

**DON'T FORGET THAT OUR CHINA SALE**

Will not last forever. When it closes prices go back 20 per cent off on everything just now.

**The Stafford Drug Company,**  
Marquette, Michigan.

**..Pre-Inventory Sale..**  
Ending January 31.

To close out entire stock of Pianos, will offer Standard Instruments of known reputation and value at special sale prices. A reliable New Upright of well known make, latest model, handsome case,

**\$150. Terms, \$20.00 Down and \$5.00 Per Month.**

**SALE ENDS JANUARY 31. CONKLIN'S.**

**HOLIDAY GOODS.**

Have you seen the new Granite ware that M. R. Manhard has just imported from Germany and on which he is making a special Holiday sale? It is high-grade and first-class, and prices are way down. Call and see it.



**M. R. MANHARD.**

**WE ARE READY**

TO FILL THAT BIN WITH BEST QUALITY COAL PROMPT DELIVERY AT LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

THIS IS A GOOD TIME TO HAVE IT ATTENDED TO.

**Jas. Pickands & Co., Ltd.**  
209 South Front Street, Opposite New Depot. Both Phones are No. 90.

**MILLS: Michigan, Mich. Yards, Planing Mill & Factory: Marquette, Mich.**

**LUMBER**

**MANUFACTURERS**

Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors, Frames, Interior Finish, Hardwood Flooring, Etc.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

We Deal in Logs and Timber Lands. Correspondence Invited.

**F. W. READ & CO.,**  
INCORPORATED. MARQUETTE, MICH.

**Lake Shore Engine Works,**  
Marquette, Mich.

**MANUFACTURERS OF**  
Mining and General Machinery, Forgings, Brass, Bronze and Iron Castings.

**JOBBERS IN**  
Belting, Transmission Machinery, Wire Rope, Pumps, Boilers, Engines, Etc.

**HOISTING PLANTS A SPECIALTY**

**THE PROPER**

PLACE TO HAVE YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS AND OLD FAMILY RECIPES FILLED IS AT THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE

WE use only the Strongest, finest and best of everything. Our expense is so small we are satisfied with a small profit. We care for the People. Putting up prescriptions is our specialty Yours,

**THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE**  
S. B. JONES, Manager, MARQUETTE, MICH.

**ORDER YOUR Fresh Oysters**

Fruits and Fresh Vegetables ...at...

**D. Murray's**  
114 S. Front Street.  
Both Phones.

**Fresh Fish..**

White Fish, Red Snapper, Mackerel, Salmon, Smelts, Haddies, Eels, Cod.

**DEL'S GROCERY**  
133 Washington St.

**You Can Depend**

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Both Phones. GROCERS.

**BEST QUALITY OF WELL SCREENED**

**Anthracite Coal Cannel Coal**

For Open Fires. Prompt Delivery.

**F. B. Spear & Sons.**

**FANCY BAKING AND ICE CREAM**

**PURE ICE CREAM AND ICES**

Angel Food, Macarons, Lady Fingers, Dark and Light Fruit Cake, Home Made Pies, Party Cases, Salted Almonds, Pure Sweet Cream Cream Puffs.

Out of Town Orders Promptly Filled for Receptions, Etc.

**JOHN W. DESCHAMPE,**  
Both Phones. MARQUETTE, MICH.

**HOS. S. SFRAGUE & SON, PATENTS**  
Wayne County Bank Bldg., DETROIT

## WAR IN ORIENT NOT DECLARED

**JAPAN'S NOTE IS FORWARDED AND NEGOTIATIONS WILL BE CONTINUED.**

**IS STILL CHANCE OF PEACE**

London, Thursday, Jan. 14.—The Times correspondent says that the Japanese government had impressed upon the transport service the steamships Nippon, Hong Kong and America, of the Oriental company. They are fast boats and have been under Japanese subsidy.

**Japan's Note Courteous but Firm.**

London, Thursday, Jan. 14.—The Mail's Tokyo correspondent says that Japan's last note is couched in most courteous language, but that it reaffirms absolutely and unequivocally Japan's inability to accept Russia's proposals either as it regards Korea or Manchuria.

**No Time Limit Set.**

London, Jan. 13.—A dispatch from Tokyo to Reuters' Telegram company late tonight says that Japan's answer to the last Russian note was handed this afternoon to Baron De Rosen, the Russian minister, and that the negotiations will be continued without any time limit being set for their termination.

The demands which Japan is said to have made according to reports published abroad have caused some surprise in Tokyo, according to the correspondent, and it is now stated that Japan never asked for the evacuation of Manchuria, but on the contrary frankly recognizes Russia's special interests there and her right to protect them. Japan only demanded the realization of Russia's voluntary pledge respecting China and the territorial integrity of Manchuria and the freedom of residential rights and international trade therein.

**Powers May Offer Good Offices.**

Paris, Jan. 13.—Action has yet been taken by the directors of mediation between Russia and Japan, but it is learned that powers desirous of peace in the Far East are considering the desirability of such step. Thus far the representations Great Britain has made to Japan and France to Russia have been in the way of advice that some pacific means be found for terminating the dispute, rather than in the direction of mediation. It was stated positively today that no representation of a mediatory character had yet been submitted, nor was it expected anything of the kind after the conference of the Japanese reply to the Russian note had become known. If the situation then warrants, an effort at mediation will be made. There seems no doubt that such step will be permissible without giving offense to either disputants under the terms of the Hague convention, to which Japan as well as Russia was a signatory.

Paris, Thursday, Jan. 14.—Le Matin claims to be authoritatively informed that France and Great Britain are contemplating the joint offer of their good offices, which diplomats believe will probably be successful.

**Gloomy Feeling at Peking.**

Peking, Jan. 13.—The forecast of Russia's position regarding Manchuria called by the Berlin correspondent of the Associated Press on Jan. 11 coincides with the impression here and also strengthens the impression that war is unavoidable. At the Japanese legation no effort is made to conceal the belief that war is expected.

The crisis of the situation is still Russia's refusal to admit the spectre of Russian occupation of Peking, which is greatly alarming the Chinese and causing some uneasiness at the legations, since in anticipation of the event of Russia's approach the court would leave Peking and the capital would be removed to the interior.

**Czar Loses Chinese Support.**

London, Jan. 13.—The Times' Peking correspondent says:

"Russia's position in Peking is now a remarkable change, and the change in China's attitude is striking. Russia's wanton violation of all her pledges has finally deceived China and thrown her into the arms of Japan.

"While Japan's preparations are complete, Russia is not ready. There is great confusion on the Manchurian railway owing to difficulties at Lake Balkal, and Russian troops have been slow to arrive in Far East lands. Russia's military strength east of Lake Balkal is exaggerated by European newspapers."

**German Views Change.**

Berlin, Jan. 13.—Official opinion regarding the probability of war between Russia and Japan has suddenly changed. Intelligence received at the foreign office yesterday has caused the government for the first time since the controversy began to believe that the situation is extremely tense. The very definite views hitherto held are reversed and war has become the proximate contingency. Japan's delay in answering Russia's last note is deemed here as being a symptom

## PUSHED DOWN ELEVATOR SHAFT.

**Six St. Louis Men Plunge to Death—Four Others Fatally Injured.**

St. Louis, Jan. 13.—A crowd of employees pressing against an elevator gate to-night on the sixth floor of the Brown Shoe company building caused ten persons to plunge down the shaft. Six were taken out dead and of the other four two died in a hospital and two were fatally injured.

The dead were: Joseph Provanik, George Rothmann, Frank Weinberger, Antonio Giacomo, Lorenz Giacomo and three men unidentified.

Those fatally injured are: Tony Kirschner and William Pearson. James Johnson, the elevator operator, was arrested pending an investigation. Johnson said the elevator gate did not break, but that it had been raised by the employees waiting for the car to descend to the floor, and that suddenly employees in the rear of the crowd began pushing, precipitating others down the shaft. Factory Superintendent Fray corroborated Johnson's story.

**DOG'S BITE IS FATAL.**

Child Dies of Hydrophobia—Persons Who Kissed Her in Danger.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Harold Latta, aged three, of Madrid, Ia., died from hydrophobia at the Pasteur Institute today. The child's mother, father and Forrest Birdsall, aged twelve, all of Madrid, were inoculated by kissing the child and may die.

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## NO INDEMNITY FOR COLOMBIA

**NOT CONTEMPLATED ONE DOLLAR BE PAID ON ACCOUNT OF PANAMA'S SECESSION.**

**THIS THE GOVERNMENT STAND**

**NEITHER WILL THE MATTER BE SUBMITTED TO THE HAGUE.**

To Do Either One of These Things, It Is Held, Would Be a Confession of Wrong—Isthmian Policy Again Debated in the Senate.

Washington, Jan. 13.—It can be stated by authority that the administration does not contemplate paying one dollar out of the United States treasury to Colombia on account of the secession of Panama. Nor will it go before the Hague tribunal as a party to any proceedings growing out of that secession. It is stated that to do either of these things would commit the administration to an admission that it has been guilty of wrongdoing Colombia.

**ASSAILED AND DEFENDED.**

President's Panama Policy Again the Subject of Senate Debate.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Panama again today was the principal subject of consideration in the senate, and as yesterday the debate was spirited, Senator Carmack opened the proceedings with a set speech in pointed criticism of the president's course and was followed by Senator Spooner, the only other speaker of the day, in defense of the president's action as law-abiding and in defense of the president himself as a "patriotic, brave and true man." Senator Tillman frequently interrupted Senator Spooner and there were a number of sharp encounters between them.

When the senate adjourned the Panama question was still before the senate and it was announced that the discussion would be resumed tomorrow after the disposition of the postoffice department inquiry resolution. Before the Panama subject was taken up there was a brief, but lively discussion between Senators Patterson and Scott on the labor troubles in Colorado.

**President's Course Attacked.**

Discussing the Panama question, Senator Carmack attacked the president's course, and declared that "never for one moment did he consider any plan that had in it so little of the strenuous and sensational as execution of the law."

Senator Carmack contended that himself president had not contented himself with recognition of Panama, but had intervened. His acts were not simply offensive, nor simply cause for war, but they were war, he said. As a matter of fact there never was any insurrection on the isthmus, said Senator Carmack. "They speak of the rising," he said, "as the act of one man." True, and that one man was the president of the United States.

The senator went on to say that the president's course in this matter was not merely an act, but a policy, and indicative of his character. It was not meant for Colombia alone, but was the beginning of a system of intermeddling with the affairs of the countries of Central and South America, and such policy must inevitably involve us in war not only with the South American nations themselves, but with European nations.

**Senator Spooner Defends.**

Senator Spooner, replying to Senator Carmack, said that he felt regret at hearing criticisms of his president, who had registered an oath in heaven to discharge his duties. Senator Carmack had made a sinister and unsupported statement when he said that this country had begun a systematic encroachment on the rights of South American republics. No man had stood more consistently for those republics than had President Roosevelt, and Senator Spooner instanced the course of the president in the Venezuelan difficulty. No president in our history had stood more staunchly for the Monroe doctrine.

Senator Spooner also gave attention to the charges of disobedience of the law by the president. "The only evidence he has in the United States," said Senator Spooner, "are the result of his obedience to and enforcement of the law. He has thought not of himself, but only of his oath." The president had been elected by the Republican party, but added Senator Spooner, he is the president of all the country, and he is entitled to fair and decent treatment as the chief executive of all the people. As the author of the Spooner act, the speaker said, he wished to express the opinion that the law had not been violated by what the president has done.

**Puts Question to Tillman.**

After reviewing events relating to the canal negotiations, Senator Spooner asked whether any senator would under the circumstances have turned his back on Panama so long as there was a bill pending in the Colombian congress. He put the question especially to Senator Tillman, who was on his feet.

The latter said that he would have entered into negotiations with Nicaragua and would have reported back to congress for further instructions. He would then have said to Colombia: "You are a mangy lot; get off the face of the earth; we'll take the country and build the canal."

After a minute's pause, Senator Spooner said that while he could not accept the senator's language, he congratulated him on coming to the president's position.

Senator Tillman called attention to Senator Spooner's hesitation, and the latter replied that it was because he was thinking how thankful he should be that he haven't a president who used to any nation such language as the senator from South Carolina had used.

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**Testimony Ordered Taken in Ironwood Water Company Case.**

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Chicago, Jan. 13.—Mayor Harrison was a witness today in the Iroquois theater fire inquest. His evidence related chiefly to the report submitted to him by Commissioner Williams, which declared that none of the theaters in Chicago fully complied with the terms of the building ordinance, but the commissioner made no recommendations that they be closed or their licenses be revoked. He corroborated Williams' statement that the office of the commissioner was poorly supplied with help and said there was no way in which assistance could be procured except through a larger appropriation by the city, and thus the present state of Chicago's finances was out of the question.

William J. McAllister, secretary of the building department of Chicago, said there was no record kept of the construction of any building save the reports of inspectors. In the case of the Iroquois theater, no report whatever was brought to him in reference to that building before the fire.

The managers of the Iroquois theater today through their attorneys made a demand upon Coroner Traeger for the possession of the theater building. They declared there were insurance losses to be adjusted and repairs to be made, and they desired to get about this work as soon as possible. Assistant State's Attorney Barnes, in behalf of the coroner, said the adjutors could visit the theater at any time, but that neither they nor any other person would be permitted to enter existing conditions in the building until after the conclusion of the coroner's inquest.

(Continued on Page Four.)



DAILY MINING JOURNAL, A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED.)

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MARQUETTE, MICH., JAN. 14.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

After two months or so of arrests and examinations in the Grand Rapids water scandal, the first of the trials, that of the People vs. Alderman Ellen, charged with accepting a bribe of \$350, is on in the superior court, before Judge Newham. The defense shows every sign of an intention to fight the case to the last ditch. It is being very careful with the selection of jurors. There are a great number of these water scandal cases for the superior court, and if they are all conducted with this same thoroughness on the part of the defense Judge Newham will be busy disposing of them for some months to come.

Building Commissioner Williams' testimony in regard to the Iroquois disaster is interesting, in the light of the fact that he is the head of the department that is supposed to know all about public buildings and to provide for making them safe. Mr. Williams had never looked at the plans of the Iroquois except once, and then only for a few seconds. Personally he knew nothing of the construction of the theater, and he had given permission for the violation of ordinances, to oblige the management. The coroner now seems to be getting to the root of the trouble; it is, as has been frequently commented, official negligence.

Judge Guy M. Chester is the latest candidate whose claims, for nomination to the supreme bench have been advanced. They have been put before the public through the medium of the Lenawee County Bar association. Judge Chester is said to be one of the most popular men on the bench in lower Michigan, and from Lenawee it is predicted that he will have considerable convention strength. There is nothing to date to indicate that there will be any scarcity of judicial material when the convention assembles. Already there have been a sufficient number of entries below the straits to fill the vacant places on the supreme bench two or three times. Marquette county, it should always be remembered, has a candidate. D. H. Ball would doubtless enter the convention with good upper peninsula support, and upper peninsula support is a valuable convention asset.

D. J. Campau, national committeeman for Michigan, and chairman of the state committee, when approached for an expression regarding Hearst's standing in this state, did not say much in particular. He remarked that Michigan Democrats wanted a man who had been loyal to the party, and that Hearst undoubtedly had some followers in Michigan, but he did not know how powerful they are. Mr. Campau said it is to early for any decided sentiment and that he does not profess to be able to predict with any certainty where the Michigan Democrats will stand. Hearst had worked at the national committee meeting at Washington, and reports from several states show that he is really in earnest about his candidacy. Unauthentic press reports are to the effect that he has \$2,000,000 made by the Americans and the Examiners, to put into it. This is a lot of money, but it is hardly enough to bribe the Democrats into making the mistake of nominating Hearst. It is presumptuous, very, of him to even permit his name to be used in the connection.

