

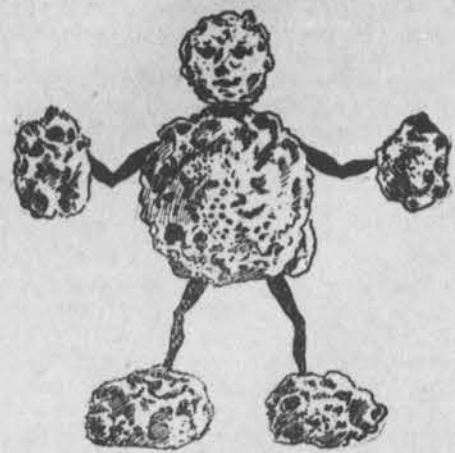
THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 3823.

MARQUETTE, MICH., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1896.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Doctor Sponge



has very large practice, but it would be much larger if people only knew what an excellent physician he is generally, and how very moderate are his charges. Those who do know him thoroughly, couldn't be induced to give him up. He comes in all sizes and at all prices—you may buy a big, soft, spongy sponge for \$1, and you may buy a tiny, soft, spongy sponge for 5c. You may also get soft, spongy sponges in different prices and sizes between these. Try one at your bath tomorrow—try one on the baby—use it for everything.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.
222 South Front Street.

Don't Let Your Shoes



get shabby. It looks bad and there is no need of it. We sell good, honest, stylish shoes very reasonably. One reason we give so much goodness for so little money is because we are not in a rush to get rich. We want to be fair and we want to keep every customer who ever comes to us. We can do this only by getting the very best and charging no more than it is worth.

WE GIVE A CHANCE ON A LADIES' \$100 BICYCLE WITH EVERY \$500 PURCHASE.

GOODSPEED'S,
209 FRONT.

Just received:—An elegant line of

Fancy China, Banquet Lamps, Globes and Silk Shades

— AT —

A. H. PALMER'S BAZAAR.

COME AND SEE OUR LINE OF

ART GARLAND

— BASE BURNERS AND —

HEATING STOVES

of every description.

MANHARD-JOPLING CO., Ltd.

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Winter will soon be upon us. Fortify yourself with a

CHEST PROTECTOR

before it is everlastingly too late. We have the largest line of

ENGLISH and FRENCH OILED CHAMOIS

ever brought into the city. Just the thing for a protector. Come

TAKE THEM AWAY AT ANY PRICE.

Skins from 10c to \$1.25 at

PENDILL'S PHARMACIES,

Marquette's Leading Drug Stores., Cor. Front and Washington Sts. and Superior St., Marquette, Mich.

OPEN ALL NIGHT.

GUN



BARGAINS.

Marlin Rifles, 44, octagon barrel, each . . . \$10.00
Kentucky Ballard, 46, rim fire 6.00
Single bprrel Shot Guns, 12 gauge 6.00
Double barrel Shot Guns, 12 gauge 10.00
Rifle and Shot Gun Cartridges loaded with smokeless and black powder.

Trolling Spoons (all sizes and kinds), Crown Oars, Paddles, Tents, Corduroy Hunting Coats.
Open season for Partridge, Oct. 1st; Deer, Nov. 1st.

L. M. SPENCER,
MARQUETTE, MICH

DID YOU EVER EAT

HEINZ'S BAKED BEANS

IN TOMATO SAUCE?

You can get them and everything else in the grocery line at Murray's. Prompt attention given to camping and picnic parties at

D. MURRAY'S,

114 S. FRONT STREET.

CHASE & SANBORN'S
THE HISTORIC COFFEE OF AMERICA
SEAL BRAND JAVA & MOCHA COFFEE
BOSTON COFFEES
A PERFECT ART ALBUM CONTAINING 24 BEAUTIFUL PHOTOGRAPHS REPRESENTING TEA AND COFFEE CULTURE, WILL BE SENT ON RECEIPT OF YOUR ADDRESS.
CHASE & SANBORN, 95 BROAD ST., BOSTON.

Sole agency for Marquette,
E. L. KELLAN,
110 S. Front St. 221 Champion St.

Arthur Delf's,

133 WASHINGTON ST.

Sweet Apple Cider, Chestnuts, Snow Apples and Pop Corp.

Everything in Season.

A BEAUTIFUL

UPRIGHT PIANO,

WITH STOOL AND CASE.

GIVEN AWAY

JANUARY 1ST, '97, BY

CONKLIN



Beginning Oct. 1st and continuing till January next—complimentary coupons will be given customers for each and every dollar received, either on account or for cash sales, entitling holder to chance in drawing for this Piano to be given away January first at

CONKLIN'S.

(10-1-17-0)

For the Fall and Winter Season '96-'97.

OYSTERS.

Milk Stew \$.15
Raw 15
Fried 20
Ham Sandwich 05
Tea, Coffee or Chocolate, per cup 05
Hot Cakes or Rolls, per plate 05

At Heppner's Bakery,

213 N. Front St. (Fraternity Block.)

Ice Cream always in Season.

WARM WELCOME IN OHIO.

Candidate Bryan Is Greeted by Big Crowds and Much Enthusiasm.

GREATEST RECEPTIONS AT HAMILTON AND DAYTON.

The Nominee Endorses Hanna's "Flag-Day" Scheme and Asks That All Silver Men Also Float "Old Glory" Oct. 31.

DOWN IN M'KINLEY'S STATE.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 19.—Candidate Bryan arrived from Detroit at 6:30 this morning. A good-sized crowd at the depot cheered the nominee. At 7 o'clock he made a three-minute speech at Perryburg and another at Deshler half an hour later. Short speeches were made at Ottawa and Leipsic Junction. At Lima, Mr. Bryan quoted from Mark Hanna's letter asking that Oct. 31 be made "Flag day." He endorsed the suggestion and called on all silver men to display flags the same day.

DAYTON, O., Oct. 19.—Speeches were made by Mr. Bryan at Sidney, Piqua and Troy. He was well received.

WARM GREETING AT HAMILTON.

ZANESVILLE, Oct. 19.—At Hamilton an immense crowd met the train, ex-Governor Campbell, whose home is there, being at the head of the reception committee. Mr. Bryan was escorted through the town, which was profusely decorated. The candidate spoke from a stand in the park to a crowd of more than ten thousand people. He was introduced to the audience by Mr. Campbell, who in this way made a formal entry into the campaign for the nominees of the Chicago convention. Both candidate and sponsor received tremendous applause, Hamilton being the center of a heavy Democratic district. Mr. Bryan, said in part:

"I believe in a democracy that means the rule of the people and am opposed to a plutocracy that means the rule of a few money magnates and the servility of all the rest of the people. If the Jeffersonian doctrine is acceptable to you, I want to say we are preaching and teaching the principles taught by him. If Jackson's Democracy was good enough for you I want to say we are preaching and teaching today what Jackson put into execution when he was the leader of the Democratic party."

There were short stops at Xenia and Jamestown and good sized crowds listened to five-minute speeches from the nominee. Washington Courthouse was given a ten-minute talk and the large audience was apparently in sympathy with the speaker. He said that at the time he was reputed as contempting the stage, he was writing editorials in favor of free silver and delivering lectures upon the subject throughout the country. He looked on the matter with considerable amusement.

DAYTON TURNS OUT BIG CROWD.

At Dayton the largest audience of the day yelled itself hoarse when shortly after 5 o'clock Mr. Bryan spoke at the fair grounds. The crowd was away in the thousands and the streets were crowded by thousands of others. His speech for the most part was along the beaten path followed in the last few days. Among other things, he said:

"The gold bug financier appeals to the soldier and asks him to support the gold standard. The same financiers who have attempted to scare soldiers by the threats of a fifty-cent dollar are by the same financiers who made bonds payable in coin while the soldier was paid in forty-cent dollars. I am not afraid the soldiers who risked their lives in order to make this nation one will on account of the scare they bring in regard to their pensions surrender our government into the hands of foreigners and make us the province of a foreign nation."

"One of the last appeals is to church societies, and letters have been sent to various missions societies, asking them to support the theory that the only permanent prosperity that can come to this country is a prosperity whose blessings begin with the people who produce the wealth and go to all other classes of society."

RAIN MAKES IT DISAGREEABLE.

From a stand in front of the court house Mr. Bryan addressed a large and enthusiastic audience of twenty minutes at Chillicothe. Circleville came in for a five-minute talk from the platform of the car. There were short addresses at Lancaster and New Lexington. By this time a drizzling rain set in and the outdoor speeches were consequently attended with some inconvenience to the candidate. Zanesville was reached at 11:30 o'clock. Here the triple nominee made a speech of half an hour's duration. The train bearing the party left for Bellaire at 1:05 and arrives at that place at 8 o'clock tomorrow, when the nominee makes his first speech of the day.

JONES FOLLOWS SUIT.

Desiznates Oct. 31 as the Silverites' Flag-Day, Too.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Chairman Jones of the Democratic national committee issued an appeal this afternoon that "on Saturday, Oct. 31, all who desire to preserve the country's honor and independence, who are opposed to government by corporations and the coercion of voters and desire that real, genuine prosperity may return to bless the people, display the national colors at their homes, places of business or wherever else they may be seen in order that voters whose hearts are for the country may be cheered and their purposes strengthened and that those who are wavering may take courage of the patriotism to perform their duty as citizens."

FUSION IN WATSON'S STATE.

Democratic Committee to Act On the Populist Proposal Today.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 19.—Messrs. Washburn and Reed, members of the Populist national committee, who were dispatched to Thomson to confer with Thomas Watson, reached Atlanta today, after having spent Sunday with the vice presidential candidate. An hour later they were in conference with Colonel J. Robertson, Democratic elector-at-large and a member of the Georgia state executive committee, the national Democratic committeeman from Georgia and several other prominent Democrats. The Georgia member of the national committee arrived from Chicago this morning, having come as the representative of Chairman Jones to meet Messrs. Washburn and Reed, representing Watson. When asked concerning the conference he said:

"No proposition has been made by either side and none will be made before tomorrow. Hon. Steve Caly, chairman of the state committee, will arrive at 9 o'clock tomorrow and the state committee will meet at noon."

The Populist committee last week made a formal offer to the Democrats for fusion in this state. It is understood a conference is now in progress here, and the meeting of the state committee tomorrow is for the purpose of bringing about this fusion.

HASNT RECEIVED WATSON'S LETTER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Despite the fact that Candidate Watson insists his letter of acceptance was mailed to Senator Butler here five days ago, the latter says he has not yet received it. Today he authorized a letter be sent Watson to that effect.

SPOKE IN MANY TOWNS.

Alger Party of Generals Makes a Lively Trip Through Ohio.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 19.—The Alger party of Union generals who have been speaking for McKinley made a lively trip through Ohio today. Leaving Canton at 8 o'clock this morning stops were made at New Philadelphia, Denison and Steubenville. General Sickles made the chief speech at the latter place to a big meeting, in the course of which he eulogized Edward M. Stanton, who came from that town. The speakers turned out at East Liverpool to greet the party and much enthusiasm was displayed. At Youngstown there was the largest meeting of the day. The next stop was at Warren.

The party arrived at Cleveland two hours late, but the big audience which had assembled in Central Armory waited patiently until the old soldiers arrived and gave them a great ovation when they made their appearance. Two other big mass meetings were in progress at the same time, the Republicans having prepared for a demonstration with a parade in which fifteen thousand men participated in the afternoon. All members of the party made speeches. The party will leave here early in the morning. From Toledo they go to Adrian, Mich., stopping at various places between that city and Grand Rapids, where they speak tomorrow night.

PALMER-BUCKNER ITINERARY.

They Will Speak in Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska and Iowa.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Generals Palmer and Buckner will leave for Milwaukee tomorrow afternoon, speaking there at night. They will stop enroute at Kenosha and Racine. General Bragg will accompany them across Wisconsin, speaking from the rear of the train. They leave Milwaukee Wednesday morning, stopping at Oconomowoc, Watertown, Columbus, Portage, Mauston, Tomah and arriving at LaCrosse in the evening. They leave LaCrosse Thursday for their Minnesota tour. They will arrive at Sioux City, Monday, Oct. 26, address a meeting there and leave in the afternoon for Council Bluffs. From there they go into Nebraska, Messrs. Palmer and Buckner speaking at Omaha and Lincoln. The Iowa trip begins Wednesday morning. Stops will be made at all the principal towns. Ottumwa will be reached in the evening. The party is expected to arrive at Burlington Thursday evening, addressing a meeting there.

Bay State Gas Receivers Named.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Judge Lacombe, in the United States circuit court today, appointed Dwight Braman of Boston and J. Augustus McCauley of Wilmington, Del., auxiliary receivers of the Bay State Gas company in this jurisdiction.

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—President Addicks and Treasurer Miller of the Bay State Gas company are in Boston in consultation with attorneys, and it is understood papers are being drawn up to be laid before the grand jury. During the afternoon, Thomas W. Lawson was in close consultation with Addicks, their attorneys and others, but the nature of the business transacted could not be learned.

Murdered Wife and Child.

BLUEFIELDS, W. Va., Oct. 19.—Marion Kennard of Wise county told friends this morning a tramp had killed his wife and four-year-old son. His fourteen-year-old daughter, however, says he came home drunk last night and deliberately killed them with a corn-knife.

Wisconsin Postmaster Fired.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The president has removed Postmaster John H. Lewis of Black River Falls, Wis., and appointed David Thompson his successor. The summary action was due to disclosures of alleged corruption entered into to obtain the office.

Nail Works Resume.

POTTSTOWN, PA., Oct. 19.—The entire plant of the Ellis & Leising nail works, including sheet mill and nail factory, is to resume after several months of idleness. This will give work to about five hundred men.

MASSACRES OF ARMENIANS.

A Demonstration of Protest Is Held in St. James' Hall, London.

THOUSANDS ARE PRESENT AT THE MEETING.

All Nations and Creeds Asked to Assist in the Succor of the Helpless and Starving Victims of Turkish Hate.

AN APPEAL TO THE POWERS.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—St. James Hall was packed with an audience of several thousand people tonight, a large proportion of whom were women, to take part in the demonstration of protest against the Armenian massacres. Nearly seven thousand applied for admission to the hall. The Bishop of Rochester presided instead of the Dean of Westminster, who wrote regretting that ill health compelled him to be absent. Many peers, bishops, deans and non-conformist ministers sat on the platform, and many others sat in the gallery. Intense enthusiasm was manifested, especially over the reading of a letter from Mr. Gladstone, expressing the hope that the meeting would, worthily crown the Armenian meetings of the past two months which, he said, were without a parallel during his political life. The great object was to strengthen Premier Salisbury's hands and to stop the series of massacres, which probably are still unfinished, and provide against a renewal.

The meeting unanimously adopted a resolution expressing abhorrence of Armenian massacres and appealing to the powers to co-operate with the object of stopping them and asking all nations and creeds to assist in the succor of the helpless and starving Armenians.

WANT PRESIDENT TO ACT.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The committee appointed by the mass meeting in the Jersey City Tabernacle last night to protest against the Armenian massacres sent the following today to President Cleveland: "Dear Sir:—The citizens of Jersey City, in mass meeting assembled, respectfully urge you to insist on a guardianship of Constantinople and to take effective measures to secure an indemnity of \$100,000 for outrages committed against fellow citizens in Turkey eleven months ago."

DETAINED ON ELLIS ISLAND.

Some Armenian Refugees May Not Be Allowed to Land.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—One hundred and sixty Armenians arrived this morning from France, to which country they fled from the Turkish atrocities. They were transferred to Ellis island for inspection by the health officers. They were met by representatives of the Salvation Army, Red Cross society and Women's Christian Temperance union. The health officers are not yet decided whether to permit them to land or send them back. The question may be referred to the secretary of the treasury.

Twenty-eight men and two women who had a few dollars each and who were considered desirable persons were "admitted" this afternoon. They will be sent to Salvation Army officers in New Jersey. About 150 more Armenians are expected.

NEW TURKISH MINISTER HERE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Monstappa Tahsin Bey, new Turkish minister, arrived today and was met by Mavroyeni Bey, the retiring minister, and the officials of the legation. The hour was too late to permit the presentation of credentials to Secretary Olney, and this ceremony and the meeting with the president occurs tomorrow.

In diplomatic circles the recent sensational reports as to the purpose of the United States toward Turkey is discredited, and it is said that neither the authorities here nor at Constantinople are disposed to push affairs to the point of rupture.

ANOTHER MASSACRE REPORTED.

Said to Have Occurred at Van Oct. 2—The Dardanelles Treaty.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Daily News Paris correspondent says that an Armenian correspondent sends information that a terrible massacre occurred at Van, in Armenia, Oct. 2. No details are given.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—A Berlin dispatch to The Standard reports that the Frankfurter Zeitung has a dispatch from Constantinople which says that negotiations are on foot between the powers and the Porte for the abrogation of certain portions of the Dardanelles treaty. The sultan is not averse to the project, says the dispatch. The powers will guarantee protection to the sultan and the integrity of the Turkish empire if the measures are carried out without fresh atrocities.

IN LAW'S CLUTCHES AT LAST.

Albert Downen Confesses to Fifty Hold-Ups and Three Murders.

DENVER, Oct. 19.—Albert Hence Downen, forty-five years of age, was arrested today by city detectives for highway robbery, and after a search of his room had revealed a large amount of booty he confessed to fully fifty hold-ups in the suburbs of this city, as well as the murder of one man, Joel Ashworth, here and a man and woman in California. He says he has served seventeen years in the California penitentiary for stage robbery and grand larceny, but was never arrested for the murders. The Ashworth murder was committed in June last and has ever since baffled the police.

First National Bank OF MARQUETTE.

Capital \$150,000 Surplus Fund 50,000

PETER WHITE, President E. H. TOWAR, Vice-President F. J. JENNISON, Cashier EDW. S. BIOR, Asst. Cashier

Transacts a General Banking Business of Discount and Deposit.

DIRECTOR: PETER WHITE, E. H. TOWAR, J. M. LONGYEAR, J. G. REYNOLDS, FRED W. HEAD.

N. M. KAUFMAN, Pres. E. N. BREITUNG, V. Pres. S. R. KAUFMAN, 2nd V. Pres. GEORGE HANES, Cashier. W. B. McCOMBS, Asst. Cashier.

The Marquette County SAVINGS BANK MARQUETTE, MICH.

Capital Paid in \$100,000 Surplus \$10,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Marquette, Mich. N. M. Kaufman, E. N. Breitung, Sam'l Mitchell, Chas. Meskie, C. H. Gali, S. R. Kaufman, Geo. Barnes.

