Senator Mitchell of Oregon dotes on his state and its substantial growth. To the senator is given credit for this story of Colonel Joseph Meeks, one of the frontiersmen who closely followed the footsteps of Lewis and Clark across the mountains to seek a home. "Colonel Meeks went to Oregon with two or three adventurous pioneers in advance of the tide of 'civilization,' and he was as perfect a specimen of the backwoodsman as you would find in a year's travel—6 foot 2 and every inch full of fight. There was something very pompous about his style of dress, and one day, while talking with a couple of British officers at Vancouver, he dilated largely and eloquently on the changes he had witnessed since he had first landed in Oregon. "One of the officers, thinking the colonel a greenhorn, asked him with affected seriousness, whether he had seen any changes in nature itself—whether the rivers had deflected from the accustomed channels or the mountains had changed their configuration. The colonel saw the Britisher had mistaken him and resolved to follow the sage advice of answering a fool according to his folly. "Oh! certain, sir," replied the colonel. "You see that mountain?" pointing to Mount Hood, whose snow-clad summit some 14,000 feet above the sea level, stood only sixty miles distant; "well, sir, when I first came to Oregon, that mountain was nothing but a small hole in the ground!" "Another time he got even with a Britisher when he was made United States marshal for the then territory of Oregon. Information was brought the colonel that a British ship was unloading a cargo of smuggled goods at a point on Puget sound. Investigation proved the report true and the colonel was delighted to find that the captain of the vessel was a man who years before had ordered him off a vessel. Being now clothed with the authority of "uncle Sam," the colonel said, "You don't know me, do you? Well I remember that cussed ugly face of yours. You are the same miserable whelp who ordered me off your vessel when I was plain Joe Meeks, and now that I am Colonel Joseph L. Meeks, United States marshal of the territory of Oregon, I order you to go ashore. Git! and if I ever catch ye smuggling goods into this territory again I will hang ye!"—Washington Times.

LIGHT THROWN ON CANCER. Nature of the Disease Cells Discovered by a London Physician.

Great importance is attached to two recent discoveries concerning cancer which have been widely discussed during the past week. The first of these is the discovery of the existence of cancer in fishes, as in man and other warm-blooded animals living in similar conditions to man. It is hoped that the fact that cancer exists in fish, which live under such different conditions from man, may conduce to a more speedy and complete knowledge of the disease. The other discovery was that of Professor Farmer and Messrs. Moore and Walker. This does not promise an immediate cure or prevention, but is acknowledged to be of the highest importance. At present its practical value is diagnostic. It enables a distinction to be drawn readily, even easily, between malignant and benign growths. The fundamental importance of the discovery must not be discounted. Heretofore the most terrible thing about cancer has been the ignorance of the causes of its birth and growth. A microbe parasite has been suggested, but has failed completely to justify the theories founded on the assumption of its presence. Another theory which has been accepted generally of late has been that cancer is the untimely growth of an embryonic tissue—that is, a tissue which had existed in the body stationary and undeveloped since some previous stage. Evolution had started it into activity and it developed at a furious rate in an entirely wrong way. Professor Farmer and his colleagues have now established the nature of the cancer cells, the method of their growth and the irritating causes which provoke them, incidentally showing that cancer cells are not a development of the embryonic tissue. It is difficult to explain the discovery briefly in popular language, but the central point is the establishment of the fact that the cancer cells are cells which under some kind of irritating stimulus behave not as ordinary cells, but as if they were cells of the reproductive tissue. The process observed during the development makes it easy to tell if a cell is malignant cancer. Research finds what agents of irritation are causing an ordinary cell to act the same as cells of reproductive tissue.—London Letter to New York Sun.

CALUMET & ARIZONA. The directors of the Calumet & Arizona yesterday declared a quarterly dividend of \$1.50 per share, payable to stock of record March 4. Three dollars could have been paid, but it was considered better wisdom to pass the balance to the surplus fund. It is understood the company intends to double the capacity of the smelter at Douglas at once. Everybody at Calumet is more than satisfied with the action of the board, as they fully realize that to double the smelter capacity will double the dividends in one year. The new Oliver shaft is also to be equipped.

MINING GOSSIP. The Arnold hoist has been sold and removed, incalculating the final abandonment of the mine. The mill machinery is also for sale.

President Todd and Director Mearse of the Quincy Mining company are on an official visit to the Quincy and Adventure properties.

Some of the miners thrown out of work by the big strike at the Champion, Baltic and South range mines are leaving to work in other mines in the district.

The report that the mill machinery of the National mine is for sale is denied officially. The National is awaiting results from the Michigan, which directly adjoins it.

M. J. Harrington has resigned his position as clerk of the Champion mine, the resignation to take effect March 1. It is said that the resignation has not yet been accepted.

It is reported that the Belt mine will be reopened in the spring by New York parties. It has been closed down since W. I. Leopold and Amalgamated parties explored it two years ago.

The Atlantic Mining company will hold its annual meeting for the election of directors and transaction of other business at the office of the company in New York on Thursday, March 8, at noon.

The rich ground recently encountered in the bottom of the Winona shaft is steadily making to the south and the present outlook is quite encouraging. The work is being pushed economically and effectively.

Copper was easier abroad yesterday, closing at a decline of 5s in the London market, with spot quoted at £57 5s 6d and futures at £56 2s 6d. At New York copper was quiet, with Lake quoted at 12.50@12.75, and electrolytic and casting 12.37 1/2@12.62 1/2.

The old Franklin is getting out considerable heavy copper and stamp rock from the footwall side of the vein. It is evident that the end of the mine is not yet. The Franklin Junior continues to show up well and it is believed that the property will continue to improve.

F. A. Heinze of Butte announces that hereafter the men employed in the mines and smelters of his companies will be paid every two weeks instead of monthly as heretofore. This has long been one of the union bones of contention and will force Amalgamated to do the same thing. It avoids the necessity of men discounting their time to brokers. It is a shrewd political move.



Better than honey for less money. Nutritious as well as delicious. At grocery, 10c, 25c, and 50c tins. CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

and very pleasing to the merchants. F. A. Heinze says that the change is made for the benefit of the men and of the business community. This innovation will cost Mr. Heinze \$15,000 a year. Recent developments at the property of the Sheba Gold & Silver Mining company in Humboldt county, Nev., have done much to assure the future success of the mine. The working tunnel has tapped the main Sheba vein at a depth of 800 feet, and the well mineralized formation is getting better as the tunnel is pushed forward. That rich ore will soon be encountered by the tunnel, there is confidence, as the vein is believed to be the one sought. There were \$3,500,000 worth of ore taken out of the mine when it was worked in the old days. Only a small amount of ground was taken, and it is said by those in authority that there is now as much if not more than enough ore already in sight to equal that amount. There is much Sheba stock held in the copper country.

EQUAL TO EVERY EMERGENCY. One of Oregon's Argonauts Who Has Left His Impression on the State.

Senator Mitchell of Oregon dotes on his state and its substantial growth. To the senator is given credit for this story of Colonel Joseph Meeks, one of the frontiersmen who closely followed the footsteps of Lewis and Clark across the mountains to seek a home.

"Colonel Meeks went to Oregon with two or three adventurous pioneers in advance of the tide of 'civilization,' and he was as perfect a specimen of the backwoodsman as you would find in a year's travel—6 foot 2 and every inch full of fight. There was something very pompous about his style of dress, and one day, while talking with a couple of British officers at Vancouver, he dilated largely and eloquently on the changes he had witnessed since he had first landed in Oregon.

"One of the officers, thinking the colonel a greenhorn, asked him with affected seriousness, whether he had seen any changes in nature itself—whether the rivers had deflected from the accustomed channels or the mountains had changed their configuration. The colonel saw the Britisher had mistaken him and resolved to follow the sage advice of answering a fool according to his folly.

"Oh! certain, sir," replied the colonel. "You see that mountain?" pointing to Mount Hood, whose snow-clad summit some 14,000 feet above the sea level, stood only sixty miles distant; "well, sir, when I first came to Oregon, that mountain was nothing but a small hole in the ground!"

"Another time he got even with a Britisher when he was made United States marshal for the then territory of Oregon. Information was brought the colonel that a British ship was unloading a cargo of smuggled goods at a point on Puget sound. Investigation proved the report true and the colonel was delighted to find that the captain of the vessel was a man who years before had ordered him off a vessel.

Being now clothed with the authority of "uncle Sam," the colonel said, "You don't know me, do you? Well I remember that cussed ugly face of yours. You are the same miserable whelp who ordered me off your vessel when I was plain Joe Meeks, and now that I am Colonel Joseph L. Meeks, United States marshal of the territory of Oregon, I order you to go ashore. Git! and if I ever catch ye smuggling goods into this territory again I will hang ye!"—Washington Times.

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FOR... Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Cards, Posters, Dodgers, Circulars, Wedding Cards, Engraved Cards, Catalogues, and anything in the line of Printing, large or small, come to THE MINING JOURNAL CO., LIMITED. Washington St., Marquette, Mich.

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RATES \$1.50 TO \$2.00.

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WOOL RUGS DELIVERED FREE!

We are manufacturers of the very best rug adapted to use in sitting, dining and bed rooms. They are reversible and made from the very best long staple wools dyed with lasting beautiful colors woven all "HIT and MISS" have the appearance of the most expensive Oriental Rugs. In writing us please note the color effect desired in any rug and we will use our best judgment in selecting.

Note particularly the low prices we start at—\$7.50 for ft. \$11.75 for 9x12 ft. \$22.00 for 12x15 ft. other sizes in proportion, sent express prepaid on receipt of price. Money back is desired. Write for our "booklet" about "Santary Rugs from Old Carpets" and "Santary Rugs from Old Carpets" from E. T. O'SHEA RUG & CARPET MFG. CO. LTD. Sault Ste. Marie. (5-16-04)

Copper Country

DEATH OF SIVERT OLSON.

Well-known Calumet Business Man Expired Yesterday at Denver.

Sivert Olson, one of Calumet's best known business men and most highly respected citizens, died at Denver at 4 o'clock yesterday morning while enroute home after a several weeks' stay in Phoenix, Ariz., for the benefit of his health. Although his demise was not entirely unexpected, it was thought that he would at least survive the trip home and perhaps live for some time. His wife and son, Sigurd, were with him at the time of his death.

Six weeks ago Mr. Olson left for Phoenix in the hope that the climate there would do him great good. His physicians recommended the change and at the time great hopes were expressed that he would soon be on the road to rapid recovery. His malady was tuberculosis as well as was expected, however, and recently decided to return home. When Denver was reached he was taken suddenly worse and the end came quickly. Besides his wife and son, he is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Robert McKenzie of Calumet.

