

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 3636.

MARQUETTE, MICH., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1896.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A Rubber Water Bottle

is either good or bad; if the latter it is dear at any price. We keep only the best and warrant every bag sold, same with other rubber goods.

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ARE GOOD SHOES.

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A. E. ZIEHLSDORF,

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MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

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CHEESE.

New Cream,
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ARTHUR DELF,

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HAS

Fresh Tomatoes,
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Radishes,
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Green Onions and
California Celery.

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EVERYBODY
CHEWS.

Not Tobacco or Snuff, but deliciously flavored

GUM

All do not do it artistically,
All do not chew the best Gum,
All do not chew it at the proper time,
HEPPNER has the best GUM and you can get it at any time.

WILL VOTE AGAINST REPORT

Senator Hill Favors Changes in the Cuban Resolutions Recommended By Conference.

INTERVENTION CLAUSE ENTIRELY UNNECESSARY.

Favors Other Sections, However, and Shows That He Is a Friend of the Patriots—Story of American Revolution Over Again.

CONGRESS MUST NOT GO TOO FAR

WASHINGTON, March 12.—There is no abatement in the public interest in the Cuban debate in the senate. The galleries today were filled to their fullest capacity. After routine matters were cleared away the Cuban resolutions were laid before the senate, and Hill of New York was recognized. He pointed out the resolutions could not be amended, as this was a conference report. He would, therefore, vote against the report in order that later on amendments might be made. What the resolutions sought to convey was a threat to intervene. This extent of the resolutions was unnecessary. If it means we should increase our navy let us say so frankly and frame a bill for that purpose. Hill held up a bunch of telegrams, which, he said, he had received from New York. One of the telegrams read substantially as follows:

The present attitude of the United States toward Cuba is seriously affecting our commerce with that island. The merchants there are preparing to boycott American merchants and to cancel their orders here. Hill paused for a moment after reading the dispatch, and then, shaking it in his hand, added with disdain: "And they expect me to have my course here placed on the ground that some Spanish merchants threaten to boycott some of our merchants. With all due respect to these gentlemen, I think our action to be on higher grounds. If we wish to act let us do so without this boasting, without these idle declarations, without this buncombe."

Hill said he favored the other portions of the resolutions declaring a state of war existed. Does not war actually exist in Cuba today? Today it is reported one of the Cuban generals is within a stone's throw of Havana. It is idle to shut our eyes to these conditions. "It is said," proceeded Hill, "that the administration will be embarrassed by these resolutions. I deny it. If the administration had felt in that way then some one on this side of the chamber would know it."

"I should have hesitated, Mr. President," said Hill, "to have voted for a joint resolution which would have required the president's action within ten days. But these resolutions are safe because they merely express our opinion and bind no one but ourselves, although they will be received with respect by the executive and will have their moral effect throughout the country and the world. They are in accordance with precedent and, in my opinion, congress should go this far but no farther."

While our general policy is one of intervention as one of the three greatest states of the world and the greatest republic, our institutions and example must produce their effect upon civilization throughout both hemispheres, and when any people imbued with the spirit of liberty desire to establish a republic and break their shackles shall we refuse to give them a helping hand? Shall we crush their hopes with coolness? It is the story of the American revolution over again."

At 2 o'clock there was a contest for precedence between the Cuban resolutions and the Dupont election case. The former prevailed and

SHERMAN ADDRESSED THE SENATE.

During the course of his remarks he detailed the progress of the various resolutions. If the senators objected to the third clause then a further conference could bring about a change. Sherman controverted the position of Hoar that these resolutions had no force or effect, being concurrent. Sherman declared it impossible that the present terrible condition of affairs should continue longer.

In conclusion he said: "Centuries ago Spain was the most powerful country of Europe. Her wars, however, were conducted with a degree of violence never recognized as proper by the English-speaking people. Spain fought with a bitterness that had no equal. She lost her high station in Europe, but I trust the time is not far distant when new blood in Spain will make her the second republic of Europe. The tendency is in that direction. There is a large and strong republican faction in Spain."

"If Spain were to renew again the treaty of Zampa and carry out the reforms then promised, I dare say the people of Cuba would eagerly except the terms. But, failing to do that, my opinion is the war should not end but should continue until independence is accomplished or home rule for the island secured. If home rule is secured all the essentials of the greatest republics would be obtained. Canada is as much a republic as the United States. This continent is the natural soil of republics. We should encourage all who

are struggling to join in the vast procession of the western hemisphere, which shall eventually furnish an example for the rest of the civilized world."

At the conclusion of Sherman's speech the Dupont case was taken up and Pritchard addressed the senate in favor of seating Dupont. At the conclusion of Pritchard's remarks a bill creating an "art commission of the United States" was taken up and passed after Hoar had secured an amendment striking out the provision that artists and sculptors should not serve on the commission and the appointees should be learned in literature and arts. Several other bills of minor importance were also passed and the senate adjourned.

It is the impression a vote on the Cuban resolutions will not be reached tomorrow.

HOI SPEECHES IN THE HOUSE.

Alleged Frauds in Alabama Elections Denounced in Forceful Language.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—In the house today on the motion of Johnson (Rep. Ind.) a resolution was adopted by which the claim of Coleman (Rep.), Second Louisiana district, to the seat of Buck (Dem.) was decided in favor of the latter. Then Daniels (Dem. N. Y.) called up the contested election case of Aldrich vs. Robbins, from the Fourth Alabama district, in which the Republicans recommended the seating of Aldrich.

Moody (Rep. Mass.) denounced what he termed as crimes against honest elections in Alabama. In concluding, he declared it the duty of the house to say to those persons who are striving for an honest ballot that no man shall come here and hold a seat with his garments so reeking with crime as to defile the very atmosphere which we breathe." Bartlett (Dem. Ga.) defended Robbins.

The speech of Liney (Rep., N. C.) in favor of seating the contestant, was the feature of the day. His denunciation of election frauds was most vehement. "A fraud upon the ballot box," he said, "is the red-eyed daughter of high treason." It was, he said, one of the great menaces to the Republic. The report of the minority itself showed that in one county Robbins received 3,177 fraudulent votes. "Why," said he, "there has never been anything like it in heaven or this side of hell."

He quoted an affidavit filed in favor of the contestant in which the form of oath was, "So help me over the fence" [Laughter]. "I do not attack Robbins," he said, "but vicious methods, and I say, with the hand that attacks the ballot box; let it wither and die as if it had touched the ark of the covenant." [Applause].

Boyer (Rep. Ind.) closed the debate with a speech in favor of seating Aldrich.

A DELEGATE FROM ALASKA.

House Committee on Territories to Report a Bill Providing One.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The committee on territories of the house today voted to report favorably a bill for a delegate from Alaska. Under the bill the delegate is to hold a seat in congress on the same terms as delegates from other territories. Vigorous opposition to the bill was made by Perkins of Iowa. He held that all information secured by the committee from Alaska did not warrant a territorial form of government, and that statehood was not to be thought of for many years, if ever. The danger which the bill might bring, he said, was that the delegate would be named by the great commercial companies of Alaska and be a representative of the interests of those companies rather than of the United States. The other members of the committee present voted for the bill.

MANY BICYCLES RUINED.

Pope Company's Building at Boston Burns—Loss, \$4,000,000.

BOSTON, March 12.—The Pope Manufacturing company's building on Columbus avenue burned this afternoon. The loss is estimated at \$400,000. The block was a magnificent five-story brick structure, profusely ornamented with terra cotta trimmings. Several people on the upper floors had narrow escapes. They were taken down by ladders placed there by firemen. The contents of the building, which was completely ruined, consisted of about 1,700 new wheels, 175 second hand wheels and 20,000 pieces of bicycle fittings, besides several thousand tires. The Youths' Companion' building, one of the most imposing structures in the city, which was separated from the burned building by an alley, and the Hoffman House, a seven story apartment house across the street, were thoroughly drenched. The loss to both buildings by water will aggregate \$10,000.

TWO KILLED, EIGHT INJURED.

Freight Train and Snow Plow Collide Near Newmillford, Conn.

NEWMILLFORD, March 12.—A disastrous rear-end collision between a freight train and a snow plow occurred today on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad near the Kent furnace. J. Henry Murphy, the conductor, and Jeremiah Nolan, assistant roadmaster, were killed. Eight others were seriously injured.

SILVER MEN ORGANIZE.

Plan to Defeat Sending of Gold Delegation to Democratic National Convention.

CONFERENCE OF DEMOCRATS AT LANSING YESTERDAY.

Executive and State Central Committees Appointed and Permanent Organization Effected—White Metal Men Urged to Rally.

A NEW POLITICAL PARTY.

LANSING, Mich., March 12.—A new political party known as the "Free Silver Democratic party of Michigan" was organized here this afternoon at a conference of some twenty-five Democrats, representing various sections of the state. A permanent state organization was effected. The conference also appointed an executive committee and a state central committee, consisting of a member from each congressional district, with authority to appoint sub-committees and thoroughly organize the state.

It declared three-fourths of the Michigan Democrats favored free silver and that there was danger that the conspiracy to send a solid gold standard delegation to the Chicago national convention would rob the free silverites of an opportunity to give expression to their views where it would have the greatest effect.

The conference pledged itself to appoint a strong committee to appear before the Democratic state delegate convention at Detroit next month, and if recognition and satisfaction were refused this committee immediate steps would be taken to obtain representation through the caucuses which will send delegates to the state nominating convention later.

The conference issued an address which says that unless the free silver element rallies vigorously to the support of the Democratic party and forces it to adopt its convictions it will be destroyed by the same element which, according to the address, has already debauched and betrayed it.

The sentiment of the party is declared to be overwhelmingly in favor of free silver and the claim is made that the only thing necessary to secure recognition is for the rank and file to turn out to the caucuses and conventions and thus destroy the alleged conspiracy in the interest of Wall street.