Receives Deposits in sums from \$1 upward. Loans money on real estate and other approved security. Transacts a general banking business. Three per cent interest per annum paid on all savings deposits and income paid on all savings deposits and income compounded twice yearly. Open daily during banking hours and every Thursday evening from 7 to 8:30 P. M.

James M. Wilkinson, BANKER, Marquette Mich

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Special attention given to mercantile collections Stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

Rothschild & Bending, IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers.

Imported Goods

Arrive direct from Foreign Countries and for sale in Bond and Duties paid.

FINE CIGARS A SPECIALTY.

TONELLA & JOHNSON.



Funeral Directors and Embalmers. Telephone 194. 307 Front St. Night Call. Marquette, Mich. Telephone 175. (5-1-t)

16 in. HARDWOOD, 16 in. PINE SLABS.

All dry wood, under cover.

F. W. READ & CO.

Telephone Numbers. No. 41 Bell. No 66 Marquette Co

ESTABLISHED IN 1873.

CHARLES A. HAGER,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

AND

Practical Embalmer,

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Night Call—Telephone

G. W. HAGER'S RESIDENCE

CHAS. A. EGGERS,

MARQUETTE, MICH.

Book binder, Ruler and Manufacturer of blank books

Mounting Maps a Specialty.

Field Books for Land-Lookers, Pass Books and Log-Scaling Books for Sale

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

DAILY MINING JOURNAL,

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED). Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches and is especially devoted to Upper Peninsula interests.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Per year, by carrier \$10.00 Per month, by carrier \$1.00 Per year, by mail \$8.00 ADVERTISING RATES reasonable, and furnished on application.

MARQUETTE, MICH., OCT. 20.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

WHY SHOULD THEY BE BARRED?

One queer argument against silver coinage that is advanced by many champions of the gold standard is this: That silver coinage would conduce greatly to the prosperity of owners of silver mines by increasing the demand for their product, and that they would be enabled to make a profit of forty-seven cents, or about that, on every dollar of silver coined, for under free coinage they could take fifty-three cents worth of silver to the mint and have, it coined into a dollar which they could then use to pay debts or buy property with.

Now this latter proposition is fallacious, for the silver dollar will not be worth any more and can pass for no more than the bullion in it is worth, under silver coinage. It will have a value of one hundred cents, no more and no less, either for use in paying debts or buying property, and the gold standard people claim that the dollar now in use has only that value. If it has more than that value it is a dishonest dollar for use in payment of debts contracted before it had appreciated, and if it has not appreciated in purchasing power it is no better dollar than the silver dollar will be under free coinage of both silver and gold.

As to the first proposition, we fail to see how any advocate of protection to American industries can object to having the silver mines of this country given a chance to prosper equally with all other industries whose prosperity the protectionists have sought to promote by favoring legislation. It is well known that mining industries of all kinds conduce very greatly to the general prosperity of the nation, for the workers in the mines are large consumers of all other products, while what they produce adds to the imperishable wealth. They consume but do not produce what the farmers raise and the factories turn out. In addition to this, they furnish profitable employment for labor and in that manner tend to diminish the number of unemployed. It would be vastly to the advantage of the miners in every mining district of the country if the silver mines of the west were now being actively wrought, for they would then give employment to many miners who are now out of work, and increase the wages of those who are at work by reducing the competition in that class of labor.

When the McKinley tariff law was enacted it was lauded immeasurably because it sought to create a "tin industry" in this country. What is there about the silver industry that should bar it from an equal chance with the "tin industry" and all other industries of the country under the fostering care of friendly legislation?

COPPER'S STRONG POSITION.

The Chicago Journal of Commerce notes that copper is now in a very strong statistical position, and the fact that all through the current business depression it has held very closely to eleven cents has awakened encouraging satisfaction with producers and large holders. With output and actual demand at a stationary level in this as in other metals, there seems to be a certain solidity of base, sustained by a positive confidence, that has enabled mine operators to wait patiently for the turn in affairs that must eventually lead to a rich harvest. All the strong interests of Europe are now back of the metal situation, not because of speculative necessity, but for the reason that undeniable strength in reserve props up United States smelting enterprises. If electrical developments continue to ensure an enormous and ever increasing demand for copper, and modern methods enable mining corporations to double capacity at half the original cost, it is estimated that on the assumption of a continuance of last year's price there would be every probability that in ten years the shareholder of stock in a representative leading company would receive directly or indirectly \$400 per share, while he would then have left his interest in the above ground assets and in the future of the mine. The foreign plants of this class can never compete with such a record, and it looks well for the future of our northern and western mineral enterprises that are practically in their infancy as to development and capacity.

SUNDAY TRIPS.

THE manufacturers of this country who have been making a tour of the South America countries to learn what is necessary to be done to obtain a market in these countries for the products of our mills and factories have returned home instructed. They have discovered that we must study the wants of the South Americans, with a view to making the goods they desire, instead of educating them to take what we have to sell, in other words, educate ourselves to suit our wares to their markets. When we shall have made the wares, we must give our manufacturers the opportunities incident to proper transportation. They will do all the rest themselves. All restrictions to trade and transportation hos-

tile to the enlargement of commerce should be remodeled. These and other material points the National Manufacturers' association will promptly make public in detail, and congress, with new ideas of South American trade, should give a new turn to legislation that may make possible a permanent commercial activity in behalf of that country.

BOURKE COCKRAN seems to have learned a great deal about what the people of this country need during his long sojourn abroad. There was a time when our own country was considered the place where a man could best learn devotion to the honor of the nation and love for its institutions, but all that is changed. The patriots of the present campaign appear to be largely recruited from the ranks of those who spend much of their time—and money—in Europe, and who are not much in evidence at home save when they have an election of some kind to look after. Cockran is said to intend marrying abroad, becoming a subject of Queen Victoria and entering the British parliament. He's a nice man to put on the stump to tell Americans who intend to remain Americans how they should vote!

TURKEY'S ONLY HOPE OF LIFE.

Permanent Premier of Commanding Ability the One Thing Needed. It is a great aggravation of the danger of Turkey that she has so little to hope from revolution. The constitutional reform proposed by the young Turkish party has nothing to rest upon. Turkey is a military empire, in which there are three forces, the house of Othman, the army, and the Mussulman mob, and none of the three desires a puppet master governed by talkers or by the pashas who "have assimilated civilization" and whom old Mussulmans despise. A Christian regime is out of the question until the shells have been dropped in Constantinople, and there is no Turk, Arab, or renegade, who has any firm hold on the army or any persuading repute with the general body of the population. Ibrahim Pasha could have founded a new dynasty if the powers had let him alone, but in the Turkey of to-day "fall poppies" have ceased to exist, and outside the house of Othman no one whom the Ottoman clan would endure can be so much as discerned. The sheikh of Mecca is the highest figure in the orthodox Mussulman world, and he is a pure Arab whom the Ottomans, unless he has proved his commission by a great victory, would refuse to-day. Within the house of Othman there is little hope. The nearest heir is not sane, and among the princes no one excites the kind of confidence which induces men to place for their sakes their heads in peril. The present sultan, though a feeble man, is not of a kind which dies early—indeed, it may be taken as an axiom that convenient deaths never happen—and sultans while reigning are beyond assassins' reach. The only real hope for Turkey is a great vizier, who is also a permanent favorite of the palace, and the rise of such a man is no more to be looked for than the rise of a leader of the English liberal party, who shall be at once great and new.—London Spectator.

Seasonable Answer.

"Call that a sandwich?" loudly snorted the traveler as he stood up to the counter at Wayback Junction. "There ain't bread and ham enough in it for a couple of tastes." The proprietor smiled gently. "You forget, sir," he said, shoving forward the bottle, "that I throw in all the mustard you want without extra charge."—N. Y. Recorder.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thomas Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is now well and is thankful. It is such results, which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at E. Farbanham's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

A Good Investment.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size 50c. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

I suffered from Catarrh three years; it got so bad I could not work. I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well. I would not be without it.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston.

The Darlington, Wis. Journal says editorially of a popular patent medicine: "We know from experience that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is all that is claimed for it, as on two occasions it stopped excruciating pains and possibly saved us from an untimely grave. We would not rest easy over night without it in the house. This remedy undoubtedly saves more pain and suffering than any other medicine in the world. Every family should keep it in the house, for it is sure to be needed sooner or later. For sale by the Stafford Drug Co."

TO THE EDITOR—Mr. Bryan, like all other Populists, requires his hearers to accept his naked statements and his misrepresentation of facts as arguments. He is above argument, above reason, above common sense.

He said that, for twenty years, the gold standard had been of "incalculable harm to us." If he referred to the past twenty years, then there was absolutely no truth in him. A reference to the pages of the census of the United States for 1880 and for 1890 will show that, for the twenty years covered by these reports, the United States increased in wealth and prosperity beyond anything known in its history. We all know that this prosperity continued until the panic of 1893. That panic extended all over the world, affecting all countries. Unlike those using a single gold standard, those using a single silver standard, and those, like the United States, having a double standard.

In the United States that depression still continues, while in England, having the gold standard alone, every sign of industrial depression has passed away, and England is in the midst of "boom" times. Why is this? Why is it that our own country, which we justly look upon as the greatest of all, lags behind, while gold standard England is paying her national debt faster than ever before, and enjoys a surplus from a revenue bill expected to provide only for the necessities of the government? Is not the answer plain to all? Because Bryan and his ilk, for the past three years, have been howling for a depreciated currency, arraying class against class, frightening every investor and ruining our credit by agitation?

Mr. Bryan said this "is the first campaign which you ever saw in which one party went before the country declaring that what the other party had done is right." It is meant that the Republican party had approved the financial policy of the present administration. This is another Populist lie. Republicans have approved but three things which the present administration has done in the last four years. They have approved the efforts to maintain order and enforce the law; the efforts to maintain the public credit; and the efforts to maintain our national honor abroad. The Democratic convention which nominated Bryan refused to approve of any one of these things.

Four years ago, from one end of this land to the other, Republicans told the people of the United States that, if they put the Democrats in power they would ruin the country, that we should have hard times. Has not the prophecy come true in full measure? And may we not demand that Bryan shall explain to us why it was that, four years ago, he was Bryan, chief apostle of free trade, free trade, as a panacea for all our ills, if for twenty years, we had been crushed under a single gold standard, and free silver was the only remedy?

This is, indeed, the first campaign in which a party, having urged one policy as a cure-all, and having made an absolute failure, has had the cheek to say to the people, "We were wrong then, but we are right now." Bryan, chief apostle of free trade four years ago, dares say to you now, "free trade was wrong, but free silver is the real simon-pure cure-all."

Anyone, except a Populist, who had made such a mistake, would, of his own motion, have sought retirement. We mistake the common sense of the people of this country if they do not force Mr. Bryan into a seclusion where he may cogitate on the words of Lincoln: "You cannot fool all the people all the time."

Mr. Bryan said: "Language cannot be found that is strong enough to describe the iniquity of the system our opponents would force upon the American people." The iniquity to which he refers is the gold standard. Now, the bulk of the people of the United States are workmen—men who rely for their support on their daily earnings. Whatever money is best for them is best for the whole people, because they are the producers of all wealth. If they are prosperous the whole country is prosperous.

From one end of this country to the other, ever since his nomination, Mr. Bryan has been called upon to explain in what way the working man will be benefited by the free coinage of silver. He has been told that if he would satisfactorily answer that question he would have the support of thousands who now oppose him and he has never, but once, attempted to answer it. He usually evades it by saying, "If the gold standard is good for the banker, the manufacturer and the capitalist, it must be bad for every one else."

Is it not quite evident that if the money is bad, it is bad for every one, and if good, good for every one? When Bryan tried to tell how free coinage would benefit the laboring man, he said, "If the dollar is lessened in value, there will be more chance for employment."

Listen to that, workmen! Bryan uses the same argument for a reduction of wages that the employer does, take lower wages and you can get more employment. That is the doctrine of Bryan. Does it appeal to your common sense? He says, if we have free silver, the factories will start up. Strange that the owners of factories should not have found this out. Look around and see if you cannot number, on the fingers of one hand, every owner of a factory or manufacturing plant who does not say the gold standard is best, and that free silver means ruin.

Have all the owners of factories, of sawmills and of mines, conspired with Wall street and Lombard street to ruin themselves? Do you believe such rot? Do you see that the only conspiracy against our prosperity is that which the silver mine owners and the demagogues have entered into to fool the American people; the one class in hope of profit on their silver, the other in hope of office and power?

Mr. Bryan devoted much time to an attempt to prove that, if we had free coinage of silver, the silver dollar would rise to \$1.20 per ounce, or exactly equal to a gold dollar. If congress can make fifty-three cents worth of silver equal to one hundred cents of gold by free coinage at 16 to 1, then all the problems that have ever bothered mankind have been solved; perpetual motion becomes a possibility, and the millennium has been reached. Hereafter we will pay no taxes, for the government can make its own revenue.

We will no longer work, for the government can supply all our wants. If fifty-three cents in silver can be made one hundred cents, one cent can be, and it is wicked waste to coin a great big dollar when a ten cent piece or a quarter will answer every purpose.

Mr. Bryan says he believes this miracle can be accomplished. Do you believe him? It is impossible that Bryan himself believes it. If he did, he would not be promising debtors that they shall pay their debts in cheaper money, with half the quantity of wheat and oats it now requires.

Bryan says we are ten times as great as Mexico, and while Mexico cannot keep her silver equal to gold, we are so big we can.

Proud Columbia! Until 1896, she has been compelled, by numerous precedents, to obey the laws of nature and of finance. When she has disobeyed those laws she has suffered. This is no longer to be so.

Under Bryan, we shall be no longer controlled by the laws of finance, trade or common sense. Bryan, with his secretary of the treasury, "just the opposite of Carlisle," will teach Wall street and Lombard street, England and all civilized countries how great is America, how much smarter than all the rest of the world we Americans are! Elect him and he will make fifty-three cents a dollar.

No wonder that we say he either a lunatic or a demagogue! Are we not justified in saying he is a demagogue? He claimed that when the Sherman law, which provided for the purchase of silver bullion in large quantities, was passed, in 1890, the price of silver rose from less than a dollar to \$1.20 an ounce.

The fact is, that the supporters of that law believed it would advance the value of silver to an equality with gold, and because of speculation it did advance temporarily, from 96 cents to \$1.21 an ounce, but before the end of the year, it commenced to fall, and has gone down, day by day, and month by month, to less than 70 cents.

That law demonstrated to every man capable of reasoning that the government is powerless to permanently raise the value of silver.

Bryan attacked the national banks; said they make money on their circulation at the expense of the people. He failed to explain, if their profits are unreasonable, or if there is even a small profit, why has the national bank circulation been reduced from \$339,000,000 in 1873, to less than \$123,000,000 in 1896. The truth is, that the market for United States bonds rarely falls to so low a point that a bank can make even one per cent profit over current rates of interest, and as, most of the time, there has been an actual loss, the circulation has been largely retired.

The fact of it all, is that if Mr. Bryan knows anything worth telling about finance, currency, political economy or government he has studiously concealed it from the American people. He has appealed to every unworthy passion and prejudice, has tried to array class against class, workman against employer, rich against poor.

He has failed, as every such agitator must fail. As he goes from town to town, complaining that the shipment of gold abroad is the result of conspiracy, the tide of that metal, returning to our shores in obedience to the laws of trade and commerce, gives the lie to his complaints.

As he proclaims the fall of prices to have been caused by the "Crime of '73," the steady rise in the price of wheat, while silver steadily falls, answers him and his theories. It teaches the old lesson, that the value of a product is regulated by supplying a demand; that legislation cannot add value to anything.

In every time of depression since the foundation of this government, men like Bryan have appeared with a remedy for hard times. The remedy has been invariably the same—inflation of the currency and repudiation of debts.

These doctors have had but one answer for the American people: "We are neither dishonest nor cray." The people have followed that answer by burying the doctors under a mass of ballots. It will not be different in 1896.

MARQUETTE, Oct. 19.

Called Down by a Layman.

TO THE EDITOR—The Rt. Rev. J. Mott Williams, Bishop of Marquette, is standing on shaky ground. The Episcopal Church—his church—has never taken sides on any political issue. Believing it to be the only true church of the Living God, its members have carefully guarded it, through all kinds of wars and disturbances, keeping it strictly to its duty of saving the souls of men without regard to their nationality or political belief. While the war of the rebellion divided most of the religious organizations, neither slavery nor the liquor question has ever disturbed the Episcopal church, and now that one its leading bishops should take on with the money question is extremely annoying to some of its members.

Saving men's souls, and not their pocket books, is the calling of Bishop Williams, whether he thinks Bryan or McKinley better suited to the latter purpose, and we deplore his attempt to bolster up his political party by an appeal to our religious convictions as being such that we could not "honorably" vote for free silver. We have honor, but unless the bishop is sure he is right we don't want it tampered with, and how can he be sure he is right? Our own consciences dictate another policy to stand right before God, and the bishop should be careful how he attempts to place us in a position where we might afterwards feel we had done wrong. The bishop is only sure he is right on one thing, and that is on religion; let him stick to that, and he will find enough to do in the field where he has a sacred calling. Of course he is to a right to vote and we expect him to vote, but when he goes into politics any farther than that he is taking a step backwards. We like better to hear him praising God, whom we can trust, than a political party we cannot trust.

Today in America the Episcopal church is the church of the rich, and it is not the fault of the church itself, for properly administered it is as much a religion for the poor man as for the rich man. The reason can be plainly seen when such leaders as Bishop Williams take sides with the money power. One cannot take sides with the classes and reach the masses. The Episcopal churches, priests and bishops have long

been on the side of wealth, but unconsciously, perhaps, in most cases. It is the reason the church has no standing in the rural districts or the communities of the poor. The church will better prosper when its bishops maintain such a position that they can reach all the people. It is easily done and without sacrificing the franchise as a voter.

Some Episcopalians take comfort in believing that their church is backward in certain sections because the people of those places lack cultivation and education, but the Word of God should not be made to wait on cultivation and education, and the people of the rural districts and the slums should have an opportunity to learn what the Episcopal church is. Traveling through the smaller towns of this state one finds no Episcopal churches, and upon inquiry is apt to be informed that the "palace car line hasn't been started yet." A good way to help remedy this sad state of things would be for Bishop Williams to so govern his course in outside affairs as to assure the citizens of the Marquette diocese he can minister to their spiritual wants without trampling on their political beliefs.

AN EPISCOPALIAN. MARQUETTE, Mich., Oct. 17, 1896.

A MEDAL FROM CONGRESS.

America's Tardy Recognition of the Inventor of the Life-Boat.