Funeral arrangements have not yet been made but the services likely will be held under the auspices of the various fraternal societies with which the deceased was affiliated. He was very prominent in fraternal circles. He was a thirty-second degree Mason, and a member of the Knights of the Macabees, the Modern Woodmen of America, and the Old Fellows.

Mr. Olson was fifty-four years of age. He was born in Norway in 1850 and came to the United States in 1873, the year after settling in Calumet, where he embarked in a furniture and undertaking business, which he has since conducted. His store is one of the largest and best of its kind in the upper peninsula. Mr. Olson had a wide circle of friends in Calumet, and his demise is deeply regretted.

MUCH WATER WASTED.

Hancock Consumers Leave Faucets Open and Plumbers are Kicking.

Because of the extreme cold weather this winter, many Hancock water consumers have been leaving their water faucets partly turned on at night so that the water would not freeze. In consequence much water has gone to waste and instead of pumping the usual average of 600,000 gallons daily, the amount sent into the mains under ordinary conditions, the big pumps are pumping daily more than a million gallons. The waste of water cannot be stopped, for the simple reason that Hancock consumers do not pay for their water. It is as free as the air and a large number of the consumers believe they can save money by leaving some of the faucets open at night during bitter cold weather. The practice is effectual and accomplishes the purpose, but the pumping plant is compelled to use more fuel.

Because of the practice of leaving faucets open there have been fewer cases of frozen pipes in Hancock than in any other town in the county. In Houghton, just across the lake, where the meter system is in vogue, many water pipes have frozen. The committee do not leave the water run at night because they know they would have to pay for all the water that went to waste, as the meter clicking down in the basement measures every gallon of water. When Hancock first installed its present water system, only about 300,000 gallons a day were required, but as the town and population grew it was necessary to add to the daily requirement until a new pump was needed. The pump was purchased about two years ago. It is a powerful machine and can easily attend to the demands upon the system, even with the present waste of water. The city is growing, however, and the board of public works and common council decided not long ago to enlarge the reservoir to provide for an adequate future supply. The present trench is about one hundred feet in length, ten feet wide and about three feet deep. It is dug in the gravel along the Portage lake shore and the water filters through. The reservoir is being deepened several feet to give an additional supply, this accounting for the muddy condition of the water previously noted in these columns. With the increased capacity of the reservoir the supply will be adequate for many years to come, no matter if much of the water is wasted.

HAVE YOU INDIGESTION?

If you have indigestion, KODOL CURE will cure you. It has cured thousands. It is curing people every day—every hour. You owe it to yourself to give it a trial. You will continue to suffer until you do try it. There is no other combination of ingredients that digest and rebuild at the same time. Kodol does both. Kodol cures, strengthens and rebuilds. Sold by Stafford Drug Co., H. N. Meloche, Ishpeming.

VIM, VIGOR, VITALITY! In Every Bottle



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 Escanaba and Greenland, Mich.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
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ANOTHER HOWLING BLIZZARD. Railroad and Street Traction People About Ready to Quit in Disgust.

Another cold and disagreeable blizzard raged yesterday, much to the absolute disgust of all those who depend on street trolley people. They are getting mighty tired of the continual winds which drifts the snow into huge drifts on their tracks. No sooner do they get the tracks nicely cleared and the train service about normal than another howling blizzard starts and the same work must be done over again. Trains and mails have been late and traffic has been demoralized on more than a dozen occasions throughout the winter. Old railroad men say that the weather has been worse this season than in many years because of the large amount of snow and wind. The drifts are not easy ones to get through. The snow packs down hard and it is about all the big plows can do to get through it. Considering the drifts of yesterday, the roads kept the tracks open fairly well, although trains on both the Mineral Range and Copper Range were more or less late. The street railway service was badly handicapped, but the cars were kept running.

BUSINESS MEN TAKE HOLD. Calumet Ball Park, Race Track and Rink Project Promises to Be a Go.

Indications are that the movement to develop Calumet with an up-to-date baseball park and race track and a modern skating rink will be successful. Business men are taking hold of the project. A stock company is proposed, which desire to build the ball park and rink, and also the plans that the ball park at least can be provided for the coming season. The race track also would be welcomed for the coming summer, although this is not urgent, and there would be no need of the rink until later in the year.

No definite plans have yet been made for the enterprise but it is said that active steps will soon be taken. The site in mind for the ball park and rink is near the Mineral Range depot at Laurium. The location is one of the very best in Calumet and is easy of access, the street cars and railroad being near at hand. Calumet businessmen recognize the need of grounds such as proposed and by a concerted movement there should be no trouble to float a stock company successfully. Laurium is without grounds for athletic purposes, and for the reason has gone to men of that village are taking the initiative. Red Jacket has a baseball park, but despite that the Red Jacket businessmen are invited to join in the scheme. It is understood that if in essence the Laurium businessmen will take hold of the proposition themselves.

Last year the Superior Rink company endeavored to sell enough stock to insure the erection of a large rink, but the business men of that town were not interested in the matter and the project fell through. Since then, however, the interest in the movement to establish a ball park, race track and rink has become more general among the business men of the town, and it is believed that the same amount can now be raised. The baseball season is drawing near and soon the "fans" will be as enthused as ever. There is no question of the financial success of a baseball park in Calumet. The greatest interest taken in the national game. All that is required is a first-class team. A race track, too, in connection with the park should prove a big success. There are numerous good horses in Calumet and their owners usually play an argument before the summer is over, with the result that match races at the Hancock Driving Park usually are arranged.

A big rink in Laurium, something on the style of the rink at Houghton, would mean a first-class hockey team in the village. This would make the local interest in the grand winter sport even more intense. Houghton people would welcome another big rink and would like to see the rink go up. It is rumored that if the rink is built, "Joe" Stephens, formerly rover on the Portage Lake team, will return to the copper country to take charge of the Laurium team.

CHURCH WON OUT.

The results of the piano voting contest in Hancock and Houghton, which came to an end last Saturday, were announced Tuesday afternoon. The German Lutheran church of Hancock is the winner, having polled ahead of St. Joseph's hospital, the leader the week before. The church polled 149,378 votes, which brought its total to 328,763. The hospital got 165,668 votes, making 277,481 in all. The Good Will farm polled 95,138 votes; its total was 274,976. These three institutions have been the leaders in the contest from the first and at times it was nip and tuck. Great rivalry has existed and in consequence votes were eagerly sought. The piano will be delivered to the church this week.

At Lake Linden the Everybody's Favorite club is still in the lead, with a total of 69,295 votes. The Green Star is second with 57,688. The contest now centers between these two and there is considerable rivalry as to which will win out. The friends of each are working hard to gather in the votes.

TWO GOOD HOCKEY GAMES.

Two exciting hockey games were played Tuesday evening. In the Hancock City rink, the Houghton and Hancock High schools lined up for their first struggle of the season. Hancock won after a hard game in which the final score was 6 to 2. The game was rather evenly matched, and the outcome was in doubt most of the time. Considerable hard body checking was indulged in. Both teams worked combinations with good success. In the Amphitheatre at Houghton the Michigan College of Mines team and the Laurium Crescents played a tie game, the score being 1 to 1. The match was entirely exciting. The two teams have played once before this season, the Crescents winning, 3 to 0.

BETTER THAN GOLD.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lamona, Mich. "I was helped by me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my liver in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run-down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." "I tried only 50¢ Satisfaction guaranteed by Stafford Drug Co.

LIVES WITH BROKEN BACK. \$25,000 DAMAGES ASKED.

Case of a Calumet & Hecla Miner Attracting Much Attention. Interesting Case on Trial Yesterday in the Circuit Court.

A case that is attracting much attention in surgical circles is that of Michael Rozovich, a Calumet & Hecla miner, who lies with a broken back in the Calumet & Hecla hospital. Although in a critical condition, it is said that the man will live, although he never again will have the use of his lower limbs. Rozovich lies on his stomach in a position that is not any too comfortable. He has suffered excruciating pain at times, but has borne up with great fortitude in his battle for life, with the odds more than a thousand to one against him. Rozovich was hurt while at work underground last week. Although the hospital staff at first considered that his injury would prove fatal, everything known to medical science for the treatment of cases of the kind was done for him and as the hours passed improvement was noted in his condition. It will be a long time, perhaps, before Rozovich will be able to leave the hospital, but the doctors are now confident that he will sooner or later be able to do so. The case is one of those seldom reported in the surgical world, and the treatment of the case speaks well for the skill of the Calumet & Hecla surgeons. As long as he lives Rozovich no doubt will be well taken care of by the company, which has the reputation of being especially good to its men.

SUPERIOR TO BE IN LEAGUE. Jimmy Hart of Louisville Offers to Manage Team This Year.

It now seems to be definitely settled that the circuit of the Northern Baseball league the coming year will be the same as last year and consist of Superior, Duluth, Winnipeg, Crookston, Grand Forks and Fargo, the only change which has been in the case of Superior, and now arrangements have practically been made so that that city will have a team again. Jimmy Hart of the Louisville American association has made an offer to become manager of the team, and some of those backing the team seem to want him badly. Talk of taking in Calumet, Houghton and Hancock has been heard a good deal, but the plan has been given up. There will be about 10 games this year, and the schedule committee will report at the league meeting to be held in Superior or Duluth early in March.

BASEBALL AT THE SOO.

Letters from men who want to play with the Soo ball team this year continue to pour in. Andrew stated in it looks as though by the time spring opens the management will have all the men that can be handled. One of the latest to write for a position on the team is Henry Olmstead of Escanaba. Olmstead is one of the best of the upper basemen in the business. Last year he was with the Fargo team in the Northern league and later held down the bag for Calumet. George Labelle, the Kalama, is also in the mix, and he would like to wear a Soo uniform this year. Labelle closed the season here last year, but owing to ill health was not able to do his best. However, he's now a more clever work. He says he is now the best of condition and would like to be given a chance to show the northern fans what he is made of.

There seems to be considerable interest in the proposition to organize a league among the towns of the upper peninsula. Correspondence relative to such a proposition is now being carried on, but it is yet too early to tell how the matter will end. There is certainly a big interest in the idea of a northern part of the state than ever before, and if the managers get together and organize on sound business principles it looks as if considerable success might be attained. The supporters of some of the larger would be pleased to see a league organized.

HE LIKES THE WEST.

N. B. Roscorla, superintendent of the Highland Boy mine, left yesterday on his return to Salt Lake City after a few days' visit with his wife, who is ill at the home of her brother, William Kline, in Lake Linden. Mrs. Roscorla is now much better, and as soon as she is able to travel she will join her husband in the West. Captain Roscorla was formerly in charge of the Wakefield mine, near Ironwood, accepting his present position on a short time ago. He likes the climate of the West, and prefers it to the present Lake Superior weather. But little snow has fallen in the vicinity of Salt Lake and the temperature never at any time this winter has been much below the freezing point.

