

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 3818.

MARQUETTE, MICH., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 14, 1896.

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We wonder if every time the powder puff is used, the fair user stops to think what she is using. There is a quality in powder puffs as well as in powder. We sell a fluffy, downy, cleanly little affair for 15c. Prices run up as high as \$1.00. Other aids and articles for the toilet at prices as favorable.

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Cup of Tea or Coffee with Griddle Cakes..... .10
Two Boiled or Fried Eggs, with Bread and Butter..... .10
Ham Sandwich..... .05

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Ice Cream always in Season.

ADDRESS TO POPULISTS.

National Committee Urges Voters to Stand by the Joint Electoral Tickets.

ONLY WAY TO DOWN THE GOLD STANDARD.

Action in the Nature of a Rebuke to Watson, Who Has Been Advising Party Members to Keep in Middle-of-the-Road.

COUNTRY FIRST, PARTY AFTER.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—A meeting of the executive committee of the People's party was held at the Sherman House today. All the members were present with the exception of John S. Dore of California. After hearing reports from members, and especially from H. W. Reed of Georgia, who spent several days with Thomas E. Watson, the committee decided to issue the following manifesto:

"To the People's party voters of the United States: Your national committee had indulged in the hope that the patriotic action of the People's party in national convention in subordinating the interests of the party to the success of the vital issues involved in this campaign would be met by an equally unselfish devotion to common interests on the part of the Democratic party, and that all the friends of silver would present a solid front against the minions of greed by supporting one ticket, and the truly co-operative ticket—Bryan and Watson; but this hope being disappointed there were but two courses left, one of which must be adopted.

"The first was to run a straight Bryan and Watson electoral ticket in every state, which, on account of the failure of the Democratic party to support this ticket, would have affected the same result in this campaign that would have followed the nomination of a straight Populist ticket at St. Louis, namely the election of McKinley and the triumph of the gold standard. It is true that the Democratic party would be responsible even to a greater extent than ourselves for such a result, but to permit that evil to triumph on such grounds would convict us as well and deservedly forfeit to us the confidence of the American people. Remember that two wrongs never make a right. When our devotion to the welfare of the people falters because of any failures on the part of the Democratic or any other party then, indeed, will we have lowered our standard and proven ourselves false to our own teachings and repudiated our own motto of the country first and men and parties second.

"The brave and enlightened voters who constitute the rank and file of the People's party are incapable of such a base betrayal of their country as would result from a division in the ranks of those opposing the machinations of the confederated money power of two continents against the homes and liberties of the American people, and would repudiate any action on the part of their leaders opposed to a united effort at this time, as they have repudiated the old parties for treachery to their interests.

"The other course left open to your committee that is consistent with the action of the convention in nominating Bryan was to do everything in its power to unite the voters of the country against McKinley and to overcome the obstacles and embarrassments which if the Democratic party had put the cause first and party second we would not have encountered. This could be accomplished only by arranging for a division of the electoral vote in every state possible, securing so many electors for Bryan and Watson and conceding so many to Bryan and Sewall. At the opening of the campaign this, under the circumstances, seemed the wisest course, and it is clearer today than ever it was the only safe and wise course if our votes were to be cast and made effective for the oppressed and outraged.

"Following this line of policy your committee has arranged fusion electoral tickets in many states and will do all in its power to make the same arrangement in others. By their perfection and every sincere opponent of the gold standard giving his loyal support to these joint electoral tickets, the people will not only secure in the college Bryan and Watson as many votes as we could have possibly secured by making a straight fight, but we will secure the defeat of McKinley and the gold standard, which should now be the greatest desire of every citizen who believes in the principles of true Democracy as taught by Jefferson and true Republicanism as represented by Abraham Lincoln.

"By this arrangement we can unite a large majority of the voters of America on our joint electoral ticket. Therefore the only hope of the money power and trusts is to divide it and conquer. The Republican managers and their gold Democratic allies realize this and are putting forth every effort to accomplish this end. They have had their emissaries on hand everywhere, trying to prevent joint electoral tickets from being arranged. Failing in this, they try to find if the Populists and silver

Democrats can be induced, on one pretext or another, to rebel against joint electoral tickets."

The address then told of the secret and underhand way in which the gold men are working against the fusion tickets, and continued:

"This is the trap set by the gold bugs. These reports today are the only ones that buoy up the hopes of the Republican managers, and the Democrats and Populists who are thus engaged are doing just what the gold men most desire. Therefore, we appeal to every Populist who may have been misled by such mistaken or false pleas of pretended loyalty to the People's party into refusing support to such conduct and refuse to be influenced by either misguided or corrupt men.

"There are but two sides of the conflict that is being waged in this country today. On one side are the allied hosts of the monopolies, the money power, the great trusts and railway corporations, who seek the enactment of laws to benefit them and impoverish the people; on the other side are the farmers, laborers, merchants and all others who produce wealth and bear the burden of taxation. The one represents the wealthy and powerful classes who want to control the government to plunder the people. The other represents the people contending for equality before law and right of man. Between these two there is no middle ground.

"The one and only hope of the Republican party to win in this campaign and fasten the gold standard upon the country is the corrupt use of an unlimited supply of money for bribery, corruption and intimidation. The patriotic action of the People's party in forming and supporting these joint electoral tickets has shattered that hope. Already they are alarmed at the impotency of their boodle campaign when all the great moral forces of the people are solidly united in the defense of American institutions. The revulsion of the American people against this boodle campaign during the last ten days has so united them that victory is now assured. Let our boast be that we are American citizens. This done, the cohorts of domestic and foreign greed will be driven away; this done and the betrayed Republic will be redeemed and American prosperity restored.

"The men and party that achieve such grand and patriotic results in this crisis will be the men and party of the future. It has been left for the People's party and silver Republicans to make party sacrifices to do patriotic work necessary to accomplish this result. The People's party must do it, for no other party will; and the People's party will do it. Therefore, the People's party will be the party of the future. The American people will recognize it as the agency that saved the day when their interests were at stake; the American people will rally around its banner as the party to contend against the enemy of good government in the future. Every man to his post and the victory is won."

The statement is signed by Marion Butler, chairman; J. R. Sovereign, H. W. Reed, George F. Washburn, John W. Brodenthal, M. C. Rankin, C. F. Taylor, J. A. Edgerton, secretary.

A REBUKE TO WATSON.

The members of the committee admitted after the meeting that this statement is in the nature of a rebuke to Thomas Watson, who has been calling on all Populists to keep in the middle-of-the-road without paying attention to either of the other parties. Early in the afternoon Senator Marion Butler said that Mr. Watson would remain on the ticket, and that his removal had not been discussed. A different story was given out after the meeting when it was said that Watson had been the chief subject under discussion during the day.

OUTLAWS' CAREERS CUT SHORT.

Indian Territory Officers Exterminate the Notorious Green Gang.

VINITA, I. T., Oct. 13.—The notorious Green gang of desperadoes were given a hard blow today. On Sunday Marshal Rutherford learned that the band had planned to rob the postoffice and railway station at Oolagah and hold up the passenger train early this morning. The officers planned to intercept the outlaws and succeeded, getting three of the Green brothers late last night five miles from Oolagah. As the bandits approached on horseback they were commanded to halt, but, instead, attempted to bring their Winchester into play. The marshal's posse replied with a volley. Bill and Ed Green fell from their horses dead and Arthur was so badly wounded he was easily taken.

NEED PETITION AND NEW NAME.

Objections to Illinois Middle-of-Road Populist Ticket Sustained.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 13.—The state board of review, in the case of the objections of Chairman Taubeneck, of the People's party state executive committee, to the "middle-of-the-road" People's party ticket being placed on the official ballot, decided not to allow the ticket on the ballot unless by petition and by using some other name than "People's party," or "Populist." The objections of the middle-of-the-road Populists to placing the name of Francis M. Youngblood and others of the Democratic candidates for presidential electors on the People's party ticket was overruled by the board.

PROPERTY DAMAGE HEAVY.

Recent Hurricane from the West Indies Wrought Great Havoc Along the Coast.

WHOLE DISTRICTS SWEEP CLEAN OF FRAME BUILDINGS.

Jersey City Was in Places Practically Inundated—Coney Island the Greatest Sufferer—Wreckage Strwn Far and Wide.

STORM DEVASTATED BEACHES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Great damage was wrought by the recent hurricane along the coast. It was the tail of a storm that came from the Indies, broad and destructive, lifting seas to giant height and forced in waters with a sweep that carried them high over the land. For two days and nights the gale blew with ever increasing fury, and today there was a steady downpour of rain. At Brighton Beach and at Manhattan, at Edgemere, at Far Rockaway and at a dozen other points along the sea line, the incoming waters swept under the very foundations of buildings. Reports already in are to the effect that in some sections whole districts on the coast were swept clean of frame buildings.

Jersey City, in places, was practically inundated, but Coney Island was the greatest sufferer. Wrecked board walks, pavilions, concert halls, water chutes and ice-slides are strewn far and wide along the beach. It is believed several hundred thousand dollars will not cover the damage. The tide at flood this morning completed the devastation on the beaches. The sea simply swept over the adjoining districts one hundred feet beyond where a year ago had been fixed as the line of safety. As a result, dwellings are flooded and today some of them are not yet safe from collapse.

SAILORS PICKED UP FOR DEAD. Drift Nine Days on the Atlantic Without Food or Water.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.—The British steamer Evelyn, Captain Horner, from Huelva, Spain, anchored in Delaware river this evening, having on board the almost lifeless bodies of nine seamen, the crew of the Norwegian bark Lovise, who were picked up at sea after being adrift without food or water for nine days. Their condition when rescued was most pitiable. The particulars of the terrible suffering of the men are meagre, as they are still too weak to go into details.

The Lovise, in command of Captain Anderson, left Mobile, Aug. 17, for Rosario which a full cargo of lumber. She experienced the September hurricanes and was badly disabled. The Lovise was an old style craft and when the seas washed over her her cargo and rails were carried away and her decks wrenched open in many places, allowing the water to flow freely into the hold. At times she was completely at the mercy of the sea and it was impossible for the crew to venture on deck. For days they clung to the sinking fabric. Finally they put off in two small boats. Their struggle was a desperate one. The days of anxiety and suffering told on the unfortunate men, three of whom lost their minds. Captain Horner of the Evelyn did everything possible for the suffering of the sailors and there is now hope for their recovery.

GIVEN UP FOR LOST.

BOSTON, Oct. 13.—The owners of the barkentine Thomas J. Stewart have given the vessel up for lost. The Stewart left New York Sept 8 for this port, loaded deep with coal. The presumption is she was caught in the hurricane of Sept. 8 and 9 and capsized. The crew consisted of eleven men. The vessel was valued at \$30,000.

CONFESSED TO MURDER.

J. R. Wyatt Then Suicides—Innocent Man Suffered for His Crime.

CANTON, Ill., Oct. 13.—John R. Wyatt, sentenced to the penitentiary last week for grand larceny, hanged himself today in the county jail. Before suiciding he confessed to William R. Gilliam, and a fellow prisoner that he murdered D. T. Gilliam at Alton six years ago. The murdered man was an ex-state senator and at the time of his death was a member of the state board of agriculture. He was held up by burglars whom he discovered in the house. Tom Brown and George Sterchey were found guilty of the killing and sentenced to the penitentiary for thirty years on the testimony of Wyatt. Sterchey has since died and Brown is confined at Chester.

CASTLES ADMITTED TO BAIL.

The Americans Arrested in London on a Charge of Shop-Lifting.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Castle, the prominent San Francisco people arrested some days ago on the charge of shop-lifting, were arraigned in police court this morning. The public prosecutor gave a long list of stolen articles found in their room. Counsel for the defense declared Mr. Castle was innocent, but that Mrs. Castle was suffering from a disorder which affected her mind. They were admitted to bail. Mrs. Castle was hysterical.

Chicago's Registration.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—The registration today shows about four hundred thousand, a gain of ninety thousand over 1894.

First National Bank OF MARQUETTE. Capital \$150,000 Surplus Fund 50,000

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ADVERTISING RATES reasonable, and furnished on application. MARQUETTE, MICH., OCT. 14.

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BRYAN TONIGHT.

Marquette will be honored this evening by the presence of the great leader of the silver forces in the present campaign, Hon. William Jennings Bryan, who will address a monster meeting here on the issues to be submitted to the voters of the country on the 3d day of November. Mr. Bryan has chosen to make his canvass for the presidency a direct appeal to the people, and by his marvelous power as an orator and confidence in the justice of his cause he has succeeded in determining the character of the campaign in spite of the efforts of his opponents to give it another aspect. The advocates of the gold standard hoped, by the nomination of McKinley as their candidate, to force the tariff issue to the front, but though they were aided and abetted in this by the powerful machinery of the Republican party and the influence of nearly all the great papers of the country they have been baffled in that purpose by the man who will address the people of Marquette tonight, William Jennings Bryan.

That his reception by our people will be hearty and cordial goes without saying. He represents a great cause, and is magnificently sustaining that role in a canvass that has had no parallel in the political history of this country. His supporters have learned to be proud of him since he has been their candidate for the highest office in the gift of the American people, and even those who will oppose his election, with the exception of a few whose partyism blinds them to all merit in a political adversary, admire him for his high character, his conceded sincerity, and the splendid ability he is displaying as the foremost advocate of the policy for which he contends.

Our people are not all of one mind on the great public questions which are now engaging the attention of the citizens of the republic, from Maine to California and from Lake Superior to the gulf. But they are of one mind as to how so distinguished a guest as Mr. Bryan should be received and treated, and THE MINING JOURNAL feels assured that the greeting he will receive at Marquette will be remembered by him as one of the pleasant incidents of the wonderful campaign he is making.

As will be seen by a statement from Bishop Williams, of this Episcopal diocese, published in another part of this paper, that gentleman takes substantially the same position on the paramount issue in the campaign as does Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul, the distinguished Catholic prelate who has declared for the gold standard. Both are wealthy men and both have always been Republicans, and both are doubtless sincere in their belief that it is their duty to let the people know how they stand on the great question with which their declarations deal. As to the widow or propriety of their action we have no desire to express an opinion. It is undeniably their right to throw the weight of their influence into the scale in favor of the gold standard if they hold it to be a moral obligation on them to do this. But churchmen have done many cruel and unjust things in the name of religion in the past, and humanity is as frail now as it was in the days of yore. We do not recall any great movement for the amelioration of the condition of the masses that was led by bishops and archbishops. The people must rely on themselves if they would be free, and as they seem strongly disposed to do this in the election of this year it is not likely that the fulminations of high ecclesiastics in any or all of the churches will swerve them from the purpose to which they are directed by their intelligence and their conscience.

The communication of Mr. W. P. Healy of Chicago, formerly an influential and highly respected citizen of Marquette, discussing the monetary question, published on this page, will be read with deep interest by his many friends in this county and throughout the peninsula. Mr. Healy was at one time chairman of the Republican county committee in this county, and at ways during his residence here took an active part in political affairs. That he has, after a full study of the question, decided that silver coinage is both just and expedient should carry weight with those voters who are open to conviction and who desire to cast their ballots in the pending election for the policy best calculated to promote the welfare of all the people by supplementing an American system of protection with an American system of finance, which will work harmoniously together to advance the national prosperity.

The canvass is getting warm and the attention this peninsula is receiving from both parties denotes that it is regarded as important fighting ground by the leaders of the opposing forces. Cook county in Illinois and the upper peninsula of Michigan stand in about the same relation to their respective states in the effect that their vote is expected to have on the result in each.

THIS IS A CORKER! A Former Chairman of the Republican County Committee Announces Himself Opposed to the Single Standard.

LETTER FROM W. P. HEALY ON THE MONETARY PROBLEM.

After Thorough Study of the Subject He Reaches the Conclusion That Silver Coinage is Essential to Our Prosperity.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11, 1896.

EDITOR MINING JOURNAL:—The currency question now overshadows all others. Up to the time of the assembling of the Chicago convention I had given the money question but scant consideration. I was opposed to free silver at 16 to 1 and supposed that a single gold standard was decidedly the best.

For the past three months I have given the subject careful attention, not as a politician, because when I removed from Marquette I retired permanently from politics, but as a citizen honestly endeavoring to arrive at the truth. One of the arguments of the gold advocates is that government cannot increase the value of silver by legislation and that the cause of its depreciation is over-production.