In 1875 Joseph Francis received the unusual honor of the thanks of congress. In 1883 a gold medal was voted for his services to mankind, and on April 12, 1890, in the historic blue room of the white house, at Washington, this beautiful medal, the most costly one ever bestowed by the government of the United States upon an American citizen, was formally presented to Mr. Francis by President Harrison. Mr. Harrison referred to the medal as the tribute of a grateful country to a citizen who had rendered conspicuous service to mankind, and in his address, said:

"The tributes you have received from foreign countries to the value of your life-saving appliances are now tardily but generously and fittingly confirmed and crowned by this testimonial from your own. It was not enough that the savage wrecker should be driven from the coast—for the arm of the sympathizing watcher who had taken his place was still shortened, and impotent to save. You have given it power—you have made it possible for the shore to send succor to the ship. You have invented and suggested appliances that have saved many thousands of human lives. Not many of these have been able to know or to thank the man who saved them; but the nation to-day voices the gratitude of these and many thousands more who will owe their deliverance to you. In the name of the American congress and the American people, I place this medal of honor in your hands."

The medal is of large size. It cost \$6,000. It was designed by the well-known sculptor Augustus St. Gaudens. A portrait bust of Mr. Francis, in relief, fills the center, and is surrounded by 38 diamonds. This is the inscription:

The United States of America By Act of Congress, 27 August, 1888, to JOSEPH FRANCIS, Inventor and Framer of the Means For the Life-Saving Service of the Country.

The reverse shows a ship in distress with the rescuers at work.

On one of the early days of April, 1892, an added honor was awarded to Mr. Francis, one but seldom vouchsafed—an introduction, by unanimous consent, to the United States senate in session.—W. S. Harwood, in St. Nicholas.

TOPCOATS PAWNED IN SUMMER

Thrifty and Thriftless Alike Find the Scheme Satisfactory.

"Twenty thousand overcoats have been taken out of pawn during the past week," said a pawnbroker to a Chicago Times-Herald reporter. "The cooler weather has forced us to unlock our cedar chests and undo the bundles which have been packed away in camp. During the next month, unless the weather becomes warmer, as many more overcoats will be taken from the pawnshops. "No, it is not because they are poverty-stricken that so many men have overcoats in pawn during the summer. Of course, if a man wants to pawn anything, there is nothing that he should be more likely to 'soak' during the summer months than his unnecessary overcoat. At the same time many of the overcoats are left with us merely that they may be protected against the moths, who thrive during the summer, and to prevent them from accumulating dust as they would while lying in closets. A man can pawn his overcoat for two dollars, and have it with us until he needs it in the fall, and it costs him but 50 cents.

"Of course it is a good deal of trouble for us, but we are able to make it pay us well, and the temptation to a man who is improvident is to borrow more than a nominal sum on his coat, and, of course, he has to pay more interest.

"A great many dress suits are also pawned each summer to preserve them until needed in October. They are worn very little in the summer, and the same reason that leads to the pawning of overcoats operates in their case."

Easy to Take Easy to Operate Hood's Pills. Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." Sec. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.



This is the very best Smoking Tobacco made.

Blackwell's Genuine BULL DURHAM

You will find one coupon inside each 2 ounce bag and two coupons inside each 4 ounce bag.

Copper Country Department

The Death of Mrs. W. J. James.

The community of Hancock was deeply shocked and saddened Sunday morning by the announcement that Mrs. W. J. James had passed away Saturday night.

A VICTIM OF CONSUMPTION.

John Brohn, an old and respected citizen of Hancock, died yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, of that dreaded disease, consumption.

Political Matters.

The Lake Linden Opera House was crowded Saturday evening with an enthusiastic audience to hear addresses by Hon. H. W. Seymour, silver candidate for congress from this district.

Fills a Long-Felt Want.

The necessity for a first-class hospital on Portage lake has been one of long standing, and the opening of St. Mary's hospital at Hancock next week will be gladly welcomed by all copper country citizens.

HIGH IN PUBLIC FAVOR.

The products of the Goebel Brewing Company, Detroit. In the production of high-class beer, the Goebel Brewing Company, of Detroit, has achieved a reputation second to no other concern in the country.

Sucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required.

RABBIT HOUNDS FOR SALE.

Four Beagle and Harrier dogs; nine months old. George Voelker, Ishpeming. (9-7-1wk)

The U. S. Gov't Reports

show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

COPPERDOM BREVITIES.

During Sunday night and Monday snow fell to a depth of four inches at Portage Entry.

The fire in the coal pile at the Franklin was extinguished Saturday morning. The loss was not heavy.

J. J. Meyers has opened up a first-class restaurant in connection with his place of business in Houghton.

Just one year ago Saturday the dead bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Kraemer were discovered at their home in West Hancock, and still the mystery surrounding their death is as deep as ever.

L. H. Richardson of Hancock left yesterday morning for Chicago to close arrangements whereby he will succeed to the position held by the late Ira Whitney with the Smith-Wallace Shoe company—upper peninsula representative.

The Baer building in the Shields block, Hancock, is about completed. This is one of the finest residences in the city. It is equipped with all modern appliances, has hot water, electric light, etc.

NOT AT HOME.

This Little Phrase is Subject to Much Misconstruction.

It is a pity that the simple phrase, "not at home" is subject to so much misconstruction in the minds of well-meaning people. It simply means that the lady of the house is not at home for callers.

Mary Jory, an old resident of Calumet, died Sunday at the home of her brother at the age of fifty-two years.

Prosecuting Attorney Streeter, County Clerk Shields and Dr. E. T. Abrams of Dollar Bay will speak on the political issues of the day at the Quincy carpenter shop Thursday evening, Oct. 23.

Hon. C. D. Sheldon, Robert H. Shields, Hon. O. W. Robinson and Horace J. Stevens spoke at Kenton last night. They, and Hon. T. B. Dunstan, will speak at Sidnaw tonight.

There is also the itinerant vender, who infringes upon the time of the country housekeeper, because she is usually more easy of access than her city sister. It is no falsehood to say you are "not at home" to such persons.

There is also the itinerant vender, who infringes upon the time of the country housekeeper, because she is usually more easy of access than her city sister. It is no falsehood to say you are "not at home" to such persons.

American people are proverbially kindly, and often buy of the itinerant vender from pure sympathy. This sympathy is misplaced, and the fellow ought to find another method of earning his living that does not prey upon time, which he has no right to use.

As the prince of Wales has set the pace in fashion for many years past, it is something of interest to know how his purchases are made. According to one of the British papers the prince never orders less than eight suits of clothes at a time, for each of which he pays the uniform price of \$40.

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SAUSALITO'S GRAVES.

Remains of a Lost Tribe Found in California Hills.

There is in Sausalito an old Indian burial mound, and every once in awhile that grass-grown tumulus gives up some of its forgotten dead, says the San Francisco Call.

The place where the former Sausalitans laid themselves away to sleep is in the northern part of the town. A street has been cut through the eastern side of the mound, and many skeletons have been unearthed.

In the perpendicular bank made by the pick and shovel of the workmen was discovered the place where a body had crumbled and disappeared. Like the baker of Pompeii lying in volcanic ashes, this aborigine had left his mold when he had resolved lack to earth again.

In this bank may be seen the succeeding strata of shells marking the food periods in the life of the old rancheria. It is the geological commissary history of the tribe. The Indians evidently had lived on the big mound, and the shells and animal bones of their long-ago feasts had been dropped underfoot.

The projecting of an ordinary imagination backward through the years will bring to view the early man of Sausalito with a flint spade grubbing in the prehistoric mud for the ingredients of his chowder pot.

Then came a period when another bill of fare prevailed after the clam-bake day had darkened. A mussel stratum shows itself, and the soft shells are thick in the era marked by the abundance of that food. It was the proverbial feast before the famine that evidently came in the next generation.

For the succeeding deposit shows earth without any evidences of the tribal menu. Possibly the vegetable and fruit had struck the Indians, and the perishable nature of their kitchen refuse precluded the leaving of a dietary record.

Or more likely the root and berry crop among the hills failed also, as a number of skeletons found in this stratum would leave the archaeologist to believe that the famine was then among the mound people.

The following era was better for the tribe, for the clams came back. They were large, firm, fat fellows, with scalloped shells, so hard that they never crumbled under the succeeding periods that pressed down on them.

Then came a geological era when the fragments of animal bones appear—when the mammalia of the Coast Range came down to the mound and grazed the festive board. In the next period neither shells, bones nor human remains appear.

However, the ancient people of Sausalito passed down into their mounds and the grass of to-day grows rankly over their dead periods. A grove of buckeye and pepperwood trees send their roots down among the bones, which the street contractor disturbs with his pick and shovel.

"It makes good chicken feed," he explained. "The stuff makes the hens lay better."

The Prince's Cast-Off Clothing. As the prince of Wales has set the pace in fashion for many years past, it is something of interest to know how his purchases are made.

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HOTELS.

Hotel Northwestern,

Hancock, Mich., FRANK NEVILLE, Prop. First-class in every respect. Steam Heat and Bath Rooms. Sample rooms in connection.

Rates—\$2 and \$2.50 per day. (10-14-1m)

Michlgamme House,

MICHIGAMME, MICH. Mrs. M. Schwendeman, Proprietress. Centrally Located; Large Sample Rooms; Perfect Accommodations; Charges Reasonable. (4-15-3m)

Northwestern Hotel

MICHIGAMME, MICH. MRS. D. McWILLAN, Proprietress. Largest and best equipped hotel in the city; situated opposite depot; steam heat; fine sample rooms; charges reasonable. Special attention to commercial travelers and theatre companies. (4-30-1f)

LAKE VIEW HOUSE

HANCOCK, MICH. JAMES McKENNA, PROP. This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted with new furniture and is now opened to the public at moderate rates. Centrally located and convenient to depot. Sample room in connection. (10-1-1f)

J. W. SPEAR,

Manager of the HOUGHTON-HANCOCK AND CALUMET BOARD OF TRADE. BROKERS IN Grain, Provisions and Stock.

1,000 bushels of grain and upward on one cent margin or more. Ten shares stock and upward. I will pay all telegraphing for outside customers. Pork never was so cheap as now—\$25 will buy 100 barrels.

Houghton, - - - Mich.

COAL.

Delaware, Lackawana & Western Anthracite. Nickel Plate and Brier Hill Bituminous.

N. B. WALKER, J. D. SAUTERS & CO. Houghton, Mich. Cleveland, O. (4-30-1f)

COPPER COUNTRY Business Directory.

MISS N. SULLIVAN, Latest styles in millinery. Parlor on the postoffice. Houghton. (9-10-1f) GEO. A. NICHOLS, Druggist and Book Seller, Cigars, Stationery, Etc., Etc. Hancock.

STROBEL BROS, Most popular resort in the country. Fine Liquors and Cigars. Houghton.

THOMAS COUGHLIN, Livery Stable and Substantial Rigs—Careful Drivers. Hancock.

JAMES CARROLL, Dry Goods, Cloaks, Ladies' Furnishings, Goods, Etc., Etc. Hancock.

R. M. HOAR, General store—Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Provisions, Etc., Etc. Houghton.

A. L. KRELLWITZ, Dealer in fine Furniture, Undertaker and Embalmer. Houghton.

J. F. HAMBITZER, Attorney at Law. Collections hustled, titles examined, taxes paid. Houghton.

CULNAN & SIBILSKY, Dealers in Dry Goods, Fine Furnishings, Etc. Calumet.

L. HENNES & CO., We make a specialty of Carpets and Furniture. Houghton.

GEO. E. FRENCH,

MARQUETTE, MICH. Dealer in all grades of Shingles, Cedar Posts, Stove Wood of all lengths, (hard and soft), Charcoal, Brick, Calcine, and Rock Plaster and Cements. Also agent for the H. O. Rose celebrated white Petoskey Lime, each barrel guaranteed genuine that is stamped H. O. Rose, Petoskey, Mich. I also have one ton horse power horizontal boiler and engine as good as new—will sell on easy terms; also have houses for rent on Ridge and Harrison streets, North Marquette; Division and Jackson streets, South Marquette. Telephone No. 1.

The Haas Brewing Co.

ESTABLISHED IN 1859. Houghton, Mich. Recently equipped and expanded to the largest and most modern brewing plant in the upper peninsula. Capacity, 200 bbls per day.

Fine Table Beer Our Specialty.

A. PELTO, HANCOCK'S POPULAR PRICED TAILOR, Next to Northwestern Hotel. FALL GOODS ALL IN CHOICE MATERIALS, LOW PRICES AND PERFECT WORKMANSHIP.

E. B. NORTHWOOD, G. H. REEVES, THE HANCOCK MERCANTILE CO. Wholesale dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Farm Produce. Telephone connections.

LANDS! PINE LANDS!! HARDWOOD LANDS!!!

90,000 acres now thrown open to homeseekers by Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway Co., ALONG ITS LINES IN NORTHERN MICHIGAN.

Thousands of acres of White Pine, Norway, Spruce, Hemlock, Cedar, Maple and natural meadow lands for sale on satisfactory terms. The mines, thriving towns, large sawmills and extensive lumbering operations of the Upper Peninsula of Michigan afford a splendid home market for everything settlers can produce.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway Company will offer every inducement to bona fide settlers. For further information, apply to E. W. MacPHERRAN, LAND COMMISSIONER, MARQUETTE, MICH. (7-21-1f)

HOWLAND & CO.

BANKERS and BROKERS, AMES BUILDING, BOSTON, - - - MASS. Interest allowed on Deposits. Orders executed for Cash or Margin in Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions listed on the Boston New York and Chicago Exchanges.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO Copper Stocks. Send for Telegraphic Code.

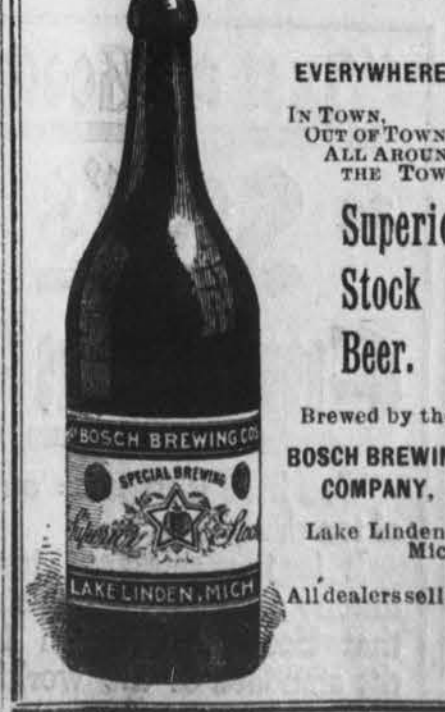
Detroit City Glass Works.

LOUIS BLIZ & CO., Proprietors, Manufacturers and Importers of Window and Polished Plate Glass, Art Glass and Mirrors. Established 1875. Factories at Delray. Estimates and Designs cheerfully furnished.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil as a CURATIVE and HEALING APPLICATION. It has been used 40 years and always affords relief and always gives satisfaction. It Cures PILES or HEMORRHOIDS, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

MICHIGAN MINING SCHOOL. A HIGH GRADE STATE TECHNICAL school. Elective System. Gives instruction in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Mining Engineering, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Assaying, Metallurgy, Drawing, Shop Practice, Testing Materials, Machine, Surveying, Mine Management and Accounts. Ore Dressing, Mineralogy, Petrography and Geology. Summer work. Instruction practical. Laboratories, shops and mill well equipped. For catalogues and information write to Dr. M. E. Wadsworth, Director, Houghton, Michigan.



EVERYWHERE! IN TOWN, OUT OF TOWN, ALL AROUND THE TOWN. Superior Stock Beer. Brewed by the BOSCH BREWING COMPANY, Lake Linden, Mich. All dealers sell it.

BEYOND SPANISH CONTROL.

Affairs in Philippine Islands Fast Assuming Proportions of Cuban Rebellion.

REVOLUTION TOO MUCH FOR THE AUTHORITIES.

Unless Reinforcements Are Sent Immediately the Dons Are in Danger of Final Defeat—Filibusters Off for Cuba.

CONFRONTED WITH A CRISIS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—Advices by steamer Peru from Singapore and Hong Kong up to Sept 27 state the revolution is now beyond the control of the Spanish authorities and that unless reinforcements are sent to Manila immediately the Spanish forces are in danger of final defeat.

ANOTHER EXPEDITION SAILS.

Steamer Three Friends Takes More Men and Arms to Cuba. Key West, Fla., Oct. 19.—Another expedition has undoubtedly got away for Cuba. Saturday night the steamer Cora and tow, loaded with two hundred tons of coal in sacks, left here on a wrecking voyage.

SERIOUS LOSS TO THE CUBANS.

HAVANA, Oct. 19.—The quantity and quality of the contraband of war captured by the Spaniards from the Dauntless expedition were much larger and more important than first supposed. Thousands of rifles, many machetes, a large number of medicine chests, some important correspondence and a quantity of ammunition fell into the hands of the Spaniards.

The commanders of the gunboats Contramaestra and Ardiila have been decorated with the cross of Maria Christina for the capture of the arms on the filibustering vessel Dauntless.

UNDER SEALED ORDERS.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 19.—The United States revenue cutter Windom will leave this port at 9 a. m. tomorrow under sealed orders. It is thought that the orders which Captain Hand will open when clear of the capes will instruct him to be on the lookout for filibustering expeditions leaving the Florida coast.

Getting Lots of Snow.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Oct. 19.—A heavy storm started in at 6 o'clock this morning, accompanied by a stiff wind from the southwest. At 2 o'clock fallly four inches of snow had fallen with every indication of a continuance, which may impair traffic throughout the upper peninsula. Snow is also prevalent throughout northern Wisconsin.

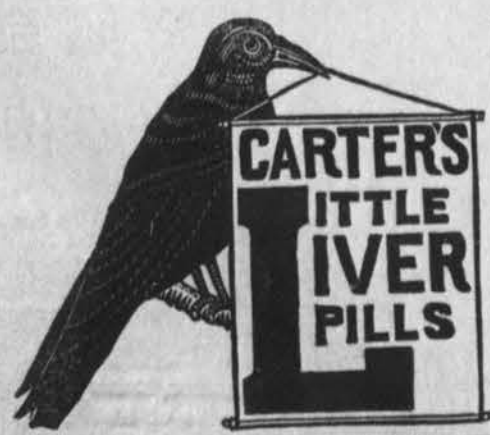
MEMORIAL, Mich., Oct. 19.—It snowed thick and fast all day and continues at this writing. It is the first of the season. Navigation in the bay is very difficult owing to thick weather.