BOOTH'S RETIREMENT.

Causes Which Led to Resignation of Salvation Army Commander.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The relative causes of Ballington Booth's retirement from the command of the Salvation Army following are published here. Some time ago Ballington Booth submitted to his father twenty-two grievances and asked for a remedy and relief from them. The principal one was concerning "the War Cry superannuation fund." The sale of the War Cry in this country was sanctioned by General Booth, who agreed that 10 per cent. of the sales be set apart for disabled and superannuated soldiers. It was with this understanding the paper was sold in this country. The fund now amounts to nearly \$10,000. Some time ago, it is claimed, General Booth sent for this money, which he intended using for army purposes elsewhere, thus diverting it from its original purposes. Ballington Booth declined to accede to the demand and said the fund was for American Army superannuated soldiers and not for the extension of the army. Immediately on the top of this Ballington Booth's removal was ordered, which led to his resignation.

NEW COMMANDERS CHOSEN.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Commissioner Eva C. Booth, who had temporarily supplanted her deposed brother, Ballington, in command of the Salvation Army in America has, in turn, been superseded through the appointment of Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Tucker to command the Army in America. At the close of a largely attended meeting in Memorial hall tonight Commissioner Eva Booth had just finished speaking when she was handed a telegram from London acquainting her with the appointment of Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Tucker. She appeared to be much affected on the receipt of the cablegram.

CHICAGO, March 12.—The W. C. T. U. has invited Ballington and Mrs. Booth to hold a meeting in Willard Hall during their contemplated visit to Chicago.

BUTTERINE FACTORY SEIZED.

Revenue Officers Gobble Plant of Vermont Manufacturing Company.

PROVIDENCE, March 12.—Inspectors of internal revenue today seized the entire plant of the Vermont Manufacturing company, manufacturers of butterine. The plant is valued at \$60,000, without stock and fixtures. The company's officers' bond is for \$10,000. President Tillinghast, a prominent attorney, stated he had been notified the books were to be seized for alleged failure to cancel as many stamps as the business called for, but he would give \$1,000 for proof of any fraud. The inspectors refused to talk.

First National Bank OF MARQUETTE.

Capital \$150,000 Surplus Fund 50,000

PETER WHITE, President; E. H. Towar, Vice-President; F. J. Jenkinson, Cashier; Edw. S. Bice, Asst. Cashier.

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HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS are scientifically prepared Remedies; have been used for half a century with entire success.

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DAILY MINING JOURNAL, A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED).

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MARQUETTE, MICH., MARCH 12.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

A HUMILIATING RECORD.

When the excitement of an incident has quieted down and the dust and smoke of a skirmish have passed away it is sometimes instructive to take a calm and unbiased view of the situation which gave rise to the incident or the skirmish, in order to determine where the right lies and whether criticisms made on the action of persons connected therewith are just or unjust. Let us apply this method, humiliating though it may be, to the incident connected with the recent attempt in congress to secure congressional aid for schools of mines in certain named states, for the purpose of ascertaining whether the criticisms made on the action of our member of congress in connection with that attempted legislation are just or unjust. A bill was introduced in the house of representatives on Jan. 8, 1896, by Mr. Wilson of Idaho to aid certain states named in its title to support schools of mines, and it was referred to the committee on public lands, of which the Hon. Samuel M. Stephenson of Michigan is a member, holding the second place on the committee, which entitles him to act as chairman in case of the absence of the person named as chairman of the committee. This bill was numbered H. R. 3558.

On Jan. 15 this bill was unanimously reported back to the house and committed to the "committee of the whole house on the state of the Union" by the committee on public lands, accompanied by a written report, numbered 50. The title of this bill reads as follows: "A Bill to Aid the States of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Colorado and South Dakota to Support Schools of Mines," and allowed each of these states, under certain restrictions, from monies received from sales of mineral lands, the sum of twelve thousand dollars per year. Report No. 50, which accompanied this house bill No. 3558, was, of course, drawn by some member of the house committee on public lands, and after being read was unanimously approved.

In the meantime the senate had passed a bill concerning this same subject, introduced by Senator Dabois, and reported by him from the committee on public lands in the senate, with certain amendments to the first section, and had sent the same to the house for its action. It was entitled "A Bill to Aid the States of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Colorado and South Dakota to Support Schools of Mines." It contained three short sections, each of which is as plain and simple as language could make it. The first section of this bill as it passed the senate read as follows:

"Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, that each of the states of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Colorado and South Dakota shall annually receive twenty-five per centum of all moneys paid to the United States for mineral lands within said states, respectively, for the maintenance of a school of mines in each of the said states: Provided, That said sum so to be paid shall not exceed the sum of twelve thousand dollars per annum to each state, nor shall it exceed the amount annually expended by each of the said states for said school of mines.

The second section provided generally the course of instruction to be given in these schools of mines, and for the admission of students from other states; and the third section provided for annual reports to the secretary of the interior.

So this was the situation, in the house of this measure to appropriate money arising from the sales of mineral lands to aid mining schools in certain named states on January 22, 1896. The house committee on public lands had reported favorably Mr. Wilson's bill No. 3558, and the senate had passed its bill No. 790, which was on the speaker's table. Now, if the house would only pass the senate bill, nothing more was to be done to close that piece of legislation, so far as congress was concerned; but if it passed its own bill in its state we have a mining school and also an agricultural college, but they are separate institutions.

Mr. Powers—Why do you separate them? Mr. Pickler—The mining school is where training is carried on practically. Mr. Powers—The very theory of the agricultural college is that they shall teach all these branches. Mr. Pickler—It may be that they do teach them in some states, but not in my state. Mr. Aitken—I wish the gentleman from Idaho would inform us what advantage this bill offers the states that have mining schools already established and are maintaining them, but that have no government mineral lands for sale. Mr. Wilson of Idaho—We will admit their students on the same condition as students from the mining states. You can not teach the sciences practically unless the students have an opportunity to go out and examine the mines and shafts and tunnels and all operations of mining. Mr. Aitken—The gentleman does not mean to say that there is no mining going

though not a member of the committee on public lands, whereas if a member of that committee he could not avoid giving it consideration if he attended to his duties.

The proceedings of the house on this measure are given in full in order that the reader may see, at a glance, how fully the matter was stated, and how impossible it was for any man, even of less than ordinary ability, to be misled or confused as to what was going on in the schools of mines.

Mr. Wilson of Idaho—Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up house bill No. 3558 and to substitute in lieu thereof a bill unanimously passed by the senate.

The Speaker—The gentleman from Idaho asks unanimous consent for the present consideration of a senate bill. The clerk will report the bill.

The bill (S. 753) to aid the states of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Colorado and South Dakota to support schools of mines was read at length.

Mr. Dingley—That bill reported from the committee? The Speaker—Does the chair understand the gentleman from Idaho to have the authorization of the committee to bring up this senate bill?

Mr. Wilson of Idaho—I have, Mr. Speaker. The Speaker—This being identical with the house bill reported from the committee?

Mr. Wilson of Idaho—I have that authority. Mr. Dingley—I reserve the right to make a point of order on the bill.

Mr. Turner of Georgia—May we have some explanation from the gentleman, subject to the point of order? The Speaker—The point of order can be reserved, if there be no objection.

Mr. Wilson of Idaho—I will state, Mr. Speaker, that this bill was considered by the committee on public lands, when all the members of that committee were present; that it was considered for upward of an hour, and that committee unanimously instructed me to report the house bill favorably.

I am informed that a similar bill, in fact an identical bill, was referred to the committee on mines and mining erroneously, and that committee reported it favorably. I will say that the senate has twice passed upon this bill favorably. The senate committee on public lands recommended it unanimously, and the senate passed it Monday.

I have consulted the commissioner of the general land office and he has no objection to the bill, and there is no objection from any quarter, so far as I know.

In explanation of the bill I will say that it is intended to aid in the establishment of schools of mines and mining where mining is practically conducted. The Philadelphia Public Ledger, an independent journal of high character, has endorsed this bill editorially. I will add further that the only place where mineralogy and metallurgy and hundred sciences can be scientifically and successfully taught is where mining is practically carried on. Had schools of the character contemplated by this bill been established in the past, our mineral resources would have been much more rapidly and largely developed than they are up to this time.

Mr. Dingley—Mr. Speaker, is this a request for unanimous consent? Mr. Wilson of Idaho—It is.

Mr. Dingley—Mr. Speaker, this is a bill which involves an appropriation, and therefore it must be considered in committee of the whole.

Mr. Wilson of Idaho—It does not necessarily involve any appropriation. Mr. Dingley—Oh, certainly it does. It proposes to take one-fourth of the receipts from the sale of mineral lands and use the money for this purpose.

Mr. Wilson of Idaho—The bill simply provides that 25 per cent. of the receipts from sales of mineral lands shall be given for these schools; and also that a like amount shall be appropriated by the states in which the schools are located. It provides further that students from all the states shall be admitted to these schools on equal terms and conditions with students from the mining states, although the latter states will pay probably four-fifths of the amount required for the support of these schools.

Mr. Aitken—Does this bill provide for aid to mining schools that are now maintained in states that have no government mineral lands? Mr. Wilson of Idaho—It provides for taking 25 per cent. of the receipts from the sale of government mineral lands for the support of these schools.

Mr. Dingley—The bill proposes to take 25 per cent. of the receipts from the sale of mineral lands, which would otherwise go into the treasury, and devote it to this purpose, and therefore it is a bill which must be first considered in committee of the whole.

Mr. Powers—I would like to inquire of the gentleman whether the sciences of mineralogy and metallurgy are not taught by the agricultural colleges throughout the United States? Mr. Wilson of Idaho—It may be that they are taught in some of the agricultural colleges, but not intelligently and scientifically, because they can not be taught in a thorough and practical way except where mining is actually conducted.