BOAT WAS POSTPONED.

The Duggan-Dwyer boxing bout did not take place Tuesday evening as announced. The match has been postponed and will now be the attraction in Hancock Saturday evening next. Both men are in training for their little affair and a good exhibition is in store for those who attend. The men conducted negotiations a long time before they finally came to terms and now that the match is on it is the talk of the sports. The winner will take the purse of \$250 and a silver watch. The loser will be backed by a large delegation of Calumet sports, who will be down to see the match, while Duggan will be on hand with a Houghton contingent.

WATER MAINS EXTENDED.

The extension of the city water mains to the side hill north of Hancock has been completed and the water has been turned on. The work was done in a few weeks' time under the direction of Alderman Anderson, who was placed in charge by the council. The residents who will be directly benefited by the extension are more than pleased, as it will do away with the nuisance of carrying water a considerable distance. Private connection with the main will be made at once by most householders.

NO GAMES WITH SPALDINGS.

Captain Kaiser of the Calumet indoor baseball team was informed yesterday by the use of the new Light Guard Army for the proposed games with the Spaldings, the best Chicago aggregation of this week. Calumet enthusiasts regret that the games are not to be pulled off as they were looking forward to exciting exhibitions. The opinion here is that the Calumets could give the Spaldings a hard rub.

Dr. Weaver's Treatment.
 Strych purified the blood, Oerale healed skin eruptions.
 Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

A WHOLE FAMILY.
 Rev. L. A. Dunlap, of Mount Vernon, Mo., says:—"My children were afflicted with a cough resulting from measles, my wife with a cough that had prevented her sleeping more or less for five years, and my young child of ten months had a cold that kept him ill." "I tried only 50¢ Satisfaction guaranteed by Stafford Drug Co."

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Shelf and Heavy Hardware and Mining Supplies.

We carry the only complete stock in the Upper Peninsula, BOUGHT DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS. TRADE WITH US and save the small dealers' extra cost in buying from second hands.

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DOLLS OF CLIFF DWELLERS.

is thus obtained. The only way to intercept messages would be to employ a similar instrument, which would have to be synchronized to the same degree as the transmitting instrument. Lastly, these machines will receive their messages which are given at present at a speed of twenty-five words a minute without anybody being present, and would thus be of great advantage in a signal box, as the signal man will receive clearly printed instructions should he be absent at the time the message is sent to him. Nor will the machine work only without wires. I gave a lecture in Paris before the Society of Civil Engineers, of which I am a member, during which I sent messages to Brussels while telephonic communication was going on over the same wires. I have sent messages also between Berlin and Frankfurt."

The apparatus consists of a typewriter which by depressing a key sends two impulses. Each letter only requires two impulses, and the different letters are obtained by means of the time interval between these impulses. For wireless purposes these impulses operate a switch connection with the induction coil, thus making the sparks for sending the other waves. The induction coil is connected with an aerial as well as an earth wire. To turn the apparatus into a receiving instrument it is only necessary to move a switch which is placed beneath the typewriter. This makes all the communications to be received apparatus, which consists of a coherent and a very sensitive relay.

CUBA IS RICH IN TOBACCO.

Exports of Cigars Foot Up to Many Millions of Dollars in Value.

A dispatch from Havana gives the tobacco export statistics of the island of Cuba. According to these figures, in 1903 over 300,000 boxes of tobacco were exported, valued at more than \$12,000,000, while almost 209,000,000 cigars were shipped from the island which, at an average of 800 a thousand, would yield a little more than \$12,500,000. Uncle Sam cooks considerably more than half of the tobacco in bales, but less than 40,000,000 cigars, or about half that was sold to England.

Our duties are so excessively high on manufacturers of the island of Cuba, that our imports of cigars is limited, and we have seen it argued by excellent authority that a reduction of the duty would actually prove to be a revenue measure, for with lower duties more cigars would be imported. Smokers who have a taste for imported cigars will find, we think, that at retail they can buy very few of the Havana made article at less than twelve cents each, and yet the average cost of exported cigars is only, on the basis of these Cuban figures, six cents each.

The difference between the price here and the price in Havana includes the transportation, the dealer's profits, but more than all the \$450 per pound and 25 per cent ad valorem which Uncle Sam collects on all imports of cigars, a tax so high as to be prohibitive on the cheaper grades of Havana cigars.—Boston Herald.

The most reliable preparation for kidney troubles on the market is Foleo's Kidney Cure. Desjardins' Pharmacy.

MESSAGES BY ETHER WAVES.

Machine That Transmits and Receives Telegrams Without Wires.

The zerograph is the name bestowed upon a new mechanical and electrical device by means of which messages by wireless telegraph may be sent or received and typewritten copies taken automatically. It is not a Yankee notion, but the invention of an Englishman. In appearance it resembles an ordinary typewriter, but it is of simpler construction, with a keyboard figured with the signs of the letters and numerals, which can be printed or telegraphed by any number of instruments. Each instrument, the inventor explains, is an one receiver and a transmitter enabling operators to converse with one another in writing, and thus obviating misunderstandings, which are apt to occur in telephonic communications. So far messages have been sent only for a short distance, but it is intended to experiment over wider spaces, and it is hoped that messages can be sent to any distance that ether waves will carry. The machine is always ready for immediate use, and as there is no mechanism which requires to be wound up in order to obtain synchronism, the operator has both hands free for manipulation.

Another advantage claimed for the invention will be of especial importance in military affairs. Messages cannot be picked up, and there is no mechanism which requires to be wound up in order to obtain synchronism, the operator has both hands free for manipulation.

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IT GOES OUT ON A POINT OF ORDER

HOUSE BURIES THE PROVISION FOR A TRAINING STATION ON THE GREAT LAKES.

NAVAL PROGRAM IS OPPOSED

MR. BURTON, OHIO FIGHTS APPROPRIATION FOR BATTLESHIP.

Motion Is Not Disposed of and Serves as the Text for Republican Speeches Declaring Its Author Not in Line With His Party.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Two storm centers were encountered in the consideration of the naval appropriation bill in the house today. First, the great lakes training station went out of the bill on a point of order after a wordy battle. The bill then met criticism and blocked further progress of the measure for the day.

Mr. Burton of Ohio, the echoes of whose speech for peace on Monday had hardly died out, moved to strike out the provision for the single battleship authorized. This motion is now pending. It served as a text, after Mr. Burton had supplemented his Monday speech with figures showing that the United States was building more naval vessels than any other European country except Great Britain, for several years and declared not to be in line with his party.

Democratic Program.

In the event of the defeat of this motion and the acceptance of the whole building program, a movement is to be made tomorrow by Mr. Meyer of Louisiana to have the bill recommitted to the naval committee with the following instructions:

First, to provide for a coaling station and dock at Olongapo, Porto Rico, instead of a naval station.

Second, to eliminate the provision for two armored cruisers, and the armor thereof, costing \$15,000,000.

Third, to place a limit of \$398 per ton as the maximum price for armor plate, with a provision for an armor plate factory to cost not over \$4,000,000 if armor cannot be procured within the limit prescribed.

Fourth, that all vessels herein provided for under the head of "increase of the navy," except battleships, be constructed in government navy yards.

Senate Proceedings.

The senate spent the greater part of today discussing an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill by striking out the house provision giving authority to the secretary of agriculture to inspect important food products when misbranded or suspected of impurity. The amendment was suggested by Senator Aldrich, who said the provision opened a way for encroachment by the secretary of agriculture on the duties of the secretary of the treasury and was calculated to cause a duplication in the service of the two officials. Senator Proctor, in charge of the bill, defended the provision and had the aid of Senators Dooliver, McComas, Bacon and others.

The discussion was closed by substituting the provision of the act of 1900 bearing on the same point. This solution of the problem was suggested by Senator Proctor and was accepted by all. Consideration of the bill practically has concluded, but final action was postponed until tomorrow in order to allow an inspection of it as amended.

ENGLAND'S NEW BATTLESHIPS.

Fear of Losing Balance of Power on Sea Caused Their Acquisition.

IN POLITICAL MATTERS.

Status of Government Employees Defined by Postmaster General Payne.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Replying to a query regarding the status of government employees in political matters, Postmaster General Payne in a letter today says:

"Referring to your communication of the 20th inst., I enclose herewith a copy of the rules governing civil service employees. You will observe that it is not deemed proper for employees of the government who are within the classified service to take active part in political matters. This would mean that they should not serve as delegates to any political convention or to act on any political committee."

Mr. Payne has all along drawn a sharp line between those in the classified or civil service and in the unclassified service. According to former orders, postmasters or others holding unclassified positions are merely prohibited from using their offices to control political movements, from neglecting their duties, or from causing public scandal by political activity.

A person in the classified service has the right to vote as he pleases, and to express privately his opinions on all political subjects, but he should take no active part in political management or in political campaigns.

FORMED HUGE WATER CURTAIN.

New York Firemen Resorted to Novel Means of Preventing Explosion.

New York, Feb. 24.—It has developed that the explosion of three tanks containing nearly 5,000,000 cubic feet of gas and the enormous loss of life and property which would result from such a catastrophe, was averted yesterday by Fire Chief Croker in a manner never seen to fire fighters. Flames from a burning factory opposite the gas tanks were blowing against the huge receptacles until their explosion was imminent, and the conclusion would have been drawn every building within a mile or more of the spot. Chief Croker ordered all streams of water away from the burning building, which was now a hopeless wreck, and concentrated so that they formed a huge water curtain, so long and so high that it completely blanketed the fire from the gas tanks.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
If your doctor says this is the best cough medicine you can take, then take it. We are willing to leave it with him.
J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION.

Five of the Seven Appointees Have Definitely Accepted the Posts.

Washington, Feb. 24.—President Roosevelt has received definite acceptances from five of his appointees on the isthmian canal commission, namely: Rear Admiral John O. Walker, U. S. N., retired, General George W. Davis, U. S. A., retired, Colonel Frank Hecker, Detroit, director of transportation during the Spanish-American war, William Barclay Parsons, engineer of the New York subway, and William H. Burr, professor of engineering of Columbia university, New York, and once a member of the Walker commission.

It is quite likely, although it has not yet been determined absolutely, that the other two members of the commission will be Benjamin M. Hurood of New Orleans, engineer of the Mississippi river, and C. E. Wall, Grumsky of San Francisco, a distinguished hydraulic engineer. It is believed that Mr. Grumsky will accept.

President Anxious to Start Digging.

The president may complete the personnel of the commission tomorrow. He will send the appointments immediately to the senate for confirmation. He is extremely anxious that there should be no unnecessary delay in the practical work of digging the canal by the United States.