I am not surprised at free traders making use of that argument, for I am surprised at protectionists doing it. Free traders claim that the law of supply and demand regulates the prices of all commodities, including silver bullion. Protectionists insist that legislation can and does increase and keep up the wages of workmen and can and does protect manufacturers by keeping up the prices of their products, and if legislation does that why will not friendly legislation increase the value of silver as compared with gold?

There is not now and never has been enough of gold and silver combined to serve as ultimate redemption money. It is said that congress did its utmost in favor of American silver when it passed the Sherman act in 1890, to purchase 4,500,000 ounces silver bullion per month, and yet silver steadily depreciated in value.

But congress spoiled the effect of that legislation by providing that any one could contract to have his debts paid in gold. Congress, therefore, gave every person the right to demote silver, and as a fact nearly all railroads and other bonds and mortgages are made payable in gold. Thus the object of the law in trying to aid silver was defeated, just as the object of the original Irish land act passed by the British parliament in 1870 was defeated by a similar clause giving the landlords the right to contract themselves outside of its provisions, a defect which Gladstone afterward remedied in the land act passed by parliament in 1881.

From the earliest times, gold and silver circulated side by side, until in 1816 Great Britain, then at the now great creditor nation of the world, adopted the single gold standard. And yet even then silver held its own, and more than its own, until Germany, France and the United States demoted it in 1873-75.

At that time, in 1873, our silver dollar, at the ratio of 16 to 1, was worth one hundred and three cents in gold. If legislation affects the price of commodities and wages, as insisted upon by protectionists, it still more affects the comparative value of the precious metals. While it is true that a government cannot by its mere fiat impress any lasting value upon that which is intrinsically worthless, such as irredeemable paper money, it can and does by legislation affect the value of the precious metals, which are intrinsically valuable. Suppose that gold was demoted in 1873, instead of silver, by Great Britain, France, Germany and the United States, would not silver, then, be much more valuable than gold?

Let us discuss further this argument of supply and demand regulating the price of silver. The demand for the precious metals arises, first for use as money and second for use in the arts. The demand for the use of the precious metals as money can only be created by government. If government should abolish the use of the precious metals as money it would cut off a great demand for them. Hence if government favors the use of the precious metals as money it creates a demand for them. It therefore follows that government has the power to increase or diminish the demand for the precious metals and to that extent increase or diminish the value of such metals.

Government, of course, cannot regulate the supply of the precious metals, but as there is not now and never has been enough of both precious metals to supply the wants of trade and commerce I do not see that the law of supply at present has any application. Whenever there is more silver produced than can be used in the commerce of the world, then it may be different, but such is not now the case, and in all probability never will be.

Every business man who advocates the gold standard must concede that uncertainty as to our currency standard is much worse than free silver. English capitalists are now and have been extensive investors in the free silver countries of Mexico, Central and South America, China and Japan, but they have ceased to invest in this country, owing to the uncertainty of the issue. I firmly believe that even if McKinley is elected the United States senate will still be for free silver, for the next two years at least, and no tariff act can be passed. And if the history of the past twenty-two years is any guide, the second half of the president's term will find the house of representatives against him. Thus for the next four years, if McKinley is elected, we will have new issues of bonds to replenish the gold in the treasury, new gold syndicates, a repetition of the past uncertainty and continued business depression. And of course European investors will keep away while the uncertainty lasts and will continue to invest in free silver countries, as they are doing now.

The civil war in 1861 practically demoted both gold and silver; that is to say, both disappeared from circulation and went to a high premium, and we heard nothing then about any dishonor in paying private debts in depreciated greenbacks, at times worth only fifty cents on the dollar in gold or silver, although such debts were contracted when gold and silver were both standard money. And if it is dishonorable now to pay private indebtedness in depreciated greenbacks, it was equally so from 1861 to 1873 to pay in depreciated greenbacks. It will be urged that the necessities of war compelled congress to pay current expenses of the government in greenbacks, which is true, but that cannot be said of business now, because they prospered in the north during the war and until 1873—the year that silver was demoted.

But it must be conceded that the business men of the north in 1861 were fully as honorable as those of today. When President Cleveland sent his message about Venezuela to congress last December he was sustained by the entire country, except by the moneyed interests of the east. The chamber of commerce in New York, and I believe in other eastern cities, denounced the patriotic action of the president solely in the interest of their own class.

It is hardly to be expected that the people generally will now accept the guidance of those wealthy gentlemen in any question involving the national honor. I am of the opinion that immediate free silver will be productive of new enterprises, that there will be increased work and fewer idle men and we will all feel its benefit.

Every protectionist who places the principle of protection above that of justice to the man who produces must rejoice that it is no longer an issue in party politics. Protection ceased to be a party question in England fifty years ago, and it seems now to be finally eliminated from party politics in this country, with this difference, however, that while in England free trade has triumphed, in this country the great mass of the people favor a system of moderate protection sufficient to protect the American workmen and manufacturers against the unskilled labor of Europe. If the Republican party triumphs in the approaching election and controls both houses of congress there will be no extreme tariff law enacted, and if the Democratic party succeeds it will not again agitate revenue reform or free trade or free raw materials.

It has had enough experience of that kind to last for a generation. Whichever party succeeds will be obliged to increase the tariff in order to make up the deficiency arising from the act of the supreme court in declaring the income tax unconstitutional. There is a tariff of forty cents on iron ore now, which is nearly equal to the former tariff of seventy cents, when we consider the decline in the price of that article.

Thereafter another legal tender case was brought before the court and the act was then held constitutional by another majority vote, including the two new judges. This action of President Grant was approved by the Republican party and by the people, because he was nominated for the presidency and again elected. In 1876 five of the judges were appointed on the electoral commission to decide the contest between Hayes and Tilden. Three of them were Republicans and two were Democrats, but they behaved like ordinary politicians, the Democrats voting for Tilden and the Republicans for Hayes.

Now as to the income tax case. When the first vote was taken the court was equally divided and Judge Jackson was absent on account of sickness. It was afterwards ascertained that if he had been present he would have sustained the law and thus it would have been constitutional. But when the second vote was taken one of the judges favored his mind; and thus, this law, favored by the people and by both branches of congress and by the president, was set aside by one man changing his mind. And that decision was made in the interest of the wealthy, as in 1856 the decision was in favor of human slavery. I think I have shown that the people of the United States will always reverse the political decisions of the supreme court when they do not accord with the opinions of the people, and that Mr. Bryan now proposes to do exactly what General Grant and the Republican party did in 1870 in overturning the legal tender decision.

Yours Truly, W. P. HEALY.

SPANISH MINES IN TEXAS.

There is Talk of Reopening Some of the Old Ones.

The earliest settlers of Bell county, Tex., found along the mountains northeast of Belton and near Nolan's creek what appeared to be old mines that had probably been worked by the Spaniards, Indians or Aztecs. Since then every once in awhile there has been talk of trying to open the mines and see what was in them, says the Galveston News. They presented the appearance of deep holes in the ground, some of which had been partially and others almost entirely filled with dirt. In some instances bushes had grown in these places. In one or two cases large cedar logs had been placed over these mine-holes and dirt thrown on them. Some people have always contended that it would pay to reopen and work these old mines, but until now no one who desired to put time or money in them.

The recent discovery of gold four or five miles from Belton has given a new interest in these old mines. In one of these mines some men have begun work in earnest, and are keeping at it from day to day. They are not very communicative about their prospects for success, but this much they tell, that in a short time they are going to ship some of what they think is their best-paying ore to the smelter at eagle Pass. After it has been smelted they will know more. Meanwhile there is a good deal of interest about it around town.

It is not surprising at free traders making use of that argument, for I am surprised at protectionists doing it. Free traders claim that the law of supply and demand regulates the prices of all commodities, including silver bullion. Protectionists insist that legislation can and does increase and keep up the wages of workmen and can and does protect manufacturers by keeping up the prices of their products, and if legislation does that why will not friendly legislation increase the value of silver as compared with gold?

There is not now and never has been enough of gold and silver combined to serve as ultimate redemption money. It is said that congress did its utmost in favor of American silver when it passed the Sherman act in 1890, to purchase 4,500,000 ounces silver bullion per month, and yet silver steadily depreciated in value.

But congress spoiled the effect of that legislation by providing that any one could contract to have his debts paid in gold. Congress, therefore, gave every person the right to demote silver, and as a fact nearly all railroads and other bonds and mortgages are made payable in gold. Thus the object of the law in trying to aid silver was defeated, just as the object of the original Irish land act passed by the British parliament in 1870 was defeated by a similar clause giving the landlords the right to contract themselves outside of its provisions, a defect which Gladstone afterward remedied in the land act passed by parliament in 1881.

From the earliest times, gold and silver circulated side by side, until in 1816 Great Britain, then at the now great creditor nation of the world, adopted the single gold standard. And yet even then silver held its own, and more than its own, until Germany, France and the United States demoted it in 1873-75.

At that time, in 1873, our silver dollar, at the ratio of 16 to 1, was worth one hundred and three cents in gold. If legislation affects the price of commodities and wages, as insisted upon by protectionists, it still more affects the comparative value of the precious metals. While it is true that a government cannot by its mere fiat impress any lasting value upon that which is intrinsically worthless, such as irredeemable paper money, it can and does by legislation affect the value of the precious metals, which are intrinsically valuable. Suppose that gold was demoted in 1873, instead of silver, by Great Britain, France, Germany and the United States, would not silver, then, be much more valuable than gold?

Let us discuss further this argument of supply and demand regulating the price of silver. The demand for the precious metals arises, first for use as money and second for use in the arts. The demand for the use of the precious metals as money can only be created by government. If government should abolish the use of the precious metals as money it would cut off a great demand for them. Hence if government favors the use of the precious metals as money it creates a demand for them. It therefore follows that government has the power to increase or diminish the demand for the precious metals and to that extent increase or diminish the value of such metals.

Government, of course, cannot regulate the supply of the precious metals, but as there is not now and never has been enough of both precious metals to supply the wants of trade and commerce I do not see that the law of supply at present has any application. Whenever there is more silver produced than can be used in the commerce of the world, then it may be different, but such is not now the case, and in all probability never will be.

Every business man who advocates the gold standard must concede that uncertainty as to our currency standard is much worse than free silver. English capitalists are now and have been extensive investors in the free silver countries of Mexico, Central and South America, China and Japan, but they have ceased to invest in this country, owing to the uncertainty of the issue. I firmly believe that even if McKinley is elected the United States senate will still be for free silver, for the next two years at least, and no tariff act can be passed. And if the history of the past twenty-two years is any guide, the second half of the president's term will find the house of representatives against him. Thus for the next four years, if McKinley is elected, we will have new issues of bonds to replenish the gold in the treasury, new gold syndicates, a repetition of the past uncertainty and continued business depression. And of course European investors will keep away while the uncertainty lasts and will continue to invest in free silver countries, as they are doing now.

The civil war in 1861 practically demoted both gold and silver; that is to say, both disappeared from circulation and went to a high premium, and we heard nothing then about any dishonor in paying private debts in depreciated greenbacks, at times worth only fifty cents on the dollar in gold or silver, although such debts were contracted when gold and silver were both standard money. And if it is dishonorable now to pay private indebtedness in depreciated greenbacks, it was equally so from 1861 to 1873 to pay in depreciated greenbacks. It will be urged that the necessities of war compelled congress to pay current expenses of the government in greenbacks, which is true, but that cannot be said of business now, because they prospered in the north during the war and until 1873—the year that silver was demoted.

But it must be conceded that the business men of the north in 1861 were fully as honorable as those of today. When President Cleveland sent his message about Venezuela to congress last December he was sustained by the entire country, except by the moneyed interests of the east. The chamber of commerce in New York, and I believe in other eastern cities, denounced the patriotic action of the president solely in the interest of their own class.

It is hardly to be expected that the people generally will now accept the guidance of those wealthy gentlemen in any question involving the national honor. I am of the opinion that immediate free silver will be productive of new enterprises, that there will be increased work and fewer idle men and we will all feel its benefit.

Every protectionist who places the principle of protection above that of justice to the man who produces must rejoice that it is no longer an issue in party politics. Protection ceased to be a party question in England fifty years ago, and it seems now to be finally eliminated from party politics in this country, with this difference, however, that while in England free trade has triumphed, in this country the great mass of the people favor a system of moderate protection sufficient to protect the American workmen and manufacturers against the unskilled labor of Europe. If the Republican party triumphs in the approaching election and controls both houses of congress there will be no extreme tariff law enacted, and if the Democratic party succeeds it will not again agitate revenue reform or free trade or free raw materials.

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Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter: "It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank OF MARQUETTE.

At Marquette, in the state of Michigan, at the close of business, October 6th, 1896.

Table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Includes items like Loans and discounts, Overdrafts, U. S. bonds, Stocks, etc.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF MARQUETTE. I, Frank J. Jenkinson, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Marquette County Savings Bank.

At Marquette, Michigan, at the close of business, October 6th, 1896.

Table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Includes items like Loans and discounts, Overdrafts, U. S. bonds, etc.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF MARQUETTE. I, S. R. Kaufman, 2nd vice president of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

PLATE GLASS

WM. REID, LOCAL MANAGER. PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO. Do you know that PLATE GLASS will add 50 per cent to the appearance of your property, and only a few cents to its cost. No other one feature is so important.

JENNESS & McCURDY,

Crockery, China, Glassware and Lamp Goods, 73 and 75 Jefferson Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

Few Appreciate the Dangers



to which the expectant mother is exposed are the pressure to her heart, her babe, and the dread with which she looks forward to the hour of approaching motherhood. By the use of "Mother's Friend" the body is made to yield pleasantly and without internal protest to the change it is undergoing. Headache and nausea are dispelled, the depressed and nervous feeling yields to one of pleasurable expectation. Danger to life of both mother and child is avoided, and her recovery is rapid.

"I know one lady, the mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of each, who obtained a bottle of 'Mother's Friend' of me before her fourth confinement, and was relieved quickly. All agree that their labor was shorter and less painful." JOHN G. FOLEY, MACON, GA.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

THE Marquette ROUTE.

TIME TABLE.

REFRESHING - PURE - NUTRITIOUS.

Our Beer is brewed of the best hops and malts, without adulterants of any nature by a graduate of the Chicago Brewing Academy.

Good Materials Carefully Selected,

The Best Technical and Practical Skill, Long Experience as Brewers.

PHIL. SCHEUERMAN BREWING CO. Hancock, Mich.

F. W. READ & CO., * LUMBER. Mills at Eagle Mills and Michigamme.

ROUGH and DRESSED PINE.

Hemlock, birch and maple. White pine and Norway bill timber, sash, doors, blinds, pickets, mouldings, shingles, lath, sheathing, lath, etc.

A. PELTO, HANCOCK'S POPULAR PRICED TAILOR. Choice Materials, Low Prices and Perfect Workmanship.

E. B. NORTHWOOD, G. H. REEVES, THE HANCOCK MERCANTILE CO. Wholesale dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits and Farm Produce.

ARMS! PINE LANDS!! HARDWOOD LANDS!!!

90,000 acres now thrown open to homeseekers by Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway Co., ALONG ITS LINES IN NORTHERN MICHIGAN.

E. W. MacPHERRAN, LAND COMMISSIONER. MARQUETTE, MICH.

Military Road Lands Belonging to the Estate of James C. Ayer 174,000 Acres for Sale or Lease

200,000,000 Feet of Pine Tributary to the Ontonagon and Sturgeon River and the D. S. S. & A. and Milwaukee & Northern Railroads.

Hemlock, Cedar, Poplar, Hard and Soft Wood for Charcoal and Cordwood.

Agricultural Lands equal to the best in the New York Office—E. F. AYER, Mills blanding Lowell Office—JACOB ROGERS, Saving Bank building, Shattuck St.

Detroit City Glass Works, LOUIS BLITZ & CO., Proprietors, Manufacturers and Importers of Window and Polished Plate Glass, Art Glass and Mirrors.

Copper Country Department

THE BIG FOUR MINSTRELS. Local Talent in Black Face at Houghton Oct. 23 and 24.

The first meeting of "The Big Four Minstrels," organized under auspices of the Houghton Light Infantry, was held Monday evening at the Armory.