A Twenty-Round Draw.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 19.—Dan Sullivan of Boston and Jackson Ward of Newark fought a twenty-round contest to a draw tonight before the Eureka Athletic club. The exhibition was an excellent one. Sullivan was the stronger at the finish, but showed evidence of strong punishment. Ward was weak but was apparently unharmed. Joe Gans (colored) of Baltimore made a chopping block of Professor Jack Williams of Pensacola in a contest stopped by the police in the second round.

Reed's Throat Very sore.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Thomas B. Reed spoke tonight in the big Republican tent, which was filled to its utmost capacity. Mr. Reed was able to speak but a few minutes, his throat troubling him seriously. He could only speak with great difficulty.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS SICK HEADACHE Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

A TALK WITH BISMARCK.

Teutonic Blood, He Says, is the Only Basis of National Success.

A gentleman who was at Friedrichsruhe a few weeks ago has printed an account of his visit. Bismarck, he says, was looking very well, but complained of severe neuralgia in the face. "It was painful," continues the writer, "to see how his eyes and his whole face suddenly became as if petrified, and he had to press his right hand against his face till the spasm was over. Every word he speaks, and especially the first to his servant in the morning, gives him intense pain, and the muscles of the face rest all night; but the pains become less severe during the day."

The conversation was partly in English, partly in German. In the course of it Prince Bismarck said: "I find that nations succeed only so far as they have Teutonic blood in their veins, and so long as they retain the peculiarities of the Teutonic race. The English were a really great people only when drinking was fashionable among them. The Irish are a feminine race, full of sentiment, but little accustomed to use their understanding."

"I understand, I believe, every nation; but the negroes are the only race to which I feel an antipathy I cannot conquer, for they strike me as caricatures of the whites. The United States, in the life of which they are of essential importance, has enchained my attention all the more. The fact that the social democrats play an important part only in the great cities there, where, however, it has proved possible to push them energetically into the background, is probably a consequence of the thinness of the population. This hothouse plant, not of our civilization, thrives only where people live close together."

"Mr. Bancroft always seemed to me the ideal of an American diplomatist. His scientific composure made the more agreeable impression by contrast with one of his predecessors. The latter had given me a good deal of annoyance through his wife, who thought herself entitled to throw all consideration to the winds. At the diplomatic receptions she always stood in the open space through which my visitors had to pass, like a general before the diplomatic battle array. One chamberlain after another appeared to lead her back to the front, but she repulsed such single attacks till at last an army of chamberlains advanced in order of battle against her, and thus induced her to retire."

In showing the cuirass the emperor gave him the prince said that he wore it only when it was absolutely necessary, as it was very inconvenient. He added: "When I last dined in the palace some six or seven officers of my regiment were ordered in their cuirasses to the dinner, which lasted two or three hours. I pitied them all the more, as I said to myself that I had been the cause of what seemed a torment to me."

In answer to the remark that the emperor had dined at Friedrichsruhe with his cuirass on, he said: "Emperors must and may do several things that we must not and may not do."

The great effort it cost the prince to bring out the words in speaking English—perhaps only the result of the long habit of considering them well beforehand—struck the prince's visitor. When he spoke German it was not so noticeable. His command of English, however, is comparatively good. He said:

"My stay in England was my high school in this. I owe my first experience of sickness to my voyage thither, which was very stormy. It was a tormenting thought for me, that I might be thrown to and fro and ground to pieces, as it seemed, between the various currents in the water, thus to go down to Davy Jones and add one more to the victims of the channel. My imagination conjured up all the corpses and relics of ships at the bottom of the sea. For the rest, I used to speak English in my youth, and the following incident of my year of military service has stuck to my memory:

"One day I had to go straight to a hotel to dinner all soiled with dust and dirt, and had to sit beside an English family who had arrived that day. My undrawing-room-like exterior induced them to consider what I was. One lady remarked: 'He can't possibly be an officer, but his hand is not that of a private.' I listened in silence. Suddenly the lady reached out her hand for a mustard pot, but as she could not reach it I gave it her, and said in my best English: 'It's empty, but if you want another, I'll tell the waiter to bring you a full one.'"

The prince's hands, continues the interviewer, though disfigured by some gouty nodules, are still slender and white, with broad nails, and it is to be regretted that he has never had casts of them taken. Nor has he ever really sat to an artist, for, said he: "I am no poseur." In the course of some linguistic remarks, he declared that the German of educated Berliners is the best, because it is freest from dialect.—Berlin Cor. London Standard.

A Lincoln Anecdote.

History has recorded many samples of Lincoln's dry humor. The following, related by a personal friend, is one of his quaint speeches: Robert Lincoln was once invited to a dinner at which many eminent men were to be present, among them Henry Wadsworth Longfellow. "Do you think you'll go, my son?" inquired his father. Young Robert thought he would. "Very well, then," replied Lincoln deliberately, "go! But if you're able to maintain a respectable conversation with those distinguished gentlemen you'll do more than your father was ever able to accomplish!"—Catherine Young Glen, in Illustrated American.

Poker Terms.

"Twins, your majesty," announced the nurse, "and both girls." The king started violently. "Well, that beats me!" he exclaimed, with emotion.—Detroit Tribune.

BROUGHT WORDS OF CHEER

Visitors From Two States Come to Canton to See McKinley.

LISTEN TO SHORT ADDRESS BY THE NOMINEE.

Says Party Stands Where It Always Has, Not Only on the Money but on the Tariff Question—No Repudiation of Debts

TWO DELEGATIONS YESTERDAY.

CANTON, O., Oct. 19.—The regular afternoon train on the C., C. & S. railroad today brought a party of friends and admirers of Major McKinley from Morrow county, O., of whose visit no announcement had been made. They were cordially received upon the lawn and introduced by State Representative E. W. Myers. In response Mr. McKinley said, in part:

"All your spokesman has said concerning the growth and prosperity of this great republic only emphasizes the value of free government. Two weeks from tomorrow you will have an opportunity to express your individual opinions on that question. This year there is involved, also, in controversy the question whether we shall have public tranquility and whether law and order will be supreme in the United States."

This morning a delegation from Swickley, Pa., brought words of cheer to the Republican nominee. To it Major McKinley said, in part:

"Some people seem to have a notion that the Republican party has been made a new departure, that it occupies a different position today from that which it ever occupied in the past; that is a mistake. We stand where we always stood, not only upon the money question but on the tariff question. When we had that enormous war debt of over two billions, and the country seemed to be staggering under it, the Republican party stood up, as it always has, and insisted that every dollar of that debt be paid in the currency of the world, and under that policy we paid more than two-thirds of that great national debt and every dollar of it with honor and in the best currency. We propose to pay the obligations of the government in the future just as we have in the past, in the best money of the world."

Denounces Bryan and Free Silver.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 19.—Sterling R. Holt, who recently resigned as chairman of the state Democratic committee, has published an open letter to Indiana Democrats denouncing free silver and the Chicago ticket. He said Bryan is not a Democrat; that he voted for General Weaver for president and bolted the Democratic state ticket of Nebraska more than once. Holt also denounced the Democratic-Populist fusion in Indiana.

Resigns His Post.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Berlin correspondent to the Times telegraphs: "Baron Von Wisman resigns the governorship of East Africa on account of ill-health and will probably be provided with a post at home." A dispatch to The Morning Post from Berlin says there are rumors of another change in the colonial administration, involving an increase of five million marks in the imperial subsidy.

Woman Burned to Death.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Oct. 19.—A horrible accident is reported from New Berlin, a few miles west of this city. Saturday the clothing of two small children of Mrs. Andrew Groves caught fire in passing some burning brush. The mother went to save them and her own clothing caught fire and she was burned so severely she died six hours after. The lives of the children were saved.

Put Silver Cause First.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 19.—Judge O. D. Jones, Populist candidate for governor of Missouri, today gave out a letter announcing his withdrawal from the race. He said he did so because he desired to aid in defeating the Republican state ticket. He thought by throwing his support to Lon V. Stevens, the Democratic nominee, he could do this.

Justice Richardson Dead.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Chief Justice William A. Richardson of the court of claims died today, aged seventy-four, from a complication of diseases. He was secretary of the treasury from 1873 to 1874.

Ohio Bank Suspends.

MARION, O., Oct. 19.—The Marion Deposit bank failed to open its doors this morning. The assets and liabilities are not yet known.

"Just as Good as Scott's Emulsion" You hear it in nine out of ten drug stores. It is the reluctant testimony of 40,000 druggists that Scott's Emulsion is the standard of the world.

And isn't the kind all others try to range up to, the kind for you to buy? Two sizes, 50 cts. and \$1.00.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Wheat went on a rampage today. December closed Saturday at 75 1/2; opened this morning at 75 3/4 @ 79 1/2; touched 79 1/2 amid the wildest excitement; broke to 78 1/2; shot up to 79 1/2; slumped to 78 1/2; advanced to 79; broke to 77 1/2; advanced to 78 1/2; sagged off to 77 1/2; and closed at 77 1/2, or only 1 1/2 cts. higher than Saturday after having touched a point 3 1/2 cts. up. The cause of the excitement was a sensational advance in Liverpool (4 1/2 @ 5 pence higher at the close) and closed at 77 1/2, or only 1 1/2 cts. higher than Saturday after having touched a point 3 1/2 cts. up. The cause of the excitement was a sensational advance in Liverpool (4 1/2 @ 5 pence higher at the close) and closed at 77 1/2, or only 1 1/2 cts. higher than Saturday after having touched a point 3 1/2 cts. up.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—In the stock market today the stringency in money and the practical withdrawal of banks from the market for mercantile paper was offset by the sensational advance in wheat and the decided strength of corn and other food products. The firmness at the opening soon developed into positive strength although the distribution of trading was very indifferent. The improvement became more pronounced as the day progressed, and the closing was strong at 109 1/2. Rock Island gained 3/4, and Burlington 2 1/2.

THE LEADING GRAIN FUTURES RANGED AS FOLLOWS:

Table with columns: Wheat, Dec., 78 1/2-79; Corn, May, 30 1/2-31; Wheat, firm; No. 2 spring wheat, 76 1/2; No. 2 red, 75 1/2 @ 75 3/4; corn, lower, 25 1/2; oats, higher, No. 2 white, 18 1/2; No. 3 white, not quoted.

CASH QUOTATIONS.

On the produce exchange the butter market was firm; creamery, 20 1/2 @ 21; dairy, 16 @ 16 1/2; eggs, firm, fresh, 16c.

THE FOLLOWING WERE THE CLOSING PRICES OF UNITED STATES BONDS AND RAILROAD STOCKS, ETC.:

Table listing various bonds and stocks with their closing prices, including U.S. regular, Mo. Pacific, Nor. Pacific, etc.

METAL PRICES.

Pig, quiet, steady; Southern, \$10.25 @ 12.00; Northern, \$10.75 @ 12.50. Copper, steady; brokers' price, 10 1/2 cts; exchange price, \$10.50 @ 10.75.

COPPER STOCKS.

Table listing copper mining stocks: Allouez, 16 50; Boston & Montana, 85 25; Butte & Boston, 315 00; Calumet & Hecla, 25 00; Centennial, 9 00; Franklin, 11 00; Kearsarge, 25 00; Oseola, 112 00; Quincy, 85 00; Wolverine, 6 87 1/2.

Unharmed in the Fire.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador (via Galveston), Oct. 19.—The officials of the Bank of Ecuador succeeded this morning in opening the vaults of that institution. They found the paper money, documents, books and coin in perfect condition. This tends to restore confidence and will lead to an earlier resumption of business than first anticipated.

A Battle for Gore.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 19.—Deputy Sheriff Tatum went to the Belle Ellen mines in Bibb county Saturday with a warrant for the arrest of Geo. Gore, a notorious negro character. Gore resisted and a battle followed. Gore and Frank Lartim were killed and Tatum and Jim Dennis wounded.

Forecast of the Weather.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—10 p. m.—The weather bureau reports the following as its forecast for the next twenty-four hours: For upper Michigan: Snow, followed by fair weather; brisk westerly winds.

Viewed Niagara Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Prince Hillcock and party were sight-seeing today by viewing Niagara falls from the American and Canadian sides. The prince sails from New York Wednesday.

BLOOD IS LIFE and upon the purity and vitality of the blood depends the health of the whole system. Experience proves Hood's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier.

Hood's PILLS act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

PIANO TUNING.

J. G. Bates, tuner for the Bradbury Co., will be in Marquette Oct. 9 for a few days. Leave orders at Fohrman's Music Store. (10-10-19)

MANY FORMS OF NERVOUS DEBILITY in men yield to the use of Carter's Little Liver Pills. Valuable for nervous weakness, night sweats. Try them.

TAKEN FOR A SHOPLIFTER.

Fine Looking Old Man with a Score of Full Pockets.

"Excuse me, but will you come this way a moment, sir?" said the shopwalker to a short, well-dressed man of about 50, with a frank, honest face, who had just purchased a collar.

"Certainly," was his surprised reply, as he followed the young man into the private office of the head of the firm.

"Mr. Ribbons," said the young shopwalker as he entered, "I have made an important discovery. See this!" and he pulled a protruding piece of red ribbon from the old man's pocket, with the result that about 15 yards of it were brought to light.

"You are right," said Mr. Ribbons; "go and fetch the police at once."

The old gentleman protested that he was innocent of any theft, but to no purpose, and the search proceeded. His clothes were lined with extra pockets, and before long 50 yards of ribbon of various shades, three pounds of confectionery, half a dozen packs of playing cards, two dozen colored handkerchiefs, some small flags, a dozen oranges, a white rabbit, half a bushel of artificial flowers, two guinea pigs, a canary in a small cage and some eggs were produced.

The poor old fellow's dimensions had, of course, decreased in size and he looked a woebegone mortal.

Just then there was an impatient knock at the door, and immediately a short, business-like man entered in great excitement.

"I was told I should find you here," he gasped. "What in the world do you want to take up all this time to buy a collar for? But what's the matter with you, anyway?"

"This man has just been taken up as a shoplifter," said the detective, and he pointed to the goods lying about.

"Shoplifting be blowed," angrily replied the short man. "He's the magician's man at our show and has been with us for years. How do you expect the 'Bouquet of Mystic Novelties' to be gone on with and all the other tricks without the honest-looking, white-whiskered old gent sitting down in front to let things be taken out of him after they have been put in boxes on the stage? It can't be done and he must come with me."

"Young man," said Mr. Ribbons, as the others left the room, "you are very careless and have made a serious mistake. Be more careful in future."

DYEING AND CLEANING.

Persons having clothes that require either dyeing or cleaning should remember that we make a specialty of that business. This is a good season of the year to look after your winter clothes and have them in good shape to wear when the cold weather gets here. Gentlemen's suits and overcoats made to look like new. All work done is guaranteed to please and is done on short notice when required.

MARQUETTE STEAM LAUNDRY AND DYE WORKS.

Needham Bros., Props. Main St. (10-10-11)

A hacking cough is not only annoying to others, but is dangerous to the person who has it. One Minute Cough Cure will quickly put an end to it. Stafford Drug Co.

OYSTERS.

Large ones for frying, or by the can, at Monteith's, South Shore depot. (10-7-14)

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

A. W. Acker & Co.

601 DIVISION STREET, (Cor. Hampton.)

Place known as the South Marquette Furniture store. Carries on business of upholstering and furniture repairing.

Pianos and Organs polished. Stoves polished and setting up, a specialty.

The best of satisfaction given on shortest notice, and all work guaranteed.

New and second hand furniture bought and sold.

Bell Telephone 68. (10-15-11)

Military Road Lands

Belonging to the

Estate of James C. Ayer

174,000 Acres for Sale or Lease

Open for Options to Explorers for Mines. Liberal terms to responsible parties.

200,000,000 Feet of Pine

Tributary to the Ontonagon and Sturgeon River and the D. S. S. & A. and Milwaukee & Northern Railroads.

Hemlock, Cedar, Poplar, Hard and Soft Wood for Charcoal and Cordwood.

Agricultural Lands equal to the best in the Northwest.

NEWLY OFFICED—F. F. AYER, Mills being Lowell Office—ACOB ROGERS, Saving Bank building, Shattuck St. For further particulars apply to

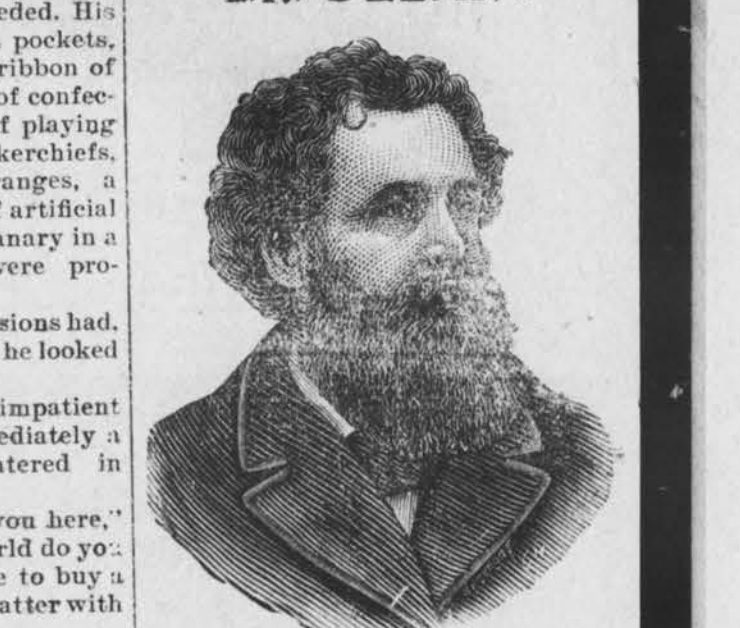
W. W. MANNING, Agent, Marquette

We Are Not Throwing Dirt

when we crack up our stock of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Sundries. We can fill your prescriptions promptly and accurately and our charges are as low as consistent. We guarantee the purity of all our drugs and solicit your patronage at

E. FARNHAM'S DRUG STORE.

Marquette Opera House DR. O'LEARY



LECTURES TONIGHT.

Subject: The Heart in Health and Disease. Its Functions and its Mysteries. A new theory of the blood circulation. The old idea proven false. This is a most interesting lecture and charmingly illustrated. Admission will be free. It is the last of the free lectures.

(10-13-11) E. A. Witherell, Mgr.

HIM AND CHARLES E. LAUNDRY

Good work done. Will call for and deliver to all parts of city. 207 WASHINGTON ST. (10-17-11) op. Post Office

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THOS. S. SPRAGUE & SON, Attorneys and Solicitors of Patents, United States and Foreign. Correspondence solicited. Instructions furnished free. 7 WEST CONGRESS STREET, DETROIT, MICH. Established 1870.

