

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 4521.

MARQUETTE, MICH., FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 24, 1899.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Madame Qui Vive's

Orange Flower Skin Food and Creme Marquese, made fresh and from her receipts; also the necessary brushes, etc. Price, 35 cents, delivered anywhere. Mail orders promptly filled.

The Stafford Drug Co.,
Marquette, Mich.

ONE WEEK MORE
OF
OUR CLEAR-UP SALE.....
DO NOT PUT OFF BUYING, AS YOUR DOLLARS WILL DO DOUBLE DUTY THIS WEEK.

LADIES' \$6.00 **WELT SHOES, BOX-CALF AND ENAMELS.** NOW \$2.57.

ALL WINTER FOOTWEAR AT CUT PRICES.

Sole Agents
JENNESS-MILLER
Hygienic Shoes for Women.

Goodspeed's,
120 Front Street.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE MARVELOUS PIANOLA?



EVERY AFTERNOON
FROM FOUR TO SIX O'CLOCK.

an opportunity is given to all desirous of hearing what this wonderful instrument can do, at

CONKLIN'S.

ANOTHER SQUARE PIANO IN GOOD REPAIR AND OF GOOD TONE, FOR \$35.00

NEW SPRING of
STYLES Celebrated
the
Knox
Hats.....

NOW READY.

Also the best line in the city of cheap and medium priced hats.



GOODING & ORMSBEE,

127-129 Washington St.,

Marquette, Mich.

**Lilac Cream,
Glycerine Lotion,**

Two of the finest toilet articles made for Chapped Hands, Face, and Lips and Roughness of Skin. With every cash purchase of 25c we are giving a complimentary chance on a \$50 Phonograph—Edison's latest.

Cor. Front and Washington Sts., and on Superior St.

Pendill's Pharmacies,

DUTMER BROS.,

The Liquor Dealers.

Direct Unbonders and Dealers in Fine Whiskies.

Old Wines, Choice Brandies,
Pure Rums, Imported Liquors,
Tobaccos and Pipes, Fine Key-west and Domestic Cigars.

207 Front St., Marquette, Mich

Buy your Groceries at

Murray's.

They are the best and cheapest in the end. We have most anything you can wish for in this line.

D. Murray,

114 South Front Street.

LIVE WELL WHILE YOU LIVE,
for you will surely be a long time dead. Don't all buy Copper Stocks. Buy Groceries; they will make you feel good when they go down, and they are cheaper.



E. L. KELLAN, 110 S. FRONT ST.

Good Enough to Eat.

It's a mistake to buy CHEAP groceries at any price. What you want and ought to have is the only kind that is good enough to eat. Take, for instance, our

CANNED GOODS,
FRESH VEGETABLES,
DRIED FRUITS, ETC.

Arthur Delf,
133 Washington St.



TELEPHONE TO No. 490

and a Canvasser will call on you and take your subscription for telephone service with the

Michigan Telephone Co.

Why is it that Good Cooks Want.....

JAMO COFFEE?

For the simple yet all important reason that **Jamo Coffee** is the **World's Best**. Every cook, every housewife, who has tried Jamo knows that this is true. It is pure, it is wholesome, it is always the same. Acknowledged by all as a perfect coffee. Your grocer sells it. In pound packages only.

W. J. GOULD & CO.,
Importers-Roasters,
Jeff. Ave., Detroit.

ROUTOUS PARISIANS LUGGED TO PRISONS.

Two Hundred Lawless Citizens Gathered in by the Police of the French Metropolis.

FAURE'S FUNERAL PASSES OFF WITHOUT DISTURBANCE.

OUTBREAK OF DISORDERS, HOWEVER, DURING THE EVENING.

Wild Mobs Keep the Limbs of the Law Busy in Various Parts of the City but Order is Restored After a Series of the Customary Street Fights.

NEW PRESIDENT VERY UNPOPULAR.

Paris, Feb. 24.—1:30 a. m.—At this hour this [Friday] morning the city is perfectly quiet. The arrest of MM. De Roulede, Millevoie and Marcel-Habert has had a satisfactory effect. Among the others arrested were Comte de Choisoul and MM. DeHarcourt, Talleyrand and Cuverville. Nearly all those taken into custody are charged with assaulting officers of the law or uttering seditious cries.

Paris, Feb. 23.—The police arrangements today incident to the funeral of President Faure were admirable, and even if the dense crowds along the streets had desired to engage in a hostile demonstration against President Loubet it would have been impossible to do so. Besides the lines of police, masses of cavalry were held in readiness for any emergency in various side streets and squares.

President Loubet, who, it must be confessed, is unpopular, made many friends today by his resolute bearing. He trudged the whole weary way in the procession to the cemetery, and commendations of his bravery were heard on all sides.

RIOTING IN THE STREETS.

Although the obsequies passed off without disturbance, about 6:30 this evening a crowd of people assembled in front of the office of the Libre Parole and started shouting "Panama" and "Down with Loubet." Several of these persons were promptly arrested and Deputy Millevoie (National Republican), who attempted to rescue them, was also placed under arrest. A sergeant of police was seriously injured with a sword stick while making an arrest. The rioters then became more violent and factional fighting ensued, whereupon the police charged the mob and dispersed it.

In the course of the evening a crowd of demonstrators broke the windows of the Petit Journal with stones. The staff of the newspaper dispersed the mob with a fire hose, but stones were still thrown from a distance until the police interfered. This precipitated a fight in which several persons were wounded, the police making many arrests.

M. Paul DeRoulede, chief of the League of Patriots, and M. Marcel-Habert, member of the chamber of deputies for Rambouillet, were placed under arrest for refusing to quit the barracks at Neuilly, where they had entered with a returning regiment.

There were other demonstrations and scuffles at intervals during the evening. Up to midnight about two hundred arrests had been made, most of the demonstrators being anti-Semites.

FUNERAL OF FAURE.

The funeral services of the late president were held during the afternoon in the Cathedral of Notre Dame with much ceremony. The procession was led by soldiers, with strong bodies of troops interspersed throughout the cortege. Following the military escort came General Zurlinden, military governor of Paris, followed by the catafalque, with the members of the cabinet as pall-bearers, then the members of the Faure family, President Loubet, Premier Dupuy, the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies, the papal nuncio, members of the diplomatic corps and other civil and military dignitaries.

The cortege moved slowly from the Elysee palace to the cathedral, the crowds, some of whom had held their positions since midnight, standing with bared heads as it passed. The catafalque was removed from the funeral car and was taken to a place before the altar, while the bells tolled, bands played dirges and salvos of artillery were fired. After the services the procession reformed and proceeded to the cemetery of Pierre la Chaise.

At the cemetery eulogistic speeches were delivered by Senator Chaveau and MM. Deschanel, Dupuy, Lockroy and Gullan. After the troops present had defiled before the catafalque the casket was taken from the catafalque and deposited in the family vault, the family, cabinet ministers, public officials and other invited guests being present. After this all the gates of the cemetery were closed.

During the day requiem masses for the repose of the soul of the late president were celebrated everywhere throughout the provinces.

PAY TRIBUTE TO FAURE.

FUNERAL SERVICES, TOO, ARE CONDUCTED IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Feb. 23.—Funeral services in honor of President Faure of France were held today in St. Matthew's Catholic church. The president and cabinet, the diplomatic corps and officers of the army and navy were present. Cardinal Gibbons preached the sermon. A catafalque similar to that in which the president's remains were incased, rested in the center of the chancel with a myriad of candles at the head and foot and a heavy pall thrown over it, thus giving the ceremony the attendant circumstances of the burial of the dead.

Mr. McKinley and his cabinet occupied a pew immediately in front of the catafalque. Across the aisle sat the officials of the French embassy, all in the

full diplomatic uniform. Back of them sat the British, German and Russian ambassadors and the ministers of Portugal, Turkey, Switzerland, Brazil and other countries. General Miles, in full uniform, accompanied by his entire staff, filled seats back of the presidential party. Across the aisle were high naval officers, also in full uniform.

The ushers, in full uniform, included Duke Carrucco, of the Italian embassy; Count Hecke, German embassy; Major De Grandpre, French embassy; Major Hisland, U. S. A., and Lieutenant Poundstone, U. S. N. Cardinal Gibbons, in the rich crimson robes of his office, occupied the throne to the left of the altar. He was attended by Mgr. Conaty, of the Catholic university, and Mgr. Stephan. Across from him sat Archbishop Martenelli, in his purple robes, attended by Mgr. Sharetti and Dr. Rooker.

HALF THE TOWN IN ASHES.

FIRE AT MUSKOGEE, I. T., WIPES OUT PROPERTY WORTH \$500,000.

Wagoner, I. T., Feb. 23.—A fire which started at Muskogee, I. T., last night destroyed nearly one-half of that town, entailing a loss aggregating nearly half a million dollars. The fire began in a negro shanty near the court house and soon the greater part of the business portion of the town, as well as many private residences, were destroyed. The estimated losses of the principal houses are:

C. W. Turner.....	\$200,000
A. C. English.....	40,000
Mr. Mills.....	28,000
Mr. Brown.....	22,000
Meddan Hardware Co.....	50,000
Hotel Adams.....	40,000

HEAVY LOSSES IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—The Lind building, at the corner of Market and Randolph streets, the only structure in the business district which escaped the great fire of 1871, burned this morning, causing a \$250,000 loss.

LUSTY CHEERS FOR GOMEZ.

Guines, Province of Havana, Feb. 23.—General Maximo Gomez arrived here today. The streets were crowded and the Cuban commander was welcomed with great enthusiasm. A banquet was tendered him at the city hall. He left for Marianao this afternoon.

Marianao, Feb. 23.—General Gomez upon his arrival here this evening was given an enthusiastic reception. He was tendered a banquet by the town, Major General Lee and his staff officers, Civil Governor Mora and Mayor LaCoste and secretaries were among the guests at the banquet. In the morning General Gomez will ride into Havana at the head of the Cuban troops.

CITY IS SHAKEN BY EXPLOSION.

Hartford City, Feb. 23.—By a mysterious explosion following a fire in the Dick building today four persons lost their lives and three others were injured. The explosion lifted the third floor and dropped it down on the second. Flames enveloped the Dick, Williams and Mason buildings and all were gutted. Four charred bodies were taken from the ruins, those of:

LEWIS LAFORGE.
MRS. LEWIS LAFORGE.
JAMES BONE.
WILLIAM LEWIS.

Every building in the city was shaken as if by an earthquake.

WILL NOT FIGHT A DUEL.

COUNT D'ALMENAS DECLINES CHALLENGE OF GEN. LINARES.

Madrid, Feb. 23.—Count D'Almenas declines to accept the challenge to the duel sent him by General Linares, whom he had charged with cowardice in connection with the capitulation of Santiago. He declares he will not yield to intimidation, but will continue his campaign against the generals in the senate.

In the cortes today the debate on the conduct of the war with the United States was continued, but little of interest was developed in either chamber.

LONDON TOO BIG TO HANDLE.

A PROPOSITION TO DIVIDE THE METROPOLIS INTO FIFTEEN DIFFERENT MUNICIPALITIES.

London, Feb. 23.—In the house of commons today Mr. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, introduced the London municipalities bill, the principal measure of the session. The bill divides the metropolis of London into fifteen municipalities, each electing a mayor, councillors and aldermen, with full local power. Mr. Balfour, in presenting the measure, said the government was convinced that the plan proposed was the only one for dealing effectively with such an enormous aggregate of humanity as the population of the metropolis.

FRANCE ACCEPTS.

TAKES UP THE OFFER OF A MONUMENT TO LAFAYETTE.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The French ambassador has received a letter from the minister for public instruction and fine arts of France, accepting from the people of the United States the offer of a monument to General LaFayette.

TWO MORE REGIMENTS ORDERED TO MANILA.

War Department Arranges to Hasten Further Reinforcements to the Far East.

GUERRILLA TACTICS HARASS THE AMERICAN TROOPS.

MONITOR MONODNOCK TAKES PART IN THE ENGAGEMENT.

Tosses a Few Shells into Bands of the Enemy With Apparent Deadly Results—Risks Measures Against Incendiarism With Death as the Penalty.

FIGHTING ALL ALONG THE LINE

Manila, Feb. 23.—At daylight this [Thursday] morning the enemy began working tactics at various points of the American line, apparently with the purpose of withdrawing attention from affairs inside the city.

The monitor Monodnock joined the engagement, throwing 10-inch shells over the American lines into the bodies of the enemy as indicated by the signal corps. So far our casualties are one man killed and ten wounded. From towers in the city fires are seen at a dozen places, some probably started by the Monodnock's shells.

NATIVE THREATS TO BURN.

It is reported the natives threaten to burn Escobar and the walled city tonight. Sixty rebels, with two carloads of arms and accoutrements, have been captured in a house. Business now is temporarily suspended. The property loss is at least half a million by last night's fire.

Manila, Feb. 23.—5:30 p. m.—General Otis issued an order this afternoon directing that all inhabitants of Manila, unless otherwise ordered, confine themselves to their homes after 7 o'clock in the evening. He warns incendiaries and asserts they will be severely dealt with.

The rebels between the city and the outposts are being smoked out and driven towards the beach.

MORE TROOPS FOR OTIS.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The war department has arranged to despatch further reinforcements to General Otis at Manila. The regiments selected are the Ninth infantry, now at New York, and the Sixth infantry, at San Antonio, Tex. Both go by way of San Francisco. It is expected the troops will sail by March 15.

Admiral Dewey has informed the navy department that he has deposited eighteen thousand tons of coal at Cavite, Manila, making that point a first-class coaling station for the use of United States ships.