MAY RUN THROUGH TO CALUMET. South Shore Said to Be Figuring on Putting in a Standard Gauge Track.

The continued fight made by the business men of Calumet for improved railway facilities bids fair to be crowned with success in the near future.

Industrial College for Boys. Rev. Mr. Holtzhausen of Marquette, who has in hand the establishment of an industrial college on Portage lake, is in the copper country.

Copper Demand Continues Strong. London private advice by mail report that there is no falling off in the large consumption of copper in Europe.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required.

SPECIAL RATE TO MILWAUKEE AND RETURN, VIA THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

SUNDAY TRIPS. To THE QUEEN CITY OF THE UPPER PENINSULA.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. World's Fair Highest Award.

SALT RAIN.

The Kind That Sometimes Falls in Utah and Wyoming.

Showers of Soda Water Also Occur in the Same Region—Salt a Common Article in the Western Deserts.

One of the curious phenomena of Utah and Wyoming is an occasional rainfall of salt water. Recently there was reported, throughout a belt of country extending from Ogden, Utah, to Evanston, Wyo., a shower of rain so strongly impregnated with salt that the clothes of persons upon whom it fell were, when dried, thinly crusted with a white powder, which was nothing but common salt.

According to a local account, the whole town of Evanston looked as if it had been white washed. When the sky cleared, the roofs glistened in the sun as if with frozen snow.

The shower lasted about two hours, and during all this time the rain which fell was saline.

This phenomenon is far from being a new one. The wind from the west, and all the rains which are impregnated with salt, in that region, come from that quarter.

There is, however, other opportunity than that presented by the Great Salt Lake itself for the impregnation of the air with salt in the central basin.

Compared with Mono lake, or Owen's lake, the waters of Great Salt Lake seem limpid. Owen's lake, in a sense, supplies showers of soda water instead of salt water; for its waters, in addition to being salt, are the most strongly impregnated with soda of any lacustrine basin in the United States.

So common is salt in some form, in the closed basins of the west, that peaks and hills of salt, like those which line the slopes of Death Valley, are not rare.

The United States is not the only country in which salt showers occur. In Paris itself, when rains straight from the Atlantic have been borne so far inland, perceptible quantities of sodium chloride have been found in the rain water.

"But I detest children," she protested. "All the more reason why you should do it," was the answer.

"I am not going to amuse you," was the frank announcement that she made, "but I will try to teach you some things that you ought to know. In the first place you are not clean, any of you, and if you come to the next meeting smelling as you do now I won't come again."

"How is your mission class getting on?" "Famously," was the answer. "Strange to say, those children seem to be fond of me."

"I have not tried," laughed the other; "but I have taught them how to blow their noses and how to enter and leave a room without disarranging the furniture and carrying the door with them."

"Dawn in an African Village. I slept in a house belonging to the African Lakes company, a crepey sort of habitation at night. Rats galore raced about the roof, chasing one another and squealing most piteously. I was awakened in the morning by cocks crowing. There was a hush of right insects; the houses in the dawning light were an indistinct, dull brown; the grass was wet with dew. I heard the shuffling of red doors slide to one side, or their grating on clay flooring when swung open. A few natives begin to appear, exchange greetings, and start to blow up fires; men, women and children crowd around the fires, the gilded clouds in the east withdraw, the sun peeps on the horizon, fires are soon deserted, and daily work begins.—From the Journals of the late E. J. Glave, in Century.

—Conrad III, emperor of Germany, had six fingers on his right hand.

HOTELS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE,

(Sample Rooms in Connection.) GEO. BENNETTS, Prop.

Recently furnished with Modern Hotel Conveniences.

BOARD GIVEN BY DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

Two blocks from Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic depot.

Telephone No. 147. HOUGHTON, MICH. (4-22-ft o)

Hotel Northwestern,

HANCOCK, MICH. FRANK NEVILLE, Prop.

First-class in every respect. Steam Heat and Bath Rooms. Sample rooms in connection.

Rates---\$2 and \$2.50 per day. (10-14-1m)

Michigamme House,

MICHIGAMME, MICH. Mrs. M. Schwendeman, Proprietress.

Centrally Located; Large Sample Rooms; Perfect Accommodations; Charges Reasonable. (4-15-2m)

Northwestern Hotel

MICHIGAMME, MICH. MRS. D. W. MILLAN, Proprietress.

Largest and best equipped hotel in the city; situated opposite depot; steam heat; fine sample rooms; charges reasonable. Special attention to commercial travelers and theatre companies. (4-30-1f)

LAKE VIEW HOUSE

HANCOCK, MICH. JAMES M'KENNA, PROP.

This house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted with new furniture and is now opened to the public at moderate rates. Centrally located and convenient to depot. Sample room in connection. (10-1-1f)

HOWLAND & CO,

BANKERS and BROKERS, AMES BUILDING,

BOSTON, MASS.

Interest allowed on Deposits.

Orders executed for Cash or Margin in Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions listed on the Boston New York and Chicago Exchanges.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO Copper Stocks.

Send for Telegraphic Code

COPPER COUNTRY Business Directory.

MISS N. SULLIVAN, Latest styles in millinery, Parlors opp. the postoffice. (9-10-1f)

GEO. A. NICHOLS, Druggist and Book Seller, Cigars, Stationery, Etc., Etc. Hancock.

STROBEL BROS, Most popular resort in Houghton. Fine Liquors and Cigars.

THOMAS COUGHLIN, Livery Stable and Substantial Riggs—Careful Drivers. Hancock.

JAMES CARROLL, Dry Goods, Cloaks, Ladies' Furnishings, Goods, Etc., Etc. Hancock.

R. M. HOAR, General store—Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Provisions, Etc., Etc. Houghton.

A. L. KRELLWITZ, Dealer in fine Furniture, Undertaker and Embalmer. Houghton.

J. F. HAMBITZER, Attorney at Law, Collections hustled, titles examined, taxes paid. Houghton.

GULNAN & SIBLSKY, Dealers in Dry Goods, Fine Furnishings, Etc. Calumet.

L. HENNES & CO, We make a specialty of Carpets and Furnishings. Houghton.

Mineral Range R. R.

Hancock & Calumet R. R. Change of time in effect SUNDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1895.

Table with 4 columns: Train Name, Time, Destination, and Return Time. Includes routes like Lv Red Jacket, Ar Hancock, Ar Houghton, Lv Houghton, Lv Hancock, Ar Red Jacket, Lv Lake Ludden, Ar Hancock, Ar Hancock, Ar Hancock, Ar Hancock.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

BRYAN COMING OUR WAY.

Left Duluth Last Night for His Speaking Tour Through Michigan.

WOUND UP A BUSY DAY AT THE ZENITH CITY.

There He Addressed an Audience of Women in the Lyceum and Also a Big Mass Meeting of Laboring Men.

OFF FOR THE WOLVERINE STATE.

DULUTH, Oct. 12.—The private car "Ideal," bearing W. J. Bryan and party, arrived at 6 o'clock. The day's campaigning tour covered a route from Minneapolis to Duluth, and at every station of worthy size along the route Mr. Bryan spoke to goodly crowds.

In his speech at the Lyceum Mr. Bryan told the women that a dollar could not be compared to a yard stick, as claimed by supporters of the gold standard, and in the ten minutes during which he spoke he devoted himself almost entirely to a discussion of the yard-stick proposition.

Washington, Oct. 13.—10 p. m.—The weather bureau reports the following as its forecast for the next twenty-four hours: For upper Michigan: Generally fair; warmer; light to fresh winds, shifting to southerly.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The National Association of Democratic clubs has issued an appeal to all members to do all in their power to bring out the full Democratic vote on election day.

Washington, Oct. 13.—Mrs. P. J. Tynan received a cablegram from her husband this afternoon, which said: "Am released. Hope to greet you in New York."

Washington, Oct. 13.—The state board of elections today decided the electoral ticket of the "National" Democrats should be called the Gold Standard Democracy ticket.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—Wheat was active within a 1/2c range, closing at the bottom and 1 1/2c higher than yesterday. The advance was on the advance of 1 penny at Liverpool, 3 pence in cargoes at London and 1 1/2c at Paris; also on reports that some Russian provinces were starting on account of the failure of crops, a report from Australia that the wheat crop condition there was deplorable and a report from San Francisco that 150,000 bushels were sold to go to Calcutta and a cargo for Australia. Realizing sales caused some recession.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—Wheat was active within a 1/2c range, closing 1/2c from the inside and 1/2c higher than yesterday. The strength was due to higher cables, foreign buying and a good cash demand, with the strength in wheat.

OVERWORK INDUCED Nervous Prostration

Complete Recovery by the Use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla

"Some years ago, as a result of too close attention to business, my health failed. I became weak, nervous, and unable to look after my interests, and manifested all the symptoms of a decline. I took three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, began to improve at once,



and gradually increased my weight from one hundred and twenty-five to two hundred pounds. Since then, I and my family have used this medicine when needed, and we are all in the best of health, a fact which we attribute to Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I believe my children would have been fatherless to-day had it not been for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, of which preparation I cannot say too much."—H. O. HISSON, Postmaster and Planter, Kinard's, S. C.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla RECEIVING MEDAL AT WORLD'S FAIR. AYER'S PILLS SAVE DOCTOR'S BILLS.

Got In Too Late.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 13.—Generals John M. Palmer and S. B. Buckner, who were to speak here tonight, did not reach the city until midnight, being delayed by a wreck. The large audience assembled at the opera house was addressed by Dr. Wm. Everett of Massachusetts, who spoke for the "National" Democratic ticket and platform.

Who the Robber Is.

FAIRMONT, Minn., Oct. 13.—The Sherburne bank robber, confined in the Martin county jail, made a statement to Sheriff Hill today, which has been verified, giving his name as Lew Kellihan and his home as Rock Rapids, Ia., where his parents reside. He gives his age at twenty-one and states his brother, who was killed, was eighteen.

A Receiver is Asked.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 13.—In the United States circuit court here this afternoon a receiver was asked for the Kansas City World, the only remaining United Press paper in this part of the southwest. The appointment was asked for by the Manufacturers' Paper company of New York on a claim of \$18,000 for paper furnished.

Wisconsin Fish Law Invalid.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 13.—The state fish law has been declared invalid, on account of a defect in legislation, by the supreme court. The statute forbade fishing in state waters with any other device than a hook and line. The law in force previous to 1895 remains in force.

Forecast of the Weather.

Washington, Oct. 13.—10 p. m.—The weather bureau reports the following as its forecast for the next twenty-four hours: For upper Michigan: Generally fair; warmer; light to fresh winds, shifting to southerly.

All Votes Wanted.

Washington, Oct. 13.—The National Association of Democratic clubs has issued an appeal to all members to do all in their power to bring out the full Democratic vote on election day.

Tynan is Released.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Mrs. P. J. Tynan received a cablegram from her husband this afternoon, which said: "Am released. Hope to greet you in New York."

Gold Standard Democracy.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 13.—The state board of elections today decided the electoral ticket of the "National" Democrats should be called the Gold Standard Democracy ticket.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, Oct. 13.—Wheat was active within a 1/2c range, closing at the bottom and 1 1/2c higher than yesterday. The advance was on the advance of 1 penny at Liverpool, 3 pence in cargoes at London and 1 1/2c at Paris; also on reports that some Russian provinces were starting on account of the failure of crops, a report from Australia that the wheat crop condition there was deplorable and a report from San Francisco that 150,000 bushels were sold to go to Calcutta and a cargo for Australia. Realizing sales caused some recession.

Table with 4 columns: Commodity, Price, Change, and Note. Includes Wheat, Corn, and Oats.

CASH QUOTATIONS. Wheat, steady; No. 2 spring, 60c; No. 2 red, 70c; No. 2 white, 24c; No. 3 white, 17c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Speculative sentiment went around to the bull side today. The activity centered in a few specialties, chief among which was Tobacco. Higher London markets reports, a greater confidence as to the general business and financial outlook and further sharp advances in the prices of cereals, exerted a strong influence in shaping prices, together with an engagement of about \$200,000 of gold for shipment to this country. Tobacco advanced in the extreme 1/2 per cent. Other advances in industrials extended to 2 1/2 per cent. in Chicago Gas and in the active railway group from 1 to 1 1/2 per cent. The closing was strong at the best figures of the day.

The following were the closing prices of United States bonds and railroad stocks, etc.:

Table with 2 columns: Bond/Stock Name and Price. Includes U.S. regular, U.S. 4s, U.S. 5s, etc.

*Bid. METAL PRICES. Pig, quiet; Southern, \$10.25@10.30; Northern, \$10.75@11.50.

COPPER STOCKS.

Table with 2 columns: Company Name and Price. Includes Boston, Atlantic, Boston & Montana, etc.

INCREASE OUR BUSINESS.

McKinley Says That Is the Only Way to Improve Our Condition.

SHOULD DO OWN MANUFACTURING AND MINING.

We Must Have Confidence in the First Place and to Get That Whole World Must Know This Is an Honest Nation.

ANOTHER STREAM OF CALLERS.

CANTON, O., Oct. 13.—A special train arrived this morning bringing miners, mechanics and other citizens of the Lehigh valley, Pa. Two large delegations from Sandusky, O., arrived this afternoon. Clyde, Fremont, Bellevue and Green Springs were also represented. Major McKinley, in the course of his address to the Sandusky visitors, said: "The condition of the country is such that every man is thinking about it; every woman is thinking about it, and wondering how we are to improve that condition. I read today in The North American Review an article from Secretary of the Navy Herbert. He had just visited Europe, and he describes the business condition of Germany, England and France as possessing a degree of activity and prosperity the like of which was never enjoyed before. He closes by saying the United States was never so unprosperous as it is today and then makes the inquiry, 'Why is not the United States and its working people, with all our natural resources, enjoying the share of prosperity enjoyed by England and Germany and France?'"

"We all know why we are in the midst of depression now, and I think we know why these great nations of the world, our competitors, are prosperous. We are doing less of our own work and they are doing more of it for us. We must have confidence, in the first place. How can we get that confidence? Can we get it by degrading our money? Can we get it by depreciating our currency? Can we get it by threatening repudiation, or partial repudiation, of our public and private debts? Can we restore confidence by destroying confidence? Can we get it through turmoil and disquietude and public disorder? Can we restore confidence by monthly and yearly deficiency in the public treasury?"

"We can only get back confidence by letting the whole world know this is an honest nation. An then when we have established that, which we will do three weeks from today, we propose to resume business at home. The only way to improve our condition is to increase our business. Let us do our own manufacturing. Let us do our own mining. Let us preserve our own home market, the best market in the world."

RECEIVES IN HER BATH.

Sovereign of Madagascar Transacts State Affairs in Her Tub. Persons who pride themselves upon what they call their sturdy common sense affect to despise elaborate civilities under the expressive term of "starch." None the less, says the Denver Republican, do such sacrifices to exacting graces flourish, and certainly not less than in countries nearer home among the Horas of Madagascar, who were, even before their annexation, nothing if not Parisian. Starch is, however, at the court of Antananarivo no mere matter of form; rather, if anyone may say so, a form of matter, for it is the starch so indispensable in our laundries, that like Shakespeare's divinity, doth hedge around the Queen Ranavaloa. She, like Marie Antoinette, is accustomed to receive state visitors in her morning tub, and quite seeing the disadvantages of having her bath water like her state policy, too clear, the starch is thrown into it to dissolve as a white veil around the queen. Among the dignitaries thus received by her was, according to the Paris correspondent of the Times, a French ambassador, M. Le Myre de Vilers, who, after a plentiful use of diplomatic "soft soap," retired highly confident. An old Hova, however, more experienced in Madagascar etiquette, took a different view of the results of M. de Vilers' mission. "Oh, he will not obtain anything," he said; "there was too much starch." Excessive starch would seem to make queens and collars alike "stuck up."

A Chance of Proving It.

"I wouldn't mind helping you if I thought there was anything in you." "Jes' you gimme the dime, mister, an' see how quick there'll be sumthin' in me."—Indianapolis Journal.

Has a Fondness for Oats.

A colored man in Indianapolis has been arrested for the eighth time for stealing oats. He never steals anything else, and he has come to be known as "Oats Powell."

