

## We Have Reached Negaunee!

Our window is piled full of our Prescription files. They are an interesting sight. If joined together the Prescriptions would reach just to Negaunee. Soon they will reach Ishpeming. How many drug stores in Michigan can make such a record?

**The Stafford Drug Co.,**  
Prescription Druggists.

## GOING FAST.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF MEN'S WINTER FOOTWEAR AT OUR CLEAN-UP-SALE.

These goods are not shop-worn or out of date. They are new clean up-to-date goods.  
\$4.50 Men's High-Cut "Klondike" shoes, new toe, now \$3.20.  
\$4.00 Men's Winter Tan shoes, Call-Li, ed. new toe, now \$3.20.  
\$4.00 Men's Box-Calf shoes, Call-Li, ed. new toe, now \$3.20.  
\$5.00 Men's Winter Tan or Box-Calf shoes, new toe, now \$2.40.  
Buy now before your size is sold.

**Goodspeed's,**  
120 Front Street.



## DANGER!

It is dangerous to be without a warm suit or overcoat these cold days.

It is also needless when you can buy at the prices we are offering. We have made big reductions on our Winter Clothing department will convince you that our goods are right and our prices lower than anywhere (quality considered). Our lines of winter Underwear and Hosiery are the best to be had. If you want honest dealing come to us.

**GOODING & ORMSBEE,**  
127-129 Washington St., Marquette.

## F. L. SIMMONS, Tailor,

is desirous of making the clothes of those of the men of Marquette who wish to dress in the latest style. I already dress some of the best people of this city and wish to dress all. I am a graduate of the Mitchell School of Cutting, New York city, and I often visit the cities of both the East and the West to look into the changes in cutting and see the new styles and the latest patterns in suitings. I guarantee satisfaction. The customer is under no obligation to take his suit if it is not satisfactory. I press and keep in order without charge the suits of those of my regular customers whose patronage justifies it.

GIVE ME A CALL.

## Lilac Cream, Glycerine Lotion,

Two of the finest toilet articles made for Chapped Hands, Face, and Lips and Roughness of Skin. With every cash purchase of 25c we are giving a complimentary chance on a \$50 Phonograph—Edison's latest.

Cor. Front and Washington Sts., and on Superior St.  
**Pendill's Pharmacies,**

Buy your Groceries at

## Murray's.

They are the best and cheapest in the end. We have most anything you can wish for in this line.

## D. Murray,

114 South Front Street.

LIVE WELL WHILE YOU LIVE. for you will surely be a long time dead. Don't all buy Copper Stocks. Buy Groceries; they will make you feel good when they go down, and they are cheaper.



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## EGGS!

All Eggs sold by us guaranteed Strictly Fresh.

**Hoard's Creamery Butter,**  
The Best in the Land.

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The only place in the city where you will always find a full assortment.

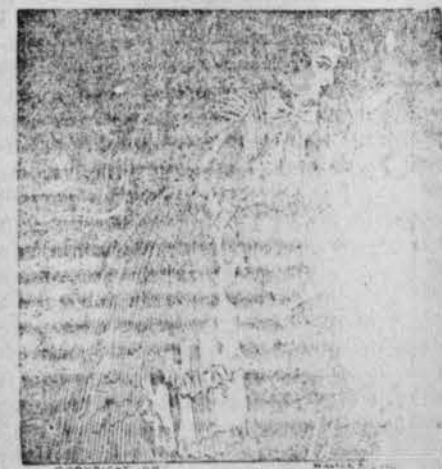
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will be more cheerful and full of intense heat and comfort if it is made from our coal. It burns longer, is more economical, cleaner and with less waste than any other coal on the market. Our furnace and range coal is the delight of the housekeeper on baking days, and when the house needs heating.

**PICKANDS & CO.**

## THE MARCH OF IMPERIALISM

### The Senate Takes a Forward Step by the Ratification of the Paris Treaty

### BY ONE VOTE MORE THAN THE NECESSARY TWO-THIRDS.

#### It Is Thought That Saturday's Battle at Manila Had a Decisive Effect in Bringing About the Favorable Vote--The Filipinos Themselves Have Forced the Issue--The Treaty Will Now Go to the Spanish Cortes for Action, Which Is Expected to Be Favorable.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The treaty of peace negotiated between the commissioners of the United States and Spain at Paris was today ratified by the United States senate, the vote being 57 ayes to 27 nays, or one vote more than the two-thirds majority necessary to secure the senatorial concurrence in a treaty document.

This was a day of excitement and severe strain in the senate. The fact that the treaty was to be voted upon, and the important results hanging in the balance, served to keep the senators at a high tension. Allen, Populist, of Nebraska, addressed the senate in the morning hour in favor of the ratification of the treaty, but in opposition to expansion. Clay, Democrat, of Georgia, occupied a few minutes in explaining why he proposed to support the treaty. Gorman, Democrat, of Maryland, followed with a notable speech, in the course of which he took Wolcott, Republican, of Colorado, severely to task for some statements in the latter's speech a few days ago, in which Gorman thought reference was made to him. He explained that he had not now and had never had any personal aspirations, newspaper reports to the contrary notwithstanding. His attack upon the treaty was one of the most severe made during the debate. After ratification of the treaty, the senator, in open session, took up the joint resolution offered by McEnery, Democrat, of Louisiana, declaring the policy for the Philippines, and an effort was made to adopt it, but the debate occupied so much time that the resolution went over till tomorrow. The resolution is as follows:

"That by the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain, it is not intended to incorporate the inhabitants of said islands into the citizenship of the United States, nor is it intended to permanently annex the Philippine islands as an integral part of the territory of the United States. But it is the intention of the United States to establish on said islands a government suitable to the wants and conditions of the inhabitants and to prepare them for local self-government, and in due time to make such disposition of the said islands as will best promote the interests of the citizens of the United States and the inhabitants of said islands."

The vote was taken in executive session. No vote has been taken in the senate since that on the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law that has been followed with such close interest as was the vote today. This anxiety was due not only to the magnitude of the question at issue, but to the uncertainty which attended the matter up to the last moment. Many of the vast throng which was turned from the galleries after the doors were closed in response to the demand of Senator Davis, of Minnesota, lingered in the corridors, all waiting eagerly for the first news from the inside. Within the chamber was interest even more intense. Very few of the senators left the chamber, except those engaged in the cloak-rooms in trying, on the one side to gain votes for the treaty, and on the other to prevent a break in the ranks. Senators Aldrich, Lodge and Elkins, who have given their special attention to securing the necessary votes to insure the ratification, were doubtful of the result when the secret session began, while Senators Gorman and Jones, leaders of the opposition, considered their forces intact. Half an hour afterwards it was whispered that Senator McEnery had been won over on the condition that his declaratory resolutions should be adopted subsequent to the passage of the ratification resolution. When this news was confirmed, it was known that the ratification was assured, for Senator McEnery had already announced his intention to vote for the treaty, in view of the condition of affairs at Manila. Senator Jones went over at the last moment, making one vote more than necessary. There was no applause when the result was announced, but many senators heaved a sigh of relief and rushed from the chamber to give the news to the waiting world.

Stirring Scenes Before the Vote. In advance of the voting, speeches were made by Senators Ross, Money and Fairbanks. There was a lively interchange of words between Senators Money and Teller. Teller announced his belief that the opposition to the treaty was responsible for the Manila battle, and Money declared that this view was absurd. Promptly at 3 o'clock the vice-president interrupted Senator Money, who was then speaking, to announce that

hour had arrived for the vote. But one amendment was offered—that prepared by Senator Vest, placing the Philippines on the same footing as Cuba in the treaty. In the temporary absence of Vest, it was presented by Gorman. Voting on this amendment proceeded quietly, and as all the senators were present, it was soon disposed of. The votes of the senators were closely scanned for pointers on the approaching vote on the treaty itself. The only vote considered at all significant of a change favorable to the treaty was that of McEnery, who voted against the amendment. The senators from Nevada, McLauren and Kenny, voted for it.

Senator MacLaurin Explains His Vote. The vote was immediately announced, and pages were sent scurrying through the corridors to announce to a few senators the outcome of the vote. The call proceeded quietly until the name Senator MacLaurin was announced. He created the first stir of the occasion by a speech in explanation of his vote for the treaty. This was the initial break in the ranks of the opposition. MacLaurin made a brief statement in explanation of his change of position, giving the open hostilities in Manila as a reason for it. "I am as I have been from the first," he said, "irrevocably opposed to expansion of our territory, and should have voted against ratification but for the news that has come to us in the past two days." He then went on to say that the attack upon our troops had brought about a new condition of affairs, and he said he should vote for the treaty.

This announcement brought some of the opposition senators to his side with remonstrances, but he replied to them that he could not any longer see his way clear to cast his vote against the treaty. Continuing his remarks, he referred to Senator Fairbanks' appeal to support the administration as an assurance that the critical condition existing at Manila could be more easily handled if the treaty should be ratified, saying that he, for one, was not willing to embarrass the government at so critical a time. He also referred to the agreement to pass the McEnery resolution as a pledge against expansion. In view of this promise, and in the hope that ratification would lessen the bloodshed in the Philippines, he would therefore, he said, cast his vote in the affirmative. He had hardly concluded when Senator McEnery approached him with words of congratulation, saying that he had decided upon the same course.

### Saturday's Battle at Manila Carried the Vote on the Treaty.

Senator Jones, of Nevada, did not vote the first roll call, but came in from the cloak room before the vote was announced, and by unanimous consent made a brief and feeling speech. He said that he was against expansion, and if he thought ratification of the treaty meant expansion, he would not vote for it, as he considered the policy of expansion would provide the ruin of the country. Events in Manila during the past two or three days, in his judgment, were likely to do more to discourage expansion than anything that had happened. He had at the same time produced a crisis which had made the ratification of the treaty necessary. He considered it his patriotic duty to vote for the treaty, and consequently cast his vote in the affirmative.

With Senator Jones' vote the roll call stood as follows: Yeas—Aldrich, Allen, Allison, Baker, Burrows, Buller, Carter, Chandler, Clark, Clay, Cullom, Davis, Deboe, Elkins, Fairbanks, Faulkner, Foraker, Freys, Gallinger, Gear, Gray, Hanna, Hansbrough, Kyle, Hawley, Jones, (Nev.) Kenny, Kille, Lindsay, Lodge, McBride, McEnery, McLauren, McMillan, Mantle, Mason, Morgan, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Pettus, Platt, (Conn.), Platt, (N. Y.), Richard, Ross, Sewell, Shoup, Simon, Spooner, Stewart, Sullivan, Teller, Thurston, Warren, Wellington, Wolcott, Total, 57.

Nays—Bacon, Bate, Berry, Caffery, Chilton, Cockrell, Daniel, Gorman, Hale, Hildreth, Hoar, Jones, (Ark.), Malloy, Martin, Mills, Mitchell, Money, Murphy, Penco, Pettigrew, Rawlins, Roach, Smith, Tillman, Turley, Turner, Vest, Total, 27.

Absent and Paired—Messrs. Cannon and Wilson for, with White against; and Messrs. Proctor and Wetmore for, with Turpie against.

### PRESIDENT HEARS THE NEWS.

Washington, Feb. 6.—News of the ratification of the treaty reached the White

House almost immediately after the announcement of the vote. Postmaster-General Emory Smith was with the president at the time, and was the first to congratulate him. Naturally, the president was gratified at the vote and so expressed himself. Secretary Gage came in soon afterward and was followed almost immediately by Secretary Alger and Secretary Hay. Within forty minutes after its ratification, General Cox, secretary of the senate, appeared with the treaty itself, which he promptly delivered into the president's hands and then retired. Cabinet members, as they left the White House, were jubilant over the ratification of the treaty, and spoke of it as a great triumph. Secretary Hay expressed his gratification that the treaty was ratified, and said he only regretted that it had been found necessary to occupy so much valuable time in doing it. He said the treaty would now be submitted to the Spanish cortes at the session which opens this month.

### BRYAN ON THE RATIFICATION.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 6.—William J. Bryan, expressed no surprise over the ratification of the peace treaty. When asked if the ratification of the treaty would end the fight against the annexation of the Philippines, Bryan said: "Not by any means. While many thought that a fight should be made against the treaty, I felt that the real fight is to be made on the resolution declaring our national policy. Opposition to the treaty served a useful purpose, and the opponents of ratification made a gallant fight, but there never was any chance of defeating the ratification. Now that the treaty is out of the way, it can be treated as a domestic question, and the line can be drawn between those who believe in forcible annexation and those who believe the Filipinos should be allowed to govern themselves. I believe the people will repudiate the imperialistic policy."

### HAVE LOST THEIR LEADER.

THE FILIPINO JUNTA AT WASHINGTON IN A BAD WAY. THEIR LEADER HAS FLED, AND THEY FEAR ARREST.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The Filipino junta here is in a state of bewilderment today. Senor Agoncillo, it is said, fled so hurriedly, that he failed to leave instructions for the balance of the junta, and they accordingly are dependent upon word from him, as well as hampered by the serious illness of one of their number. Their counsel, Messrs. Ralston and Siddon, withdrew from any relations with them, and they are accordingly now without advisers, in a strange country, and though told that they will not likely be arrested, they have strong apprehensions on that score. The junta has received no dispatch from Aguinaldo about the battle, and no word has come from their fleeing chief, Agoncillo. This forenoon Senor Lopez had a long interview with their attorneys at which the latter formally withdrew all connection with them.

### AGONCILLO IS IN MONTREAL.

THE MISSING FILIPINO REPRESENTATIVE AT WASHINGTON TURNS UP IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 6.—Agoncillo, the Filipino representative, arrived here this morning. Agoncillo, accompanied by his secretary drove to Windsor Hotel. He said he had heard about last Saturday's affair after leaving New York last night, it surprised him greatly. He had no idea affairs in Manila had reached so critical a stage; in fact, he considered they were perhaps getting a trifle better. He says that he left Washington because the authorities would not allow him to receive any cablegrams. "I came to Montreal," he said, "in order to receive news which was not allowed to reach me in Washington. I don't know how long I may have to wait. It is my present intention to return to New York when I have received it."

Montreal, Que., Feb. 6.—Agoncillo had an extremely busy day of it. Many newspaper men and other people, drawn by curiosity, thronged his room all day long. He was shown dispatches concerning the ratification of the peace treaty. He read them with interest.

"That is not a big majority?" he said, but when pressed to express an opinion on the senate's action he declined. He also refused to say anything of his future movements. Agoncillo asked a number of questions about the Canadian constitution. He inquired of all his visitors as to whether they would prefer to have Canada a colony or not.

"You have not got freedom," he declared, "and you don't want it. You are not like us." The Filipino envoy apparently does not recognize the action of the senate today as a negative reply to his mission.

### PRESENT CONDITION OF CUBA.

GEN. PORTER RETURNS FROM HAVANA AND TELLS OF IMPROVEMENTS IN THE STATE OF THE ISLAND.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Robert P. Porter arrived in Washington, direct from Havana, after a successful mission to Gomez, whom he met at Remedios. He submitted his report to Secretary Gage today. Aside from the successful outcome of his mission, the most interesting part of Porter's report relates to his observations as to conditions in the island as they exist today. "From Havana to St. Domingo, nearly two hundred miles," says Porter, "your commissioner went over the route as he did last September. The difference, however, in the condition of the country now and then is very marked. Last September the whole distance was one scene of desolation. There were literally no signs of life, human or animal, except at the railway stations, which swarmed with starving humanity. Never was there such a sad and desolate scene as then. Today the conditions are improved. A decided change for the better is noticeable in the country itself; the people are beginning to work again. Quick growing crops have been planted, and some are ready for the harvest."



Some women at the critical period of approaching motherhood fortunately receive every care and attention which abundant means can bestow, but the vast majority of them are obliged to take care of themselves and do their own work into the bargain, and what woman with family duties de-



pendent upon her can be expected to patiently endure the long-drawn-out weariness of waiting and hoping in sickness and wretchedness for a recovery that seems to come on leaden wings? "My wife has been a great sufferer from troubles incident to approaching motherhood," says Rev. E. R. Nelson, of Darvills, Duwiddie Co., Va. "She suffered with such distressing sick stomach that she could not take food; what little was forced down could not be retained. Her breath was very offensive and indicated a bad state of the stomach. The digestive organs refused to work. The trouble became so severe and obstinate that I was really alarmed. She began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets' and about the same time I wrote to Dr. Pierce for particular advice. He promptly and very courteously replied, saying that he felt sure a persistent use of these remedies would prove effectual. "By the time the letter was received she was improving fast and before all of one bottle each of the 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' had been taken she was up, able to eat, retain and digest her food. She continued to improve until entirely well without taking more than the bottles mentioned, and some of the 'Pellets.' "Accept no substitutes for these world-famed medicines, that may be urged upon you, not for your good, but that the dealer may make a little extra profit. These remedies contain no trace of alcohol, nor opium, nor any of the dangerous drugs which enter so largely into many advertised 'compounds,' recommended for the cure of invalid women. They will not create craving for stimulants.