SAMOA AWAITS THE VERDICT.

MEANTIME A WAR OF PROCLAMATIONS BETWEEN THE GERMANS ON THE ONE SIDE AND ENGLISH AND YANKEES ON THE OTHER.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 23.—The steamer Malrowa arrived today from Australia and Honolulu. Mail advices from Samoa, via Sydney, show that after the scene in the Apia court house when the British and American consuls showed they were stronger than Germany, three cheers were given for the United States consul for standing by the English consul.

In reply, Consul Osborn said it was his duty to stand by the chief justice and his decision in the kingship case and he would do so. It was true, he had no man-of-war in Apia harbor to call to his assistance, but there were plenty of men-of-war in the background, "and don't you forget it," he added.

AWAITING INSTRUCTIONS.

At Apia the interval while waiting for instructions from Europe is being filled up by a war of proclamations issued by the German consul and Dr. Raffel on the one side, and by the British consul, the American consul and Captain Sturdee of the British warship Porpoise on the other. Captain Sturdee issued a proclamation stating that if Chief Justice Chambers is not allowed to hold court the Porpoise would fire on the town, and in view of the possibilities the British and American subjects were therefore requested to take shelter on board the Porpoise if they so desired.

The German consul then issued a proclamation declining to recognize Chief Justice Chambers and saying the provincial government was entitled to fulfill all the functions of government. The British and American consuls issued a joint reply, saying Mr. Chambers was chief justice, and any one else assuming to act did so in violation of the Berlin treaty.

KIPLING HOLDS HIS OWN.

NO IMPROVEMENTS, HOWEVER, IN THE WRITER'S CONDITION.

New York, Feb. 23.—The following bulletin was issued tonight by the physicians attending Rudyard Kipling: "Mr. Kipling had a fairly comfortable day, although this evening the symptoms have become about as they were last evening, but not worse."

ALGER NOT TO QUIT.

DENIED THAT THE SECRETARY CONTEMPLATES RESIGNING.

Detroit, Feb. 23.—Secretary Alger left for Washington this morning. His partner, M. S. Smith, says positively that the secretary has no intention of resigning.

APPOINTED FEDERAL JUDGE.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The president today nominated C. C. Kohlsaat of Chicago to be United States district judge for the District of Northern Illinois.

Mrs. Louis Millette

Was Astonished When Dr. Coderre's Red Pills Cured Her.

Women are astonished sometimes when Dr. Coderre's Red Pills cure them so quickly. Here we have the case of Mrs. Louis Millette, who was sick ten years, and yet these pills put her on her feet at once. They were just what she needed. All the other medicines she took were of no good. "That was when I bought Dr. Coderre's Red Pills for Pale and Weak Women" was sure and safe. They don't force a cure. They simply supply what the system lacks. They tone up the stomach; make the blood rich, red and healthy; soothe the tired nerves; bring refreshing, natural sleep; regulate the menses perfectly. With them every woman becomes her own physician, and cures herself at home without obnoxious local examinations. The price is small, and the pills are so convenient to take. They can be easily carried about and swallowed without exposure anywhere. Mrs. Louis Millette, of 1010 St. Andre, Montreal, writes: "During my ten years' sickness I took about every kind of medicine I ever heard of, but none did me a bit of good. At last I bought Dr. Coderre's Red Pills, and was astonished to have my health completely restored by them. Before taking them I had the heart, swollen legs, great weakness, headache, bad digestion and loss of appetite. I am another woman altogether since these pills cured me."



In bad cases, women should write us at once. Their letters will be read by our French specialists in female diseases, and full advice will be given without cost. Send your name and address on a postal card, and we will send you, free, a copy of our valuable doctor book, entitled "Pale and Weak Women."

Dr. Coderre's Red Pills are widely imitated. Beware of all red pills sold by the bunch, and dross at 25¢ a box. They are worthless imitations. Get the genuine at all honest druggists. They have them—always 50 Red Pills in a box of 50¢, or 6 boxes for \$2.95. Or you can send the price in stamps, or by registered letter, money order or express order to us. We mail them all over the world, no duty to pay.

Dr. Coderre's Red Pills, 60¢ a box, last longer than liquid medicines costing \$1. They are easier to take, more convenient to carry, and they cure.

Address all letters to THE FRANCO-AMERICAN CHEMICAL CO., Medical Department, Montreal, Canada.

First National Bank of Marquette.

Capital.....\$150,000
Surplus Fund.....50,000

PETER WHITE, President
E. H. TOWAR, Vice-President
E. J. JENNISON, Cashier
EDW. S. RICE, Asst. Cashier
CHAS. L. BRAINERD, 2nd Asst. Cashier

Transacts a General Banking Business of Discount and Deposit.

DIRECTORS: PETER WHITE, E. H. TOWAR, M. LONGYEAR, J. G. REYNOLDS, FRED. W. READ.

N. M. KAUFMAN, Pres. E. N. BREITUNG, V. Pres.
S. R. KAUFMAN, 2nd V. Pres.
GEORGE BARNER, Cashier.
W. B. McCORMACK, Asst. Cashier.

THE MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK.

MARQUETTE, MICH.
Capital Paid In.....\$100,000
Surplus.....10,000

Receives Deposits in sums from \$1 upward. Loans money on real estate and other approved security. Transacts a general banking business. Three per cent interest per annum paid on all savings deposits and interest compounded twice yearly. Open daily during banking hours and every Thursday evening from 7 to 8:30 p.m.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: N. M. KAUFMAN, E. N. BREITUNG, CHAS. MEESKE, C. H. CALL, S. R. KAUFMAN, GEO. BARNER, W. O'BRIEN, Detroit.

J ADAVIS SONS & CO'S B

JUNIOR BRUBAIS GIGARS

ARE MADE OF THE
FINEST
HAWAIIAN TOBACCO

AND BY
SKILLED WORKMEN
Signed A. DAVIS' SONS & CO.

SMITH THORNDIKE & BROWN CO.
DISTRIBUTORS
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Manistique & Northwestern Railway.

Connections at Shingleton with the day trains, East and West, of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad.

A.M. No. 1 Mxd.	STATIONS.	P.M. No. 2 Mxd.
8:30	Manistique	6:15
9:00	Manistique River	5:55
10:00	Sturgeon's Hole	5:40
10:30	Hawatha	5:25
10:45	Smith's Creek	5:15
11:15	Sturgeon	5:05
11:45	Delta Sidling	4:55
12:00	Scott's Camp	4:30
11:30	Richardson	4:50
12:10	Shingleton	3:45

DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

A Morning Paper Published by the Mining Journal Co. (Limited).

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches and is especially devoted to Upper Peninsula interests.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Per month, by carrier.....\$ 6.00
Per year, by mail.....50.00

MARQUETTE, MICH., FEB. 24.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

Kaiser Billy wants the United States to fire its representative in Samoa; that is a good reason why we should keep him there. It is a safe rule to go by, that what Billy wants we don't want.

The row in the Episcopal church over the bishopric of Iowa has been settled, and the Rev. T. N. Morrison just consecrated to that office. Why not have settled that matter without a row?

E. A. Hitchcock, recently ambassador to Russia, who has returned to assume his new post as secretary of the interior, declares that the czar is a real friend of the United States, and that our people should never permit themselves to forget it. He also avers that Russia has not the slightest objection to our annexation of the Philippines, and can be counted to stand by us if we need a friend. This is all very pleasant. It will be much better for us, with our new responsibilities in Asiatic waters, to have Russia for a friend than an enemy.

At the Michigan club banquet, held in Detroit Wednesday, Governor Pingree made another of his characteristic speeches, scoring the Republican party and the trusts and corporations. There were many truths in his speech, as usually there are; but it will probably have little effect, for all that. There is a growing belief among Ping's constituents that his practice gives the lie to his preaching. If the governor's bellows could be re-arranged so that he would have less "wind" and more "action," it might restore him to his former high position in the esteem of the people of this state.

Alma college has just been the recipient of an endowment of \$225,000, the donors, eleven in number, being residents of this state. As the schools of a nation are the high-tide mark of its progress in civilization and culture, so the giving of large sums to these institutions shows a praiseworthy appreciation of the value of education, both to the individual and the state. Where formerly it was customary for wealthy people to leave bequests to various institutions, it is now becoming the rule to make such gifts during the lifetime of the giver, as in this latest endowment of Alma. "There is many a slip betwixt the cup and the lip," and the wealthy citizen who desires to enrich his alma mater will be much more sure to accomplish his object if he turns over the cash during his lifetime, rather than to make a bequest in his will, to be disputed by his heirs, and perhaps declared void in the courts. These generous friends of Alma college may be privileged for many years to have the pleasure of seeing the youth of this state profiting by the educational advantages which their generous gifts have made it possible to offer.

A NATIONAL DISGRACE.

The delay of congress in conferring upon Rear Admiral George Dewey the rank of admiral, to which his brilliant services in behalf of the nation so richly entitles him, is nothing more nor less than a national disgrace. The bill from the senate reviving the grade is deposited in a pigeon hole by the house committee on naval affairs. If it is not passed at the present session of congress, it cannot go into effect so that Dewey will profit by it before he retires from active duty under the law. Sampson and Schley have been honored by promotion in advance of their expectation. But Dewey, who is regarded by the nation as the greatest hero of the war, is ignored. He has been given thanks and a sword by congress, but these are empty honors when compared with the promotion to which he is justly entitled. By the inactivity, or worse, of a house committee honors that are his due are withheld. That this is so is a disgrace to the American nation as well as an insult to its foremost naval officer.

IRON ORE IN STRONG DEMAND.

The Iron Trade Review of Thursday says of the ore market:
With the advance in prices now under full cry in every department of iron and steel manufacture, the iron ore interest is having its experience of 1895 over again. In that year, after having fixed prices for Bessemer ores on a very conservative basis, it saw the boom carried by Bessemer iron and billets to figures that would have justified fully \$1 a ton more for the ore. It ased the extra dollar in 1896, with results that have caused those who can see the humors of trade blunders to refer ever since to "the crime of '96."

It is early yet to form an opinion of 1899, but it is at least plain that the extreme conservatism of the ore men has not prevented the market for every other product from getting to a height that was not regarded as a possible development of the third week after the announcement of ore prices. Furnacemen and steel makers, having "benevolently assimilated" the favors of the ore producers, have promptly addressed themselves to the boom that it now seems no power on earth can stop. It is estimated that 14,000,000 to 15,000,000 tons of ore are included in sales already made for 1899; and a feature of significance is that all the odds and ends of stocks on Lake Erie docks, some of them relics of several years back, and including Mesaba legends, always passed by hitherto because

they were not needed, and desirable ores could be had, have been swept up in the scramble. The leading Pittsburgh interest is reported to have bought quite intensively of ores on the docks that will be available for use at once.

INTERESTING WHEAT STATISTICS

The Minneapolis Tribune gives some information regarding wheat in the article here reproduced from that paper that will interest many of our readers in this section who are "playing wheat" in preference to coppers:

In 1885, 1890 and 1892 the domestic consumption of wheat in the United States aggregated over 380,000,000 bushels each year. In some of the years since 1892 the hard times and necessary economy consequent thereon reduced the consumption somewhat, but 1898 was a prosperous year, and in view of a considerable increase in population since 1892, it is safe to estimate that our domestic requirements from last year's crop were fully 400,000,000 bushels.

The government estimate of the wheat yield of the United States for 1898 is, in round numbers, 650,000,000 bushels. Some guesses make the yield higher, but the government figure is probably big enough. This leaves 250,000,000 for export and seed, falling upon the small crop reserves from previous crops ever known. The exports for the full crop year will be quite 200,000,000 and perhaps in excess of that amount. Any one can figure up how much of a surplus we were likely to have. The outlook certainly does not justify any lower prices for wheat until after a new crop is assured or secured. There is, according to the government report, a large increase of winter wheat acreage for 1899 as compared with 1898, and if the spring acreage shows up equally well, we may have a very large 1899 wheat crop. But to count upon that now, in fixing prices, is like counting one's chickens before they are hatched. No one knows yet how much damage was done to the winter wheat by the recent cold snap. Advertisers from Nebraska tell a sad tale of injury in that section. In other sections it is claimed that the snow protection saved the plant. This remains to be seen. Many fields in the southwest were blown bare of snow. It is said that where the wheat was planted in old corn fields the corn stubble kept snow from blowing away, and in such fields the plant is all right; but there must be several million acres that were not so fortunately situated.

And then the growing season is not yet fairly inaugurated. We are liable to have many freezing nights yet, with chawy days, and that kind of weather is most injurious to the winter wheat. So far as the spring planting is concerned, we do not yet know whether we are going to have an early or late season; whether there is going to be sufficient moisture or the reverse. It is yet too early to pound down prices on the strength of the great wheat crop that we are going to raise in 1899.