Dr. Amador, president of Panama, has replied to the cablegram sent to him yesterday by the Panama minister at Washington, informing him of the ratification of the canal treaty: "I beg you to convey to the noble American government and to the great and generous American people, the expression of our sentiment of deep gratitude in the name of the government and people of our new-born republic. The inestimable services rendered by you to this nation will live always in the hearts of the citizens and will last even longer than the bronze of the statue of the great Frenchman, for the erection of which you contribute so generously."

Great Joy on the Isthmus.

Colon, Feb. 24.—Large and excited crowds gathered in the streets last evening when the news that the United States senate had ratified the canal treaty became known. Shops immediately displayed Chinese lanterns and the railroad offices were decorated with red, white and blue electric lights. The fireworks lasted all night and everywhere there were manifestations of frantic delight.

DECIDES TO ORDER 125 ENGINES.

Milwaukee Road to Spend Two Million Dollars for Motive Power.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—At least \$2,000,000 will be expended by the Milwaukee road during the year in the purchase of motive power. An additional \$1,000,000 may be spent for passenger coaches, sleepers and freight cars, but this has not been definitely decided upon. It is being operated by the Milwaukee company may increase its motive facilities at once if it is to remain in position to handle its increasing business.

At a recent meeting of the board of directors it was decided to place orders for 125 large locomotives, forty engines to be delivered before Nov. 15. The Baldwin company will build the new locomotives.

The business of the company has increased so far during the last three years that the motive power is now inadequate. New lines have been opened and new trains installed on old divisions. The company has been constantly adding rolling stock, but additions to motive power have been small.

Lack of motive facilities has been felt more during this winter than at any other time since shortage in locomotives became apparent. Trains have been stalled waiting for engines, and the new locomotives will be of simple type. The operating department has decided to abandon the compound engines as being proved unsatisfactory.

The company will make material additions to its rolling stock, freight cars and coaches will be built at the West Milwaukee shops.

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RUSSIAN ADVICES REPORT A VICTORY

(Continued from Page One.)

shores, and as a result of the manner in which the matter was represented to him the czar called upon the minister of the interior for a report on the subject. This report, having been made, the czar gave the order that the censorship should cease.

CHINESE GRANT CONCESSION.

Gunboat Mandjur Can Remain Providing She Goes Out of Commission.

Shanghai, Feb. 24.—It is reported that the Chinese foreign office has agreed to allow the Russian gunboat Mandjur to remain at Shanghai on the condition that she dismantles her rudder and draws her fires. The Japanese cruiser Akitsushima, which has been waiting at Woo Sung for the Mandjur, proceeded north today.

JAPANESE PLAN REPAIRS.

Russian Cruiser Varig May Soon Be Flying the Mikado's Flag.

Tokio, Feb. 24.—The Russian cruiser Varig, sunk by the Russians in their hopeless battle against the Japanese fleet at Chemulpo, may soon be flying the flag of the Mikado and fighting the czar. Engineers have been sent to Chemulpo to raise the cruiser at once and begin repairs preparatory to bringing the vessel to Nagasaki, where the warship can be quickly docked and pressed to final repairs. In sinking the Varig the Russian crew, it has been ascertained, merely opened the sea-cocks.

U. S. Commander Asked to Report.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The navy department has called on Commander Marshall, commanding the gunboat Vicksburg at Chemulpo, Korea, for a full report regarding the attack of the Japanese fleet at that port Feb. 8 and of the subsequent incidents. Both here and at St. Petersburg the report that Marshall refused to rescue Russian sailors from the sinking ship Varig is discredited, but an official version of the affair is desired by this government.

MANCHURIA'S "CHICAGO."

Harbin Said to Be the Objective of the Japanese Forces.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Harbin, the Chicago of Manchuria, 600 miles north of Port Arthur and 350 miles west of Vladivostok, and at which point Viceoy Alexieff has recently established the Russian headquarters, retiring from Port Arthur, is said to be the objective of the Japanese land force. Harbin is on the Sungari river, a tributary of the Amur; the Chinese Eastern railway connects it with Port Arthur on the north. When the ice goes out of the Sungari river, the Chinese land force can connect it with Harbin on the north. Harbin is said to be the objective of the Japanese land force. Harbin is on the Sungari river, a tributary of the Amur; the Chinese Eastern railway connects it with Port Arthur on the north. When the ice goes out of the Sungari river, the Chinese land force can connect it with Harbin on the north. Harbin is said to be the objective of the Japanese land force. 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The Happy Home.
Happiness must be founded on health. Where there is ill-health there will surely be unhappiness.

At any stage Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. But the cure is quicker if the "Discovery" is used in the earlier stages of disease.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED, FOR SALE OR RENT

LOST—Between Schoch & Hallam's and Layley & Co.'s, a small envelope containing 2 pins, a pencil, and a small gold tuff pin. Finder will please return to Schoch & Hallam or First National bank, and receive reward. (2-25-1f)

WANTED—Four gentlemen between the age of 20 and 30 to explain the merits of an advertised article. Must be of good appearance and have ability. Inquire Ellison, Clifton House. (2-25-1f)

SALESMAN WANTED—To carry line of shoe specialties, 30 samples, one grip, in Northern Peninsula of Michigan. Must be a hustler—a salesman who can sell shoes, rubber boots and hosiery. Address Chicago office, room 303, 21 Quincy St., Wolfe Bros. Shoe Co., Columbus, O. (2-25-1f)

FOR RENT—Large furnished rooms, newly papered, steam heat, gas light; with bathroom privileges; central location; near boarding houses. Possession given March 1st. Apply to J. N. Williams, No. 127 E. Ridge St., or at Room 4, Harlow Block. (2-24-1w)

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Mrs. C. M. Wheeler, 418 E. Arch St. (2-24-1w)

WANTED—Lady solicitor to canvass for household articles of every day use; take orders, no delivery; commission. Hustler wanted; nothing else will do. Address X 153, this office. (2-24-3d)

FOR SALE—Household furniture; everything suitable for boarding house. Any person wishing to buy call or write Mrs. S. McLean, 156 Superior street. (2-25-1w)

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Mrs. J. E. Sherman 414 E. Hewitt avenue. (2-22-1f)

WANTED—A cook at St. Luke's hospital. Wages \$20 per month. (2-22-4f)

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A farm of 160 acres, 22 acres cleared, with good farm buildings, will sell at easy terms for cash, or will trade for Marquette city property. Enquire 1000 North Third St. (2-17-1w)

FOR SALE—One Hundred shares (of any part) of Columbus Consolidated stock of Utah, for \$4,000. Inquire at this office. (2-13-2w)

FURNITURE REPAIRED and upholstered in first-class manner. Telephone Hager Bros. Co., Ltd., 118 South Front street. (2-11-4f)

HAIR MATRESSES renovated and remade in first-class shape. Send orders to Hager Bros. Co., Ltd., 118 South Front street. (2-11-4f)

THE BEST henlock slabs you ever used—four foot—are for sale by Wetmore Mercantile. (1-14-4f)

FOR SALE—A double circular sawmill, complete, with building; also several engines. F. W. Read & Co., Marquette. (9-20-1f)

FOR SALE—Choice building lots in Neater addition for sale cheap for cash or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars inquire at office of Peter White. (2-19-1w)

BIDS WANTED.

Proposals will be received until April 1st, 1904, from responsible parties, to load at the stump, and deliver on cars at our several locations, the 18,500 cords of wood which is our monthly requirement for our three charcoal blast furnaces. Prospective bidders can visit our locations, and examine the conditions, and specifications will be furnished setting forth the terms of such a contract on application. Only capable parties need apply, and an adequate bond will be required. Our terms and outfit can be bought on an approved valuation. Apply to CLEVELAND-CLIFFS IRON CO., Gladstone or Marquette, Mich. Gladstone, Mich., Feb. 23, 1904. (2-25-6d)

A. KANGAS,

SELLS—GROGERIES, TEAS AND COFFEES—CHEAP—English Breakfast Tea, regular price 50¢ per pound; for 40¢ per pound. Coffee from Rio de Janeiro 40¢ per pound. Buy your groceries of me and save money.

A. KANGAS,

Opposite City Hall, Washington Street.

FORGOT HIS PLUMBING TOOLS.

A Satire on Some of the Fables of Modern Education.

A reader of The Mining Journal who believes in more concentration on the three Es that is just now the fashion with modern educational authorities hands The Mining Journal the following satirical skit "When Willie Starts to School" with a request for its publication:

"Mother, where's my saw?" said William Herbert Spencer Up-to-Date, as he made his collection of Maxwell text books into a neat package and gathered together his carpenter tools preparatory to starting for school.

"At least it's the janitor," replied his mother. "I didn't know you would need it today. I thought you only had plumbing and bricklaying on Fridays. But here are your sawing materials. Have you learned hewhitching yet?"

Mrs. Up-to-Date beamed with pride. How superior were the educational advantages of the present day, she thought over those of her own childhood, when only reading and writing, spelling and arithmetic were taught in school, before sewing and cooking had been recognized as the broad and essential foundation of education, and were only to be learned in a cursory way at home. "At the head of his class in knitting!" And Mrs. Sixth Floor's Waldo, who was just the same age as William H. S., had not yet gotten past learning to thread a needle. But then, Willie always had been a precocious child. She would tell Mr. Up-to-Date. It would make him glad to know that his eldest son led the class in knitting at the public school.

"We have a new professor of physical culture," continued William H. S. "He is teaching us to play scientific tag, and next term he is going to give a course on the physiology of hop scotch, so that we can play it in the spring."

Mrs. Up-to-Date sighed. She, too, had played hop scotch and tag when a child, but only in a happy, ignorant sort of way. How much broader and fuller her life might have been if she had only understood the science of tag and the psychology of hop scotch! She made a mental note. She was to read a paper before the Thalmia club on "The Relation of Life to the Nerver Education," and these things would be worth mentioning.

"It raises a great deal of dust in the school room when we have our lessons in tag," added William H. S., with a little cough. "Teacher says the dust inhaled composed mostly of tiny creatures called disease germs, and we ought to be glad, because the dust is good for the germs and makes them very happy. We should be kind and helpful, teacher says, to all living creatures, even the tiniest."

Little William H. S. had now gathered together the various implements of his education—the cooking utensils, the hammers, planes and saws. Carrying them all tightly in his arms, he started down the street toward the public school. He had only gone a little way, however, when his mother remembered something.

"Come back, Willie!" she called. "You have forgotten your plumbing tools!"

DIVORCE MILL IN CANADA.

Publicity of the Proceedings is a Guarantee Against Any Fraud.

The divorce mill does not grind its grist so rapidly or easily in Canada as it does in the United States. There are no star chamber proceedings where in the details matter, even the tiniest, and the public is made aware of all matters which lead to the application for a divorce. The notice of the applicant must be published for six months in two newspapers in the territory wherein the defendant resides, and the notice must give the name of the applicant and the defendant and the ground upon which the application is based, and a like notice must be printed in the Canadian official newspaper.