First National Bank OF MARQUETTE.

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THE MARQUETTE COUNTY SAVINGS BANK, MARQUETTE, MICH.

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Receives Deposits in sums from \$1 upward. Loans money on real estate and other approved security. Transacts a general banking business. Three per cent interest, per annum paid on all savings deposits and interest compounded twice yearly. Open daily during banking hours and every Thursday evening from 7 to 8:30 p.m.

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Connections at Sibleyton with the day trains, East and West of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad.

Table with columns: A.M. No. 1 Mxd., STATIONS, P.M. No. 2 Mxd. Rows include Thompson, South Manistique, Manistique, Manistique River, Sturgeon's Hole, Hiwatha, Smith's Creek, Steuben, Delta Siding, Scott's Camp, Richardson, Sibleyton.

DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

A Morning Paper Published by the Mining Journal Co. (Limited.)

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches and is especially devoted to Upper Peninsula interests.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Per month, by carrier, \$1.00 Per year, by mail, \$10.00

MARQUETTE, MICH., FEBRUARY 7.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

A CRITICAL SITUATION.

The bloody encounter between our forces at Manila and the Filipino insurgents Saturday evening will enable our people to understand now critical the situation is in the Philippine islands, and what we may expect from the insurgents unless they are firmly dealt with.

It has been for some time obvious that Aguinaldo and his following are averse to having control of the islands pass to the United States government, not because they are fearful that our government would misuse its opportunities there, but for the reason that they want supreme power themselves in order to be in a position to enrich themselves at the expense of the wealthy Spaniards remaining there, and such others as they could plunder with impunity. They want to succeed the Spaniards as rulers of the island for the purpose of robbing the people as the Spaniards have done, and their main objection to having our government remain in control is that if it should they will not be permitted to carry out their program of spoliation and vengeance on the better element of the population.

The insurgent chief has quite a following, for all the lawless elements naturally belong and are inclined to range themselves under his banner, and he will fight us if he thinks there is any chance of doing this successfully. The way to now deal with him is to pursue him aggressively, and it is evidently the intention of the administration to regard him as an outlaw and push him vigorously from now until he sees for peace.

It will hardly be questioned that the course of an influential coterie of our senators in antagonizing ratification of the peace treaty has encouraged the insurgents to force the issue with our troops as they did at Manila Saturday. We trust that the embroilment in which the lives of several of our men were sacrificed, and many were wounded, will enable these senators to see the hurtful tendency of their attitude on the treaty, and that as one result of the unpleasantness at Manila they will, now that it has been ratified, come loyally to the support of the administration in what it is seeking to do to restore order and establish a stable government in the Philippines.

THOSE CANNY FOREIGNERS.

It seems that while the American public has been bidding the price of railroad and industrial stocks up to unheard-of figures, the foreign investing public has been steadily selling out its holdings. Some of these securities have been held abroad for many years. At times when our markets were depressed they have shown heavy losses to the owners, but in the last few months most of the owners have been able to get out whole, or with a good profit. The temptation was too great, and they took advantage of the Wall street boom to realize.

Late press dispatches announced that almost every ship arriving from England recently has brought many reams of such securities. The sellers have been borrowing stocks for some time to fill their sales temporarily, but now they will deliver the actual certificates. We notice by the London cables that a certain ship which sailed a few days ago had such a load of these chromos that the insurance companies refused to insure them at full value; consequently the shipment was divided and part sent on another vessel.

What the effect of the delivery of these certificates will have upon the course of prices in Wall street during the next few weeks, remains to be seen. It may be that the market is strong enough to take them without slumping, but there is some danger that it will not. The borrowing demand for stocks by the foreign sellers has, no doubt, had a strengthening effect upon quotations. When this borrowing demand ceases and the actual stock is delivered, somebody will have to take it and pay for it.

Another effect of the return of the securities will be to reduce the money balance in favor of the United States in European financial centers, for that balance will be drawn upon to pay for the stocks. That is to say, the foreigners are paying us in our own securities instead of in money. It would not be surprising if this should stiffen the interest rate, at least temporarily.

OUR FOREIGN TRADE IN 1898.

Speaking of our foreign trade during the past calendar year, the American Manufacturer says:

The value of the imports in 1898 was \$633,664,634, and of the exports, \$1,354,925,169, the excess of the value of the exports being \$621,260,535, or \$264,146,719 above the excess for 1897, and \$598,069,746 above the excess for 1896. Since 1895 our foreign trade has grown enormously, and this is particularly the case with iron and steel and manufactures thereof.

In order to maintain the footing we have already secured in the foreign market, we must not only continue to make the best and the cheapest, we must also study the demands of our foreign customers, their system of doing business, their financial arrangements, and, above all, the art of selling. American competition will certainly create severe rivalry, and while we continue to manu-

facture we cannot neglect to pay the closest attention to the mercantile side.

The Chicago Inter Ocean announces that an investigation shows that the number of millionaire senators in the United States senate, stands in no danger of being reduced, the majority of those recently elected being of that class. Well, what is the complaint, so long as they are honest men? The possession of riches is no crime. It all depends on the use to which a man puts his millions. If a man is honest, and has the interests of his fellow man and country at heart, riches ought to be no barrier, and the best means of being sure that the senator is an honest man, whether he is a millionaire or not, is to resort to the election of senators by the people. Mistakes are apt to be made, even in this method, but it removes many of the temptations for the unscrupulous rich to buy their way into office.—Saginaw News.

We are not so sure of that. There are well authenticated instances of unscrupulous rich men having bought their way into the house of representatives, and that, too, with the full knowledge and concurrence of venal constituencies. The trouble lies more with the voters than with the system, and no effort to reform our political methods that does not begin with the voter will yield permanent good results.

While some of our military men are bickering over their victory, some of the Spanish fighters are bickering over their defeat. Advice from Madrid say that a quarrel is on between Admiral Cervera and General Blanco regarding the responsibility for the destruction of the Spanish fleet at Santiago. General Blanco has published a statement over his own signature calling Admiral Cervera a vile name, pronouncing him dishonest, a traitor and a falsifier. Cervera has responded with bitterness, and serious conflicts have taken place between the followers of the two men. The people of this country will be inclined to sympathize with Cervera as the more chivalrous of the two men.

A COSTLY SHEARING.

Baron Reuter, a gentleman of Holland, who has the reputation of being one of the most original of men, has just paid the sum of \$160 for having his hair cut. While he was traveling in England last year he was so pleased with the care given his hair and beard by a London barber that he decided in the future always to employ him. Since then every two or three months he has received at Aja a visit from the British hairdresser, who would arrive in the morning by way of Flushing and return to London the next morning. Every one of these visits cost the baron the sum of 200 francs, without counting the fee. During the last month the Hollandier found himself in Berlin, when he perceived that his hair needed the attention of the London barber, whom he telegraphed to come at once. This time the going and returning and cutting of the baronial hair cost \$25 francs.—Chicago Record.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1898.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75 cents. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

OFFICE OF THE PARK AND CEMETERY COMMISSION.

Marquette, Mich., Feb. 6, 1899. A regular monthly meeting of the Park and Cemetery Commission was held at its office in the city hall, present, Peter White and the mayor, J. F. Nieldhart. The secretary being absent, Mr. Nieldhart was appointed secretary, pro tem, and the meeting was called to order.

The minutes of the last meeting were read, and there being no objections, the same were approved. The president reported having turned in to the city treasury the sum of \$237, collected for lots sold and work done in the cemetery.

The pay roll and bills for the month of January, properly verified, were presented as follows:

Pay roll.....\$175.32 E. Ragusatt..... 6.80 Mining Journal Co. (Ltd.)..... 2.80 On motion of Mr. Nieldhart, the same were approved and allowed, and the secretary directed to draw orders on the city treasury in payment.

There being no further business before the board, the meeting was adjourned. J. F. NIELDHART, Secretary, pro tem.

FREE OF CHARGE.—Any adult suffering from a cold settled on the breast, bronchitis, throat or lung troubles of any nature, who will call at Stafford's drug store will be presented with a sample bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP, FREE OF CHARGE. Only one bottle given to one person, and none to children without order from parents. No throat or lung remedy ever had such a sale as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP in all parts of the civilized world. Twenty years ago millions of bottles were given away, and your druggists will tell you its success was marvellous. It is really the only throat and lung remedy generally endorsed by physicians. One 75 cent bottle will cure or prove its value. Sold by all druggists in this city.

Hood's Pills. Should be in every family medicine chest and every traveler's grip. They are invaluable when the stomach is out of order; cure headache, biliousness, and all liver troubles. Mild and efficient. 25 cents.

A SPANISH ASSASSIN.

The Ingenious Destructive Invention of a Would-be Regicide.

During the summer of 1812 there might have been observed loitering about the Tuilleries a spare, shabbily dressed man, past the prime of life, restless and watchful in his movements, but wearing, in spite of his humble garb, an air of faded respectability and nobility. He was a decayed Spanish noble, Don Monsen Chavarri by name, and one thing noticeable about him was his persistency in endeavoring to obtain an audience of the emperor. Foiled in every attempt, either through accident or the suspicions of the attendants, he invariably received his rebuffs in silence and withdrew, merely to renew his importunities. Repulsed today, tomorrow found him at his post. He haunted the palace like a specter. Even the gamins soon grew familiar with the story of his hopeless quest and he began in time to be treated with that pitiful consideration which is usually accorded to those of unsound mind. At length, however, there came a day when, in the Rue De Rivoli, as the emperor was returning from a review, a pistol shot rang out from the corner of the court and the bullet, whistling through the line of outriders, buried itself in a panel of the imperial carriage. The police at once charged the crowd, and among the number arrested was our friend the Spaniard. At the trial, there being no evidence against him, he was acquitted, but warned to instantly leave Paris. Acting upon the warning, he disappeared, and all traces of him were lost.

It was some two years after this occurrence that there began to circulate among the quidnuncs of the capital reports of a marvelous clock to be seen in that city, which illustrated, by means of automatic figures, an episode in the life of the emperor. It was designed for presentation to that personage. It was said to be the work of a famous artisan, who had lately arrived, incognito, from foreign parts, accompanied by a young lady, his daughter, who, in a supposed fit of eccentricity, had taken lodgings in a humble and obscure quarter of the Faubourg St. Antoine. The reports of the wonderful, almost supernatural, performances of this piece of mechanism, and the mystery surrounding its owner, and inventor, gave rise for a short time, and in certain circles, to no small amount of gossip. This gradually died away, and the artisan and his clock were alike forgotten, when an event occurred which restored them to more than their former prominence, and entitled them to a place in history.

Fouche, one morning in his office, received a letter from his secret agent in Spain, which contained information of a most startling and important character. Its perusal threw him into a state of unusual excitement, and its result was an immediate descent of the police upon the mysterious shop in the Faubourg St. Antoine, with orders to arrest the artisan, and his daughter, secure the premises, and carefully guard all the stock, tools, implements, and other contents from being touched or displaced till further opportunity offered for a thorough investigation. The party detailed for the duty having departed, Fouche reentered his office, and waited, with ill-concealed anxiety, the arrival of the prisoners. After a considerable lapse of time, the officer charged with the arrest appeared empty-handed. His report was soon made. The lady in the case, the daughter, had that morning, at an early hour, left her house in the Faubourg, accompanied by a young lad, who bore heavy black portmanteau. The two had been traced to the gates of Montmartre, beyond which point no clew to their movements could be obtained. The old workman himself had left the shop an hour before the visit of the police, locking doors and barring windows behind him. He bore in his arms what was apparently, according to the apple-woman opposite, a great square box covered with oilskin. It seemed heavy. He sat down awhile on his doorstep, when a calèche came by, in which he put himself and box, with the assistance of the driver, was driven off at a rapid pace. The calèche was brown; the driver was in green livery. A gendarme was following him, and another was guarding the shop in the Faubourg where, however, nothing remained but a piece of furniture and a great many scraps of brass and iron. Fouche reflected a moment, when his face suddenly whitened. Without a word, he dashed down the stairway to the street and sprang into a passing fiacre.

"To the Tuilleries!" he shouted. "Double wages for double speed!" Arrived at the palace, he hastily alighted and demanded to be at once shown into the presence of the emperor. Napoleon was in the room in which he received private visitors, and thither the ushers instantly conducted Fouche, who, encountering some delay in the anteroom, impatiently pushed open the folding doors and entered unannounced. The emperor greeted the intrusion at first with a frown of displeasure, but, instantly recognizing his visitor, resumed his customary expression and nodded affably. Fouche took in the situation at a single glance. Besides Napoleon there were five persons in the room. Four of these were officials of the palace—chamberlains and armed valets, who frequently attended when he gave audience, to prevent attempts at private assassinations. The fifth was a man habited in a common workman's blouse, standing apart from the others, in a respectful attitude, and holding in his hand a workman's cap. It needed but a glance to assure Fouche that this person was none other than the old familiar goblin of the Tuilleries—Don Monsen Chavarri. But how metamorphosed! His hair, formerly gray, was dyed to a glossy blackness; his face was despoiled of its mustache and pointed beard, and his once smooth hands were roughened as though by exposure and toil. At his side stood a large lacquer table, supporting an object on which Fouche's attention was immediately fixed. This was seen at once to be the exact model of the church of Notre Dame, wrought in metal, in the highest style of art, and serving evidently as the case for a clock, since just above the folding doors, which were perfect imitations of those which barred the principal entrance to Notre Dame, were two dials, on one of which the hours and minutes were measured, while on the other a long, sweeping hand described the sec-

onds. Fouche, by a natural impulse, noticed the time indicated by the dials. It lacked a few minutes of noon. Immediately thereafter he started with nervous alarm as the clock gave a warning note as though about to strike; then suddenly there was a clank of complicated machinery, and the great doors folded slowly inward, exposing the whole gorgeous interior to view. The mimic church was decorated as though for some great fete. Banners and hangings of the richest material and most costly workmanship fluttered from the ceilings and flaunted from the niches in the walls. The aisles were carpeted with tapestry and velvet, and the pillars were clustered with gold and blazing with gems. On the opposite sides of the great nave two thrones were erected, the one being approached by a flight of velvet covered steps, and canopied with cloth of gold and scarlet velvet sprinkled with golden bees. And now the great bell in the tower struck one with a heavy, reverberating clang; there arose a swell of triumphant music, and a mimic procession, clad in gorgeous robes, moved into view from one of the hidden aisles. At the head of this cortege walked an old man wearing a triple crown, who, as the bell tolled for the second time, ascended the steps of the smaller throne. It was the coronation performed by automatons.

Napoleon looked on with unusual interest. "Confess, Fouche," he said, "that this is as admirable in its way as the police system in Paris. There is one mistake, however," he continued; "the great doors of Notre Dame were not open on that occasion. The throne was built against them, and the only entrance was through the transverse halls." "True, sire," said the fictitious artisan, casting a side glance at Fouche, whose name he had just heard pronounced. "True, but your majesty will see that it is a mistake unavoidable here. Like the rest of the world, we have been obliged to sacrifice truth in order to secure effect."

The emperor smiled and remained silent. Meanwhile, Fouche was revolving a dilemma in his mind with the rapidity of one accustomed to act in dangerous crisis. There are situations in which a slight advantage in the hands of a dangerous man may set at naught the strength of thousands, and in which the most extraordinary means must be employed to secure what are apparently trifling results. Fouche adopted the course which seemed at first most speedily practicable, since the consideration of first importance was, in this instance, time.

"Your majesty," said he, advancing and speaking rapidly, "may I request your immediate attendance in your cabinet for a matter of the utmost consequence—a matter which will not permit of a moment's delay?" The emperor turned in surprise and frowned. Chavarri looked up sullenly and silently made a suspicious movement toward his clock. With the rapidity of thought, Fouche changed his plans.

"Your majesty," said he, loudly, and more rapidly than before, "Lady Isidore Chavarri has just been arrested near the Cemetery of Montmartre, charged with a capital crime. She has already been tried by a special tribunal and condemned to death. I come to implore your majesty to grant her pardon."