Another element that will enter into the problem of prices is possibly largely increased domestic consumption over the estimated consumption of 1898. Prosperity is getting more and more down among the masses of the people. Work is more plenty; wages are better. The consumption of wheat as compared with other foods is constantly increasing. Every year more and more is being taken for new forms of breakfast foods, biscuits and bread; also for cereal coffees and other preparations. It is quite possible that the consumption per capita may rise to six bushels. Our population is hardly short of 75,000,000. This would swell the aggregate consumption to 450,000,000 bushels. Prof. Crookes estimates that by 1910 the United States will consume all its own wheat and have nothing to spare for export—but we are not figuring on the conditions in 1910. It looks as if we could stand a wheat crop of 750,000,000 bushels in 1899 without materially lowering the price of the cereal.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid; and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment, quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION, Kalamazoo, Mich., March 8.—

For this event the D. S. S. & A. railway will have on sale at all of its stations in Michigan tickets to Kalamazoo and return, via Mackinaw City and the G. R. & I. railway, at rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale March 6 and 7, and will be good for return passage until March 10, inclusive. For further particulars apply to station and ticket agents or to Geo. W. Hibbard, G. P. A. (2-20-3-9)

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION, Jackson, Mich., March 1.—

For this event the D. S. S. & A. railway will have on sale at all of its stations in Michigan to Jackson and return, via Mackinaw City and the Michigan Central railroad, at rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale Feb. 27 and 28, and will be good for return passage until March 3, inclusive. For further particulars apply to station and ticket agents or to Geo. W. Hibbard, G. P. A. (2-20-28)

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travelers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine chests, friends recommend them to friends. 25

COULD NOT BE DRIVEN.

How the Late Gen. Greene Held a Pivotal Position at the Battle of Gettysburg.

One of the danger spots on the field of Gettysburg was the right flank of the Union position. By reason of its semicircular form a disaster on its extreme southeast would have brought the victorious enemy's left square upon the rear of General Meade's center, no more than a mile away. Moreover, such a defeat involved the instant loss of the Baltimore pike, along which, in case of misfortune elsewhere on the field, the Unionists must necessarily retreat. Once on this great road, the confederates were between the Union army and Baltimore, which General Meade had been ordered to cover, for which purpose he had concentrated his army to give Lee general battle. Therefore, the maintenance of the Union right was essential to the integrity of the Union army and the campaign, if not the cause itself.

At one critical stage of Union affairs it looked as if this vital point were lost. To the coolness, alert courage and signal ability of one of the finest officers whose names ever graced our army rolls, General Meade owed the safety of his right rear on the night of July 2, 1863. That officer was the identical General George S. Greene who died the other day at Morristown, N. J., of "old age," which, indeed, might well be so, for he was but two years short of a century. On this great day at Gettysburg this heroic centenarian was already an old man, having passed his sixty-second year. He was one of the real heroes of Gettysburg. An ordinary man in Greene's place, and Gettysburg would have been the north's Waterloo, in all probability. Let us see what happened on Meade's right flank on the evening of the second day's battle of Gettysburg.

The extreme Union right, covering the Baltimore road, was held by the Twelfth army corps, numbering 8,857 men "present for duty equipped," commanded by Major-General Henry W. Slocum. His lines ran along the brow of the hills and bluffs facing mainly northeast toward Rock Creek, and during the night of the 1st and 2d had been strengthened with temporary breastworks. By noon the men were well covered. Nothing more serious than artillery firing at long range and skirmishing occurred here up to late in the afternoon of the 2d, nor does it appear that the Union leaders were expecting anything serious in this quarter. Yet the marshaling of confederate troops to and from east of Rock Creek and the movements of their batteries upon the hills beyond seemed to portend action. But at 4 p. m. everything still remained quiet on Slocum's front.

Then something happened. About that hour the confederate General Longstreet delivered his tremendous attack on the Union left, which he partially drove in, and subsequently things "up the Emmetsburg road" began to have a black look under Longstreet's heavy blows. General Meade hastily reinforced Sickles with troops from nearby every portion of his lines not under immediate pressure from the enemy. Among others the troops of General Slocum were called for.

So great must have appeared the necessity, or so confident were Meade and his corps commander—both able and capable officers—in the immunity of the right front on that day, that about 6:30 p. m. everything of Slocum's but the small brigade of General Greene was withdrawn and pushed over to the support of the staggering lines against which Longstreet was surging. In this hasty movement some of the Twelfth corps' breastworks were actually abandoned, though orders were left by General Geary to General Greene to spread out as well as possible over the entire line with his small force. It nearly resulted in a terrible disaster.

About the time these events were taking place on the Union side, its extreme right was confronted by Major-General Edward Johnson's division of confederate veterans, numbering approximately 8,000 effectives, and perfectly fresh. Near at hand was General Early's division, preparing for the assault on Cemetery Hill. These 15,000 seasoned troops were waiting the word of command to attack. And just about the moment when General Meade, in his great straits, had thus stripped his right flank, General Ewell directed Johnson and Early to advance.

Meanwhile General Greene endeavored to carry into effect Geary's order to spread out over the whole of the entrenchments with his single brigade, numbering but 1,350 effective men. Greene had not sufficient strength to man the entire line of breastworks. But he had no time to demonstrate the fact; while the movement was in progress he was attacked fiercely along the whole front by a large force. This attack was delivered a few minutes before 7 p. m.

Greene's immediate front was struck by General John M. Jones's brigade. Further to the right, and fronting the empty lines of Slocum's absent brigades, the strong rebel brigade of General George H. Steuart, the Marylanders, pushed forward against the skirmishers thrown out as a precautionary measure by Greene after the other troops had moved off. These skirmishers made a good deal of resistance and Steuart reports that he lost quite heavily in this advance. But they were speedily driven back. Steuart soon occupied the abandoned breastworks, from which vantage ground he pushed a force down on Greene's right flank, Colonel Ireland being attacked on the flank and rear. But Ireland promptly changed position and maintained his ground with gallantry.

Between Steuart and the Baltimore pike to the southward not a single Union soldier now interposed. But Steuart was alone; Walker was watching the Union cavalry further out with his brigade, and did not move up to his support until after night. Steuart did not dare to risk isolation by pushing out into the night. If at this moment Jones's Virginians and Williams's Louisianians had broken through, the Union rear would have been unmasked and the army cut off from its trains and from Baltimore.

But Jones and Williams were not going up against a skirmish line in front of unoccupied breastworks. Greene held firm. Steuart, therefore, unaware in the first place of the close proximity of the Baltimore pike and handicapped by the growing darkness, and furthermore, ren-

GET

How the Late Gen. Greene Held a Pivotal Position at the Battle of Gettysburg.

All now depended on Greene. And Greene kept his head. The moment Johnson's attack in force was developed he huried his staff officers over to General Wadsworth, commanding at Culp's hill, on his left, and to General Howard of the Lieventh corps, still further to the left, representing the critical situation he was in and praying for assistance. It was promptly sent, though not in large numbers owing to Early's attack on Cemetery hill.

Four distinct assaults were made upon Greene's lines by Jones and Williams before they got enough of it. The last was delivered a little after 9 o'clock. The position was too strong and was held too tenaciously to be captured. At the close of the final attack, 9:30 p. m., General Greene still occupied his own trenches. He had made no attempt to hold more of the line, but had so deployed his small force as to make it dangerous for Steuart to push further down on his right. In the repulse of this determined confederate attack Greene himself explains that he was greatly favored by the ground and breastworks. The hill on his left front was very steep, diminishing to a gentle slope on his right. The entire front was covered with a heavy growth of timber, free from underbrush, with large ledges of rock projecting above the surface here and there, affording good cover for marksmen. The confederate official reports make it clear that they were badly whipped.

At first Greene's great service to his commander and his country met with scant appreciation; his distinguished part in the battle of Gettysburg passed almost unnoticed. In his report General Meade did not mention Greene's name, but more than six months afterward, when his attention had been called to this injustice in connection with other gross oversights in his original report, he so far amended it as to include a paragraph reciting that Greene made a "gallant defense" and "succeeded in repulsing all the efforts of the enemy to dislodge him." Even this eleventh-hour tribute failed to reach up to the height of Greene's great deserts.

At first General Slocum did even worse. He made it appear in his report that the abandoned intrenchments were lost in Greene's fight. But six months afterward a great light broke in on Slocum. He wrote from Tennessee to General Meade an explanatory letter in which he said:

"The failure of the enemy to gain entire possession of our works was due entirely to the skill of General Greene and the heroic valor of his troops." But as time passed the Greene exploit grew and grew, until now it indisputably stands out as a salient feature of one of the century's greatest battles. Greene wasn't promoted, wasn't even thanked by his superiors at the time for his momentous victory, but he lived long enough to know that his great work was understood and appreciated by his fellow countrymen at something like its proper value.

In 1894, under a special act of congress, he was made a first lieutenant of artillery, the rank he had held when he resigned nearly sixty years before, and was retired; so he died an officer of the army.—Leslie J. Perry, in New York Sun.

In a recent letter from Washington, D. C., to an old friend, Major G. A. Studer, for twenty years United States Consul at Singapore, says: "While at Des Moines I became acquainted with a liniment known as Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I found excellent against rheumatism as well as against soreness of the throat and chest (giving me much easier breathing). I had a touch of pneumonia early this week, and two applications freely applied to the throat and chest relieved me of it at once. I would not be without it for anything. For sale by The Stafford Drug Co.

YOU ARE MAKING a great mistake in not sending for a 10 cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm. It is a specific for catarrh and cold in the head. We mail it, or the 50 cent size. Druggists all keep it. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

Catarrh caused difficulty in speaking and to a great extent loss of hearing. By the use of Ely's Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved.—J. W. Davidson, Att'y at Law, Monmouth, Ill.

PIPE STAVES FOR SALE.

1,965 pipes 2 1/2 in. by 5/4 in. by 16 feet, cut to circles 8 ft. inside diameter. Equals about 29,000 feet, selected common pine well seasoned. Price in pile at city power station, \$12 per thousand feet. Light & Power Commission, R. A. Wilson, Superintendent, Marquette, Mich. (12-15-11)

A PLAIN LETTER

About Four Hundred Baltimore Rye from Petoskey's Most Prominent Physicians.

Reycraft & Reycraft, Physicians and Surgeons, Office over Postoffice, Petoskey, Mich., Jan. 21, 1899.

The Crown Distillery Co., Cincinnati, O. Gentlemen: Having thoroughly tested your Four Hundred Baltimore Rye whiskey, we believe as a remedial agency it is one of the best of its kind, and we recommend this brand in every case where a stimulant is indicated. It is perfect in stimulation. Mellow, well matured and peculiarly adapted as a medicant in typhoid and other low types of fever. We always take pleasure in prescribing and recommending its use when a tonic or stimulant effect is desired. Very truly,
DRS. REYCRRAFT & REYCRRAFT.

Rich, pure and mellow; guaranteed ten years old; sold at all first-class cafes and at drug stores. (1-26-11)

Consumption Cure—Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth, cures a cold in one day if taken in time. 25 and 50c's.

GET

Your Neighbor to Subscribe.

THE

People buy a newspaper to get the news.

MINING

The paper with the most news is always the best newspaper to buy.

JOURNAL

The Mining Journal publishes more news than any other paper in Northern Michigan.

ANNUAL

The proof is easy. It costs a little more, but--it's worth the price.

6 Days a Week.

RATES: Per Month \$.60 by Carrier.. \$.60 Per Year by Mail.....6.00

Per Month \$.60 by Carrier.. \$.60

Per Year by Mail.....6.00

E. C. HODGES & CO., STOCK BROKERS, 201 Exchange Bldg., BOSTON, MASS.

BROWN, RILEY & CO., BANKERS, No. 9 Congress St. and No. 4 Congress Square, BOSTON, MASS.

Hornblower & Weeks, Bankers and Brokers, 68 STATE ST., BOSTON, MASS.

A. B. TURNER & BRO. Bankers and Brokers, 16 State Street, Boston, Mass.

MINING PUMPS FOR SALE CHEAP. Four No. 10 Camerons, one No. 5 Cameron, one Duplex Worthington, one Duplex Prescott, one Giles & Garrison.

The Penobscot Mine, (1-25-1m) Hibbing, Minn.

NEGAUNEE NURSERY and GREENHOUSES.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS, GRAPE VINES, SMALL FRUITS, ETC.

FLORAL DESIGNS AT LOW PRICES A SPECIALTY.

LANDS FOR SALE.

Dube & Baudin, National Bank Bldg., Houghton, Mich.

HAYDEN, STONE & CO., BOSTON, MASS., Members Boston and New York Stock Exchanges.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER STOCKS

Stephen Carkeek, Agent. Office in the Sheldon block, Houghton.

BRIGHT, SEARS & CO. Stock & Bond Brokers, Members of Boston Stock Exchange.

26 Exchange Building, BOSTON, MASS.

RICHARDSON, HILL & CO., BANKERS, 40 Water St., Boston, Mass.

STOCKS & BONDS Bought and Sold in all Markets.

HOWLAND & CO. Bankers and Brokers, AMES BUILDING, BOSTON, MASS.

Orders executed for cash or margin in stocks, bonds, grain and provisions listed on the Boston, New York and Chicago Exchanges.

Special Attention Given to COPPER SHARES.

Thos. H. Perkins & Co., Stock Brokers, 68 Devonshire Street, BOSTON, MASS.

PAINÉ, WEBBER & CO. BANKERS AND BROKERS, 27 State Street, corner Devonshire.

Special Attention Given to COPPER STOCKS.

WILL C. BROWN, Resident Manager.

A. L. KRELLWITZ, Houghton, Dealer in fine furniture.

Copper Country Department

STREETER FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE.

EX-PROSECUTOR HONORED BY HIS PARTY WITH A UNANIMOUS NOMINATION—WORK OF THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

The Houghton county Republican convention to nominate a candidate for commissioner of schools and to select twelve delegates to the Republican state convention to be held at Jackson March 1 and also twelve delegates to the Republican convention for the Twelfth judicial circuit, consisting of Houghton, Keweenaw and Baraga counties, held at Red Jacket the same afternoon, assembled pursuant to call at a little before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The temporary organization was made permanent. Resolutions endorsing President McKinley's foreign policy, the selection of the copper country, Judge Grant for justice of the supreme court and the Normal school for Houghton county were adopted.