Mr. Powers—Is there not an agricultural college in your state? Mr. Wilkison of Idaho—No.

Mr. Pickler—Mr. Speaker, I will say that in my state we have a mining school and also an agricultural college, but they are separate institutions.

Mr. Powers—Why do you separate them? Mr. Pickler—The mining school is where training is carried on practically.

Mr. Powers—The very theory of the agricultural college is that they shall teach all these branches. Mr. Pickler—It may be that they do teach them in some states, but not in my state.

Mr. Aitken—I wish the gentleman from Idaho would inform us what advantage this bill offers the states that have mining schools already established and are maintaining them, but that have no government mineral lands for sale.

Mr. Wilson of Idaho—We will admit their students on the same condition as students from the mining states. You can not teach the sciences practically unless the students have an opportunity to go out and examine the mines and shafts and tunnels and all operations of mining.

Mr. Aitken—The gentleman does not mean to say that there is no mining going

on, except in states where there are government mineral lands for sale. Mr. Wilson of Idaho—There is practically no mining for the precious metals except in the mineral-land states.

Mr. Dingley—Mr. Speaker, I have no objection to the consideration of this bill, provided it shall be considered first in committee of the whole.

Mr. Aitken—Mr. Speaker, I object to the consideration of the bill. Mr. Wilson of Idaho—Mr. Speaker, I move that the house go into committee of the whole for the consideration of this bill.

The Speaker—That can be done only by unanimous consent. Is there unanimous consent for the present consideration of the bill in committee of the whole? Mr. Aitken—I object.

The Speaker—Objection is made. To the Hon. D. D. Aitken, a member of congress from the Flint district of this state, are we indebted for blocking the passage of this senate bill.

One man, at least, from Michigan was on guard that day and looking out for the interests of the Michigan Mining school. He did not hold second place on the committee on public lands, but it is evident that if he had held that place house bill No. 3558 would not have been reported unopposed, and unanimous consent would never have been given Mr. Wilson to ask the house to substitute senate bill No. 790 for it and put it upon its passage.

Three cheers, then, and a rounder for Congressman Aitken of Michigan! With such a man on guard from the Twelfth congressional district how comfortable and easy we all should always feel!

The taxpayers of Michigan have put up hundreds of thousands of dollars to establish and maintain the Michigan Mining school, which has grown to be one of the leading, if not the leading, schools of its class in the United States.

To it have flocked young men from almost every state in the Union, who received there a free education, and from it have gone out its graduates into almost every mining camp in the United States to take positions for which their training has fitted them. All get ready employment. None are idle, and there was not then and is not now any earthly reason why it should not receive its share of proceeds arising from the sales of that portion of the public domain known as mineral lands, equally with the other mining states named in this senate bill.

It is entirely safe now to venture the prediction that if any bill of this nature passes congress the Michigan Mining school will be "counted in" in spite of the carelessness and neglect of the member of congress from the Twelfth congressional district of Michigan. But let us "return to our mutton." As soon as the attempt to pass this senate bill became known in Houghton county its board of supervisors passed a resolution asking the Hon. S. M. Stephenson to do what he could to have Michigan included in any bill in aid of mining schools which might be brought forward and indirectly asking why it was that such a bill was reported from his committee without his having made at least an effort to care for one of the noted institutions of Michigan.

It might do our honorable member of congress an injustice to attempt, after the receipt of this resolution by him, to state, in substance, the hurried and lame excuses which he attempted to make by letter for this palpable and pitiable neglect of his public duty, in not seizing this grand chance to do something, when this splendid opportunity was offered, in the way of aiding the Michigan Mining school, and to avoid any palpable injustice the following extract from his letter to the editor of the Copper Country Evening News is here given as the best and fullest excuse yet made by him for his palpable neglect of a public duty:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 17, 1896. Fred Mackintosh, Esq., Calumet, Mich. DEAR SIR—I am in receipt of your letter of the 12th inst., in which you transmit a clipping from The Evening News of same date containing articles relating to senate bill No. 790, "to aid the public land states to support schools of mines." Inasmuch as my position with regard to this bill has been attacked, in justice to myself it is proper that I should make some explanation. When the measure referred to was before the committee on public lands, of which I am a member, and before the house by unanimous consent, my impression and understanding was that under its operations the Michigan Mining school would receive a fair proportion of aid, but I am since advised by officials of the general land office that the Michigan institution would derive no benefit whatever. The states which would be benefited by the bill are those western states designated in the house bill, viz: California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Colorado and South Dakota, and the change in the senate bill so as to make it read "An act to aid the public land states to support schools of mines" seems to have been made for the sole purpose of conveying a wrong impression as to the object of the bill, as in effect the house and senate bills would be identically the same, and none of the public land states except those indicated in the house bill would derive any considerable benefit. It seems to be intimated by some that my approval was given to this measure knowing as to how it would operate, and that it was my intention to aid in discriminating against the Michigan Mining school, but I think it is unnecessary to assure you that any such intimation lacks the slightest foundation. During my service in congress it has always been my aim to represent every section of the district and all of its institutions, with absolute justice and impartiality, and I think the records will show that my efforts in that direction have been to a very fair degree successful.

Hoping that the above will be satisfactory, and that your letter will be fully answered, I remain, Yours very truly, S. M. STEPHENSON.

That's the best letter Sam ever wrote.

The latter portion is omitted, both for want of space and because it only contains an assurance that in the future he will do all he can to aid the Mining school, and therefore is not pertinent to the question whether he did what he could when he had such a splendid opportunity to do it.

Now the title and the first section of senate bill 790 have been given in full, and it is left to us to determine whether a man of ordinary intelligence, who could tell a good cigar from a poor one, could tell from the mere reading of the title, and from the mere reading of the first section, which names the states to be benefited by it, whether the state of Michigan could by any possibility derive any benefit for its Mining school from it.

And it further remains to be determined whether and how there was any earthly reason why our representative should, after reading that section, call on the commissioner of the general land office to find out whether the state of Michigan could, in any possible manner, receive a dollar in money under the bill if it should become a law.

Why, what a conundrum it was to submit to his honor the commissioner! Can the state of Michigan draw any money to aid in support of its Mining school under a bill which specifically grants money for that purpose to the states of California, Oregon, Washington, Colorado and South Dakota? Why, the mere thought of it is enough to make a horse laugh!

It won't do for Mr. Stephenson to get behind the first section of house bill No. 3558 and claim that he was misled by its phraseology because his committee on public lands had given unanimous consent to the substitution of the senate bill for it, and there was no question as to what that meant. The consent to substitution made it the house committee's bill, and of that committee he was a member.

But was there anything at all misleading in section 1 of house bill No. 3558? The title and section 7 of the house bill read as follows:

"A bill to aid the states of California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, Wyoming, Colorado and South Dakota to support schools of mines."

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, That each of the public land states shall annually receive twenty-five per centum of all moneys paid to the United States for mineral lands within said states, respectively, for the maintenance of a school of mines in each of the said states:

Provided, That said sum to be paid shall not exceed the sum of twelve thousand dollars per annum to each state, nor shall it exceed the amount annually expended by each of the said states for said school of mines.

Mr. Stephenson is and has been a large operator in public lands in Michigan and knew full well the mineral land laws do not apply to this state. He has time and again acquired title by government survey to the fee of lands valuable for pine, and when the pine was removed sold the fee for an iron mine without let or hindrance and without anybody ever thinking of making out a mineral claim on it. In other words, he knew perfectly well that there was a acre of land in Michigan belonging to the government, and for sale under mining laws, and under the mineral land laws, and that there was the title staring him in the face all the while. Why, a house page could have told him what that section meant.

It is evident, then, that neither of the excuses given by Mr. Stephenson in his letter are truthful. Neither, as they say in the vernacular, will wash.

To take it as true would make out such a pitiable state of dense ignorance on Mr. Stephenson's part as would bring a blush of shame to the cheeks of his entire constituency and make them hide their eyes with their hands and exclaim, how humiliating it is!

This is so plain a case that the plea of ignorance will not avail, and therefore nothing remains but to call hard names in as polite a manner as the circumstances of the case will permit by simply saying that in a test of strength for bullheaded mendacity Sam Stephenson can give Ananias and Sapphira cards and spades and win every point in the contest.

Someone ought to advise Sam to cease writing smart letters, for when such epistles lack truth they hurt a man of his Presbyterian build awfully.

It is left now for the Republican voters of the Twelfth congressional district to say whether Sam Stephenson is, with his boasted experience, and notwithstanding his long public career, a fit person to represent the material interest and broad intelligence of this district in the congress of the United States.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla Restores Strength and Bodily Vigor.

The cause of that tired, weak, nervous condition in which so many people find themselves, is the failure of the blood to properly nourish the nerves and tissues. Feed the nerves upon pure blood, and they will be steady and strong. Read this: "It is with pleasure that I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as an excellent nerve tonic and blood purifier. I have taken it more than once and am taking it now. I was tired, my body ached, and I felt very badly all over. I was afraid I would be sick. I thought I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and



Mrs. C. H. Venable, Kettsburg, Ill. I have taken it more than once and am taking it now. I was tired, my body ached, and I felt very badly all over. I was afraid I would be sick. I thought I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and

and I find that it is cheaper than the doctor's bills. Hood's Pills are the best I have ever taken and I use no other. I am glad to have an opportunity to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. C. H. VENABLE, Kettsburg, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists, 25c. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, etc.

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Copper Country Department

Communications for this Department should be addressed to C. A. FOSS, Houghton, Mich.

THOSE PORTAGE LAKE MINES.

A Few Things Not Known by the Native Copper Times Explained. In the latest edition of The Native Copper Times appeared an article on the proposed opening up of the Huron, Isle Royale and Portage mining properties.