As he spoke, he fixed an intent, searching gaze upon the Spaniard. This time the bolt had struck. The old man's face was taking on a sickly hue, and his limbs trembled. "This is a most unusual proceeding," said the emperor, in amazement. "Who is this lady, and what is the nature of her crime?" Fouche, bent double with suspense, still keeping his eye riveted upon the tawny, changing face, spoke almost impromptu:

"You have trusted me before, sire. I beseech you, sire, trust me now. Ask me no questions, but write the pardon." There was an instant of silence, broken only by the ticking and low music of the clock. The second hand was measuring off the sixtieth minute with rapid, steady sweep. Almost unconsciously Fouche drew a pistol from his pocket, cocked it unobserved, and, with a face as that of a corpse, was raising it to fire, when a cry to the emperor on his lips, when Chavarri, whose mind seemed torn by contending emotions, bent suddenly over his mechanism, touched a spring concealed in the rear of the tower, and instantly the whole complicated machinery of the clock stopped with a sudden metallic clang. The music ceased, the automatons paused, standing like statues, each in his place, the mimic emperor stretching out his hand for the crown of the Caesars, and the great bell in the tower poised midway in its swing for the twelfth and final stroke.

"Parbleu!" muttered Fouche, pocketing the pistol and wiping the perspiration from his brow. "Allow me, monsieur," he said, advancing to the table, "to inspect this wonderful specimen of art." "It is so delicate, monsieur," said Chavarri, hurriedly, still keeping his finger on the secret spring and waving Fouche off with his unengaged hand. "Here is the pardon," said the emperor, affixing his signature to a paper as he spoke. "I hold you, Fouche, responsible for results. Well, what next?" "Our worthy friend's clock is broken, it appears," said Fouche, awkwardly. "Broken, sire," said the Spaniard, "and with it the plans of a lifetime. And," he added, casting down his eyes, and speaking in a querulous, broken voice, "since, when one's hopes are broken one cares but little where he goes, I wish a passport to leave France."

Fouche took up the cue immediately. "I have to request, sire," said he, "that you also make out a full and free pardon for the accomplice of the Lady Isidore Chavarri—her father, Don Monsen Chavarri of Seville." The emperor smiled bitterly. His active mind had already compassed the situation, and without a word, either of ex postulation or inquiry, he seized a pen and wrote. Then, having finished and signed the double pardon he advanced with it in his hand.

"Our friend here," said he, "doubtless knows where these persons are to be found, and to him I confide these papers." The old man, still jealously keeping his hand on the spring of the mechanism, read aloud: "A full permission to Don Monsen and Dona Isidore Chavarri to leave France immediately, without hindrance or question." "Add," said he, "and alive." "You would have made a good diplomat," said Napoleon, as he made the required addition.

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Chavarri hesitated for a moment, removed his hand lingeringly from the spring, and, bowing his head, glided toward the door. Just upon the threshold he turned in sudden dismay.

"Where shall I find my daughter?" he asked.

"When she is found we will send monsieur word," sneered Fouche.

An expression of the most intense malignity flashed across the old man's face, and with an oath he sprang toward the table in the room. But a pistol confronted him.

"The pardons are forfeited," said Fouche. "No," said the emperor, "let him pass." Chavarri, with a look of wonder, wheeled slowly about and disappeared.

After his departure Napoleon stood for a short time in the center of the apartment in a profound reverie. Then, as his gaze fell upon the clock and the automaton standing beneath the suspended crown within, he bent forward and regarded the figure attentively.

"So," he said, "this was to have been my successor." It is scarcely necessary to add that the clock proved, on examination, to be an infernal machine of the most ingenious and deadly description. Concealed beneath the metallic slab which formed the pavements of the mimic chapel, and which was constructed to fold back at the proper moment, was found a triple row of small wrought iron barrels, loaded heavily with slugs and balls, arranged to cover an arc of 45 degrees, at a distance of twenty yards from the machine. No one within that range could possibly have withstood their discharge, exploded simultaneously, exactly when the hands on the dial indicated the hour of noon, but a spring on the outside of the case gave the manipulator power to alter the "set" of the works and discharge them sooner if necessary.

A few months after the occurrence of the incidents narrated above, Fouche received a letter from Chavarri, then in England, written in the vein in which men who have played a desperate game and lost write occasionally to those who have outwitted them. The writer stated that the clock was entirely the work of his own hands, and that he and his daughter alone were concerned in the plot, which had been frustrated by Fouche's promptness. As for himself, he had little expectation of escaping, having freely resolved to involve himself, if necessary, in the destruction which should overwhelm the emperor. His daughter, however, the only person on earth for whom he retained any affection, he could not afford thus to sacrifice. He had made provision elsewhere for her support, and she had departed at as early an hour as possible, while he himself had proceeded to the palace at 11. No personal danger, no promised honor, nothing in short, but the cunningly devised falsehood regarding his daughter, could have induced Chavarri to stop the hands of the fatal clock. He also confessed that it was he who, two years before, had fired the shot in the Rue De Rivoli. Chavarri subsequently died in extreme poverty in London. Of the after fate of his daughter nothing is known. His clock, despoiled of the murderous portion of its machinery, was preserved for several years in the Tuilleries, and was finally destroyed by an accidental fire and the falling of a wall.—Translated from the French.

REMARKABLE RESCUE.—Mrs. Michael Curtin, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless case, and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at the Stafford Drug company. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

Cures cough, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

PIPE STAVES FOR SALE. 1,665 pieces 2 1/2 in. by 5 1/4 in. by 16 feet, cut to circle 6 ft. inside diameter. Equals about 29,000 feet, selected common pine, well seasoned. Price in pile at city power station, \$12 per thousand feet. Light & Power Commission, R. A. Wilson, Superintendent, Marquette, Mich. (12-15-11)

A PLAIN LETTER About Four Hundred Baltimore Rye from Potosky's Most Prominent Physicians.

Reyraft & Reyraft, Physicians and Surgeons, Office over Postoffice, Potosky, Mich., Jan. 21, 1899. The Crown Distillery Co., Cincinnati, O. Gentlemen: Having thoroughly tested your Four Hundred Baltimore Rye whiskey, we believe as a remedial agency it is one of the best of its kind, and we recommend this brand in every case where a stimulant is indicated. It is perfect in stimulation. Mellow, well matured and peculiarly adapted as a medicant in typhoid and other low types of fever. We always take pleasure in prescribing and recommending its use when a tonic or stimulant effect is desired. Very truly, DRS. REYRAFT & REYRAFT.

Rich, pure and mellow; guaranteed ten years old; sold at all first-class cafes and at drug stores. (1-26-11)

The Best Cough Remedy on Earth. Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, Consumption Cure, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken 1 time and does not stop a cough in ONE minute by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong. 25 and 50 cents.



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MINING PUMPS FOR SALE CHEAP. Four No. 10 Camerons, one No. 5 Cameron, one Duplex Worthington, one Duplex Prescott, one Giles & Garrison.

The Penobscot Mine, Hibbing, Minn. Telephone "Negaunee Greenhouses."

NEGAUNEE . . . NURSERY and GREENHOUSES. FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS, ETC.

FLORAL DESIGNS AT LOW PRICES A SPECIALTY. Prices of cut flowers: Roses, \$1.00 per doz; American Beauties, 25 cents each; Carnations, 40 cents per dozen; Roman Hyacinths, 50 cents per doz; Paper White Narcissus, 50 cents per doz; Violets, 25 cents per bunch; St. Ives, 45 cents per large string; Asparagus, 25 cents per doz. sprays.

G. M. SACKRIDER, EXPERT ACCOUNTANT, HOUGHTON, MICH. Correspondence Solicited. (1-21-1f)

M'DONALD & JACKA, Livery, Feed & Sale Stable. Headquarters Keweenaw State Line. Special Attention to Night Calls. Open day and night. Telephone connection. Corner Fifth and Portland Streets, CALUMET, MICH. (1-9-3m)

PHILSCHEURMANN BREWING CO., Hancock, Mich. Remember the Brands, "Rhinegold," "Export," "Royal Brew."

Our beer is manufactured from the choicest hops and malt and guaranteed to be perfectly pure. For sale in kegs or bottles by all dealers. Mail and telephone orders given prompt attention. (12-6-0)

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A. L. KRELLWITZ, Houghton. Dealer in fine furniture. Undertaker and embalmer.

Copper Country Department WASHED OFF IN THE DARK STOCK MOVEMENT. THE MARKET OPENS STRONG, NEW PROPERTIES IN DEMAND MICHIGAN MINES PREFERRED.

CAPTAIN DUNN ONCE EXPERIENCED THE FATE WHICH RECENTLY BEFEL GENERAL MANAGER FITCH'S BOATHOUSE AT MARQUETTE. "The account of the effect of the big storm about ten days ago upon the Marquette breakwater reminded me of the closest call I ever had to meeting an untimely end," said Captain W. A. Dunn, of Houghton, the "father of the Baltic," to the Mining Journal yesterday.

"If I remember rightly, it was the day after Thanksgiving in 1867. W. L. Wetmore and a man named Ferguson had the first contract for the construction of the present breakwater in Marquette, covering the first 1,200 or 1,400 feet, under the firm name of Wetmore & Ferguson. I got out the timber for the cribs for them down at Au Train and at this time was in Marquette in charge of the work there. We had permission to fill out the shore end with rock for a ways and then the tram road from our quarry ran out upon the cribs. When the storm came up which caused all the trouble we had two cribs which were about ready to sink and although we fastened them with 700 worth of rope and with two chains made out of inch-and-a-quarter iron stay bolts, both broke away and were lost on the beach. It was a night as dark as a stack of black cats and when I started for shore after giving up the cribs I found that the rock was being washed away between the crib-work and the shore and tried to get over on the railroad ties which hung to the rails. It was a bitter cold night and I had a Mackinaw blanket coat on with the hood turned up over my head. Well, just as I got about half way across a big sea came sweeping in and carried me over with it; the undertow then caught me and the next thing I knew I was bumping among the logs in our boom where we kept the timbers ready for the framers. I managed to catch on to one of the booms but I was all alone, no one around to help me, and I can tell you that I did a heap of thinking before I finally managed to work my way to the shore, chilled to the bone.

"The storm was so severe that the seas even washed the rails of our tram-road off the top of the cribs, bending and twisting them in every way." After the completion of this contract Captain Dunn went up to the New York mine, near Ishpeming, for Mr. Wetmore; and that is how he became introduced into the mining world.

SQUIRE FINN'S OPENING DAY. HE HOLDS THE USUAL MONDAY MORNING SOIREE IN HIS NEW QUARTERS. Squire Finn opened court yesterday morning for the first time in his new quarters in the new city hall and after giving a youngster \$1 and costs for fast driving through the streets of Hancock Sunday, contrary to the peace and dignity of the people of Michigan, his honor called up the case of the day and the fun began. The case was that of Axford vs. Johnson in which the plaintiff alleged that he had suffered great loss, injury, and through a knife cut in his left arm inflicted by the defendant, a bright, intelligent looking Finlander. Jury trial was waived and as the testimony showed that Axford received his alleged injuries while attempting to "clean out" a saloon in the aforesaid township of Hancock, at the hour of 10 on Sunday night the squire took the case under advisement and turned his attention to the task of making out warrants to quiet the feelings of the aggrieved parties. Axford demanded a warrant for the arrest of the saloonkeeper for keeping open on Sunday, also warrants for his arrest for selling liquor to his, Axford's, two sons, both minors; while the saloonkeeper came back at him by asking for his arrest on the charge of creating a disturbance in his place of business. As the witnesses showed a disposition to do a mix up in the case, the reporter left somewhat hastily at this stage of the proceedings, fearing that in the general and somewhat reckless swearing out of warrants he might not be overlooked.

A BIG FREIGHT BUSINESS. WHEAT MOVING EAST BY RAIL OVER THE SOUTH SHORE ROAD FROM DULUTH AND SUPERIOR. The South Shore road has been doing an immense freight business this winter. Three or four carloads of copper start east daily over the road, while there is the usual big trade in flour from the head of the lakes. But this season for the first time in the history of the road wheat is also being shipped east by rail, the road having taken between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000 bushels out of Duluth and Superior, 1,200,000 bushels for one man. As a 50,000-pound car will carry about 900 bushels of wheat it can be readily seen that the winter has been a severe one on the road in its demand for cars. There is now almost a car famine, because of a blockade at New York, the South Shore having fully a thousand of its cars east of Buffalo now. In shipping flour the road does not permit its own cars to cross the straits, trans-shipping there into foreign cars; but in the case of wheat this cannot be done. C. D. Danaher is having a long rail haul on a quantity of logs which he purchased near Sturgeon, a siding on the Houghton division near the Summit. The logs are now being delivered at his Dollarville mill, a haul of about 130 miles.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Sheperd, publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Eldon, Mo. says: "No one will be disappointed in using One Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. Stafford Drug company.

FOR RENT. The store room now occupied by D Toplin, Lake Linden, will be for rent on and after March 1. For terms, apply to Chas. Therrien, Lake Linden, Mich. (1-17-1f)

SEVENTY-FIVE FEET OF SNOW. "This reminds me of the winter of '66-'67 up in this country," said a copper country veteran as he looked over Calumet, buried in a huge blanket of snow. "This year we had the heaviest snow fall ever recorded here. Old 'Dad' Brookway, now living at Lake Linden, lived then, as everybody knows, at Copper Harbor and that fall he built a platform twelve feet square out in his yard. Every time there was a snow fall during the winter he would go out and measure its depth upon his platform before it had a chance to pack, then shovel it off to make ready for the next dose. He kept that up all through the winter and his figures showed that over seventy-five feet of snow fell in the copper country that season."

TAKE ONLY the best when you need a medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier, nerve and stomach tonic. Get HOOD'S.



THE BOARD OF TRADE CAFE AND SAMPLE ROOM. HOUGHTON, MICH. The Business Man's Rendezvous! MEALS: SERVED: AT: ALL: HOURS. F. S. LEONARD, JOHN UREN, ED. DOLAN, Chefs.

The Haas Brewing Co. ESTABLISHED IN 1859, Houghton, Mich. Recently equipped and expanded to the largest and most modern brewing plant in the upper peninsula. Capacity, 200 bbls per day. Fine Table Beer Our Specialty.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS. They overcome weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "Life Savers" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot be had in this country. Sold by mail. Sold by J. E. K. Mfg. Co., Cleveland, Ohio. FOR SALE BY THE STAFFORD DRUG COMPANY.

"J. E. K." CIGARS Always Reliable. The Best that Tobacco can produce. 10c, or 3 for 25c. J. E. Kenning & Co., Mfg's, Grand Rapids, Mich.

COPPERDOM BREVITIES. L. Chadbourne returned to the Michigan Military academy at Orchard Lake yesterday. W. G. Rice of Gray & Rice, Houghton, left yesterday for Chicago and Lansing on legal business. Another old-time Lake Superior day hit the copper country yesterday, mercury from 16 to 24 degrees below zero throughout the county.

MADE ME A MAN. AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE all cases of Gonorrhea, Syphilis, etc. They are "Life Savers" to men at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for men equals them. Cannot be had in this country. Sold by mail. Sold by J. E. K. Mfg. Co., Cleveland, Ohio. FOR SALE BY THE STAFFORD DRUG COMPANY.

A PROMINENT PHYSICIAN. On State Board of Health of Wisconsin. Speaks of Four Hundred Baltimore Rye.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, State Board of Health, OFFICE OF GEO. W. HARRISON, M. D. SOLON MARKS, M. D., President, Milwaukee; F. H. BODENIUS, M. D., Madison; J. H. McNEEL, M. D., Ashland; GEO. W. HARRISON, M. D., Ashland; F. C. SUTHERLAND, M. D., Janesville; F. C. SUTHER, M. D., La Crosse; G. O. B. WINGATE, M. D., Secretary, Milwaukee.

Aug. 5, 1898. Crown Distilling Co. Cincinnati, O. Gentlemen:—The sample of Four Hundred Baltimore Rye Whiskey you sent me is one of the finest articles that I ever tested, and for medicinal purposes I think is as good as any in the market. I consider it perfectly pure and one of the finest of stimulants. Yours truly, GEO. W. HARRISON, Examining Surgeon, U.S.A. 3 Infty, U. S. A.

We Are Not in the diet business, but we do make from choice Malt, Hops and Artesian Well Water a PURE BEER that is recommended by physicians as a wholesome and nourishing drink. We call it Superior Stock. Sold everywhere.

BOSCH BREWING CO., LAKE LINDEN, MICH. Its purity is extraordinary; guaranteed ten years old; sold at all first-class cafes and at drug stores. (1-26-1f)



THE BATTLE OF MANILA.