ONCE USED, ALWAYS USED



2 POUNDS NET WEIGHT C.E. ANDREWS COMPANY CELEBRATED

CAFÉ COFFEE

ALEX. I. M'DONALD

The Baby

is the one who gets the most care and attention in the household. He can't cry or even move in his cradle unless there is someone to care for him. He may be uneasy and fretful, and have his little ills—in such a case we can help you. We have Malted Milk, Mellin's Food and all the patent foods, Castoria, Laxol, Soothing Syrup, Teething Syrup, Dermal Powders and many other things for the baby. The quality of soap you are using may be the cause of your cross baby.

DESJARDIN'S PHARMACY, THIRD STREET, between Arch and Michigan. (4-25-11)

DIAMONDS

Al-ways the same. Never wear out or depreciate in value. Best investment for your money.

HAMILL'S

108 WASHINGTON ST.

WANTED-FOR RENT OR SALE.

ROOM AND BOARD-Desirable location, near the business part of the city; front room, well furnished, steam heat; bath room; privileges and good table. Apply to 127 East Ridge street.

LOST-On Front street, a gold ring with black setting; letter "B" on setting. Finder please leave at Mining Journal office.

FOR SALE-1-16th interest in 1,350 acres of pine land in Champaign township, Marquette Co. Gold bearing quartz assaying \$55 to the ton on tract; price \$1,000. J. F. Morris, Birmingham House, Philadelphia, Pa. (10-20-96)

FOR SALE-Two bedroom sets, a fine bookcase and a desk (both almost new) two lounges, parlor sofa, chairs and tables and a Brussels rug, besides kitchen furniture. 414 East Arch street. (10-19-96)

WANTED-Competent girl for general housework; desirable place for the right party. Alex. McDonald, cor. Third and Michigan street. (10-14-96)

TO RENT-Good office rooms in the Mining Journal building.

TO RENT-A seven room cottage, located at South Marquette, will be ready for occupancy Nov. 1st. Enquire of Geo. E. French, Division street. (10-14-96)

HOUSE FOR RENT-In Nester addition. Inquire of C. A. Hager of Hager Bros. Co. (Ltd), 118 South Front street. (10-10-96)

OYSTERS-Large ones for frying, or by the can, at Monteth's, South Shore depot. (10-7-96)

WANTED-Contractors to haul wood. J. C. Fowle. (10-5-96)

WANTED-Competent girl for general housework. 414 East Hewitt avenue. (9-29-96)

STORM SASH-Now is the time to order storm sash. F. W. Read & Co. (9-22-96)

TO RENT-Furnished or unfurnished, a ten-room house, all modern conveniences. Enquire of R. A. Parker, 422 East Ohio street. (10-4-96)

TO RENT-House partly furnished. 219 Baker street, F. B. Spear. (9-3-96)

FOR SALE-Twenty lots in Nester addition on contract; easy terms. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FARMING LANDS-Bought and sold at B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR SALE-House and lot in Cochran addition. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR RENT-Store and room, corner Main and Third Sts. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR SALE-Lots 82 and 84, Front and Park Sts. Moore & Sang's addition. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR RENT-Store in Green's Block, corner Washington and Fourth Sts. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR SALE-Lot No. 3 in Palmer addition. Parties will sell what they paid for four years ago. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR SALE-Houses Nos. 235 and 232 Bluff St. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR RENT-Two houses on Front street. Apply to J. M. Longyear. (5-2-96)

FOR RENT-Farm land near the city improved and unimproved. Call at office of J. M. Longyear. (4-10-96)

FOR SALE-Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (8-5-96)

FOR SALE-Cheap house and lot 222 Park St. Palmer addition. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR SALE-Modern house and lot on Michigan St. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

PARTIES-Having any thing for rent or sale, it will set their advantage to visit B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

FOR SALE-The Hurley homestead, opposite the bishop's residence. House and five lots. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.

AGENTS WANTED-Our canvassers make from \$10 to \$20 a week in solid selling silverware and other household goods; get ready now for holiday business; no experience or investment necessary; the best and largest assortment of goods; work for the old and reliable firm; call or send for terms. John Gately & Co., 355 Front street, Calumet, Mich. (9-25-96)

COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash: Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton

Hard coal \$7.00 \$6.00 \$2.00
Pea coal (hard) 4.00 2.00 1.00
Soft coal 4.25 2.25 1.25
Cannel coal 5.00 3.75 1.50
Hardwood dry, 16 in. split single cord \$1.75
Hardwood dry, 16 in. split single cord 2.25
Dry slabs 16 in. per cord 2.00
Dry Hemlock 4 ft. slabs per cord 2.00
JAS. PIKANDAS & CO.

COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash: Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton

Hard Coal \$7.00 \$6.00 \$2.00
Pea Coal (hard) 4.00 2.00 1.00
Soft Coal 4.25 2.25 1.25
Cannel Coal 5.00 3.75 1.50
Hardwood dry, 16 in. split single cord \$1.75
Hardwood dry, 16 in. split single cord 2.25
Dry slabs 16 in. per cord 2.00
Dry Pine slabs per cord 2.00
F. B. SPEAR.

DR. W. H. MORSE, DENTIST, Savings Bank Block.

ROOMS 305 AND 307 OFFICE HOURS-8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.; and 7 to 8:30 p. m. (9-15-96)

Children Annoy Orewich.

Mike Orewich is a Polish Jew lately come here from the Soo, and keeps a little store stocked with five pounds of candy and four packages of Peerless. Mike's troubles are all out of proportion the size of his stock.

Those naughty kids who abound in the neighborhood of Third and Fisher streets are the bane of his life, and also the bane of his wife, for she takes the trouble even more to heart than he does. The young scallaws, boys and girls alike, have been throwing rocks and dirt at his little shanty of a stand. He has complained to the police.

Last Sunday night about 9 o'clock the fullside commenced. Stones, dirt, any kind of missile was hurled at the little shop. Mike and his family were in despair. His wife conceived a bright idea. She would take the revolver and go out in the yard, discharge it and call the police. She carried this idea into execution, and the children ran screaming home, one little girl crying at the top of her voice, "I'm shot! I'm shot!" The report got abroad in the neighborhood that the child had been shot with a load of rock salt. No one seems to be able to tell whose child was shot.

Mrs. Orewich tells this story. She says no child was shot. She had a revolver, and it wasn't loaded with rock salt, but with bullets. When she went out to fire for the policeman she held the muzzle right down to the ground and discharged it.

His Reply Was Ready.

The Ethiopian can't change his skin, or the leopard his spots, but Sidney Adams can change his politics. Before he went to California he was a silver man. He is said to have returned an equally staunch advocate of gold. In support of this is told a story: Mr. Adams was dining one night in a California hotel. Sitting at the same table was a man with a pompous attitude and populist whiskers. He was talking politics and "electing Bryan" for the benefit or annoyance of everybody in the dining room.

"There isn't a thing in favor of McKinley. Not a thing," was his bald assertion. "I beg your pardon," said Mr. Adams. "I think you have overlooked one thing."

"And what is that?" asked the loud voiced man, dropping into the ministerial style and repeating, "What is that one thing in favor of McKinley?"

"The voters," was the distinct but hardly audible response. If credence is given to this story it is pretty sure evidence of a change of heart.

CITY BREVITIES.

Weather forecast: Rain or snow Tuesday, with cooler, westerly winds. Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 33 degrees; 12 m., 33 degrees; 7 p. m., 34 degrees; maximum, 35 degrees; minimum, 31 degrees.

Several flocks of wild geese flew over going south Saturday. T. J. Dandon was in Marquette yesterday from Ishpeming.

Born-To Mr. and Mrs. John B. Doetsch, a girl yesterday. Editor P. H. McKenna of Escanaba was in the city yesterday.

F. A. Bell of Negaunee, spent a few hours in town yesterday. Peter Primeau returned Saturday from a business trip to Chicago.

Dr. H. W. Jones of Houghton, was a business visitor in the city yesterday. Prosecuting Attorney H. O. Young will address the Republicans in the rink tonight on the issue of the campaign.

The cocoanut oil lost by the Alaska keeps turning up. Yesterday three tons of the stuff was shipped in here. Miss Tillie Wagner and several of her young lady friends are taking their fall outing on the Wagner homestead near Munising.

Dr. O'Deary will give one of his best lectures tonight. It is the last of the free lectures. A large audience heard him last night. The Young Woman's Guild of St. Paul's church will hold a business meeting this afternoon at 2 o'clock in Morgan Memorial chapel.

The following party of hunters have returned from a weeks camp near Munising: Lou Pendell, E. P. Monteth, David Murray and W. L. Wetmore. Alderman Krieg and his son John returned yesterday from their homestead near Gordon Siding, where they have been putting up a commodious shanty.

The McKinley and Hobart bicycle boys are wearing the emblem of the National McKinley and Hobart Wheelmen's association, presented to them by the association. Owing to the demand in the lower peninsula for Senator S. M. Hopkins, he did not address the silverites last evening in the Bryan hall. He is announced to appear this evening at the same place.

Miss Celia Kelly who has spent the past two months at the Milwaukee Normal has resumed work in her former position as teacher in the Marquette township school, which position she has successfully filled for three seasons. Senator Peter Pascoe of Republic and William A. Ross of this city, candidates for probate judge and county clerk, respectively, on the Republican ticket, left the city yesterday bound for Lansing, where they will attend the grand lodge meeting of the I. O. O. F. as delegates from their lodges.

MARINE MATTERS.

PASSED THE CANAL.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Oct. 19.—(Special.)—Up—Ketchum and consort, 1 a. m.; Caledonia, 2:30; Senator, 3:20; Drake, 4; Uganda, 6; Mills and consort, 6:40; Sawyer, 7; Kendall and consort, 7:30; Choctaw, 8; Bulgaria, 9:40; Iroquois, Madagascar and consort, Weed, 10:30; Castalia, 2:30; Argo and consort, Italia, 3:20; Cherokee and consort, 4; schooner Minch, 5:30.

MIDLAKE AND HARBOR GOSSIP.

The City of Marquette will make another trip to Huron River before the season closes.

Bad weather kept all the boats in harbor yesterday. Some of them had been here nearly a week.

William L. McCormick, editor of the Marine Record, died at his home in Cleveland Saturday night.

Port list: Arrived—J. H. Wade, William—Chisholm, Aragon. Business. Cleared—J. H. Wade, Cleveland; Aragon, South Chicago; Sarah Sheldon, Buffalo. In for shelter—Southwest, C. P. Curtis, Robert Holland, Fassett, Sheldon.

In a complaint filed in the United States district court the passenger steamer State of Michigan is accused of carrying kerosene between Cleveland and Detroit. It is alleged that the Michigan carried kerosene in violation of the statute prohibiting the transportation of an explosive of that nature on a passenger boat when there is any other route available.

Vessel owners say that the imperative necessity for the development of the harbors of Lake Erie is shown by the opening of the Sailors' encampment in the St. Mary's river. The improvement made in the lower lake ports will not admit of vessels loading to the capacity permitted by the channel work which will be completed by the opening of next season.

There is considerable pride in knowing that 225 steel and iron vessels of 380,987 gross tons are owned on the lakes. But how small these figures seem when contrasted even with new ships under construction in England and on the Clyde. On September 30th last the number of vessels under construction in the United Kingdom, excluding warships, was 355 of 659,641 gross tons, of which all but 5,000 tons was steel.

The latest styles in Scotch and London outtings just received at Ziehlsdorf Bros. (9-24-96)

They are so little you hardly know you are taking them. They cause no griping, yet they act quickly and most thoroughly. Such are the famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Small in size, great in results. Stafford Drug Co.

Fine business and dress suits made in latest styles by Simmons, the tailor. (10-4-96)

Tetter, eczema and all similar skin troubles are cured by the use of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It soothes, cures, and restores the tissues to their natural condition, and never fails to cure piles. Stafford Drug Co.

A fine selection of Melton and Kersey overcoats at Ziehlsdorf Bros. (9-24-96)

Many lines of usefulness have been cut short by neglect to break up an ordinary cold. Pneumonia, bronchitis and even consumption can be averted by the prompt use of One Minute Cough Cure. Stafford Drug Co.

COAL—I am prepared to deliver the best quality of anthracite coal, well screened, dry and free from dust. (9-3-96) F. B. SPEAR.

Speed and safety are the watchwords of the age. One Minute Cough Cure acts speedily, safely and never fails. Asthma, bronchitis, cough and colds are cured by it. Stafford Drug Co.

The politicians of the country seem to be very anxious as to which is the best standard of money, but there is no longer a question as to which is the best standard of butter in this city, for all good housekeepers vote unanimously for "Anderson's" fresh creamery and recommend it as being far superior to all other. (10-8-96)

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is an antiseptic, soothing and healing application for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, etc., and cures piles to the magic. It instantly stops pain. Stafford Drug Co.

Order your milk and jersey creamery butter of the Marquette City dairy, the oldest, largest and most reliable dairy in the U. P. Bell telephone 223. (10-15-96)

Many political speakers, clergymen, singers and others who use the voice excessively, rely on One Minute Cough Cure to prevent hoarseness and laryngitis. Its value as a preventative is only equaled by its power to afford instantaneous relief. Stafford Drug Co.

J. H. Ostrander, the expert optician, who has been doing a retail optical business at 105 Dearborn street, Chicago, since September, 1895, is looking for a partner. If you are a pusher and a good salesman here is an opportunity. A good, legitimate investment and a pleasant and permanent occupation to the right party. If you have not chosen a vocation for life investigate this. Our books open for inspection. Address J. H. Ostrander, 105 Dearborn street, Chicago. (10-15-96)

Chronic constipation is a painful, disagreeable and life-shortening difficulty. It deranges the system, causes sick headache, bad breath, and poisons the blood. It can be readily overcome by DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These little pills are great regulators. Stafford Drug Co.

MUEHLBAUER'S ORCHESTRA. Furnishes music for receptions and all other occasions. Terms lowest, music the best. Nobody has authority to make arrangements for the orchestra under my name except myself. OTTO MUEHLBAUER, 412 High Street. (8-15-96)

FOR SALE. 25,000 acres of the choicest farming lands on this peninsula are now offered in small tracts to actual settlers. These lands are located in a partly settled country near the Munising railway system, in towns 43, 44, 45 and 46, ranges 21 and 22. Terms, \$5 per acre, one-fifth down and balance in annual installments, with 6 per cent. interest. For further particulars apply to GEO. WAGNER, Agent for The Sutherland-Innes Co., Ltd., Marquette, Mich. (8-29-96)

Getting His Dad in Trouble. George—Say, ma; typewriting ain't like handwriting, is it? George's Mamma—No, George, why do you ask? "Cause I heard papa down to his office say to the typewriter girl: 'What a beautiful hand!'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Hospice on the Great St. Bernard can now be reached by carriage, the Swiss side of the road having been completed.

LUCK IN 'THE DIGGINGS.

Popped the Question and Found a Fortune at the Same Time.

"It was in the spring of 1850," said an old '49-er, "that four of us, healthy, active, hopeful and strong, left Marysville, Cal., one bright June morning on a prospecting tour up the Yuba river. It was no trick to make money those days. Everyone had a sackful or so of gold dust lying around somewhere. Burglars and thieves and road agents were not heard of at that time in those parts, and an unused candle box made a pretty good safe. We left our sacks in John C. Fall's store at Marysville and struck out up the river. We packed our blankets, picks, pans and shovels, a rocker, a little grub, coffee pot and frying pan on a mule and struck out for a fortune of a hundred thousand dollars each.

"Just above Long's bar we located claims on virgin ground and went to work. We worked just an hour by the watch. The clean-up weighed four ounces of clean river gold. That was an ounce apiece, or at the rate of ten ounces each for a full day's work. We held a consultation. We were out for a hundred thousand dollars before the rainy season set in. Word had come down from Downeyville that men were making a thousand dollars each up there. Ten ounces, or \$160, a day wouldn't do. A little figuring showed us that. We struck camp and left. A party of Wisconsin boys took possession of the ground, and next day they cleared up \$800,000 and went back to the states. They were smart. We were continental fools.

"We had a fortune in our hands and let it go," sighed the old man. "But we were boys, and didn't know better. We were mining on Gold Hill in 1854. Gold Hill is 1 1/2 miles from Colona, where gold was first discovered in California. Three young men from Missouri came up to our ground sluice.

"Can't you fellows tell us where we can wash out a few dollars?" inquired one of them. "Yes, with pleasure," answered Shorty Tyler. 'Buy a few inches of water—water was a dollar an inch—and start in over there,' pointing to a slight depression on the side of a near hill. The boys did as directed and took out \$11,000 apiece in about three months. They returned to Pike county, while we continued working our eight-dollar-a-day diggings. What do you call that—luck or foresight?

"Leland Stanford kept a small grocery store in Cold Springs, Eldorado county, in the early '50s. Our mess bought many a pound of bacon and beans from him. He little thought he would become a multi-millionaire, governor of the state and United States senator. He looked and acted the plain, common-sense business man he was. Well, he went to Sacramento, got a corner on something, made a few thousand dollars, and along with George and Charles Crocker and C. P. Huntington obtained the Central Pacific franchise through the favorable report of Col. Judah, who surveyed the route over the Sierra Nevada on muleback, and came out of the job with millions for the few thousands invested; but he showed a good deal of mighty cute headwork," added the pessimistic old-timer. "Luck wasn't against him in that deal. Fortune favored him, and it helped a mighty good man.

"Why, I know a man who, with his two boys, took out \$10,000 through a dream of his little daughter. It happened in 1852. The father and his boys had been mining for some time, with indifferent success. One morning his daughter said to him: 'Papa, I have dreamed three nights in succession that there is a large amount of gold right around that big tree down the gulch.' The old man set his sluices down there the next day and washed out \$10,000. I know this to be a fact. I married that girl, but she never had another such dream.

"A big dance and blow-out were given at Logtown, near Mud springs, in 1856. A young fellow and his girl took a breath of fresh air on a big bowlder near the pavilion between dances. He popped the question. She said 'Yes.' In his eagerness to seal the compact with a kiss he partly slid from the rock, loosening a piece of it. He picked it up as a memento of the happy moment and put it in his pocket. A glance at it the next day revealed free gold. He had found a wife and a fortune at the same time. Was that luck or foresight?"