Commenting upon this statement The Native Copper Times makes the statement that to equip and fit up the three mines mentioned in working order will cost "a fabulous sum."

Now, if the Copper Times considers "a fabulous sum" and "thousands and thousands of dollars" to be synonymous terms, there is really nothing to be frightened at in the article.

Now as to the stamp mill. The Copper Times states that in case the mines are "real" it is the fact that the mill will "doubtless" stamp the rock taken from the three mines.

himself Tuesday as a candidate for the position, while Thomas Buzo, the popular postmaster at Laurium, decided Wednesday to ask the support of his friends for the same office.

The only other position over which there will be much of a fight is the office of justice of the peace, paying a very comfortable salary in fees. James Sowden, the present incumbent, will be a candidate for reelection.

Remembered By His Employees. On last Friday evening Agent Frank M. Stanton, of the Atlantic mine, was made the recipient of a handsome token of esteem from his Finnish laborers.

Will Buck the Standard Oil. The Cleveland Refining company of Cleveland, has decided to enter the field in Houghton county as a rival of the Standard Oil company.

COPPERDOME BREVITIES. James Dee has returned from a business trip to Marquette.

On Friday night the young ladies of Dollar Bay will give a leap year ball.

The Epworth league of Dollar Bay, gave an enjoyable social Wednesday evening.

Paul H. Axley has brought a suit in assumpsit against S. E. Caves & Son, through a garnishee on Oscar Ellison.

The board of directors of the Calumet First National bank held a meeting yesterday and transacted routine business.

At Houghton last night the old village council held its last meeting and formally inducted the new officers into seats.

Mr. George Sheldon's family will sail from the Bermudas for home on the 15th. Mr. Sheldon himself left for New York this morning to meet them.

IT IS A GUSHER. Well on the Baku, Russia, Oil Field That Flows 60,000 Barrels Daily.

The Pittsburgh Times in a recent issue devoted about eight columns of its paper to facts and figures about the Baku, Russia, oil field, gathered by a member of its staff.

He saw one well putting into the reservoir 60,000 barrels of oil in 24 hours, which is a greater quantity than all of the Ohio and Indiana fields, or two-thirds as much as the paraffine oil belt of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and Ohio does under better circumstances.

FOREIGN GOSSIP. -Russia stands third among the nations in the number of books published, surpassing Great Britain. As but little fiction is printed the enormous output of serious literature is the more remarkable.

Something of a Freak. Dukane - What a strange combination young Manchester is. Gaswell - What do you mean? "He has pigeon toes and a hoarse voice." - Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

DUNT. Suffer with piles when you can be cured easily, quickly and permanently. Ask your druggist for a box of Gen. Fife Treatment, a guaranteed cure. Take the treatment according to directions and you will surely be cured.

For sale in the copper region by J. P. Mason, A. J. Scott, Hancock, Geo. Nichols, Dr. Gallagher's Drug Store, D. T. Macdonald, Red Jacket, Fichtel & Rupprecht, Soren & Solergrren, Nickander & Rovrupals, Red Jacket, Temarack store, Edward Ryan, T. Belhumeur, Lake Linden, S. T. Harris & Co., F. G. Weissenauer, A. F. Galpeau, N. Reding, South Lake Linden, J. Visvian, Jr., & Co., Opaschee, Haas & Schulte, Dollar Bay.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

A DEMPSEY MONUMENT.

Proposal of Admirers of Late Fighter Stirs Up a Protest.

Plan to Erect a Bronze Statue of Middle-Weight Champion in Fighting Costume in Calvary Cemetery at Newton, L. I., Denounced.

A movement on foot to erect a monument in Calvary cemetery, Newton, L. I., in memory of the late "Jack" Dempsey, the middleweight champion pugilist for many years, has stirred up a vigorous protest from the authorities of the cemetery, and if the thousands of friends and admirers of the dead fighter persist in the scheme, a bitter contest in the courts will be the result.

The widow of Dempsey has already given her consent for the removal of the remains of the late "Nonpareil" from Calvary cemetery. Such prominent pugilists as John L. Sullivan, James J. Corbett and "Bob" Fitzsimmons have expressly signified their intention to subscribe liberally to the proposed monument fund.

Many prominent sporting men all over the country have signified their willingness to contribute to the fund. The proposition was to place over Dempsey's grave a bronze statue of Dempsey in ring costume and in fighting attitude. On the pedestal was to be inscribed a record of his numerous battles and victories. It is just here where the hitch comes in. Mr. T. J. McMahon, who was in charge of the office of Calvary cemetery the other day, said that no such monument would be permitted in the cemetery.

"Calvary cemetery is a corporation," said he, "and as such the trustees have every right to make rules and regulations for its government. Of course they would object to any such thing. They would object to any such thing, but it is neither patriotic, dignified, nor even respectable, and to have the statue of a pugilist, no matter what good qualities he might have possessed in life, would be scandalous. There are statues of soldiers in uniform and inscriptions reciting their deeds of courage and bravery, but that is a matter of patriotism and worthy sentiment. Any attempt to erect such a monument as is contemplated would be vigorously opposed. No statue of Dempsey in ring costume will be erected in Calvary cemetery."

Dempsey died a Roman Catholic, and as he died in grace, having received the last sacraments of the church, his relatives have a perfect right to bury his remains in Calvary. The question of the monument, however, is another matter, and it is likely that if any monument is erected at all it will not be in the form of a statue or bear any inscription relating to the career of Dempsey as a fighter.

NEW VENTURE IN BLACK HILLS. Gigantic Irrigation Scheme Planned by Eastern Capital.

The most important deal closed in the Black Hills for a long time has just been made by New York, Chicago and Cincinnati men, who have organized the Hills Mining and Water company, with a capital of \$1,500,000. The enterprise for which the concern is floated is to bring the water from 17 springs located 12 miles distant, to the placers of Red Canyon, Lightning and French creeks. These placers have been worked in a very limited way for 20 years, but the almost utter absence of water has prevented any work except on ground that was rich enough to be carried off down the hills. Waggon loads of gravel have customarily been taken out that were worth from \$30 to \$50, and this necessitated the leaving behind of all but the richest spots.

It is estimated that there are 15,000-600 yards of gravel that can be washed up by the pipe line to be put in by the new company and that it is worth not far from 50 cents a yard. The company will supply water to quartz mills, will put a system into the town of Custer, 22 miles away, and will sell its waste water for irrigation purposes further down the valley. It will require over 4,000 tons of pipe to carry out all the plans of the company, and the cost of the mains alone will be \$160,000.

OFFERS ASSISTANCE. Royal Geographical Society of England Ready to Aid Venezuelan Commission.

The Venezuelan commission has received an intimation from the Royal Geographical society of England, through Clements R. Markham, its president, that all the maps and records of that society will gladly be placed at the disposition of the commission. A courteous reply has been sent, declining for the present the offer in view of the willingness already officially expressed by both the British and Venezuelan governments to furnish all necessary information.

Largest Prune Orchard. The largest prune orchard in the world is said to be located at Los Gatos, on the western edge of the Santa Clara valley, Cal. It contains nearly 50,000 trees, covering about 380 acres. A hundred workmen and as many horses are constantly employed on this farm, which is provided with its own water-works and electric light plant.

Home of the Coffee Plant. The province of Yemen, in Arabia, is the natural home of the coffee plant, as it was here its use was first made, and from that day until the present coffee of Yemen has been in greater demand than that of any other country.

Cabbage. Raw cabbage will be digested at the end of 2 1/2 hours; boiled cabbage demands at least 4 1/2 hours.

HOTELS.

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E. W. P. Weiss, Prop. (1-21-3m)

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REPUBLICANS WILL WIN.

St. John Boyle to Be Elected U. S. Senator from Kentucky, Probably Today.

SIXTY-NINE MEMBERS CONSTITUTE A QUORUM.

Such Is Opinion of Speaker Reed and Senators Sherman and Hoar—Dunlap Will Take His Seat If Vote Is Needed.

BLACKBURN'S DEFEAT IS NEAR.

CINCINNATI, March 12.—A special to The Commercial Gazette from Frankfort, Ky., says: St. John Boyle will be elected United States senator. This will certainly be done before the legislature adjourns, and it may be done tomorrow. Senators Sherman and Hoar and Speaker Reed have wired Boyle that since the death of Weissinger sixty-nine members constitute a quorum. The joint assembly may pass on the right of the expelled senators—James and Walton—to have their votes recorded, yet it has no right to do so. The United States senate is the only tribunal vested with that power. Dunlap says he will take his seat if his vote will elect the United States senator.

CAPITOL UNDER CONSTABULARY RULE.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 12.—Twenty policemen are now on duty in the rotunda of the capitol. Senators James and Walton were in the house today when the joint session began. As soon as the Democratic members found they had secured admission they raised a protest and prevailed on Major Julian to eject them, but he refused. The Democratic members declare that if the ex-members attempt to vote it surely will precipitate trouble. The Republicans declare they will vote. The corridors were filled with even more desperate men than yesterday. If trouble breaks out the consequence will be terrible. When a vote was taken in joint session the Republicans refused to vote, thus breaking the quorum. The ballot was without result, and the assembly adjourned until tomorrow.

HE STOLE THE FIRM'S MONEY.

Big Shoe House Pushed to Wall by Peculations of Junior Member.