There is a big difference between a majority of one, the vote by which Marcus A. Hanna was elected senator by the legislature of Ohio when he was first a candidate, and a majority of ninety, the record-breaking majority he received Thursday. The difference represents the strides that Senator Hanna has made in the interval in public favor. In '96 he, despite his major service, was feared and hated. This feeling extended, to some degree, into his own party. He was thought to be cold, bloodless and entirely unscrupulous, and was popularly cartooned as an unyielding scold covered with dollar signs. Now he is one of the best beloved and best respected of men. His prestige and power is so great that the president's enemies are persistently trying to drive him into a fight for the presidential nomination, as the only man who has a chance to win against Roosevelt's popularity. He has said no, once, twice, thrice. His no is the president's best guarantee of a clear track. Should the senator go back on it he would in a considerable degree stultify himself, and sacrifice part of the wealth of power and respect which now makes him such an imposing figure.

The Democrats did the unexpected and selected St. Louis, instead of Chicago, as their convention city. It seems they were afraid of a preconcerted movement on the part of the powerful press in the latter city in favor of some particular candidate or wing of the party. This danger they escape by going to St. Louis, where the press is not so powerful, or so extensive, and is in advance pledged to fairness. Offsetting this advantage, and there seems to have been nothing definite in their apprehension regarding the attitude of the Chicago papers, the committee have given their convention to a city that will be packed with exposition visitors, that is liable to be painfully hot in the early part of July and where hotel, convention hall and other facilities will prove comparatively, if not absolutely, inadequate. It must have been the radical committee who were influenced to vote against Chicago. Certainly the Chicago papers were not likely to endeavor to sway the convention in favor of any radical candidate. A victory for the radicals, as opposed to the conservatives, is a victory for Bryan, so the selection of St. Louis as the convention city may be taken as a

straw to indicate that the reorganizers will not have things entirely their own way.

SETBACK FOR CHAMBERLAIN. Four by-elections have taken place in England to fill vacancies caused by death since the Chamberlain-Balfour fiscal departure. The result in each case has been far from encouraging to the advocates of the new policy. Three of the elections were in Conservative strongholds where the majorities are so large in contested elections that the opposition repeatedly lets them go by default, and never expects to do more than reduce the majorities a little. In Lewisham the Conservative majority of 2,414 at the last previous contested election was reduced by one-sixth; at Dulwich, the last previous majority of 3,082 was cut more than half; at Ludlow, the last election of the three, the majority of 3,819 was cut nearly three-fourths.

The first opportunity to test the sentiment of a Liberal district came through the death of the member for the Ashburton, or mid-Devon, district. Mr. Seale-Hayne had represented that district in several parliaments. In a total vote of a little over 8,000 he was elected in 1892 by a majority of 712, and in 1901 he was elected to the present parliament by a majority of 771. The district is a typical Devon one, containing no very populous towns, but covering a large territory dotted with farms and small communities and including in its limits part of the Dartmoor waste. Here, if anywhere, there seemed to be a fruitful field for the propagation of the doctrine of farm protection by a policy of discriminating duties on imported competing food products. Desperate efforts were made to capture the seat for the Chamberlain policy and Canadian speakers were introduced to aid the Chamberlain-Balfour orators. The result was a sweeping Liberal victory. The Liberal trade candidate was elected by a majority of 1,476, or double the usual Liberal majority.

So far no sea has been gained or lost by either side and, should there be no more by-elections, the government will meet parliament next month with the party lines unchanged, so far as elections go. But the continuous losses in the popular vote must shake the confidence of the Conservative administration, already greatly weakened by the secession of some of its ablest members, and its course is doubtful.

ALASKA'S "GOOD GOVERNMENT."

The report of the senate committee on territories, based on what is claimed to have been a "thorough investigation of existing conditions, resources and legislative needs" of Alaska made last summer by a sub-committee consisting of Senators Dillingham, Burnham, Nelson and Patterson, and which was printed in this paper yesterday, is a most remarkable document in many particulars. It is remarkable on the one hand in that it briefly alludes to two of the principal industries of that great country yet in the merest infancy of their development as having produced over \$16,000,000 in 1902, a fact of which the general public has not heretofore been aware, and remarkable on the other hand for not only its complete failure to make known, even to the congress itself, the real truth concerning existing political conditions the sub-committee is supposed to have thoroughly investigated, but for the questionable assertion that congress has provided a "good government" for the district.

It may well be questioned in all serious powers of reasoning the committee was enabled to arrive at the conclusion that not to exceed 20,000 of these people can be considered permanent residents is not clear, but conceding that conclusion to be very nearly if not wholly correct, then what? According to the committee itself these 20,000 white people of Alaska were wealth producers to the extent of more than \$16,000,000 in 1902, and the statistics of the treasury department will show that the value of the trade and commerce represented by these same 20,000 people aggregated nearly, if not quite, \$50,000,000 during the year just past. And these people representing a trade, commerce and wealth producing industries so vast in proportion to their number, what of them? What of their requirements, and what should be accorded? They are asking, if not actually demanding, something better than a government by strangers, something better and more suitable to their ever recurring wants and necessities than laws enacted by strangers from a distance of 5,000 miles, and administered by strangers; something more just and equitable than taxation in like manner levied upon them for the benefit of others than themselves.

Why continue to treat such a people as political mendicants and outcasts? The failure of the committee to recommend the enactment of a law providing some form of popular government for Alaska, is unexplainable upon any ground other than that of unjust and deep-seated prejudice.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

justices of the peace, judges of probate, register of deeds, mortgages and wills, recorders of mining location notices, proofs of labor, etc. The miners are not permitted, as in all the mining states and territories, to organize districts and elect their own recorders, but the recording districts are established by the judges and the recorders designated by them. The commissioners, acting as justices of the peace, have jurisdiction in civil cases to the amount of \$1,000, and all appeals from their courts are to before them, the commitment, if any, is not on information direct to the higher court but to the grand jury, a most useless and expensive relic of barbarism which the law inflicts upon Alaska. It is true that the code provides for the incorporation of towns, and the election of common councils consisting of seven members each, with power to appoint other officials, including a municipal magistrate, but these magistrates have no jurisdiction except in cases arising under the town or village ordinances, and a penalty for every conceivable misdemeanor being fixed by the criminal code, they are nothing if not ornamental only.

There is still much in connection with the "good government" congress has provided for Alaska which the people of states and territories do not understand, and which the senate committee on territories has failed to explain. It is understood by most comparatively few of the people of the states, that the constitution has not yet caught up with the flag in Alaska, and that her people are being governed without regard to any of the provisions of that sacred instrument other than the one which declares that "the congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory and other property of the United States," and acting upon this authority congress has, while withholding from the Alaskan people any semblance of popular government, imposed upon them a system of license taxation, which in any of the states or organized territories would without doubt be held unconstitutional. This license taxation extends to nearly every branch of business industry, from the colossal stamp-mill of the mine owner to the poor widow seeking a livelihood by keeping a few boarders. This tax so levied upon the business and industry of a people engaged in the settlement and development of a country of unparalleled natural resources, as indicated by the report of the committee in question, all goes into the treasury of the United States, though it is but just to say that that part of it collected within the incorporated towns is turned over to the municipal governments for the support of schools and payment of municipal expenses. It is, nevertheless, equally true, that the people are without power to raise a dollar for the building of roads or for other public improvements outside the incorporated towns, and are to all intents and purposes tied hand and foot so far as any attempt at public progress on their part is concerned. Some comprehension of the annual aggregate amount of these license taxes may be had from the statement of the committee that the salmon cannery alone paid in 1902 the sum of \$105,000.

Notwithstanding the seemingly contradictory assertion of the senatorial committee, there are today anywhere from 75,000 to 100,000 white people nearly all of whom are, or were when residents of the states and organized territories, American citizens. Exactly by what powers of reasoning the committee was enabled to arrive at the conclusion that not to exceed 20,000 of these people can be considered permanent residents is not clear, but conceding that conclusion to be very nearly if not wholly correct, then what? According to the committee itself these 20,000 white people of Alaska were wealth producers to the extent of more than \$16,000,000 in 1902, and the statistics of the treasury department will show that the value of the trade and commerce represented by these same 20,000 people aggregated nearly, if not quite, \$50,000,000 during the year just past. And these people representing a trade, commerce and wealth producing industries so vast in proportion to their number, what of them? What of their requirements, and what should be accorded? They are asking, if not actually demanding, something better than a government by strangers, something better and more suitable to their ever recurring wants and necessities than laws enacted by strangers from a distance of 5,000 miles, and administered by strangers; something more just and equitable than taxation in like manner levied upon them for the benefit of others than themselves.

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IN speaking of a well-dressed man you say: "Well-dressed from head to foot." You begin at the head, don't you? GORDON hats cost \$2 less than the \$5 hats, but they have just as much style and quality as the more expensive kinds. How do you know that? Because the hat bears the name of GORDON.

Mining News

INCREASED DIVIDENDS LIKELY. Total Disbursements of Over \$6,000,000 Indicated for This Year.

The year 1904 begins under auspicious circumstances for the Lake Superior copper mining industry. This month marks the return to the list of dividend paying mines of the Tamarack and Osceola. Then the two mines have been much sounder than some months ago.

It is considered by no means improbable that the list of dividend paying Lake Superior copper mines this year should be the largest for a long time. As it stands now it includes five mines, and it is likely that two more will join the ranks before the end of the year. Predictions are of necessity ultra-hazardous, but from present indications Lake Superior copper mine dividends this year should exceed \$6,000,000, two-thirds of that amount coming from the Calumet & Hecla.

CONCERNING THE HAMILTON. The Iron River-Stambaugh Reporter makes some misleading statements concerning the old Hamilton mine in Ontonagon county upon which exploratory work is now being carried out by the Copper Crown Mining company. It says: "Reports from the Copper Crown Mining company's property are very encouraging. A new air compressor has been erected for the men employed in beginning the erection of the stamp mill. It is hoped to see the Copper Crown property on a paying basis within twelve or fifteen months. Capitalists are becoming much interested in the property, and altogether its future is very bright."

Much of the above seems almost ridiculous to those who are familiar with the conditions of the property, and the Herald would be shirking its duty to the general public to pass such reports unchallenged. The property is still in its exploratory stage and under the most favorable conditions will not be in shape to supply a daily output of 500 tons of mineralized rock one year from now nor at the end of two years for that matter. It takes time and money to develop a mine, and place it upon a paying basis. It is usually found a million dollars is not enough to cover the expense and it generally requires at least five years to get a mine sufficiently opened to warrant its entering the producing list.

The Hamilton property was purchased by J. R. Moore, of Ironwood, by the Copper Crown Mining company, a St. Louis organization in which a number of iron country people are interested, about one year ago. Exploratory work was started a little later on a small scale under the supervision of Captain Finnegan. A shaft was started on the Meads vein and sunk nearly 100 feet. It is said that the vein gives excellent promise of developing into a good one. Work was then abandoned in the shaft and a tunnel was started at the base of the high bluff of about 350 feet and the work is still progressing. The tunnel is in several hundred feet, but it will be still some time before the Meads is reached.

While the explorations are encouraging and quite satisfactory there is still an enormous amount of work to be accomplished before the property can become a regular producer, as is easily seen. Thus this talk about a stamp mill and that it is hoped to have the property on a paying basis in twelve to fifteen months, while couched in an indefinite way, is misleading and will work an injury not only to that mine but the whole district.

In common with many others, the Herald believes that the Norvich district is a meritorious one. The Copper Crown is doing a good work and it is universally hoped that it will succeed in developing a paying mine, but this can not be accomplished in a year or two years and such statements as the above are sure to act as a boomerang. -Ontonagon Herald.

MINING GOSSIP.

It now looks as though Arizona will within a few years carry off the honor for copper production. It will only have to double its present output to equal either Montana or Michigan. The Lake district, however, will be doing business for many years to come.

WONDERFUL NERVE. Is displayed by many a man enduring pains of accidental cuts, wounds, bruises, burns, scalds, sore feet or stiff joints. But there's no need for it. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and cure the trouble. It's the best salve on earth for Piles, too. 25c at The Stafford Drug Co.'s store.

THE PIN MONEY WORKER. She Ousts the Woman Who Must Earn a Living Wage.

The question of a woman's right to work for pin money and the effect upon the labor market of the employment of women are discussed helpfully by Priscilla Leonard in Harper's Bazaar. In common with a great many women and most men, she deprecates the manner in which women who have a home and maintenance guaranteed to them insist on pushing themselves into the industrial field for the sake of the few extra luxuries their work will give them. She shows how the influence of women on wages is always to lower them, and she quotes an English authority to the effect that wages in any trade are sent downward steadily in proportion to the number of women employed.

This deplorable state of things comes about, Miss Leonard concludes, because, while all men are united on insisting on a living wage, women have no scruples about working for anything they can get. The woman breadwinner wants the living wage, too, and left to herself she might get it, but she has the women to compete with who live in families where a father or together pay the rent, and provide the food. Such women do not need a living wage. On the contrary, they can afford to work for an exceedingly low wage and yet get plenty of spending money out of it. Because of these pin money workers manufacturers are practically at a starvation wage. Men will not accept it, no self-supporting woman can live on it; the only class who will take it is the class of supported and protected girls who have created it. The living wage is lost to that special industry forever.

The pin money worker has destroyed all other chances but her own; driven men out of that branch partially or entirely and cheapened her own labor. But she is quite satisfied, for her \$3.50 a week buys all the feathers she needs. Miss Leonard cites the case of the shop girl as one illustration of the fatal influence of the pin money worker, and that of the garment maker as the other. In large cities the shop girl has driven out the male and destroyed the living except in a few first class houses. As for the girl who has to live on her own wages, the big stores will not take her any more, and if they would she could not live on her pay. That line of industry has practically been closed to her by the worker for pin money.

In the garment workers' line the situation is quite as bad, or worse. Miss Leonard declares. What renders the tremendous bargains in "white sales" possible is the fact that country girls with homes and food make these garments for wages so small that the city sweatshop is driven into a fiercer competition to hold any part of the trade at all. Every woman in a big city who makes her living by sewing on white goods is pushed down, relentlessly and inevitably to starvation wages. The women who stitch in cellars, in attics, in the back parlors, and in the street to keep soul and body together are paying for the country girl's feather or ribbon. They need a living wage; she makes it impossible for them to get it.

"That this holds in other trades besides the two cited seems to be the opinion of the authors of the 'Woman Who Toils,' who are quoted by Miss Leonard as saying: "In the factory where I worked men and women were employed for ten hours a day. The women's highest wages were lower than the men's lowest. Both were at the level of the lowest wage could. Why was this? I can only relate the conclusions I drew from what I saw myself. In the masculine category I met but one class of competitor—the breadwinner. In the feminine category I found a variety of classes—the breadwinner, the semi-breadwinner, the woman who works for luxuries. This inevitably drags the wage level down. The self-supporting girl is in competition with the girl who lives at home and makes a small contribution to the household expenses and with the girl who is supported and spends all her money on clothes. It is this division of purpose which takes the 'spirit' out of them as a class.

"The men formed a united class. They had a purpose in common. They worked because they needed the money to live. The women had nothing in common but their physical inferiority to men. The children in the factory were working from necessity. The only industrial unit complicating the problem was the girl who worked without being obliged to—she who had all the money they needed, but not all the money they wanted. To them the question of wages was not vital. They could afford to accept what the breadwinner found insufficient. They were better fed, better equipped, than the self-supporting hand. They were independent about staying away from the factory when they were tired or ill and they alone determined the reputation for irregularity in which the breadwinners were included."