"Coming nearer home and down to the present time we see instances where fickle fortune has made several good and as many mighty mean men rich and famous in mining; but there are thousands of good, honest, industrious, sober men who have courted the wayward goddess for years and never got a smile. How do you account for that? 'Don't you think quite as many men have gained wealth in mining by a stroke of good fortune or luck or chance as by study and perseverance? I may be pessimistic, for I have worked as hard and intelligently and as long as most mining men for a pile (but I have failed to find it. If I had my life to live over again I would do just what I have done, for I am beginning to believe that it is foreordained that some men will always have money to throw at the birds, while the great majority will shuffle through the world with their toes and elbows sticking out. They may not have much here. They will get their divvy on the other side of the range.'"—Butte (Mont.) Inter Mountain.

George—Say, ma; typewriting ain't like handwriting, is it? George's Mamma—No, George, why do you ask? "Cause I heard papa down to his office say to the typewriter girl: 'What a beautiful hand!'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Hospice on the Great St. Bernard can now be reached by carriage, the Swiss side of the road having been completed.

That CALUMET BAKING POWDER was the first baking powder to expose the extortion of the high price powder makers in the price they charge for their goods, is a well known fact. Having befriended the people by building a wall against extortion Calumet finds another duty to perform, viz.: to expose the multitude of imitators who are offering so called baking powders, claiming for them equal merit with Calumet. Grocers should beware of manufacturers who offer to put up private brands for the trade. Such goods are not reliable. When the label is put on the grocer assumes all responsibility and the baking powder usually remains on his shelves or in his stock, a constant reminder of misplaced confidence. Calumet Baking Powder is always reliable, sustains the reputation of the merchant and is the fast friend of the housekeeper. Monopoly must yield to Moderation. Impurity must improve or go Under. Calumet is the Standard. CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO., Chicago.

Have You Seen It? THE LOETSCHER PATENT "ROTARY" STORM SASH FASTENER. Cheap, Simple, Strong and Durable. No more dangerous climbing; fastens from inside. Information and prices on application. at lowest market prices. Send in your orders and they will have prompt attention. THE BICE MFG. CO., Marquette, Mich. (10-19-96)

YOU MAY HAVE SEEN BETTER DAYS, BUT NOT BETTER BARGAINS THAN YOU FIND AT THE VARIETY STORE. Never in the history of merchandising have goods been sold, in Marquette, as cheap as they are at our store. We have just received a fine line of woolen Hosiery and Underwear for Ladies, Misses and Children; also yarns of all kinds. A personal visit will convince you that the best place to trade is at THE VARIETY STORE, COLES' BLOCK, THIRD STREET.

Dutmer Bros., COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Importers and Wholesale dealers in STRAIGHT KENTUCKY BOURBONS AND EASTERN RYE WHISKIES, OLD WINES BRANDIES, IMPORTED LIQUORS, CIGARS. Quotations cheerfully furnished on any of the leading brands on application, to the trade. It will pay you to write or wire us before placing your orders elsewhere. All orders, based on quantity, shipped direct from distilleries or government bonded warehouses. Office and Sales Room, 207 S. Front Street, Marquette, Mich. (9-15-96)

UPPER PENINSULA BREWING COMPANY. MARQUETTE AND NEAUNEE, MICHIGAN. EXPORT AND TABLE BEER. 207 family use. Brewed absolutely from pure malt and hops. Mail or telephone order will receive prompt attention. HAVE YOU TRIED THE NEW MARQUETTE FLOUR? Wedding Cake, XXXX Best. If Not Why Not? "Ask For It." Choice Straight Star and Family. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS. 5-13-96

when we... of Drugs... Toilet... We... and as low as... the purity... and solicit... AM'S... RE... House... RY... PRES... with and Dis... and Foreign... The... a most in... illustrated... the last of the... arell, Mgr... RLES... *... DRY... for and deliv... WASHINGTON ST... op. Post Office... PRAGUE & SON... Sole-Imports of... and Foreign... solicited. Instru... free. Write... DETROIT... listed disp... YS USED... NETWORK... COMPANY... ED... EE... ONAL... gets the... attention... school... or even... un-... someone... m. He... ay and... have his... such a... help you... ed Milk... and all... ds, Cas... Soothing... of Syrup... bers and... ings for... e quality... re using... cause of... Y... Michigan.

OUR PLATFORM.

Honest Goods at Lowest Prices.

Second Special Sale

((AT THE))

Star Clothing House,

((COMMENCING))

OCTOBER 15, 1896,

And to continue for 15 days only.

Take your choice of our entire stock of Men's Suits for the remarkably low price of

* \$11.69, *

Including our new stock of Suits at \$22.50, \$30.00, \$18.00 and \$15.00. Remember your choice or only \$11.69

500 Overcoats Just Received

Including Ulsters and Dress Coats worth \$22.50, \$21, \$20, \$18, \$17 and \$15. These goods are all new Tailor-Made Clothing, Ready to Wear, for the Remarkably Low Price of \$12.37. Your choice for

* \$12.37! *

We also have in stock 1,300 pairs pants which we will close out. Our \$9 pants we offer for \$4, our \$5.50 pants for \$3.75, our \$4.50 pants for \$3.00, our \$3.50 pants for \$2.50. Don't miss this grand opportunity to purchase your fall clothing at such low prices.

Remember this sale will only continue for 15 days, and for strictly

* CASH ONLY. *

All other goods at our store at proportionately same figures, and to enumerate them here would take too much space.

Our Mining Boots formerly sold at \$2.50 now \$1.67. Our celebrated Star Mining Boots formerly \$3.50, now \$2.75 at this sale. Boston Rubber Boots only \$2.55. Please bear it in mind that this sale will continue for 15 days only, so call early and secure bargains.

Respectfully Yours,

Star Clothing House,

Nos. 101, 103 and 105 S. Main St., (10-16-17) Ishpeming.

Hampton & Co. Our

keep the best grades of WOOD AND COAL.

They were never better prepared to supply the trade promptly than this season. (2-20-17)

JENNESS & McCURDY,

Crockery, China, Glassware and Lamp Goods,

73 and 75 Jefferson Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway



TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 14, 1896.

Trains Leave Marquette

Table with 2 columns: Destination and Time. Includes routes to Montreal, Houghton, Detroit, Chicago, and Duluth.

Trains Arriving Marquette

Table with 2 columns: Origin and Time. Includes routes from Chicago, Houghton, and Duluth.

For tickets, time tables and other information apply to

J. H. O'MEARA, Ticket Agent, Marquette, Mich.

Ishpeming and Vicinity.

LOST ANOTHER CHILD.

A Second of the Van Brocklin Children Falls a Victim to Typhoid.

Alexander, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Van Brocklin, died Sunday night shortly before midnight. This was the second of their children to succumb to typhoid fever within fifteen hours. There are two of the other children still in great danger. One of them, a girl of ten years, was very low yesterday. John, the oldest boy, was threatened with the disease, but it was thought yesterday that the physicians had broken the fever and that he would escape it.

Everything possible is being done to assist Mr. and Mrs. Van Brocklin in their sorrowful affliction. A couple of nurses have been engaged to remain with them and several of their friends have also come to their aid and are doing everything possible to tide them over their great trouble. The funerals of Clara, the girl who died Sunday morning, and Alexander were held yesterday afternoon. Religious services were conducted at the house by Rev. T. Cory-Thomas.

They Made a Hit.

D. B. Henley, chairman of the Republican committee of Atkinson township, Dickenson county, writes THE MINING JOURNAL regarding Republican rallies held there Thursday and Friday evening, at which two Ishpeming men were the principal speakers. Mr. Henley says:

"Mr. George Tucker of Ishpeming, with Martin Bach of Crystal Falls, and J. W. Byers of Iron River held a grand Republican rally at the Town hall here this evening. The hall was filled to overflowing, and the mention of McKinley's name caused great cheering. Mr. Tucker delivered the principal address of the evening, holding his audience in very close attention during his entire speech. The other gentlemen spoke briefly but to the point.

"Mr. A. Sandberg of Ishpeming spoke to a large and enthusiastic audience of Scandinavians at the Town hall here last evening. Mr. Sandberg is a very pleasant speaker and held his audience in rapt attention during the entire evening. He goes from here to Iron River."

The Bethany Bazaar.

Despite the disagreeable weather last evening the bazaar being held by the ladies of the Swedish Lutheran church was well attended and the entertainment furnished was much enjoyed. The program arranged for tonight is as follows:

- Overture.....City Band. Selection.....Mixed Choir. Dialogue.....Male Chorus. Theodore Eddy and Arthur Landberg. Instrumental Music.....Quartette. Address.....Rev. F. A. Johnson. Selection.....Mr. Emil Senob. Vocal Solo.....Miss Edith Gylling. Overture.....City Band.

More Speeches.

The McKinley and Hobart club will have a meeting at its headquarters in the Jenks block this evening at 7 o'clock to prepare for a short parade prior to attending the rally at the opera house. The speakers of the evening will be Congressman J. M. Farquhar of Buffalo and George Harris of Pennsylvania.

The club will also turn out tomorrow evening and escort Hon. James O'Donnell of Jackson and Hon. T. B. Dunstan of Houghton from the hotel to the opera house. Both rallies promise to be largely attended.

Will Entertain Neighbors.

The officers of the local camp of the Modern Woodmen are desirous of having a large representation of members present at the regular meeting next Monday evening, as the members of the Winthrop camp of the order will be in attendance. A candidate from the Winthrop camp will be initiated and the boys propose to see to it that their new neighbor gets the full benefit of the initiatory work. The meeting will be an interesting one and for this reason the officers desire a large turnout.

Special Cloak Sale.

For the accommodation of ladies who are intending to purchase a fall or winter cloak J. H. Quinn has arranged to have in his store all Thursday next, also during the evening, an agent of one of the largest cloak manufacturers of the east with a full line of samples of every novelty known to the cloak trade. All goods will be sold at this sale at manufacturers' prices and for cash. This is an opportunity to select a garment which the ladies should not miss.

Did a Good Job.

The work of improving the Ishpeming Catholic cemetery, which has been under way for the past two months, is now practically completed. The grading and fencing were finished a few days ago and the only work remaining to be done is laying out lots. The improvement is very noticeable and adds greatly to the general appearance of the cemetery.

If Troubled With Rheumatism Read This.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Apr. 16, 1894.—I have used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism and found it to be all that is claimed for it. I believe it to be the best preparation for rheumatism and deep seated muscular pains on the market and cheerfully recommend it to the public. J. G. BROOKS, dealer in boots, shoes, etc., No. 18 Main St.

ALSO READ THIS.

Mechanicsville, St. Mary County, Md.—I sold a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm to a man who had been suffering with rheumatism for several years. It made him a well man. A. J. McHILL, For sale at 50 cents per bottle by The Stafford Drug Co.

Go to F. Braastad & Co. for your blankets and woollens.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

Hon. John Power of Escanaba was a visitor here yesterday.

John Crawford of Newberry did business in the city yesterday.

Carl D. Sheldon and R. R. Goodell of Houghton spent Sunday in Ishpeming.

Carl Peterson, one of Republic's most prominent business men, spent yesterday in the city.

A meeting of the Ishpeming Philharmonic society will be held this evening at the A. O. U. W. hall. A full attendance of members is desired.

C. L. Sheldon got home Saturday night from Fenton, Mich., where he accompanied the remains of his brother, the late George Sheldon, who died a week ago Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Nicholson of North Maple street mourn the loss of their daughter Tilda, aged nine years, who died yesterday morning of consumption. The funeral will be held this afternoon.

The ladies of the Calvary Baptist church will give a chicken pie supper at the church basement. The price of the meal will be twenty-five cents. The ladies will be pleased to have their friends attend.

Yes; He Had Been in Prison.

The evidence the witness had given had been very strongly against the lawyer's side of the case, and, lawyer-like, he was trying his best to break the testimony or throw discredit on the witness. He had tried browbeating, but the man ignored his efforts, and in an easy, self-contained way stuck to his story. He tried cross-questioning him, but with no better success, and he was on the point of giving up when a chance remark caught his ear and riveted his courage.

"I gather from what you just said that you have been in prison. Is that true?"

"Yes, sir; I have been in prison."

The attorney's eyes snapped and a contented smile spread over his features as he drew a sigh of relief. He proceeded to make the most of his triumph, though he felt confident that his case was won.

"The jury will notice that the witness confesses having been in prison. How long were you in prison?"

"Eighteen months."

"You do not pretend that you were not justly confined?"

"No, sir. Under the circumstances, I presume it was all right."

"Of course the gentlemen of the jury will understand, without my calling attention to it, how much value to place on the evidence of a man of this kind. Will you please state the name of the prison?"

"Certainly, sir. Andersonville."—Pittsburgh News.

It Must Be True.

"I've become interested in palmistry," remarked Dukane to Gaswell.

"Indeed!"

"Yes, and I have been struck with the palmists' assertions that women with a masterful disposition always have large thumbs."

"That strikes me as a reasonable provision of nature."

"How so?"

"A woman who keeps her husband under her thumb needs to have a large one."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and \$1.00 per bottle at E. Farnham's Drug Store.

We have just received the largest and most complete line of jackets and capes to be found anywhere, and we will sell them at hard-times prices. F. BRAASTAD & Co. (10-14-17)

When fit need of boots and shoes or rubber shoes, remember Braastad's is headquarters.

Do not forget F. Braastad & Co.—the largest clothing house in the county—when in need of anything in their line.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I desire to inform the public that my wife has left my bed and board and I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her in my name. ANTOINE BROSS. (10-13-2w)

SPECIAL RATE TO MILWAUKEE

AND RETURN, VIA THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

Sept. 12 to Oct. 17, fare and a third for the round trip. Tickets on sale every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, good to return on or before the following Monday.

On account of state fair on Sept. 21 to 26, one fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return until Sept. 23. (9-18-17)

SPECIAL SUNDAY RATES TO MARQUETTE.

Commencing Saturday May 9th, the D. S. S. & A. R'y will sell Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return from the stations named below at the following low fares:

- Sand River.....\$ 50.00. Onots.....75.00. Rock River.....75.00. Au Train.....75.00. Munising Junction.....75.00. Wetmore.....1.00.

Tickets will be sold for the night express Saturdays and the day express Sunday, and will be good for return until the east bound express scheduled to leave Marquette 3:45 the following Monday morning (4-24-17)

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

SCHOOL TO TRAIN SERVANTS.

One Writer Thinks This the Only Remedy for the Present Situation.

Such a school should be well organized and equipped for the thorough training of servants in all branches of household work. In the first place it should have facilities for teaching pupils how to bathe properly, to care for their own bodies and their own clothes. It should have different departments of training, one for laundresses, another for chambermaids, another for waitresses, another for cooks and another for general housework servants, the last, of course, requiring a special condensed course. On entrance young women or girls should be classified as far as possible, according to their general intelligence and ability as well as the employment for which they wish to be fitted. The first work given should be the washing of the kitchen-ware, the sweeping of the kitchen, and the scrubbing of the floor and tables—in short, every pupil should be taught the work of a kitchen maid. After that, even though she intends to fit herself for a special department, she should be taught to sweep and dust carpeted rooms, and next to do plain washing and ironing, these being among the things which every domestic should know how to do well.

An ordinary dwelling-house might be utilized for the school. The basement, which should be well lighted, could be fitted up as a laundry, capable of accommodating a large number of women, to be classified as they advance in skill in the department. There must be a head laundress to look after those under her, and inspectors to decide when a woman is capable of promotion.

In a city of 5,000 inhabitants such a laundry might easily be made self-supporting.

The first floor of the training school should be devoted to the cooking department. It should have several kitchens where women in different stages of advancement could work, under an expert leader. The different departments in cookery could be made self-supporting by having lunch counters where men could go in with their dinner-pails and have served to them from the kitchens of the less skilled pupils hot soup, tea, coffee and other plain food, while a restaurant of a better class might be sustained from the work of those who were more thoroughly trained. Another source of income might be secured by filling orders for special dishes, or for whole meals. Setting a table, washing fine china, and glass, and polishing silver could be taught in connection with the restaurant.

The upper floors should consist of a parlor and various apartments, where servants could be trained in cleaning, dusting, window-washing, care of lamps and all kinds of second work. From this department servants could be sent out by the hour or day to sweep, dust or act as housemaids.

With the training given in this way a thoroughly competent laundress, if she were a fairly industrious and intelligent worker, should be graduated in perhaps six months. After the first month she might be paid a small sum for her services. The cooks might also begin to have small wages after the first month. At least two years would probably be required for a cook to be thoroughly trained in every branch of her work, from caring for her range to doing fine cookery. Those who show special capacity should be trained to take the whole responsibility of planning and cooking elaborate luncheons and dinners, as well as in the mastery of economical and healthful cookery for everyday life. Wages should increase with gain in skill. The cook would find compensation for the longer course in the high wages which her certificate would enable her to demand. The time required for training in any department would depend upon intelligence and adaptability.

The certificates given by the training school should be proof of skill, competence and integrity; they should state exactly what the servant is fitted to do, and they should be so conscientiously given that a housekeeper might rest assured that she knew exactly the capabilities of the servant. Throughout the course earnest effort should be made to impress upon the pupils the idea of moral obligation. Servants should be made to realize the dignity of their work, and the important part its faithful performance plays in the happiness and health of the home, and so of the nation. They should be taught that their work is as essential to the moral and physical well-being of humanity as that of the teacher, the doctor or the minister, and that it demands just as much unselfishness and conscientiousness. In this connection it might be well to establish a training school for mistresses and other members of the family, that the idea of moral obligation might not be all on one side.—Carrie Niles Whitcomb, in Century.

Her Dog as Baggage.

A young lady with a pug dog tied up in a shawl strap attracted considerable attention on a Metropolitan car from Georgetown the other day. The pug was wrapped in a small rug to protect him from the straps, and seemed quite contented to be carried in this new fashion, which left his head and legs free. The conductor glanced inquiringly at the bundle of dog as the young lady tendered her fare with this explanation:

"You see, I'm going away on the train, and I want to take Punch with me. They would put him away off in the baggage car if he were free, so I carry him in my shawl strap. He's baggage this way, and they can't object to him in the passenger car. Why, I have a friend who carried her pet pug all over Europe that way."—Washington Post.

Obliging.

"John," said Mrs. Wilbur, "why don't you brush that fly off the top of your head. He's been there three minutes."

"Oh, let him stay," said John. "I'm not using the top of my head just now."

ISHPEMING — Business Directory

NICHOLS & DUHAIME Try our "Bemarris" and "Defender" brands. Cigar Makers.

ISHPEMING STEAM LAUN.—First class work our motto. DRY, Needham Bros. Props.

SELLWOOD & CO. Headquarters for fresh fruits and vegetables. General Stores.

BOSCH BREWING CO. Try sample C. A. Pearce, Agt. Telephone No. 212.

J. W. JOCHIM HARDWARE Goods and prices right. CO. (Ltd) Main street

SORSSEN BROS. Noted for their prompt service and low prices. Tailors.