CLEVELAND, March 12.—The big wholesale boot and shoe house of Childs, Groff & Co. was forced to the wall late this afternoon by the embezzlement of a large sum of money by Wm. H. Huntington, the junior member and financial man of the firm. The failure was precipitated when chattel mortgages covering the entire stock and book accounts were executed by the firm and individual mortgages given by the senior member of the firm on all of his property. The first mortgage filed was one for \$125,000 on the suburban farm of Henry B. Childs in favor of the Converse Rubber company of Boston. Childs also gave a mortgage on his house on Prospect street to the National Bank of Commerce. The firm's mortgages aggregate \$93,977, covering everything it possessed. The total assets of the firm are estimated at \$34,000. The liabilities are unknown, but are believed to be very heavy. The embezzlement was first discovered a day or two since, and when Huntington was confronted with the charge he confessed he had taken \$40,000 of the firm's money. It is believed the amount will reach \$100,000. Huntington, who is at home ill from the effects of the exposure, was seen tonight and admitted the charge was true. He said he had been taking money for twenty-five years, as he could not live on what he got from the business.

UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

Republic of Honduras, Pending Settlement of Nicaraguan Revolt. Tegucigalpa, Honduras, March 12.—It is thought this country has been placed under martial law, until the settlement of the civil trouble in Nicaragua, in which the president of Honduras espoused the cause of the Zelaya government against the rebels. The near approach of the contending forces in Nicaragua to the Honduras frontier and the disposition of the president of Guatemala to interpose for the settlement of the war, are considerations that made this step for placing the country under martial law seem advisable.

WEYLER ISSUES PROCLAMATION.

Provides for Release of Suspected Insurgents Now in Custody. Havana, March 12.—General Weyler has issued another proclamation, the terms of which indicate a purpose to still further soften the severity of the proclamation he issued soon after his arrival. This latest official edict provides that all persons captured up to date in the provinces of Havana and Pinar del Rio who are suspected of having been members of a rebel band, should they of their own free deny they belonged to such a band, be liberated in every case, provided they give a promise before two witnesses to be loyal to the Spanish cause, and pro-

vided also that no one appears against them to offer charge of any other crimes. The instructions provide those discharged of the crime of rebellion shall remain subject to a vigilant surveillance by the authorities.

SUPREME COURT DOINGS.

The Business Disposed of Yesterday by Michigan's Highest Tribunal. LANSING, Mich., March 12.—[Special]—The supreme court disposed of the following matters this morning, and adjourned until Tuesday, March 24: Orders to show cause were granted in Codd vs Carpenter circuit judge and in McKnight vs Turner county clerk and were denied in Weidenfeld vs Carpenter circuit judge, in Chicago & West Michigan Railway Co. vs Muskegon circuit judge and in Grand Rapids & Indiana Railway Co. vs Osceola circuit judge. A mandamus was denied in Wilson vs Clare circuit judge. Writs of certiorari were allowed in Burton vs Reynolds and in Ann Arbor railroad vs Beach and denied in Rogers vs McNaughton. Rehearings were denied in Steere vs Trebilcock, in Botsford vs Chase, in Carmichael vs Lathrop, in Vyn vs Koppel, in Hands vs Township of Beleviere, in Thompson vs Noble and in Murphy vs the Michigan Central Railroad Co. In Raymond vs Day an order was granted re-instating the case upon the payment of the costs.

READY TO MEET ALL CHARGES.

The Italian Commander in Abyssinia Explains the Recent Defeat.

ROME, March 12.—General Baratieri has arrived at Massowah in a physically and mentally prostrated condition. He admitted to a correspondent of The Tribuna that he yielded to a rash impulse in making the attack which led to the disastrous defeat at Adowa. He also admitted he had no direct orders from the government. He knew nothing of General Baldissera's coming at the time and therefore was not influenced by any question of amour propre, but solely by the difficulties of re-equipping, which would have compelled a retreat and opened a road to the Shoans. All the generals, he said, were confident that even a partial victory would put an end to the untenable position and would cause the Shoans to withdraw. The difficulties of the ground, he held, was the cause of the plans miscarrying. He deeply deplored the disaster but had nothing to reproach himself with and was ready to meet any charges and endure to the end the consequences of his misfortune.

The Rio de Janeiro Safe.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12.—The steamer Almada, which arrived from Honolulu this afternoon, brings news of the missing steamship Rio de Janeiro, which left this port thirty-five days ago for Yokohama. The Rio encountered heavy weather, ran out of coal and arrived at Honolulu March 1, where she recoaled and proceeded to Yokohama.

The G. R. & I. to Be Sold.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 12.—In the case of John E. Davidson and W. H. Barnes, trustees, vs. the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad company, Judge Woods of the federal court today entered a decree of foreclosure and ordered the road sold at public auction in Grand Rapids at a time to be fixed by the master in chancery.

Snow Blockade in Pennsylvania.

HAZLETON, Pa., March 12.—The snow storm which broke over this region yesterday is still raging. Snow drifted to a great depth in places, blocking the country roads. Trains on all steam roads are behind time. None of the mines are working and twenty thousand men are idle in consequence.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce. CHICAGO, March 12.—The leading grain futures ranged as follows:

Table with columns: Opened, High, Low, Closed. Rows for Wheat, Corn, and other grains.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, dull, unchanged. Wheat, easy; No. 2 spring, 62 1/2c; No. 2 red, 63 1/2c; No. 2 white, 20 1/2c; No. 3 white, 20 1/2c. Butter, steady; creameries, 14 1/2c; dairies, 13 1/2c; eggs, steady; 10 1/2c. Receipts—Flour, 6,000 bbls.; wheat, 44,000 bu.; corn, 184,000 bu.; oats, 256,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 4,000 bbls.; wheat, 114,000 bu.; corn, 118,000 bu.; oats, 277,000 bu.

METAL PRICES.

New York, March 12.—Pig iron, weak; Southern, \$11.25@13.25; Northern, \$11.50@13.50. Copper, easy; brokers' price, 107 1/2c; exchange price, 11c.

COPPER STOCKS.

Table with columns: Location, Price. Rows for Allouez, Atlantic, Boston & Montana, Butte & Boston, Calumet & Hecla, Centennial, Franklin, Kearsarge, Osceola, Quincy, Tamarack, Wolverine.

THE JOINT USE OF PATENTS.

General Electric and Westinghouse Companies Reach an Agreement.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The directors of the General Electric and Westinghouse Electric companies, it is claimed, have reached an agreement in the matter of the joint use of some valuable electrical patents. Several conferences were held today between committees of the two companies. It was even reported that an effort was being made not only to pool patent rights but also to control prices, exchange licenses and divide territory. Only the patent question, however, was settled according to the claims made by those interested. It was decided by the officials this evening to issue a statement of what had been accomplished up to the present time. According to the agreement, after excluding several patents, the General Electric furnishes two-thirds of the patent values and the Westinghouse one-third. By this arrangement many contemplated and pending patent suits will be dropped, which will result in a great saving to each company.

WRATH OF SPANISH STUDENTS.

An American Flag Is Burned by a Mob at Corrunna.

MADRID, March 12.—Further demonstrations against the United States have occurred. At Corrunna two hundred students paraded the streets, cheering for Spain. They also burned an American flag. The police prevented them from approaching the consulate. A. Alicante the mayor and a number of policemen were injured while endeavoring to disperse an anti-American demonstration.

Cheap Rates to St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 12.—The Western Passenger association tonight decided to make a rate of one fare for the round trip for the Republican national convention to be held here in June and the Populist and Bimetallic national conventions in June.

Snow in Mississippi.

GREENWOOD, Miss., March 12.—It was snowing here all day and the ground is covered to a depth of two inches. A dispatch from Rockhill, Miss., says snow fell there all day and that all fruit and vegetables will be killed before morning.

The St. Paul in Line.

CHICAGO, March 12.—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road declared today that it would grant the rate of one cent per mile asked by the executive committee of the G. A. R. for the annual encampment at St. Paul in September.

Murdered Wife and Suicided.

DENVER, March 12.—Edward Ward, formerly a brakeman on the Santa Fe and who came to Denver from Chinook, a month ago, killed his wife and himself today with a revolver. Jealousy was the cause.

Forecast of the Weather.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—10 p. m. The weather bureau reports the following as its forecast for the next twenty-four hours: For upper Michigan: Fair and warmer; westerly winds.

HOLMES CHANGES FRONT.

Murderer of Fitzer Drops His Air of Bravado and Seeks Religious Solace.

H. H. Holmes, the murderer of Benjamin F. Fitzer, has thrown aside the mask, and embraced the opportunities for consultation with a spiritual adviser. Ever since his arrest on the charge of defrauding the Fidelity company of \$10,000 insurance Holmes has assumed an air of bravado. He was so self-possessed that, even when the charge of murder was made, following investigation by the authorities, he never flinched.

Like many other murderers, Holmes now appears in his true light. The air of bravado, assumed for the occasion, has disappeared, and Holmes practically says that he is afraid to die. A few days ago he wrote to Archbishop Ryan, asking that prelate to send him a priest with whom he might confer. This request was complied with, and the archbishop wrote to Rev. Dr. P. J. Daily, rector of the Church of the Annunciation, in whose parish Mayamensing prison in Philadelphia is.

Father Daily has paid three visits to Holmes, but he declines to say what took place, except that he gave the murderer good books to read. He speaks kindly of Holmes, but beyond that is reticent. The change in the man's demeanor is favorably commented upon by attaches of the district attorney's office. For a long time it was rumored that Holmes would never be hanged, and that if convicted he would cheat the gallows by committing suicide.

Assistant District Attorney Barlow said that the fact that Holmes is conferring with a priest is sufficient evidence that he does not intend to commit suicide. Mr. Barlow firmly believes that Holmes will retain his self-possession, although he has deserted the stand he had taken, and is undoubtedly frightened by the prospect of death in the near future.

Honest Cabmen.

Whatever may be the faults of London cabmen they are, as a rule, honest men. The property that has been left in cabs and restored to the owners within the past five years is shown by police statistics to represent in value not less than \$300,000.