Miss Leonard's conclusion is that until self-supporting women develop a sense of sisterhood akin to that recognized by the men, the women of the district will continue to be a class of wage slaves.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. It is called heart disease. It is heart disease, heart failure or apoplexy, often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both Home of Swamp-Root, sent free by mail, Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

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I Have Made the Most Marvelous Discovery for the Positive Cure of Deafness and Head Noises and I Give the Secret Free. With This Wonderful, Mysterious Power I Have Made People Deaf for Years Hear the Tick of a Watch in a Few Minutes. Send Me No Money—Simply Write Me About Your Case and I Will Send the Secret by Return Mail Absolutely Free.

After years of research along the lines of the deeper scientific mysteries of the occult and invisible of Nature-forces I have found the cause of deafness, head noises, and tinnitus, and I am enabled by this same mysterious knowledge and power to give my



I Have Demonstrated That Deafness Can Be Cured.—Dr. Guy Clifford Powell.

ery unfortunate and suffering person perfect hearing again; and say those who have thrown away their money on cheap apparatus, salves, ear pumps, washes, douches and the list of innumerable trash that is offered the public through flaming advertisements, will give you and cure you to stay cured. I ask no money. My treatment method is one that is so simple it can be used in your own home. You can investigate fully, absolutely free and you pay for it only after you are thoroughly convinced that it will cure you, as it has thousands of others. It makes no difference how long you have been deaf, nor what caused your deafness, nor how long you have been deaf, nor what caused your hearing quickly and permanently. No matter how many remedies have failed you—no matter how many doctors have pronounced your case hopeless, this new method of treatment will cure you. I prove this to you before you pay a cent for it. Write today and I will send you full information about my cure, by return mail, torium building, Peoria, Ill. Remember, send no money—simply your name and address. You will receive an immediate answer and full information by return mail.

FIJIAN FIRE WALKERS.

Their Feet Not Blistered by Heat That Melted Solder.

Those who witnessed the coronation processions will doubtless recollect a small group of copper-colored soldiers with bare legs and outstanding hair of no account of covering. These strange people—Fijians—and their ancient costume of the Villavilvians and fire walking, were the subject of a paper read by W. L. Allardye, C. M. G., at a meeting of the Royal Colonial Institute. Addressed Sir N. Bowden-Smith presided. The ceremony of fire walking, Mr. Allardye explained, is performed by a certain tribe at the island of Beqa, and originated in a legend that in reward for having spared the life of a man he had dug out of the ground, one Tui Quaita was invested with the power of being able to walk over red-hot stones without being burned. An earth oven is made and filled with layers of wood and stone. In this a fire is kindled about twelve hours before the fire walking takes place, and when the hot stones have been exposed by brushing away the charcoal, the natives, under the direction of a master of ceremonies, walk over them barefooted.

The temperature at the edge of the oven is about 120 degrees Fahrenheit, while on one occasion, when a thermometer was suspended over the stones, it registered 282 degrees and the solder was melted. However, stated Mr. Allardye, after the ceremony the natives show no signs of the terrific ordeal through which they have gone. By means of a number of views the lecturer gave a realistic idea of the ceremony as performed nowadays.

Vice Admiral Lewis Beaumont described a fire-walking ceremony as witnessed by himself. Although those who took part in it showed no signs of discomfort, he remarked that apparently they did not get over much. Repeating to questions, Mr. Allardye said the only explanation he could give of the apparent immunity from harm following on the process was that the soles of the feet of the natives were hardened to an unusual degree through constant walking on a sandy soil covered with coral, which became exceedingly hot under the sun. There was also the element of absolute belief by the natives in the legend that they were proof against fire.—London Standard.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constant failures have given local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by E. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CURED AFTER SUFFERING TEN YEARS. B. F. Hare, Supt. Miami Cycle & Mfg. Co., Middletown, O., suffered for ten years with dyspepsia. He spent hundreds of dollars for medicine and with doctors without receiving any permanent benefit. He says, "One night while feeling exceptionally bad I was about to throw down the evening paper when I saw an item in the paper regarding the merits of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I concluded to try it and while I had no faith in it I felt better after the second dose. After using two bottles I am stronger and better than I have been in years, and I recommend Kodol Dyspepsia Cure to my friends and acquaintances suffering from stomach trouble." Sold by Stafford Drug Co., Marquette, Mich. N. Meloche, Dispensing.



When a woman gives up it is because she has reached the utmost limit of strength and endurance. It is a marvel how women will stagger on under the daily household burdens when the whole body is racked with pain.

For the nervous, run-down condition which so many women experience, as a result of overstrain in household cares, there is no medicine can equal Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It strengthens the weak stomach by curing diseases of the organs of digestion and nutrition. It purifies the blood of poisons which cause rheumatism and other painful diseases. It nourishes the nerves, and builds up the body with sound, healthy flesh.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. Accept no substitute for the "Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for weakness, nervousness and debility.

"I want the whole world to know what Dr. Pierce's medicine has done for me," writes Mrs. Helen Harwood, of Bangs, Knox Co., O. "I had many of the ills of woman's life. My lungs and throat troubled me besides, and I had rheumatism. About a year ago I had to give up work, and I was so weak I could not get up. I took four bottles of your Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pellets,' and by the time I had taken half of the first bottle, my appetite began to get better. And now I have no more of my old ailments, and an entirely cured of rheumatism. I feel like a new woman."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper cover, or 3 stamps for cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TAXES AND TAX TITLES. E. J. WRIGHT, CONSULTING ADJUSTER.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS. Dr. Humphreys. After fifty years Dr. Humphreys' Specifics enjoy the greatest popularity and largest sale in their history, due to intrinsic merit. They cure the sick.

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G A PARK. General Industrial and Immigration Agent. LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R. LOUISVILLE, KY.

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ARIZONA STOCKS A SPECIALTY.  
BRANCH OFFICES:  
Marquette, Mich. Houghton, Mich.  
Calumet, Mich. Milwaukee, Wis.  
Duluth, Minn.

**WILLIAM CARR & CO.**  
BROKERS.  
HOUGHTON, MICHIGAN

UNLISTED STOCKS BOUGHT  
...AND SOLD...

ARIZONA AND WESTERN STOCKS A SPECIALTY.  
We have inquiries for them daily. If you want to purchase or sell we would ask the favor of quoting our market prices.  
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**W. H. Laidley & Co.,**  
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STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS.

BOSTON CORRESPONDENTS:  
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Henry Hornblower. Irving E. Weller. John W. Weeks. James J. Phelan.

**Hornblower & Weeks**  
Bankers & Brokers.

53 STATE ST., BOSTON MASS.  
10 WALL ST., NEW YORK, N. Y.

Members New York and Boston Stock Exchanges.  
Special Attention Given to

**Copper Stocks.**  
(6-23-1y)

**SUPERIOR TRUST COMPANY.**  
Hancock, Michigan  
Capital - - \$150,000  
This Company is under the supervision of the state banking department and is authorized by law to act as executor, administrator, guardian, assignee, receiver, or trustee.  
C. A. WRIGHT, - - Pres.  
JACOB BAER, Vice-Pres.  
M. C. GETCHELL, Sec'y.  
1-2-17

**HOUGHTON COUNTY ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.**  
General Office, Dee Building  
HOUGHTON, MICH.  
Arc and Incandescent Lighting and Electrical Power for Public, Private and Commercial use.  
Will be pleased to receive your inquiries.

**A. W. LEONARD,**  
SUPERINTENDENT. 2-16-17

**The International Hotel.**  
T. P. Dordan, Proprietor  
HANCOCK, MICHIGAN  
RATES \$1.50 TO \$2.00.  
This house has been thoroughly renovated throughout and an Electric Bell System placed in each room. First-class accommodations afforded traveling public. 9-30-03

**Copper Country**

SOO TEAM OUTCLASSED.  
Portage Lake Wins the First Hockey Game by the Score of 6 to 1.

The hockey game at the Amphidrome last evening conclusively demonstrated that the American Soo team is not in the same class as Portage Lake. The match ended with the count six goals to one in favor of the locals, but the score is really no criterion of the merits of the respective aggregations and does not indicate the great disparity between them; instead, it really is a testimonial to the good work of the visitors' goal tender, Jones, who was the particular star of the game.  
All told, forty-four shots for the net were made by Portage Lake, nineteen in the first and twenty-five in the second half, and that Jones succeeded in stopping all but six of these lightning-like drives shows in great measure the class of play put up by him. Illustrative of the comparative work of the opposing teams, the record of these shots for goal is interesting. Against Portage Lake's forty-four, the visitors sent the puck toward the net but nine times during the series of plays, five in the first and four in the second half, Horn stopping all but one.  
Throughout the game, the Soos were outclassed and outplayed. The locals pushed the visitors hard from the first and nearly all the playing was in Soo territory with the Lake City men attacking. The combination work of Portage Lake was brilliant and effective, while that of the Soo was feeble and quickly broken up each time resorted to. The play was exciting and furious and considerable body checking was done by each team. Hod Stuart, Morrison and Westcott, of Portage Lake, being ruled for that reason during the progress of the game, as were also Lake, Meinke and Baker of the Soo, Baker on two different occasions. A crowd that jammed the rink to the doors witnessed the match and waxed enthusiastic over particularly good plays, of which there were many, the contest being considerably the best of the season to date. It is estimated the attendance was in the neighborhood of 3,500 or more.  
The first half ended with the score 5 to 1, and this the locals, owing entirely to Jones' stonewall defense of the Soo goal, were only able to make 6 to 1 by the time the second half ended, despite that they drove twenty-five shots at the net. The first goal for Portage Lake was shot by Bruce Stuart. Morrison scored the next three and Bruce Stuart followed with the fifth. The sixth and last goal, made in the second half, also was scored by Morrison, who sent the puck down so quickly after Jones had stopped the preceding shot that the Soo man had not time to recover.  
The teams lined up as follows:  
Portage Lake. Am. Soo.  
Horn ..... goal ..... Jones  
Gibson ..... point ..... Baker  
H. Stuart ..... coverpoint ..... Hamilton  
Morrison ..... rover ..... Haller  
Westcott ..... left wing ..... Lake  
B. Stuart ..... center ..... Meinke  
Shields ..... right wing ..... Switzer  
Return Games at Soo.  
Arrangements were completed yesterday for return games with the American Soo team on Jan. 22 and 23. A big delegation will accompany the local seven.

Dr. P. H. Wilson of Chassell, an old hockey player, reviewed the game's game. He will officiate again tonight.  
The Soo delegation arrived yesterday morning, traveling in a special sleeper. The party, with the team, numbered thirty-four.  
The special train over the Copper Range road from Calumet and the special over the Mineral Range from Lake Linden last evening brought in large crowds. The trains will be run again tonight.  
The Hancock Junior hockey team, captained by Joe Lindler, won an easy victory over the Baraga seven in the Hancock City rink Tuesday evening. The score was 11 to 0. The visitors were on the defensive most of the time, the locals showing superiority in team work.  
The Hancock High school team defeated the Quincy seven in the Hancock rink Tuesday evening. The game resulted in a tie, 4 to 4. Each team struggled hard to win and throughout honors were fairly even. A return game will soon be arranged.  
Joe Lindler, captain of the Hancock Junior team, may be used hereafter as spare man by the Portage Lake seven.  
He was tried out in practice Tuesday afternoon and his work was quite satisfactory. He is a fast skater and an accurate shot, as well as a fearless player. Captain Gibson looks upon him as a comer.  
A total of over 3,000 tickets were

**SPECIAL ASSESSORS NAMED.**  
Will Figure Cost of Paving to Each Sheldon Street Property Owner.  
The good and bad points of materials proposed to be used having Sheldon street been quite thoroughly discussed by the Houghton council, and although a selection has not yet been made it was decided at Tuesday evening meeting that before anything further is done in that direction, the necessary legal formalities be attended to. There is considerable red tape to go through with before bids for the work can be received and the contractor selected. The first legal step is that of preparing the roll for the special assessment of the property abutting the street. Village Attorney A. F. Rees estimates that this work will take about six weeks. It must be completed before the council can go much further in the paving matter. The material to be used may be selected at any time, but it is not the intention to make a selection until the work is well advanced. Then the property owners will be called in and with the information possessed by the council a selection should be easy.

The special assessment of Sheldon street property will be levied on the basis of the estimates of the cost of the paving work furnished by Engineer F. W. Cappelin of Minneapolis. His estimate is \$43,312. The share of the property owners will have to share the burden of the expense, was put down as about \$26,000; that of the village, which will pay for the paving of the street intersections, about \$9,000, and that of the Houghton County Street Railway company, which will pay for the paving between its rails and eighteen inches on either side, about \$8,000. According to his estimate, it will cost the property owner about \$300 for each fifty-foot lot.  
The council, however, does not expect that the work will be so expensive, and although the special assessment will be made on the basis of that estimate, provision will be made for a refund if the work costs less. No matter what the special levy is, each property owner will have four years in which to pay his share.

President Miller Tuesday evening appointed S. J. Beahan, El Rasleigh and Joseph Bertram, and two other residents of Sheldon street, as special assessors. They will work under the instructions of Village Attorney Rees in preparing the rolls. As soon as the assessment is made and levied, probably at the expiration of six weeks, the council will be in session to call for bids. It was decided Tuesday evening to advertise for bids for four or five different kinds of pavement and to select the material to be used afterwards. It is believed the price to be paid for the work is likely to be much lower if the bids are called for first.  
In order to avoid much discussion and trouble, Councilman James K. Deas suggested Tuesday evening that it would be wise to consult with the street railway company at once concerning its share of the expense of the paving. The suggestion was left with the street commissioner and he is expected to meet Superintendent Warren of the company was arranged for tomorrow afternoon in the office of Mr. Rees. The council probably will ask that the company put concrete under the ties and that the rails be changed.

**EVERY COMPANY GOING.**  
Copperdom Will Be Well Represented at the Firemen's Tournament.  
Every municipal fire department in the county will attend the next annual tournament of the Upper Peninsula Firemen's association to be held in Sault Ste. Marie late in August, and every fireman who is going is being urged to attend. It is believed that the business session of the organization will be the first of its kind in the county. The firemen were not backward in stating their preference and the announcement that the Soo had won out was received with general satisfaction locally.  
Some of the departments in the county are already making preparations to attend in force. The Houghton company has arranged for a skating masquerade to be held in the Amphidrome on the evening of Feb. 15, purposely to raise funds to defray a portion of the expense of the trip. The tournament will be its first and it intends to make a good showing. The men will be attired in natty uniforms and may organize a running team. Although none of the other departments have taken any formal action, all are going. Calumet, Laurium, Lake Linden, Hancock, Tremont and Painesdale will be in line. Each will be well drilled for the parade and some of them will be represented by running teams. The departments which are likely to have teams are Hancock, Lake Linden, Calumet, Painesdale and Hubbell. Although this is a matter which will be definitely decided later. There will be all of 300 copper country firemen in attendance at the tournament, and they will do much to make the affair one of the biggest successes in the history of the association.

**TO PREVENT THE GRIP.**  
Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. To get the genuine, call for the full name. 25c.  
**THE CONDUCTOR.**  
I had been suffering with a severe cold for several days, and was so hoarse I could not speak above a whisper. Nov. 16th, I met one of Dr. Warner's agents on my train, he handed me a bottle of the White Wine of Tar Syrup, and one hour after taking the first dose my hoarseness commenced leaving me. In twenty-four hours my voice was quite clear and natural, the cold nearly cured. It is the best remedy I ever saw. Respectfully, Conductor Warren, Chicago & Northwestern R. R.