THE JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

Immediately after the adjournment of the Houghton county convention the judicial convention of the Twelfth circuit assembled and was called to order by John Duncan, chairman of the judicial committee.

W. E. Parnall nominated A. T. Streeter of Calumet for circuit judge, and the secretary was instructed to cast the vote of the convention for him.

Albert T. Streeter was born in Austinburgh, O., Dec. 22, 1844, and hence is in his fifty-fifth year. This is another case of the "Ohio man in politics," but Mr. Streeter did his best to retrieve the error by leaving the state for Michigan at the tender age of three.

REAL ESTATE BOOM.

DESIRABLE LOTS IN HOUGHTON AND VICINITY ALREADY ARE GOING LIKE HOT CAKES.

A boom is already on in Houghton circles, and it threatens to assume really startling proportions by the time the snow leaves the ground.

The lots sold by this hustling firm are in what is known as the Sheldon-Columbian addition, though the planing will not be entirely completed, and the plat filed until spring.

The goods, delivered by the last boats, were not paid for until spring. The Detroit merchants had all the trade and Chicago had none, but Detroit began to shut down on the upper peninsula merchants and to squeeze them for settlements.

BURNED BY MOLTEN METAL. THREE EMPLOYEES OF THE PORTAGE LAKE FOUNDRY VICTIMS OF A FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

At 8:30 Wednesday evening a ladle containing twelve hundred pounds of molten metal overturned in the Portage Lake foundry, severely burning three men—Dan Sullivan about one leg, John Kurranen the same and Ralph VanSlyce badly about the head, foot, both elbows and the back.

ACCIDENTALLY DROWNED.

BODY OF ROBERT CLARKE, MISSING FOR SEVERAL DAYS, IS FOUND IN THE CALUMET DAM.

The body of Robert Clarke, the Calumet & Hecla employee who had been missing since Saturday evening last, was discovered in eleven feet of water in the Calumet dam late Wednesday afternoon.

SHOULD BE BETTER SUPPORTED.

WOMAN'S LIBRARY ASSOCIATION OF HOUGHTON A DESERVING INSTITUTION—ITS NOBLE AIDS.

It is rather suspicious, in these days of speculation, the offer of anything for sale. The capricious public only wants what it cannot get.

DEMISE OF TWO CHILDREN. Hancock continues to suffer from visits of the death angel, Mr. and Mrs. Roderick Cameron losing their little son, Elmer, aged three years and six months, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning from spinal meningitis.

WHY DETROIT HAS LOST HER TRADE SUPREMACY IN THE UPPER MICHIGAN REGION.

"I see that Detroit is figuring on sending a lot of its merchants and manufacturers up into this country in March."

WORM TURNED.

W. H. Hill, formerly of Marquette, has been in the copper country for a few days in the interests of Morley Bros., the Saginaw hardware house.

THAT THROBBERING HEADACHE would quickly leave you, if you use Dr. King's New Life Pills.

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S BREAKFAST COCOA. A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious.

L'ANSE NOTES. Harry Wilcox of Baraga expects to leave Saturday to attend the Republican judicial convention at Jackson next week.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. NOTICE. COPPER RANGE RAILROAD COMPANY. TIES.

Specifications: Quality of Timber—All ties shall be made of sound, live Tamarack, Hemlock or Cedar timber, and they must be straight grained and free from wind shakes.

Prices: Ties complying with above specifications and conditions, 30c per tie.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Digests what you eat. It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs.

DETROIT COLLEGE OF LAW. HON. PHILIP T. VAN ZILE, Dean.

WAYNE HOTEL, DETROIT. AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLAN. \$2 TO \$3.50 \$1.00 TO \$2.00.

DETROIT COLLEGE OF LAW. HON. PHILIP T. VAN ZILE, Dean.

"EMBALMED BEEF"

AGITATES BERLIN.

Charges of Miles Used as an Argument to Shut Out American Exports.

SENSATIONAL ALLEGATION BY AN OHIO VOLUNTEER.

NEW LABELS ON CANS TO COVER OLD-TIME DATES.

High Commissary Officials Testify at Washington, Declaring the Reports of Many Regular Army Officers False and the Meat Good and Wholesome

PROGRESS OF THE INVESTIGATION. Berlin, Feb. 23.—At a meeting of the German Agricultural council today the meat inspection bill was discussed, and Herr Mendel, and also Herr Steffels were applauded when they advanced the "embalmed meat" stories as proving the necessity for the restricted importation of American meats.

COMPLAINT FROM OHIO. Bucyrus, O., Feb. 23.—Adjutant Schaber, of the Eighth Ohio volunteer regiment, who during the Spanish war handled large quantities of the canned beef provided for the soldiers, says that all the cans bore labels with the figures 1888 printed on them. By soaking the cans these labels could be pulled off, showing the original wrapper with the date 1888 or some other equally ancient period marked on them.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The testimony of Colonel J. F. Weston, who was at the outbreak of the war assistant commissary general and who now is the successor of Commissary General Charles P. Eagan, together with the appearance of General Eagan, was the feature of today's proceedings of the court of inquiry into the beef controversy. Each contended that the canned beef was wholesome and nutritious and took issue with the regular army officers who criticized it.

AS COL. WESTON TOLD IT.

Colonel Weston declared that the whole subject of fresh beef was considered thoroughly in Washington before the army went to Cuba and the conclusion reached was that canned beef was the best thing obtainable. He was then in the still of the opinion that next to refrigerated beef the best meat supply, the conditions in the Santiago campaign made refrigerated beef and live cattle impossibilities.

General Weston then reviewed the first arrival of refrigerated beef at Santiago, the Mississippi bringing 200,000 pounds immediately after the surrender. He saw the beef on the Mississippi, and, replying to Colonel Davis, said it was not so inviting in appearance as the beef at Tampa. It was slightly discolored, but not bad.

This beef arrived and the witness asked Agent Powell what had been done to the beef, and the latter replied that nothing injurious was in the treatment; he had furnished the beef for years to Florida hotels and believed the beef in question would keep seventy-two hours, and if so and the government would make a contract the full process would be explained.

MAJOR OSGOOD FOUND IT GOOD.

Major Henry Osgood, acting as assistant commissary general prior to the outbreak of the war and subsequently assigned to duty with General Miles, accompanying him to and remaining for some time at Tampa, testified that while there he participated in loading the transports. No refrigerated beef for the troops was put on board, the soldiers being furnished with travel rations.

RACETRACK AT AUCTION.

Peoria, Ill., Feb. 23.—The Peoria mile racetrack was sold today under mortgage and bought in by some of the old stockholders, and the association will reorganize at once. Grand circuit races will be held here four days, beginning July 17.

IOWA ORATORS CONTEST.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Feb. 23.—The annual oratorical contest of the Iowa Inter-Collegiate association was held at Mt. Vernon this evening and was largely attended. The representatives of eight colleges competed.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The following is the weather forecast for tomorrow for Upper Michigan: Threatening weather,

beef on hoof, but it never became firm and did not compare favorably at all with the refrigerated beef, nor did it give such satisfaction. Major Osgood said he formerly favored beef on hoof, as the supply for the army in Cuba, but he was "forced to take water on that" after seeing the use of the refrigerated beef.

SCARE OF BEARS ON WHEAT.

RUMORS OF A CORNER IN MAY SHAKES UP THE CHICAGO PIT. Chicago, Feb. 23.—Trading in wheat today was active, within 3/4 cent range, closing 1/4 from the bottom and 1/4 above Tuesday. The market opened strong, on higher cables and foreign buying at the seaboard; advanced on rumors of a corner in May wheat delivery; reacted on profit-taking.

Wheat, strong; No. 2 red, 73 1/4@74; No. 1 northern, 71 1/4; No. hard 61@67; No. 2 northern, spring, 65@67; No. 2 northern, winter, 61@63; No. 2 white, on track, 59@59 1/2.

Receipts—Flour, 41,000 barrels; wheat, 130,000 bushels; corn, 180,000 bushels; oats, 160,000 bushels.

COPPER STRONG IN SPOTS.

SALES FOR PROFITS, HOWEVER, SCALE DOWN THE PRICES. Boston, Feb. 23.—[Special.]—The copper market opened strong this morning on good buying, but heavy realizing and weak spots in the local railroad and industrial market caused a recession on the price of the copper list.

The following were yesterday's Boston stock quotations, furnished by A. B. Turner & Bro., Savinash Bank Building, Marquette:

Table with columns for Opening, 12 m., and Closed, listing various stocks and their prices.

LIVELY DAY IN WALL STREET.

HONORS ARE ABOUT EVEN BETWEEN THE BULLS AND BEARS. New York, Feb. 23.—Today's stock market, on dealings in excess of a million shares, was extremely erratic and the net results show the honors about even between the bulls and bears.

TROTTER RULES AMENDED.

IMPORTANT CHANGES BY THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION. New York, Feb. 23.—The special congress of the National Trotting association which met here today adopted the report of the committee on rules presented by the secretary of the committee, R. T. Allen of Joliet, Ills., providing that horses wearing hobbles shall not be eligible to start in races on the grounds of the members after Jan. 1, 1939.

NEW YORK MONEY RATES.

Table with columns for various money rates and interest rates, listing items like U.S. 3 1/2% war bonds, etc.

METAL QUOTATIONS.

New York, Feb. 23.—Money on call today was steady, at 3 1/2% per cent; prime paper, 2 1/4@3 1/4, and exchange, steady, with demand at \$4.88 1/2@4.89 1/2 and sixty days \$4.84@4.84 1/4.

SENATORS PATCH UP A TRUCE.

Compromise on the Army Bill That Removes the Danger of an Extra Session.

PROVIDES A PROVISIONAL INCREASE TO 100,000 MEN.

HOUSE DEFEATS THE CARNEGIE ARMOR PLATE SCHEME.

Votes to Raise the Maximum Price, However, to \$445 Per Ton, Turning Down the Naval Committee's Recommendation Making the Rate \$100 Higher.

BIGGER MILITARY NOW IS ASSURED.

Washington, Feb. 23.—A satisfactory agreement has been reached with the senate minority respecting the army reorganization bill, so it is believed the danger of an extra session is removed. The compromise is based on an army of a hundred thousand men, of whom thirty-five thousand are to be known as a provisional army enlisted to serve until 1941.

WORK ON HARBOR BILL.

During the entire session today until 6 o'clock the senate had under consideration the river and harbor bill. Good progress was made, eighty-nine pages having been disposed of with the exception of one amendment. The bill's consideration will be resumed tomorrow at 11 o'clock. The reading of the Alaska code bill was completed before adjournment at 7:35 p. m.

THROUGH THE HOUSE MILL.

NAVAL BILL FINALLY PASSES AFTER FOUR DAYS OF RATHER ACROMONIOUS DISCUSSION. Washington, Feb. 23.—The naval appropriation bill finally passed the house this afternoon after a four days acrimonious debate, most of which was spent upon the question of rehabilitating the naval academy at Annapolis in accordance with the scheme inaugurated by the appropriation of half a million dollars in the last naval bill and the proposition to increase the maximum price of armor plate to \$445 per ton, the existing law limiting it to \$400.

DAY'S DOINGS IN DETAIL.

After briefly considering District of Columbia business at the opening of the session the house went into committee of the whole on the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Bottelle continued his defense of the recommendation of the committee to increase the maximum price of armor plate. Tests had demonstrated, he said, that Krupp armor of 25 cent, less weight than Harveyized armor had equal resisting power. In reply, Mr. Hopkins, Republican, of Illinois, moved to amend the Boutelle amendment so as to fix the price of armor plate at \$445 per ton. The royalty on Krupp armor, he said, was \$45 per ton, and he had searched in vain for evidence to show that the manufacture of Krupp armor was more expensive than Harvey armor.

APPLAUSE FOR DEWEY.

Mr. Waler, Republican of Massachusetts, offered an amendment to the Hopkins amendment providing that the government should not pay more for armor plate than any foreign government paid. This was carried—112 to 48—and the Hopkins amendment, fixing the price of armor at \$445 then adopted without division.

POPE'S LETTER MADE PUBLIC.

Views of the Holy See in the Hecker controversy. Baltimore, Feb. 23.—An approved translation of the pope's recent letter to Cardinal Gibbons touching the controversy over the published "Life of Father Hecker," founder of the Society of Paulists, a distinctly American order, was made public here today. The pope does not object to the formation of such bodies, but suggests they be under the authority of the bishops and say that, as the Paulists are not required to take any vows they have no right to set themselves above the other religious orders.

JUDGE SCOTT GOES FREE.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 23.—The judiciary committee of the lower house of the legislature, having in charge the impeach-

BERESFORD BANQUETTED.

New York, Feb. 23.—Admiral Lord Charles Beresford was the guest of honor tonight at a dinner by the American-Asiatic commission. Covers were laid for two hundred persons. Among the distinguished guests present were: Percy Sanderson, Brayton Ives and Whiteleaf Reid. Representatives of prominent houses engaged in the East-rn trade were present.

NOTED MASON EXPIRES.

Cincinnati, Feb. 23.—Colonel Enoch T. Carson, president of the Knights Templar and Masonic Mutual Aid Association and Life Insurance company, and one of the highest Masons in America, died today.

AGAIN MADE PRESIDENT.

Washington, Feb. 23.—The congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution at today's session reelected Mrs. Daniel Manning president general of the congress.

HOME LIFE OF THE CZAR.