OLE WALSETH, Carriage and Wagon builder, Pearl and Second St. Carriage Repository

THE : LADIES

who are not yet supplied with Fall and Winter Hats and Bonnets should not fail to inspect our line before purchasing elsewhere. We have the latest styles at lowest prices. Novelties, Underwear, Hosiery, etc.

Mrs. T. F. Donahoe, (9-18-17)

FOUND—A sum of money. Owner can have same by calling on Marshal Westgren. (10-19-17)

THE Detroit and Cleveland Steam Navigation Co.



* COAST LINE, * The greatest transportation agency on the Great Lakes.

LOW RATES. QUICK TIME. PALACE STEAMER.

Steamer: CITY OF ALPENA

leaves St. Ignace for Detroit, Port Huron, Sand Beach, Escoda, Alpena, Cheboygan and all points east Wednesday 7:30 a. m. Saturday 2 p. m. Between Detroit and Cleveland daily, except Sunday at 11 p. m.

Special Sunday night trips during June, July, August and September. Through tickets to all points and baggage checked to destination. Special routes and rates furnished on application. E. FITCH, A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A. St. Ignace, Mich. Detroit, Mich. (5-14-17)

DIRECTIONS CATARRH

Apply a particle of the balm well up into the nostrils. Draw strong breaths through the nose. Use three times a day after meals preferred, and before retiring.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

opens and cleanses the nasal passages, always pain and inflammation, heals the sores, protects the membrane from colds, restores the senses of taste and smell. The balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

TIME TABLE NO. 11.

Manistique Railway.

Grand Marais, Soney, Germfask.

Mail trains will run as follows: Daily except Sunday, subject to change without notice, to take effect Oct. 11th, 1896.

Table with 4 columns: Mill Time, Stations, Time, Mill. Includes routes to Grand Marais, Soney, and Germfask.

CONNECTIONS.

Connections made at Soney with Duluth South Shore & Atlantic trains for Marquette, Houghton, Duluth, Chicago and all points west and north-west. Also, at Soney, with D. S. S. & A. trains for Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace, Detroit, Boston, New York, Washington and all points east and south.

The Manistique Railway passes through a new and heavily timbered region and affords access to the best hunting grounds and fishing streams to be found this side of the far North and West.

Wm. GREENS, Ass't. Supt. Train Dispatcher. JOHN MILLER, Gen. Supt. J. F. CHISHOLM, Gen. F. & P. Agent.



Safety comes first, in washing. What is the use of making the work easy, as long as it's risky or dangerous? What does it matter how little a thing costs, or how many prizes you get with it, if it rots and ruins the clothes? It can't be that you want to take any chances. Use Pearlina. Nothing that has ever been used for washing or cleaning is more absolutely harmless than Pearlina. It gives you the easiest, the quickest, the most thoroughly economical work.

Beautiful Dolls FREE.



Five beautiful dolls, lithographed on cardboard, eight inches high. Can be cut out and put together by the children—no pasting. Each doll has two complete suits. American, French, Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Japanese, German, Swiss, Turkish and Indian costumes. All parts being interchangeable, many combinations can be made, affording endless amusement and instruction. A high-class series of dolls, patented and manufactured for us exclusively and not to be compared with the numerous cheap paper dolls on the market.

How To Get Them. Cut from five outside wrappers of None Such Mince Meat the head of the girl holding pie. Send these with ten cents in silver—wrapped in paper—and your full name and address, and we will send the dolls postpaid. Or we will send them free for twenty heads of the girl. Send only the heads to avoid extra postage. MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

F. W. READ & CO., * LUMBER.

Mills at Eagle Mills and Michigamme. —Manufacturers of— ROUGH and DRESSED PINE. Hemlock, birch and maple. White pine and Norway bill timber, sash, doors, blinds, pickets, mouldings, shingles, lath, sheathing, lath, etc. Agents for C. J. L. Meyer's Specialties. I. X. L. Polished maple flooring and basswood, birch and elm ceilings. At our branch yards, shipping, we carry a large stock of brick, fresh lime, fire brick, fire clay, acament plaster and cement. Marquette office, Washington Street. Telephone 41.

COLUMBUS BUGGY CO.'S ASSIGNED

Stock of Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Surreys, Traps, Carts, Wagons, Etc. (60 different style vehicles). 300 sets of double and single driving harness. Large stock of Robes, Blankets and Whips. 100 Ohio High Grade Bicycles. Everything in their large Branch House at Detroit, Mich., will be offered to the public for the next 60 days, at 50c to 80c on the Dollar. Cash or write before this fine stock all sold. H. B. EDWARDS, Agent, 243 and 245 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich. (9-20-0)

NO-TO-BAG GUARANTEED TOBACCO CURE NO-TO-BAG HABIT CURE. Over 1,000,000 boxes sold. 200,000 cures prove its power to destroy the desire for tobacco in any form. No-to-bag is the greatest nerve-food in the world. Many gain 10 pounds in 10 days and it never fails to make the weak, nervous and morose, vigorous and energetic. Just try a box. You will be delighted. We expect you to believe what we say, for a cure is absolutely guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Send for our booklet "How Tobacco Habit and Smoke Your Life Away," written guarantee and free sample. Address THE STEELING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York. Sold and Guaranteed by THE STAFFORD DRUG CO. (9-15-0m)

WM. WRIGHT CO., 61 Fort St. West, DETROIT.

INTERIOR DECORATORS AND FURNISHERS. Designs and Estimates Submitted. Special Furniture, Draperies and Frescoes.

COAL! Plants, Cut Flowers, Etc.,

James Piekands & Co. are prepared to deliver the best quality of Hard and Soft Coal, at lowest market price. (12-4-11) Plants, Cut Flowers, Etc., Funeral Designs a Specialty. BULBS OF ALL KINDS FOR FORCING. Telegraph and Mail orders promptly filled. Telephone in connection. J. W. Elliott, Florist. NEGAUNEE, MICH. (10-16-1m)

Munising R'y Time Table No. 3.

Table with 4 columns: Train No., Direction, Time, and Notes. Includes routes to Hancock and Calumet R. R. Change of time in effect SUNDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1895.

In and About Negaunee.

THE MAYOR SPEAKS.

He Replies to a Misleading Article in The Iron Herald. Mayor Kirkwood takes exception to the article, signed "Taxpayer," bearing on the question of installing a municipal electric lighting plant which appeared in the last issue of The Iron Herald, on the ground that it is misleading. He says the person who wrote the article intentionally told several untruths or did not have any knowledge of the facts. The following relative to the council's action in engaging Frank B. Rae to furnish the estimates for the plant, and to superintend the construction work, rather stirred up the mayor's feelings:

The common council of Madison, Wis., rejected Mr. Rae's reports the other day, as misleading and unreliable, and this is the kind of trash that has misled the honorable mayor and common council of this city. Money had better be used at a game of faro or some other gambling game.

On Friday Mayor Kirkwood sent a marked copy of The Iron Herald to the mayor of Madison and yesterday he received the following letter, which he asks to have published in full:

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 18, 1896. HON. P. B. KIRKWOOD, NEGAUNEE, MICH. DEAR SIR:—The Iron Herald, that the common council of this city rejected Engineer Rae's reports as unreliable, etc., is entirely false and misleading. Mr. Rae's work has been thoroughly satisfactory and his estimates trustworthy. His figures are not questioned by a single member of the council and the council is unanimous in the opinion that municipal ownership of an electric lighting plant is right in theory and practice. Owing to our limited borrowing capacity there are three members of our council who oppose bonding the city at this time, since we have another important public improvement under way and its cost is yet undetermined. The eight other members of the board are enthusiastically in favor of installing a city plant at once, and the chances are this will be done on the "lease plan" without bonding the city. Yours truly, C. E. BROWN, Secretary Special Lighting Committee.

Mayor Kirkwood maintains that "Taxpayer" has done Mr. Rae and the members of this city's council another great injustice when he criticizes the engineer's work in preparing estimates for the municipal lighting plant of the city of Detroit. In substantiating this, the mayor submits the following as part of Mayor Pingree's message to the council on the acceptance of Mr. Rae's estimates:

In view of the installing of a municipal plant in view, I some time ago requested Mr. Frank B. Rae, an electrician of our own city, but a national reputation, and a man not connected with any company which might be a competitor in bidding for a lighting plant, to prepare an estimate of the cost of establishing and operating a public lighting plant. In accordance with this request Mr. Rae has prepared three estimates, which I herewith submit for your consideration. Upon them public discussion is wanted. Though it may be a little premature, inasmuch as the people have not yet voted upon the question of authorizing the council to establish a lighting plant, if they shall deem it advisable, I recommend the reference of these estimates to your committee on public lighting for such careful investigation as I know it will give them.

In presenting the above to the reporter yesterday Mr. Kirkwood said: "You may advise the taxpayers that we are in possession of many letters from different sources as to Mr. Rae's qualifications. The council did not hire him until fully assured that he is as good and reliable a man as could be found to prepare the estimates for our plant."

"So far as I am concerned in this matter, I want the taxpayers to understand that the council has not done anything in an underhanded way. It has investigated everything connected with the proposed plant and the members are all of the impression that the establishment of a plant is for the best interests of the taxpayers. As for myself, I am not trying to influence anyone to think as I do on the subject, and I am not trying to induce anyone to vote in favor of installing a plant. Every taxpayer can think and vote for himself. Everything that we have done is, in our judgment, for the taxpayers' interest."

"Rumors have been circulated, insinuating that the \$10,000 which is to be expended for the plant is only the first installment, and that a similar amount will have to be spent every few years to keep the plant in operation. I wish to refute that statement. The companies which have been given the contract to put in the plant will give the city a two years' guarantee. If additions to the plant are necessary on account of breakage, within that time, the companies must furnish the material to make the necessary repairs. "Furthermore, the city will not have to accept the plant until it meets the approval of the engineer and the council. We have two weeks after it is started in operation in which to accept it. What better proposition could anyone want? This installment talk is as misleading as anything that "Taxpayer" has said in his article."

Out on the Stump.

City Attorney F. A. Bell, candidate for prosecuting attorney on the Republican ticket, will leave today for the western end of the county, where he will spend the next three evenings speaking in the interest of McKinley and the entire ticket. He will be accompanied by William Peters, candidate for representative in this assembly district; John Carlson, candidate for sheriff; and Adam Kangas, candidate for treasurer. They will speak at Champion tonight, Michigamme tomorrow night and Republic Thursday evening.

Will nue Trainine.

The Negaunee football team will continue training with a view to meeting the Ishpeming high school team in another contest within the next two or three weeks. Some of the boys were slightly used up after Saturday's game but they don't mind that much.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. The World's Fair Highest Award.

LOCAL LAOONICS.

C. G. Griffey got back Saturday from Chicago and other points below.

The fire department was called out Saturday night on account of a burning chimney on West Iron street.

A number of our young men are talking of organizing a dancing club. In case this is done within the next week or so they will give their first hop before Thanksgiving.

The Republicans expect to have several more good speakers here during the remainder of the campaign. No dates, aside from those previously mentioned, have yet been assigned.

J. H. Rough and Joel Williams left Sunday for Lansing to attend the grand lodge session of the Odd Fellows to be held there, commencing today. They expect to return Saturday or Sunday.

HOW HE GOT HIS ZITHER.

A Missourian Sent Abroad for an Instrument with Funny Results.

A musical instrument dealer tells a good story at the expense of a musically inclined and wealthy resident of the little Missouri town of Hermann. Some time ago he wanted a fine zither and searched the local market for one that would suit him. The time he spent was of sufficient value to pay for an ordinary instrument, and yet he did not succeed in getting anything that quite satisfied him. Confident that there was nothing in this country that would answer he wrote to European dealers and finally ordered one that he thought would go ahead of anything ever seen in this section.

His friends were all posted and awaited the arrival of the instrument in anxious expectancy. It came a few days ago and the package was carefully opened in the presence of half a dozen admiring friends. The zither was a beauty, there was no mistaking that, but on closer examination there was the maker's stamp, indelibly placed on the frame, and it read: "Washington, Mo., U. S. A.," a neighboring town of Hermann. The gentleman might have saved \$50, in addition to the express and import charges, and have avoided all the waiting which he had to endure. But he would never have been satisfied.

The zither is an expensive instrument and difficult to manufacture, being very delicate and requiring the best of material and most skillful of workmen, but dealers say it is a fact that the manufacturers of this country make the best ones placed on the market. There are but three factories in this country, one in this state and two in the east. Their instruments are sold largely in Europe, some of them without being branded, and then sent back to this country at prices 100 per cent above what they should be. The ocean trips may improve them, but the Hermann gentleman cannot see just where it comes in.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Boiling River

If your children are subject to croup, cough, colds, hoarseness, if Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse it will prevent the attack. Even after the croupy cough has appeared the attack can always be prevented by giving this remedy. It is also invaluable for colds and whooping cough. For Sale by The Stafford Drug Co.

it is sure enough. It is not as large as the Mississippi, indeed it is quite small, but a mighty interesting stream for all that. It issues from the sides of a mountain in a thousand tiny rills, more or less, and of almost as many colors. These gather themselves into pools and lakelets on the mountain's side, covering an area of about 200 acres. Overflowing their boundaries they slowly trickle down the sides of the mountain forming small cliffs. From a distance one can hardly believe what the eyesight reveals—white, black, orange, lemon, terra cotta, green, blue, red, pink, separate and in manifold combinations stand out before him. It is all of painted cliffs on the sides of the mountain that rises high above. And the odd part of it is that each of these exquisite colors represents a different temperature. Does that startle your credulity? Even so it is true.

When through with this beautiful painting process, these waters again come together and then, as if full of mischief like a pack of small boys trying to play hide and seek, dive down and remain under the ground for a space of two miles and then flow out from the mouth of a cononyon as one of the clearest, most beautiful, green streams imaginable. Where these waters emerge from the mountain into the little lakelets they are hot, boiling hot. During their dark underground journey they fall several hundred feet and also many degrees in hotness, so that when they again see daylight they are much cooler. This then is boiling river, an underground mountain stream of hot water. But you ask, where is it? Where can I see it? It is in Yellowstone Park at Mammoth Hot Springs. It is one of the lesser, mind you the lesser—wonders of this land of wonders. Go there and see it by all means but first send to Chas. S. Fee, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul, Minn., six cents for "Wonderland '96" that tells all about this renowned region. (734)

The First Yacht Built in America.

A number of wealthy gentlemen in New York city founded the New York Boat Club in 1830; and for them Mr. Francis built the first yacht ever constructed in America. He was able, you see, to turn his hand to almost anything which had to do with sailing on the sea. Some Canadian gentlemen wanted a racing rowboat to beat the boat of some of their friends from England who were coming over from the motherland to give them battle at Quebec. Mr. Francis was called upon to build the boat. It was of mahogany, brass fastened, and it weighed only 60 pounds, a remarkably light racing boat for that day. It was four-oared and was 30 feet long. They called it the "Eagle," and it well deserved its name, for it won the race against the crack boats of the English. It was the first rowboat for racing purposes ever built in America.—W. S. Harwood, in St. Nicholas.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

A FLOATING TOWN.

What One Sees on the Canalboats of the Hudson River.

From the month of April to the month of December one may hardly ever take a steamboat trip up or down the Hudson river without passing one of those big canal boat tows dragging slowly and heavily along the wide stretch of water in the wake of a more distant paddle-wheel steamboat. Sometimes these tows, five or six boats abreast, and stretching away half a mile in length, look like a floating town with long lines of level decks for streets and squat awning-covered cabins with little shining windows and bright green blinds for the houses; sometimes they appear like little clustered villages or hamlets of heavy barges, with a scattering population of a few dozen men, women and children to give life to each.

To reach the humanity that is the real heart of all the picturesque scene one must become a citizen of that drifting town—an inhabitant of a floating home, like the other floating homes that make up the transient community that clings together for the 30 odd hours of voyage it takes to run from New York to Albany. For the good simple people are very ready to respond to any advances made toward acquaintance, and one soon becomes intimate with one's neighbors, visiting across the decks and perhaps down into the cabin home. The little narrow space is always immaculately clean. There are nearly always flowers in the little curtained window, and the easy rocking-chair is briskly dusted for the visitor. If one stays long enough with them and shows sufficient interest in their affairs the captain and his wife will talk very freely about themselves—of their simple hopes and aspirations; of the pleasures and sorrows they have to look back upon. It is thus when one comes to know them as they are that they cease to be a mere remote and picturesque aggregation, and become individual human entities of real warm flesh and blood.

I have never felt a keener and more tingling exhilaration than I felt that morning when, coming upon deck in the brisk coolness of the early day, I saw all around me the quaint level of white-painted decks, swarming with its own peculiar life, the great wide river stretching away on all sides, the distant tugboats straining at the slow-moving mass, and just ahead the open door of the highlands standing wide for the passage of the silvery level of water beyond. It was like a fresh draught of the nectar of vitality after long months of work to awaken into an existence so new as this, so strange, so full of the interest of unwonted things, so lusty with its vigorous freshness.

It had been pretty late when we left New York the evening before, and we could only see in a sort of dark and imperfect way that there was a great lot of boats being gathered together in the choppy waters that lie betwixt the Battery and Governor's island, and presently that we ourselves were an integer of the general whole. Now it was the fresh, keen daylight again; the sun shone as bright as lightning and as hard as steel, and there was a swift, cool wind blowing that drove whitecaps down the river and sent the clouds flying to the eastward across the profoundly clear and fathomless sky. Now we could see how big and busy was the floating town of which we and our boat were a component part.

Everywhere they were washing down the decks with noisy dashings and swashings of bucketfuls of water and a ceaseless scratching and rasping of scrubbing brooms, the rubber-booted men hard at work pattering and slopping about in the sheets of water. The toilets of some of the boats had already been made, and they were now slowly drying in the sunlight, but nevertheless there was a general impression of the universal wet coolness, as of the whole town taking a bath. Everywhere the smoke was sweeping away from the cabin stovepipes and there was a prevailing smell of cooking breakfast filling the swift, fresh air.

The river bumboats had begun to come off from the shore. There was one just ahead of us and another down the tow, each clinging like a parasite to the canal boat beside which it lay. These bumboats—little steamboats fitted out in the cabin like a peddler's wagon, with all sorts of knickknacks and canal boat necessities and luxuries, from tape, buttons and shoestrings to bananas, tobacco and peanuts; from fresh milk to bottled beer—these bumboats lurk everywhere along the river shore, from the lower part of the highlands to up above Newburgh. From a dozen different points they come puffing off in a tremendous hurry and with a great deal of tooting of piping whistles, struggling to catch up with the slow-moving tow and whistling to let the boatmen know that they are coming. Reaching the tow, they throw out a line as a spider throws out a web over a big fly, and so clinging to the nearest canal boat, never let go their hold until the last penny is drained from that part of the floating town.—Howard Pyle, in Harper's Magazine.