**LAW DISREGARDED.**  
Relatives Should Care for Some Poor Now Receiving County Aid.  
Relative to the expenditure of county funds for the support of poor people, Supervisor W. D. Calverley of Portage township believes that there are several persons now receiving aid who should look to their relatives and not the county for assistance. He cited one case at the regular monthly meeting of the Public Works committee Tuesday morning. The case in question is that of a Hurontown woman. She regularly receives money from the county, while her son, a man of about forty years, does not make any apparent attempt to assist her. Mr. Calverley suggested that there is a law in the board was looking into such cases.  
Asked by Chairman John Duncan whether there was a statute that would cover the matter, Prosecuting Attorney Larson replied that there is a law in existence which provides for the maintenance of poor people by relatives. The statute provides that if relatives fail to support or contribute to the support of their poor, the superintendent of the district shall apply to the circuit court for an order compelling the relatives in question to live up to the law. Arguments on both sides are to be heard and if the accused are found negligent the court shall order them to abide by the law. The father will first be held responsible for the support of either his wife or children. If there is no father or if he is not able to give the support, then the children are held liable. If there are no children, or if they are not able, then the mother is held responsible. It appears that any of them are not able to fully support the poor, then the court shall order that two or more members of the family contribute the necessary funds weekly or as much as they can towards the support of the person or persons in need. The order of the court can be altered by the court at any time to suit the conditions. If the order is not obeyed the superintendent of the poor can then start action against the relatives in question and they can be made to obey. The Hurontown case will receive attention and the superintendents of the poor in the three districts will be instructed to enforce the rulings of the statute.

**MUST HAVE FIRE ESCAPES.**  
Houghton Council Takes Action to Make Public Buildings Safer.  
All churches, schools, hotels and other public buildings in Houghton not now equipped with adequate means of escape for inmates in case of fire, will have to be so provided. The common council decided upon this course at its meeting Tuesday evening and delegated Fire Chief Voetsch and Superintendent of Public Works M. E. Foley to make an immediate inspection and to make appropriate recommendations. They were instructed to report to the council at the next meeting. The board, urged to action by the recent theater horror in Chicago, is determined that all public buildings shall be equipped with fire escapes and suitable exits.  
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**THE HADDEEN-RODEE CO.**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.  
GRAIN, STOCKS, BONDS, PROVISIONS, COFFEE AND COTTON.  
Special Attention Given to Copper Stocks  
Buy and Sell Stocks for Cash or on Margin.  
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.  
Members Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce. Private Wires to Milwaukee, Chicago, New York, Boston.  
OFFICES: Marquette County C. E. DOLF, Mgr. Savings Bank Bldg. COUNTY TELEPHONE 153  
BELL TELEPHONE 577. Ishpeming, Mich. Offices, Jenks Block, W. H. Hopkins, Mgr. 7-16-17

**SHE DID NOT ATTEND.**  
Miss Alice Nelson of Calumet has returned from a Chicago visit. She came near being one of the audience at the fatal matinee in the Iroquois theater, a slight indisposition preventing her from attending. The tickets had been purchased for the performance, but almost at the last minute she telephoned her friends that she could not go.  
**VOTED AN EXTRA \$1,000.**  
Prosecuting Attorney O. J. Larson was voted an additional compensation of \$1,000 for extra services and expenses during 1903 by the county board of supervisors Tuesday morning. The same amount was given him in January last year.  
**HAD NARROW ESCAPE.**  
John Aho, a Champion miner, is laid up as a result of injuries received while riding to surface on a skip. His foot caught between the shaft timbers and the skip and had it not been for his heavy boot the member would have been torn off. He escaped with a few bruises.  
**DECISION AFFIRMED.**  
The state supreme court has affirmed the decision in the case of From vs. The Sparrow-Kroll Lumber company of Kenton. The opinion was handed down Tuesday.  
**COPPERDOM BREVITIES.**  
The Finnish college at Hancock reopened for the winter term Tuesday.  
The funeral of John Bell, the thirteen-year-old stepson of John Rowe, a Calumet drayman, will be held this afternoon. The boy died Monday evening after a short illness.  
The Calumet clerks of Eagles will install its recently elected officers for the ensuing year at a regular meeting to be held tomorrow evening. An interesting program has been arranged for the occasion.  
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**ASTONISHING RESULTS.**  
Follow Each New Discovery of Science.  
The great strides that medical science has made in the last few years is due to the germ theory. When the germ of a disease has been discovered, the doctors have not been slow in finding a drug to kill it. In a few years, it will be rare to find a bald-headed man or woman. The falling out of hair is due to a dandruff germ, and now it has been discovered how to kill this germ. The remedy used is called Newbro's Herpicide. Its success has been marvelous. Not a failure has been so far reported. It is also a delightful hair dressing free from oil or sticky substances. Try it and be convinced of its actual merit. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. Stafford Drug Co., special agents.

**JUST ONE MINUTE.**  
One Minute Cough Cure gives relief in one minute, because it kills the mucus membrane, causing the cough, and at the same time clears the phlegm, draws out the inflammation and soothes the affected parts. One Minute Cough Cure strengthens the lungs, wards off pneumonia and is a harmless and never failing cure in all curable cases of Coughs, Colds and Croup. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take, harmless and good alike for young and old. Sold by The Stafford Drug Co., Marquette; H. N. Meloche, Ishpeming.

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Fatal kidney and bladder troubles can always be prevented by the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. Desjardins' Pharmacy.

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS.  
GRAIN, STOCKS, BONDS, PROVISIONS, COFFEE AND COTTON.  
Special Attention Given to Copper Stocks  
Buy and Sell Stocks for Cash or on Margin.  
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.  
Members Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce. Private Wires to Milwaukee, Chicago, New York, Boston.  
OFFICES: Marquette County C. E. DOLF, Mgr. Savings Bank Bldg. COUNTY TELEPHONE 153  
BELL TELEPHONE 577. Ishpeming, Mich. Offices, Jenks Block, W. H. Hopkins, Mgr. 7-16-17

**SHE DID NOT ATTEND.**  
Miss Alice Nelson of Calumet has returned from a Chicago visit. She came near being one of the audience at the fatal matinee in the Iroquois theater, a slight indisposition preventing her from attending. The tickets had been purchased for the performance, but almost at the last minute she telephoned her friends that she could not go.  
**VOTED AN EXTRA \$1,000.**  
Prosecuting Attorney O. J. Larson was voted an additional compensation of \$1,000 for extra services and expenses during 1903 by the county board of supervisors Tuesday morning. The same amount was given him in January last year.  
**HAD NARROW ESCAPE.**  
John Aho, a Champion miner, is laid up as a result of injuries received while riding to surface on a skip. His foot caught between the shaft timbers and the skip and had it not been for his heavy boot the member would have been torn off. He escaped with a few bruises.  
**DECISION AFFIRMED.**  
The state supreme court has affirmed the decision in the case of From vs. The Sparrow-Kroll Lumber company of Kenton. The opinion was handed down Tuesday.  
**COPPERDOM BREVITIES.**  
The Finnish college at Hancock reopened for the winter term Tuesday.  
The funeral of John Bell, the thirteen-year-old stepson of John Rowe, a Calumet drayman, will be held this afternoon. The boy died Monday evening after a short illness.  
The Calumet clerks of Eagles will install its recently elected officers for the ensuing year at a regular meeting to be held tomorrow evening. An interesting program has been arranged for the occasion.  
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CIVIL SERVICE HIT BY THE HOUSE

PROVISION FOR SUPPORT OF THE COMMISSION IS CUT FROM APPROPRIATION BILL

GRAVE ABUSES ARE CHARGED

MERIT SYSTEM IS CALLED A FRAUD AND A HUMBUG.

Both Republicans and Democrats Protest Against Its Present Administration and Vote Eliminating the Item Is 78 to 65.

Washington, Jan. 13.—After a lively debate in the House today, the bill providing for the salaries and expenses of the civil service commission and the clerks employed under the commission, the action was taken on the motion of Mr. Hepburn of Iowa. He was supported by both Republicans and Democrats, both in speech and on the vote.

ALL DEMANDS MET.

Run on Superior Bank Subsides After \$25,000 Is Paid Out.

Superior, Wis., Jan. 13.—The run on the First National bank which started yesterday morning continued until 1:30 o'clock this morning. When the bank re-opened today the run was resumed, but all demands were promptly met and the run subsided this afternoon. The bank paid out \$25,000.

WYNN ON THE STAND.

First Assistant Postmaster General a Witness in Trial of Postal Cases.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Robert J. Wynne, first assistant postmaster general, testified today in the trial of the postal trial, and when court adjourned until Friday he was still on the stand.

INDICTED OVER HORSE DEAL.

Member of Milwaukee County Board Said to Be a Boodler.

Milwaukee, Jan. 13.—Supervisor Albert C. Bade, member of the Milwaukee county board, has been indicted by a grand jury on a charge of accepting a \$200 bribe in a horse deal, the same one in which three others were indicted and arrested for stealing from the county.

INVALID IN NEW YORK.

State Supreme Court Attacks Divorce Secured in South Dakota.

New York, Jan. 13.—The supreme court today declared invalid in New York the divorce obtained in South Dakota in 1902 by Mrs. Ellen Theresa Elder from George W. Elder of Bay Shore, L. I., on the ground of cruelty.

WILL BE USED AS WITNESS.

Allentown, Pa., Jan. 13.—The trial of Alois Eckstein, in connection with the murder of Mahat Bechtel last October, began today. After several witnesses had given testimony, the court ordered the jury to acquit Eckstein. He will be used as a witness against the members of the Bechtel family.

ILLINOIS MAN REEZES TO DEATH.

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 13.—Matthew Maher, a prominent citizen of Assumption, Christian county, was found frozen to death on the roadside between Moweaqua and Assumption this morning.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The following is the weather bureau's forecast for Upper Michigan: Snow Thursday and Friday; fresh northwest winds becoming variable.

HANNA DECLARED ELECTED.

Columbus, O., Jan. 13.—In the presence of the joint assembly, Lieutenant Governor Harding today declared Marcus A. Hanna re-elected United States senator for the terms of six years beginning with March 4, 1905. Senator Hanna made a speech of acceptance which was enthusiastically received.

NEW GOVERNOR INAUGURATED.

Annapolis, Jan. 13.—Edwin Warfield was inaugurated governor of Maryland today. Despite inclement weather there was a vast multitude present from all parts of the state to participate in the ceremonies.

Karo NEW SYRUP with a NEW DELICIOUS Flavor. All grocers, etc. New York and Chicago.

ALABAMA JAIL BURNS.

Five Prisoners Perish and Twenty Others Gain Their Liberty.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 13.—The Pratt City jail burned late tonight. Five prisoners perished. Twenty others escaped. A posse is endeavoring to capture them.

COL. CHAS. DENBY DEAD.

Ex-Minister to China Expires Suddenly While on a Lecture Tour.

Jameson, N. Y., Jan. 13.—Colonel Chas. Denby of Evansville, Ind., former minister to China, died here suddenly today. He lectured here last night.

CONCERNING KAISER'S HEALTH.

Alarmist Report Reaching London Is Denied at Berlin.

Berlin, Jan. 13.—The statement published by the Birmingham (England) Post today to the effect that letters had reached official quarters in London from Berlin that great uneasiness was being felt in the United States, is wholly without foundation.

REAR ADMIRAL COPLAN REPORTS A MASSING OF COLOMBIAN TROOPS.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The navy department today posted a cable received from Rear Admiral Coplan, dated Colon, Jan. 12. Admiral Coplan's advice is that 4,000 Colombian troops are already at Barranquilla. The Indians in that district are reported unfriendly, the chief wearing the uniform of a colonel of the Colombian forces.

INVASION APPEARS PLANNED.

Several speeches were made endorsing the movement. Representative of Illinois chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, predicted that a movement for peace would find enthusiastic favor with the people of the country.

NEBRASKA DEMOCRATS TURN AGAINST HIS LEADERSHIP AND THEORIES.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 13.—A diligent, conscientious effort is being put forth by the Democrats of Nebraska to rid the party in this state of the taint of populism which has clung to it for a number of years and to bring it once more into line with the best traditions of the national Democracy.

WILL SHORTEN LAKE ROUTE.

Deep Water Ship Canal Planned from St. Clair to Lake Erie.

Cleveland, Jan. 13.—Plans of a company providing for a deep water way ship canal between Lake St. Clair and Lake Erie will be discussed at the meeting of the Lake carriers' association at Detroit today.

DEMOCRATS TO BAR NEGROES.

Maryland Legislature Will Adopt Plan to Disfranchise the Blacks.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 13.—The action of the Democratic members of the Maryland legislature, who met in conference here last evening, has made it evident that the solid strength of the party is behind the movement to take away the right of suffrage from the negroes as far as that can be effected by constitutional means.

PROFESSOR HAS CLOSE CALL.

Falls Into Dumb Waiter Shaft and Has a Remarkable Escape.

Columbia, Mo., Jan. 13.—Dr. M. L. Lipscomb, professor of physics in Missouri university, escaped death in a remarkable way yesterday. In company with J. G. Babb, proctor of the faculty, Dr. Lipscomb was inspecting Lathrop hall, one of the college club buildings.

TYPHOID FEVER ON INCREASE.

One Hundred New Cases at Montreal—River Water Contaminated.

Montreal, Jan. 13.—A hundred or more cases of typhoid fever have developed during the last three days. The parish priests of the affected towns are kept busy going from house to house smearing the sick with lime.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

It's funny how women eat pies and pickles at midnight lunches and expect a fair complexion. No wonder they have to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea to bring back the bloom of youth. 35 cents. Stafford Drug Co.

NO INDEMNITY FOR COLOMBIA

(Continued from Page One.)

President will be right in contending that Colombia's failure to ratify the treaty was a breach of the spirit of the treaty of 1846, because New Granada had sought that treaty for her own protection.

He contended that the president had neither intervened nor committed an act of war against the republic of Colombia. He declared that the honor and interests of the United States required that a president should do just what Theodore Roosevelt had done, and that the president had acted within the constitution and law in all he had done in Panama.

The attack on the president, Senator Spooner went on, "is so virulent and incenseable that no reasonable explanation can be made of it except that of partisanship of the bitterest kind."

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REVOLT AGAINST BRYAN.

Nebraska Democrats Turn Against His Leadership and Theories.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 13.—A diligent, conscientious effort is being put forth by the Democrats of Nebraska to rid the party in this state of the taint of populism which has clung to it for a number of years.

WORLD'S FAIR SPORTS.

Contests in Various Branches Will Take Place at St. Louis Exposition.

St. Louis, Jan. 13.—Since the World's Fair of 1904 will have a department devoted exclusively to physical culture and athletics for the first time in the history of expositions, extensive arrangements are being made to bring together the best talent in every line of sports and present a series of tournaments far exceeding in variety and magnitude those ever given before.

STOCK MARKET WAITS.

Trading Is Very Dull Pending the Outcome of the Far Eastern Crisis.

New York, Jan. 13.—The stock market today seemed to reflect no development in affairs, but was in itself a result of the uncertainty over the outcome of the Far Eastern crisis.

UNLISTED MINING STOCKS.

The copper country curb quotations of Arizona and other western mining stocks are reported by Wm. Carr & Co., Hongkong, Mich., as follows, the figures being the "asked" prices:

USES UMBRELLA AS DAGGER.

Indiana Boy Slays Another Because Called "Country Jake."