Further Details of the Attempt of the Filipinos to Drive the Americans Off the Island.

DESPERATE FIGHTING BY NAKED SAVAGES ARMED ONLY WITH BOWS AND ARROWS.

American Loss in Killed and Wounded About Seventy-Five So Far as Known, While Filipinos Are Thought to Have Lost About 5,500.

A DESPERATE BATTLE IN THE DARK.

Manila, Feb. 6.—Owing to the large area embraced in the scene of Sunday's engagement, a semi-circle of fully seven miles, details regarding the fighting have been extremely difficult to obtain.

The American outposts returned the fire with such vigor that the Filipino line was checked until the arrival of reinforcements.

At ten o'clock firing was resumed. The American firing line consisted of the third artillery, Kansas and Montana regiments, a Minnesota regiment, Pennsylvania, Nebraska, California, Idaho, Washington, North Dakota and Fourteenth infantry.

Firing in the Darkness. About midnight there was a lull in the firing, lasting until 3:45 a. m.

During the night, in response to Admiral Dewey's signals, flashed across from Cavite, the cruiser Charleston and the gunboat Concord, stationed at Malabon, poured a deadly fire from their secondary batteries into the Filipino trenches at Calococan.

By one o'clock the Americans had apparently completely routed the enemy and had taken the villages of Palawpong, Santa Mesa, Paco, Santana, San Pedro, Macoret, Pandocan and Pasi, and had destroyed hundreds of native huts and secured possession of the water main and reservoirs, for a distance of over six miles.

One of the most notable events of Sunday's work was the driving of the Filipinos out of their strong hold at Paco by the reserve, a few companies of Californians commanded by Colonel Duboce.

First California—Killed: Privates Dewar, Bryan and Maher.

First Washington—Killed: Corporal McGowan, Privates Simonds, Reichart, Smith, Cherry, Harding, Perry, Hanson, Meickel.

First Idaho—Killed: Major Ed. McCortville, Corporal Calver, Private Francis.

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wounded natives. It was at this stage of the fighting, and at Calococan, that the Filipinos suffered their heaviest losses.

In a Very Tight Place. The Fourteenth regulars were in a particularly tight place near Singalon, and Colonel Duboce was compelled to rush past them with the reserve, in order to prevent the regulars from being cut off.

Both sides cheered frequently during the engagement. The American "hurrahs" were almost invariably met by responsive "vivas."

Attempted Assassination of American Officers. The Minnesota troops, acting as police, searched every native arrested, with the result that while there were several attempts to assassinate American officers on Saturday, there were none Sunday.

BOINGS IN THE HOUSE.

The Census Bill was Passed by a Large Majority—It Differs Largely from the Senate Bill.

AND MAKES THE CENSUS BUREAU INDEPENDENT OF ANY OTHER DEPARTMENT.

Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds Makes a Favorable Report on Many Public Buildings—Bill for the Employment of Women Nurses in the Army Receives a Set-Back.

A SLOW DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 6.—This was suspension day in the house, and quite a number of bills passed, several of them of some importance. The census bill prepared by the house committee went through the house by a vote of 147 to 42.

Another deal in which the Carnegie Steel company is interested will be closed before the end of the week. It is the purchase of the Queen mine on the Marquette range.

VARIOUS SENATORIAL DEADLOCKS.

THE FIGHT IS WAGING IN FIVE STATES, AND THE RESULT IS STILL UNCERTAIN IN EACH.

Salt Lake, Utah, Feb. 6.—Five senatorial ballots were taken without result.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 6.—There was no change in the vote today.

Dover, Del., Feb. 6.—No election in today's senatorial ballot.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 6.—The seventh ballot for United States senator resulted in no choice.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 6.—The vote today shows the senatorial deadlock unchanged.

A NEW WHISKEY TRUST.

WITH A CAPITAL OF \$60,000,000—WILL CONTROL THE TRADE OF THE COUNTRY.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Attorneys of the whiskey trust announced today that the new combination will be launched before the close of February, with a capital approximating \$60,000,000.

NEARLY 11,000 CANS OF EM-BALMED BEEF.

Havana, Feb. 6.—The board of meat survey, of which Captain Pitcher, Eighth infantry, is president, found as the result of an inquiry this afternoon, that the contents of 10,845 cans was unfit for human food.

AN OUTCOME OF THE VIRIDEN TROUBLE.

St. Louis, Feb. 6.—The negroes whose importation from Alabama caused the battle at Viriden, Ill., a few months ago, in which several miners were killed, are freezing and starving in a grader's camp on the Mobile and Ohio road, near Cahokia.

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that at a meeting of the St. Clair county board of supervisors, Supervisor Drott asked that relief be extended by the county.

The work of grading is finished, and there seems to be nothing for the negroes to do but to get back south the best way they can.

IMMENSE TRANSACTION IN IRON.

ROCKEFELLER HAS TIRED OF THE IRON BUSINESS, AND SELLS OUT TO CARNEGIE, WHO ALSO PURCHASES THE QUEEN MINE.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 6.—The Plaindealer will publish tomorrow a story to the effect that a deal is under way by which John D. Rockefeller will transfer to the Carnegie Steel company.

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west, and from Bridgeport to Cloud Chief, seventy-five miles southwest, and supplied more than a hundred offices.

The prisoners are charged with numerous robberies that have occurred since Oct. 10, 1898. The robbers secured \$7,000 worth of merchandise, including seventy-five silk dress patterns, about 500 silk handkerchiefs, clothing, toys, shoes, gloves and all manner of mailable articles. The stuff was found concealed in four counties.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

WHEAT MODERATELY ACTIVE, AND RANGING HIGHER—CORN AND OATS BOTH CLOSE HIGHER.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Wheat was active, within 1 1/2 range, closing 1/4 up from top, and 1/4 above highest price Saturday. The market opened lower on bearish Argentine news and easy foreign cables; then declined sharply on the report of an increase in the visible supply, but advanced again on heavy export business and covering by shorts.

Corn was active, within 1/2 range, closing 1/4 up from highest figure of the day, 1/2 above last Saturday. The market opened weak influenced by large receipts and lower cables, it declined on the showing of an increase in the visible supply but firmed up on good buying by commission houses and a cash demand.

Oats was fairly active, within 1/4 range, closing at top, 1/4 above last Saturday. There was no pressure to sell; about enough buying to hold the market steady to firm.

The leading grain futures ranged as follows:

Table with columns: Wheat, May; Corn, May; Oats, May. Rows: Opened, Highest, Lowest, Closed.

Closing Cash Quotations: Wheat, strong; Corn, strong; No. 2, 35c; 35c; Oats, firm; No. 2 white, 29c; 30c; No. 3 white, 29c; 29c.

A VARIABLE MARKET.

THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET SEE-SAWS THROUGH THE DAY BUT CLOSES GENERALLY HIGHER.

New York, Feb. 6.—Stock prices were extremely variable today, but ended with only fractional net changes, the majority of which were upward. Many conflicting reports reached the street as to the probabilities of the confirmation or rejection of the peace treaty, and these were instrumental in staying values.

BOSTON QUOTATIONS.

The following were yesterday's Boston stock quotations, furnished by A. B. Turner & Bro., Savin Bank Building, Marquette:

Table with columns: Opening, 12 m., Closed. Rows: Adventure, Ashed, Arcadian, Alouze, Atlantic, Arnold, Baitic, B. & B., C. & B., Franklin, Humboldt, U. S. Ry., Mass., O. Colony, Union Land, Michigan, Mobawk, Old Dominion, Oescola, Quincy, Tamarack, U. S. Ry., Wolverine, Winona, C. B. & Q., Rock Island, St. Paul, Ntl. Biscuit.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 6.—Money on call was steady at 2 1/2% per cent. Prime papers, 2% to 2 1/2% per cent. Exchange steady, demand, 4.85% to 4.85%. Sixty days, 4.83% to 4.83%.

METAL PRICES.

Boston, Feb. 6.—Metals—The week opens with no sensational changes in the situation generally, and comparatively narrow adjustments in quotations. At the close, the Metals' Exchange

THREE KILLED, SEVERAL INJURED.

Detroit, Feb. 6.—Special from Imlay, Mich. There was a head end collision here between Grand Trunk passenger and train one and six. The engineer and two postal clerks were killed, and several others injured. The coaches were badly wrecked.

POSTOFFICE THIEVES IN LIMBO.

El Reno, I. T., Feb. 6.—Postoffice inspectors today arrested J. E. Robertson and his son Albert Robertson, subcontractors, and M. E. Robertson, S. E. Robertson and J. H. and Tom Essekles, stage drivers, on a charge of robbing the mails. They covered the Star routes from El Reno to Arapahoe, eighty miles

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

called warrants firm at 8.50 nominal, Lake strong, with 17.50 bid and 17.75 asked.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 6.—(Special).—The supreme court this afternoon announced the following decisions: Affirmed—Hase vs. Freud; Foster, Charles and Ewing Co. vs. Felcher; Griffin vs. Wattles; Mason & Hamlin company vs. Gage; Kreibich vs. Martz; Tolman company vs. Wait; Clare County Savings bank vs. Goodman; Roeloffs vs. Weaver; Whelpley vs. Houghton; Cumberland Building and Loan association vs. Gibbs; McCabe vs. Loonsfoot; Calkins vs. Ann Arbor Railway company; Aurora Iron Mining company vs. City of Ironwood.

Modified and Affirmed—Morgan vs. Tweedie; Graham vs. Moffett.

Reversed—Brooks vs. Roche; Perlick vs. Detroit Woodware company.

TWO FAILURES—LARGE LIABILITIES.

Woonsocket, R. I., Feb. 6.—Stockholders of the American Woolen association today voted to assign for the benefit of its creditors. The company's statement made a year ago showed personal and real estate assets of five hundred and twenty thousand, and debts of three hundred and twelve thousand. Since then a further mortgage has been given of fifty thousand dollars, and there has been other increase of debts.

New York, Feb. 6.—Charles E. Runk filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, \$276,000, of which \$125,000 are secured. No assets.

MOURNING FOR THE DEAD COMMANDER.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 6.—A general order relating to the death of Colonel Sexton, commander-in-chief of the Sixth Army of the Republic, was issued from G. A. R. headquarters today. After formally announcing the death and eulogizing the commander in chief, department headquarters and post headquarters and charters are ordered draped in mourning. The national department and post officers will wear the badge of mourning for sixty days from the date of Colonel Sexton's death.

WISCONSIN BANKERS ARRESTED.

Nellsville, Wis., Feb. 6.—John Schaffer and John H. Spengler, who have been doing a general merchandise business at Dorchester, and running a private bank in connection, and who made a voluntary assignment a month ago, were arrested at Dorchester today, charged with accepting deposits in their bank after knowing of its insolvency. The deposits in the bank amounted to fifteen thousand dollars, and it is claimed the assets do not exceed five thousand dollars.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

New York, Feb. 6.—Walter H. Wilbur, of Clinton, was arrested here on a charge of forgery, alleged to have been committed on the banks in Clinton. Wilbur is also accused of passing forged checks in South Bend, Indiana, and Atlanta, Ga. He arrived here several days ago in company with a young woman from St. Paul, Minn. Wilbur agreed to return to Iowa without extradition.

ANOTHER BLOW AT DREYFUS.

Paris, Feb. 6.—The parliamentary committee by a vote of 9 to 2, today rejected the government's bill providing that all cases of trial revision be brought before the whole court of cassation, instead of before the criminal section of that court.

ENGLISH LIBERAL LEADER IS TURNED DOWN.

London, Feb. 6.—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, formerly chief secretary for Ireland, later secretary of state for war, was elected to succeed Sir Vernon Harcourt, the leader of the liberal party in parliament.

CAMBRIA IRON CO. RAISES WAGES.

Johnston, Pa., Feb. 6.—It is announced today that the wages of 5,000 employes at the Cambria Iron company's works had been increased ten per cent. It is a voluntary advance.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The following is the weather forecast for tomorrow for Upper Michigan: Fair; continued cold; light to fresh westerly winds.

You'll never get tired, fagged out, disappointed, unhappy or make mistakes in marriage, if you use Rocky Mountain Tea. Stafford Drug company.

Keep Your Youth. If you are young you naturally appear so. If you are old, why appear so? Keep young inwardly; we will look after the outwardly. You need not worry longer about those little streaks of gray; advance agents of age. Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely restore color to gray hair; and it will also give your hair all the wealth and gloss of early life. Do not allow the falling of your hair to threaten you longer with baldness. Do not be annoyed with dandruff. We will send you our book on the Hair and Scalp, free upon request. Write to the Doctor. If you do not obtain all the benefit you expected from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Food Prepared With "Calumet" is Free from Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime and Ammonia. "Calumet" is the Housewife's Friend. CALUMET Baking Powder NONE SO GOOD.

DULUTH Is the Best in Every Respect IMPERIAL FLOUR. Ask Your Grocer for It.





THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon you the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. KANSAS CITY, MO. NEW YORK, N. Y. ST. LOUIS, MO.

WANTED—FOR RENT OR SALE. WANTED—Chambermaid and scrub girl. Apply Hotel Marquette. (2-7-17)

FOR SALE—One pair of heavy horses fit for the lumber woods. Call at No. 221 Superior street. (2-7-17)

WANTED—Girl for housework; small family. 211 North Third street. (2-7-20)

WANTED—At once, a competent girl for general housework. 334 Spruce street. Mrs. J. W. Stone. (2-6-17)

FOR SALE—Several teams of heavy logging horses. Apply Reichel Bros., Marquette. (2-6-17)

WANTED—Men in your vicinity to come and learn barber trade. We furnish positions in your town, with competent capital. Busy season this spring. Two months complete. Write today. Moler Barber School, Chicago. (2-7-17)

FARM FOR SALE—In Chocoyug township. Good house, barn and stable. Well, with good water. For sale cheap for cash. Apply at 214 South Front street, upstairs. (2-2-17)

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Good wages to the right girl. Mrs. J. E. Sherman, 414 E. Howitt Ave. (2-1-17)

WANTED—First-class barber; single man preferred; good wages to the right party; must be over 25 years old. Address Walter J. Toupin, Laurium, Mich. (2-7-17)

WANTED—Situation by first class stationery engineer; understands dynamo. Address E. P. White, 132 Van Buren street, Chicago, Ill. (2-1-17)

FOR SALE—Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (2-6-17)

COAL AND WOOD—Will be sold at the following prices for cash: Hard Coal, \$6.00 1/2 ton \$3.00 1/4 ton \$1.50 Soft Coal (hard), \$5.50 1/2 ton \$2.75 1/4 ton \$1.37 1/2 Canal Coal, \$5.00 1/2 ton \$2.50 1/4 ton \$1.25 Hardwood, 4 ft., per cord, \$4.00 Hardwood dry, 16 in., split, per cord, \$3.75 Hardwood dry, 16 in., split, per cord, \$3.50 Dry Pine slabs, per cord, \$2.00 JAS. FURKANDS & CO.

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TAKE NOTICE: TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—That by a decree of the Circuit Court for the County of Marquette in chancery, the corporation known as the Iron Mountain Mining Company has been dissolved, and I have been appointed as Receiver of the assets of said corporation for distribution according to the statutes of Michigan in such case made and provided. That the debts have been fully paid and the corporate interests have been closed, and the assets that have come into my hands as such Receiver are now ready for distribution to the original stockholders, their heirs or assigns, as their interest shall appear.

This is to notify all who claim interests under and through the present stockholders of record that they must notify me within thirty days from and after this date of the interest which they claim, and through whom, as I shall at the expiration of said time distribute the said assets to the stockholders as they appear of record on the books of the company. ALFRED KIDDER, Receiver. (1-16-17)

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

- 1—Fever, Congestion, Inflammation, .25
2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic, .25
3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness, .25
4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults, .25
5—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, .25
6—Nervous, Toothache, Faceache, .25
7—Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo, .25
8—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach, .25
9—Suppressed or Painful Periods, .25
10—Whites, Too Profuse Periods, .25
11—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness, .25
12—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions, .25
13—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains, .25
14—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague, .25
15—Catarrh, of the Bladder, .25
16—Whooping Cough, .25
17—Kidney Diseases, .25
18—Nervous Debility, .1.00
19—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed, .25
20—Grip, Hay Fever, .25

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of All Diseases at your Druggists or mailed free. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John St., New York.

THOS. S. SPRAGUE & SON, PATENTS. Wayne County Bank Bldg., DETROIT

"SERIOUS BODY BLOW."