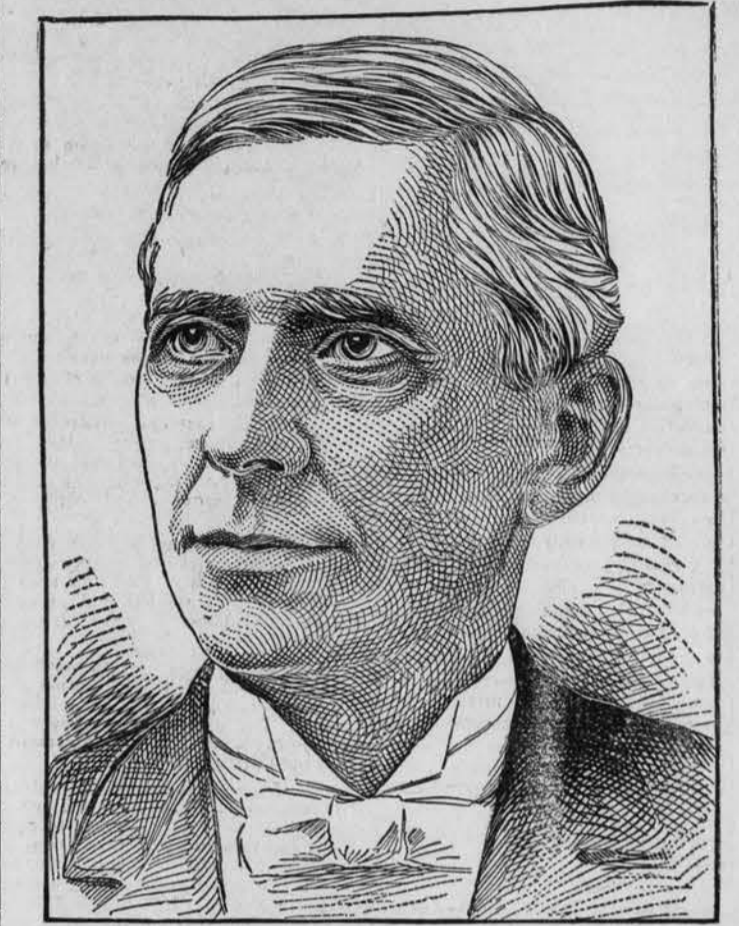
Woolen Manufacture in France.

Woolen manufactures of France were improved by the edict of Nantes, 1598.

Proposal of New Woman Declined.

At 11 o'clock the other morning Carrie Fuhs, aged 24, living on Winkler street, Cincinnati, secured a license to marry Harry Look, aged 21, living on Flora street. At 2:45 p. m. she returned the license and it was destroyed. She explained that she no longer had use for the authority to marry. Harry is supposed to have been unwilling.

REV. ZEPHANIAH MEEK, D. D. Eminent Methodist Divine Cured of Nerve Trouble by Paine's Celery Compound.



Rev. Zephaniah Meek, D. D., is a household name all over the south. Since 1867 he has owned and edited the "Central Methodist," the leading paper of the Methodist Episcopal church in the south. He represented his state at the general conference.

He was one of the Kentucky commissioners at the Chicago Columbian Exposition. During his ministry in the south he has built and dedicated five churches. He writes from Catlettsburg, Ky., where his home is, as follows:

"I have used several bottles of Paine's celery compound for nervous trouble, resulting from over-work, and with immediate effect, as well as permanent benefit. It is the best nerve tonic that I have ever tried. It has also been used in my family with great benefit."

Tired-out, half-sick men and women need something more than a mere rest. They need a positive, unmistakable nerve food; they must have a reserve of nerve-force to draw from, before their heads will cease to ache and their nerves cease to tremble with neuralgia.

It is estimated that there are over ten million nerve fibres in the body. So long as these minute tissues are kept fully nourished, one lives in blissful ignorance of any such thing as neuralgia, headaches, or even a nervous system, but let one become "run-down" and the nutrition of the body get low, and every one of these myriad fibres becomes a "live wire" within the flesh. Headaches, neuralgia, rheumatism, and other forms of nervousness and debility result directly from a famished nervous system. Paine's celery compound is able to correct this faulty condition. It builds up the nervous system and sustains it. The brain at once feels the strengthening effects of the superb nutriment. There

are thousands of men and women today who have been enabled to keep vigorously at work, who must have given up but for Paine's celery compound. Nervous affections are a warning to busy people. At the earliest sign of reduced nerve force, inability to sleep, languor, or a gloomy habit of mind, everyone should look immediately to the nutrition of their nervous system and to the purity of their blood. Paine's celery compound will attend to both of these urgent needs more thoroughly and more speedily than anything else in the world. Paine's celery compound is not to be confounded with the common preparations, the sarsaparillas and nervines. Being the discovery of a man of science, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth college, it has the support of the best physicians; they prescribe it universally; and the many sick persons made well by its use proves that that support is merited.

To the great majority of business men a vacation, to say nothing of three months of complete inactivity, is out of the question at this season, even when their brains demand a complete rest and their nerves ache and threaten them with prostration. Now, there are hundreds of business men and hard-worked professional men in this city in just this condition. What are they to do? Those who are tired out, "run down" and debilitated at this trying season will do well to read some of the straightforward and convincing statements from the men and women who have been cured by Paine's celery compound.

Nervous weakness vanishes before Paine's celery compound as mist before the strong, health-giving rays of the sun. Convince yourself of the fact at once, if your health is at all impaired.

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE. THE JAMES H. BROWNE Theatre Co. THREE NIGHTS, COMMENCING Thursday, March 19. OPENING PLAY: "HEARTS OF NEW YORK."

F. W. READ & CO., * LUMBER. Mills at Eagle Mills and Michigamme. ROUGH and DRESSED PINE. Mining Journal Office. CALL AND LOOK AT IT.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY. "Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Frank Pendill, Druggist, Marquette. (1-28-19f)

FAST TIME TO CHICAGO. The train leaving Marquette at 5:30 p. m. daily makes close connections at Negaunee with fast train via the North-Western Line arriving at Chicago the following morning at 7:30 o'clock. Through gas-lighted buffet sleeping cars from Negaunee to Chicago. In order to secure the advantages of fast time and perfect equipment, be sure that your ticket reads via the Chicago & Northwestern R'y. (1-24-2w-5w)

SUNDAY TRIPS. TO THE QUEEN CITY OF THE UPPER PENINSULA. The D. S. S. & A. Ry. have on sale Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return at the following very low fares: From Eagle Mills... \$1.30, Negaunee... .50, Ishpeming... .50, Humboldt... .75, Republic... .75, Champion... .75, Michigamme... .75, Nestoria... 1.25. Tickets are on sale on Sundays only; are good on all passenger trains; but are valid going and returning only on date of issue. The train which now leaves Marquette at 5:30 p. m. for Republic will make these Sunday trips more popular than ever, as excursionists will be able to spend the entire day in Marquette and reach home at a reasonable hour the same evening. (5-19-1f)

DID YOU EVER stop to think that the medicine you take to restore your health should be of the highest grade and mixed with accuracy? No? of course. Your physician tries his best to cure you and your druggist must co-operate with him by giving you the best drugs the market affords and by exercising the greatest care in compounding them. Honestly, Accuracy and Dispatch is our Motto. T. Coderre Pharmaceutical Co. (12-18-1f)

* WETMORE * MERCANTILE CO., Sole Agents Chase and Sanborn's COFFEE. We are nicely settled in our new stores—125 Superior street and 119 Washington street. Greenwald block—where we will be glad to serve our old customers as well, if not better than before. Also those who wish to deal with us. Our line of

STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES is complete and fresh. WETMORE MERCANTILE CO., 125 SUPERIOR ST. 119 WASHINGTON ST. (1-15-1f) Stanton & Lowe's Patent Log Scale Book

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report ROYAL Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

Tooth Brushes.

What do you know about Tooth Brushes? The best on earth are made in "La Belle," France. We have just received a large invoice and will sell you a fine imported article at 25 cents. Special sale at

FARNHAM'S.

WANTED-FOR RENT OR SALE.

WANTED-Girl for general housework. No washing. Call at 218 Bluff street. (2-12-14)
WANTED-Travelling or local salesman to sell our goods on commission. Side line or exclusively. Liberal terms. The Howard Oil & Grease Co. Cleveland, Ohio. (3-12-14)
WANTED-A rapid typewriter or stenographer immediately. Address letter to R. D. care Mining Journal, Marquette. (3-12-14)
FOR RENT-From May 1st, store in L'Hullier block, now occupied by Emmon's Hardware Co. Largest store in town. Well located. (3-11-14) C. E. L'HULLIER.
FOR RENT-House on Third street between Arch and Michigan streets. Apply (3-11-14) H. NEIDHART & CO.
WANTED-Girl to do general housework. 408 E. Arch street. MRS. GAD SMITH. (3-10-14)
WANTED-A situation as machinist by capable person; can produce excellent testimonials. Address C. H. care Mining Journal office. (3-9-14)
WANTED-Competent girl for general housework. 414 E. Howitt avenue. (3-7-14)
TO RENT-The center store in the Mack block, and the rooms above for rent. Apply on the premises. J. F. MACK, SR. (3-6-14)
WANTED-District manager headquarters Marquette. Man who can produce business himself and manage agents; easy to write; large commissions; not necessary to be Mason. Agency department, Masonic Life Assn., Grand Rapids, Mich. (3-6-14)
WANTED-Girl for general housework. Enquire 907 Pine street. (3-4-14)
HOTEL TO RENT-Wishing to remove from here I will rent or sell the Michigan House. Terms reasonable. Price cheap. Apply at once. J. C. DONNELLY. (3-3-14)
FOR SALE-SPECIAL BARGAINS-Lots with and without dwellings; desirable location; suitable for business; any reasonable offer accepted; easy terms. Apply A. J. A. Wallen, 217 W. Michigan St. (2-28-14)
FOR SALE OR TO RENT-New house, 228 E. M. Chicago street. Eight rooms; bath room; good barn. Apply B. S. Kaufman's Real Estate office. (2-23-14)
FOR RENT-A house on West Bluff St. Enquire of JOHN WILKIE, Superior St. (2-22-14)
WANTED-300 cords dry 4 foot maple wood. F. B. SPEAR. Marquette. (12-12-14)
FOR SALE-Exploring outfit complete. F. B. SPEAR. Marquette. (12-12-14)
COAL-Cross Creek Lehigh coal, La-Cana coal, Pittsburg bright flame canal for grades. Call and examine the above. F. B. SPEAR. (9-14-14)
ANYONE-In need of hay, grain or feed will save money by getting prices from F. B. Spear before buying. (9-14-14)
FOR SALE-Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rates. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (8-6-14)
FOR RENT-Farm land near the city improved and unimproved. Call at office of J. M. LOUGHEE, Marquette, April 1, 1895. (4-10-14)
COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash:
Hard coal..... \$6.00 \$3.15 \$1.75
Pen coal (hard)..... 4.00 2.00 1.00
Soft coal..... 4.25 2.25 1.25
Cannel coal..... 5.00 2.75 1.50
Hardwood dry, 16 in. single cord..... 4.75
Hardwood dry, 16 in. split per cord..... 2.50
Dry Pine slabs per cord..... 1.25
F. B. SPEAR.
COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash:
Hard coal..... \$6.00 \$3.15 \$1.75
Pen coal (hard)..... 4.00 2.00 1.00
Soft coal..... 4.25 2.25 1.25
Cannel coal..... 5.00 2.75 1.50
Hardwood dry, 16 in. single cord..... 4.75
Hardwood dry, 16 in. split per cord..... 2.50
Dry Hemlock 4 ft. slabs per cord..... 2.00
F. B. SPEAR & CO.