Evansville, Ind., Jan. 13.—Charles Koehler, aged twenty-one, was killed in front of the opera house at Booneville, Ind., last night, when an umbrella was run through the back of his skull.

COMPETITION FOR MEAT PACKERS.

Portland, Ore., Jan. 13.—The proposition to incorporate a company of livestock men for the purpose of establishing independent packing houses in stock centers of the country to compete with the packers' combine and restore prices on livestock, was the all-absorbing topic of discussion in the national livestock convention today.

CHICAGO OFFICE ATTACHED.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—The Chicago office of the Stillwell-Pierce and Smith-Vaile company of Dayton, O., manufacturers of steam pump headers, was closed today on writ of attachment secured by the H. W. Caldwell & Sons of Chicago and Merchant & Co. of Philadelphia.

A PRISONER IN HER OWN HOUSE.

Mrs. W. H. Layha, of 1001 Agnes Ave., Kansas City, Mo., has for several years been troubled with severe hoarseness and at times a hard cough, which she says, "would keep me in doctors for days."

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Before the opening in the wheat pit today the Liverpool cables showed losses while British consols were higher. The inference was that peace between Russia and Japan was still within the possibilities and under this influence the market here opened easier.

TURNERS' MASS EXHIBITION.

An army of 5,000 Turners, from the gymnastic society of St. Louis, will march into the great stadium on June 18, and give a turners' mass exhibition. The numbers of the program have been arranged so as to illustrate the steady progression aimed at by educational gymnastics.

HEARTILY APPROVES THE PLAN.

President Will Do A. He Can to Secure Arbitration Treaties.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The committee of the International Arbitration conference today presented to President Roosevelt the resolutions adopted by the conference yesterday, securing ratification of a treaty with Great Britain to submit to arbitration all differences between the United States and Great Britain which they fail to adjust by diplomatic negotiations.

An honest and intelligent effort is being made to restore harmony in the subject of arbitration in Nebraska and to bring it back more into line with the best traditions of the national Democracy.

FREE SILVER IN LAST DITCH.

Former free silver men, indeed, started the movement looking to the overthrow of Bryanism in Nebraska and have been its most active and zealous supporters.

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Mrs. W. H. Layha, of 1001 Agnes Ave., Kansas City, Mo., has for several years been troubled with severe hoarseness and at times a hard cough, which she says, "would keep me in doctors for days."

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Before the opening in the wheat pit today the Liverpool cables showed losses while British consols were higher. The inference was that peace between Russia and Japan was still within the possibilities and under this influence the market here opened easier.

TURNERS' MASS EXHIBITION.

An army of 5,000 Turners, from the gymnastic society of St. Louis, will march into the great stadium on June 18, and give a turners' mass exhibition. The numbers of the program have been arranged so as to illustrate the steady progression aimed at by educational gymnastics.

HEARTILY APPROVES THE PLAN.

President Will Do A. He Can to Secure Arbitration Treaties.

Washington, Jan. 13.—The committee of the International Arbitration conference today presented to President Roosevelt the resolutions adopted by the conference yesterday, securing ratification of a treaty with Great Britain to submit to arbitration all differences between the United States and Great Britain which they fail to adjust by diplomatic negotiations.

An honest and intelligent



A. KANGAS, SELLER, GROCERIES, TEAS AND COFFEES, CHEAP

English Breakfast Tea, regular price 50c per pound; now 40c. Coffees from 15c to 40c per pound. Buy your groceries of me and save money.

A. KANGAS, Opposite City Hall, Washington Street.

WAGONS and SLEIGHS

Wheels, Runners, Axles, Shafts, Dashes and Cushions. All kinds of Wagon and Sleigh Iron Work.

H. BITTNER'S SALES ROOMS, CORNER 3RD AND SUPERIOR ST.

WANTED, FOR SALE OR RENT

WANTED—A woman to do washing Mondays. Mrs. Allen, 347 E. Ridge street. (1-14-04)

WANTED—Men and girls to work for the Marquette Woodware Co. Apply at works, Saturday afternoon, Jan. 14th. (1-14-04)

THE BEST hemlock slabs you ever used—four foot—are for sale by Wetmore Mercantile Co. (1-14-04)

FOR SALE—One marine boiler 56 inches diameter, 10 ft. long. Price, \$300.00 net F. O. B. cars Green Bay, Wis. One Lidgerwood mill 9x10, duplex, on storage at Ontonagon, Michigan. But little used. Price, \$912.00 F. O. B. subject to previous sale. Apply to the Diamond Match Co., Green Bay, Wis. (12-31-2w-o)

WANTED—Work, looking after furnace or any odd jobs. Address W. Quinnell, P. O., Marquette, Mich. (1-12-1w)

FOR RENT—A pleasant parlor with folding bed; also single bed room; steam heated. Address A. care Mining Journal. (1-8-1w)

WANTED—Industrious person in each state to travel for house established eleven years and with a large capital, call upon merchants and agents for successful and profitable line; permanent engagement; weekly cash salary of \$24 and all traveling expenses and hotel bills advanced in cash each week; experience not essential; mention reference and enclose self-addressed envelope. The National, 330 Dearborn St., Chicago. (1-8-1w)

LOST—On Saturday, a blue and silver head belt, between opera house, cathedral and Stafford's store, by way of Third, Baraga and Front. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to The Mining Journal. (1-4-04)

WANTED—Young girl to assist with housework. Call at 1023 North Front street. (1-14-04)

FOR SALE—One large office stove, one square parlor stove, one small parlor stove. F. B. Spear & Sons, dock office. (12-11-04)

FOR RENT—Five-room house on W. Jackson St., No. 211. Enquire at Geo. E. French. (12-8-04)

FOR RENT—An eight-room, modern house, 522 High street. Enquire at 602 Spruce St. (10-27-04)

FOR SALE—A double circular sawmill, complete, with building; also several engines. F. W. Read & Co., Marquette, Mich. (9-30-04)

WANTED—An agent in each county to sell cigars from house to house. Big money. Superior Cigar Co., Marquette, Mich. (7-1-04)

FOR SALE—Choice building lots in Nestor addition for sale cheap for cash or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars inquire at office of Peter White. (8-6-04)

NOTICE! To Consumers of Building Material: I handle the triple XXX strength Kelly Island lime—light house brand; Atlas Portland and natural cement; St. Clair red brick; gypsum and plasters; hand plaster; also stone sand; sewer pipe; also carry all kinds of fire wood; cedar posts; and also general roofing and job work of all descriptions; also have houses for sale and rent, South and North Marquette. Geo. E. French, Marquette, Mich. Both Phones.

Upper Peninsula

Tragedy at Bessemer—In a quarrel with her husband Mrs. Tony Favero of Bessemer was shot and killed. There were three detonations and each shot took effect. Tony claims the woman committed suicide.

Epidemic of Diphtheria—An epidemic of diphtheria is raging at Manistique. A large number of children are ill, and at least one death has occurred. The schools have been closed and the parents of children have been warned by proclamation of the mayor to keep them off the streets.

Actor Bound Over—Michael Burke, comedian of the Godding Comedy company, recently arrested in company with a son, girl, has been bound over for trial in the Chippewa circuit court. The parents of the girl testified that she was under sixteen years of age, and matters look dark for Burke. The actor has been unable to secure bail and is in the county jail at the Soo.

Found Trade Good—C. H. Patterson, a cigar salesman from Milwaukee, says that many traveling men he has met have told him that the Soo is a dead town, but so far as he can see it is the best town he has struck in his travels for some time. He says the cigar trade is good and he placed several good orders at the Look City. He judges that if the cigar trade is good there must be something doing.

Prosecutor's Home Guard—Under instructions from the mayor a police officer has been especially assigned to keep vigilant watch in the neighborhood of the residence of Prosecuting Attorney Cook at Iron Mountain. It is reported that since the recent conviction of Frank Van Gorder for manslaughter Mr. Cook has become alarmed, remembering the attempt to dynamite the home of Justice Miller after the prisoner was first held for trial in the circuit court, and that it was at his request that precautions for his safety have been taken.

A Deal in Cedar Logs—The Morgan Lumber & Cedar company of Foster City, Dickinson county, has bought in the logs cut in the camps of the Wm. Mueller company, amounting to about one million feet of cedar. The Wm. Mueller company keeps only the poles, posts and ties for its own use, and disposes of the timber that is of such nature that it must be cut into logs. These logs sold to the Morgan company will be landed on the Escanaba & Lake Superior road, and taken from there to the mill of the Morgan company at Foster City, for manufacture.

Fisher Found Frozen—The Cleveland-Chiffs company, through its gamekeepers and other employees, has for some time waged unrelenting warfare against all animals on Grand Island that are destructive to birds and fish. In the latter class are the fishers, numerous fine specimens of which have been captured on Grand Island in the past two years. Within a short time past two fishers have been taken. One found recently in a trap, was frozen as hard as stone and in that condition was sent to the president of the company at Cleveland. The other fisher recently taken was secured alive and is now confined in a cage on Grand Island. Foxes are said to abound on the island, but thus far have managed to escape killing or capture.

Roads Must Illuminate Crossings—The Menominee council proposes to become involved in a suit with the railroad to test the validity of the ordinance, now a part of the new city charter, which provides that the railroad companies must light the important street crossings and requiring them to put in 11,300 candlepower electric lights. At a meeting of the city council a resolution was passed ordering the railroad company to put in an arc light at the corner of Ogden avenue and Main street. It is known that the railroad company will oppose this in a legal way and that will bring the matter to an issue of a test case. The city proposes, if the law sustains it, to make the railroad light all of the important street crossings.

Trapped by Decoy Letter—Alvin Z. Withee, a railroad postal clerk running on the Soo line between Gladstone and the Soo, has been arrested by Postoffice Inspector Backus of Marquette, charge, with robbing the mails. For many months money has been missing on this run and it was not until decoy money was mailed by the government detectives that the guilty was fixed upon anyone. Withee lives in the Soo. Since money sent by mail has been reported missing, the officers had for some time tried in vain to land the culprit. Many devices were used but the bait was not seized. The marked money scheme is the one which finally succeeded. Last week a number of letters sent by government detectives failed to show up at their destination. Mr. Backus entered the mail car at Gladstone, and a search of Withee's person is alleged to have brought forth some of the marked money. Withee is about forty-eight years old, very genteel in manner and appearance, and has always borne a reputation that was above reproach. He is a Knight Templar, a Knight of Pythias, and a member of the Soo club, a social organization, and is well known in social and religious circles.

Death Traps in Menominee—Chief Collins, of the Menominee fire department, who has been directed to make an inspection of the hotels, theaters and places of amusement, says that Menominee is not without its death traps. He will not make the results of his inspection known until the report is submitted to the city council but it is known that he has found some of the hotels without any protection or means of escape in case of fire and his recommendations will require some of them to be almost entirely rebuilt if the council will support him. Not only are hotels lacking the means of escape in case of fire but some of the dance halls are equally dangerous. The chief of the fire department has been surprised in making these inspections to find so little provision for people's safety.

Additional Exits for Theater—As the result of action by the city council, the new opera house at Manistique will have three additional exits, one on either side of the building, and a fire escape from gallery. It is said that the Chicago Lumber company's hardware building—the only three-story building in the city—would be a veritable fire trap in case of fire. It is constructed of wood and the two upper floors are utilized for lodge purposes. The upper floors are reached by a narrow winding stairway and if fire should cut off egress from that source the people in the lodge rooms would be compelled to choose between death by fire, or death as the result of a fifty-foot jump. The building no doubt will be fitted with fire escapes. The council appointed three men to examine the existing thing to guarantee the safety of public audiences is done.

Her Descendants Many—Mrs. Mary C. Lahaie, who died recently at Ironwood, is survived by eight children, seven sons and one daughter. These eight children have eighty-two children, all living. Besides the eighty-two grandchildren, making a total of ninety-six descendants left by Mrs. Lahaie. Each one of Mrs. Lahaie's children had very large families, an average of only two children each, the largest number being born to J. P. Lahaie, now of Irvington, Kan., who has thirteen children. The others are E. F. Lahaie, Garton, Col., twelve children; Louis Lahaie, Escanaba, eight children; Mrs. Sarah Bedard, Escanaba, nine children; Ferdinand Lahaie, Marquette, five children; Henry Lahaie, Washburn, Wis., nine children; Ador Lahaie, Ironwood, eleven children. Besides doing their best to prevent race suicide, the children brought into the world a strong healthy lineage, for there is not an unhealthy or deformed one among all the children, grandchildren and great grandchildren.

New Breakwater at Escanaba—The Whitney Brothers Dredging company, which is building a breakwater for the protection of the dock at Escanaba, operating under contract with the Chicago & Northwestern road, has made excellent progress and expects to finish the work in a few weeks. Some 15,000 pieces of round and sheet piling will be used altogether. The work of building the breakwater was started Nov. 6. The purpose of its erection is to protect No. 6 dock from the drifting of sand from the bar, which keeps continually washing into the channel from the south and, lessening the depth of the passage, has necessitated a great deal of dredging each season. The new protection is to be 1,920 feet in length, reaching from the shore out past the end of the dock, and will project from one and a half to two feet above the water level. It is a frame-work of piling filled with sand. The filling work will not be started until the pile driving has been completed. The driving of round piles has been completed and the sheet piling of hemlock and Norway pine is now going in.

Fortune in Sunken Logs—A. C. Merrymann of the Hamilton & Merrymann company states that there are logs enough on the bottom of the Menominee river belonging to the different companies to last their sawmills for several years. This statement was made in conversation in regard to the amount that sank in the river belonging to the Hamilton & Merrymann company last year. Mr. Merrymann said that there were 45,000 pieces of log in the winter which never reached the mill at Marinette and which must have sunk in the river on the way down. He gave it as his opinion that in a few years, when they are needed, the boom company will probably begin the systematic recovery of these logs, as they are called. They will be yanked up from the bottom of the river and placed on the river bank to dry and the following season will be floated down and sawed. They are in good condition, as the water acts as a preservative. These logs are sunk in the river for a distance of about 100 miles up the river from Marinette. There are probably over 100,000,000 feet of them in all.

THE SPIRIT OF JAPAN.

The Japanese as a people are generally admitted to have the keenest and subtlest appreciation of beauty of any of the nations. This characteristic and their unflinching and winning courtesy have become so well known as to obscure that other side of their character which really is dominant—their love of their country and their almost worship of their emperor. No country has more intensely loyal and patriotic citizens. Skeptical and careless as to religion, their passionate enthusiasm centers about the person of the emperor and the integrity of the nation. The Shintoists, who believe in the semi-divinity of the mikado, are not more fervently loyal than the agnostic ruling classes. How fully this idea of patriotism permeates all ages and classes is shown strikingly by the poem sent by the children of the Motemachi public schools to the officers of the United States ship Oregon after a reception to 2,000 of them on board. When the children of a nation exhibit such a spirit as this, when officers commit harakiri at what they consider a national humiliation, when the soldiers of the line break into songs of rejoicing on receiving orders to move to the front, that is not a nation with which it is wise to go to war. If Russia persists in forcing hostilities she will find that she has a war on her hands which she can win only by prolonging, and which is bound to cripple her seriously whatever the outcome. It is to be hoped that she will recede from her untenable position; but if not, here's to Japan—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Jennie—Is it true that Joe occupies the first place in your heart? Sadie—Not much, my dear, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea first, last and all the time. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Stafford Drug Co. Every barrel Gold Medal Flour guaranteed the same—the best.

THE SENATE'S SNUFFBOXES.

Still Kept Filled, Although No Snuff Taken, Are Left. While the art and practice of snuff taking are obsolete in the United States, the tradition is still cherished and the official snuffboxes are maintained and kept carefully filled with fresh material for producing sneezes.