D. H. Ball Contends Injunction Against M. L. & I. Co. Was Not Such.

The Mining Journal has received the following statement from D. H. Ball, who is the attorney for the Michigan Land & Iron company. It presents the government's suit against the company and the injunction issued from the corporation's point of view, and reads as here given:

To The Mining Journal—The article in The Mining Journal of last Friday, in relation to the injunction against The Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited), conveys an entirely erroneous impression of the matter that was before the court, and of its outcome. The order of the court is represented as being a serious blow to, as the head line puts it, "A body blow to the Michigan Land & Iron company."

Among the lands granted to the Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon Railroad company by the United States, and sold by that company to the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited), are about 7,000 acres in towns 46 and 47 north, of range 35 west, which, at the time of their selection and certification under the Marquette & Ontonagon grant, were within the six mile limits of the grant from lands to the state for the railroad from Ontonagon to the state line, latterly known as the Brule river grant, which had then been formally surrendered by the governor to the United States. This surrender was held by the supreme court of the United States in 1894 to be invalid. Some two years ago a suit was brought by the United States, at the instigation of various persons who claimed the right to locate the lands under the homestead law, claiming that the certification of the lands for the Marquette & Ontonagon railroad was void, for the reason that at the time they were selected and certified they were held by the state under another grant, and the object of the bill was to obtain an order of the court to sell the pine timber growing on the lands involved so that it might be cut and saved from loss on account of injury from forest fires. That suit embraced a large proportion of these 7,000 acres of land and nearly all on which there was any pine timber, and under the order of the court in that suit the pine timber was sold and the money was paid into court to abide the result of the suit.

Some lands in town 46 north, of range 35 west, that were not embraced in the first suit, which contained a little pine timber, were sold last fall by the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited) to Irving H. Jackson of Iron River, who in turn sold them to Holmes & Jackson. Holmes & Jackson contracted with August Spies to cut off the timber and deliver it to him, at a certain price per thousand. After the timber was practically all cut and part of it banked the United States commenced the present suit, setting up the same claim that was made in the former suit, and sought to enjoin Spies and Holmes & Jackson from cutting any more timber, as well as to prevent them from disposing of the timber that they had already cut, and asked to have that timber taken in, and possession of the marsh and sold; and also asked injunction against the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited) from selling any more of the lands, and from cutting any timber thereon.

Before going to Grand Rapids we offered to give a bond for the Spies timber, and in case that was accepted we did not care to make any opposition to any of the rest of the order asked for. After arriving at Grand Rapids we renewed the proposition to the district attorney, who refused to accept it, saying that he should insist upon an order for the sale of the timber cut. On going to the argument we stated to the court that we were prepared to give a bond, and were willing to do so, and the only question discussed and argued before the court was whether a bond should be accepted for the timber cut or the timber taken by the marshal and sold. The judge expressly declined to pass upon any of the questions involved in the case and decided that the injunction asked for against cutting and removing the timber which was being cut for Spies would be denied and they would be allowed to go on and remove the timber on the giving of a bond to pay whatever should be decreed against them therefor. Then the district attorney and Mr. Cutler asked the court to order an injunction against the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited) from selling any more lands or cutting any more timber, aside from that embraced in the Spies contract. There was no argument on that subject, except that we stated to the judge that it was not claimed by the bill, nor was it a fact, that the parties were intending to cut any more timber, and also that the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited) had decided not to attempt to sell any more of that land until the question of its title was determined. The judge said, however, that if no harm was the case an injunction could do no harm and to save any further applications he would grant the injunction against selling any more of the land or cutting any more of the timber on these 7,000 acres. As a matter of fact, there is no more pine timber worth speaking of on these lands.

Instead of the decision being a victory over the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited) it was just exactly such an order as we would have been willing to consent to and did not oppose. In fact we accomplished all we expected or cared to accomplish in resisting the application that was made. The order granted had no bearing whatever upon the question of the title of the land. It prevents the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited) from cutting any timber on these 7,000 acres, a thing which it has never done, or contemplated doing, and from selling any more of the same lot of lands, pending the suit, a thing which it had no intention or wish to do.

Under these circumstances a temporary injunction against the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited) from selling about 7,000 acres of land out of its entire body of nearly 400,000 acres, however, it may be regarded by those who represent the United States in this matter, is certainly not regarded by the Michigan Land & Iron company (Limited) as a very serious "body blow."

D. H. BALL.

THE NURSE'S STORY.

Some Startling Facts are Laid Before the Public.

Wonderful Discovery Made by One Who Has for Twenty Years Ministered to the Sick.

Miles, Wis., Feb. 6.—Louis Hughes, who for a score of years has been a nurse, tells how he saved himself from death and also made a most important discovery while ministering to the sick and dying.

"I was suffering with my kidneys," says the nurse, "and my experience with regard to this trouble was that it was incurable. I had no faith in any medicine, but I heard so much about Dodd's Kidney Pills and the wonderful cures they had performed that I determined to try them. In about five days after using the pills I found that the dull pain in my back was less heavy, and gradually my back seemed to get stronger. I have felt less pain when bending or rising. My urine is much freer and color decidedly better. In fact, they acted with me as a tonic. They seemed to me my whole system. I have been a nurse for the past twenty years and have had many tropical cases, and Dodd's Kidney Pills would be good in such cases, as they cause a free flow of the urine."

Thousands of cases of Dropsy, Heart Disease, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Gravel, Stone in the Bladder, Diseases of Women, Paralysis and Heart Failure, have been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sold by druggists at 50 cents a box, or six boxes \$2.50. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

LARGE REQUEST TO CHARITY.

Milwaukee, Feb. 6.—The will of the late Alonzo L. Kane, was filed today. It creates a trust estate of half a million. The income to go first to certain heirs until their death, and afterward to the following charitable institutions: St. John's Old Ladies' Home, Milwaukee; Protestant Home for Aged, Milwaukee; Protestant Orphan Asylum; Associated Charities and Wisconsin Humane society.

DRAWING A LINE AGAINST PROTESTANTS.

Dubuque, Ia., Feb. 6.—A sensation has been created here by the publication of an order forbidding Catholics to hold membership in the Young Men's Christian association, to sing at non-Catholic services, or to officiate at weddings of protestants, where the ceremony is performed by protestant clergymen.

NEBRASKA CONGRATULATES PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 6.—The senate this evening adopted a resolution congratulating President McKinley on the ratification of the treaty of peace, bringing, as it does, the final conclusion of the war with Spain.

WHAT THE LONDON PAPERS THINK.

London, Feb. 6.—The afternoon papers agree that the Philippines made a fatal error, they say they are convinced the Americans will not allow the trouble to influence their policy.

DREYFUS TO GO TO FRANCE.

Paris, Feb. 6.—A dispatch to Patrie from Cayenne, the capital France Guiana, says orders were received there for the return of Dreyfus to France, with the statement that a vessel had been sent to bring him.

A "SCRAP" IN MONTEVIDEO.

Montevideo, Feb. 6.—The government forces have defeated and captured Colorados, who recently revolted against Senator Cuestoz, provisional president of Uruguay. Tranquility is now restored.

CANDY TRUST IS THE LATEST.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Negotiations are in progress in this city for the formation of a candy trust composed of about forty of the leading manufacturers of staple confections in the United States.

HE DOESN'T WANT THE JOB.

Boston, Feb. 6.—Lieutenant Colonel Guild, Jr., declined to accept the appointment recently tendered him by McKinley, as a member of the colonial commissions.

FOUGHT TEN ROUNDS TO A DRAW.

Cincinnati, Feb. 6.—Jack Daly, Wilmington, Del., aspiring lightweight champion, and Charles Burns, of this city, fought ten rounds to a draw tonight.

COUNT VAN CAPRIVI DEAD.

Frankfort, Feb. 6.—General Count Von Caprivi, formerly chancellor of the German empire, died this morning at Skyren, near here.

PRICE OF WIRE AND NAILS UP.

Cleveland, Feb. 6.—The American Steel and Wire company today advanced the price of wire and wire nails two dollars per ton.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles, Burns and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. Stafford Drug company.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

GLAD TIDINGS.

The specific for dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, constiveness, general debility, etc., is Celery King for the Nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50 cents and 25 cents. Sold only by the Stafford Drug company.

ROMERO AS AN ENTOMOLOGIST.

In this city there are a number of men who some years ago were thrown into daily association with Senator Romero, the late Mexican minister, in a common attempt to retrieve their shattered health and who felt a very keen regret at learning of the recent death of the popular diplomatist. They were inmates of the training and recreation hospital conducted by William Muldoon, the wrestler, at White Plains. Thither the Mexican diplomatist had gone to build up his system, and there he worked faithfully under the direction of the expert trainer for several weeks. Mme. Romero went with him.

It was a seriously assorted company of which the pair found themselves a part. There were two young millionaires there who had broken down from drink and dissipation and who were now groaning under the rigor of Muldoon's treatment in such cases; an author who had been doing his work on opium and had suddenly awoke to the realization that he was enslaved to a deadly drug; a politician who fostered the worthy ambition of reducing his weight from 230 to 180 pounds; a clergyman who lived in equal-ity worthy hopes of increasing his weight from a scant ninety-eight to 140 pounds; two cases of plain overwork and a victim of the cigarette habit who wasn't sure whether he had any lungs left, but had decided to make one more effort to live on the hypothesis that he had a fraction still remaining. One of the overwork cases, a lawyer of this city, tells this story of his first meeting with Senator Romero and his introduction by that gentleman to the circle.

It was a warm, bright summer day when the New Yorker reached White Plains, and he dismissed his carriage at the gate of Muldoon's place, which is a large estate near the town's limits, intending to walk up the long driveway to the house. He had not walked far when he beheld a very small and slight old gentleman, wearing an immense straw sun hat of the 10-cent variety well on the back of his head and brandishing a net in his hand, come rushing as fast as he could through the tall grass toward the driveway. Considerable in advance of the net, and preserving its distance with conspicuous ease, a winged object was making a bee line for the newcomer. The New Yorker, who is something of an entomologist himself, stood waiting, and as the flying thing came within reach, knocked it down with his hat. It fell fluttering into the grass and the next instant the aged pursuer arrived, breathless, had clasped his net over it and dropped to a sitting position, panting but triumphant. As soon as he could speak he said in a slightly foreign accent:

"I am greatly indebted to you, sir. Without your aid the butterfly would surely have escaped me. I make you my compliments upon your agility."

"I am glad to have been of any service," said the newcomer politely. The other skillfully transferred his captive from the net into the jar of cyanide, and in which it soon fluttered itself to death. Then stroking his gray beard, he looked inquiringly at the young man.

"And are you one of us?" he asked. "Do you, too, come here to make a new man of yourself; to fare plainly and do much hard work and live in the sunshine?"

The New Yorker replied that he expected to spend a fortnight at least in the place.

"Indeed, then perhaps you will come to this, too." The old gentleman waved his net. "It is much more interesting than one might suppose, this form of the hunt."

"I've done considerable of it myself in past years," said the newcomer. "What luck have you had today?"

"Are you, then, a collector?" cried the other with manifest pleasure. "I am but the amateur. I took it up for amusement, and now I have a book in which I look up all my captives, their pedigrees and all about them. But it is very puzzling and there is much that I lack."

"He pulled out a little book and ran hastily over the pages. "Now even this butterfly that you assisted me to catch. I do not recognize the kind of him. He is new to me."

"He isn't a butterfly," said the New Yorker, looking into the jar where the gray wings of the prey were folded in death. "He's a moth, one of the catalpa variety, but which one I don't know."

"But it is now broad daytime," objected the old gentleman, "and the book says that the moths fly at night. Is there a mistake?"

"If there is it is on the part of the moth. If he'd kept quiet you probably wouldn't have noticed him at all. Where did you start him?"

"He must have been, I think, sitting on the bark of a tree. I leaned against the tree and out he flew and I flew after him, but his wings were better than my legs."

"That kind don't fly in the daytime, unless alarmed," said the other. "See here," said the old gentleman, pouring out of his jar the specimens he had captured. "I have had a good day's sport already. Here is a Hunteria and here an Antiope and here one that I think is a Lavinia, but I cannot be sure because the description in the book is not definite. It is the first of this kind that I have seen and through one small brook before he lights and I creep up and swoop him."

The aged butterfly hunter's face was eager as a child's and his eyes sparkled. The New Yorker thought him a most charming and unsophisticated old person. They walked along toward the house together planning out excursions as soon as the new arrival could get himself a net made, and discussing the entomological possibilities of the region. As they approached the door the New Yorker introduced himself by name. In return the old gentleman said:

"My name is Romero and I am a Mexican."

Do You Know Uneda Biscuit?

Get acquainted to day. They are the top-notch of biscuit making. Ask your grocer for a package. Taste them. Never sold in bulk. Put up in 5 cent packages only.

The unusual distinction of being the first member of a fifth generation, of great-grandparents, great-grandfather and great-great-grandfather, on her mother's side, living. Mrs. Fuller is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Albon, who reside in that city. Mrs. Albon's grandfather, Thos. Parr, is a resident of the Canadian Soo and is ninety-six years old, while her father, Thos. Parr, is sixty-eight years of age and was for many years a resident of Rosedale. For over three centuries the Parr family has been noted for its longevity, many of the male members living to be centenarians and nearly all of them to an advanced age. Little Grace Beaul Fuller is a lineal descendant of the famous Thomas Parr of England, who, authorities say, was born in 1483 and died in 1655, at the remarkable age of 152 years. He was known as "Old Man Parr," and is supposed to have lived the longest of any man in the past four centuries of whose age there was anything approaching an authentic record. "Old Man Parr" was a historical figure in Europe a long time before his death, on account of his great age.

UPPER PENINSULA.

The Kirby Carpenter company is putting in its logs on Paint river at the rate of four million a day. Forty million have thus far been landed.

It is carefully estimated that the amount invested in the mines, docks, vessels and railroads for handling the iron ore from the Lake Superior country aggregates \$28,000,000, and this amount is increasing at the rate of about \$4,500,000 annually.

A wealthy merchant of Evanston was in Menominee recently. He came to look up a location to establish a big dry goods store in that city. The Spies block was preferred and it is presumed the deal will be closed in a few days. Several parties have visited the city purposing to locate a big store.

C. W. Peake, commercial agent of the Ann Arbor road, says the company will put in an apron and slip at Escanaba in the spring. A connection with the newly built Escanaba & Lake Superior line will be made. Mr. Peake says the work of building the terminal in Menominee will be undertaken soon.

Mr. Finch is now figuring on an extension of his telephone lines from Spaulding to Iron Mountain, thus affording Gladstone and intermediate points communication with Escanaba. There is considerable business along that line, and it is more than likely that the extension will be made early in the spring.

Statistics show a very large proportion of Roman Catholics in the upper peninsula. There are fifty-eight Catholic churches and ten chapels. There are nineteen parishes with schools, which include 2,806 pupils. There are 18,000 Catholic worshippers. This is a good record for the upper peninsula. Menominee contains over 2,000 of that denomination.

Recently the Metropolitan Lumber company imported fifty men from Minneapolis to work in the logging camps near Iron River. The men were brought in a private car. They were stylishly dressed, all wearing laundried shirts and collars, swallow tailed coats and supporting walking sticks. They presented a bonanza was opened to them. A sight of the camps blasted their hopes and not a one could be found the next day.

It was rumored locally last week that Sault Ste. Marie, which is the principal port in the Lake Superior customs district, had been made a part of the district, in which Grand Rapids is situated. The rumor, which, of course, is untrue, arose from a misunderstanding of Washington dispatches, which reported a change in the revenue districts of the state, placing the entire upper peninsula in control of Collector Lemon of Grand Rapids. Heretofore the upper peninsula has been in the district of Charles Wright, collector for the eastern district.

There was a healthy activity in Menominee lumber circles last week. Buyers from the Boston, Buffalo, New York and Detroit centers were there looking for "snaps" and incidentally closing deals. The largest deal of the week was the purchase by Perley, Lowe & Co. of the entire season's cut of the H. Twitbeck Co., amounting to upwards of twenty-five million feet. The same company sold two million feet of lumber for the Export Lumber company of New York. This lumber is for the export trade, some going to South America. Skiddings, Whitney & Barnes of Detroit, purchased a million and a half, to be shipped in the spring. John Dalsell of Detroit was here and closed the deal.

The young ladies of Cedarville, a small village in Menominee county, were kind enough to invite the young men to a sleigh ride party and a dance a week ago last Saturday night, hired the music and rigs and started up the river about eleven miles. They had a fine time to begin with, but as the boys had partaken of too much of the hilariousness contained in certain bottles they began to act ungentlemanly toward their hostesses and wanted to run the business. The ladies resented to this, and turning the young men out of the rig they made their way home, leaving the young men to walk the entire distance in the cold weather. The musicians broke their instruments by falling upon them on their zig-zag course home.