The matter does not then go to a court, for no Canadian court has the power to annul a marriage tie. It goes to the dominion parliament. The parliament has a committee known as the divorce committee, and to this committee the matter is referred, and before its nine members all the facts in relation to the case are brought. This committee has no set rules, and the matter of precedent does not control its actions. It may admit such evidence as it sees fit, and may exclude such as, in its judgment, ought not to be admitted.

Refer to the matter is referred to this committee, however, it must undergo a first reading in the senate, where the salient facts in the case are set forth. Then it goes to the committee, and from the committee it is returned to the senate. The senate reviews the action of the committee, and that body passes on it in committee of the whole. If the action of the committee be confirmed by the senate the bill is then referred to the lower house of the parliament, which reviews both the action of the senate and the divorce committee.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Young lady wants pupils, kindergarten to seventh grade, to tutor after school hours and evenings. For particulars enquire at The Mining Journal office or leave address with it. (2-19-1w)

WATCH SALE. We are offering all of our stock of watches and jewelry at almost our own price. BIGELOW & CO. (2-22-4f)

Washburn-Crosby's Gold Medal Flour makes the bread that makes the man.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. Marquette, Mich., Feb. 23, 1904. The undersigned hereby give notice that sealed proposals for the erection of a school building at the corner of Fourth street and Baraga avenue, in the city of Marquette, Michigan, will be received by the building committee, until 8 p. m. Saturday, March 19th, 1904. Plans and specifications are on file in the office of the architect, Jno. D. Chubb, No. 313 Chicago Opera House Building, Chicago, Ill., and at the residence of Rev. J. G. Pinten, Marquette, Michigan. The committee reserves the right to accept any or reject any or all bids. (2-24-22) BUILDING COMMITTEE.

City Brevities

Today's weather: Fair and stationary temperature. Yesterday's temperature: Seven a. m., 2 degrees; noon, 3; 7 p. m., zero. Maximum, 4 degrees; minimum, zero.

Louis Lafortias was a Republic visitor here yesterday.

B. J. Goodman, of Sands, was in Marquette on business yesterday.

James D. Wade of L'Anse was in Marquette on business yesterday.

St. Genevieve's guild will meet today with Miss La Fortune, Bluff street, at the usual hour.

T. J. Shepard, of the Hadden-Rodee company, brokers, of Milwaukee, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. G. G. Barnett, of Ishpeming, was here yesterday. He attended circuit court as a witness in the Papa murder case.

There will be a Lenten service in the German Lutheran church this evening, at 7:30. These Thursday services will be continued throughout Lent.

W. O. Butler has made a number of improvements at the Clifton, painting the office, laying new matting, etc. They make an appreciable change for the better in the interior appearance of the hotel.

A leap year social will be held by the Epworth league of the M. E. church in their parlors Monday evening, Feb. 29. Crokinole and other games will be played, they to be followed by an attractive musical program and refreshments. The arrangements committee assure all who attend a very pleasant evening. The admission will be fifty cents a couple.

Monday will be the last day on which taxes will be payable to the city treasurer, and delinquents should call around this week and settle before the rolls are transferred to the county treasurer's office. The city treasurer has been producing the people who owe personal taxes, and most of these have settled. There remains, however, a considerable balance of property taxes yet to be paid.

The continuance of the cold weather yesterday resulted in considerable interruption of the mail service. The morning trains were a little late and in the afternoon the train from the east was over two hours behind time, that from the west being about half an hour late. The frosty air made the running the hardest experienced in a number of days, and was a great disappointment to the railroad men, who were beginning to hope that their troubles were over.

HOODOO HAS THEM MARKED.

Ill Fortune Seems to Follow the United States Senators from Kansas.

When John J. Ingalls, the brilliant but erratic Kansas senator, died there were some who predicted that the successors to his seat would have an evil fate. This prophecy appears to be borne out, for the two "hoodoo" men who will pursue the incumbents remains to be seen. Indeed, it was Mr. Ingalls himself who so designated the line of Kansas United States senators that started out with General James H. Lane.

Those in the "faded succession" were James H. Lane, Edward G. Ross, Robert Crozier, Alexander Caldwell, James M. Harvey, Preston B. Plumb, Bishop K. Perkins, John Martin, Lucien Baker and the present senator, J. Ralph Burton. Lane committed suicide. Ross resigned and dropped out of political life. Plumb died in office at Washington. Perkins served a brief term by appointment. Martin served two years and left the senate poorer in purse and with less prestige than he possessed when he went in. Baker was almost a total failure and his crushing defeat for re-election at the hands of Burton is still warm in the memory of the people of Kansas.

BULBS WORTH A MILLION.

Florists Have a Great Deal of Money Invested in Flowering Roots.

It takes an immense quantity of bulbs every year to satisfy the love of the American for the most delicate flowers that grow from them. Most of our bulb growers are imported. We get an enormous quantity of bulbs from France, Easter lilies from Bermuda, narcissi from England and practically all of the "Dutch bulbs," particularly hyacinths and tulips, from Holland. For centuries the Dutch gardeners have almost monopolized the bulb-growing industry of the world. In 1902 we paid Holland nearly \$500,000 for bulbs and we gave another \$500,000 to the bulb-growers of other countries.

It needs only a little yankee shrewdness to see why American gardeners are discovering that there is enough first class bulb land in western Washington, alone, to supply the world with bulbs, and, undoubtedly, many parts of Oregon and British Columbia are equally suitable for the business. There is no question whatever that it is possible to grow bulbs in the Puget sound country, which are superior to the best Holland stock. Bulb-growing offers attractive inducements to those who wish to earn a living out of doors. It will grow to a great industry in this country.—Country Life in America.

Have you a full, heavy, mean feeling in your stomach after eating, feeling lazy, tired, and weak? Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well, keep you well, 35 cents. The Stafford Drug Co.

WAR ON PRICES. Don't fail to ask us for prices on watches. We are offering them at away below regular selling prices.

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30,000 PASSENGERS PER HOUR.

Wabash Railway Expects to Handle Great Crowds at St. Louis.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—In arranging its plans for handling traffic during the St. Louis world's fair, the Wabash railroad is having fifty locomotives remodelled, so that cars can be coupled at either end. The company has contracted for 150 steel underframe coaches, which will be operated by the shuttle trains to be operated by the road between the Union depot and the world's fair grounds.

In general construction these coaches will resemble the models built by the Illinois Central road for suburban use. They will be fifty feet long. On each side will be four large doors, opening from the ends of transverse aisles. These doors will be so regulated that they can be opened simultaneously by the turning of a lever at the end of the car.

Expect to Break Records. Officials of the Wabash expect to break all records in the handling of passenger traffic by their system of unloading and loading these shuttle trains. The seat capacity for each car will be 120, and it will be possible to place thirty more in the aisles in case of a rush.

"Two tracks will be devoted exclusively to these shuttle trains in the Union depot," an official of the Wabash said yesterday. "and two more will be used as emergency tracks in case of a rush. The platform will be used exclusively for the loading of the trains and the other, separated from it by a fence, will be used for unloading. The platforms for the shuttle trains will be built directly at the entrance to the fair grounds.

"This is the manner in which we expect to do some record-breaking loading and unloading. When a shuttle train comes into the fair station the depot will open the doors of the discharging side of the train, and we figure that no passengers will be required to board the train will block the way, that the entire train of ten cars can be unloaded in twenty seconds.

Thousands Each Hour. "As the passengers are leaving the train the guard on the loading side will open the doors and allow passengers to enter. We have estimated that it would be possible to run a train out of the fair station every minute, although we intend to schedule them only every two minutes. We can load 150 passengers on every car, at the rate of 45,000 every hour. With the coaches averaging only ten minutes, 270,000 passengers could be taken care of every hour."

"We figure that passengers will not object to standing during the rush hours, as the trip will be made in ten minutes, and no annoyance will be caused by the conductor pushing through to collect fares. No one will be allowed to board the train until he has deposited his ticket in the box at the turnstile. This will expedite the handling of great crowds and will prevent the customary confusion."

RUSH ORDER FOR ENGINES.

Philadelphia Firm Builds Twenty Loco motives for Japan.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 24.—In consequence of a rush order from the Japanese government for locomotives, a locomotive plant here has established a new record by the construction of seven locomotives in a day. The engines ordered by Japan are for the military railroad that will be allowed to run on the southern coast of Korea, with Seoul, the capital. The line will be about 225 miles in length. The order, which called for twenty locomotives, was completed within thirty days, was received late in January. Eight locomotives have been shipped to Pusan. The remaining twelve will be shipped this week.

AIMS AT THE LOAN SHARKS.

Bill Introduced in New Jersey Legislature to Regulate Interest.

New York, Feb. 24.—Assemblyman Edward D. Birdholz of Orange has presented in the New Jersey legislature a bill to amend the law relating to the payment of interest. It provides that no public or private corporation, copartnership, firm or individual shall charge more than 6 per cent interest on any loan. The punishment for violation of the bill is imprisonment in prison or both. The bill is intended to wipe out the loan-shark business.

COUNTY SECEDED ALL ALONE.

How Franklin, Tenn., Expressed Its Disapproval of an Election.

"The county of Franklin in my state," said a Tennessee man, "has the unique distinction of being the only county that ever undertook to secede from the state to which it belonged. A great many people have doubtless forgotten that the people of Tennessee voted twice on the proposition to secede in February. At the first election a majority—about 100,000—against secession. A few months later, when the attack on Fort Sumter stirred the passions of men, another vote was had and the earlier verdict was reversed by about the same decisive figure.

"But in Franklin county, where state's rights and secession claimed the allegiance of the entire population, there was a total failure and his crushing defeat for re-election at the hands of Burton is still warm in the memory of the people of Kansas.

KING EDWARD SENDS BAND.

St. Louis, Feb. 24.—A cablegram from London to George W. Stewart, manager of the World's Fair music bureau, announced that King Edward has given his approval to the proposal that the Royal Grenadier band of London in the World's Fair musical program. This band of sixty-five pieces will give two concerts daily for six weeks beginning Feb. 29. Eighteen other bands have been planned, some of them designed to accommodate massed bands of 250 musicians. Other bands will come from Mexico, France, Germany and other countries.

YOU'LL HAVE 'COLD FEET'

every morning while dressing unless you use a "Gas Heater." They cost only \$1.50. The Marquette Gas Light Company.

FIRE WOOD.

Good dry hardwood, block or split. Dry pine also; dry hemlock shavings also. Call for prices. P. W. Read & Co., Marquette. (12-19-1f)

RHEUMATISM---CURED

Never a Failure—and Not Single Cases, but Hundreds on Hundreds—THOUSANDS—Cured by the Famous Tonic.