SECRETARY ELIHU ROOT. The Titan of the Administration of President Roosevelt.

In the January Review of Reviews, Walter Wellman draws a character sketch of Secretary of War Root. Abstracts follow: President Roosevelt has expressed to me as follows his opinion of the character and public services of Elihu Root: "In John Hay I have a great secretary of state. At Philander Knox I have a great attorney general. In other cabinet posts I have great men. Elihu Root could take any one of these places and fill it as well as the man who is now there. And in addition, he is what probably none of these other gentlemen could be—a great secretary of war."

"Elihu Root is the ablest man I have known in our governmental service. I will go further. He is the greatest man that has appeared in the public life of any country, in any position, on either side of the ocean, in my time."

When at a crisis, McKinley chose Root, it was asked: Who ever heard of New York lawyer do in the war department? McKinley had had but the slightest personal acquaintance with him. It was enough; McKinley was the quickest and most sagacious of men in the White House in generations.

Root came to the department when it was under a ban, when it was covered with barnacles, each bureau head a petty tyrant, and jealousy everywhere. He began to get men together, getting rid of those not amenable, revived interest and stimulated initiative. His mind is peculiarly impersonal. Men stand before it as the symbols of results, of work, of progress, of things. In the war department his greatest achievement was the creation of the general staff, despite an initial defeat in congress.

Moreover, he is a statesman of the first rank—one who makes states, who builds nations, who writes constitutions and organic laws. It was due to him that the United States was able to restore complete order to the Philippines, to organize a government; and he performed the bulk of the creative work involved. Beyond this, he is the author of the Platt amendment; his instructions to General Wood were almost verbatim placed on the statutes and ratified in the Cuban constitution.

In the Philippines he largely created and ran the new machinery of administration, which meant carrying a burden of crushing weight. In 1900, when McKinley was at Canton and Secretary Hay was ill, he was virtually the government, sitting night and day at the end of the cable during the siege of the Pekin legations.

He wrote every word of the instructions handed the Philippine commissioners—a constitution and code almost unprecedented. Eminent authorities have pronounced it the most nearly perfect example of organic law ever devised—a masterpiece of the self-governing peoples of the world, adapted to given conditions.

Of his strength he gave freely in other directions. It was he who presented to President Roosevelt the plan which, after two failures, settled the anthracite strike; and it was Mr. Root in person who went to New York, brought the operators into line and hastened the steps of Mr. Morgan in the memorable conference at the White House.

His concentration of mind is marvelous. For years he has been at his desk ten, twelve, often fifteen hours a day. With each problem, all the world beside is excluded; he goes to the very bottom, quickly or slowly, but surely. Five minutes or fifty that compressed air in-ter-ject calmly drives the drill through all strata of facts and contradictions till it strikes the bed-rock of truth.

He was born on the campus of Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y., the son of a professor of mathematics. A teacher by profession, he then became a practicing lawyer who made his way rapidly, gaining a practice which yielded each month as much as Uncle Sam has paid him per annum for the past four years.

At fifty-eight he looks forty-five. He is tall, athletic, active. Hair and mustache are without a tint of gray; the face is ruddy and smooth with health, the brown eyes are clear and sparkling. "As a boy," he said, "my ambition was to be a lawyer in New York; now it is to be a lawyer in New York again, as I shall be within a few weeks."

When you think of four, think of Gold Medal. Sold by all grocers.

CHILDREN POISONED. Many children are poisoned and made nervous and weak, if not killed outright, by mothers giving them rough syrups containing opiate. Foley's Honey and Tar is a safe and certain remedy for coughs, croup and lung trouble, and is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates or other poisons. Dejaridine's Pharmacy.

HOMESEEEKERS' EXCURSIONS. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. At Very Low Rates.

On the first and third Tuesday of each month, December to April, 1904, inclusive, round trip tickets good for twenty-one days to points West and Southwest for about one fare. For full particulars regarding rates, territory, etc., inquire of H. E. STEWART, C. A., Phone 339, Houghton, Mich.

held her and abused them in an unknown tongue resembling a rough mountain patois, but which none of the French, German and Italian peasants who tried to converse with her was in the least able to understand. Her history is a mystery, but it is thought possible that she was deserted by some band of gypsies and has been wandering half demented and alone on the Alps for many months—London Express.

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Important Announcement

We are pleased to inform our readers that the agency for the wonderful and guaranteed remedy Dr. GOSSON'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE HAS BEEN SECURED BY THE STAFFORD DRUG COMPANY. DR. GOSSON'S KIDNEY AND BLADDER CURE positively and permanently cures every form of Kidney or Bladder Complaint, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism, Gout, Backache, Pain in Kidneys, Diabetes, Dropsy, etc., no matter of how long standing the disease, and even after all other medicines and physicians have failed. Thousands of almost miraculous cures. It never fails. It is guaranteed to cure. Watch this paper for further important announcements.

Tonella & Johnson

Funeral Directors and Licensed Embalmers. Night Call: 307 S. Front Street, C. Tonella's Residence Marquette, Mich.

Barclay's Livery, Sale Stable and Bus Line FOR SALE!

Continued ill-health compels me to retire from business and I now offer for sale my complete Livery Outfit, consisting of 20 Horses, 3 Hacks, Coach, Coupe, Black Hearse, White Hearse, Open and Top Buggies, rubber and steel tires, Stanhopes, Runabouts, Sleighs, Bobs and Cutters, Robes, Harnesses, etc., etc. Also the completely furnished two-story and basement stone and brick stable, 50x90, with capacity of 30 horses and outfits, and premises where the business is now carried on and where it has been continuously conducted by myself for the last 32 years, on Grand Avenue, Menominee, Mich. Purchaser of livery may rent the building at reasonable terms if they wish. Terms on application. DAVID BARCLAY, Menominee, Mich.

SNOW SHOES!

Double bridge, best on earth. We make repair and refill. L. M. SPENCER, MARQUETTE, MICH. (1-13-04)

USE GAS FOR LIGHT, Why?

We have two complete gas plants—a new Coal Gas plant and a Water Gas set for emergency use, so that we can always give our patrons CONTINUOUS UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE. It is our policy to supply gas for light and heat at the lowest possible rates compatible with good service. NO BREAKDOWNS, LOW RATES, GOOD LIGHTS. THE MARQUETTE Gas Light Company.

AN IMPERATIVE NEW YEAR'S ESSENTIAL

is good meat, as it should be one of your good resolutions to have no other. New Year's has-planned a great measure of good upon you, eat and they whose table is supplied from Hathway's Meat Market are sure of always receiving the best of Beef, Lamb, Mutton and Veal. Order your Turkeys for New Year's early at FRANK W. HATHWAY'S, PALACE MEAT MARKET.

MARQUETTE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

Longyear Addition, Normal School Addition, Hewitt's Addition, etc. Prices and Terms Right. J. W. LONGYEAR, Marquette National Office Hours, 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. Bank Building, and at 8 p. m. 4-10-04

M. OLIVE STODDARD

Dermatologist, Shampooing, Massaging, etc. CREAMS AND POWDERS. At Marquette Millinery Co.'s Store Wednesday and Thursday. 9-7-04

U. P. Brewing Co.

Dr. Kaiser beer is justly considered the best beverage to be used in conjunction with a roast or steak, because its of the satisfying kind-satisfying for the reason that it's pure, palatable and leaves no bad after effects. Dr. Kaiser beer is a good beer to drink 35 days per annum. Marquette, Michigan.

LOOK OUT! Ave., years, she, days, with, enough, fol-state, ice a, nd at, ecks, realize, medly, Co., use; is en-thi, ng is, lung, Tur.

UP ONE SIDE AND DOWN THE OTHER. In Our Store, Goods May be seen marked at nearly Cost. JANUARY SALE NOW ON. Low Prices are always an inducement; then this is your chance. WATCHES, JEWELRY, CHINA, CUT GLASS, POCKET BOOKS, ALL BOOKS, INCLUDING BIBLES AND PRAYER BOOKS, AT JUST ABOUT COST. Marquette. BIGELOW & CO. Front Street.







D., S. S. & A. R'y



Time - Table

In Effect January 3, 1904.

—TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE—

Table of train schedules for Marquette, including destinations like Montreal, Houghton, Iron Mountain, and Chicago, with departure times.

MINERAL RANGE RAILROAD

Change of Time in Effect Jan. 3, 1904.

Table of train schedules for Mineral Range Railroad, listing departure and arrival times for various routes.

Lake Shore Division.

Table of train schedules for Lake Shore Division, showing routes between Marquette and various points.

LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPEMING R'Y

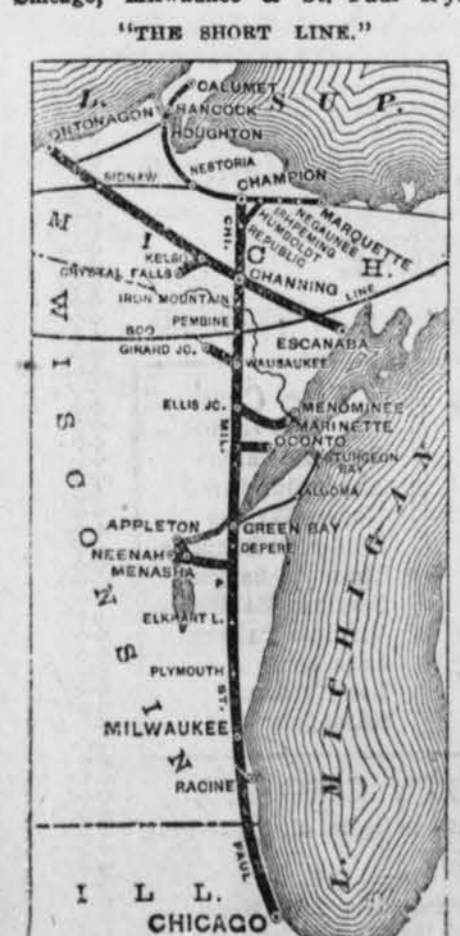
Marquette & Southeastern Railway. In Effect January 3, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE

Table of train schedules for Lake Superior & Ishpeming Railway, listing departure times for various routes.

SOLID TRAINS TO CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE

via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. "THE SHORT LINE."



Through Sleeping Cars, Coaches and Baggage Cars Every Day in the Week. MEALS IN DINING CAR A LA CARTE.

What is Catarrh?

If You Have Any of the Following Symptoms Send Your Name and Address Today.

Is your breath foul? Is your voice husky? Is your nose stopped? Do you sneeze at night? Do you sneeze a great deal? Do you have frequent pains in the forehead? Do you have pains across the eyes? Are you losing your sense of taste? Are you gradually getting deaf? Do you hear buzzing sounds? Do you have ringing in the ears? Do you suffer with nausea of the stomach? Is there a constant bad taste in the mouth? Do you have a hacking cough? Do you cough at night? Do you take cold easily? If so, you have catarrh.



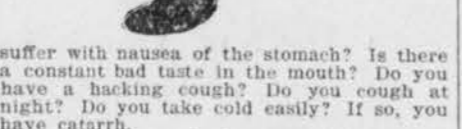
Catarrh is not only dangerous in this way, but it causes ulcerations, death and decay of bone, loss of thinking and reasoning power, kills ambition and energy, often causes loss of appetite, indigestion, dyspepsia, dizziness and insanity. It needs attention at once. Cure it with Gauss' Catarrh Cure. It is a quick, radical, permanent cure, because it fits the system of the poison germs that cause catarrh.



As an important alteration has been made in the interior of the club's headquarters. The billiard and card room are now connected by a door. Heretofore the only door leading to the card room was from the main hall, which connects with the outer stairs.



There were three of them, and they were charming young things of the matinee girl variety. They had bright eyes and rosy cheeks, and they were all talking at once, as is characteristic of their type. A Greek florist poked a bunch of violets under the nose of the prettiest.



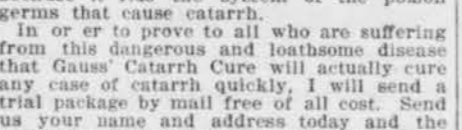
"You're overcharged me," she said. "It ought only to have been sixty cents." But the Greek's smile only broadened. "The lady made her own bargain," he said with a Chesterfieldian wave of his hand.



Which being quite true, the three young things had nothing more to say; but somehow, quite suddenly, as it were, all the sweetness had gone from the flowers.—New York Times.



TO PREVENT THE GRIP. Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. To get the genuine, call for the full name, 25c.



How Much Gain Do your assets show over last year? Was the increase as much as you expected?

If there is a weak spot in your investments you might be interested to learn on what terms you can buy, on the instalment plan, the 5 Per Cent. 20-Year Gold Bonds, secured by assets of over

\$382,000,000

For terms, address THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, RICHARD A. McCURDY, President, NEW YORK, N. Y.

R. S. DONALDSON, Manager, Marquette, Mich.

Negaunee Department

THREE FALL TO DEATH

TRIPLE FATALITY AT LILLIE MINE YESTERDAY AFTERNOON. Men Were Riding to Surface in Timber Skip, When Bottom Became Unlatched.

Three miners at the Lillie, Anthony Richards, James Dunstone and Anthony Beslo, met instant death yesterday afternoon about 1 o'clock. They were coming to surface in the timber skip, when the latch holding the bottom door slipped, dropping the trio back into the mine. They had a perpendicular fall of about three hundred feet, then striking an incline and rolling to the bottom, a distance of about four hundred feet additional.

The ore skips are constructed with solid bottom, but not the timber skips, in which it is not the custom for the men to ride.

Richards was the best known of the three victims. He had been a resident of Negaunee for several years and was prominent in lodge and church work. For some time he held the position of Sunday school superintendent at the Mitchell Methodist church, and was identified with the management of the local lodge of the Sons of St. George.

He was supervisor from his ward one year and he also held other positions of trust. The deceased was married and is survived by a widow and three children.

James Dunstone was a young man who lived with his people on Jackson street. He had worked in the mine but a short time before the accident.

Anthony Beslo was an Italian, a comparative stranger in the city, as he boarded out near the mine.

Funeral announcements will be made in tomorrow's paper.

PLAYING SEMI-FINALS.

Billiard and Pool Contest Will Have Interesting Finish.

The billiard and pool contest at the Negaunee club will soon be brought to a close, as the semi-finals are now being played. Members are manifesting much interest in the prizes, which will carry off the prizes.

An important alteration has been made in the interior of the club's headquarters. The billiard and card room are now connected by a door. Heretofore the only door leading to the card room was from the main hall, which connects with the outer stairs.

Some has been coming into the room during the day and taking away periodicals, sometimes stealing numbers that had not been paid for by the members. Keys have now been given out.

FIRE DRILLS IN SCHOOLS.

Fire drills are not a new feature in the Negaunee schools. They were conducted here long before the fire in the theater, but at times they were not held as regularly as will be the case in the future. The superintendent has instructed all teachers to continue the drills.

In the larger schools, where gongs are used for class calls, signals will also be given for fire drills. The drills will come when the teachers and pupils least expect them.

None of the local schools are considered "fire traps." The Jackson is the worst building of the lot. It is two stories in height, with two rooms on the second floor in use. There are two exits, one from the north and the other from the south side. The building is equipped with steam heat and electricity.

The Park street school is the only structure provided with fire escapes. At the Cass street building a number of improvements were made after the fire a few years ago.

At the meeting of the board Monday evening a batch of bills were allowed. It was decided to purchase some text books.

TAX RATE LOWER.