A volume dealing with the private life and mode of existence of Nicholas II, has been issued in Paris. The author is M. Maurice Leudet, of the staff of the Figaro, who some time back published a successful book dealing on similar lines with the German emperor. The czar, it appears, has an excellent memory, and acquired the numerous languages he speaks with remarkable ease and quickness. M. Leudet assures us that he talks English without an accent. Mr. Heath, his English master, is credited with a cordial dislike for Mr. Gladstone, and a profound fondness for boxing, but whether he transmitted these tastes to his pupil is not recorded.

DOES COFFEE AGREE WITH YOU?

If you're not a coffee drinker, you may not realize it, but coffee is a habit that is universally indulged in and almost as universally injurious. Have you tried Grain-O? It is almost like coffee but the effects are just the opposite. Coffee upsets the stomach, ruins the digestion, affects the heart and disturbs the whole nervous system. Grain-O tones up the stomach, aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. There is nothing but nourishment in Grain-O. It can't be overused. 15c and 25c per package.

AN IMPORTANT QUESTION.

If your friends or neighbors are suffering from coughs, colds, sore throat, or any throat or lung disease (including consumption), ask them if they have ever used Otto's Cure. This famous German remedy is having a large sale here and is performing some wonderful cures of throat and lung diseases. No matter what other medicines have failed to do, try Otto's Cure. Large sizes 25c and 50c. Sold by The Stafford Drug Co.

A COMMON DANGER.

If you have ever had a cold which you permitted to "wear away" it may interest you to know it was a dangerous proceeding. Every cold and cough which is neglected paves the way to consumption, bronchitis, asthma or catarrh. Otto's Cure, the famous German throat and lung remedy, will cure any cough or cold and save you from consumption. Sold by The Stafford Drug Co. Prices 25c. and 50c. per bottle.

HALF RATES TO DETROIT, MICH., AND JACKSON, MICH.

Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for round trip, to Detroit, Feb. 21, limited to Feb. 23, inclusive, and from Detroit for round trip to Jackson, Feb. 21, and 23, limited to March 3, account of Annual State Convention Prohibition party. Apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern railway.

THE HORRORS OF WAR.

Dangers Encountered by Soldiers in Field and Camp.

A Minnesota Veteran Relates His Experience, Came Home Racked With Disease, but Was Cured—Like a New Man.

Galesburg, Ill., Feb. 20.—H. Mendenhall of this city was a member of a Minnesota regiment in the Great Civil War, and is now a member of L. P. Plummer Post No. 50, G. A. R., Department of Minnesota. While he was battling for his country disease fastened upon him. He suffered awful torture as the result of disordered kidneys. Today, however, he is a well man. Dodd's Kidney Pills entirely cured him. The veteran sings the praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills wherever he goes.

"Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me a world of good," says Mr. Mendenhall. "My backache is stopped entirely and my kidneys, which were in a terrible shape, do not trouble me. My case was of several years standing, and the cure is a most remarkable one. I always recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to every one I talk with who has kidney trouble, for I know they will do what they are advertised to do. They are the only medicine that ever did me any good. I am feeling like a new man."

Mr. Mendenhall also states that his wife was cured of kidney trouble by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Dodd's Kidney Pills are sold by druggists at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

ROYAL Baking Powder. Made from pure cream of tartar. Safeguards the food against alum. Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

GRAIN-O BRINGS RELIEF to the coffee drinker. Coffee drinking is a habit that is universally indulged in and almost as universally injurious. Have you tried Grain-O? It is almost like coffee but the effects are just the opposite.

DOES COFFEE AGREE WITH YOU? If you're not a coffee drinker, you may not realize it, but coffee is a habit that is universally indulged in and almost as universally injurious.

AN IMPORTANT QUESTION. If your friends or neighbors are suffering from coughs, colds, sore throat, or any throat or lung disease (including consumption), ask them if they have ever used Otto's Cure.

A COMMON DANGER. If you have ever had a cold which you permitted to "wear away" it may interest you to know it was a dangerous proceeding.

HALF RATES TO DETROIT, MICH., AND JACKSON, MICH. Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for round trip, to Detroit, Feb. 21, limited to Feb. 23, inclusive, and from Detroit for round trip to Jackson, Feb. 21, and 23, limited to March 3, account of Annual State Convention Prohibition party.

THE HORRORS OF WAR. Dangers Encountered by Soldiers in Field and Camp. A Minnesota Veteran Relates His Experience, Came Home Racked With Disease, but Was Cured—Like a New Man.

ROYAL Baking Powder. Made from pure cream of tartar. Safeguards the food against alum. Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL Baking Powder advertisement continuation with additional text and branding.

DOES COFFEE AGREE WITH YOU? advertisement continuation with additional text and branding.

HALF RATES TO DETROIT, MICH., AND JACKSON, MICH. advertisement continuation.

THE HORRORS OF WAR advertisement continuation with additional text and branding.

ROYAL Baking Powder advertisement continuation with additional text and branding.

WANTED-FOR RENT OR SALE.

WANTED-A girl or woman for general housework. Hotel Janzen. (2-24-1f)
FOR SALE-One light delivery wagon, a single and a set of light single harness. J. L. Herlich. (2-24-1f)
FOR SALE-A large hotel containing thirty-six rooms and situated at the junction of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R. and "ault" to M. & E. R., at Pembina. Wis. Address-Jas. McGuire. (2-24-1f)
WANTED-Competent girl for general housework. 319 East Arch st. (2-24-1f)
WANTED-Railroad ties and telegraph poles. Address Thomas Workman, Baraga, Mich. (2-10-1m)
WANTED-A girl for general housework. Go-d wagons to the right girl. Mrs. J. E. Sherman, 414 E. Hewitt Ave. (1-21-1f)
WANTED-Estimation by first class stationary engineer; understands dynamo. Address E. P. White, 132 Van Buren street, Chicago, Ill. (12-4-1f)
FOR SALE-Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (2-6-1f)

COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash:
 Hard Coal..... 3 50 3 75 3 10
 Pea Coal (hard)..... 3 50 3 75 3 10
 Soft Coal..... 3 75 3 00 1 10
 Gannel Coal..... 5 00 2 75 1 50
 Hardwood dry, 16 in., per cord..... 4 00
 Hardwood dry, 18 in., per cord..... 2 75
 Hardwood dry, 16 in., split, per cord..... 2 00
 Dry Pine slabs, per cord..... 2 00
 J. B. SPEAR & SONS.

COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash:
 Hard Coal..... 3 50 3 75 3 10
 Pea Coal (hard)..... 3 50 3 75 3 10
 Soft Coal..... 3 75 3 00 1 10
 Gannel Coal..... 5 00 2 75 1 50
 Hardwood dry, 16 in., per cord..... 4 00
 Hardwood dry, 18 in., per cord..... 2 75
 Hardwood dry, 16 in., split, per cord..... 2 00
 Dry Pine slabs, per cord..... 2 00
 J. B. SPEAR & SONS.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE.
ONE WEEK,
 Commencing . . .
Monday, Feb. 27.
FRANKE LONG
 and his
LARGE COMPANY,
IN NEW PLAYS.
See the Biograph!
 The only machine that went to the front on Samson's feat.
POPULAR PRICES.
LADIES ADMITTED FREE MONDAY NIGHT.
Rush for Seats Saturday morning at Bigelow & Co's.
 (2-24-1f)

MARQUETTE MINETTES.

Copper engages the attention of most of the Marquette speculators, but the wheat pit has its coterie, and the coterie is so large as to test the capacity of the pit.
 This led a wag the other day to remark that J. W. Spear ought to sell seats on his board the same as is done on the boards in Chicago and other trade centers. The "school" has grown so large that lots of traders have to stand up every day and the wag thought that at \$5 the seats would find a ready sale.
 Part of the apparatus which Superintendent Wilson was rigging up yesterday for thawing out pipes by electricity consists of a bucket of water and two big copper plates. These are for the purpose of regulating the quantity of current.
 Of course yesterday the ruling of some of the brokers doing away with margins was uppermost in every speculator's mind, and as he came up the street with the two copper plates in the bucket he met one of the dealers.
 "What! Wilson," he cried. "Going to start a copper bucket shop? There's a good opening for one here now."
CITY BREVITIES.
 Weather forecast: Partly cloudy and continued cold.
 Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 9 degrees; noon, 10 degrees; 7 p. m., 8 degrees; maximum, 10 degrees; minimum, 8 degrees.
 Claude W. Case was up yesterday Newberry.
 Dr. A. Deadman of Ishpeming was in the city last evening.
 L. J. Mead came down from Houghton last evening's train.
 F. H. Rainky was down yesterday from the Hematite city.
 J. F. Hamblitzer of Houghton stopped off in the city yesterday.
 One drunk hauled up by the police paid \$8 fine and costs yesterday.
 William Bliss of Houghton was down from the copper country yesterday.
 John Slackett of Houghton was down yesterday from the copper country.
 County Clerk Ross was not at his office yesterday on account of sickness.
 J. W. Minton and C. E. Fenton were up yesterday from Munising on business.
 The Women's guild will meet with Mrs. D. Murray at 2 o'clock this afternoon.
 Ed Blackwood is back in the city again after spending several months at the Soo.
 The Lake Superior mission guild will meet this afternoon with Miss Daisy Williams.
 License to wed was issued yesterday Gust C. Vinge and Lemena Lemay, both of Ishpeming.
 The Young Woman's guild will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon with the Misses Stone.
 Tom Beaudry, who has been working in Munising since last fall, is home on a few days' visit.
 The Degree of Honor gives a card party this evening in A. O. U. W. hall. Playing will begin at 8:30.
 Seven homesteaders were down from Houghton yesterday and each filed on a quarter section in Ontonagon county near the Houghton county line.
 Messdames Noon and Gillespie gave a supper and card party to twelve of their friends last evening at the New Clifton. Supper was served in the private dining room.
 Franklin Wilde was down from L'Anse yesterday to take an examination in the vessel inspectors' office. Examinations will be of daily occurrence there from now on till the opening of navigation.
 Caucuses to elect delegates direct to the Republican county convention will be held in each of the eight wards at the usual polling places tonight. Under the late ruling of the county committee there will be no city convention.
 Mrs. W. D. Libby died yesterday at her home, No. 911 Lee street, after a brief illness. She was seventy-one years of age. The funeral will be Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house and at 2:30 from the Methodist church. Interment will be in Park cemetery.
HOW IT SPREADS.
 Marquette People Are Talking All Around About Us—This Report Comes From Jackson Street.
 How it spreads.
 Can't keep a "good thing" down.
 Ever notice how good things are imitated?
 Better the article, more imitations.
 Fortunately the people have a safeguard.
 Praise can't be imitated.
 And true praise takes root and spreads. Claim is one thing, proof is another. Proof is what the manufacturer says. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys. Cure all kidney ills. Hundreds of citizens testify to this. Here is a case in point:
 Mrs. Wm. Warren, of 220 Jackson street, says: "Last summer, 1897, I had an attack of blood poisoning which affected my whole system and left my kidneys in a very bad condition. I had constant, heavy, aching pains through the small of my back, at night was very restless, could find no position to lie in that was comfortable and consequently rose in the mornings feeling tired and worn out. The secretions from the kidneys were unnatural and greatly in excess. I also suffered from persistent headaches and had intense thirst, feeling as though I could not drink enough. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills recommended so highly for just such troubles and I procured a box from the Stafford Drug Co. The results of their use was most satisfactory and I was promptly relieved of the trouble. They certainly helped my case greatly, and I do not hesitate to recommend this valuable remedy."
 Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box, for sale by all dealers; sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.
 It's like a "dip in the fountain of youth." Touches the cheek so gently that "youth lingers on the face of old age." That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. Stafford Drug company.

A Young Deer Hunter's Shot.

One of the most remarkable shots on record has been made by a 12-year-old boy of San Bernardino, who shot and instantly killed a good-sized deer with a 22-caliber rifle. The record is likely to stand some time before being broken. And it wasn't a mere chance shot, either. The young man, whose name is Lee Thomas, was camped with his parents at Strawberry peak, one of the picturesque points of the San Bernardino mountains. With some boy friends the youthful nimrod went out for a ramble. He took his repeating rifle along, "just for fun." While proceeding down a gully the boys heard some animals cracking the brush below, and standing still to await developments, three deer burst into view. Quick as flash, with the instinct of a huntsman, Thomas brought the gun to his shoulder and pumped five bullets at the monarchs of the glen before they located the sound. But the last bullet proved effective, hitting a deer in about the only vulnerable spot for so small a charge—the eye. The young man will always treasure the trophies of his youthful but remarkable feat.—San Francisco Examiner.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY ALWAYS PROVES EFFECTUAL.—There are no better medicines on the market than Chamberlain's. We have used the Cough Remedy when all others failed, and in every instance it proved effectual. Almost daily we hear the virtues of Chamberlain's remedies extolled by those who have used them. This is not an empty puff, paid for at so much a line, but is voluntarily given in good faith, in the hope that suffering humanity may try these remedies and, like the writer, be benefited.—From the Glenville (W. Va.) Pathfinder. For sale by The Stafford Drug Co.
THE FIRELIGHT'S RUDDY GLOW
 will be more cheerful and full of intense heat and comfort if it is made from our coal. It burns longer, is more economical, cleaner and with less waste than any other coal on the market. Our furnace and range coal is the delight of the housekeeper on baking days, and when the house needs heating.
PICKANDS & CO.