PAIN'S CELERY COMPOUND

They Were Racked—Crippled—Agonized—Despairing of Cure. But They ARE Cured.

BY MR. JOHN JORDAN, 88 YEARS.

Twenty-Eight Years He Suffered With Rheumatism and Heart Troubles—Not Knowing the Cure Was Close at Hand, and That He Was Actually SELLING IT TO OTHERS.

"I used to be very active, working outdoors in all kinds of weather. From the time I was sixty years old I was troubled with rheumatism, and at first kept it down pretty well—the pain of it—by rubbing with liniment. But this since proved to be useless, as every winter my rheumatism came on worse than ever, and I suffered more or less all the year round.

"I was then going around with two canes and (being 88 years old) having a very hard time of it.

ABANDON THE SILVER PLANK.

Democrats Will Not Give It a Place in National Convention.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 24.—James C. Dahlgren, member from Nebraska of the Democratic national committee, said today: "We have estimated that it would be possible to run a train out of the fair station every minute, although we intend to schedule them only every two minutes. We can load 150 passengers on every car, at the rate of 45,000 every hour. With the coaches averaging only ten minutes, 270,000 passengers could be taken care of every hour."

"I don't think, however, that the effort to save the silver plank," said Mr. Dahlgren, "will be of any avail, for I predict that the convention will vote to reject it, at least temporarily, as a pro to reject it of the party policy. The remainder of the Kansas City platform will be approved. There are many Democrats who question the good political sense of insisting upon a reiteration of the silver plank."

HOW WILD BEASTS ATTACK.

Nearly Every Species Has Its Peculiarity in Seizing Its Prey.

Those who obtain their knowledge of how wild animals pounce upon their prey, be it a human being or a fellow brute, from the picture books will have to revise their views if they are made true to life. Most of the conceptions are entirely wrong, according to the statement of a close student of such things.

"In seizing their prey tigers and lions almost invariably go for the throat," he says, "bringing in one or two instances that have come under my notice of animals killed by tigers they have evidently first been hamstringed. These, probably, were the victims of young and inexperienced tigers. I once saw a man charged and knocked over by a panther and he saved his throat by putting up his arm, which, as well as his shoulder, the animal grasped with teeth and claws.

"Anyone who knows anything about elephants must be aware that the trunk, and particularly the tip of the trunk, is the most delicate and sensitive part of the animal and that he shields it from injury by every possible means in his power. It is, therefore, very unlikely that he would expose it in the act of charging. My experience, limited though it be, points to the fact that an elephant, once he has made up his mind to charge, curls up his trunk tight.

"Bison and buffaloes when they charge invariably poke their noses in the air and commence running at you with their head well up, much in the manner of domestic cattle, and only lower their horns within a few yards of the object of their attentions. This I take to be a mere matter of common sense on the part of the animal, for if he puts his head down, say even forty yards away, he could not possibly see where he was going.

"Bears when wounded will often get on their hind legs and dance about from sheer rage and will also at times do so in order to get a better view of the whereabouts of their enemy, but when they charge, whether it be at a man mounted on or foot, they invariably charge on all fours.

"In charging most animals give vent to certain vocal sounds—grunts or roars—and this, it is natural to suppose, is done with a view to terrifying and demoralizing the object they are attacking—in fact, more often than not it is a mere bluff on the animal's part. I have often seen tigers roar when charging who never really meant mischief and who when met by a bold front turned about."

DO YOU COUGH? DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALMSAM BEST COUGH CURE



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 75 cents and 50 cents.

TAXES AND TAX TITLES

E. J. WRIGHT & SONS, MICH. CONSULTING ADJUSTER. Marquette, Michigan.

Tonella & Johnson
Funeral Directors and Licensed Embalmers.
Night Call: 307 S. Front Street, Marquette, Mich.

MARQUETTE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.
Longyear Addition, Normal School Addition, Hewitt's Addition, etc.
Prices and Terms Right
J. W. LONGYEAR,
Marquette National Bank Building. Office Hours: 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. and at 8 p. m.

PENNYROYAL PILLS
The ONLY ONE that IS ONE.
No. 1 LARGE SIZE.
For Sale by **B. NEIDHART & CO.** MARQUETTE, MICH.

CHARLTON, GILBERT & KUENZLI ARCHITECTS
Marquette, Michigan. Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

M. OLIVE STODDARD
Dermatologist, Shampooing, Massaging, etc.
CREAMS AND POWDERS.
At Marquette Millinery Co.'s Store Wednesday and Thursday, 9-1-1f

IF YOU LOVE
your husband, and want to make him love you, take a man's advice and be sure that the meat you put before him is tender, fresh and palatable. You can't get it this easy. We buy cattle, sheep and poultry with that very idyllic view and we know how to cut it up. The only thing we cut down is the price.

Will Have Fresh Lake Superior White Fish every Wednesday and Friday.
FRANK W. HATHWAY'S
PALACE MEAT MARKET.

DON'T GET THIN.
Getting thin is apt to mean getting ill. If you cough, or are conscious of failing energy, better get fatter. Adding flesh is a way to health in all such cases. You need fat, which is something hard to get if your digestion is weak. There is one sure way to increase weight and energy. Use OUR EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL.

It does not tax the stomach; it always increases weight and with the weight comes renewed strength and energy. Price, 5¢.
U. P. Brewing Co.,
Marquette, Michigan.

DESJARDINS' PHARMACY,
417 N. Third St.

36th ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Co. For the Year Ending December 31st, 1903. ASSETS: Cash in Banks \$305,550.00; Real Estate, including Home Office Building, 6,034,307.17; Loans to Policy-Holders, secured by Reserves, 886,567.19; Agents' Balances, 816,709.12; Bonds, cash value, 11,553.72; Loans on Collateral, 28,750.00; Interest due and accrued, 132,713.73; Rents due and accrued, 1,912.00; Net Outstanding Premiums secured by Reserve Fund, 27,687.69; Net Deferred Premiums secured by Reserve Fund, 112,059.58. TOTAL ASSETS \$8,355,318.25. LIABILITIES: Amount of Reserve Fund, American Table 4 and 8 1/2 per cent from Jan., 1903, \$7,868,104.05; Premiums paid in Advance, 10,815.04; Dividends on deferred premiums, 544.33; Death Losses, unofficially reported, 6,530.00; All other Liabilities, 14,884.58; Surplus, 454,330.00. TOTAL LIABILITIES \$8,355,318.29. Increase in Assets, \$577,603.43; Increase in Surplus, \$50,050.19; Policies in force Dec. 31, 1903, 32,719; Amount insured thereby, including Additions, \$42,804,923.47. Total Amount Paid Policy-Holders since Organization, \$11,222,032.41. Officers: President, G. W. SANDERS; Vice-President, G. A. KENT; Secretary, A. F. MOORE; General Superintendent of Agencies, T. H. GIDDINGS.

Ishpeming Department Upper Peninsula. MAY SEEK AID HERE. Western Federation of Miners Asking Help for Colorado Men. The miners of this range are manifesting no little interest in the labor troubles in the Cripple Creek and Telluride districts, particularly since a delegation of men went from here a short time ago. The latest report from there is that some of the striking miners and their families are in a bad way and that they have made an appeal for assistance to labor organizations generally. J. A. Sandahl, a miner of Victor, Colo., is now in Milwaukee to obtain aid for the striking miners. He intends to ask all the labor organizations of the city to contribute. From there he will go to other cities where the unions are strong in membership and have money to donate. It is now certain that the Federation's representative will come this way, but it is likely the local union will receive a call by letter. According to Sandahl, who has furnished Milwaukee papers with interviews since his arrival in that city, the strike has not been so long as it is stated that the Federation intends to stand back of the strikers as long as it can. He thinks the eastern labor organizations should be liberal in their donations because of the help rendered eastern strikers by the Western Federation during the troubles in the East during the fall of 1902 and the spring of 1903. It is claimed that during that interval the Western Federation contributed \$150,000. The Western strike is said to have caused the manufacturers of machinery in that district to set on foot the purchase of new machinery to be tied up from the Cripple Creek and Telluride districts alone. He said that a number of mining and prospecting companies were ready to place their orders for plants when the trouble started. Heavy losses have also been caused in other directions. All branches of the industry have been affected by the disturbance. According to Sandahl the Cripple Creek and Telluride districts are not good places for working men from other fields at this time. He also states that the miners working in harmony with the mine operators and from present indications it will be some time before the ill feeling is wiped out. The Victor man reports that there are many idle miners in that part of Colorado. COMPANY IS LARGE. The Willis Stock company, which begins a three nights' engagement at the Ishpeming theater next Monday evening, numbers eighteen people, making it one of the largest repertory troupes that have ever visited the upper peninsula. Among the players are several well-known people who have been identified with some of the most prominent performers and stock companies in America. Between the acts at each performance, specialties will be introduced by McGee, Dale, Hatty Chase and Arthur Vernon, and the show will conclude with a moving picture exhibition. As this will be the first popular attraction in the new theater, the attendance each evening will doubtless be large. The sale of reserved seat tickets for the opening night will begin Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. AXEL HOLTZER SURPRISED. Axel Holter, who leaves today for Minneapolis, where he will take a repertory position in April 1, was given two surprises recently. The members of the Scandinavian society, in which he has held membership for many years past, Friday evening presented him with a large solid gold ring, containing the name of the society. The ring was made to order. On Sunday evening the members of the Norwegian Mixed choir gave Mr. Holter a surprise at his home on North Main street. He was the recipient of several nice gifts. Mr. Holter has been a member of the choir for some time. He will return from Minneapolis in about ten days, when he will prepare his household goods for shipment. LITTLE CARL GETS MORE MONEY. The contributions to little Carl Toleen, who astonished the spectators at the ski tournament at Marquette, are still coming in. The Chicago people who were here, the guests of John C. Greenway, raised a purse of about \$17 for the boy. Before leaving the city they handed the money to Mr. Greenway with the request that he turn it over to the youngster. Including the money from the Chicagoans, the boy received some thing like \$36, all of which he has placed in his credit in a bank. NO SHORTAGE HERE. While a great deal more coal has been consumed here this winter than during any season in many years, it is now thought that the local dealers will have enough to meet all requirements. The supply of wood also has been unusually heavy, but there will not be a shortage, as shipments are being received right along. The wood and coal dealers have had a very busy season. Many people have already consumed more than they had anticipated during all of last winter. ISHPEMING IN BRIEF. W. J. Allen was down from Humboldt yesterday. E. E. Johnston of Newberry transacted business in Ishpeming yesterday. The mercury hugged the zero mark here all day yesterday. It was six below in the morning. Several Ishpeming men spent yesterday at Marquette, having been called to the circuit court to give testimony in the Pappa murder trial. The Ladies of Calvary Baptist church will conduct a sale of pies, cakes, doughnuts, rolls, etc., Saturday morning between 10 and 12 o'clock at August Lundin's tailor shop on Main street. Joseph H. Hooper left yesterday morning for Escanaba and Menominee to transact business for the state board of barbers. He will return home tomorrow evening or Saturday morning. The entertainment to be given this evening at the Anderson Hall by James Francis O'Donnell, for the benefit of St. John's church, will begin at 8 o'clock. Tickets are twenty-five cents each. The bowling alleys are being well patronized. Match games are played nearly every evening between newly organized teams. The scores made to date are not large, as most of the bowlers are new to the game. Ed. Clark has purchased the stock of boot, shoe and harness formerly owned by the Finnish Mercantile association and will move it to his store, corner of Cleveland avenue and First street. He announces a sacrifice sale. A number of indoor baseball enthusiasts will go to Negaunee this evening to witness the game between the Negaunee city team and the Spaulding's of Chicago. J. J. Kerr and Sib Larson of this city will be the battery against the Chicago aggregation, and Patrick Harrington, of the local team, will play left short. The game will start at 8:30 sharp. NEARLY FORFEITS HIS LIFE. A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c at Stafford Drug Co.'s drug store.