An Appointment for Bragg.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The attorney general has appointed General Bragg assistant United States attorney for the Eastern district of Wisconsin to assist in prosecuting the land case of the government against the Manufacturers' Investment company of Wisconsin.

Miners Refuse Reduction.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 13.—About fifteen hundred miners quit work at Corning today, refusing to accept a reduction of from sixty-one to forty-five cents.

RHEUMATISM IS A FOE which gives no quarter. It torments its victims day and night. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures the aches and pains of rheumatism.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

SIGNS OF APPROACHING AGE.

How a Man Showed That He Was Growing Old Without Knowing It. A man, apparently slightly past middle life, whose hair was tinged with gray and noticeably thin on top, sat near me at the theater. As the curtain rose for the first time a spectacled man of about the same age entered and occupied the vacant seat between us. He looked at the other fixedly. The look was exchanged, and in a second each had the other cordially by the hand. The conversation told me that they had been schoolmates who had not met in many years.

"By Jove, Charlie!" exclaimed the first, "it does me good to see you. You haven't changed much more than I have and I am not a day older than when we got our diplomas."

"I can't quite agree with you, Tom," answered the other, "but I don't feel very old yet. I see you still enjoy the theater, and expect you have kept up your literary taste for the last 30 years?"

"Thirty years!" repeated Tom. "How the years fly! Do you remember how they used to drag? Theaters! Well, I do go now and then, but the plays and acting are not what they used to be. As to books, I still read them, but none of the modern trash. There hasn't been a good book written for a quarter of a century. The new ones give me the dyspepsia worse than what I eat. Do you remember the meals we had on the old Vermont farm? Those were happy days! Thirty years? Those were happy days! Strange, but I don't show a sign of age. I wonder where this confounded draught is coming from. I feel neuralgia on top of my head now."

"Tom, old boy," replied the other, "you are deceiving yourself, for you have shown marked signs of approaching age within three minutes. Your belief that theaters and actors have degenerated, that new books are below the standard, that childhood cooking was perfection and that time flies so very fast are all indications that you are on the downhill side of life. The slight draught that you say brings a tinge of neuralgia to the top of your head, where, I notice, the hair is rather thin, wouldn't have been thought of 30 years ago. Then here you are in the very front seats of a theater. No using deny the signs, Tom. We are getting along, and must admit what others plainly see."—N. Y. Herald.

DIET OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Articles Which Should Form the Daily Regimen. Every successful farmer and every one who cares for young animals knows very well that the food given them during the first portion of their lives has much to do with building up healthy, hardy, strong constitutions for future usefulness, but until very recently few people have seemed to be aware that the diet of school children is one of the most important items for them to consider.

Boys are more easily fed than girls, their romping and exercise generally giving them much better appetites; but even boys, when they are very studious, are apt to get a little run down and lose their digestive vitality. Then they neglect their food, and come home sometimes with the luncheon in their baskets, and, in answer to inquiries, declare they were not hungry and positively could not eat anything.

When a child comes home with its midday luncheon in a basket, its physical condition needs looking after. It is often said that girls have an inordinate appetite for sweets, and that boys are much more easily satisfied. Perhaps this may be so in certain localities, but the average boy is likely to be quite as fond of sweet things as his sister. Many a youngster eats bread and butter when he prefers cake, because he has learned that he must eat or he cannot play. It is this feeling that keeps him in better condition than the girl in the same household. If the girl would take as much exercise in proportion, her appetite would be quite as good. However this may be, a great deal of pains ought to be taken to provide reliable, wholesome and dainty luncheons for school children. Fruit should always be included. There is scarcely a season of the year when one may not have apples, and these are, of all fruits, the most healthful.

An excellent meal can be made out of sandwiches, apples and boiled eggs. Sardine sandwiches are very reliable, and as sardines are not at all expensive, they should be used, if the children like them. If milk is plenty, a bottle or can of it is an excellent addition to the midday diet for school children. Cookies, crackers and sweetmeats are to be used sparingly, and every effort should be made to encourage children in cultivating a taste for plain and simple food.

Tobacco in Wisconsin.

"It is not generally known," says a Wisconsin man, "that the state of Wisconsin is a large tobacco grower. Of course, only the lower grades can be raised in so cold a climate, but we supply the western plug manufacturers with almost all of their coarser filler leaf. If one cares to see a beautiful growing crop he should take a drive through lower Wisconsin at the present time. To all appearances a finer yield never stood in the fields of that state. The recent copious rains, coming as they did just after a good proportion of the early set had been tapped, insure a large growth."

MUHLBAUR'S ORCHESTRA.

Furnishes music for receptions and all other occasions. Terms lowest, music the best. Nobody has authority to make arrangements for the orchestra under my name except myself. OTTO MUHLBAUR, 412 High Street. (8-15-1f)

Dainty Handkerchiefs.

A growing revival of old-fashioned needle work is noticeable to-day. Young women are laboriously hemstitching their own handkerchiefs just as if the day of machines had not arrived. This fad grew into large proportions last winter, when the daintiest of wedding gifts was a dozen of these fine linen squares, hemstitched by hand, and a small initial letter worked in one corner. The newest fancy for young women's kerchiefs is to hemstitch them, then put a full ruffle of narrow white footing around the edge. Some have a round of fine beading whipped on by hand, then a full edge of very narrow lace sewed on this. Many of the kerchiefs are cut round and then finished in this fashion. But this shape tends a little too much to an oddity to be generally popular. Footing is so serviceable and cheap, the width required being only about three cents a yard. It has the added prestige of being exceedingly fashionable, having been used more than anything else as a trimming for this summer's gowns. Black footing is appropriate for a mourning kerchief.—Chicago Chronicle.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

CURIOS CLOCKS.

How Some People of Foreign Lands Reckon Time. Neither clock nor timepiece is to be found in Liberia. The reckoning of time is made entirely by the movement and position of the sun, which rises at six a. m. and sets at six p. m., almost to the minute, all the year round, and at noon is vertically overhead, says Popular Science News. The islanders of the South Pacific have no clocks, but make an ingenious and reliable time marker of their own. They take the kernel from the nuts of the candle tree and wash and string them on the rib of a palm leaf. The first or top kernel is then lighted. All of the kernels are of the same size and substance, and each will burn a certain number of minutes and then set fire to the one next below. The natives tie pieces of black cloth at regular intervals along the string to mark the divisions of time.

Among the natives of Singar, in the Malay archipelago, another peculiar device is used. Two bottles are placed neck and neck, and sand is put in one of them, which pours itself into the other every half hour, when the bottles are reversed. There is a line near by, also, on which are hung 12 rods with notches from one to twelve.

PREVENTIVE AGAINST COLDS.

German's Novel Method of Keeping the Feet Warm in Cold Weather.

Warm feet during wet weather are the best preventive against so-called "colds" and their often dangerous consequences. Rubber shoes and cork soles have been pretty generally used to avoid getting cold and wet feet, but a new and very curious means to warm the feet has recently been patented by Paul Wonneberger, of Gruna, near Dresden, says the Philadelphia Record. He calls his invention "heatable shoes." Within the heel of the shoe, which is hollowed out, there is a receptacle for a glowing substance, similar to that used in the Japanese hand-warmers. Between the soles, imbedded in asbestos covers, there is a rubber bag, which is filled with water. The water is heated above the heel, and as it circulates while the wearer of the shoe is walking it keeps the entire nether surface of the foot warm. A small safety valve is provided, and the bag cannot burst. The warmth given by this sole never rises above 70 degrees Fahrenheit, and will last for about eight hours. The shoes are little heavier than ordinary ones, and the sole is but slightly thicker than that of the so-called wet weather boot.

The Moon Will Never Change.

The headline may give the reader the idea that something has gotten wrong with our satellite, and that in the future Luna's fair face will not go "through the regular phases of 'new moon,' 'first quarter,' 'full moon,' and 'last quarter,' as has been her wont since the time "when the mind of man runneth not to the contrary." But such, dear reader, is not the idea we mean to convey; but we do mean exactly what the headline says: That under existing conditions (and the conditions which have existed on the surface of the moon for perhaps millions of years) it is a physical impossibility that the face of the moon should change one iota. There are neither outside nor inside influences that can be brought to bear to make a change in the configuration of "our silvery sister world." Her internal fires have long since died out and there is an utter absence of both air and water. Existing under such conditions it is utterly impossible that the face of the moon should undergo change even in the course of a hundred million years.—St. Louis Republic.

Tobacco in Wisconsin.

"It is not generally known," says a Wisconsin man, "that the state of Wisconsin is a large tobacco grower. Of course, only the lower grades can be raised in so cold a climate, but we supply the western plug manufacturers with almost all of their coarser filler leaf. If one cares to see a beautiful growing crop he should take a drive through lower Wisconsin at the present time. To all appearances a finer yield never stood in the fields of that state. The recent copious rains, coming as they did just after a good proportion of the early set had been tapped, insure a large growth."

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Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

DYEING AND CLEANING.

Persons having clothes that require either dyeing or cleaning should remember that we make a specialty of that business. This is a good season of the year to look after your winter clothes and have them in good shape to wear when the cold weather gets here. Gentlemen's suits, overcoats made to look like new. All work done is guaranteed to please and is done on short notice when required.

MARQUETTE STEAM LAUNDRY AND DYE WORKS. Needham Bros., Props. (10-10-1f) Main St.

Boiling River

It is sure enough. It is not as large as the Mississippi, indeed it is quite small, but a mighty interesting stream for all that. It issues from a mountain in a thousand tiny rivulets, and of almost as many colors. These gather themselves into pools and lakelets on the mountain's side, covering an area of about 200 acres. Overlooking their boundaries they slowly trickle down the sides of the mountain forming small cliffs, the most wonderful in the world. From a distance one can hardly believe what the eyesight reveals—white, black, orange, lemon, terra cotta, green, blue, red, pink, separate and in manifold combinations stand out before him. The old part of it is that such of these exquisite colors represents a different temperature. Does that startle your credulity? Even so it is true.

When through with this beautiful painting process, these waters again come together and then, as if full of mischief like a pack of small boys trying to play hide and seek, dive down and remain under the ground for a space of two miles and then flow out from the mouth of a conynoma as one of the clearest, most beautiful, green streams imaginable. Where these waters emerge from the mountain into the little lakes they are hot, boiling hot. During their dark underground journey they fall several hundred feet and also many degrees in hotness, so that when they again see daylight they are much cooler. This then is Boiling river, an underground mountain stream of hot water.

But you ask, where is it? Where can I see it? It is in Yellowstone Park at Mammoth Hot Springs. It is one of the lesser, mind you the lesser—wonders of this land of wonders. Go there and see it by all means but first send to Chas. S. Fee, General Passenger Agent, Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul, Minn., six cents for Wonderland '96, that tells all about this renowned region. (7-24)

GEO. E. FRENCH, MARQUETTE, MICH.

Dealer in all grades of Shingles, Cedar Posts, Stove Wood of all lengths, (hard and soft), Charcoal, Brick, Calcine, and Rock Plaster and Cements. Also agent for the H. O. Rose celebrated white Potoskey Lime; each barrel guaranteed genuine that is stamped H. O. Rose, Potoskey, Mich. I also have one ten horse power horizontal boiler and engine as good as new—will sell on easy terms; also have houses for rent on Ridge and Harrison streets, North Marquette; Division and Jackson streets, South Marquette. Telephone No. 1.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Wednesday, Oct. 14.



A \$20,000 PRODUCTION! COOK TWIN SISTERS.

Magnificent Scenic Production of the Original Dramatization of Mrs. Stowe's Immortal Novel.

Uncle Tom's Cabin.

40 PEOPLE 3 PALACE CARS 20 PONIES, DONKEYS AND BURROS 8 ORIGINAL PLANTATION JUBILEE SINGERS.

A Pack of Man-Eating Siberian Bloodhounds Including Ajax, the \$5,000 champion beauty.

Eva's Golden Chariot Costing \$5,000. Uncle Tom and his Typical Southern Ox-Cart.

TWO BANDS OF MUSIC. All this in our Grand Free Street Display. The sight of a lifetime. Don't miss it.

PRICES—50cts, 35cts, 25cts. Seats on sale at Bigelow's. (10-9)

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including various notices and advertisements.

We Are Not Throwing Dirt

when we crack up our stock of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Sundries. We can fill your prescriptions promptly and accurately and our charges are as low as consistent.

E. FARNHAM'S DRUG STORE.

WANTED-FOR RENT OR SALE.

WANTED-Competent girl for general housework; desirable place for the right party. Alex. I. McDonald, cor Third and Michigan street. (10-14-2w)
TO RENT-Good office rooms in the Mining Journal building.
TO RENT-A seven room cottage, located at South Marquette, will be ready for occupancy Nov. 1st. Enquire of Geo. E. French, Division street. (10-14-1w)
WANTED-Girl for general housework. 203 East Hewitt avenue. (10-12-1f)
FOR SALE-A general assortment of household furniture, including a Decker piano and a surgical table. 414 East Arch street. (10-12-1w)
FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT-Enquire 314 East Michigan street. (10-12-3d)
HOUSE FOR RENT-In Nester addition. Inquire of G. A. Hager of Hager Bros. Co. (Ld.), 118 South Front street. (10-10-1f)
OYSTERS-Large ones for frying, or by the can, at Monteth's, South Shore depot. (10-7-4w)
WANTED-Girl for general housework. 113 West Ohio street. (10-7-1f)
WANTED-Contractors to haul wood. J. C. Fowle. (10-5-1f)
WANTED-Competent girl for general housework. 414 East Hewitt avenue. (10-30-1f)
STORM BASH-Now is the time to order storm ash. F. W. Reed & Co. (9-22-1w)
TO RENT-Furnished or unfurnished, a ten-room house, all modern conveniences. Enquire of B. A. Parker, 422 East Ohio street. (9-9-1f)
TO RENT-House partly furnished. 219 Blaker street, E. B. Spear. (9-3-1f)
FOR SALE-Twenty lots in Nester addition on contract; easy terms. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FARMING LANDS-Bought and sold at B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR SALE-House and lot in Cochran addition. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR RENT-Store and room, corner Main and Third Sts. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR SALE-Lots 82 and 84, Front and Park Sts., Moore & Sang's addition. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR RENT-Store in Green's Block, corner Washington and Fourth Sts. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR SALE-Lot No. 3 in Palmer addition. Parties will sell what they paid for four years ago. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR SALE-Houses Nos. 236 and 232 Bluff St. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR RENT-Two houses on Front street. Apply to J. M. Longyear. (5-2-1f)
FOR RENT-Farm land near the city improved and unimproved. Call at office of J. M. Longyear, 189 E. Park.
FOR SALE-Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (8-6-1f)
FOR SALE-Cheap house and lot 322 Park St., Palmer addition. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR SALE-Modern house and lot on Michigan St. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
PARTIES-Having any thing for rent or sale, it will be to their advantage to visit B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
FOR SALE-The Hurley homestead, opposite the bishop's residence. House and five lots. Apply B. S. Kaufman's real estate office.
AGENTS WANTED-Our canvassers make from \$10 to \$20 a week in gold selling silverware and other household goods; get ready now for holiday business; no experience or investment necessary; the best and largest assortment of goods; work for the old and reliable firm; call or send for terms. John Gately & Co., 355 Front street, Calumet, Mich. (9-25-1f)
COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash:
Hard coal \$7.00 5 ton \$20.00
Soft coal \$4.00 2 ton \$10.00
Cannel coal \$5.00 2 7/8 ton \$15.00
Hardwood dry, 16 in. single cord \$1.75
Hardwood dry, 16 in. split single cord \$2.00
Dry pine 16 in. per cord \$1.25
Dry Hemlock 1 ft. slabs per cord \$2.00
F. B. SPEAR.
COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash:
Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton
Hard Coal \$7.00 \$3.60 \$2.00
Soft Coal \$4.00 \$2.00 \$1.00
Cannel Coal \$5.00 \$2.75 \$1.50
Hardwood dry, 16 in. single cord \$1.75
Hardwood dry, 16 in. split single cord \$2.00
Hardwood dry, 16 in. per cord \$1.25
Dry Pine slabs per cord \$2.00
F. B. SPEAR.

Wants "Honest Money."