FOR SALE

PINE on the following parcels of land: The N. E. 1/4, and the E. 1/2 of N. W. 1/4, and N. W. 1/4 of Section 4. Tenders will be received until the 20th of March. The estimate of the pine on these lands is 1,160,000.

E. ORRANGE, Administrator Estate Geo. McIntyre, Summit House, Marquette.

QUEEN CITY RESTAURANT.

HIGGINS & BARGREN, Props. 321 South Front St. Meals served during meal hours for 25 cents. Short orders Day and Night. (15-2-14)

CHARLES SCHUEFER, Pres. RICHARD B. ROOPER, V. Pres. WILLIAM BAYLOR, Sec'y and Treas. THE PEERLESS MANUFACTURING CO. MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. MANUFACTURERS OF THE PEERLESS SHIRTS, PANTS LUMBERMEN'S WEAR A SPECIALTY. DETROIT. MICH.

NOT LIKELY TO BE PUSHED.

Strong Probability That the Mineral Land Suit Will Never Be Tried.

INSTITUTED TO PROTECT GOVERNMENT RIGHTS.

The Issues Involved Decided Three Times In Favor of the Keweenaw Association, Two Decisions By U. S. Courts.

CASE BEFORE SECRETARY SMITH.

The suit instituted a few days ago by the United States against the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railway & Iron company and the Keweenaw association, does not mean all that is alleged in the complaint. Secretary Smith is now considering claims to the disputed lands, with chances favoring a decision for the present holders, and it was found necessary to begin an action immediately to prevent the government losing any of its rights through the operation of the limitations act. Should the secretary decide, as it is quite possible he will, that the defendants have a legal right to the property in question, the case will be dismissed on motion of the attorney general.

A year ago secretary Smith filed an opinion to the effect that the 63,000 acres of land, about which allegations of fraud had been made, were rightfully in the possession of the Keweenaw association as the successor of the Canal company, but great pressure being brought to bear, he withdrew his opinion and opened the case for further argument, his second decision yet being unannounced. This is the present status of the case as far as the executive department of the government is concerned.

On the other hand the questions involved have been passed upon twice by the United States courts. A number of people attempting to make homesteads on these lands, situate in Ontonagon county, Ball & Ball, as attorneys for the Keweenaw association, filed a bill to quiet title, and secured an injunction from Judge Severens restraining the homesteaders from making use of the lands on which they had settled. On a motion to dissolve the injunction Judge Severens held, November, 1894, that the property in dispute was not "mineral and" within the meaning of the federal statute defining it. Two injunction suits were also brought. Both cases were tried in September last before Judge Swan, who was then presiding in this district in the place of Judge Severens, and the court decided in favor of the Keweenaw association.

Not Yet Awfully. The reporter learns that, partly because of his having but recently become connected with the paper and a resident of Marquette, he got things somewhat mixed in an item relating to the business of the Nester estate at Baraga which appeared on this page a few days since. In the first place Mr. Timothy Nester is interested in the new manufacturing center being created at Munising largely through his efforts, instead of being connected with the lumbering enterprise at Baraga. In the second, the Nester estate has no intention of transferring its lumbering operations from Baraga to some other point, as it has plenty of pine in sight to keep its mills there chewing up logs for an undetermined interval in the future. The mill has a full supply of logs for the coming season's work and will be operated to its full capacity until closing down time next fall.

Union Line Appointments.

The following appointments for the season of 1896 are announced by the Union Transit company, one of the lines running steamers from Marquette to the lower lakes: Steamer Avon, T. H. Stafford master, Charles Conshaine chief engineer; steamer Portage, S. E. Chatterton master, George Haig, chief engineer; steamer Nicol, William McLean master, George E. Tretheway chief engineer; steamer Eber Ward, Murray G. McIntosh master, John B. Judge chief engineer; steamer J. V. Moran, David C. Bordeaux master, James H. Countryman chief engineer; steamer W. H. Stevens, John H. Malloy master, John E. McSwaine chief engineer; steamer James Fisk, Jr., John L. McIntosh master, Fred F. Sherwood chief engineer.

Manager French has not re-engaged Captain Rhyana, last season in the Mon, and Captain Elliott, last year in the Stevens. Another man who was not taken this year is Captain George Bryce, who was the newcomer to the Nicol last year.

Dun's New Manager.

C. E. McCrone of Grand Rapids arrived in the city Wednesday to take charge of the R. G. Dun agency in this place. He has been six years assistant manager of the Dun agency at Grand Rapids, and is an experienced man in the business. He will bring his family here in the spring and make Marquette his permanent home. The agency has added another clerk to the staff, the steady increase of business requiring it.

Hibernians Will Visit Hancock.

The local branch of the A. O. H. will go to Hancock on the 17th to participate in the St. Patrick's day celebration there. For the convenience of those who wish to return the same night a special will run to Nestoria to connect with No. 8, arriving here at 3:15 a. m. A rate of \$2.25 for the round trip, good to return the 18th on regular trains, will be in force from Marquette, Negaunee and Ishpeming.

Herbert Blankley's Funeral.

The last services over the body of the late Herbert S. Blankley were held at St. Paul's Episcopal church at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Bishop-elect Williams, who was a warm friend of Mr. Blankley, officiated, assisted by Rev. Mallett and Rev. Robinson. A great many of the friends of the deceased attended the services at the church and followed the remains to Park cemetery.

CITY BREVITIES.

Weather forecast: Fair Friday except occasional snow flurries. Cold in west portion and continued cold Friday.

Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 3 degrees; 12 m., 4 degrees; 7 p. m., 6 degrees; maximum, 8 degrees; minimum, zero.

William Hayes of Cadillac is in the city. Frank P. Nester of Baraga is in the city.

J. E. Dalton of Ishpeming spent yesterday in Marquette. The Y's will meet in the Presbyterian church this evening.

C. V. Seeber of Houghton arrived here yesterday on a short business trip.

Clark Young returned yesterday after an extended trip to Chicago, Grand Rapids and other points.

The Woman's Guild of St. Paul's church will meet today at 3 p. m. at Mrs. G. W. Hager's residence.

The Marquette County Telephone company put in 'phones yesterday for Dr. Thiell, (No. 108) and for Harms, the milkman, (No. 100).

Word was received yesterday that Mrs. H. B. Dodge, mother of Mrs. J. B. McGregor of this city, had died at Chicago. The deceased lady was a resident of Marquette until eight years ago.

Noonday services will be held in Morgan memorial chapel today. Bishop-elect Williams will deliver an address. At 7:30 p. m. there will be evensong and an address by Rev. Frank J. Mallett.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dietl of Kenton, Mich., died Wednesday night at the Hotel Brunswick. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon with interment in the old Catholic cemetery.

All of the jury cases on the calendar of the circuit court for the present term have been tried, the last being the Sullivan-Ross litigation. In a couple of days court will formally adjourn to April 15th when chancery cases will be taken up.

The funeral of Ole Olson, who was killed at Johnson's camp on the Lake Superior & Ishpeming railway Tuesday, took place at 9:30 yesterday morning from Hager Bros.' morgue. Rev. Johnson conducted the services. Burial was in Park cemetery.

A stereopticon and slight-of-hand entertainment will be given at Fraternity hall, the 24th inst., by Albert St. Cyr, assisted by Professor Harrington. Views of some of the most beautiful African scenes will be shown. St. Cyr and Price, acrobats and contortionists, will introduce funny work in leaping, bending and chair balancing. Music will be rendered by A. Pollette and others of the company.

A hearing began in the United States land office yesterday to decide title to the 1/2 of section 17, township 50 N., range 25 W. Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Sheppard, Thomas Lamplin and Daniel E. Sullivan were examined. The two first mentioned testified as to their own right, Lamplin testified for Timothy A. Griffin and Sullivan for Dr. G. W. McElveen. The remaining witnesses will be put on the stand today.