New Line of White Goods Now in And Arriving. SEE OUR LATEST PATTERNS IN DRESS GOODS. J. SELLWOOD & CO. TABLE TALK. The decorative feature of it—leads to mention of some superb candleabra of precious metals, silver platters, bread boats, soup tureens, pickle dishes, dainty confection bowls, etc., etc., it is our pride and pleasure to show prospective purchasers or mere lovers of the beautiful and artistic. On sale at W. J. Roberts. Ten Dollar Suits. We have selected from our broken lines a lot of high grade Tailored Men's Suits, worth \$12. \$15. \$18. and \$20. to be closed out before the arrival of Spring goods. Your choice of any suit in the lot for Ten Dollars cash. RED LETTER PRICES ON OVERCOATS PREVAIL DURING FEBRUARY. L. W. ATKINS & CO. Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine E. W. Groves in every box. 25c Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days.

DRUG STORE. DOCTOR DROVE HIM HOME. Inebriate Got a Ride and Made a Good Stake on the Side. This story was told at a recent meeting of a medical society in this city: A physician practicing in one of the smaller cities up the state was aroused at midnight by an inebriated individual who insisted that the man of medicine accompany him immediately to his home, three miles back in the country. "Serious case, Doc," said the caller. "Mush come 'emjity." The physician protested that his man was absent and that there was no one on the premises who was able to hitch up the horse. "Sell right," said the insistent one. "IT hitch 'm in shifty. Show'em." "You understand, of course," warned the doctor, "that while my charge for a call in that district is \$1 in the daytime I'll have to charge you \$2 for going out there at this time of night." For answer the caller placed a \$2 bill in the doctor's hand. They went out to the barn, the stranger hooked the horse up in no time at all and they set out for the back country at a good pace. Arrived there, Sawbones asked to see the patient. The inebriated one tumbled out of the buggy and leered at the other as he said: "I'm ze only patient. Tell yer how tis, Doc. I went zer liv-ry stable, see! Asked liv-ryman how much should charge take me home. 'E sez \$4, n' I sez's outrageous! 'E sez I kin git home for \$2 n' sez 'ef he bet ten I can't, 'Mush obliged 't you, Doc, f' puttin' me \$12 ahead o' the game." What the physician said was not reported for publication.—New York Mail and Express. \$100 REWARD, \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitutional and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best. Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

The Miners' National Bank, ISHPEMING, MICHIGAN. CAPITAL, \$100,000. SURPLUS, \$20,000. Transacts a General Banking Business. OFFICERS: F. BRAASTAD, President; A. B. MINER, Cashier; D. McVICHIE, Vice President; H. S. THOMPSON, Asst. Cashier. DIRECTORS: M. M. Duncan, W. H. Johnston, Walter Fitch, F. Braastad, Alexander Maitland, D. McVichie, David Morgan, A. B. Miner, H. O. Young.

JOHN D. CHUBB, ARCHITECT. MARQUETTE, MICH. 818 CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, 1-15-10. W. D. Carpenter, Carpenter-Cook Co. WHOLESALE GROCERS. Oils, Salt, Grain and Produce. W. M. BOAZ, Manager. MENOMINEE, ISHPEMING AND MARQUETTE, MICH.

Reduced rates to California March 1 to April 30. That long looked for opportunity of visiting California is here at last. March 1st to April 30, the Rock Island System will sell "colonist" tickets to principal points in California at the following low rates: \$33 from Chicago \$30 from St. Louis \$25 from Missouri River Points. Proportionate reductions from other points. Tickets are good in tourist sleepers which leave Chicago and Kansas City daily for Los Angeles and San Francisco via El Paso, three times a week by way of Colorado, every Wednesday from St. Louis. Our folder "Across the Continent in a tourist Sleeper" tells the whole story. Ask for a copy at all Railroad Ticket offices or by addressing: G. F. LEE, General Agent Passenger Department, 91 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill. Rock Island System.

Low Rates to the Pacific Coast. Every day in March and April, 1904, uncommonly low rates to the Pacific Coast and to hundreds of intermediate points will be offered by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. If you are contemplating a western trip it is worth your while to at once ask the nearest agent of this company for information about rates, stop-overs and train service, or write to-day to F. A. MILLER, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill. H. C. STEWART, Commercial Agent, Hongkong, Mich.

The Yield of U. S. Government 4 Per Cent. Bonds (1922) compared with the returns on the 5 Per Cent. 20-Year Gold Bonds issued by THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, is shown in a ledger statement which can be obtained by addressing THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, RICHARD A. MCCORMACK, President, NEW YORK, N. Y. R. S. DONALDSON, Manager, Marquette, Mich.

DOG UNEARTHS GOLD MINE. Seemingly Worthless Mongrel Brings Fortune to Its Master. The miners of the western states and territories tell some marvelous tales of how on occasions an unusually rich pay streak of the yellow metal is discovered, but none is more remarkable than that told by two men prospecting for mines in Nevada. Thinking that their dog was chasing a mountain lion or some other wild beast, H. Roth and A. E. Montgomery, two miners from Nye county, Nevada, seized their guns and followed until they saw the dog come to a stop on the top of a great boulder. The animal was making no attempt to discover the lost trail, but was standing rigid on the rock, his nose pointing in the air. As soon as his masters arrived he wagged his tail, barked once or twice and disappeared in the underbrush. Surprised at the behavior of the animal, the two men began an investigation, and soon discovered that the rock was the outcropping of a rich ledge of ore, containing gold and silver. Measurements of the body were taken, and it was learned that the mine was forty-two feet wide, and extended in a visible line for over 2,250 feet. An assay of the ore was made and it was found to run from \$8 to \$125 per ton. The ledge is situated in Nye county, seventy-five miles from Tonopah and covered with "jack" pine, and timber to the famous old mining camp which employed hundreds of men in the days of the pioneers. It is a well-traveled part of the country, and many old miners have prospected in that region, but it remained for a dog to discover the hidden gold. The animal is a common mongrel, without a pedigree, and is a cross between a collie and a half-breed bird dog. He was given to the men by a sheep herder, whom they knew, but Mr. Roth says that he is not for sale. Roth and his partner have been prospecting together for some time, and have a small claim near Tonopah. Roth was formerly a jeweler and it was he who paid the expenses of the two, as Montgomery was without funds. Their outfit consists of a few blankets, a tent, cooking utensils, provisions, a burro and a dog. The men say that the dog is an absolute necessity, as without him one cannot hope to discover a golden ledge.

FO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c. A CURE FOR ECZEMA. My baby had Eczema so bad that its head was a solid mass of scabs, and its hair all came out. I tried many remedies but none seemed to do any permanent good until I used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The Eczema is cured, the scabs are gone and the little one's scalp is perfectly clean and healthy, and its hair is growing beautifully again. I cannot give too much praise to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve.—Frank Farmer, Bluff City, Ky. In buying Witch Hazel Salve look out for counterfeits. DeWitt's is the original and the only one containing pure Witch Hazel. The name E. C. DeWitt & Co. is on every box. Sold by Stafford Drug Co., H. N. Meloche, Ishpeming.

ED. CLARK. 50 Cents on the Dollar. Special Sale Now On. ED. CLARK. 2-3-10-0.

Free Mail Delivery Likely. Judge S. B. Daball of St. Johns, special agent of the rural free mail delivery department, was at Marquette recently as the result of the petition of over one hundred families living north and east of that city, asking for free mail delivery. After an investigation, Judge Daball stated that in all probability the route that was established, but some four months would elapse before delivery would be commenced, even if the petition considered the matter advisable to deliver the mail. The route will be to the Edward settlement, then to Marblehead and back to the city. Will Not Have Western Plant. The Peninsula Box & Lumber company will not install a factory in the West, as reported. It has no intention of transferring any part of its operations from northern Michigan and Wisconsin. Redmond Pangborn, manager of the Menominee factory, says that the company owns 25,000 acres of timber lands near Devils, most of which is being cut up for pulp. The lumber will then be sent to Menominee, where it will be finished off and shipped. Overstocked With Fish. Menominee fish dealers are overstocked with frozen fish. There are hundreds of barrels on the market and unless they can be gotten rid of during Lent they will have to be dressed. This will mean a shrinkage of one-half their present weight and value and the companies will lose considerable money. The Dornier company has about three carloads of frozen fish on its docks. They were bought for seventy-five cents a hundred pounds and the dealers would be glad to even get their money back. There is a big market for the salt fish, however, and they are bringing \$2.75 a hundred. Hundreds of packages are being brought in by the fishermen. The only trouble experienced in this line is that the fish companies are unable to get cars enough to ship their stock out as fast as they should. One of the fishers who caught this fish winter out had better than the average, but just at present it is rather poor. Disputed Taxes Sustain. The February term of circuit court for Iron county, held last week at Crystal Falls, was unusual in that not a dollar of taxes was cancelled, although there were two contests. Fred A. Abbott filed objection to the taxes that had been reassessed against the addition of the village of Iron River. His objections were that the taxes had once been cancelled by the auditor general for reason of a mistake in the description of the addition and could therefore not be reassessed against the correct description. He did not attack the validity of the taxes. Judge Stone held this was not a serious objection. M. J. Shirkwood contested the taxes in Hem-

SHOES CHEAP. I am offering the stock of Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers, formerly owned by the Finnish Mercantile Association, which I bought cheap, at 50 Cents on the Dollar. Special Sale Now On. ED. CLARK.