Bishop G. Mott Williams, of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Marquette, leaves today for New York to attend a meeting of the house of bishops called to elect a bishop for Duluth. Before leaving he said:
"The Episcopal church was most largely represented among the signers of the declaration of independence, and the framers of the Constitution of the United States. She has never encouraged her clergy to be personal partisans, but has taught them to look at the ethical basis of every political campaign.
"I would be a dumb guardian of my people should I hesitate to say that any member of the Episcopal church who supports the Chicago platform, will do so in the teeth of the moral teaching of his church. Our religious press is unanimously opposed to the campaign carried on by Mr. Bryan. And the sentiment of our entire episcopate, as I understand it, is against the Chicago platform. I have never been a party man, and do not declare for any personal preference in this election. But I do declare for patriotism, mutual charity and confidence between rich and poor, anti-sectionalism and honest money."

Wheelermen for McKinley.

There will be a meeting on Thursday night at 7:30 sharp at the McKinley and Hobart club rooms on Washington street to organize a Marquette branch of the National Wheelermen's McKinley and Hobart club. There are no initiation fees and no dues in the national organization, which is made up on military lines. Companies of not less than thirty and not more than fifty will be formed, each company to elect its captain and subordinate officers, four companies to constitute a battalion under a major and so on. A list has been signed by over fifty prominent wheelermen of the city and will be left all day at the Republican club rooms and those who have not signed will please call and do so. There will be presented to all who sign the list the regularly adopted button of the national organization.

The Cycler's Calendar.

The Frederick A. Stokes Co., of New York, has issued a cycler's calendar for 1897, with pictures in colors reproduced from the paintings of Eugene Grivaz. The calendar consists of six of these works of art, showing bicycling in various places and countries. It would adorn any room. For sale at the Book Store.

CITY BREVITIES.

Weather forecast: Generally fair; northeasterly winds.
Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 43 degrees; 12 m., 54 degrees; 7 p. m., 50 degrees; maximum, 56 degrees; minimum, 43 degrees.
K. Oshinsky is in the east again after more fall and winter goods.
Sidney Adams returned home yesterday from California after an absence of a number of weeks.
W. E. Tyler, traveling freight agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, arrived in the city last evening.
Mrs. Anson Alquin of Negaunee, visited yesterday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Broad.
The pilgrimage to Canton excursion went through here at 3:45 this morning. Most of the pilgrims were from up the road.
Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Gillett, of West Bluff street left Tuesday via the Soo line to visit friends and relatives in St. Paul and Minneapolis.
The main shaft of the road roller was broken yesterday. No more work can be done with the machine till a new part is shipped from the factory.
Congressional candidate H. W. Seymour and D. S. Glidden will address a mass meeting of white metal enthusiasts at the opera house Friday evening.
Robertson Bros. were busy yesterday repairing the cells in the upstairs part of the jail. The prisoners were moved to the basement while the repairs are going on.
George P. Brown and Sam Swenson went down into Chocoley yesterday afternoon to speak with a view of making gold bugs out of the farmers in the township.
Hon. H. R. Pattengill, state superintendent of public instruction, will be the chief speaker in the grand rally to be held by the Republicans in the rink Friday evening.
The Aid society of the Presbyterian church will meet in the church parlors this afternoon at 2 o'clock. All ladies of the congregation are invited to come prepared to sew.
The University Extension circle will postpone its regular meeting till Wednesday, the 21st, meeting at that time in the superintendent's office in the high school building.
Hereafter the Brotherhood of St. Andrews will have charge of the Sunday evening services at St. Paul's. A solo will be sung for the offertory each evening, and there is soon to be inaugurated a series of after service organ recitals.
Ole Holsten of Republic, is detained in the county jail on account of his insanity. Holsten was a miner, but has not followed that occupation for several months, as he has been suffering with dementia. Monday night he drew a gun and threatened to kill his father.
Shows may come and go, but none seem to stand the test so well as Mrs. Stowe's immortal historical novel, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The grand parade, the finest of the kind ever witnessed, will take place after the arrival of the 2:45 train from the east.

MADE ME A MAN

AXAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases-Falling Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indulgences. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Instant upon having the medicine. AXAX TABLETS have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, sent receipt of price. AXAX TABLETS, AXAX REMEDY CO., 105 Broadway, New York. For sale in Marquette, Mich., by H. H. Stafford & Co., Druggists. (5-19-1f)

LAUNDRY.

Good work done. Will call for and deliver to all parts of city. 207 WASHINGTON ST. (4-17-1f)
HIM AND CHARLES LEE & CHARLES LAUNDRY.
MADE ME A MAN
AXAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases-Falling Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indulgences. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Instant upon having the medicine. AXAX TABLETS have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, sent receipt of price. AXAX TABLETS, AXAX REMEDY CO., 105 Broadway, New York. For sale in Marquette, Mich., by H. H. Stafford & Co., Druggists. (5-19-1f)

course of lectures fully demonstrated his abilities to entertain and also the practical value of his teachings. We bespeak for him a crowded house on the occasion of his opening lecture.
Two young men had an exciting and uncomfortable experience with a tandem on Presque Isle the other day. They were riding down the steep hill in the drive around the island. The wheel got to going so fast that they were afraid to make the turn at the bottom, and instead held the machine straight ahead, and it ran off with them down a small cut into the lake. Both young men were thoroughly soaked, but the wheel was not in the least injured.

MARINE MATTERS.

PASSED THE CANAL. SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Oct. 13.—[Special]—Up—Granda, 1 a. m.; J. B. Ketchum, 8:20; Bradley and consort, 9:40; Vanderbilt, 11; Myles, 3:30; Matoa, 5.
MIDLAKE AND HARBOR GOSSIP. The Octaw unloaded coal for the mines at Pickands' dock yesterday. The Japan was in going up yesterday. It being so late in the season she is doing an almost exclusive freight business. The lumber boats loading in port have most of their deck loads on, and will be ready to slip out the first favorable opportunity. The Pratt and Ash were loaded Tuesday at the new dock to sixteen feet. This is the deepest draft any boat has loaded with ore at Marquette. They will be the first to take advantage of the new deep channel in Mary's river. Arrived—J. H. Wade. Cleared—J. H. Wade, Cleveland. L. S. & L. dock: Arrived—Calyuga, Fontana, Robert Wallace, David Wallace, Pratt and Ash. Cleared—Fontana, Cleveland; Calyuga, Robert Wallace, Pratt and Ash, Ashtabula.

PONY FOR FORTY CENTS.

New Swindle Practiced Upon the Guileless New Yorker. Here is a brand-new swindle. The man who invented it or heard of it in some out-of-the-way part of the world had some money, says the New York Recorder. He rented a house in one of the oldest parts of New York. It is a quarter in which swell Knickerbockers lived, and some of their descendants live there to this day. He made himself a familiar figure in a liquor store in the neighborhood, where he sampled various brands and vintages and proved himself a connoisseur. One day he told the proprietor that he had taken down a brick wall in the rear of the cellar of his house, intending to replace it with stone, as it had grown moldy. Behind it he found three casks of remarkable brandy that had been lying recondite for many years, undoubtedly the property of some long dead and forgotten householder, who knew a good thing when he saw it, and was saving it. The saloon man bought it at \$16 a gallon, having previously tasted an alleged sample that for bouquet has never been surpassed upon this continent or any other. The goods were delivered and the tenant disappeared with two months' rent in arrears. It was really good brandy worth about six dollars a gallon, at which price it had been bought from a Broadway street wine merchant. However, the winerom man did not lose anything. His customers are drinking brandy (at 40 cents a "pony") which they are assured has lain in a New York cellar for 100 years.

PIANO TUNING.

J. G. Bates, tuner for the Bradbury Co., will be in Marquette Oct. 9 for a few days. Leave orders at Fohman's Music Store. (10-10-1w)

COAL.

They are so little you hardly know you are taking them. They cause no griping, yet they act quickly and most thoroughly. Such are the famous little pills known as De Witt's Little Early Risers. Small in size, great in results. Stafford Drug Co.

OYSTERS.

Large N. Y. Count oysters arrive regularly by express. Sold at retail at Monteth's, D., S. & A. depot. (9-11-0)

COFFEE.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is an antiseptic, soothing and healing application for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, etc., and cures piles like magic. It instantly stops pain. Stafford Drug Co.

COFFEE.

A fine selection of Melton and Kersey overcoatings at Ziehlendorff Bros. (9-24-1f)

COFFEE.

Many lives of usefulness have been cut short by neglect to break up an ordinary cold. Pneumonia, bronchitis and even consumption can be averted by the prompt use of One Minute Cough Cure. Stafford Drug Co.

COFFEE.

Chronic constipation is a painful, disagreeable and life-shortening difficulty. It deranges the system, causes sick headache, bad breath, and poisons the blood. It can be readily overcome by DeWitt's Little Early Risers. These little pills are great regulators. Stafford Drug Co.

COFFEE.

Many political speakers, clergymen, singers and others who use the voice excessively, rely on One Minute Cough Cure to prevent business and laryngitis. Its value as a preventive is only equaled by its power to afford instantaneous relief. Stafford Drug Co.

COFFEE.

COAL—I am prepared to deliver the best quality of anthracite coal, well screened, dry and free from dust. (9-3-1f) F. B. SPEAR.

COFFEE.

G. A. Werner, photographer, located in the old Child's Art Gallery, has secured the services of E. H. Wilkinson of Detroit, who has the ability to make first-class and artistic photographs in all the latest styles. Also developing and printing for amateurs done. (9-4-1f)

OYSTERS.

Large ones for frying, or by the can, at Monteth's, South Shore depot. (10-7-4w)

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

Dr. O'Leary, the gifted and eccentric talker, will begin a brief course of lectures in the opera house here Friday night, Oct. 16. He needs no recommendation at this time, as his last

THE LIFE-CAR.

The First One Built Haved Two Hundred Lives from a Single Ship.

He had been planning for several years for a life-car, a closed vessel or covered boat, which could be sent out to a stranded vessel on a rope and pulled back and forth. It was to carry two or three people. He could not see his way clear to make this of wood; but now the iron problem was solved, he could carry out all his plans. The car was built according to the plan made by him, an inclosed, torpedo-like affair, and along in the terrible winter of 1849-50 it was placed in the care of some untrained fishermen on the New Jersey coast, at Squan beach. An English ship, the Ayrshire, was wrecked here, one day, in the midst of a blinding storm. The men on the beach could do nothing with their ordinary boats. The life-car was brought out. A small cannon, or mortar, was loaded with a piece of smooth iron, several inches long, attached to a pile of cord. This was shot out over the spars of the ship. The people on board hauled in the cord and drew along through the surf a stronger rope. This was fastened to the mast and the life-car was swung from the beach, with the rope running through the two rings at each end, and pulled out to the vessel.

There were 201 people on board, and all but one of the number were saved.

The story of this rescue went round the world. All that had been said in praise of the inventor's powers was now justified. All Europe was interested. He was recognized by the nations of the world as one who had done a marvelous work for humanity—who had, as some one said, robbed the ocean voyage of its terrors.

The making of these boats followed, but the original boat Mr. Francis preserved. Its home is now in the National museum at Washington. It has been sent to many places for exhibition, to London among others, and is an interesting feature of the life-saving exhibit of the government at the world's fair.—W. S. Harwood, in St. Nicholas.

A Business Woman.

The Duchess De Dino, who is an American by birth, is a remarkably bright business woman, personally supervising her large estate herself. She recently ordered a 13-story building to be erected in New York, and before completion she has rented eight floors, the contract for the rental of the fourth floor for a term of years having now been completed for \$50,000. Some time ago the duchess purchased a valuable business site for \$300,000, and it was there she had the above mentioned building erected.

FOR SALE.

Two thousand five hundred acres of first class farming lands in towns 41 and 43, range 23 west, and town 42, range 24 west. These lands are covered with large elm, maple and birch and have never been cut over for timber. Price, \$4 per acre for the whole lot or \$5 per acre in lots of 100 acres, with favorable terms of payment. Also 3,000 acres in towns 46 and 47, range 21 west, at \$4 per acre.

FOR SALE.

25,000 acres of the choicest farming lands on this peninsula are now offered in small tracts to actual settlers. These lands are located in a partly settled country near the Munising railway station, in towns 43, 44, 45 and 46, ranges 21 and 22. Terms, \$5 per acre, one-fifth down and balance in annual installments, with 6 per cent interest. For further particulars apply to G. G. WAGNER, Agent for The Sutherland-Innes Co., Ltd., (S-29-6m) Marquette, Mich.

FOR SALE.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

ONCE USED, ALWAYS USED.

COAL.

James Piekands & Co. are prepared to deliver the best quality of Hard and Soft Coal, at lowest market price. (12-4-1f)

FOR SALE.

COAL. An old established business and a PAYING BUSINESS. One of the best paying livery stables in the upper peninsula TO LIVERY MEN. Address JOSEPH FAY, ADMINISTRATOR Marquette, Mich

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"It Bridges You Over." Battle Ax PLUG "Battle Ax" bridges a man over many a tight place when his pocket-book is lean. A 5-cent piece of "Battle Ax" will last about as long as a 10-cent piece of other good tobaccos. This thing of getting double value for your money is a great help. Try it and save money.

COLUMBUS BUGGY CO.'S ASSIGNED

Stock of Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Surreys, Traps, Carts, Wagoons, Etc. (500 different style vehicles). 200 sets of double and single driving harness. Large stock of Robes, Blankets and Whips. 100 Ohio High Grade Bicycles. Everything in their late Branch House at Detroit, Mich., will be offered to the public for the next 60 days, at 50c to 60c on the Dollar. Call or write before this fine stock is all sold. H. B. EDWARDS, Agent, 243 and 245 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich. (9-20-0)

UPPER PENINSULA BREWING COMPANY.

EXPORT AND TABLE BEER. For family use. Brewed absolutely from pure malt and hops. Mail or telephone order will receive prompt attention. (4-5-1f)

MARQUETTE FLOUR?

Wedding Cake. XXXX Best. If Not, Why Not? "Ask For It." Choice Straight Star and Fancy. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS. (5-12-1f)

FOR SALE.

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FOR SALE.

COAL. An old established business and a PAYING BUSINESS. One of

DETROIT

Striking Facts Concerning the State Metropolis.

THE HANDSOMEST CITY IN THE WEST AND A LEADER IN ENTERPRISE.

Depot of Supplies for Michigan and Adjacent Territory.

William E. Curtis, the talented newspaper correspondent, thus entertainingly alludes to some of the beauties of the metropolis of Michigan: "The people of Detroit have utilized the abundant natural resources for rest and recreation that surround them, in a very attractive manner. They have beautiful parks, and a magnificent boulevard system. Belle Isle, which sits in the river opposite the city and only a few minutes' journey from the court house [City Hall], is a lovely place. It has been decorated by a skilled and tasteful landscape gardener, and its drives and groves and lawns are unsurpassed. Up and down the river for a distance of thirty miles are clusters of hotels, club houses, cottages and villas and other private and public pleasure resorts, which offer attractions to all classes at all prices and easily accessible. Along the St. Clair ship canal, upon which the government has expended so many millions to make a channel that carries more commerce than any other waterway in the world, is a row of cottages and clubs several miles in length that are built upon

stilts, like the lake dwellers in Paraguay and the people of Maracaibo, which Americus Vesputius saw when he cruised along the Spanish main in 1505. He called that country Venezuela, which means 'Little Venice.' The people of Michigan also call this cool and lovely place after the famous city on the Adriatic. Some of the houses are surrounded by lawns and groves of trees planted upon the reclaimed ground, and are very attractive. They say it is always cool there, that mosquitoes are unknown, and that you can catch fish enough for breakfast by dropping a line out of your bedroom window." Besides Belle Isle Park, Detroit has nineteen other parks, the next in size being Log Cabin Park on Woodward avenue, one hundred and twenty acres. These twenty parks comprise within a fraction of eight hundred and eighty-seven acres of land devoted to the recreation and health of the residents of the city, and the pleasure of visitors. The value of this property is over six and a quarter millions of dollars. The Grand Boulevard is a semi-circle over eleven miles in length. Detroit's Public Library contains nearly one hundred and forty thousand volumes. About two thousand volumes are worn out by use and replaced every year. She has a Museum of Art which has cost in buildings and grounds one hundred and twenty-seven thousand dollars. The collections therein are valued at one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, and they were all given to the Museum by Detroit citizens. She has sixty-one public school buildings, valued with the ground they stand on at over two millions three hundred and forty thousand dollars. Seven hundred and thirty-seven teach-

ers instruct the thirty-five thousand pupils in these schools. Besides, there are probably fifteen thousand pupils in the various parochial and private schools. Detroit has two hundred and twenty-five miles of paved streets, one hundred and fifty-eight miles of public sewers, and two hundred and eighty-five miles of lateral sewers. The city is lighted at night by a plant which she owns and which cost over six hundred and thirty thousand dollars. About forty thousand electric lights blaze every night in her streets. The official municipal manual gives her population as two hundred and eighty thousand. The city directory figures the number within her borders as over three hundred and sixty thousand. The area of the city is twenty-nine square miles. Over one million six hundred and twenty thousand dollars was expended for new buildings in Detroit during the first six months of 1896. Detroit contains the tallest commercial building outside of New York and Chicago—the new Majestic Building, fourteen stories and two hundred and eleven feet high. The above scattered facts show that the State metropolis is not only a beautiful, comfortable and otherwise highly enjoyable place of residence, but that she is an immense and fast-growing commercial and industrial center. In several branches of trade, among which are the manufacture of cars, drugs, stoves, matches, varnish, soda-ash and pine, and in the seed business, Detroit leads every other city in America. Naturally, Detroit is the wholesale depot for all Michigan and the adjacent territory. Here are some of her leaders in their respective lines of commerce, manufactures and finance:

Ishpeming and Vicinity.