Grace Pearl, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fuller of Sault Ste. Marie, who was born last week, enjoys

the usual distinction of being the first member of a fifth generation, of great-grandparents, great-grandfather and great-great-grandfather, on her mother's side, living. Mrs. Fuller is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Albon, who reside in that city. Mrs. Albon's grandfather, Thos. Parr, is a resident of the Canadian Soo and is ninety-six years old, while her father, Thos. Parr, is sixty-eight years of age and was for many years a resident of Rosedale. For over three centuries the Parr family has been noted for its longevity, many of the male members living to be centenarians and nearly all of them to an advanced age. Little Grace Beaul Fuller is a lineal descendant of the famous Thomas Parr of England, who, authorities say, was born in 1483 and died in 1655, at the remarkable age of 152 years. He was known as "Old Man Parr," and is supposed to have lived the longest of any man in the past four centuries of whose age there was anything approaching an authentic record. "Old Man Parr" was a historical figure in Europe a long time before his death, on account of his great age.

Prussia concluded peace with the various states that had taken part in the conflict. But somehow or other the principality of Liechtenstein was overlooked or forgotten by Bismarck, and as if his attention had been drawn to the matter it would have resulted in a demand for indemnities, the prince naturally forebore to call the attention of Prussia to the neglect. No peace having been concluded, therefore, between the two countries, they are theoretically still in a state of war.

Few people are aware of the reason for this mysterious seclusion of the prince of Liechtenstein, who, in spite of the smallness of his dominions, is one of the very wealthiest rulers of the world. The fact of the matter is that he is afflicted with an intestinal ailment of such character as debars him from the society of his fellow creatures, and to render his isolation necessary.

He entertains large parties of guests at his various castles during the shooting season, and likewise his palace at Vienna during the carnival week. But while his guests are never permitted to want for anything, and are simply overwhelmed with delicate attentions, they never set eyes on their host throughout the entire time they are underneath his roof, and if they have anything to communicate to him they must do so by letter.

It is a very sad life, and yet that it has not rendered the prince a misanthrope is shown by his boundless charity and philanthropy and by the number of his scientific studies and works which have won for him the honorary membership of the Imperial Academy of Science of Austria. He is close upon sixty years of age now.

His next heir is his brother, Francis, now Austrian ambassador at St. Petersburg, and who will succeed not only to his vast estates, but likewise to his sovereignty of Liechtenstein and his dukedom of Troppau.

Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One minute Cough Cure loosens the cold, always coughing and heals quickly. The best cough cure for children, perfectly harmless. Stafford Drug company.

Baby sleeps and grows while mamma rests, if Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It's the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mothers. 35 cents. Stafford Drug company.



# SPRING GOODS ARE BEGINNING TO ARRIVE.

The newest and best cottons and prints have just been received for the spring trade. The selection is a fine one and an early inspection of the stock in available. Among the calicoes is a specially noticeable line of comforter calicoes. The most complete line ever exhibited here. The spring season is just opening up. From now on a constant stream of new goods will be received at our stores until the present stock is replaced with the new goods. Watch our announcements and get the first choice of the new goods.

## F. BRAASTAD & CO.

MILLS. Eagle Mills, Michigan. Marquette, Michigan. YARDS-AND PLANING MILLS. Marquette, Michigan. Ishpeming, Michigan.

### F. W. READ & CO., (INCORPORATED)

LUMBER, Bill Timber, Shingles, Lath, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

INTERIOR FINISH. L & L Polished Maple Flooring. Agents for C. J. L. Myer's Specialties. At our yards at Ishpeming we carry Lime, Fire Brick, Fine Clay, Cement, Etc.

General Office, Marquette, Mich.

FOR RENT—Large furnished room, with privilege of bath. Gentleman only. Apply at 121 Oak st. et. Ishpeming, Mich. (1-30-1f)

FOR SALE—26 sets of logging sleighs and 2 sets of springing sleighs; also 2 snow plows. For further particulars apply to John T. Burke, Ishpeming. (15-24-1f)

SEEDSMEN. D. M. FERRY & CO., SEED GROWERS AND IMPORTERS, DETROIT, MICH.

### DRESSMAKING.

I have moved my dressmaking parlors from Ridge street to 204 Cleveland ave., where I will be glad to have those in need of my services call.

Mrs. J. A. Sodergren, 204 Cleveland Ave., Ishpeming, County Phone. (2-4-1m)

FOR SALE—Two fresh milch cows; one team heavy work horses and one driving horse. Geo. Voelker, Ishpeming. 2-4-1w

## Ishpeming and Vicinity

### PARK SITE ABANDONED.

ATTEMPT TO SECURE LOCATION OF THE PROPOSED NEW NORMAL SCHOOL THERE HAS BEEN GIVEN UP.

The general committee which has charge of all matters relative to the endeavor being made to obtain the proposed Normal school for either this city or Negaunee has decided that any further effort to locate the institution at Union Park would be useless, and detrimental to the ultimate success of the scheme, and a new site will be chosen and offered to the legislators. The main objection to the proposed park site bore on its situation. It was considered too far from either city for the necessities of such a school as the one proposed.

In every other respect the site was satisfactory. It is beautifully located in one of the prettiest spots to be found in this vicinity, and means of transportation are within easy reach, but the local parties interested were given to understand that it was too far away from the places where the students would have to reside. It was clearly intimated that the site would not be accepted and that it would be necessary to offer some other grounds before the claims of either of the twin cities would be seriously considered.

A meeting of the general committee was held Saturday afternoon when the situation was discussed at length. It was definitely decided to forego all further thought of offering the park site to the legislature, and a special committee was appointed for the purpose of inspecting the vacant lands in the two cities with a view of finding a suitable location for the building. The committee was composed of Messrs. Braastad, Miner, Egan of Ishpeming and Messrs. Redfern and Anthony of Negaunee.

The special committee met yesterday and spent the whole morning in looking up suitable sites. No trouble was experienced in finding locations that would answer for the purposes of the school, and at least two sites in each city that would be suitable for the proposed institution were examined. It is probable that one of the sites will be satisfactory to the general committee and that it will be tendered to the state as a suitable site for the school.

The committee will report to Chairman M. M. Duncan of the general committee, probably today, on the sites found, and a meeting of the general committee will be called to decide on further steps to be taken.

It is generally considered a misfortune that the park site proved impracticable as it is admirably located at a point easily accessible from both cities and the sentiment in both places was strongly in favor of having the school there. Now a choice will have to be made between the cities, as it is evident that the state legislature will only authorize the construction of the building within the limits of some city. While it is now impossible that the school can be so located that it will be equally beneficial to both cities, nevertheless they will continue to

act in concert for the purpose of securing it for one of the two, and a strong endeavor will be made to get the institution for the place finally agreed on.

It is understood here that the building must be located within a five minutes walk of the various boarding houses, and within fifteen minutes walk of the nearest postoffice, so that it will not be necessary for the students to employ any means of transportation in getting to and from the building in reasonable time. The question of the school's location will be decided in a caucus of the upper peninsula senators and representatives, which will be held soon. It is not definitely known when the caucus will be held.

All the work that is done in favor of this locality will have to be finished before the caucus mentioned is held. Representatives and senators from this peninsula are the ones that will have to be influenced. As the situation stands now, Marquette county is in the lead for the school, and there seems to be little doubt but that one of its three cities will capture it.

Ishpeming and Negaunee will both make decided claims for the institution, and one of the cities stands good chances of obtaining it. The school should certainly be given to one of the cities, as up to this time no recognition in the way of state institutions has been given either place. The towns are great school centers and the number of students that would register from them during the first year would insure the success of the school from the very day it opened its doors.

While the location of the school in this city would be a fine thing, if the institution is granted to some place in the county the feeling here will be one of satisfaction. Either Marquette or Negaunee would be within comfortable reach of students from this city who would desire to attend the institution. The developments of the fight will be followed with interest until the question of location is finally settled.

### BOUND OVER.

JOHN MATTSON IN A FAIR WAY TO SERVE TIME ON ACCOUNT OF HIS ASSAULT ON SAM COLLINS JR.

The hearing in the case of John Mattson, charged with a murderous assault on the person of Sam Collins, was held yesterday. It was postponed from Saturday in order to give Mattson time to procure counsel. The hearing began at 10 o'clock in the morning. W. P. Peters appeared for the defendant and W. F. Potter conducted the plaintiff's case. The testimony taken was confined to Collins' story, as the defendant did not take the stand. There was no question of Mattson's murderous intentions and it was considered an assured fact that he would be bound over.

After hearing Collins' statement, which was identical with that published in these columns at the time of the assault, Justice Kennedy bound Mattson over for trial at the next term of the circuit court. His bond was fixed at \$500. It is probable that Mattson will be taken to jail to await trial, as it is not believed that bondsmen will be found for him. He stands an excellent chance of receiving an extremely heavy sentence, there being no doubt of his offense. The circumstances of the assault are generally known here and it is generally thought that Mattson is guilty of the charge.

## OUR REPUTATION

For Ready-to-Wear, Perfect Fitting, Absolutely Correct Style CLOTHES Is Far Reaching. Fall and Winter : : :

## SUITS and OVERCOATS ARE IN.

SPLENDID VALUES. Underwear, Hats and Caps, Men's Shoes, Haberdashery.

### L. W. Atkins & Co.

H. G. Schutte of Swanzy was in the city Sunday. George C. Higbee of Marquette was here Sunday. George J. Slinging of Gladstone was here Sunday. Charles J. Senecal was up from Marquette Sunday. H. W. Outhouse returned from a business trip to the copper country Saturday night. William Morrissey of Green Bay spent Sunday here visiting his sister, Mrs. Delia Bright. Miss Rachel Schryer was called to her home at Flint yesterday to attend her father, who is seriously sick. Mrs. Cornelius Kennedy is at Argyle, Wis., where she was called Friday to attend the funeral of her mother. Andrew Oleson died at his home at 115 Vine street Saturday of consumption. He was a man of seventy-two years of

age. The funeral was held yesterday afternoon from the Swedish Methodist church.

James Jewel and Richard Richards of Lake Linden spent Saturday in the city. They were en route for their homes.

Dora Lafond, the infant child of Adolph Lafond, who lies at the junction location died yesterday. The death was caused by croup. The funeral will be held today from the French Catholic church.

### ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Ed Nelson is laid up with the grip. Hon. Fred Braastad was at Marquette yesterday.

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Gust Baruch is in the city representing J. Hamill & Co. of Appleton. He may be found at Burke's barn at Ishpeming, where he has a load of draught horses on exhibition. All persons interested are invited to call and inspect the horses. (2-1-1f)

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth. 25 and 50 cents.

# Clearing Sale!



# Clearing Sale!

# AFTER TAKING OUR INVENTORY

We find that we are overstocked with merchandise in several of our departments, and we therefore inaugurate an extraordinary sale to clear the decks so as to be ready for our spring business, and we have therefore marked goods down to a point where nobody can afford to miss the sale. It will pay you to visit this sale as prices are such as will enable you to put up a stock for next winter if you are not in need of anything this winter.

### CLOTHING DEPT.

CLEARING SALE ON OVERCOATS. 15 blue melton dress coats, former price, \$6.75; to close out at \$4.50. 3 gray kersey dress coats, fancy lining, latest make, former price, \$8; now \$5.50. Melton dress coats, in blue and black, considered good value at

\$11, to close 7.50. 22 black Irish frieze ulster overcoats, former price, \$8; reduced to 5.50. All-wool black Irish frieze, considered cheap at \$10; to close 7.00. 22 black cheviot ulsters, flannel lined, considered cheapest out in the city; former price, \$9; to close 6.00. Brown all-wool chinilla ulsters, former price, \$9.50; to close 6.50. Boys' ulsters, age 14 to 19 years, former price, \$4.50; to close 2.75. Boys' ulsters, age 14 to 19 years, former price, \$9; to close 6.50. Children's ulsters, from 6 to 15 years, former price, \$4.50; to close 3.25. Children's reefers, considered good value at \$4.50; to close 2.75. 300 pair men's pants, the \$4.50, \$4, \$3 and \$2.75 kind, to close the entire lot, per pair \$1.98. 250 pair children's knee pants, splendid value, at credit store or dividend-paying concerns 75c; for this sale \$2.50. 250 pair children's knee pants, small-

er sizes, good value at 50c; for this sale \$1.25. 16 doz. children's all-wool flannel waists. We find in this department more goods than we care to carry over to next season, and we therefore mark the \$1.50, \$1.25 and \$1 waists down to \$1.00. Men's leather mining boots, every pair guaranteed, credit store price \$2.50; our price \$2.00. Milwaukee grain leather mining boots, sold everywhere at \$3; our

price \$2.50. Men's O.K. mining shoes, sole leather, counter credit store price, \$1.50; our price \$1.20. Miners' blanket shirts and drawers, good value at 75c; our price \$1.50. Men's black sateen overshirts, sold everywhere at \$1.25; our price \$1.00. Union-made 9 oz. Denim overalls, the 75c quality, our price \$1.00. Men's all-wool fleece-lined underwear, splendid value at \$2 each, now reduced to \$1.25.

Men's fancy striped underwear, splendid value at \$1, reduced to 80c. Men's fleece-lined shirts and drawers, credit store or dividend-paying concern, 70c; our special price \$1.00. Men's flannel shirts, special for this sale, the \$1.25 kind reduced to 95c. Men's all-wool flannel shirts, credit store and dividend-paying concern, price, \$2.50; our price for this sale 1.68. Gents' flannel night gowns, better grade, former price, \$1.25; now reduced to 98c.

## MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6TH, 1899.

2,000 yards Outing Flannel, the regular 8c quality, for this day only 41-5c

## TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7TH, 1899.

8,000 yards Unbleached Sheeting, credit store price, 7c; for this day only 3c

Linings Free With Dress Goods Purchased Every Thursday.

Just received a consignment of Tissera's Ceylon teas, put up in 1-pound and 1/2-pound cans, at credit stores, 70c; our price 59c. XXXX McLaughlin's coffee, per pound 10c. Gloss starch 10c. 19 bars Calumet laundry soap, considered best laundry soap in the market 25c.

8 bars Santa Claus soap for 25c. 3 cakes fine toilet soap for 10c. Pure Castle toilet soap, with wash rag, per cake 10c. 12 boxes of parlor matches 10c. Laundry blueing 10c. Laundry blueing, larger size, per bottle 10c. Ammonia, per bottle 10c. Scrubbing brushes 4c, 5c, 8c and 12c.

Clothes lines 11c. Lamp chimneys 4c, 5c and 10c. Lace shelf paper, per package 10c. Clothes wringers 1.19. Granite presses, better grade, hardware store price, \$2.25; our price 1.45. Sad irons, per set 79c. Tooth picks, usually sold for 10c per box, our price 4c. Copper boilers, hardware store price, \$2.50; our price 1.83.

Copper and nickel plated tea kettle, at credit stores, \$1.50; our price 98c. Granite dipper, 15c; larger size 44c. Granite preserve kettles 44c. Rice boilers 44c. Tea and coffee pots, 34c; larger sizes 36c. Toilet soap in all latest perfumes. Woodbury's Facial soap 20c. Facial cream 20c.

LaBeau Monde glycerine soap 15c. Shaving soap, 7c; larger bars 12c. Finest of perfumes, per oz. 39c. Table oil cloth, per yard 9c. Shelf oil cloth, per yard 5c. 36 six-piece toilet sets, the regular \$3.50 kind, for this sale only 1.98. 12 doz. cups and saucers, good decoration, the regular 75c kind, to close, per pair 38c.

Plain white dinnerware cups and saucers, credit store price, 12c; our price 10c. 300 China cuspidors, good value at 75c, our price 42c. Our crockery department is the most complete of any store in the upper peninsula. Remember we sell for cash and can therefore undersell any other concern in the county.

Remember "CASH IS KING" with the Star Savings Bank company, and we are making prices accordingly and strictly one price to all. Any goods purchased at the Star Savings Bank, not entirely satisfactory, may be returned and the purchase price cheerfully refunded, except cut goods. Thanking you one and all for your past patronage and soliciting a continuance of the same, we remain, Yours respectfully,

Parties from Negaunee, Champion and Republic making purchases amounting to \$10.00 will have their Fare Paid.

## STAR SAVINGS BANK COMPANY,

ORIGINATORS OF LOW PRICES, ISHPEMING, MICH.