In the review of the tax collections in Tuesday's paper the impression was given that the rate per \$1,000 assessed valuation was higher this year than last. The reporter was wrong about that. The rate is \$1.75, as against \$1.80. This speaks well for the finance committee of the city council, in view of the heavy state and county taxes this year. In most of the cities and towns of the upper peninsula the rate is higher than a year ago.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Frank O. Rockwell is here from Fargo, N. D., visiting his father-in-law, A. C. Sease.

Captain W. J. Allen and family, of Humboldt, are here for a few days visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Maitland and wife are happy over the advent of a daughter at their home.

The Northwestern section crew was busy yesterday loading snow on flat cars at the Iron street crossing.

John Rough left Tuesday for Gladstone, where he will resume his work, after spending a few weeks with his family here.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stannard, of Greenland, returned to their home yesterday, after a few days visit with Captain J. H. Rough and family.

Walter Johnson, of the Johnson estate, has been sick with stomach trouble the past couple of weeks, and is absent from his business.

John Hakenjos has just completed some improvements at the office of his livery barn. A large plate window adds greatly to the appearance of the place.

N. Laughlin, J. H. Winter, C. Johnson, T. M. Wells, Thomas Fellow and R. G. Jackson spent Tuesday at Marquette, on the jury in the case of J. M. Longyear vs. the Marquette & Southeastern Railway company.

The new bids on the apparatus for the electric lighting plant will be opened this evening. John Davey, the consulting engineer, is expected here this morning, as are also representatives of the different companies submitting bids. It is not yet known just how many bids will be presented, but it is expected all the companies that went after the contract two weeks ago will be heard from again today.

WE, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

DEJARDINS' Pharmacy, (11-2-6m) People's Drug Store.

Iron Notes

Herman Dessau, secretary and treasurer of the Dessau company, owner of the Millie mine at Iron Mountain, died at his home in New York this week.

Frank L. Coventry has resigned his position as superintendent of the mines of the Marquette Iron & Steel company on the Marquette range. His successor has not been named yet.

It is possible that the Sellwood interests will abandon their lease of Pearce and Longyear mines, Mesaba range, letting them revert to the fee holders. These interests have been in process of reorganization these past few weeks, on account of difficulty in the East.

The United States Steel Corporation last year mined 55.2 per cent of all ore taken out of Lake Superior mines. This is a decline of 2.2 per cent from its proportion the preceding year, but the decline is explained by the fact that in 1902 it carried down lakes a 25 per cent excess over requirements.

A mining lease running from F. W. Higgins of Olean, N. Y., F. S. Smith of Angelica, N. Y., and Giles Gilbert of Duluth, to the Oliver Iron Mining company, including an undivided half interest in 200 acres of land in sections 24 and 26-58-17, Mesaba range, has been filed in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis county. The lease runs for a period of fifty years and the royalty is on the basis of twenty-five cents a ton, the minimum output to be 25,000 tons annually. All timber rights are reserved to the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mining company, the timber to be removed by May 1, 1911.

In spite of the report from Birmingham, Ala., that efforts were being made to reform the southern iron pool or to create a selling agency for all the southern furnaces, authorities in the North remain very skeptical as to the success of the negotiations, which they admit, however, are in progress. All the pool agreements made by the southern iron makers in the past have resulted in more or less friction and, finally, in a general rupture. Any plan which may be finally selected or agreed upon by the southern representatives of either the Tennessee Coal & Iron company, the Sloss-Sheffield company or the Republic Steel company must, before they become operative, be submitted to at least one of the executive committees of those companies or to the directors, and so far as can be learned there is so much opposition on the part of some of the members of the different bodies that a final adoption of almost any plan that can be devised at present is far from likely.

It is reported that the Carnegie Steel company propose to go into the manufacture of foundry iron in the West. The present market prices of northern pig iron show a profit to merchant furnaces buying their ore at last season's prices, and it is well known that these represent a very comfortable profit to the ore firms. If the regular steel concerns, owning their own ore, go into making pig iron for the market, it may mean a reduction in market prices to below \$10 a ton. This is a serious matter, referring to cost to a concern buying its raw materials. While this would be quite a departure for the Carnegie Steel company, it must be remembered that a few months ago it went into the manufacture of low phosphorus pig, having since then taken about all the business in sight, cutting out the foreign furnaces as well as the two or three in this country which were making low phosphorus pig. Then a little later it cut loose from the agreement with the British makers of ferro-manganese, and has been taking out all the ferro-bismuth going. It is only another step to go into the foundry iron market. In fact, the Carnegie Steel company's entrance into the market was a surprise, and if anything sudden happens to foundry iron prices in the next few days or weeks, his will be the cause.

The Nanaimo and Beta mines, in the Iron River district, will probably be added to the list of shipping mines in 1904, says the Iron Mountain Press. The mines, which adjoin, and will be operated as one property, are owned in fee by D. C. McKinnon, but are now under option to Messrs. VanDyke, of Milwaukee, and E. J. Brown, of Iron Mountain. Since securing possession of the mines the gentlemen named have unwaveringly repaired the shaft at the Beta and are now engaged in sinking the same an additional 150 feet. A good plant of machinery has been installed, and the indications are favorable for the development of a considerable body of desirable ore. The Nanaimo and Beta are among the first mines opened in the Iron River district and have an interesting history. The first exploratory work was done at the Nanaimo in 1881, before the Chicago & Northwestern railroad was extended from Stager. Since 1891 the mine has been idle. In 1885, the Iron River Furnace company was organized to smelt the Nanaimo ore. The furnace was operated with considerable success for about a year, when it was destroyed by fire and never rebuilt. The Beta mine was explored in 1886 and made its first shipment of 1,625 tons of ore that year. The following year the Beta shipped 1,226 tons and was then idle until 1891, when 1,400 tons were shipped, a total of 4,251 tons. Since that year the mine has been inactive.

Little doubt now remains of the great value of the famous Section 30 iron ore lands on the Vermilion range. The diamond drills have proved that the property contains a mine. The extent of the deposit has been ascertained with great accuracy, and an exploratory shaft is to be sunk to show the depth and cross cutting will show the width. It is generally understood that the drills have proved up about 20,000,000 tons. That is, of course, a guess, but it is of value to the extent that it probably indicates the impression of the owners that much drilling has been done. George J. Longstaff, of Milwaukee, who took an option for the property after the Cergus dropped it, adopted a new method of drilling. It is putting the drills down vertically, instead of at an angle. The crumbling character of the ore makes it impossible to get good results with the drills when driven at an angle, and better results are obtained by driving them straight down on the formation. It is reported here that one drill has been put 160 feet into the ore, and the drill was still bedded in the ore.

It is known that the fee owners are satisfied from the results of the exploratory work thus far that they have at least 20,000,000 tons, and the depth of the deposit is not known. The deposit lies at an angle and it has been possible to get at what is considered a fair estimate of its width. The Vermilion ore deposits usually run deep, and it may take a year or two to open enough territory underground to enable anybody to ascertain the true value of the property. But the main question of whether a mine exists in Section 30 seems to have been answered in the affirmative. The reports bear the stamp of authenticity. Ten million dollars would be a conservative estimate of the value of Section 30 if the present estimate of 20,000,000 tons is verified by further exploration.

The year's shipments of ore by ranges, from all the Lake Superior districts in 1903, compared with 1902, are as follows, the figures being here printed for the first time:

Table comparing ore shipments by ranges in 1903 and 1902.

Total 1903 24,300,607 27,809,542

Every district on the lake reduced its output from 1902, but that year was an exceptionally high-water mark for all of them. The fact that they did reduce last season is no argument that they have passed their maximum point of production, as was argued a few years ago by both the writers after one season's decline from top notch. It is quite likely that all lake ranges will show a further decline the present year, for though the finished steel market shows marked improvement along the line, there is too much unsold and unmetled ore on lower lake docks and at furnaces that it will take some time to use it up, and the new policy of the United States Steel Corporation, under its changed guidance, is to utilize much of this material before making any great shipments. The control of a new and firm hand is to be seen in present movements in the mining and transportation industry of western States.

The overwhelming preponderance of the Mesaba range as a factor in the Lake Superior ore trade is shown, not only by its excess of shipments last year and its proportionate growth during the past three years, as the first table indicates, but by the following tables of total shipments and percentages. It is but ten years old, and yet it has sent to market within 14 per cent as much as the Marquette, which is fifty-three years old and was for many years the only shipper, and still is a very important district, with its mines owned by the largest companies in the business. The table follows, showing total shipments of the several ranges since beginning their dates of opening and their percentage of the total:

Table showing total shipments and percentages of various ranges since opening.

Practically a quarter of a billion gross tons of ore have been mined from the lake ranges in the half-century of their existence, and practically all of this vast total has been hauled down lakes to Erie ports and made into finished forms at Pittsburg, the valleys and the Erie shores, with a little on Lake Michigan and some nearer home.

The Marquette range is entirely in the state of Michigan; except for a few small mines the Menominee and Gogebic are also there; the Mesaba and Vermilion are entirely in St. Louis county, Minnesota, and the Michipicoten is in Canada. This little three-ranges group of one per cent is all that has ever been mined on the Canadian side of Lake Superior, and the American tariffs still carry a duty of forty cents a ton to protect American ores from the competition of foreign imports, chiefly Canadian and Cuban.

The United States Steel Corporation will not content itself in its new scheme of retrenchment with merely slashing the wages of the mill hands and general employees, but it is understood, the retrenchments will move higher up, even to the very top of the organization. It is reported that every officer in the Steel corporation will be notified between now and Feb. 1 of a reduction in his stipend and the higher the salary the larger the percentage the reduction is likely to be. Some officials of real prominence have already received their notifications and not a man on the list, from the president to the stenographer,

YOU'LL HAVE NO GROUNDS



for complaint if you use coffee purchased or ordered here. Watching our buying, as well as our selling, closely, every housekeeper dealing with us may be certain of securing not only good coffee, but other groceries, at prices not the biggest. A few hints like these suggest much.

Geo. Haupt's Grocery.

BELLEVUE FARM..

Negaunee, Mich. On January 1st we shall commence a daily delivery of our Dairy Products direct to Consumers in the Cities of Ishpeming and Negaunee.

Bottled Cream and Milk GILT EDGE DAIRY BUTTER... ORDERS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

Telephone, Call on, or Address SAMUEL J. SIMS, Superintendent.

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LOWEST RATES, SHORTEST TIME ON THE ROAD, FINEST SCENERY, VARIABLE ROUTES.

You can leave home any day in the week and travel in tourist cars on fast trains through to the coast. For descriptive pamphlets and full information inquire of nearest agent.

Chicago & North-Western Railway

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A VERY CLOSE CALL.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and I run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters, and after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by The Stafford Drug Co. Price 50 cents.

A VEST-POCKET DOCTOR.

Never in the world, no trouble to carry, easy to take, pleasant and never failing in results are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. A vial of these little pills in the vest-pocket is a certain guarantee against headache, biliousness, torpid liver and all of the ills resulting from constipation. They tone and strengthen the liver. Sold by The Stafford Drug Co.; H. N. Meloche, Ishpeming.

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If you need anything in the above lines you will find our stock complete and our prices reasonable.

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Marquette, - - - Michigan. Milwaukee, - - - Wisconsin.

MICHIGAN COLLEGE OF MINES

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A state institution located in and making use of an active mining district. For Year Book giving list of graduates and their occupations, apply to President or Secretary, Houghton, Mich.

...THE...

First National Bank,

Negaunee, - - - Mich.

Capital Stock, \$100,000 Surplus, - - - 14,000

A. MAITLAND, President. T. C. YATES, Cashier. G. E. O'CONNOR, Asst. Cashier.

BANKING BUSINESS SOLICITED.



### FAIR SOCIETY'S YEARLY STATEMENT

IT MAKES A PRETTY GOOD START ON 1904, WITH THE PLANT IN FINE CONDITION.

NO GREAT EXPENSES THIS YEAR

OWES \$1,700, BUT IT WILL BE PAID WITH COUNTY MONEY.

When This Settlement Is Made There Will Be a Favorable Balance of \$300—Managers Will Meet Soon.

The Marquette County Agricultural society starts the year 1904 in very fair condition. In some respects it is the best of it has been at any time since its reorganization. Its grounds, for instance, will not need any heavy expenditures for two or three seasons. Last year upwards of \$1,000 was spent on the track, which was rebuilt with clay and cinders, putting it, in fair weather, in excellent order for good racing. In 1904 there will be no demand for any such large extraordinary expenditures as that required to rebuild the track.

The society has outstanding against it notes to the extent of \$1,700, the money having been borrowed to carry on the work at the track and to meet other demands. It will be repaid, however, in March, when the county's money, \$1,700 will be turned in to the treasurer. When these obligations are discharged the society will have a favorable balance of nearly \$300, which, considering the fact that there will have to be no unusual expenses this year, puts it in very fair financial condition. At some early date a meeting of the board of managers will be held, to canvass the situation as it relates to a fair for 1904. It is likely that some additional improvements will be undertaken at the grounds.

The Mining Journal herewith presents E. W. Wright's financial statement for the year 1903, which it recommends for careful perusal to all people interested in the society's affairs:

Marquette county	\$1,200.00
Net proceeds of Dec-oration Day entertain-ment	71.00
Ball games	85.00
Other rentals	55.00
Net proceeds of sale of membership tick-ets	275.30
Advertisements in premium list	172.50
Sale of privileges dur-ing fair	88.50
Entry fees from live stock exhibit	71.00
Gate receipts	1,539.18
Grandstand receipts	361.50
Notes discounted	1,700.00
Total receipts	\$5,618.98
Balance on hand at date at last report	\$ 140.58
	\$5,759.56
Disbursements—	\$5,759.56
First National bank for money borrowed in 1902	\$1,000.00
Repairs to the race track	917.25
Preparing ball di-ament	89.92
Repairs to buildings, extension, cattle sheds, etc	155.21
Advertising and post-ing	40.00
Tickets and posters	105.95
Publication of the premium list	104.50
Office expense, post-age, etc	8.76
Freight, drayage, etc	17.86
Hay and grain for stock on exhibition	51.84
Ticket sellers, tak-ers, and other help during fair	213.00
Lighting buildings and grounds	57.90
Interest items	30.41
Awards to exhibitors	721.30
Amusements (plat-form shows)	365.00
Special attraction—running horses	350.00
Races	945.35
Membership Amer-ican Trotting Asso-ciation	10.00
Shipping band for fair week	200.00
Salary of secretary	100.00
Balance on hand Jan. 11th, 1904	275.31
	\$5,759.56

HAVE YOU SEEN THE NEW GAS MANTLE?

Turn on the gas, the mantle does the rest. No match required. It lights itself. See them on exhibition in our office. The Marquette Gas Light Co.

### WILL REBUILD. Plans and Specifications for New Shop to Be Obtained at Once.

Otto C. Davidson, of Iron Mountain, and W. D. Calverley, of Houghton, of the board of control for the Marquette branch of state prison, were here yesterday, summoned on account of the fire at the institution Monday. The board approval of all steps taken to date to make the damage good and decided to at once obtain plans and specifications for a new shop. The repair of the boiler and engine house was started yesterday by Contractor Sinclair. Work is being rushed with all possible speed and it is expected that the building will be under cover today.

Governor Bliss will not be here to meet with the board. He was desirous of coming to Marquette, but has not been able to make the trip. He was in communication with the warden over the long distance phone yesterday. He said that he had every confidence in the ability of the board to take care of the institution, and told the members to go ahead, saying that he would endorse their course.