THEY COULDN'T AGREE. William Coad and Sam Hoar Will Air a Dispute in Court.

Samuel Hoar, who has the contract for lowering the bed of Carp river, and Wm. Coad, candidate for treasurer on the fusion ticket, came together yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Iron Ore office. No blows were struck, but the rumpus was of such a nature as to cause Coad to have a warrant sworn out for Hoar's arrest.

Coad worked for Hoar at the river a short time. Hoar laid him off and it appears that rumors were circulated to the effect that Coad had been discharged on account of Hoar's bondsmen objecting to his being given work. The two men met on the street yesterday afternoon and after talking the matter over they agreed to go to the Iron Ore office and prepare an article for publication in relation to the rumor. Coad wrote and signed the following:

TO THE PUBLIC—The statement that William Coad made that I had laid him off is untrue, and false to the letter. I told William Coad that I had to lay him and other \$1.75 per day men off or go in the hole, as I could get men at \$1.50 per day

who would do more at that kind of work. Mr. Coad said to me, "Yes, you can, with fifty cents more you can get another man." The four men were laid off and we shook hands and parted friends. Coad was not satisfied with Hoar's statement, so he refused to sign it. He objected to the word "other" where Hoar states that "Coad and other \$1.75 per day men, etc." had to be laid off or he would go in the hole. The discussion that followed was a warm one. Coad claims that Hoar took him by the coat collar and threatened to assault him.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

They Are Coming on Us Thick and Fast These Days.

The most eventful meeting to be held in Ishpeming during the campaign will be the one announced for tonight, when William Jennings Bryan, silver candidate for the presidency, will be here for forty minutes, from 6:50 till 7:30. All who can possibly get down town will be on hand to see and hear Mr. Bryan, so that a tremendous gathering is looked for.

A Republican rally will be held this evening at the opera house. The speakers will be Hon. Washington Gardner and Hon. Thomas B. Dunstan. A brass band will be out to escort the speakers from the hotel to the opera house. The members of the McKinley and Hobart club will march in the procession, forming line immediately after the departure of Mr. Bryan and party.

Ex-President Hearts of the International Brick Layers union and ex-president Vaughn of the Denver Trade and Labor assembly, are also expected here last evening.

Ex-Congressman Martin McGinnis of Montana, who was billed to speak here on the evening of the 16th, has been obliged to cancel the engagement. He is wanted at Menominee that night and will speak there instead of in this city.

George Tucker will leave this morning for the Menominee range, where he will speak at different places in the interest of the Republican party. He will speak tonight at Crystal Falls. He will be at Iron Mountain and Norway during the remainder of the week.

William Coad, candidate for treasurer on the fusion ticket, was at Republic Monday night. James A. Prout and Hearts, of the International Brick Layers' union, were the speakers at a meeting held there. Mr. Coad also addressed the assemblage briefly. He says the meeting was an enthusiastic one.

William Peters, who will make the run for representative from the Second district of this county on the Republican ticket, arrived here from Lansing yesterday. He expects to do some speaking during the remainder of the campaign.

FURNACE TO CLOSE DOWN.

Attempt to Make Arrangements to Keep It Running Have Failed. The Excelsior furnace will close down today or tomorrow. Up to Monday evening Manager Nelson had hopes that some arrangement might be made with the Lake Superior Iron company whereby the plant could be kept in operation, but yesterday he stated that the shutdown could not be averted.

There is no telling how long the plant will remain idle but the operators will endeavor to start it up again as soon as possible. The Lake Superior Iron company has about twenty men at work loading pig iron at the furnace. An order for 5,000 tons has been received from Cleveland. After this is shipped there will still be 15,000 tons in stock.

AT THE CLUB HOUSE.

Members and Their Friends Spend a Happy Evening There. One of the most pleasant meetings held since the organization of the Country club took place at the club house last evening. The supper served by the ladies was the principal feature of the event. The spread was a fine one and all present enjoyed it immensely. The meeting will probably be the last held at the headquarters this season. The club has been a success in every way and it is the purpose of the members to resume the meetings at the club house as early as possible next spring.

When in need of boots and shoes or rubber shoes, remember Braastad's is headquarters. (10-14f)

Out Down the Flag.

Joseph Pope was madder than a wet hen yesterday. Some one had cut down the big American flag which he hung in front of his place Monday. The flag was suspended from a rope extending from the top of the building to a telephone pole on the corner. Both strings were cut, letting the flag fall down the street. In order to cut the rope it was necessary to go up on the building and also to climb the pole. The mischief was done at 11:30. Mr. Pope was in bed and heard the noise outside. He got up as quickly as possible, but the persons who perpetrated the outrage had got out of sight by the time he reached the street. Joe says he will give \$20 to anyone who will give him information leading to the arrest of the persons who cut down the flag. Mr. Pope hung up the flag again yesterday morning.

Do not forget F. Braastad & Co.—the largest clothing house in the county—when in need of anything in their line.

Minor Injured.

James Rafferty, a miner employed at the Cleveland Lake shaft mine, fell about twenty feet Monday night and received injuries which will keep him from working for a short time. He was putting some lagging in place when a chunk of dirt came down and knocked him off the scaffold on which he was standing. Rafferty was quite severely shaken up by the fall.

Go to F. Braastad & Co. for your blankets and woollens.

- ISHPEMING - Business Directory

- NICHOLS & DUHAIME Try our "Bemalite" and "Defender" brands. Cigar Makers.
- ISHPEMING STEAM LAUN- First class work our motto. DRY, Needham Bros. Props.
- SELLWOOD & CO. Headquarters for fresh fruits and vegetables. General Stores.
- BOSCH BREWING CO. Try sample case. Telephone No 212. C. A. Pearce, Agt.
- J. W. JOCHIM HARDWARE Goods and prices right. C. O. (Ltd) Main Street
- SORSEN BROS. Noted for their prompt service and low prices. Tailors.
- OLE WALSETH, Carriage and Wagon builder. Pearl and Second St. Carriage Repository

Our Opening :-:

is over but our display of LATEST STYLE

HATS, BONNETS, NOVELTIES, ETC.,

is never over. Our opening was a grand success. Ladies should call and see us. We are always glad to see them.

Mrs. I. Lallerstedt.

Death of a Former Resident. A telegram was received here yesterday announcing the death at Talapossa, Ga., of the father of James H. Malloy, local agent of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company. The old man had been falling in health for some time past, so that his death did not come unexpectedly. Mr. Malloy was advised of his father's serious illness last week and left for Talapossa on Thursday, so that he probably was there when the old gentleman passed away. The deceased was a resident of Ishpeming some ten or twelve years ago and is remembered here by many of those who lived here at that time.

We have just received the largest and most complete line of jackets and capes to be found anywhere, and we will sell them at hard-time prices. F. BRAASTAD & CO.

[Additional Ishpeming on Page Seven.]

MILLINERY OPENING,

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, Oct. 8, 9 and 10.

We are prepared to show the finest line of Millinery Goods and Novelties ever brought to the city. Trimmers have just returned from the eastern and southern markets.

MISS I. KELLY,

(10-6-1w) Main Street.

THE : LADIES

who are not yet supplied with Fall and Winter Hats and Bonnets should not fail to inspect our line before purchasing elsewhere. We have the latest styles at lowest prices. Novelties, Underwear, Hosiery, etc.

Mrs. T. F. Donahoe.

(9-18-1f)

Hampton & Co.

keep the best grades of WOOD AND COAL, They were never better prepared to supply the trade promptly than this season. (2-20-1f)

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

D. M. FERRY, W. W. COLLIER, Pres. Treas. R. W. GILLET, O. R. BALDWIN, Secy. V. Pres.

AMERICAN HARROW CO. Windsor, Ont. DETROIT, MICH.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.

HESCH & CLARKE, 31 Grand River Ave., DETROIT. ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, Deformity Apparatus, Trusses Etc. Write for catalogue.

ASPHALT ROOF COATING.

SCHILLINGER BROS. Long Distance Telephone 3742. Office and Yard, Cor. Illinois St. and D. O. R. & M. R. E. Manufacturers of High Grade Granolithic Stone for Sidewalks, Driveways, Stable Floors, etc. Schillinger's Improved Trunk Mineral Rock Asphalt, for School Residences, Private Residences, Hospitals, Laboratories, Milk and Ice Cream Houses. The Composition Asphalt Roofing surpasses all others. Contractors for the laying of the genuine Trinidad Sheet Asphalt Pavement for streets. DETROIT.

WARREN'S ASPHALT ROOF COATING. CONTAINS 90 per cent Trinidad Asphalt when dry FOR FULL INFORMATION WRITE Warren Chemical & Manufacturing Co. 95 MOFFAT BLOCK, DETROIT.

BANKS.

H. W. O'BRIEN, Pres. F. A. SCHULTE, Vice-Pres. G. E. LAWSON, Cashier. THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK. Oldest Bank Under State Laws in Michigan. Established 1871. Capital, \$500,000. Deposits, \$5,000,000. Surplus and Profits, \$300,000. DETROIT, MICHIGAN

Geo. H. Russell, Pres. M. S. Smith, Vice-Pres. R. S. Mason, Cashier. STATE SAVINGS BANK. CAPITAL, \$200,000. SURPLUS, \$160,000. DIRECTORS—R. A. Alger, H. M. Campbell, W. C. Colburn, W. H. Elliott, C. L. Frost, F. J. Becker, H. B. Leonard, Hugh McMillan, W. C. McMillan, R. S. Mason, R. W. Gillett, Henry Russell, Geo. H. Russell, M. S. Smith, Chas. Stinchfield. 4 per cent on Savings Deposits. Hammond Bldg., Cor. Fort and Griswold Sts., DETROIT, MICH.

BOILER MANUFACTURERS.

JOHN BRENNAN & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF STEAM BOILERS AND ALL WORK MADE FROM BOILER PLATE & SHEET IRON. CORNER 24 STREET & MICH. CENT. R. R. DETROIT.

JOHN MCGREGOR & SONS, Manufacturers of Locomotives, Marine and Locomotive BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORK. SECOND-HAND MACHINERY bought, sold, or taken in exchange for new work. REPAIRS promptly attended to. ALL BOILERS TESTED by Cold Water Pressure to 20 lbs. to the Square Inch. 163 AWARDEN STREET. Branch Shop and Dock, Windsor, Ont. DETROIT, MICH.

STEPHEN PRATT. Established 1865. BOILERS. MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN STEAM BOILERS, SMOKE PIPES, CAR OIL and Rendering Tanks, Heavy Sheet Iron Work, Etc. Cor. Foundry St. and Michigan Central R. R., DETROIT, MICH.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY. THE DETROIT NEWS COMPANY, LIVINGSTON S. PAIGE, Manager. WHOLESALE NEWSDEALERS, Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods and Periodicals. 86, 88 and 90 West Larned St., Cor. Wayne, DETROIT, MICH.

BRASS FOUNDERS AND FINISHERS. DETROIT SHEET METAL AND BRASS WORKS. Brass Founders and Finishers. Copper and Sheet Metal Work. Pipe, Valves and Engineers' Supplies. Correspondence Invited.

BREWERS.

AUGUST GOEBEL, Pres. & Mgr. FRED. W. BREER, Asst. Mgr. R. W. GILLET, V. Pres. JOSEPH B. MOORE, Treas. RALPH PHELPS, Jr., Counsel. AUGUST GOEBEL, Jr., Secy. BEER AND PORTER BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY. DETROIT.

PALE SELECT BEER. The Koppitz-Melchers Brewing Co. DETROIT, MICH. Purity Guaranteed. Ask for "Pale Select."

Voigt's Special Brew. Unrivalled for Purity, Brilliance, and Commercial Excellence. Highest Awards and Medal for Quality and Purity at the World's Fair, Chicago. Brewed and Bottled by RHEINGOLD, for Family Use and Export. THE VOIGT BREWERY CO. (Ltd.), DETROIT, MICH.

CIGARS.

BEN-HUR 3 FOR 25¢ PRO PATRIA 5¢ Manufactured by GEO. MOEBES & CO., Detroit.

CONFECTIONERY.

DETROIT CONFECTIONERY AND FRUIT TABLET CO. Manufacturing Confectioners, 118, 120 & 122 W. LARNED ST., DETROIT.

COAL MINER AND SHIPPER.

O. W. SHIPMAN Bituminous, Anthracite and Blacksmith Special attention to wholesale trade. Operating own cars, insuring prompt shipment. Prices by mail or wire. Proper protection to dealers. KOAL Office, 90 Griswold Street, DETROIT.

CORSET MANUFACTURERS.

"AMERICAN LADY" AND "MODEL FORM" CORSETS. The Best Fitting Garments on the Market. Sold everywhere. SCHILLING CORSET CO. DETROIT AND CHICAGO.

DISTILLERS.

"Canadian Club" WHISKY. ABSOLUTELY PURE. Guaranteed by the Canadian Government.

DRESS STAY MANUFACTURERS.

DETROIT STAY CO. MANUFACTURERS OF THE PERFECTION and VICTORIA DRESS STAYS. The Perfection Gutta-Purca covered triple silk, flexible tip. The Victoria Metal Tip, Silk stitched. Without question the best stays on the market. Ask your dealer for them and take no substitute.

DRY GOODS WHOLESALE.

Edson, Moore & Co. WHOLESALE DRY GOODS. DETROIT, MICH. ESTATE OF JAMES L. EDSON. Geo. F. MOORE, RANSOM GILLES, CHAS. BUNCHER, F. S. MUNGER, ABRAHAM P. SHEPHERD, JAS. S. MEREDITH.

EDUCATIONAL.

GREATEST Success in Life IS ATTAINED. By a thorough course of study in the Business, Short-hand, English or Mechanical Drawing department, Detroit Business University, 11-19 Wilcox St. Students can enter at any time. Call on our Catalogue. W. F. JEWELL, Pres. F. R. SPENCER, Secy.

ENGINES, BOILERS, STEAM PUMPS.

GO WORMER MACHINERY CO. NEW & SECOND HAND MACHINERY. SEND FOR LIST NO. 1. BARGAINS OFFERED. 95 - 59 WOODBRIDGE ST. WEST, DETROIT, MICH.

FURS, HATS, CAPS, ETC.

WALTER BUHL & CO. Manufacturers of Hats, Caps and FURS. Oldest House in America. Absolutely Everything in Our Line. Detroit, Mich. FIRE BRICK.

F. B. STEVENS FIRE BRICK. ALL SIZES, SHAPES, ETC. GLASS WHOLESALE.

WM. REID. Largest Stock in the West. ABSOLUTELY EVERYTHING. Write for Prices. DETROIT, Mich. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich. IRON AND HARDWARE.

JOHN FREEMAN, Pres. D. C. DELAMATER, Treas. THOMAS J. CHELSEA, Asst. Pres. WHOLESALE.