Owes Her Beauty for I... When a woman's beauty... Health to her... She has got... cause—if she... fills for P... to become a mother... of every man... cure when every... Glueure, of 1... writes that s... many month... attention was... Oeder's Red... take them, a... says: "I am... all to this val... In bad cas... Their letters... specialists at... Call for perso... 274 St. Denis... dress on post... book "Pale... Dr. Oeder's... ware of all re... dred or at 25... tions. Get it... They have th... 60c., or 6 bot... price in stan... order or expr... over the worl... Dr. Oeder's... than liquid n... to take, mor... FREE PRAN... Medical... K... Dysp... Diges... Tartific... Nature is... structing... gans. It... ant and t... can appro... stantly re... Dyspepsia... Flatulenc... Slock Head... all other r... Prepared... Hancock... SUND... + PM. A... 5:15 12:30... 9:37 12:52... 3:53 1:10... PM. PM. A... BETWEEN... + +... PM. AM... 2:25 9:35... 2:40 9:50... 3:00 10:10... 3:10 10:20... PM. AM... 'D... Minera... Change... No. 2 +... " 8 +... " 11 +... " 13 +... " 15 +... \*Daily... MUNI... WEST... EAST... \*Plus st... All trans... Mending... western... dress.



Miss Giguere

Owes Her Health to Dr. Coderre's Red Pills for Pale and Weak Women.

When a woman loses her health, she loses her beauty. She can cover her face with powder and cosmetics. She can spend hours at the mirror in vain attempts to bring back the natural glow of health to her cheeks. She can spend dollar after dollar upon all the various deceptive preparations called "beautifiers." But the only way to become a woman, and the only way to become beautiful, is to have the general health.



to become a woman, and the only way to become beautiful, is to have the general health. They help the girl to become a woman, and the only way to become beautiful, is to have the general health.

Dr. Coderre's Red Pills are the only pills that cure the general health. They help the girl to become a woman, and the only way to become beautiful, is to have the general health.

THE FRANCO-AMERICAN CHEMICAL CO. Medical Department, Montreal, Canada.

Dr. Coderre's Red Pills are the only pills that cure the general health. They help the girl to become a woman, and the only way to become beautiful, is to have the general health.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Digests what you eat.

Artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. Dewitt & Co., Chicago. Stafford Drug Co.

Hancock & Calumet R. R.

Table with columns for PM, AM, LV, ARR, AM, PM and rows for Lake Linden, Dollar Bay, Hancock.

Table with columns for PM, AM, LV, ARR, AM, PM and rows for Upper Mills, Escalona, Calumet.

Mineral Range Railroad.

Table with columns for Leave Calumet, Arrive Hancock, Arrive Houghton and rows for 8:10 am, 8:30 am, 8:50 am, 9:10 am.

MUNISING RAILWAY.

Table with columns for WEST, STATIONS, EAST and rows for Marquette, Soudan, Hancock, Escalona, Lake Linden, Dollar Bay, Hancock.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

will overcome all its peculiarities to the period preceding childbirth, and will prepare the delicate organism directly involved for the final ordeal. Mother's Friend is not an internal cure-all, but a scientific liniment approved by medical authority and established by years of successful use.

UNDERTAKING

Phone No. 118 at residence for night calls. M. WOLLNER, Negaunee, 7-11-17

Plate Glass

The only jobber in this territory handling sheets of Plate Glass. Keep in stock ABSOLUTELY EVERYTHING IN THE GLASS LINE. Send your orders or write for estimates.

DETROIT COLLEGE OF LAW

Hon. Philip T. Van Zile, Dean. NINETEEN LECTURERS AND INSTRUCTORS. DIPLOMA ADMITS TO THE BAR. Next Session commences September 19th, 1899. For announcement address H. A. ST. JOHN, G. P. Office, 205 State Bank Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

THE GOVERNOR OF GUAM.

How He Held the Germans in Check at Samoa.

Commander R. P. Leary, recently assigned to command the naval station at Guam, was the most efficient officer ever located at Samoa. He is a fearless man at whom a good many people poke fun, but of whom everyone speaks in the highest terms for his honesty and intrepidity.

Twelve days of almost invariably zero weather is the record that has just been established here, and before it warms up the number of days will probably be increased. During this period the temperatures as recorded at the Breitung house have all been below zero, and usually the zero weather has continued throughout the different days.

The thermometer has been registering below zero since the severe blizzard of Thursday, January 26th. While the storm was on it was quite warm, but toward evening it became cold and the thermometer has not recorded the normal temperature since.

AN AMERICAN RAILROAD IN CHINA.

Moneyed men from the United States have secured a franchise for building a railroad from Hong Kong to Han Kow, China, a distance of nearly 700 miles. While railroads are necessary to a nation's prosperity, health is still more necessary.

FARO BUILT THE CHURCH.

Bishop Put Up a Good Fight and the Sports Chipped in \$1,800.

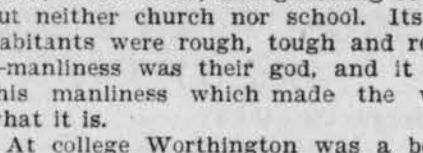
Bishop Worthington, of Omaha, is now a strict churchman. His sermons are severe in doctrine and hold out little hope to sinners unless they repent. However, the bishop knows human nature. He learned it in the best school for an education of that kind—the far west.

NEW LODGE ASSURED.

State Secretary Flynn and O. S. Green spent yesterday in Marquette working in the interest of the Catholic Order of Foresters. Up to date there has been no lodge supported by men at Marquette.

TWO LIVES.

Upon the strength and condition of an expectant mother depend not only her own life but the life and perfection of her child.



THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TATTOOING AN EYE.

The scientific world is watching with interest the result of a surgical operation recently performed at the London hospital, whereby a young woman's eye, which had lost its color by disease, has been tattooed back to its normal shade.

Pond's Extract

(Avoid Substitutes)

Cleanses and Heals all Inflamed Surfaces, Cures Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh and Relieves Pain.

ENTERPRISING DRUGGISTS.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than the Stafford Drug company who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers.

6 Days a Week.

RATES: Per Month \$ .60 by Carrier. Per Year 6.00 by Mail.

In and About Negaunee

BREAKS ALL RECORDS. LOCAL LAONICS.

Hugo Muck spent Sunday at Marquette. W. W. Gaylor was up from Marquette Sunday.

A new stair carpet has been laid at the Breitung House. A number of Marquette boys spent Sunday with their friends here.

Rosen Bros. are putting electric lights into the store formerly occupied by M. C. Quinn. The members of A. C. Weade's family have returned home from Dexter where they have spent the past two months visiting.

Will Brown, who formerly resided here, visited his friends in Negaunee yesterday. His headquarters are now at Ishpeming.

Senator Maitland left for Lansing Sunday. He did not accompany the junketing legislators on the latter part of their trip.

G. J. Silney is now in the city. He has just returned from a trip to the south. While he was absent he visited at Nashville. Mr. Silney formerly resided in Negaunee, but is now located at Gladstone.

The question of the location of the Normal school is at present exciting a good deal of attention here. The idea of placing it at Union Park was received with considerable favor here and considerable disappointment was expressed when it was announced that this location was not satisfactory.

Although the project for the erection of a beet sugar factory is not being violently agitated at present it has not been given up. The parties who are interested in the scheme are working quietly and it may yet be secured for this section.

Members of the Grand Order of the Orient are completing arrangements for a big meeting on the 14th of this month. The meeting is called by Grand Pettishaw F. H. Harris. Several new candidates will be initiated into the mysteries of the order and the members will send them through with all the customary trimmings.

The election of the officers for the present year will also be held, and a full attendance of the membership is requested.

Additional Ishpeming

The regular weekly meeting of the Gaynor dancing class will be held this evening. The Alabama cake walk two-step will be taught.

Representative Watters will return to Lansing today. He has been quite ill and he did not accompany the legislative junket on the latter part of his trip.

There will be a race at the rink this evening between H. Barrett and T. E. Dundon. Barrett, who is a pedestrian is to walk eight laps while Dundon skates twenty. The match is for \$25 a side.

The non-producers failed to continue to rest yesterday. This circumstance puzzled many of the local investors, as the stocks were generally expected to continue their spurt. Bulletins yesterday announced that the market was strong and unaffected by the disturbances in the Philippines.

Albin Jacobs, a former resident of this city, is now confined in the Ishpeming hospital with a fractured leg. Just before the holidays he obtained a piece of land at Little Lake and removed his family there. He intended to settle on the land, and has been engaged in clearing it up in preparation for the spring farming. Saturday morning he was working in the heavy timber. He had

nearly finished cutting down a tree when without warning it fell and caught his leg, fracturing it just at the ankle. It was necessary to bring the injured man to the city for treatment. He was taken to the hospital Saturday afternoon and is doing as well as can be expected, but it will be a long time before he can be about. The occurrence was particularly unfortunate, as he is the father of seven small children. His wife is now in the city.

Food does more harm than good when not digested. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It prevents wasting diseases and cures stomach troubles. It cures indigestion, sour stomach and belching, and allows a wornout stomach rest. It acts instantly. Stafford Drug company.

LOWER MICHIGAN NEWS.

The survey for the new South Haven & Saugatuck railroad is progressing rapidly, and the promoters of the road claim that if they do not meet with any serious obstacles in getting the right of way the road will be running before the close of the peach season.

The right of way for the proposed extension of the Lowell & Hastings railroad from Lowell to Beading has all been secured, except a few small pieces in the city limits at Beading, and it is now promised that the cars will be running over the extension early in the summer.

The company which owns the cement factory at Union City has bought up the extensive marl beds in the vicinity of Elk Rapids, Antrim county, and will build a cement plant in that place next spring which will give employment to 500 or 600 men. The marl there is pronounced quite as fine as that found anywhere in the state.

After being out seven hours, the jury in the case of the People vs. Elmer Young, tried last week at Hillsdale, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree Friday. Mr. Young, in company with George Tuttle, followed Mr. Roath and party to Litchfield on September 29, 1898, and called him out of the house where he was visiting, and a quarrel commenced. Young shot Roath four times, the man dying shortly afterwards. The prisoner claims self-defense. The case has caused much interest all over the county.

J. S. Stearns, secretary of state, who is one of the heaviest lumber operators in the state, is putting in 125,000,000 feet of logs this winter, of which 60,000,000 feet are in Michigan and the remainder in Wisconsin. Mr. Stearns says he would be satisfied to have the matter with Canada adjusted on a basis of \$1 duty on lumber. While the lumber industry in the states would feel such a reduction to some considerable extent, he believes that in the end there would be more satisfaction for all concerned were a compromise reached.

Thursday night Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth, an aged couple living in a little cottage in an obscure place in the outskirts of Traverse City, had a narrow escape from cremation. Both were ill with the grip, and when they went to sleep they left a lamp burning. The lamp exploded soon after midnight and the old couple were awakened by the heat of burning clothes. By desperate efforts they assisted each other to escape without serious injury, but their bedding was destroyed and house damaged.

A man representing himself to be an Armenian called upon the chief of police at Battle Creek the other day and requested permission to canvass the city for funds for the erection of a free hospital in Turkey. A couple of whites of the fellow's breath struck upon the olfactory nerves of the chief, however, and the latter made up his mind that the proceeds of such a canvass would be more likely to go toward the paying of a dividend by the whisky trust than the erection of any free hospital in Turkey, and as a consequence the request was refused.

Diana Corbin, the aged daughter of the famous Sojourner Truth, is very ill at the Nichols memorial hospital at Battle Creek. A historical fact connected with the life of Sojourner has just been made public at Battle Creek. Sojourner was born a slave in Ulster county, N. Y., and was owned by Colonel Hardenburg, who sold her when a girl with a number of sheep to one John Nealey for \$100. A nephew of the said Colonel Hardenburg has lived in Battle Creek county, six miles from here, the old home of Sojourner, for the past forty years. He is Jerry Hardenburg, one of the old and well known farmers of Emmett, who came there from the state of New York. His father was the brother of Colonel Hardenburg.

Frank Malley was leading a cow to the slaughter house Thursday morning last at Flint when she became unruly and tried to get away from him. George Shaw ran to Malley's assistance. The infuriated beast did not like his looks and chased him across the street, finally landing him in an express wagon. The hoveine then ran up Saginaw street, attacked Mrs. Farnam, whom she knocked down after pitching her several feet in the air. The animal slipped as she attacked the woman the second time, which probably saved her life. Some men who were near ran to the woman's rescue and got hold of the rope that was tied about the animal's neck. They tied the animal to a tree, and in its mad efforts to get away it broke off one of its horns.

ENTERPRISING DRUGGISTS.—There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than the Stafford Drug company who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or regular size for 50 cents and \$1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

Consumption Cure—Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth, cures a cold in one day if taken in time. 25 and 50c's.

GET Your Neighbor to Subscribe. THE MINING JOURNAL publishes more news than any other paper in Northern Michigan. The proof is easy. It costs a little more, but--it's worth the price. 6 Days a Week. RATES: Per Month \$ .60 by Carrier. Per Year 6.00 by Mail.



**TO BE WORKED AT ONCE.**

**Victoria Operations to Be Pushed Forward as Fast as Weather Will Permit.**

**CAPT. THOMAS HOOPER TO BE ITS SUPERINTENDENT.**

**Brush in the Philippines Didn't Affect the Stocks London Copper Advanced and Mining Securities Climbed.**

**INTERVIEW WITH T. B. DUNSTAN.**

Hon. T. B. Dunstan of Hancock was in the city yesterday, and today in company with F. H. Begole and Captain Thomas Hooper, the newly appointed superintendent of the property, will leave for the Victoria mine.

Mr. Dunstan told a reporter who talked with him last evening at the New Clifton that work was to be begun on the mine immediately and pushed as hard as the weather will permit. The mine will be unwatered at once and extensive explorations conducted both on the surface and underground.

The Victoria, says Mr. Dunstan, is crossed by all five of the known belts in the Mass and Adirondack properties, and he regards its prospects as exceedingly promising. In fact he sees a bright future for all three of these properties, and predicted a not far distant time when stock in either one of them could not be bought for less than \$100.

Speaking of the surface indications on the Victoria property he says there are a number of Indian pits. He regards this as a very hopeful sign, and says there has never been one of them but which has been a sure indication of copper. Whether it was because of the pits were dug the land was denuded, or for whatever reason, the Indians never made a mistake. There is not, says Mr. Dunstan, a paying copper mine in all the Lake Superior region which had not these pits on the property.

Mr. Dunstan says that the directors of the Victoria consider themselves very fortunate in securing the services of Captain Hooper. He was born in a mining country, raised to the business and has had years of experience as a mining captain not only in this territory but in other parts of the United States and Canada. He was formerly superintendent of the Nonsuch mine on the Ontonagon range, and some twenty years ago was for a short time superintendent of the Victoria, when it was in the hands of another company. He has served for a long time as Secretary Alger's mining man, and has gone for the secretary and his associates all over the country.

Regarding the equipment of the Victoria Mr. Dunstan said that was a matter which would be in the hands of Superintendent Hooper, but that it would be thoroughly good and complete and adapted to the needs of the mine.

Stocks started out Monday as if they intended to fully verify the predictions of brokers and others that this week's market would be a strong one. Some apprehension was felt among the speculators when they read in their morning papers of the brush in the United States had had with the Philippines, but their fears were allayed as on as the first quotations came in. All the coppers opened strong, and the market was braced by a considerable advance in London copper.

One of the features of local trading yesterday was the heavy purchases of Victoria. Brokers here sent in orders for several thousand shares to be bought on the opening of the market. Several other of the smaller stocks were also popular.

Victoria advanced a dollar on the day's transactions and closed at 9 1/2; Adventure fell a point from its Saturday highwater mark and stood at 14 on the 3 o'clock quotation; Arcadian showed considerable strength and advanced four points to 7 1/2; Atlantic, which had been losing ground the two or three days previous, recovered itself a little and closed at 43, up one; Calumet & Hecla attained a new record mark, now almost a daily occurrence, and went to 785 on the close; Osceola dropped one from 101; Rhode Island advanced from 11 to 12 1/2; Tamarack dropped two and closed at 240; Tecumseh, after months of lethargy, occasionally crawling up a quarter of a point at a time, took a sky rocket shot and advanced from 7 1/2 to 10; Union Land did a little better than a dollar and advanced from 19 to 20 1/2; Quincy slumped off \$3, closing at 180; Isle Royal dropped from 57 to 56.