The building will be replaced as soon as possible, but it is not likely that actual work will be undertaken until the weather moderates somewhat, and the days are longer. Anyway it will be some time before the plans and specifications are ready. The building will be rebuilt along the same lines as the structure destroyed by fire, and will be of the same size. It will be located on the same site, but one change will be to move it about twelve feet west of its original position, so as to lessen the danger of the flames communicating to the engine and boiler house or the state shop, in case at any time in the future there should be another fire.

Yesterday work was resumed, with a full force of men, in the overall factory. Many of the convicts formerly employed in the cigar shop were used about the yard. The majority of them, however, were in their cells, where they will have to spend more time than they desire to until some provision is made for giving them steady work.

The members of the board of control were surprised, after looking over the situation in the yard, that the state shop had been saved, and are highly appreciative of the good work of the convicts and fire department in confining the damage to the two buildings.

Mr. Davidson left for his home last night. Mr. Calverley and the warden expect to go to Negaunee today to advise E. C. Anthony, the third member of the board, with the situation and the action that has been taken. Mr. Anthony has been confined to his home, dangerously sick, since the time he was appointed to the board. His condition is now reported to be improving.

### EXAMINED THE SCHOOLS. Committee of Trustees Has Recommended Some Minor Changes.

The special committee of trustees appointed at the last meeting of the board and charged with the task of inspecting a survey of the different structures and has recommended that a number of minor changes be made, to insure greater safety in case of fire. For one thing all doors that now open in, and there are a number of them, particularly in the older structures, are being rebung so that they open out. Doors that open in are always a menace to life in case of alarm, or panic. There is always the danger that people will press against them so closely that it will prove impossible to draw them back, permitting egress. This one change will do a great deal to increase the safety of the buildings. All doors which have in the past been kept locked in the different buildings, doors not regularly in use, will be provided with push bolts, so that they can be opened as desired, in case of an emergency.

The committee has recommended a fire escape for the Ely school, leading from the second story to the ground, and it is not unlikely that the board will take, at its next meeting, action to provide this additional safeguard for the children's lives. The Ely, however, in its present condition is regarded as a very safe building. There are two goodsized stairways leading from the second floor, if the fire escape is installed it will be provided less with the thought that it is really essential than with the idea of taking every precaution to insure against accident in case of alarm from fire.

It is possible that other matters will be brought up at the board meeting. It is the trustees' desire to make the buildings as safe as possible.

The committee was well pleased with the condition of the schools. It appears that the different buildings are about as safe as can be expected. In the one story structures there is practically no danger, as in extremely youngsters could be quickly tumbled out of the windows, if necessary. The larger buildings are well provided with exits and the premises are kept in a condition that minimizes the danger from fire. Teachers have been impressed with the necessity for fire drills and have been instructed as to what to do in cases of emergency.

Head aches, black rings under the eyes, dizzy spells, tired feeling, bad taste in the mouth, sour stomach, absolutely cured by Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Stafford Drug Co.

FIRE WOOD. Good dry hardwood, block or split. Dry pine slabs; dry hemlock slabs—any length required. F. W. Read & Co., Marquette. (12-19-04)

E. H. TOWAR, President. F. W. READ, Vice President.

F. J. JENNISON, Cashier. H. C. DAVIS, Assistant Cashier.

## MARQUETTE NATIONAL BANK

DIRECTORS: JOHN M. LONGYEAR, EDGAR H. TOWAR, WM. G. MATHER, WALTER FITCH, FREDERICK W. READ. OF MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN. CAPITAL \$100,000.00. DIRECTORS: FRED H. BEGOLE, DANIEL W. POWELL, DAN H. BALL, FRANK J. JENNISON. GENERAL BANKING

FIRE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

### WANT FIRE ESCAPE. Masons Have Applied to Management of Building for This Improvement.

The Masons, who occupy the third story of the opera house block with lodge, reception and dining rooms, have applied to the management for additional facilities for leaving the building in case of sudden emergency. At present they have but one exit, a stairway leading from the third to the second story, thence by the main stairway to the street. They feel that they should have additional means for escape, and easy egress. They have asked that some effective fire escape be provided. The management of the block has taken the matter under advisement, and expects to comply with the Masons' request at an early date. Ways of installing the desired fire escape are now being considered. There are a number of feasible plans that can be carried out at reasonable expense. With a fire escape ready at hand the Masons will feel perfectly safe. They are not particularly nervous now, as the opera house block is generally considered a safe and well built structure.

### APPEALED TO CIRCUIT COURT. This Action Taken in Case of an Apprentice vs. L. S. Engine Works.

The case of Victor Falstald vs. the Lake Shore Engine works has been appealed to the circuit court by the defendants, and will likely have a hearing there next term. The case originally came to trial before Judge Byrne, by whom a verdict for the plaintiffs for damages and costs in the sum of \$114 was rendered. Falstald was apprenticed at the Lake Shore Engine works the early part of last year. He worked there from March until October, when he was let out by the management, which settled with him at the rate of fifty cents a day, the sum that he was to receive after the first two months of his apprenticeship until it should come to an end. Falstald, alleging breach of contract, thereupon brought suit, for the sum representing the difference between fifty cents a day and what he would have received as helper, if he had been employed as an ordinary hand in the shop. The testimony presented to the justice court led Mr. Byrne to decide the case as indicated above. The appeal was taken yesterday.

### VERY LITTLE TRADING. Coppers Seem to Be Waiting on Definite War News.

Paine, Webber & Co. said of the Boston market: "The market seems to be waiting for war news and the fact that it is firm on a very small volume of business encourages the belief that it will go up when activity returns. The heavy exports of copper during the past few days are attracting attention, and it looks as though all export receipts for a long time would be broken before the month ends. Coppers were very firm, and we believe they will work higher."

### The Wheat Market. W. H. Laidley & Co. said of wheat:

"The cables were enough easier and consols enough stronger to remove the war scare as an urgent factor, for the moment, and what declines in wheat prices, about this time reports of bad condition of the growing wheat in Oklahoma and Kansas were received, as well as some buying orders from California, where the weather is also very dry. The market on this and covering by early sellers carried the market up and closed it the same as yesterday. We cannot feel bullish on wheat, but the market receives good support on the break and there are plenty of rallies to sell on."

### Market a Dead One. The Hadden-Rodee New York letter was as follows:

"Today's session on stock market calls forth very little comment. Speculation was so stupid and the absence of fresh interest was so conspicuous that even the traders limited their operations to lots of one to three hundred shares, fearing they would be unable to turn larger amounts in so narrow a market. The foreign news on the Eastern situation was about as colorless as it has been for several days past. The market cannot go along this way much longer. It is in a position to respond readily either to good buying or good selling. It would also be likely to move some time to any war news of importance, but the war rumors have lost their influence upon sentiment. It will take acute news of developments in the Eastern situation to affect our market. The manipulation of the various specialties was continued today only in the most indifferent manner. It is impossible to judge a dull market, Jay Gould used to say 'never sell a dull market short,' but experience during the bear market of the past eighteen months showed that the market was a sale when dull."

### A RICH, STEADY, SHADOWLESS LIGHT. Is that given by our gas lamps. These powerful lamps installed and maintained absolutely free. The Marquette Gas Light Co.

### NOTICE. Marquette, Mich., Jan. 1, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Shore Engine Works, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at its office in the city of Marquette, in the state of Michigan, on the third Monday (the 18th) of January, A. D. 1904, at 2 o'clock p. m.

J. F. KERN, Secretary. (1-2-14)

### City Brevities

Today's weather: Snow flurries and colder. Yesterday's temperature: Seven a. m., 26 degrees; noon, 23; 7 p. m., 22. Maximum, 26 degrees; minimum, 22.

Red Cross legion will give a card party at the A. O. U. W. hall Tuesday evening, Jan. 26.

Mrs. G. J. Slings has returned to Gladstone after a brief visit, with her husband, here.

There was some skating on the bay early this week, but the snow spoiled it yesterday. The ice had also begun to move out, but it still remained between the ore docks.

The Marquette land office has handed down a decision in the case of Frank Desotell vs. Emile Degrave, forty acres in Menominee county affected. It is in favor of Degrave.

Following "The Silver Slipper," the next attraction at the opera house will be Walker Whiteside in "We Are King," the piece with which he opened the 15-umping theater a few weeks ago.

The opera house management is building an iron billboard on Front street, on the South Shore property between the Bertha block and Foley's place. The other billboards about the city are all of wood.

Tuesday afternoon, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hooper entertained a number of their friends at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Charles Roberts, the occasion being the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage. A few hours were passed enjoyably. Mr. and Mrs. Hooper were the recipients of a number of gifts suitable to the occasion.

The snowfall yesterday was the heaviest experienced in some weeks. It continued throughout the day, and by night an additional several inches had accumulated on the ground. The snow was accompanied by mild temperatures. The fall to date this year has been very heavy and the quantity now covering the ground is greater than was found at any time last winter.

The seat sale for "The Silver Slipper" will be opened this morning. This production, here Saturday night, is easily the largest and most elaborate ever billed for the Marquette opera house. The company travels in a special train of five cars and includes about eighty people, principals and chorus girls. There is much interest in the prospect of the play here, and it is expected that a packed house will witness it.

A number of the horsemen met at Dr. Flynn's office Tuesday night and discussed the matter of a speedway. Washington street was suggested as a desirable location. There were many expressions favorable to going ahead with the project, but no definite decision was reached. It is feared by some that the snow would interfere with making the speedway a success, and that it would be a long time before it could be carried up. Still the plan may yet be carried out.

There was no further trouble with the water supply yesterday. Superintendent Kern is inclined to attribute the stoppage of the intake rattr to the snow and slush rather than to anchor ice. He says it has not yet been cold enough to cause any of the latter to form. The twenty-four inch intake is now shut off, and will not be used except in case of emergency. With the present facilities for clearing the intakes their temporary blockage is not a serious affair, and they can be opened up in very short order.

### TWO OUT OF THREE. The Superiors defeated the Magicians in the league team contest on the bowling alleys last evening, taking two of the three games. The scores follow:

Superiors	Tot. Av.
A. Anderson	191 164 145 500 160
Stewart	193 127 155 445 148
G. Anderson	143 160 139 442 147
Jenks	173 164 141 478 159
Bowsher	188 183 168 539 179
Totals	858 798 748 2404 160
Magicians	Tot. Av.
Cunningham	141 160 206 507 169
Eldrede	171 121 129 421 140
Wheeler	158 141 116 415 138
Hodgkins	182 136 168 486 162
Herrmann	152 165 157 474 158
Totals	804 723 776 2303 153

Now is your chance to get china and cut glass at a bargain at Stafford's. (1-4-04)

NEW HOME HOTEL, EWEN. When in Even, stop at the New Home Hotel. Mrs. R. Taylor. Special attention to the traveling public. Rates, \$2 and \$1 per day. (1-11-14)

Stafford's offers many good bargains in their 20 per cent off sale of china. (1-4-04)

DRY WOOD. Four foot and 16 inch dry pine slabs delivered on short notice. Phone 959 or 231. SOUTH ARM LUMBER CO. (11-26-04)

It will pay you to look over Stafford's china and cut glass during the sale now on. (1-4-04)

A REVOLUTION IN GAS LIGHTING. No match required to light the gas. A wonderful gas mantle called the "Ignito." See them in our office. 45c each. The Marquette Gas Light Co.

Twenty per cent off on cut glass at Stafford's. Some good things, too.



### BURNING A HOLE IN YOUR POCKET

3 PER CENT. INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS. that extra ten, twenty, fifty, hundred? Put out the fire, put the spare money in bank—this bank—and have more "money to burn" six months, a year, five years hence, because of our compound interest plan. Enough to say here: We pay 3 per cent interest. Ask us if you care to know more.

A DEPOSIT OF \$1 SECURES ONE OF OUR HOME SAVINGS BANKS.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$200,000.

### UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

PETER WHITE, President. L. G. KAUFMAN, Vice-Pres. CLAUDE W. CASE, Vice-Pres.  
EDW. S. BICE, Cashier. C. L. BRAINERD, Ass't Cashier. S. B. CRARY, 2nd Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS: PETER WHITE, N. M. KAUFMAN, S. R. KAUFMAN, L. G. KAUFMAN, CLAUDE W. CASE.

## Give Them a Start.

The New Year is here. This would be a good time to start your young folks on the road to SUCCESS.

Do you ask how? By having them open an account at THE MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK. In thus doing you encourage thrift, habits of economy and a thirst for knowledge of business affairs. We most gladly assist the young people in getting started.

## The Marquette County Savings Bank,

Marquette, Mich.

N. M. KAUFMAN, Pres., S. R. KAUFMAN, Vice-Pres., E. N. BREITUNG, 2d Vice-Pres., GEORGE BARNES, Cashier, W. B. M'COMBS, Asst. Cashier.

## SOUP TO DESSERT

In the preparation of a dinner something requires chopping—sometimes more, sometimes less. Whether much or little, Sargent's Gem Food Chopper will prove useful—it chops all kinds of food; it chops fine, coarse or medium, as desired; it chops quickly and quietly; its chopping powers are so far ahead of the chopping bowl and knife that there is no comparison. You should have the Gem in your kitchen because it is so useful; you will find it a time-saver, labor-saver and drudgery destroyer.

B. NEIDHART & CO., Front Street.

## THE DARANTELLA...HAVANA CIGAR...

Is made only from the HIGHEST GRADES AND FINEST QUALITY OF... IMPORTED HAVANA TOBACCO.

John E. Kenning & Co. Grand Rapids, Mich. MAKERS. For Sale on all D., S. S. & A. Trains.

## In 1904.

At the beginning of a new year we extend to all a cordial greeting and hope that for all the year may be both happy and prosperous.

The past year has been a very satisfactory one for us and we wish to heartily thank all who have in any way contributed to this result. We appreciate your favors and in 1904 we shall spare no effort to serve you even better than in the past in order to merit a continuance of your good will.

DEJARDINS' PHARMACY, 417 N. Third St.

## BEGIN THE NEW YEAR RIGHT

...BY USING...

## Ceresota

The Prize Bread Flour of Minnesota. All Grocers Sell It.

Clark & Jones, Distributors. 211 S. Lake St. Both Phones.

Dairy Products, Hay, Grain and Wood.

RATES: HOTEL CLIFTON Two Blocks from New D., S. S. & A. Depot. \$2.00 and \$2.50 PER DAY. DAN SULLIVAN, Prop.

## WANTED 500 ORDERS FOR Ledgers...

AT The Stenglein Bindery, Successor to C. A. Eggers. Mining Journal Bldg. 5-14-21w Marquette, Mich.

## MARQUETTE Opera House

Saturday, Jan. 16.

FIRST TIME HERE

"A WORTHY AND POWERFUL SUCCESSOR TO FLORODORA"

JOHN C. FISHER'S STUPENDOUS MUSICAL PRODUCTION

## THE SILVER SLIPPER

The Cast—INCLUDING Snitz Edwards, Harry Burcher, Horace Wright, Frederick Runnells, Theodore Sanger, Gertrude Millington, Virginia Palmer, Lora Leib, Leo Mordant, Gene Cole.

By the Authors of Florodora, The Record Maker, Breaker and Holder

THE FAMOUS BEAUTY CHORUS

The Sensational Champagne Dancers and a Score of Great Song Hits. Including "I'd Be Satisfied With Life," "Tessie," "The Girl You Love," "Four and Twenty Little Men," "The Baby With the Dimple and the Smile."

Company 100—Special Orchestra, 12

PRICES: BOX SEATS \$2.50, DIVANS \$2.00, BALCONY PARQUET \$1.50, ENTIRE BALCONY \$1.00, GALLERY 50c.

SEAT SALE AT BIGELOW'S STORE, THURSDAY, JAN. 14th at 8 A. M. CURTAIN RISES AT 8:15 SHARP