Hardware CUTLERY, IRON AND STEEL. FOOT WOODWARD AVE., DETROIT MICH. LIFE INSURANCE.

The Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Co., DETROIT, MICH. Organized 1867. Assets, \$4,963,007.28. O. R. LOOKER, Pres. JAS. H. CUMMINS, Secy.

MANTELS AND GRATES.

P. A. Billings MANTELS, GRATES, Floor Tiling, Brass Goods, Gas Combinations and Electric Fixtures, Electric Light Wiring, Gas Logs, Globes, Etc. 264 & 266 Woodward Ave. DETROIT.

MILLS AND MILL SUPPLIES.

J. B. DUTTON, MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN Automatic Grain Scales, Roller Mills, Engines and Boilers, Mill Stones, Purifiers, Wheat Cleaners, Belling, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Elevator Cups, Boiling Cloths, Etc. 1026, 1028, 1030, 1032 and 1034 Scotton Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

PAINTERS AND DECORATORS.

FRED BAMFORD & CO. PAINTING, KALSOMINING, Window Shade, Wall Paper, Glass Signs, Parquet Floors. Wall Paper and Frescoing cleaned in the best manner. A COMPLETE LINE OF ARTISTIC WALL PAPERS, Cheap as well as expensive. 255 Jefferson Ave. DETROIT.

TRUNK MANUFACTURERS.

MARTIN MAIER & CO. MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE TRUNKS, Traveling Bags and Travelers' Goods. SAMPLE TRUNKS AND CASES. DETROIT, MICH.

MEIER & SCHUKNECHT, MANUFACTURERS OF VALISES AND TRAVELERS' GOODS.

16 & 18 Woodbridge St. E., Detroit, Mich.

PERFUMES.

SEELY'S Pure Flavoring Extracts. Will give greater satisfaction than double the quantity of any other brand, and can be bought of all leading grocers.

PICKLES.

EAST INDIA PICKLES. A MOST DELICIOUS RELISH. Unequaled for fine flavor and appetizing qualities. For sale by the best retailers everywhere. MANUFACTURED BY WILLIAMS BROS. & CHARBONNEAU, DETROIT, MICH.

SHOE MANUFACTURERS.

Pingree "NEVERSLIP" This STAMP appears on the RUBBER of all our "NEVERSLIP" BICYCLE AND WINTER SHOES. PINGREE & CMITH, Manufacturers.

W. A. McGraw & Co., 80, 82 and 84 Jefferson Avenue. DETROIT, MICH. WHOLESALE RUBBERS. The city exclusive rubber house in the United States who handles the Boston Rubber Shoe Co.'s goods. Write Us for List and Prices.

STOVES AND RANGES.

This Trade Mark is a GUARANTEE of perfection. Insist upon having it upon the Stove or Range you buy. The Michigan Stove Company.

TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS.

THE AMERICAN Eagle Tobacco Co. DETROIT, MICH. Manufacturers of high grade fine chewing and smoking tobaccos. Ask how to secure one of their handsome genuine Morescam pipes by using their celebrated MYRTLE & NAVY PLEO CUT TOBACCO.

SMOKE HAND MADE FLAKE CUT. PIPE FREE. MANUFACTURED BY THE GLOBE TOBACCO WORKS. THE FIRST TOBACCO FACTORY IN THE WORLD TO RECOGNIZE ORGANIZED LABOR.

INJECTORS.

THE WORLD RENOWNED PENBERTHY AUTOMATIC INJECTOR. 100,000 Engineers declare them the World's Best boiler feeders. PENBERTHY INJECTOR CO., 135 Seventh St., Detroit, Mich. For Sale by MANHARD-JOPLING CO., LTD., MARQUETTE.

WIRE AND IRON WORK.

ETBARNUM WIRE, IRON AND BRASS GOODS DETROIT, MICH. CITY OFFICES 27-29 OF ST. SHIPLEY BLDG.

LUMBERMEN'S WEAR.

THE PEELE'S MANUFACTURING CO. INCORPORATED. MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. MANUFACTURERS OF THE PEELE'S SHIRTS, PANTS AND OVERALLS. LUMBERMEN'S WEAR A SPECIALTY. DETROIT, MICH.

Over 100 forms... W... D... U... low... New... Dollar... S... W... Au... On... T... ing... train... take... will... L... S... Arr... D... It... of... s... p... Friday... berths... commo... and... De... Tr... ting... of... daily... Alpen... day... 6... 12:30... p... cursio... W... C... The gro... LOW... Steame... CITY... leaves... Sand... Pe... ana... all... p... Saturd... Cleve... Special... June... Through... checked... and... rate... FITZ... St... I...

Charles Johnson, Wholesale Agent, Negaunee. Includes images of people and decorative elements.

WM. WRIGHT CO., 61 Fort St. West, DETROIT. INTERIOR DECORATORS AND FURNISHERS.

NO-TO-BAG TOBACCO CURE. Guaranteed to cure tobacco habit. Includes text about the product's benefits.

D., S. S. & A. R'Y

THE Marquette ROUTE.

PILGRIMAGE

TO CANTON, OHIO, Wednesday, Oct. 14, 1896.

Under the Patronage of the McKinley and Hobart Clubs of the Upper Peninsula.

Arrangements have been perfected by which the following very low fares to Canton, Ohio, and return will be made from the Upper Peninsula for the occasion named:

Table with columns 'FROM' and 'TO' listing fares for various locations like Newberry, Dollarville, Marquette, Negaunee, Ishpeming, Humboldt, Wetmore, Munising Junction, Au Train, and Onota.

ROUTE OF PILGRIMAGE:

D., S. S. & A. R'y to St. Ignace. D. & C. S. N. Co.'s steamers to Detroit and Cleveland. Cleveland, Canton & Southern R'y to Canton.

Tickets will be on sale for the Detroit Express of Tuesday, Oct. 13th, leaving Michigan 11:35 a. m., and also for the through Night Express leaving Michigan 1:45 a. m., Wednesday, Oct. 14th.

ITINERARY OF GOING JOURNEY.

Table showing departure and arrival times for the going journey from Lve. St. Ignace to Arr. Detroit.

It will be seen from the itinerary that the party will be given an opportunity of spending Thursday in Detroit (from 10 a. m. until 11 p. m.) and arrive Canton Friday morning.

NOTES IN CONNECTION WITH RETURN JOURNEY.

Train leaves Canton 4:30 p. m., arrives Cleveland 6:35 p. m., thus permitting of a visit of over seven hours at Canton on Friday, Oct. 16th.

W. F. FITCH, General Manager. GEO. W. HIBBARD, Gen. Pass. Agt. MARQUETTE, MICH., Oct. 6th, 1896.

Detroit and Cleveland Steam Navigation Co. Logo and text.

* COAST LINE. * The greatest transportation agency on the Great Lakes. LOW RATES, QUICK TIME, PALACE STEAMER.

CITY OF ALPENA leaves St. Ignace for Detroit, Port Huron, Sand Beach, Jecoda, Alpena, Cheboygan and all points east Wednesday 7:30 a. m.

Munising R'y Time Table No. 3. Table with columns for train numbers and times.

Trains will run as follows, subject to change without notice, to take effect May 2nd, 1896.

CHARLTON, GILBERT & DEMAR ARCHITECTS, MARQUETTE, MICH. 1st National Bank Bldg. 6-10-14 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

In and About Negaunee.

MANY TEACHERS EXPECTED. The Educational Rally Will Bring a Host of Them to Negaunee.

The school authorities here are making extensive preparations for the reception of the school superintendents and teachers from all parts of the upper peninsula, who will be here during the next three days attending the annual educational rally of the Marquette county institute.

The meeting to be held tomorrow evening at McDonald's Opera House will be largely attended. The doors will open at 7 o'clock and the entertainment will begin at 7:30.

BRYAN TONIGHT.

His Negaunee Admirers Preparing to Welcome Him Heartily. The local silver men who are preparing for the visit here this evening of William J. Bryan, silver candidate for the presidency, will ask him to come down to the stand in the city square to address the people who will congregate to see and hear him.

A Big Meeting.

The members of the Negaunee McKinley and Hobart club were out in full force last evening to greet Secretary of State Washington Gardner, who addressed them on the issues of the campaign at McDonald's Opera House.

More School Room.

The school board has some men at work getting the Finnish church in shape for use as a school. It has been secured at a very reasonable figure and it will be used until such time as another building is provided.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life.

A Good Investment.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit.

SPECIAL SUNDAY RATES TO MARQUETTE.

Commencing Saturday May 9th, the D., S. S. & A. R'y will sell Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return from the stations named below at the following low fares:

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

ADDITIONAL ISHPeming.

The employees of the Lake Superior Iron company will be paid tomorrow. W. G. Mather was slightly under the weather and unable to leave his cottage yesterday.

C. E. Hendricks got back yesterday from a three weeks visit to his parents at Ypsilanti.

Mrs. Thomas F. Nugent of Milwaukee is in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Timothy Dwyer.

N. W. Gray, a prominent furnace man of Ashland, spent yesterday in Ishpeming. He looked over the Excelsior furnace plant while here.

The employees of the Salisbury mine were paid yesterday. The other men working for the Cleveland-Cliffs company will be paid Friday or Saturday.

The remains of the late George Sheldon were taken to Fenton, Mich., instead of Flint, as stated yesterday. A brother-in-law of the deceased resides at Fenton.

The public schools of the city will be closed Friday, so that the teachers may attend the educational rally at Negaunee. The meeting begins tomorrow and ends Saturday.

Jerry Slincy's residence was moved from the Lake Superior & Ishpeming Railway company's right-of-way on Johnston street to Pine street yesterday. This is the largest dwelling to be removed from the right-of-way.

Mr. and Mrs. George Thoney celebrated their tin wedding Monday evening. A number of their friends were present and a most happy time was had.

Mr. Thoney's mother and his brother August, with his wife, were up from Marquette.

Fred Held and Miss Maggie Harrington, both of this city, were married yesterday morning at St. John's church, Rev. Father Langan, the rector, officiating.

The happy couple, with a few intimate friends, took breakfast at the Urban House, after which the bride and groom took the train for Oskosh, where they will enjoy their honeymoon.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I desire to inform the public that my wife has left my bed and board and I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her in my name. ANTOINE BROS. ISHPeming, Oct. 12, 1896.

THE ARK-BORN MAN.

Which of Noah's Descendants First Saw the Light in the Ark? Hundreds of ancient gleaners of miscellaneous curios, legends, myths and traditions give us to understand that Cush was born on the ark, says the St. Louis Republic.

Others claim that there was a child born on the sacred vessel, but that it was sacrificed to one of the wild beasts, Noah declaring that no person should leave the ark who had not gone on board in the regulation manner.

The weight of the evidence as it is given by the Talmudic writers is to the effect that Cush is the person referred to by the old-time mystery gleaners when they speak of the "ark-born" man.

The sacred books, as well as the scores of Biblical encyclopedias, hand books of ancient history, etc., are silent on the subject.

In a reprint of one of the rare old "Saxon Chronicles" is found a clue to the mystery, and another slight hint in an explanatory note in Herbert's "Nimrod."

In the "Saxon Chronicles" the following occurs: "Bedwig was the son or Shem, who was born on the ark."

Herbert's note in "Nimrod," volume II, page 37, says "Klybe is the ark, and as Cush was begotten in the ark, his posterity were, in a peculiar sense, descended from that ship."

Although Herbert made no direct references to the fact of Cush being actually born in the ark, he speaks of him in several places as "Cush, the ark-born." The Talmudic writers discredit the Bedwig story, but declare that Cush was born on the day that "God's covenant" (the rainbow) first appeared.

A QUEER BELIEF.

The Place of Torment to Which Wicked Buddhists Are Consigned. The place of torment to which all wicked Buddhists are to be assigned on the day of final reckoning is a terrible place of punishment.

The Buddhist hell is a sort of apartment house, divided into eight "easy stages." In the first the poor victim is compelled to walk for untold ages in his bare feet over hills thickly set with red-hot needles, points upward.

In the second stage the skin is carefully filed or rasped from the body and irritating mixtures are applied. In the third stage the nails, hair and eyes are plucked out and the denuded body sawed and planed into all sorts of fantastic shapes.

The fourth stage is that of "sorrowful lamentations." In the fifth the left side of the body and the denuded head are carefully roasted, Yoma, the Buddhist Satan, superintending the work.

In the sixth stage the arms are torn from the body and thrown into an immense vat among the eyes, nails and hair previously removed. Then in plain hearing of the sore-footed, blind, maimed, roasted and bleeding victim the whole horrid mass is pounded into jelly.

In the seventh stage the other side of the victim and his feet are roasted brown and then comes the eighth and last stage, in which the candidate is thrown into the bottomless pit of perdition.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative.

It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion.

Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and \$1.00 per bottle at E. Farnham's Drug Store.

"Hurrah for Pro Patria!" shouted an enthusiastic admirer of the best five-cent cigar for the money. "It always wins." Made by Geo. Moeb & Co., Detroit.

THE TURN OF LIFE.

THE MOST CRITICAL PERIOD IN THE LIFE OF A WOMAN. Experience of Mrs. Kelly, of Patchogue, Long Island.

There is no period in woman's earthly career which she approaches with so much anxiety as the "change of life."

Yet during the past twenty years women have learned much from a woman.

It is safe to say that women who prepare themselves for the eventful period, pass through it much easier than in the past.

There is but one course to pursue to subdue the nervous complications, and prepare the system for the change.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be used. It is well for those approaching this time, to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass.

She has the experience of years to aid her in advising. She will charge you nothing.

"She helped this woman, who says—'I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in my family ten years, with the best results. Some time ago my daughter had catarrh of the womb, and it entirely cured her. I was approaching the 'change of life,' and was in a deplorable condition. My womb had fallen, and the bearing-down pains and backache were terrible, and kidneys affected."

"I began taking the Compound, and my pains ceased. I consider it the strong bridge between sickness and health, and recommend it to everybody I meet who needs it."—MRS. L. KELLY, Patchogue, L. I.

Mining Journal Directory of * NEGAUNEE * BUSINESS MEN.

M. C. QUINN, Dry Goods, Cloaks and Millinery. The Leader.

ORAL LACOMBE, Papering and Paper Hanging a specialty. Prices low. Nesbitt Building.

MITCHELL BROS., Staple and Fancy Groceries. Iron Street.

JOYCE & MOWICK, Dry Goods, Clothing, etc. 204 Iron St.

WOLLNER & ELLIOTT, Furniture, Undertaking. Kirkwood Block.

BOULSON & PETERSON, Merchant Tailors. 230 Iron St.

Kirkwood & O'Donahue, Kirkwood Drugs, Stationery and School Books.

"THE BOSS" DANDELION PULLER. Patented Oct. 8, 1885.

If the root of the dandelion is not extracted it will grow again. The tool is intended to be used as an augur around the root of plant or weed, and when buried deep enough in the ground, by an upward spiral movement of the tool, the root and foliage will be removed without cutting the roots, thus effectually cleaning a lawn or other surface from any objectionable plant.

The tool is strongly made of 5-16 crucible spring steel, nine inches long, in two sizes. 1/2 core for sandy soil, 3/4 core for heavy soil.

LIST PER DOZEN, \$6. Liberal discount to the trade. Sample sent via mail prepaid on receipt of 50 cents.

PRICES QUOTED ON APPLICATION BY MANHARD-JOPLING CO., LIMITED SELLING AGENTS. MARQUETTE (8-9-11)

TIME TABLE NO 11

Manistique Railway. Grand Marais, Seney, Germfask.

Mail trains will run as follows: Daily except Sunday, subject to change without notice, to take effect Oct. 11th, 1896.

Table with columns: Time, Stations, Time. Lists train schedules for Manistique Railway.

Connections made at Seney with Duluth South Shore & Atlantic trains for Marquette, Houghton, Duluth, Chicago and all points east and north-west. Also, at Seney, with D. S. S. & A. trains for Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace, Detroit, Boston, New York, Washington and all points east and south.

The Manistique Railway passes through a new and heavily timbered region and affords access to the best hunting grounds and fishing streams to be found this side of the far North and West.

Wm. G. Green, Asst. Supt. JOHN MILLER, Gen. Supt. CHAS. O'CONNOR, J. F. O'NEILL, Gen. F. & F. Agent. Train Dispatcher.