Hayden, Stone & Co. received the quotations on London copper as follows: "Opened, 72, 17 and 8; closed, 72, 12 and 6; closed Friday, 72." Owing to the difference in time between Marquette and London there is no Saturday quotation. The brokers' offices between them could furnish but one lone bulletin yesterday. That was posted by A. B. Turner & Bro. and read as follows: "Copper up seventeen and six and unaffected by Philippine troubles." "The news of the ratification of the peace treaty was received with pleasure in the offices because of the belief that it will firm up the market and start a big boom. The prediction was freely made that this will be a great day for stocks."

**NEW WATER BOARD MEMBER.**

Mayor Appoints One and the Council Confirms the Appointment.

At last night's meeting of the common council Mayor Niedhart presented the name of George W. Hager as a member of the fire and water commission. The council confirmed the appointment without dissent. Mr. Hager is appointed to serve for five years, his term beginning the first Tuesday in March.

Appointing board members at this time of the year is a departure from custom, but a section of the water board act having been found which requires the mayor to make the appointment to fill the place of the outgoing member at the first meeting in February. Mayor Niedhart determined to go by the law and make his nomination. It has always been the custom to have the member whose time expired hold over till after the election, when the new mayor would appoint his successor.

One of the communications which came before the council was the resignation of Alderman W. A. Brown of the Eighth. Mr. Brown resigned for the

reason that he has taken a new position and has removed from the city. He has represented his ward four years and a half. The council accepted his resignation.

Alderman Brown was a member of the finance and taxation committee, and as this is an important committee the mayor appointed Alderman Tobin on it in his place.

The city has officially decided that the perpetrator of the Pendill dynamiting affair will never be brought to justice, and that there is nothing to gain by continuing in force the \$500 reward which was offered immediately after for information leading to their arrest and capture. On motion of Alderman Hamill, who is the chairman of the police committee, the offer was withdrawn.

The council spent some time in discussing the benefits of a membership in the American League of Municipalities. It then referred the matter to a special committee of three to decide if it would pay to invest \$20 in dues and join. The league is supposed to be for the interchange of ideas between cities. It has connected with it an information bureau to which all city officials may write for information and which will be furnished gratis in case the municipality belongs to the league.

The council passed a preliminary resolution looking to the grading, macadamizing and curbing of Craig street between Division and Altamont. After some discussion the aldermen decided that the culvert which would have to be built should not be assessed against the property benefited by the improvement, but should be paid out of the highway fund.

A committee of three aldermen and the city attorney was appointed to confer with M. J. Sherwood, who is the attorney for the owners of the Grace furnace property and who desires to submit a proposition to compromise the back taxes on the property. The committee was authorized to secure D. H. Ball as additional counsel.

The matter of putting more steam heating into the council chamber was referred to the council on public buildings, and it was given power to act.

**CITY BREVITIES.**

Weather forecast: Generally fair, and continued cold.

Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 11 degrees below; noon, 7 degrees below; 7 p. m., 1 degree below; maximum, 8 degrees below; minimum, 11 degrees below.

Frank M. Beney was down yesterday from Negaunee.

F. E. Silnar was down from Hancock yesterday on business.

Thomas Foulkes was in the city yesterday from Escanaba.

H. C. Stewart of Sidnaw was a business visitor in the city yesterday.

E. J. Dube of Houghton was down from the copper country yesterday.

There is a carload of heavy draft horses for sale at the Palace livery.

J. F. C. Pierson and Charles Butts were down yesterday from Kenton.

William Dollar and M. J. Qually of Newberry were visitors in the city yesterday.

Engineer Homer Cowden was brought home from Duluth Sunday sick with the grippe.

W. Y. Cooper returned yesterday from a trip below, after being gone about three weeks.

The Ishpeming and Negaunee normal school committee spent several hours in town yesterday.

T. H. Lathrop and M. L. Effinger of Laurium were down from the copper country yesterday.

License to wed was issued to Joseph Bertrand and Melissa Provost of Forsyth township yesterday.

A snow report received yesterday from Iron River shows the average depth at that place to be eight inches.

H. O. McMain left yesterday on an extended trip to Chicago and Detroit. He will be gone about two weeks.

The hose company will shortly begin on its tournament work. The matter will come up, probably, at the next meeting.

Mrs. John Stewart has gone to Duluth in response to a telegram from Mrs. James Reedy announcing the illness of her little daughter Alice with typhoid fever.

The young ladies of St. Margaret's mission will give a social this evening at the chapel in South Marquette. An admission fee of ten cents will be charged. The feature of the entertainment will be a graphophone concert.

More hose company was called out last night about 10 by an alarm from box 22. The trouble proved to be in the residence of Henry McMillan at the corner of Fifth and Rock streets. The blaze was a small one caused by the lighting of a large lamp shade. No damage was done.

**BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.**—The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Stafford Drug Co.

**MARDI GRAS AT NEW ORLEANS.** La., February, 14, 1899.—For the above named event the D. S. S. & A. R'y. will sell tickets to New Orleans, La., and return at very low rates. Tickets will be on sale February 6, to 12, inclusive and will be good for return passage until February 28, inclusive. For further particulars apply to station and ticket agents or to Geo. W. Hibbard, G. P. A., D. S. S. & A. R'y., Marquette, Mich. (2-3-12)

**TO CALIFORNIA.**

Attention is called to the excellent service of the Northwestern line to California and the favorable rates which have been made for single and round trip tickets for this season's travel. Best accommodations in first-class or tourist sleeping cars, which run through every day in the year. Personally conducted tourist car parties every week to California and Oregon. Choice of a large number of different routes without extra charge.

Particulars cheerfully given upon application to agents Chicago & Northwestern railway, or connecting lines.

**HELLO IMPROVEMENTS.**

**District Manager Sherman Outlines the Plans of the Michigan Company.**

**IMPROVEMENTS TO BE MADE IN SYSTEM LOCALLY.**

**Division Headquarters Building Will Be a Three Story Pressed Brick—Building Site is to Be Settled Upon.**

**WHERE THE WIRES WILL RUN.**

Any doubts the public may have had about the actuality of the Michigan company's long distance telephone are beginning to be dispelled. The district manager, whose coming was announced by the big stockholders when they were through here a few weeks ago, has actually arrived, and with him is a right of way man and several other employees of the company whose presence here tend to show that the concern really means to give Marquette outside telephone communication.

George D. Sherman, late of Minneapolis, who is the new district manager, took up his quarters yesterday in rooms 405-407 in the Savings bank building, and will make his office there till such time as the company's own building is completed. To a Mining Journal reporter who called on him there yesterday he said:

"We are not going to do any blowing, we prefer to let the public wait until our proposed improvements are completed, then it can see for itself, but in outline I can say that we will put in the best up to date telephone system, both for our local and long distant exchanges. This is guaranteed by the use of the best material and workmanship. The long distance lines will all be on copper metallic circuits.

"A main line will run east from Marquette taking in the St. Mackinaw island, Mackinaw City, and from there a west branch to Grand Rapids and an east branch to Detroit, where connection will be made with Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Boston and other eastern points.

"Another main line will go south through Escanaba, taking in Gladstone, Iron Mountain and Menominee to Milwaukee and Chicago. The west main line will go to Houghton, Hancock, Calumet and vicinity. These places and all intermediate points will be in direct connections with all our subscribers through our own 'phones.

"In Marquette the entire local system will be rebuilt with tall poles, cable system in the business district, and a modern multiple switchboard equipped with all the latest appliances for rapid and accurate service."

Asked regarding the company's building plans Mr. Sherman said that the site question had not been settled yet, but that the location would be determined upon in ample time so work can be begun in the early spring.

"The company," he said, "will build in Marquette as soon as the frost is out of the ground. The building will be of pressed brick, three stories in height, constructed especially for the telephone business and occupied exclusively by us. The building will accommodate in addition to the local exchange the general offices and supply department for this division."

An enemy to health is impure blood, as it leads to serious disease and great suffering. Hood's Sarsaparilla meets and conquers this enemy and averts the danger.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

**THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE** Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called Grain-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for Grain-O.

**FROM SIRE TO SON.**

As a family medicine Celery King for the Nerves passes from sire to son as an legacy. If you have kidney, liver or blood disorder get a free sample package of this remedy. If you have indigestion, constipation, headache, rheumatism, etc., this specific will cure you. The Stafford Drug company, Marquette, is sole agent and is distributing samples free. Large packages 50 cents and 25 cents.

A "girl's" complexion may be stamped on her lover's heart, but most of the complexion comes off, unless put there by Rocky Mountain Tea. "Powder's" a bad thing." Stafford Drug company.

**TRUST THOSE WHO HAVE TRIED.**—I SUFFERED from catarrh of the worst kind and never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that.—Oscar Ostrom, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill.

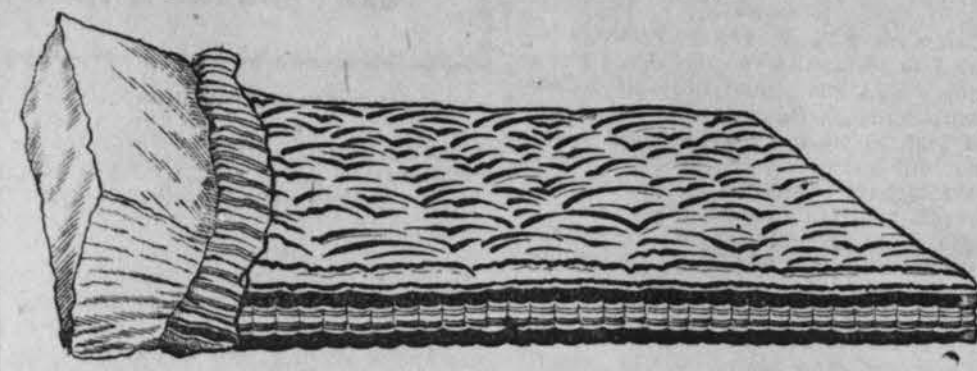
I SUFFERED from catarrh; it got so bad I could not work; I used Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston, Mass.

A 10c trial size or the 50c size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Keep by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

**TOUR OF ALL MEXICO**

In a special vestibuled train of Pullman Compartment, Drawing Room, Library and Dining cars, with the celebrated open non-stop observation car, Campbell, starting from Chicago Tuesday, January 24, for a tour of 37 days, the longest ever offered. Tickets include all expenses—railway and sleeping car fares, meals in dining car, hotels, carriages, special street cars, boats, guides and interpreters; no extras whatever.

The party will be a select one and limited in number, and will be personally conducted under the auspices of The American Tourist association, Henry Campbell, Gen. Mgr., 1124 Marquette Bldg., Chicago. For full information maps, etc., call on or address any ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

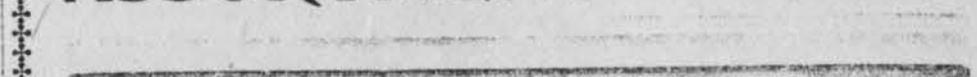


**HAGER'S ELASTIC COTTON FELT MATTRESS.**

The cleanest, softest and most lasting Mattress ever produced. You will find similar ones advertised in most Magazines and Periodicals at \$15.00. WE ARE MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS and are now in a position to offer them at \$12.00 (cash) to accompany order. Delivery to any depot in the upper peninsula. Send express or post-office money order.

Reference by Permission: 1st National Bank, Marquette. Hager Bros. Co., Limited, 118 South Front St., Marquette. Western Express Co. American Express Co.

**A CHOICE ASSORTMENT**



OF FRESH CLEAR HAVANA CIGARS JUST RECEIVED.

The F. Bending Co., 201 S. Front St., Marquette.

**AN IMITATION**

of the Progress superior steel razors may look as well as the genuine article, but the test comes when you want a good, clean shave. The Electric razor is made from highly tempered Sheffield steel, and will split a hair with ease. They are not made for a day, but will give as perfect satisfaction in 1900 as they do now. Our stock of pocket knives, table cutlery and carvers is unexcelled, as well as our stock of hardware.

M. R. MANHARD.

**HAYDEN, STONE & CO.,** BOSTON, MASS. Members Boston and New York Stock Exchanges.

**Lake Superior Copper Stocks**

And all others... Bought and Sold on Commission for cash or on margin through our Marquette office. Also orders telegraphed at our expense. Telegraphic quotations, daily records of sales, annual reports and latest information on file at our office. Telephone connections.

**CLYDE I. DRAKE,** AGENT Office in Savings Bank Bldg., Marquette.

**C. T. HAMPTON,** Manager for Marquette County Residence and Office, Ishpeming, Mich.

**Something New!**

**Flat-Opening Blank Books.**

Made to Order by **EGGERS,** The Bookbinder, Marquette, Mich.

**Palace Livery Stable,** FAY & BRICKER, Props. **FIRST-CLASS LIVERY SERVICE** At all hours

**First-Class Boarding Stable.** TEAMS OF ALL KINDS. Dry 4-Foot Slats for Sale at \$2.00 Per Cord.

**NOTICE.** One Dayton Computing Scale (new), price at factory \$45, will sell for \$30; also one \$25 Car safe for \$20; one S. F. Bowser self-measuring oil tank (new), for \$20; one 16-foot display case; one pickle display case; one three-story show case; one four-story show case; two 8-foot show cases; two 4-foot show cases. The above goods are new, or nearly so and in first-class condition, and will be sold for cash only, to close out.

J. L. HERLICH (1-19-10)

**COAL!**

HARD, SOFT CANNEL, SMITHING.

HAY, GRAIN, Pillsbury's Best Flour, Portland and Natural CEMENT, Lime, Plaster, Sewer Pipe, Fire Brick and Clay,

—SALT.—

Write for prices on car lots or less. Prompt Shipment Given.

**F. B. SPEAR & SONS.**



**IS THE WAR OVER?**

We wouldn't think so, with Miles and Eagan throwing beef at each other. There is never any question about whether our meats are high grade or not. We handle nothing but the best fed, primest and fattest beef, lamb, mutton, veal and pork to be procured, and we pride ourselves upon being expert judges of what is the best. We will sell you a fine roast, steak, chop or cutlet at a reasonable price, and if you want strictly fresh eggs try ours.

**HATHWAY & PETERS.**

Established in 1873. CHARLES A. HAGER.

**FUNERAL DIRECTOR**

and: **Practical Embalmer,** MARQUETTE, MICH.

Night Call—Telephone G. W. Hager's Residence.

**You Can Obtain Results**

**When You Advertise In**

**The Mining Journal.**

**WHEN YOU DON'T YOU DON'T!**

**NOTICE.**

Houses for Rent. Horses for Sale. Petoskey Lime, 16-in. Hardwood and Dry 4 ft. Slabs; Cedar Fence and Closeral Posts; Telephone and Flag Poles; Team work.

**GEO. E. FRENCH,** Marquette, Mich. (1-19-10)

**Charlton, Gilbert & Demar,** ARCHITECTS] MARQUETTE, MICH., (1st National Bank Bldg.) 6-19-10 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**Hotel St. Claire,** Detroit, Mich. Absolutely Fireproof, Thoroughly Modern, Central Location. Rates, \$2.50 to \$3.50. W. P. REYER Prop.

**F. H. W. BAILEY,** TAXIDERMIST, MARQUETTE, MICH. Birds and Animals mounted to order. Deer heads a specialty. (12-7-10)

**ANTON MANTHEL,** 157 Washington street, wholesale and Retail—Meats, Butter and Eggs.

**G. R. WATTS,** Piano Tuner. Leave orders at G. N. Conklin's, Marquette. County Telephone 15, and E. Girzi's, Ishpeming.

**D., S. S. & A. R'y**

**Time - Table.** In Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

**TRAINS LEAVE MARQUETTE**

For Montreal and the east and Lower Michigan daily ex. Sunday.....	4:55 a.m.
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For Houghton and the Copper Country daily, connecting at Nestora daily, except Sunday, with train for Bessemer and Gogebic Range points.....	9:05 a.m.
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For Detroit and the east, daily ex. Sunday.....	1:30 p.m.
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For Houghton and the Copper Country, daily ex. Sunday.....	3:05 p.m.
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For Chicago via Negaunee and the C. & N. W. R'y and Republic and Chicago via the C. M. & St. P. R'y, daily.....	6:00 p.m.
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For Duluth and the west, also L'Anse, Isara, Houghton and the copper country, daily ex. Saturday.....	10:50 p.m.
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**TRAINS ARRIVE MARQUETTE WHICH DO NOT RUN EAST.**

From Chicago and Milwaukee via Republic and Negaunee daily.....	10:40 a.m.
From Houghton and the Copper Country, daily.....	7:00 p.m.

For tickets, time tables and other information apply to **J. H. O'MEARA,** Ticket Agent, Marquette, Mich.