ANNOUNCEMENT
 The First Annual Review of the
COPPER
INDUSTRY
 of LAKE
SUPERIOR
 Will Be Issued by
THE MINING JOURNAL
 About April 10, '99.
 It Will Be a Valuable Hand-Book of the Copper Region.
PRICE, 50 Cts. SEND ORDERS TO . . .
Mining Journal Co., Ltd.,
 Marquette, Mich.

\$4.98 CLOAKS \$4.98

WE LEAVE FOR NEW YORK ON SATURDAY OF THIS WEEK.

We Want the Room for Spring Goods.

We have 50 Jackets, in fine Kersey Cloth, Worth from \$12.00 to \$25.00 each. In order to sell every garment this week we offer you your choice of any garment in our cloak department at \$4.98. This is the greatest opportunity ever offered to buy a Jacket at one-fourth its value---FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

Van Alstyne's
OPERA BLOCK DRY GOODS HOUSE
MARQUETTE, MICH.

GREATEST CLOAK VALUES OF THE SEASON.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE

THIS WEEK.

We have just received our new goods and we intend to offer them at very low prices for this sale.

OUR NEW STOCKS OF . . .

Embroideries and Muslins,
also the new
Welts,

are now in and are the finest and most complete ever shown. Give us a call.

F. BRAASTAD & CO.,

COR. CLEVELAND AVENUE AND SECOND ST.

MILLS.

Eagle Mills, Michigan,
Michigan, Michigan,

YARDS AND PLANING MILLS

Marquette, Michigan,
Ishpeming, Michigan,

F. W. READ & CO.,

(INCORPORATED)

Bill Timber, Shingles,
Lath, Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Etc.

INTERIOR FINISH.

I. & L. Polished Maple Flooring. Agents for C. J. L. Myer's Specialties. At our yards at Ishpeming we carry Lime, Fire Brick, Fine Clay, Cement, Etc.

General Office, - - - Marquette, Mich

DRESSMAKING.

I have moved my dressmaking parlors from Ridge street, to 204 Cleveland ave., where I will be glad to have those in need of my services call.

Mrs. J. A. Sodergren,

204 Cleveland Ave., Ishpeming, Michigan.
County Phone. (2-4-14)

FOR RENT—Large furnished room, with privilege of bath. Gentleman only. Apply at 121 Oak st., Ishpeming, Mich. (1-36-17)

FOR SALE—26 sets of logging sleds and 2 sets of springing sleds; also 2 snow plows. For further particulars apply to John T. Burke, Ishpeming. (12-3-17)

You
Can
Obtain
Results

When
You
Advertise

In

The
Mining
Journal.

WHEN YOU DON'T,
YOU DON'T!

Ishpeming and Vicinity

THE MAYOR TALKS.

DEVELOPMENTS AT THE NEXT COUNCIL MEETING WILL GOVERN HIM IN THE ACTION HE WILL TAKE IN THE RICHARDS MANDAMUS CASE.

Yesterday Mayor Andrews stated that he had delayed consideration of the action to be taken in regard to the application made by Street Commissioner Richards for a writ of mandamus to compel the city authorities to pay his salary for the months of November and December, 1898, and January, 1899, until the next meeting of the common council is held.

The chief reason for this delay is that in the vetoes now in the recorder's hands awaiting the next meeting of the council some of the points now under discussion are treated on at length. While the mayor is not in a position to state just what these are, he plainly hints that they have some importance in view of the step just taken by the present street commissioner.

The mayor said yesterday that he thought Richards has been a little hasty in the action that he has taken, and he intimated that if he had awaited the coming meeting the matter would have probably been settled to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. He stated that in his vetoes of the two items he has treated the question under discussion at length and in the case of the street commissioner in particular, has made recommendations that should result in at least partially settling the trouble.

These recommendations are not in the nature of a compromise but are made with a desire to do justice to everyone concerned. The mayor plainly showed that he thought Richards would not have petitioned for the writ if he had waited to hear from the vetoes. Any action that may be taken will depend entirely on the fate of the recommendations and vetoes. If the aldermen who at present antagonize the administration refuse to consider the recommendations and withdraw the petition that has been made to the circuit judge the matter will be pushed to the bitter end and the administration will be represented at Marquette on the date set for the hearing.

The matter will, therefore, remain quiescent until the council again convenes. One possible condition would also have a decided effect on the question. If the anti-administration aldermen can gain strength enough to override the mayor's vetoes the petition will undoubtedly be presented, as the supporters of the commissioner would be elated and encouraged by their success. It is not probable that anything like this will happen, however, as the anti-administration men will not have the necessary vote to override the mayor's vetoes.

Whatever disposition is made of the controversy, the next meeting of the council is sure to be very interesting. Several important matters will come up for consideration and the discussions will probably be very warm.

In partial explanation of his veto of the amendment to the amendment which provided for payment of \$50 for Richards on account of January salary, which was passed at the last council meeting, the mayor stated that the claim for Mr. Richards' January pay had already been presented to the council in a batch of bills that were sent in by Superintendent Devine of the board of public works which had been referred to the proper committee. The item that was tacked onto the amendment was unnecessary and if it had been allowed the two claims that were in for the commissioner's salary would foot up \$100. The claim that came from the proper source was handed over to the right committee and the other was vetoed.

The mayor spoke very strongly in regard to the conflicting sections of the charter now in force. He characterized it as a bulky and inefficient document and stated that in a large degree it is responsible for the trouble that has been experienced. He says that in two different parts of the charter conflicting provisions are made for the selection of the street commissioner. In Section 2, Chapter 2, which is a section that was inserted as an amendment to the main document, the following provision is found:

"The following officers shall be appointed by the common council on or before the first Monday in May, viz: An assessor, a city attorney, a director of the poor, a poundmaster, a city marshal, a deputy city marshal, and such a number of constables as the council may from time to time deem necessary. A street commissioner shall be appointed by the board of public works and confirmed by the council."

In the chapter on the duties and powers of the common council the following provision appears:

"The city council shall have authority to appoint and compensate a civil engineer who shall have such powers and perform such duties relative to his office as the council shall prescribe. They may also appoint and compensate a suitable person as street commissioner who shall have such powers and perform"

Children deprived of fats and mineral foods have weak bones, flabby flesh and thin watery blood. The milk of nursing mothers, enfeebled by chronic diseases, or long continued nursing, produces the same results. Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil partly digested and with the hypophosphites, forms a fat food which acts on the infant through the mother's milk, giving rich blood, strong nerves and sound flesh and bones to both.

Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil partly digested and with the hypophosphites, forms a fat food which acts on the infant through the mother's milk, giving rich blood, strong nerves and sound flesh and bones to both.

such duties pertaining to his office as the council may prescribe."

The mayor admits that the amendment giving the appointment of this officer to the members of the board of public works is of a later date than the clause which confers the same power on the council, but he considers that, inasmuch as the earlier provision for the appointment was not eliminated, it continues to be operative to as great an extent as the later amendment. This contradiction in the text of the charter involves the case considerably and makes the question one that can hardly be settled to the general satisfaction without an appeal to the courts.

The mayor states that this is only one of many instances wherein the charter is contradictory in its provisions. In several other places the same thing is noticeable and as long as the present charter remains unrevoked just so long will trouble of the same sort be encountered.

The mayor does not admit the claim made in the petition for the writ that the street commissioner is the creature of the board of public works and holds office for an indefinite term. He holds that the name of the appointee should be presented every year for confirmation.

He asserts that there is a contradiction in the actions of the board of public works and the present incumbent of the office in regard to the steps necessary to make the appointment valid. In the body of the petition the petitioner states that he is simply an employee of the board of public works and holds office for no definite term. However, the board last year recognized the fact that its appointee should be confirmed by the council before he could legally fill the office, and presented his name to that body for confirmation, which was refused.

Some definite decision in the case will be reached in a few days now. If the next meeting of the council fails to result in some agreement it will be taken to the court and the hearing in regard to the writ of mandamus for which Richards has petitioned will be held. The question will then be settled decisively, as far as Street Commissioner Richards is concerned. He is not, however, the only man who is not working in harmony with the city authorities at present, and it is probable that in the event of a successful issue in the action brought by Richards Superintendent Devine of the board of public works will adopt some similar means of obtaining the salary he claims is due him. He has been receiving \$50 a month right along "on account," but does not admit that he has been paid in full and he will be looking for a sum of money which will raise the sum total of his salary for the past months to \$80 a month, the original compensation received. It now looks as if the salary muddle would be settled and all very soon.

BLACK EYE FOR SPECULATORS.

INVESTORS OF SMALL MEANS WILL BE AFFECTED BY THE LATEST RULE OF THE BROKERS.

For some time past the inducements that have been offered to local speculators have been steadily decreasing in value and number and now the local brokers have taken a step that will result in a material reduction of the amount of speculation in copper stocks. Margins have been very high lately and it required a good deal of money to deal to any advantage but the step that will give the brokers lots of time to catch up with their work and the embryo capitalists lots of time to attend to their business was taken yesterday.

The following bulletin, which was received yesterday from A. B. Turner & Brother of Boston by the local office of that firm, is self explanatory: "At the present price of copper stocks we do not think it safe to carry it on a margin consequently we must do as other brokers have already done and refuse to take any more orders for copper stock except for cash. Consequently all open orders to buy on a margin will be cancelled tomorrow morning (this morning) and immediately on receipt of his all orders must be cash. We will carry stock other than copper on margin as heretofore." There is no question as to the meaning of this bulletin. The local representative of the firm stated that the order applied to all grades of stock, large and small, and that as far as he knew he was allowed no discretion. Some such move was expected but it was not thought that it would be so sweeping and radical.

A circular letter, dated Feb. 18, was received here yesterday from Hayden, Stone & Co. In a general way the letter resembled the Turner bulletin, but buying on the margin was not entirely stopped by the order. Payment in full for all stock that is at present selling below \$25 is demanded but the higher stocks may be purchased on large margins. The whole trend of the Hayden, Stone & Co. circular was pessimistic and dismal.

This action, shutting off as they do the possibility of procuring stock on reasonable margins in the two broking offices here, will tend to greatly reduce the amount of speculation in the city. The banks will still handle stocks on a margin but they are not doing a general business and they buy at their own wish for their own customers and on ample margins. There will be a heavy falling off in the amount of trading, particularly in the ranks of the people with limited capital. Even if they invest all their money it will not go a third as far as it did formerly.

Yesterday the market was very strong. Adventure was specially good and this stock is rapidly nearing the \$30 mark. The list was high throughout. Quotations were not received on several of the small stocks.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

P. Hendrickson of Hancock was here yesterday.

E. S. Larson was here from Ironwood Wednesday.

M. M. Duncanson was at Marquette Wednesday evening.

Sheriff Carlson was up from Marquette yesterday on official business.

Mrs. Daniel McClellan, who has been visiting R. Matthews and family for the

Brooms and Brushes

must be cleaned often, else they become dangerous germ collectors. Hair brushes demand special attention from the standpoint of both health and cleanliness. They can be cleaned quickly and thoroughly by washing in a weak acid made from

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

Gold Dust cleans everything quickly, cheaply, thoroughly, and saves both time and worry.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York,
Boston, Philadelphia.

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S NERVE TONIC PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the general organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Fall-ling or Loss of Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Enfeeblement, etc. Restores the use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box, \$3 boxes for \$2.50. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE BY THE STAFFORD DRUG COMPANY.

"J. E. K." CIGARS

Always Reliable. The Best that Tobacco can produce. 10c, or 3 for 25c. J. E. Kenning & Co., Mfg's, Grand Rapids, Mich.

past few days, returned to her home at Calumet yesterday.

Charles J. Senecal was up from Marquette Wednesday. He is about to assume charge of the dry goods department that Kahn & Skud are to open to the public.

The services in Grace (Episcopal) church today, which is St. Matthias' day, will be as follows: Holy communion, at 10:30 a. m.; litany and penitential office, at 4:15 p. m.; evening prayer and sermon at 7 o'clock.

A large number of Ishpeming people were down to Marquette Wednesday night to take in the performance of the amateur minstrels. Some of the boys missed the late train and did not arrive home until yesterday morning.

Miss Mary Enderline left Wednesday for Menominee. She will visit there for a few days before she leaves for Chicago, where she will spend some time buying in a stock of fabrics for her dressmaking shop. She will be gone for a couple of weeks.

At a largely attended meeting of the teachers of Grace church, presided over by Archdeacon Robinson, Mrs. M. M. Duncanson was unanimously elected superintendent of the Sunday school. The Lenten week-day services are being very well attended.

Adina Svenson, the one-year-old daughter of Jonas Svenson of 313 Battery street, died yesterday morning of diphtheria. The funeral will be held this morning at 11:30 from the house. This is the third death that has occurred in this family in a week and a half. Another child and the father have died in that time.

Yesterday was the coldest day experienced since the break in the continuous cold spell that prevailed here for some weeks. In the morning only four degrees above zero was recorded at the Nelson House and the temperature was very low throughout the day. The cold weather is a godsend in many ways, as the thaw was making lots of trouble in some lines of work. Sleighting was nearly spoiled and the men who are working in the woods in this vicinity were beginning to register kicks on the condition of the roads. If the warm weather had continued a great deal of money would have been lost by loggers.

A NARROW ESCAPE.—Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at the Stafford Drug Co. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.00 Guaranteed or price refunded.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At any drug store.

A CHALLENGE.

I hereby challenge any man in Michigan for a straight catch-as-catch-can or a mixed catch Cornish and catch-as-catch-can for from \$200 to \$500 a side, two best out of three falls, John Rowett preferred, him to name the amount, style and place he prefers to wrestle at any time within sixty days. Anyone accepting this challenge please notify me at Kalspell, Montana.