Many a boy starts out in life with the firm determination of conquering the world.

Many a boy starts out in life with the firm determination of conquering the world. He means to achieve success and wealth and fame. His intentions are good, and his will is strong. If he has the bodily strength to carry him through, his efforts will be crowned with achievement. Bodily strength and health are his greatest capital. Without them he can hope for nothing. How many young men are cut off just when the future seems taken away by the disease which causes over one-sixth of all the deaths in the world—the disease which doctors call consumption. Consumption has been called incurable, and the medical profession has never made a greater mistake than this. There is absolutely no reason in the world why consumption should be fatal—why it should be even serious. It is a disease of the blood, and can be cured absolutely and always by purifying and enriching the blood. The only exception to this is the case where the disease has been neglected and improperly treated until it is stronger than the body—until the body has become so weak as to have lost the ability to regenerate. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption if used according to directions. It also cures all lingering coughs, bronchial and throat affections. There is no reason why the child of consumptive parents need ever have consumption if its blood and lungs are strengthened by the proper use of the "Discovery." All who have any reason to fear consumption, should read the chapters on that disease in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This great medical work of 1008 pages, profusely illustrated, has reached a sale of over 650,000 copies. It will be sent free of charge on receipt of one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only. World's Dispensary Medical Association, 601 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

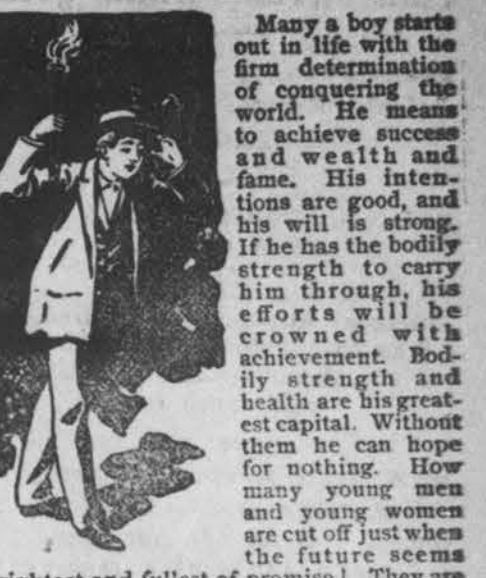


Plate Glass. WM. REID, LOCAL MANAGER. PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO. Do you know that PLATE GLASS will add 10 per cent to the appearance of your property, and only a trifle to its cost? No other use of it is so profitable. When in want of GLASS get our prices.

Mining Journal Directory of * NEGAUNEE * BUSINESS MEN.

- M. C. QUINN, Dry Goods, Cloaks and Millinery. The Leader.
ORAL LACOMBE, Papering and Paper Hanging, a specialty. Prices low. Nesbitt Building.
MITCHELL BROS., Staple and Fancy Groceries. Iron Street.
JOYCE & MOWICK, Dry Goods, Clothing, etc. 204 Iron St.
WOLLNER & ELLIOTT, Furniture, Undertaking. Kirkwood Block.
BOULSON & PETERSON, Merchant Tailors. 320 Iron St.
Kirkwood & O'Donahue, Kirkwood Block. Drugs, Stationery and School Books.

* NEGAUNEE * Nursery and Greenhouses.

(Near Breitung House.) Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Greenhouse and Bedding Plants, Choice Cut Flowers, Funeral Designs, Decorations. Cut Flower Work a Specialty. Bulbs for Forcing. Our collection of PALMS AND FERNS is unequalled outside of the largest cities. Pure Bone Meal Fertilizer. Ground Bones for Chicken feed. Orders by Mail, Telephone or Telegraph promptly attended to (10-19-11)

LOWEST PRICES.

A "SNAP"

The Reed Livery Stable for sale at a bargain. A fine established business. Everything favorable to the buyer. JOSEPH FAY, ADMINISTRATOR. Marquette, Mich.

Plate Glass. WM. REID, LOCAL MANAGER. PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO. Do you know that PLATE GLASS will add 10 per cent to the appearance of your property, and only a trifle to its cost? No other use of it is so profitable. When in want of GLASS get our prices.

FIRE EATERS WERE QUIET.

Presentation of Electric Commission's Report to the Council Caused Little Discussion.

BRUTAL ATTACK UPON A PEACE-ABLE OLD MAN.

Foreigner Annoyed by Children—Who Was Shot—Sidney Adams Indulges in Repartee—Apples Plenty and Cheap Here.

DAM SITE REPORT SUBMITTED.

Last night's special meeting of the council was for two purposes. First and chief was to hear the report of the Electric Light and Power commission on the improvements to the electric light damsite, and the other was for the consideration of street matters.

Beyond informing the council as to the work of the commission and enlightening the members on the relative costs of the proposed improvements the first was without result. The second resulted in three street rolls being vacated.

Mayor Jacobs was not in his chair. Alderman Sherman presided, during the meeting except for a few moments when he resigned the chair in favor of Alderman Tobin, and took his place on the floor to champion an amendment he had espoused.

GOT AFTER PICKANDS.

Upon suggestion of a report from the firewardens James Pickands & Co. were ordered to cover their great coal warehouse on Lake street with sheet iron or some other fireproof covering, as it was a menace to adjacent property, and had been the cause of a sharp advance in insurance rates on buildings in that vicinity.

Motions were introduced to vacate the assessment rolls of Division, Sixth and Seventh streets. The property owners along these streets had changed their minds and concluded they didn't want these improvements. On the Sixth and Seventh street rolls no money had been collected, but on the Division street roll a partial collection had been made. The question arose as to the fees for collection, which are a requisite of the city treasurer. After some little argument it was moved to refund every cent of the money that had been paid in and allow the treasurer his legal fees out of the general fund.

TWO PLANS PROPOSED.

Next was read to the council a rather lengthy report on the damsite matter.

Two plans were outlined, but the board recommended building anew at a point 800 feet above the present Jacobs' dam, and constructing a cylindrical steel penstock from the head gates of the dam to the water wheel. This, according to the report, would involve in round numbers an additional outlay to the money already spent in improving the water power, of \$60,000.

The report shows that to construct the new dam, and deliver the water at the same point where it is received from the old dam would cost a grand total of \$14,091.39. To reconstruct the dam which failed would call for \$9,470, showing a difference of \$4,621.39.

But besides this it will be necessary to conduct the water from the head-gates of the dam which failed to the water wheel. The commission submitted to the council estimates and specifications for the construction of two penstocks, one entirely of steel and the other of wood and steel. The estimates show that the expense of building the former would be \$34,856.75. The wood and steel trunk would cost \$31,068.06, showing a difference of \$3,788.70 in favor of the latter. The commission recommends the steel trunk, claiming that the question of cost is counterbalanced by other considerations.

FAYNE COINCIDES.

H. J. Payne, chief engineer of the D., S. S. & A., has given the plans, specifications and estimates his careful consideration, and has taken great interest in them and made himself very helpful to the board. He is quoted as saying that the estimates are fair, and in some cases close, and thinks Engineer Rutger's work is complete in every respect. He coincides with the commission in its recommendation.

No action was taken on the commission's recommendation, as there were a few questions on which it wanted time for further investigation before recommending the expenditure of so large a sum of money. The first of these questions is the volume of water which can be depended upon year after year in the stream. The second is the value of water storage. Third is the question of the investment and the returns upon it.

To the surprise and disappointment of the galleries a very little discussion, and no acrimonious debate was caused by the report. The recognized fire-eating element of the council was very quiet.

PENDILL WILL CONTRACT.

The only thing at all approximating a sensation was produced when Alderman Pendill offered to contract with the city and furnish bond that he would make the old Jacobs' ruin as good as new for the \$9,470 estimated in the committee's report, and make the city a present of \$8,000. This was in effect an offer to repair the Jacobs' dam for \$1,470. Mr. Pendill also raised the objection that a dam could not be built on the new site proposed by the commission, as it was not on city property. After council meeting J. K. VanEvert, chairman of the commission privately denied this. He says that according to surveys in possession of the board the new site is on city property.

After the report had been accepted and placed on file there was a lively tilt for a few minutes to decide whether the commission's full report should be printed with the council proceedings. As the report of the commission was very voluminous, and not final, it was decided not to print it at present.

FENCE MAY STAND.

Alderman Clark introduced a motion relieving Hon. Peter White from the necessity of removing his stone wall on Lake street as ordered by the council

at the last meeting. According to its provisions Mr. White and his wife agree to sign off any right and title they might acquire to a portion of the street by occupancy and to give up the ground whenever the city shall desire to use it for street purposes and shall signify its intention to do the necessary blasting to make it suitable for such uses. The motion of Mr. Clark was amended by Alderman Sherman, who left the chair for the purpose, by striking out all conditions imposed upon the city. There was a prolonged debate on this point, and it was finally lost, only three aldermen voting for the amendment.

Acme of Brutality.

Three men, two of whom have reputation for acts that entitle them to board in the penitentiary, are locked up in the city holdover. Marshal Emmons says he is confident he can send all three of them behind bars.

The men are implicated in an attack made on a defenseless old French cook named Frank St. Marie. Charles Tegler, who runs the little restaurant on Superior street just off Lake, was also brutally kicked by one of the three.

The perpetrators of these outrages belong to a gang of toughs who have long terrified the dock locality. Their names are Jack Dunlavy, Billy Bushel and Alec Fraser. Dunlavy is the recognized terror of the dock laborers. Not a man among the several hundred ore trimmers or coal heavers dares raise a finger against him. Fraser has served one term in the branch prison, and was released only last spring. Bushel's reputation is not quite so notorious as the other two.

The men were brought before Judge Meads yesterday morning, but he remanded them to their cells to wait till Wednesday morning when Prosecuting Attorney H. O. Young will be in the city. The outrage perpetrated by these precious scoundrels Sunday evening is only one in a long series of brutalities. They made efforts to secure bonds and toward evening Dunlavy was successful.

It was about 9 o'clock when Frank St. Marie an old French cook who is stopping at Tegler's restaurant started out with a crock to get some beer. He went to a Lake street saloon. A knot of men standing by noticed a tentation to them. When he was coming back he had the crock in his arms. First thing he knew someone had knocked the crock out of his arms, and several ruffians, he couldn't see how many, were punching him in the face and neck. One hauled off, struck him under the eye and knocked him down. Then he was brutally kicked in the ribs. The ruffians stepped aside and seemed to be discussing what to do with him. The cook caught them off their guard, jumped to his feet and ran.

When he had gained the restaurant and told the other employes there what had happened to him, Tegler stepped outside. The gang had just come up. "What did you hit the old man for?" he asked.

"I had good cause to hit him and I'll do it again the first chance I get," was Dunlavy's reply.

Tegler responded. As he spoke Bushel tripped him and he fell to the ground. Taking him at this disadvantage Dunlavy kicked him brutally just under the eye. At this juncture officer Clendenning who had heard the noise of the rattle ran down. He seized Dunlavy and as he did so Fraser jumped in between and broke his hold. Bushel seized Dunlavy from behind to pull him away from the officer. Seeing that he was not going to be able to handle Dunlavy the officer swung for Fraser and succeeded in putting him under arrest. When he returned he brought officer Anderson with him, and they together got Dunlavy and Bushel.

Officer Clendenning has been criticized for not drawing his club or gun and taking Dunlavy to the hospital or the morgue instead of the lockup.

Apples Are Plenty and Cheap.

Apples never were so plenty and cheap in Marquette as they are this fall. They are retailing at a dollar and a half a barrel, hardly half what they brought last year.

This year, though, it is said by men in position to know, that five times as many apples will be used here as last. The crop all over the country is a record breaker, and all the apples being shipped in are of first quality. There is small market for seconds. So far five cars have come. This is about 3,000 bushels. During the next few weeks another thirty cars will be marketed here, or in all over 20,000 bushels.

FOR SALE.

Two thousand five hundred acres of first class farming land in towns 41 and 42, range 23 west, and town 42, range 24 west. These lands are covered with large elm, maple and birch and have never been cut over for timber. Price, \$4 per acre for the whole lot or \$5 per acre in lots of 160 acres, with favorable terms of payment. Also 3,000 acres in towns 46 and 47, range 21 west, at \$4 per acre.

J. CONNOLLY, Administrator.

(9-24-96)

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PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

ADMIRERS OF :

Pretty China

should see the display of that favorite ware, finely decorated, at

BIGELOW'S.



Overcoat Time's Here

—a coat now is lots more inexpensive than a cold, especially if you get it—the coat—here. Heavy underwear won't replace it. Besides every man who can afford it, wears a fall overcoat—and every man can afford it while we sell a good Kersey Overcoat for \$12.00.

Come and try one on. That brings no obligation to buy. The coats will sell readily enough.

With every 50-cent purchase we give a ticket which entitles the holder to one chance on the \$100 bicycle—a "Fowler"—which we give away on October 30 to the holder of the number drawn.

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UP-TO-DATE CLOTHIERS.

THE EMPORIUM

CLOAK DEPARTMENT

The Emporium Cloak department leads all others this season. Attractive Fall and Winter Top Garments, High-class Garments in all the new and fashionable styles. All elegant, handsome and serviceable, at prices to surprise cloak buyers.

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS, DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Assortment complete, style correct and prices invincible. New Illuminated Mixtures, Novelty Bourettes, Fancy Boucles, rough effects. Special bargains offered in the Cloak and Dress Goods departments for the next two weeks.

The EMPORIUM, OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, WASHINGTON ST.

BEN-HUR MICHIGAN'S FAVORITE CIGAR
LARGE SIZE 10¢ STRAIGHT—MEDIUM SIZE 3 FOR 25¢
SATISFIES THE MOST CRITICAL SMOKERS
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Coal-- Wood

Hay, Grain, Feed, Petoskey Lime, Brick

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This finely equipped Health Home for the Sick or those needing Rest, combines all the comforts of a First-Class Hotel Sanitary Establishments. It has besides the Special Advantages of a beautiful location, pure bracing atmosphere, extensive grounds, excellent water; low rates; able physicians.

SISTERS OF ST. AGNES, Fond du Lac, Wis.

LADIES

You are all cordially invited to come and see our line of **MACKINTOSHES** today, tomorrow and Wednesday whether you want to buy now or not. Come in.

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SEE OTHERS AND SEE MINE

—and that will settle it.

THAT THE WALL * PAPER I HAVE

in stock gives the finest effect and costs less in the end. I have my own paper hangers and all work is done under my personal supervision.

J. E. TRETHERWEY,

Wall Paper, Paints, Oils and Picture Mouldings. Front St., Op. First Nat'l Bank.

If value counts, these offerings demonstrate that now is the time to buy.

Oshinsky's Is the Place

where you get \$1 worth of goods for fifty cents. Wonderful offerings for the month of October. A feast in Ladies' Jackets and Capes and in Dress Goods. Unparalleled value in Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats and Ulsters and in Suits and Single Pants. Here are some of the prices that will make ours the busiest store in Marquette for the next thirty days.

Elegant Bouclay cloth, in black and blue, 54 inches wide—the very newest thing in Dress Goods—at 80 cents, worth \$1.75.
All the new colors in 54-inch Assabet Ladies' Cloth, at 38 cents.
2,000 yards fancy flannel, in plaids, to close at 6 cents per yard; good value at 12½ cents.
A bargain in ladies' underwear—union suits, in gray and white fleeced, at 50 cents.
Ladies' best Rubbers at 25 cents per pair.
Nice wool-lined house slippers for 50 cents per pair.
Ladies' good Dongola shoes at \$1 per pair.

Ladies' Jackets and Capes In Endless Variety.

A \$10 fine beaver jacket; sale price, \$5.
A \$12 fine Bouclay jacket; at this sale, \$6.50.
A \$25 plush cape, Thibet fur trimmed, extra long, \$8.75.
Misses' and Children's Cloaks and Jackets, regular beauties, at 50 per cent less than the regular price.

Bargains In Clothing.

A regular \$12 men's English beaver overcoat for \$5.75.
A fine English Kersey—a \$10 overcoat—for \$8.25.
A genuine Irish freeze ulster, at \$4.50.
An extra fine black freeze, warranted pure wool, sold all over at \$12, our price \$6.75.
A good freeze ulster for boys, for \$4, well worth \$8.
A child's good cape overcoat, for \$1.85—the regular \$3.50 kind.
And the largest and finest line of men's and boys' underwear, gloves, and hosiery in the city.

Kassel Oshinsky,

The leader of low prices. Wholesale and retail.

Mail orders attended to promptly.

*** MARQUETTE ***

Business Directory.

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B. NEIDHART & CO Hardware, Cutlery, Stoves, Tinware, Etc., Etc. 318 Front St.

THE EMPORIUM Dry Goods, Cloaks, Opera House Block. Furniture and Notions

DWYER BROS. Wholesale dealers in Cigars and Tobacco. 317 Front St.

DUQUETTE & METZ Clothing, Gents Furnishing Goods Hats and Caps. 301 Front St.

LOUIS GRABOWER Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery Shoes, Etc., Etc. 319 Front St.

J. H. LA ROCHELLE Millinery, Notions, and Liguors. Millwaukee Tick Patterns. 114 Washington St.

HANCK & DECKELMANN Tobacco, Cigars, Snokers' Articles. 314 Front St.

LAKE SUPERIOR ICE CO. Ice delivered in the city teams for hire. Office, Warner's store.

A. HARTVIGH Agent for Schlitz's Famous Milwaukee Beer & Malt Extract. 219 Front St.

J. N. FOHRMAN Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Musical Instruments. 111 N. Front St.

ANTON MANTHEI Wholesale and Retail Butter and Eggs. 157 Washington St.

M. T. L'HUILIER Staple and Fancy Groceries, Provisions, Grains, Feeds. 135 Washington St.

DR. C. H. MORSE Physician and Surgeon. Savings Bank Bldg.

WILLIAM FASSBENDER Meats, Poultry, Swift's Butterine, etc. Superior St.

WILLIAM STEWART Livery and Boarding Stable. Finest turnout in town. Superior St.

HATHWAY & PETERS Wholesale and Retail Meats Poultry, Eggs, etc. Third Street.

F. L. HERLICH & CO. Groceries, Provisions, Flour. 221 W. Washington St. Grain and Hay.

G. R. WATTS, Leave orders at G. N. Conklin's, Marquette Piano Tuner. E. Girze's, Isheming