WHAT MARCH HAS BROUGHT IN PAST

HAS ALWAYS BEEN A TEMPESTUOUS MONTH, WITH WIDE VARIATIONS IN TEMPERATURE.

SUMMARY FOR 33 YEARS

NO VALUE AS A FORECAST ATTACHES TO THE DATA.

When It Comes to Forecasting Everyone Throws Up Their Hands—However, March Is Generally Expected to Be Mild.

Observer Patrick, of the Marquette weather bureau, has just compiled data of March weather covering the past thirty-three years, from the records of the Marquette office. The resultant statement shows accurately the conditions that have prevailed during the month in question for the period named, but are not to be taken as a forecast for the coming March, as they are not formulated with that end in view. They simply give in compact form the results of past observations, and as a forecast their value is an unknown quantity. The data is as follows:

- Temperature.— Mean or normal temperature, 33.7. The warmest month was that of 1878, with an average of 40. The coldest month was that of 1885, with an average of 12. The highest temperature was 70 on March 9, 1878. The lowest temperature was 16 below on March 1, 1884. The earliest date on which first "killing" frost occurred in autumn, Aug. 22, 1888. The latest date on which first "killing" frost occurred in spring, May 15, 1890. Average date on which first "killing" frost occurred in autumn, Oct. 2. Average date on which last "killing" frost occurred in spring, June 11, 1881. —Precipitation (Rain or Melted Snow).— Average for the month, 1.93 inches. Average number of days with .01 of an inch or more, 13. The greatest monthly precipitation was 4.45 inches in 1891 and 1897. The least monthly precipitation was 0.31 inches in 1887. The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any 24 consecutive hours was 1.96 inches on March 8, 1891. The greatest amount of snowfall recorded in any 24 consecutive hours (record extending to winter of 1884-85 only) was 14.7 inches on March 10, 1892. —Clouds and Weather.— Average number of clear days, 7; partly cloudy days, 11; cloudy days, 13. The prevailing winds have been from the northwest. The average hourly velocity of the wind is 10.7. The highest velocity of the wind was 62 miles from the west on March 3, 1901. It will be observed from the foregoing that March is as a usual thing a very stormy and unsettled month in this region, with violent extremes of temperature and precipitation. The difference between seventy degrees and sixteen below the extremes of temperature recorded in thirty-three years, is certainly no inconsiderable one. As for predictions for March weather, of these the weather man and everyone else is extremely chary. The weather bureau makes no pretense of looking so far ahead. However, the general expectation is that the cold spell will moderate perceptibly. The belief that this will be the case is based for the most part on the fact that we have already had our share of cold weather and that it ought to moderate. Whether it will be obliging enough to do so remains to be determined.

MAGICIANS THE WINNERS.

The Magicians, taking two of the three games, defeated the Indians at the bowling alleys last evening. The scores follow:

Indians...	173	179	177	529	176
Powman...	184	206	158	548	182
Simmons...	177	150		327	167
Sink...	124			124	124
J. Werner...	168	153	140	461	163
Palmer...	150	144	177	471	157
Totals...	799	859	802	2460	820

Magicians... Tot. Av. 128 137 429 143
Cunningham... 114 126 392 442 147
Hodgkins... 223 144 149 516 172
Eldridge... 150 174 144 468 156
Conklin... 181 190 200 571 190
Totals... 832 762 832 2426 808

DEATH OF MRS. THIELL.

It Occurred Yesterday Morning—Funeral Tomorrow.

The death of Mrs. A. C. Thiell, who followed her husband to the grave very closely, occurred yesterday morning. It was not unexpected by members of the family and friends, as Mrs. Thiell had been in serious condition ever since the death of Mr. Thiell. Pneumonia was the principal cause. The deceased was about sixty-eight years of age. The funeral will be held tomorrow, but the arrangements had not been definitely completed last night.

PAPA CASE ON YESTERDAY.

Arguments in Murder Trial Will Be Closed This Morning.

Yesterday in circuit court was given over to the trial of Dominick Papa. At the time of adjournment at 5 o'clock in the afternoon Prosecuting Attorney Bell had just finished part of his argument to the jury. On account of the lateness of the hour the attorneys for the prisoner did not care to go on with the arguments, and accordingly they will be heard the first thing this morning.

The trial attracted a good crowd to the court room, and all day the audience chamber was well filled with people who followed the testimony with close attention. Excellent progress was made with the case by dint of keeping close to business and hurrying in the testimony. Most of it had to be handed on to the judge, jury and attorneys through the medium of an interpreter, Mike Tasson, so it was not brought out as rapidly as if it had been given in English. Most of the witnesses were Italians who were in and about Bruno Nordi's place the day the prisoner shot Savant there, and who testified as to circumstances connected with the case or as to the character of the two men.

WEDDING LAST EVENING.

Miss Cora Bending the Bride of Harry Bershon of Sioux Falls, S. D.

Miss Cora Bending of this city was united in marriage last evening at 7 o'clock to Harry Bershon of Sioux Falls, S. D. The ceremony was performed at the residence of F. Bending, corner of Spruce and Arch streets, uncle of the bride. Rabbi Gershom of Appleton, Wis., officiating, in the presence of relatives and intimate friends of the young couple. The bride, who was gowning in a creation of white silk and carried white roses, was attended by Miss Belle Bending, whose dress was of white crepe de chene and her bouquet of pink roses. Harry Bending, cousin of the bride, supported the groom. The decorations of the house were principally of smilax and white roses. Refreshments were served following the ceremony, and on the late train Mr. and Mrs. Bershon departed for St. Paul and Minneapolis, enroute for South Dakota. They will be at home at the Cadillac Hotel, Sioux Falls, after April 1st.

THREATENED WIFE'S LIFE.

Therefore Henry Makela Will Go Back to Newberry Asylum.

Marshal Gribble came down from Neagance yesterday with Henry Makela, an insane patient, in charge. Makela lived on a farm near Palmer. Tuesday night, in a fit of insanity, he threatened his wife's life, compelling her to flee from the house and take refuge with neighbors. She frosted her feet in getting safely away from his insane rage. The Neagance officer was sent for from Palmer and took the fellow in charge. He will be taken to Newberry this week. It will not be necessary to have an examination in his case, as he has already been an inmate of the Newberry institution and has been out less than six months, so he can be sent back without any formality. Makela does not ordinarily conduct himself as if insane, but his latest outbreak shows that he is not a very safe man to have around.

POSTMASTER SPEAKS UP.

Bisbee Official Defends the Mail Service at That Point.

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FINE SOUVENIR EDITION.

Centralia, Ill., Sentinel Issues Illustrated Supplement.

The Mining Journal has received with the compliments of Robert Rohl, a former Marquette man and a son of Carl Rohl, a pioneer resident of the city, a copy of a souvenir supplement of the Centralia, Ill., Sentinel, devoted to the city and its business men. The supplement contains forty pages printed on fine book paper and profusely illustrated with excellent cuts. The edition is very creditable to the Sentinel and shows Centralia to be a thriving and prosperous town. Mr. Rohl is in the bottling business there and is doing very well. He has been more or less prominent in city affairs, and is one of the town's solid business men.

HERE MARCH 1.

Meeting of U. P. Agricultural Association Has Been Called.

Leo M. Geismar, of the state experimental station at Chatham, is sending out circular letters calling attention to the meeting of the Upper Peninsula Agricultural association which will be held in the city hall here at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of March 1, for the purpose of devising means and making arrangements for a state fair exhibit which will be representative of and creditable to the upper peninsula.

FEELING CONTINUED BEARISH.

Nothing in Boston Market to Encourage Commitments on Either Side.

Paine, Webber & Co. wired concerning the Boston market: "The feeling continued extremely bearish today. The market, as a whole, stands the pressure very well. There is little to encourage commitments on either side. Despite the general depression copper again closed at an advance in London. We can see nothing to make us feel bearish on copper at this level in prices." Laidley said of the wheat market: "To the surprise of the trade cables, instead of responding to our dip of yesterday, showed a sharp advance, particularly March wheat in Liverpool. In the present bullish state of the speculative sentiment it needed but this to start a fresh wave of buying, and after a very active session the market closed 2 to 3 up for the day and with a very strong feeling. There seems to be nothing to do except buy on the reactions."

CONSOLIDATED L. S. INDUSTRIES AT CANADIAN SOO MAY START.

A Marquette man who is being kept thoroughly posted on the developments in regard to the defunct Consolidated Lake Superior company, or Clergue syndicate, as it is known to many people here, has just received a letter which is full of hope for the creditors of the company and which seems to promise an early resumption at the various plants now tied up at the Canadian Soo.

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WEDDING LAST EVENING.

Miss Cora Bending the Bride of Harry Bershon of Sioux Falls, S. D.

Miss Cora Bending of this city was united in marriage last evening at 7 o'clock to Harry Bershon of Sioux Falls, S. D. The ceremony was performed at the residence of F. Bending, corner of Spruce and Arch streets, uncle of the bride. Rabbi Gershom of Appleton, Wis., officiating, in the presence of relatives and intimate friends of the young couple. The bride, who was gowning in a creation of white silk and carried white roses, was attended by Miss Belle Bending, whose dress was of white crepe de chene and her bouquet of pink roses. Harry Bending, cousin of the bride, supported the groom. The decorations of the house were principally of smilax and white roses. Refreshments were served following the ceremony, and on the late train Mr. and Mrs. Bershon departed for St. Paul and Minneapolis, enroute for South Dakota. They will be at home at the Cadillac Hotel, Sioux Falls, after April 1st.

THREATENED WIFE'S LIFE.

Therefore Henry Makela Will Go Back to Newberry Asylum.

Marshal Gribble came down from Neagance yesterday with Henry Makela, an insane patient, in charge. Makela lived on a farm near Palmer. Tuesday night, in a fit of insanity, he threatened his wife's life, compelling her to flee from the house and take refuge with neighbors. She frosted her feet in getting safely away from his insane rage. The Neagance officer was sent for from Palmer and took the fellow in charge. He will be taken to Newberry this week. It will not be necessary to have an examination in his case, as he has already been an inmate of the Newberry institution and has been out less than six months, so he can be sent back without any formality. Makela does not ordinarily conduct himself as if insane, but his latest outbreak shows that he is not a very safe man to have around.

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but by industry, thrift and economy you can own a small part of it if you invest your savings wisely and safely. Don't lose the results of your toil—deposit them with us from week to week, have 3 per cent interest added to them every six months, draw interest on both capital and interest and reap the reward of your labor and economy. Full information free.

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First National Bank

Of Marquette Mich. Capital and Surplus \$200,000.

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Thoroughly Comfortable and Well Furnished.

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WALTER FITCH, President.
F. W. READ, Vice President.

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SURPLUS, 10,000.

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