JACK O'NEILL,
Champion Catch-as-catch-can Wrestler of Northwest and British Columbia, Kalspell, Mont. (2-11-17)

Gust Bauch is in the city representing J. Hamill & Co. of Appleton. He has been found at Burke's barn at Ishpeming, where he has a load of draught horses on exhibition. All persons interested are invited to call and inspect the horses. (2-1-17)

Skin Diseases.
For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids. For sale by The Stafford Drug Co.

Dr. C. G. C. Condition Powders for horses are the best. Blood purifier and vegetable, 25 cents. For sale by The Stafford Drug Co.

TWO WEEKS' TRIP EAST, Leaving March 24.

\$99.00

PAYS HOTEL BILLS, RAILROAD FARE, SLEEPING CAR BERTH, MEALS, OR DINING CARS. ALL TRAVELING EXPENSES. GET DESCRIPTIVE BOOKLET FROM SOUTH SHORE AGENT.

Hancock & Calumet R. R.

Change of time in effect SUNDAY, DECEMBER, 4, 1898.

PM.	PM.	AM.	LV.	ARR.	AM.	PM.
5:15	12:45	9:00	Lake Linden	9:25	1:15	8:00
5:37	12:52	9:16	Dollar Bay	9:40	1:30	7:38
5:55	1:10	9:33	Hancock	9:58	1:55	7:30

PM.	PM.	AM.	ARR.	LV.	AM.	PM.

BETWEEN LAKE LINDEN AND CALUMET

PM.	AM.	LV.	LAKE LINDEN.	AM.	PM.
3:40	9:50	10:40	Upper Mills	11:10	4:00
3:50	10:10	11:00	" "	11:25	3:45
4:10	10:30	11:20	Calumet	11:40	3:30

*Daily. †DAILY, ex. SUNDAY.

Mineral Range Railroad.

Change of time in effect Dec. 4, 1898.

No.	Leave Calumet.	Arrive Hancock.	Arrive Houghton.
1	8:10 am	8:45 am	9:30 am
2	8:30 am	9:00 am	9:30 am
3	8:50 am	9:30 am	10:15 am
4	9:10 am	9:45 am	10:30 am
5	9:30 am	10:00 am	10:45 am
6	9:45 am	10:15 am	10:55 am

No.	Leave Houghton.	Leave Hancock.	Arrive Calumet.
7	9:50 am	10:30 am	11:15 am
8	10:10 am	10:45 am	11:30 am
9	10:30 am	11:00 am	11:45 am
10	10:45 am	11:15 am	12:00 pm
11	11:00 am	11:30 am	12:15 pm

*Daily. †Daily, ex. Sunday. ††Sunday only. †††Daily, ex. Saturday.

A RIVER SKIRMISH.

Mr. Gordon Watts had reached that time of life when a man becomes a kind of walking sportsman's almanac. There was very little in the way of "record times" and "record distances" that Mr. Watts did not know.

who considered himself a judge of form. But it was true. He was a fairly good oarsman, with plenty of strength and

In and About Negaunee

BARBERS WILL ORGANIZE.

A BRANCH OF THE ISHPEMING UNION WILL BE FORMED HERE SOON.

A committee of the IshpeMING Barbers' union spent Wednesday afternoon here working among the local barbers to interest them in starting a branch of the union in this city.

Barbers here have suffered a great deal from the lack of association for the common good for the last few years.

A GOOD CONTRACT.

The Johnson Lumber company has captured the contract for the timber that will be used at the Hard Ore mine of the Lake Superior workings in preparing for the new No. 8 Gates crusher to be installed there in the spring, and a force of men is now engaged in cutting the necessary timber.

SOLVING THE BISCUIT PROBLEM.

Housekeepers have found their problems made much easier and their labor much lighter during the past few years by many inventions and improvements along the line of prepared foods.

SPAIN'S GREATEST NEED.

R. P. Oliva, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head.

The Best Cough Remedy on Earth.

Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, Consumption Cure, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in one minute.

MINING GOSSIP.

CONSIDERABLE ACTIVITY IS NOTICEABLE IN MATTERS PERTAINING TO THE MINES IN THIS VICINITY.

The reporter was informed yesterday that a new theory is now held regarding the ore deposit recently struck at the Barasa. It is now believed that the drift is being extended along the side of the main deposit.

George P. Mitchell is conducting two exploratory operations at present. Work on the Mitchell street property is progressing very favorably and he expects to begin drilling very soon.

LOCAL LAONICS.

George P. Hoffman of Green Bay was here yesterday.

Mrs. Frank Jane of Manistique is visiting in the city.

The Cambria and Lillie pay has been in general circulation for the last few days and business is quite brisk.

Al Maitland and F. E. Nightingale took in the amateur minstrel performance at Marquette Wednesday evening.

Mrs. John Mitchell, who has been very sick with the grip, is now out of danger and her complete recovery is only a question of time.

Bert Buzzo and Miss Martha Broad, both well known young people of the city, were married Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock by Rev. Wilcox.

Yesterday was the coldest day experienced here since the long spell of zero weather was broken. The thermometer registered only seven degrees above at the Brejtung in the morning and it continued cold throughout the day.

John Rough is visiting his family here for a few days. For the past few months he has been located at Gladstone, where he is engaged in filling a timber contract he secured from the Gladstone Furnace company.

The ladies of the Eastern Star gave a quilting party yesterday afternoon at the Masonic hall. The ladies assembled early in the afternoon and spent the time until supper in pleasant work.

For a time it looked as though the operations of the men employed in the woods in this vicinity would be seriously impeded by the lack of snow.

LOOK OUT for the first signs of impure blood—Hood's Sarsaparilla is your safeguard.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Bids for the construction of St. Ignace church, at Houghton, will be received until April 1, 1899.

GIVE THE CHILDREN A DRINK called Grain-O.

FREE OF CHARGE.—Any adult suffering from a cold settled on the breast, bronchitis, throat or lung troubles of any nature, who will call at Stafford's drug store will be presented with a sample bottle of BOSCHER'S GERMAN SYRUP, FREE OF CHARGE.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

HOME FOR OUTLAWS' FAMILIES.

Novel Charity by a Man Made Rich by Capturing Bandits. Jim Jenkins, the man who has for forty odd years been the great nightmare of every outlaw in the west; a man who, in his time, has brought to earth more bandits than any other single man in the world, and who has almost single-handedly arrested over 150 famous desperadoes, such as the Daltons, the James boys, and others, has now turned a new leaf in his life.

CLYDE I. DRAKE, AGENT.

C. T. HAMPTON, Manager for Marquette County.

Charlton, Gilbert & Demar, ARCHITECTS.

UNDERTAKING.

MUNISING RAILWAY.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, State Board of Health.

Crown Distilling Co. Cincinnati, O.

Time - Table.

TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE

TRAINS ARRIVING MARQUETTE

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

CELEBRITY KING NATURE'S CURE logo and text: "If You 'Fagged Out,' Feel Have HEADACHE, BACKACHE, POOR APPETITE, BAD COMPLEXION, and would like to feel and look well, let us recommend CELEBRITY KING to you."

HAYDEN, STONE & CO., BOSTON, MASS. Members Boston and New York Stock Exchanges. Lake Superior Copper Stocks.

CLYDE I. DRAKE, AGENT. Office in Savings Bank Bldg., Marquette.

C. T. HAMPTON, Manager for Marquette County. Residence and Office, IshpeMING, Mich.

Charlton, Gilbert & Demar, ARCHITECTS, MARQUETTE, MICH.

UNDERTAKING. Umaner, Phone No. 118 at residence. For night calls, M. WOLLNER, Negaunee 7-11-99.

MUNISING RAILWAY. TIME TABLE NO. 17. In Effect Dec. 27, 1898.

Table with columns for WEST, STATIONS, and EAST, listing train routes between Marquette and other locations.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, State Board of Health, GEO. W. HARRISON, M. D.

Crown Distilling Co. Cincinnati, O. Gentlemen: The sample of Four Hundred Baltimore Rye Whiskey...

Time - Table. In Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE - For Montreal and the east and Lower Michigan daily ex. Sunday.

TRAINS ARRIVING MARQUETTE - For Chicago via Negaunee and the C. & N. W. R'y and LePique and Chicago via the C. M. & St. P. R'y.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure. To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup...

CASH OR BIG MARGINS.

Brokerage Houses Restrict Their Patrons' Dealings in the Copper Stocks.

SPECULATORS RECEIVE THE NEWS WITH GOOD NERVE.

Is Though That the New Demands Will Curtail Buying to Some Extent—Long Line of Stocks Were Active on Yesterday's Trading.

BULLETINS OF UNUSUAL INTEREST.

The speculators were given plenty to talk about yesterday, and it was not the quotations which furnished them with the subject of conversation, but the bulletins which were posted in the several brokerage offices. These varied in degree but were all of one tone and will plainly have the effect of checking the business of the smaller dealers.

Faine, Webber & Co. posted this one: "We cannot take orders for less than fifty share lots. Indications point to a firmer money market. Advise taking profits."

A. B. Turner & Bro. made this announcement: "At the present prices of copper stocks we do not think it safe to carry them on margins. Consequently, we must do as other brokers have already done, refuse to take any more orders for copper stocks except for cash. Consequently, all open orders to buy on margins will be cancelled tomorrow morning, and immediately upon receipt of this all orders must be cash. We will carry stocks other than coppers on margins as heretofore."

J. W. Spear, who deals through Richardson, Hill & Co., stopped all transactions in coppers yesterday on the receipt of a telegram saying that they would insist on outright purchases hereafter.

Following is a copy of Hayden, Stone & Co.'s announcement which was mailed to all their customers who are dealing on margins: "After careful consideration we have decided that the profit in commissions no longer warrants us in carrying copper stocks on ordinary margins. For five years past continuously, persistently, we have encouraged investments in shares of good copper properties. We were able to foresee at least a good part of the great demand which has developed for copper, and years ago called the attention of our friends to the coming change in the attitude of investors toward copper-mine shares."

"We are now obliged to change our own attitude. In our judgment the present price for copper is unsound, is the result of speculation, cannot be permanent or even last for any great length of time. We think it supreme folly to predicate investments in copper-mine shares upon anything like the present price for the metal. So far as we understand the laws of trade, this rise in price will harm the copper-mining business much more than it will help it in the long run. The extravagance of the present price will inevitably bring about a reaction of equal severity."

"We present these views to you while prices for copper and copper-mine shares are still very high. We have no idea that there will be any immediate or even early break in the price of the metal, and there is every reason to believe that the current speculative excitement will offer a splendid opportunity to sellers for some long time yet."

"As bankers we find only one course open to us. We ask and insist that you pay in full for all copper-mine shares now selling at \$25 each or less; upon such payment we shall be pleased to ship you the certificates, if you desire. And we ask you to hand us additional cash or good collateral, or reduce your holdings, so that the loans we are making upon higher-priced shares do not exceed fifty per cent of the market value of your stocks."

"May we ask you to give this matter your immediate attention, to the extent of informing us as to just what you propose to do. We shall be only too pleased to extend you every accommodation in carrying out whatever course you may decide to adopt. We are aware that you may be able to procure better accommodations with other brokers and shall regret to lose your business if you elect to take that course. Any order to transfer your account will have our prompt attention. Believing that our decision is wise in the long run for both you and ourselves, we again ask the favor of an immediate reply and remain,

"Yours truly,"
Hayden, Stone & Co.

It will be seen that the last is by far the most sweeping of the announcements, as it affects not only new customers but those already in, and some of them must put up more money or reduce their holdings to what the firm elects to consider a safe basis.

Taken generally the speculators received the announcements with pretty good nerve, and many were inclined to regard it as an effort by the big fellows in Boston to shake the smaller ones out, something which in their minds would result in nothing worse than a temporary decline in the sales which some of the smaller holders will be forced to make.

Many feel no apprehension at all on account of the position taken by the brokers, and these people were made all the more easier on the receipt of reassuring telegrams from Boston parties who are in position to know the real temper of the market. The following is a fair sample of several such dispatches received here last night:

"Boston, Mass., Feb. 23.—No uneasiness here. Richardson, Hill & Co. advise not buying much. All stocks active today. Copper range strong at 58 and miners' at 44. Advances in most stocks expected tomorrow."

"Among those whose nerve is not shattered are many who are already in on margins in small lots. The feeling of these people is that they are in now and may not get a chance to go in again on the same favorable terms. This leads them to stay and take the risk if there is any."

Yesterday's market was one of activity, with the considerable advances and declines about evenly balanced. The biggest move on any stock was on Calumet & Hecla, which fell from \$86 to \$84, but the last price was ex-dividend. Adventure kept climbing up, and from a close of 16 3/4 Tuesday advanced to 17 1/2. Rhode Island was a favorite yesterday

and was bought heavily from all quarters. From 12 Tuesday it went to 13 1/2. Arcadian fell a point from 7 1/2. Arnold went up from 9 to 10. Atlantic was weaker yesterday and dropped from 42 to 40 1/2. Baltic also declined and closed a point and a half off at 34. Boston & Montana rallied a little and went up from 36 1/2 to 38. Butte & Boston was a little weaker, falling from 9 1/2 to 9. Centennial advanced from 49 1/2 to 52. Osceola dropped from 102 to 100. Mohawk went from 33 1/2 to 35 1/2. Tamarack fell off four points from 264. Quincy made a point and went up to 185. Isle Royal gained a point and a half and closed at 63 1/2.

Copper was a little stronger yesterday, and closed on the London market at 72 pounds, ten, an advance of ten shillings over Tuesday's close.