FILLED BOTH CLUB HALLS.

Interest in Campaign Is Such That Crowds Are Easy to Get.

EPISCOPALIANS CAN'T CONSISTENTLY SUPPORT BRYAN.

For Bryan's Visit—High School Gold Ticket in the Field—Saloonist Bound Over for Illegal Liquor Selling.

VISITING TALENT AT BOTE.

Opposition meetings were held last night by the gold and silver clubs in their halls on Washington street. So great though is the interest in politics that both were filled to their comfortable capacity.

There was visiting talent present to speak in either hall. In the McKinley club was Elder F. D. Blades, the well-known controller of the city of Detroit, and a wheel in the Pingree machine. Dr. O'Leary, a wide traveler and a firm believer in the iniquity of the single standard, gladdened the hearts of the white metalists with his argument, repartee and sarcasm.

ELDER BLADES' TALK.

In starting his address the elder spoke of the sovereign rights of the American people. When, he said, two crowned heads get together for consultation the wires were hot with the news of their meeting, because they had the sovereign power over their people. In the countries of Europe the power was above; it filtered down. Here it rested with the people. Each man was a sovereign in his own right. Every four years this right is exercised, and the people call the president and the administration on the carpet. If they are satisfied the administration policy will remain unchanged. If they are dissatisfied they turn the president and his policy down.

The elder declared very patriotically his love for his country. "He loved it for many things, but chiefly because here was opportunity for the humblest boys to rise to positions of wealth and power in politics or commerce. It is a country, he declared where judges of the supreme court and generals in our armies come from the common people. They have won their positions not through some fortunate chance of birth, but because of merit.

This, according to the opinion of the elder, is the most serious campaign since the year 1860. "The loved it for many things, but chiefly because here was opportunity for the humblest boys to rise to positions of wealth and power in politics or commerce. It is a country, he declared where judges of the supreme court and generals in our armies come from the common people. They have won their positions not through some fortunate chance of birth, but because of merit.

To a one plank platform Mr. Blades is stubbornly opposed. He says that the St. Louis platform should not be set on edge with only the money plank sticking up, but should be laid down flat so that good Republicans of all shades of idea could find room on it. Citing a precedent in favor of this plan the elder said:

"When great God inaugurated his campaign against sin on earth he didn't do it with a one plank platform, but with one of ten. He gave the ten commandments."

Touching on the money issue he said: "We want money, plenty of it, gold silver and paper, and we want a way to get it, and we want all of it with an equal debt-paying power. I don't care if you coined all the gold, all the silver, all the iron, all the copper in the world, and turned your wives and families out in the streets to make mud dollars, you couldn't have prosperity without protection and reciprocity."

BELIEVES IN BRYAN.

Dr. O'Leary, who spoke at the other headquarters, is the most witty and sarcastic speaker that has mounted a platform here for either party during this campaign. He uses argument, sarcasm and ridicule pure and simple in combating the position taken by his adversaries, the gold host. He believes very strongly in Bryan. He thinks he is the most capable, and at the same time the purest, candidate that has aspired to the high office of president since Lincoln took the chair. He goes so far as to say that future generations may class him beside the myrtle president, for as Lincoln freed the blacks from bondage so will Bryan free the white slaves from the despotism of the money power.

Speaking of McKinley, he says he is a "nice, kind gentleman." But he is no business man. McKinley by his poor business management was reduced to the very verge of bankruptcy. Hanna came forward and relieved him from his obligations. How, the doctor declares, the "nice, kind gentleman" is a puppet, a "jumping jack" in the hands of the plutocratic Hanna. Bryan, on the contrary, is not mortgaged, and owes no man, so the doctor wants Bryan for president, and declares that he will be the next man to fill the chair.

Booth-Tucker Comins.

During the past six months Marquette has been favored by visits from a number of celebrities, political and otherwise. Considering one more day to have passed it might be said that the greatest politician who has visited the Queen City is W. J. Bryan. Equally certain is it that the greatest religious personage to pay Marquette a visit will be Commander Booth-Tucker, who displaced the popular Ballington Booth, as head of the American forces of the Salvation Army. He will be here a week from Friday, on the 23d. Like Bryan, Booth-Tucker is touring the vast domain of the United States.

The noted Salvationist was formerly a judge in the Indian civil service. Reading while there of the Salvation Army he obtained a leave of absence, went to London and made a thorough investigation of the work. Then he resigned his high position and became a common soldier, marching in the streets of London, banging a drum, giving testimony and selling War Cry. After eighteen months' service he was made leader of the pioneer corps of Salvationists in India. While there he received the inspiration to divest himself of the European costume and to march barefooted through the jungles, and almost discarding buildings as meeting

places, he would assemble his congregation under the trees and there, as the Master of old, he would preach righteousness and judgment. In the following out of this idea, the Salvation Army has attained a most remarkable growth in India, and, although perhaps the youngest missionary body in that vast empire, it is conceded to be one of the strongest, it having taken a firm hold upon the poor of the purely native element of the country, which feature of the work brought forth many warm remarks from various Hindoo speakers during the congress of religion at the World's Fair.

Bryan Here Tonight.

Candidate William Jennings Bryan has already begun his flight through the upper peninsula. Tonight he will reach Marquette and give the principal speech of the day.

According to latest reports he will arrive here at 7:50. He will not be met up the road by a local committee, as he has expressed through the chairman of the state Democratic committee who travels with him on the Michigan tour his desire to have the time between stations left for him to rest in. Mr. Bryan says he would like to shake hands with everyone of his admirers in the country, but this is a physical impossibility and he will not attempt it.

This morning work will be begun on the stand that is to be placed in front of the Carney vacant store on Superior street. Mr. Bryan will move directly from the train to the stand. There will be no parade or other demonstration.

According to the schedule he has but three set speeches during the day, but he will certainly be appealed to by curious throngs at every cross roads, and doubtless with his usual urbanity he will appear and say a few words at least. The set speeches are listed for Iron Mountain, Ishpeming and Marquette.

Leaving Marquette at 10 p. m. he will enjoy an unbroken night's sleep on the road to St. Ignace. Thursday morning he crosses the straits and spends the day speaking in the northern half of the lower peninsula.

Sold in Illegal Hours.

Felix O'Hagan, the Superior street saloonist, waived examination before Judge Cray yesterday and was bound over to the circuit court for trial at the next term. The charge against him is that he kept his place open and sold liquor on Sunday in violation of the law.

Mrs. Julia Labisoniere was the complaining witness against him. Her reason for making the complaint is that her husband Joe, who has too great a love for the flowing bowl to accord with the best good of his family, has been sold liquor by O'Hagan against her positive orders. She claims to have followed her husband and observed the actual transaction.

O'Hagan in his story told out of court says that she is all mistaken. Labisoniere, according to his tale, dropped it for a drink on the Sunday forenoon in question, and he knowing the man ought not to be sold liquor declined to do so, but persuaded the man, who is a barber to stop and shave him. When Mrs. Labisoniere came in he was behind the bar washing out the mug which was used as a soap cup.

Gold Ticket in School.

The county ticket of the high school yellow fellows was made up yesterday afternoon. It is:

Probate judge—Adolph Carlson. Sheriff—Rob Fowle. Treasurer—Leo Rose. Register of deeds—Miss R. Reed. Clerk—Miss F. Matthews. Prosecuting attorney—Arthur Hallam. Circuit court commissioners—Carl Holly and Miss Mabel Brown. Surveyor—Henry Reynolds. State representatives—Louis Egan and Miss Lottie Pendill. Congress—Will Sorg.

The advocates of the gold cause are going to try a slightly different plan from their silver rivals and put up a school ticket clear through beginning with president and vice president. The candidates for these offices will be selected at a meeting held Thursday afternoon.

This afternoon the advocates of the rival money metals will meet in open debate.

When wear begins to exceed repair in your body you are going to fall sick. The signs of it are: loss of flesh, paleness, weakness, nervousness, etc. The repair needed is food. You think you eat enough, and yet you feel that you wear out more tissue, energy, nerve-force, than your food makes for you. The difficulty is that you do not digest enough. And this is so serious it is worth sitting down seriously to think about. If you can't digest what you eat, take a few doses of Shaker Digestive Cordial. The effect of it will be to increase your flesh and make you feel stronger. You won't fall sick. Proof that it is in control of your repair apparatus. It's easy enough to test this for yourself. Take a few bottles of Shaker Digestive Cordial. Sold by druggists, price 10 cents to \$1.00 per bottle.

A hacking cough is not only annoying to others, but is dangerous to the person who has it. One Minute Cough Cure will quickly put an end to it. Stafford Drug Co.

Fifty yards of fine imported clay worsteds just received, which will be made up in the latest styles and with prices to suit both free silver and gold standard advocates, at Ziehsdorff Bros. (9-24-1f)

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR. PRICE'S

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.



A Man Of Hats.

The man of many hats is to be pitied. He evidently can find no thing to suit him for any length of time—and he evidently hasn't been in to see us. There's only one fault we find with our hats—they are so good, they give such genuine satisfaction, that their wearers don't like to part with them even when its time.

We want men of fastidious hat tastes to examine our stock. With every 50-cent purchase we give a ticket which entitles the holder to one chance on the \$100 bicycle—a "Fowler"—which we give away on October 30 to the holder of the number drawn.

Duquette & Metz
UP-TO-DATE CLOTHIERS.

Coal-- Wood Hay, Grain, Feed, Petoskey Lime, Brick

Mich. and N. Y. Cal. Plaster, Buffalo and Louisville cement English and German cement Fine, coarse and bag salt. Pillsbury's Best Flour.

F. B. SPEAR.

ST. AGNES' Hospital and Sanitarium

This finely equipped Health Home for the Sick or those needing Rest, combines all the comforts of a First-Class Hotel with the hygienic advantages of the best Sanitary Establishments. It has besides the Special Advantages of a beautiful location, pure bracing atmosphere, extensive grounds, excellent water; low rates; able physicians.

Do Your Feet Slip?



A new shoe, the "Neverslip," gives elasticity and ease to every step taken by the wearer. It breaks the stock or jarring of the body when walking and is particularly adapted to all who are obliged to be on their feet. None but the best material used in their make-up. Every walking man should at least have a pair. Try a pair of our "Delmonico" Patent Leather Shoes. They are beauties.

H. F. HANDFORD'S
EXCLUSIVE SHOE STORE.

your orders elsewhere. All orders, based on quantity, shipped direct from distilleries or government bonded warehouses

Office and Sales Room, 207 S. Front Street, Marquette, Mich.

Babies-Wear Opening
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Mothers who have children from infant to six years old are all invited to attend this opening. During this opening we will show you

Baby Booties,
Baby Stockings,
Baby Underwear,
Baby Shawls,
Baby Jackets,
Baby Coats,
Baby Bonnets,
Baby Mittens,
Baby Woolen Veils,
Baby Fur Sets,
Baby Fur Robes.

Cloaking by the yard,
Fur trimming by the yard,
Sewing Silk Veiling by the yard.

J. H. La Rochelle,
144 Washington St. (10-7-1f) Marquette, Mich

Marquette Opera House
Commencing Friday Eve, Oct. 16.

POPULAR ILLUSTRATED - LECTURES -
by the able and widely known DR. O'LEARY.

A car-load of costly Models, Manikins, Paintings and curiosities. Lectures that interest both old and young. Since the last course of lectures here Dr. O'Leary has been repeatedly urged by many who were unable to attend at that time, to return and lecture again. He has decided to do so, and arrangements have been made to that effect. Don't miss any of the lectures. The first one will be free.

E. A. Witherell, Manager. (10-13-1f)

PATENTS

THOS. S. SPRAGUE & SONS, Attorneys and Solicitors of Patents, United States and Foreign. Correspondence solicited. Instructions Pamphlet free. 100 W. WABASH STREET, DETROIT, MICH. Established 1860.

*** MARQUETTE * Business Directory.**

C. C. JOHNS	Meats, Fish, Butter and Eggs.
3rd and Michigan Sts.	Both telephones.
B. NEIDHART & CO	Hardware, Cutlery, Stoves, Tinware, Etc., Etc.
318 Front St.	
THE EMPORIUM	Dry Goods, Cloaks, Shoes, Lace Curtains and Notions
Opera House Block.	
DWYER BROS.	Wholesale dealers in Wines and Liqueurs, Cigars and Tobacco
317 Front St.	
DUQUETTE & METZ	Clothing, Gents Furnishing Goods Hats and Caps.
301 Front St.	
LOUIS GRABOWER	Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery Shoes, Etc., Etc.
319 Front St.	
J. H. LA ROCHELLE	Millinery, Notions, Butterick Patterns
114 Washington St.	
HANCK & DECKELMANN	Tobacco, Cigars, Stationery, etc.
314 Front St.	
LAKE SUPERIOR ICE CO.	Ice delivered in the city teams for hire
Office, Werner's store.	
A. HARTVIGH	Agent for Schlitz's Famous Milwaukee Beer & Malt Extract
219 Front St.	
J. N. FOHRMAN	Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Musical Instruments
111 N. Front St.	
ANTON MANTHEI	Wholesale and Retail -- Meats Canner and Eggs
157 Washington St.	
M. T. L'HUILIER	Staple and Fancy Groceries, Provisions, Grain, Feed
135 Washington St.	
DR. C. H. MORSE	Physician and Surgeon.
Savings Bank Bldg.	
WILLIAM FASSBENDER	Meats, Poultry, Swift's Butcherine, etc
Superior St.	
WILLIAM STEWART	Livery and Boarding Stable, Finest turnout in town.
Superior St.	
HATHWAY & PETERS	Wholesale and Retail -- Meats Poultry, Eggs etc Third Street.
F. L. HERLICH & CO.	Groceries, Provisions, Grain and Hay.
221 W. Washington St.	
G. R. WATTS,	Leave orders at G. N. Conklin's, Marquette Piano Tuner.

FARM LANDS
FOR SALE

Michigan Land and Iron CO., LTD.
MARQUETTE, MICH (1-27-1f)

SEE OTHERS AND THEN SEE MINE
and that will settle it.

THE WALL * PAPER I HAVE in stock gives the finest effect and costs less in the end. I have my own paper hangers and all work is done under my personal supervision. J. E. TRETHERWEY, Front St., Op. First Nat'l Bank.

Oshinsky's Is the Place

If value counts, these offerings demonstrate that now is the time to buy.

where you get \$1 worth of goods for fifty cents. Wonderful offerings for the month of October. A feast in Ladies' Jackets and Capes and in Dress Goods. Unparalleled value in Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats and Ulsters and in Suits and Single Pants. Here are some of the prices that will make ours the busiest store in Marquette for the next thirty days.

Elegant Bouclay cloth, in black and blue, 54 inches wide—the very newest thing in Dress Goods—at 80 cents, worth \$1.75.
All the new colors in 54-inch Assabet Ladies' Cloth, at 38 cents.
2,000 yards fancy flannellettes, in plaids, to close at 6 cents per yard; good value at 12½ cents.
A bargain in ladies' underwear—union suits, in gray and white fleeced, at 50 cents.
Ladies' best Rubbers at 25 cents per pair.
Nice wool-lined house slippers for 50 cents per pair.
Ladies' good Dongola shoes at \$1 per pair.

Ladies' Jackets and Capes
In Endless Variety.

A \$10 fine beaver jacket; sale price, \$5.
A \$12 fine Bouclay jacket; at this sale, \$6.50.
A \$25 plush cape, Thibet fur trimmed, extra long, \$8.75.
Misses' and Children's Cloaks and Jackets, regular beauties, at 50 per cent less than the regular price.

Bargains In Clothing.

A regular \$12 men's English beaver overcoat for \$5.75.
A fine English Kersey—a \$10 overcoat—for \$8.25.
A genuine Irish freize ulster, at \$4.50.
An extra fine black freize, warranted pure wool, sold all over at \$12, our price \$6.75.
A good freize ulster for boys, for \$4, well worth \$8.
A child's good cape overcoat, for \$1.85—the regular \$3.50 kind.
And the largest and finest line of men's and boys' underwear, gloves, and hosiery in the city.

Kassel Oshinsky,
The leader of low prices. Wholesale and retail.
Mail orders attended to promptly.