FUNERAL OF MISS HARVEY.

Old Resident of the Lake Superior Region Laid to Rest Yesterday.

Miss Emily Harvey, who died Monday at her home in Chocoma, was buried yesterday in Park cemetery in this city. At 2 o'clock, just before the funeral procession left, there were prayers at the house. Funeral services were held in St. Morgan Memorial chapel, and were well attended by those who had known the deceased during her long residence in this part of the country.

She passed away from earth in the morning of Feb. 20, 1899, in Miss Emily Harvey, one of whom much more could be said by those who knew her best, than is contained in the brief obituary notice of her death, but as "no biography will go into any human life without a remainder," it is not best to attempt to put into words even what affection would prompt, but leave her worth and qualities of heart to "Gild those pure and perfect realms of rest, where virtue triumphs."

Her's was a sweet, unselfish, uncomplaining spirit, her early years spent in unflinching devotion to an invalid sister and delicate mother, which gave her a feeling in maturer years, and which dominated all others, that to live in a quiet spot, where none could say they were sick, was better for her than the busy centers of industry. Consequently her latest years were spent in the peaceful hamlet of Harvey, on the south shore of Lake Superior, the dash of whose waters was ever as music to her ears, the varying grandeur of its scenery appealing sympathetically to her artistic nature.

A devoted member of the Episcopal church at Marquette, which she had seen from infancy to its present importance, she could truly say from her heart of hearts, "I love Thy church, O God!" Although very fond of reading, the books most often seen in her hands were the Bible and her prayer book, and it is a blessed assurance to those who survive her that she has now received the crown given to those who are faithful unto death. S. V. E. H.

DEAD IN CUBA.

Upper Peninsula Soldiers Whose Bodies Are To Be Sent Home.

Washington dispatches have been sent out saying that the relatives and friends of the soldiers and civilians who succumbed to disease and bullets during the Santiago and Porto Rican campaigns should be prepared to claim the bodies when they are brought back to the United States within the next two or three weeks. It is estimated that something like 1,200 Americans lost their lives from all causes during the land campaigns against the Spaniards.

The names and companies of the upper peninsula members of the Thirty-fourth Michigan who died in Cuba and whose bodies have been recovered and will be sent home is officially reported to the war department as below. The report gives the items in the order of name, rank, company and date of death. It reads as follows:

- Thos. K. Bennett, private, H, Aug. 2.
Jos. Barry, private, L, Aug. 30.
John A. Bobb, first lieutenant, D, Aug. 19.
Albert J. Chapman, private, D, Aug. 3.
Chas. Clemmens, private, H, July 26.
Wm. J. Nolan, private, D, July 29.
Jos. Griender, private, L, Aug. 3.
Henry J. Grilla, corporal, H, Aug. 6.
Peter J. Haan, private, D, Aug. 3.
Patrick J. Nealy, private, F, Aug. 4.
John Hogan, private, L, Aug. 8.
Olaf Husby, private, L, Aug. 12.
Thos. V. Jilbert, private, D, Aug. 5.
August Johnson, private, E, Aug. 20.
Henry Koester, Jr., private, L, Aug. 3.
George B. Lovejoy, private, L, Sept. 12.
Frank J. Muck, private, D, Aug. 17.
John A. McDonald, private, D, July 31.
Edward Myott, private, L, Aug. 17.
John Oliver, sergeant, G, Aug. 29.
R. K. Sherd, private, H, July 29.
John Symons, private, E, Aug. 5.
D. P. Tendant, private, E, Aug. 21.
P. F. Vandenberg, private, L, Aug. 4.
Francis J. Vivian, private, D, July 31.

BADGE IS DESIGNATED.

What Michigan Men Who Served With Shafter Are Entitled to Wear.

General H. M. Duffield has at last succeeded in getting the necessary orders designating the badge which the members of his brigade shall be entitled to wear. It is the badge of the Fifth army corps, General Shafter's army, to which the brigade was attached, although a part of the Second army corps. The symbol is a five-bastioned fort and the color blue. The badge is made of felt of the color designated, 1 1/4 inches high and occupying a space of 1 1/4 inches square. If preferred officers and enlisted men of the brigade are authorized to wear the badge made of gold, or yellow metal, enameled in blue.

This order effects all members of L and other companies of the Thirty-fourth Michigan, which was a part of Duffield's command.

THE MODERN WAY commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectively what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches, and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Made by California Fig Syrup Co.

"Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

MASS' GOOD PROSPECTS.

Test Openings on Mass End of Butler Vein Produce Some Very Rich Rock.

FIRST HOISTING PLANT IS SOON TO BE ORDERED.

Pump is Working Night and Day Unwatering Ridge Shaft at the Rate of 300 Gallons a Minute—Executive Committee Meets.

PROPERTY IS A KNOWN QUANTITY.

A. Matthews, who is just down from the Mass mine, reports that work is progressing splendidly at that property, especially when the disadvantages of the weather are considered.

A pump is running night and day now at work unwatering the Ridge shaft. This pump has a capacity of 300 gallons of water a minute. The first day it was operated it reduced the water in the shaft eight feet.

The foundation is all ready for the compressor, which is to be brought over from the Mass, proper, and it will be put in place very soon. The contract for moving the machinery has been already let. This compressor when in place will operate fourteen drills.

A good sized force of men is now given employment at the mine and every man is being used who can be worked to advantage. A crew is also in the woods and is being pushed hard to get out the timber needed while the snow lasts.

While Mr. Matthews was at the property a test was being made on the Mass end of the Butler vein. He says this is opening up very rich and gives good promise. He brought back with him a number of specimens taken from this vein.

The company, he says, has a number of proposals for machinery and is expecting still others. It will shortly order a hoisting plant for use at the first two shafts. The shaft house is to be so located that the one house can furnish power for two shafts. Everything about the permanent equipment of the mine is to be thoroughly first class and bought as much with a view to future as to present needs.

The purchasing of machinery and all matters of mine management is in the hands of an executive committee which consists of General Superintendent and Manager T. F. Cole of Ironwood, Captain Sam Mitchell of Negaunee, and Mr. Matthews. The committee held its first meeting here yesterday. It organized by selecting Mr. Matthews as chairman. He was also appointed agent of the company and in that capacity will sign its vouchers and contracts.

Speaking of the Mass Mr. Matthews called attention to it as a known quantity. He says there are more openings on it in shafts and test pits than there are on any other of the newly floated ventures, and the prospects of the property are known to an absolute certainty. Its management he considers the very best. Captain Cole, he says, is without equal in the country, and in his position he knows of no better man than Captain R. R. Trezona, who has the direct superintendency of the property. Captain Trezona is in full charge in the absence of Captain Cole and Mr. Matthews.

ALL WEEK LONG.

Frank E. Long Company Will Hold the Boards in Repertoire.

Frank E. Long and his big company will play a week's engagement at the Marquette opera house commencing Monday, Feb. 27. All the old favorites remain and new ones have been added. The repertoire is entirely new with the exception of "The Lost Paradise" and "The Middleman" and includes "The Secret Enemy," "Lost and Wom," "Prodigal Husband," "Down in Dixie" and "Alone in New York."

The company numbers fourteen people, carries nearly a carload of special scenery, and a biography with all the war views, including all the best films. They are shown for six minutes only each night, and are clear, steady, pictures. The vaudeville contingent is a big card this year, including Joe Willard, Joe B. Murphy, Chas. E. Archer, Miss Madge Tucker and Bessie Vane. Illustrated songs, good clean drama, excellent stage settings, handsome costumes and elaborate scenery, is what the Long company will present. The company has just closed a six weeks' engagement in the copper country, playing to a wonderful business. Popular prices will prevail. Lady tickets will be given free Monday night. The seat sale opens Saturday morning at Bigelow's.

WILL ELECTROCUTE THE PIPES.

Madison Scheme for Thawing Frozen Pipes Will Be Tried Here.

The plan of thawing frozen water pipes by electricity, which was tried with success in Madison, Wis., is to be put in experimental operation here today.

The electric light force spent most of the day yesterday rigging an apparatus for the work and mounting it on a wagon. The principal feature of it is two transformers, which are capable of turning about forty horse power into heat. Superintendent Willson says that the apparatus will generate enough heat to thaw out a three-quarter inch pipe, but as now constructed cannot be used in thawing out mains. To do that it would be necessary to use larger transformers, as the great surface of the main would desinate all the electricity which will be furnished by the present outfit without appreciably raising the temperature. He says he thinks the reason nobody ever hits on this method of thawing out pipes before it was tried at Madison is because the ground under usual conditions is a good conductor. But frozen ground, he says, is an excellent insulator, which makes the plan feasible.

A FRIGHTFUL BLUNDER will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. The Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by the Stafford Drug Co.

The "life-line" is out, extending the "glad hand" of life, hope, and happiness. Reaches around the globe. 'Tis Rocky Mountain Tea. Stafford Drug company.

OUR GREAT CLEARING SALE NOW GOING ON.

COME AND GET BARGAINS AT OUR STORE.

The clearing out sale at our store is now in progress, and affords more real bargains in first-class Dry Goods than any sale ever before conducted in this city.

Low Prices on Petticoats, Ladies' Jackets, Fur Capes and Collarettes.

We must make room in our Cloak Department for the best line of Spring Suits, Silk Waists, Ladies' Skirts and Jackets ever shown in this section, therefore we will make exceptionally low prices on above goods.

MUSLINS, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, DRESS GOODS, LINEN GOODS, PERCALES, ETC.,

are still going at the low prices. To give you an idea of prices at which the goods are going we would mention:

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|----------------------------|---------|
| Stand Shirting Prints . . . | 3 cts. | Lonsdale Bleached Sheeting | 6 cts. |
| Indigo Blue Prints | 4 cts. | Fruit of the Loom Sheeting | 6 cts. |
| Outing Flannels | 5 cts. | 10-4 Blankets | 35 cts. |

Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves and Mittens at Clearing Sale Prices.

Louis Grabower, Mgr.

(2-6-16-0)

New Spring Goods Are Now Ready.

I am showing a very fine line of imported suitings for Spring and Summer trade and I ask you to examine the same. Everything is new and from the best markets in the east. Give me a call.

SIMMONS, The Tailor.

COAL!

HARD, SOFT CANNEL, SMITHING.

- HAY, GRAIN,**
Pillsbury's Best Flour,
Portland and Natural **CEMENT,**
Lime, Plaster, Sewer Pipe,
Fire Brick and Clay,
—SALT—

Write for prices on car lots or less. Prompt Shipment Given.

F. B. SPEAR & SONS.



IS THE WAR OVER?

We wouldn't think so, with Miles and Egan throwing beef at each other. There is never any question about whether our meats are high grade or not. We handle nothing but the best fed, primest and fattest beef, lamb, mutton, veal and pork to be procured, and we pride ourselves upon being expert judges of what is the best. We will sell you a fine roast, steak, chop or cutlet at a reasonable price, and if you want strictly fresh eggs try ours.

HATHWAY & PETERS.

Something New!

Flat-Opening Blank Books.

Made to Order by **EGGERS, The Bookbinder,** Marquette, Mich.

NOTICE:

One Dayton Computing scale (new), price at factory \$45, will sell for \$50; also one \$55 Cary scale for \$60; one S. F. Bowser self-measuring oil tank (new), for \$30; one 16-foot display case; one pickle display case; one three-story show case; one four-story show case; two 8-foot show cases; two 4-foot show cases. The above goods are new, or nearly so, and in first-class condition, and will be sold for cash only, to close out. (1-19-14)

J. L. HÉRICH

THAT CHERRY TREE STORY



has always been a subject of doubt, but if you need a good hatchet, axe or a lot of superior tools by Washington's birthday, there is no doubt whatever as to where you can get the best quality at the lowest price. Our superior stock of mechanics' tools includes everything that carpenters or machinists will need.

M. R. MANHARD.

William O'Leary & Company, FINE ARTS.

Paintings, Etchings, Engravings, Water Colors, Facsimiles, Picture Framing, Artists' Materials, Copying Prints, Autotypes, German Photographs, Reproductions. 236 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich. When in Detroit visit our Art Galleries.

J. E. TRETHEWEY, Interior and House Decorator.

Wall Paper, The best and the cheapest.

Picture Moulding.

Palace Livery Stable, FAY & BRICKER, Props.

FIRST-CLASS LIVERY SERVICE At all hours

First-Class Boarding Stable.

TEAMS OF ALL KINDS Dry 4-Foot Slats for Sale at \$2.00 Per Cord.

Broker's Office Grain, Provisions and Stock BOUGHT AND SOLD

On Margin or Cash. Orders can be given by telephone. Special attention given to out of town orders.

Markets received every five minutes. J. W. Spear, Manager.

Office: Harlow block, Cor. Front and Washington Sts. MARQUETTE, MICH. (2-3-14-0)

NOTICE.

Houses for Rent. Horses for Sale. Pottery Lime, 1 1/2-in. Hardwood and Dry 4 ft. Slabs; Cedar Fence and Closets; Telephone and Flag Poles; Team work.

GEO. E. FRENCH, Marquette, Mich. Both Phones. (1-19-14)

F. H. W. TAXIDERMIST, BAILEY, MARQUETTE, MICH.

Birds and Animals mounted to order. Deer heads a specialty. (12-7-14)

ANTON MANTHEL, 121 Washington street, wholesale and Retail—Meats, Butter and Eggs.

G. R. WATTS, Piano Tuner. Leave orders at G. N. Conklin's, Marquette; County Telephone 15, and E. Giral's, Ishpeming. (1-19-14)