The Mining News announces that S. H. Gibson has decided to cast his lot with the new city and has taken up his residence there with that intention. Munising is drawing on Marquette for some of its most prized citizens, and among these Mr. Gibson may be numbered. The Mining Journal hopes he will live long and prosper in his new home. Mr. Gibson already owns a couple of handsome business buildings in Munising, both of which are rented, and talks of building more of the same there.

Established 1841. The Mercantile Agency of R. G. DUN & CO. First National Bank Bldg. GEO. H. MICHENER, CHAS. E. McCRONE, District Manager. Local Manager. MARQUETTE, Mich., March 14, 1896.

To our subscribers and others. We beg to inform you that Mr. Charles E. McCrone has been appointed manager of our Marquette office to succeed the late Mr. Herbert S. Blankley, and having had a number of years experience in our agency, is fully competent for the position and we commend him to the cordial support of our friends and the public.

GEO. H. MICHENER, District Manager.

WOMEN AGENTS OUTWITTED. Clever Scheme Foiled by a Hotel Clerk and Doctor at Adrian, Mich.

The two young women book agents who have electrified Adrian, Mich., by their winning ways and sold scores of books on "business success" finished the other day and were about to leave the hotel where they have been stopping. A local doctor had a bill for \$1.50 against them, which he left in charge of the hotel clerk to collect. The latter sent the canvassers' trunks back to their rooms pending their paying the doctor's account. But the women were not to be outwitted. They repaired to a novelty store and purchased a 25-cent ring, then the debtor hastened to the doctor and with tears in her eyes begged him to accept her "engagement ring" in settlement of the account. The doctor had been forewarned by telephone by the wily hotel clerk, who had watched the ring purchase, so the plan failed and the doctor got his pay.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE IN THE world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Bites, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by E. Farnham.

JOHN HARRIS, DAIRYMAN. If you give your order to John Harris, the dairyman, to supply you with butter, eggs, cream or milk, then you can depend on the quality of the article you are receiving. Eggs supplied by him are home laid. Telephone your order over either 'phone, and same will have prompt attention. (3-11-14)

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. World's Fair Highest Award.



"Knocks Out All Others." Battle Ax PLUG The Large Piece and High Grade of "Battle Ax" has injured the sale of other brands of higher prices and smaller pieces. Don't allow the dealer to impose on you by saying they are "just as good" as "Battle Ax," for he is anxious to work off his unsalable stock.



SOMETHING NEW! A FOUNTAIN PEN that will NOT LEAK, nor SOIL THE FINGERS, and will ALWAYS WRITE without coaxing. See them at CONKLIN'S. Don't forget EVERY DOLLAR received on ACCOUNT or for CASH SALES, entitles customer to COMPLIMENTARY CHANGE on BICYCLE GIVEN AWAY. MAY 1ST AT CONKLIN'S.

Piso's Cure For Consumption. Of all the Cough medicines I have for sale, Piso's Cure for Consumption takes the best. When once sold, it makes a permanent customer. L. F. MARTIN, Druggist, Eagletown, Indiana. January 28th, 1896.

Marquette Nov 15 1895 Samuel Kaufman My Dear Sir I deem it my duty and pleasure to state to you the benefit I have received from your wonderful Rheumatic medicine for over four months I suffered everything from acute Rheumatism and had the services of two doctors without getting the least relief when I was advised to try your medicine and after using four bottles I am now able to go about my usual duties and am free from all pain I would strongly advise all that may be troubled with Rheumatic complaint to give Kaufmans Rheumatic Kidney Powder a trial for I know what it has done for me it will do for them. Thanking you for what I am to day I am yours very truly Mrs Louis Geiler



"UP-TO-DATE" '96 Bicycles! VICTOR, CLEVELAND, EAGLE, WINTON, WARWICK, CRESCENT, CALUMET, SPARK, and other HIGH GRADE wheels of KNOWN REPUTATION, at CONKLIN'S. Prices to suit all, viz: \$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$100.

Sold on EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS if desired. EVERY DOLLAR INVESTED, or ON ACCOUNT entitles customer to COMPLIMENTARY CHANGE on WHEEL GIVEN AWAY. May 1st at CONKLIN'S. MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE THREE NIGHTS ONLY, March 16, 17 and 18th.



The Great McEwen, The Scottish Wonder. Mesmerist, Mind Reader, Hypnotist.

McEwen, the Wonder of the Age. Highly recommended by the press and public wherever he has given performances. Don't Fail to See Him.

PRICES PARQUETTE, 35 CTS. BALCONY, 25 CTS. GALLERY, 10 CTS. (3-7-14)

LIVERY FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN. Has a good, steady, boarding and livery business—good horses and rigs. This is an exceptional chance for a man with a little money to locate himself in a good paying business. For further particulars address

JOSEPH FAY, ADMINISTRATOR ESTATE GEO. W. REED, Marquette, Mich.

JENNESS & McCURDY, Crockery, China, Glassware and Lamp Goods, 73 and 75 Jefferson Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

PABST MILWAUKEE BEER WINS.

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CHARLES JOHNSON,

WHOLESALE AGENT, NEGAUNEE

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

Trout Creek Lumber Co.,

TROUT CREEK, MICH.

LUMBER, LATH and SHINGLE.

Short Length, Quarter Sawed Bevel Siding or Clapboards.

IT DOES NOT WARP AND IS CHEAPER

than ordinary bevel siding, and is just what a farmer or mechanic requires for an economical building. Our cheapest grade, to introduce into local consumption, we will deliver at stations on the D. S. & A. Ry., at the low price of \$10 per thousand feet, surface measure. If you are thinking of building correspond with us and get a sample by mail.

Military Road Lands

Belonging to the Estate of James C. Ayer

174,000 Acres for Sale or Lease

Open for Options to Explorers for Mines. Liberal terms to responsible parties.

200,000,000 Feet of Pine

Tributary to the Ontonagon and Sturgeon Rivers and the D. S. & A. and Milwaukee & Northern Railroads.

Hemlock, Cedar, Poplar, Hard and Soft Wood for Charcoal and Cordwood.

Agricultural Lands equal to the best in the Northwest.

NEW YORK OFFICE—F. F. AYER, Mills block, LOWELL OFFICE—JACOB ROOSES, Savings Bank building, Street St. For further particulars apply to

W. W. MANNING, Agent.

Marquette

Munising R'y

Time Table No. 2.

Trains will run as follows, subject to change without notice, to take effect March 9th, 1896.

No. 1 leave Munising Junction... 12:30 p.m.

Arriving Marquette... 1:05 p.m.

No. 2 leave Marquette... 3:05 p.m.

Arriving Munising Junction... 3:35 p.m.

No. 3 leave Marquette... 9:30 p.m.

Arriving Munising Junction... 10:00 p.m.

No. 4 leave Munising Junction... 10:12 p.m.

Arriving Marquette... 10:42 p.m.

Nos. 1 and 2 connect with D. S. & A. trains No. 1 and 2 daily, except Sunday.

Nos. 3 and 4 connect with D. S. & A. trains No. 3 and 4, Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

E. H. SCOTT, Gen. Mgr.

JOSEPH GUY, Supt.

If You Are Going Anywhere South This Winter

You should write and get correct information in regard to the facilities offered by the

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

THIS CAN BE OBTAINED OF

J. K. RIDGELY, N. W. Pass. Agent, Chicago, Ill.

C. P. ARMOUR, Gen'l. Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

HOMES IN THE SOUTH

Can be secured on most liberal terms and at low rates. Write for County Map of the South to either of the above named gentlemen, or to

P. SID JONES, Pass. Agent.

In charge of Immigration, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

Proprietors, Importers of Glass, Mirrors, Factories at Delray, carefully furnished.

In and About Negaunee.

DEATH FROM ALCOHOLISM

A Finlander at Negaunee Succumbs to Over Indulgence in Whiskey.

Abraham Tapanin, a Finlander, was found dead yesterday morning in a room at the rear of Oscar Field's saloon on East Iron street. The cause of his death is unknown but it is supposed that he died from an overdose of poor whisky which he drank Wednesday.

The particulars, as obtained by THE MINING JOURNAL reporter at Field's place yesterday, are as follows: Tapanin and a friend named Herman Hart had been at the saloon early in the day. They had been drinking and both were slightly intoxicated. At 2 o'clock they left Field's place and did not return until shortly before 11 o'clock that evening. Tapanin was very drunk at that time. He took a seat near the stove and soon fell asleep. When Field closed up for the night he tried to rouse Tapanin but could not.

He concluded that the man was too much intoxicated to walk in case he were waked up, so he called to Hart and the chair he was sitting on into a room at the rear of the bar room. He and Hart then roused Tapanin and assisted him to a room suit, further in the rear of the building, where Hart and Tapanin had slept several nights during the past two weeks. The room is partially filled with hay, and the two men used this as a bed.

When Hart got up in the morning he tried to rouse Tapanin, but found that he was dead. He then called in the bartender, who, after discovering that the man was lifeless, summoned Mr. Field, who was still at his home.

Field and his bartender both assert that Tapanin did not have anything to drink at their place before going into the hay room. The last drink he had there was shortly before he and Hart left the place in the afternoon. While the reporter was talking to Mr. Field about Tapanin yesterday Hart spoke up and said he guessed the man had died from the effects of the whiskey he had drunk. "How much did he drink?" was asked. "Oh, he drank four big beer glasses full after he left here," said Hart.

Tapanin did not have any money but he obtained the liquor from other men whom he met in the saloons he visited. He had been drinking very hard ever since he arrived in town, two weeks ago. He came here from Republic, where he had been working in the woods. Tapanin had been in this country about six years, the greater part of that time in the copper country. Mr. Field and he were raised together in the old country. Tapanin was thirty-six years of age and unmarried.

Coroner Samuel Rogers of Ishpeming was sent for yesterday. After the jury selected had examined the body an adjournment was taken until today, when evidence will be heard.

MANY WHEELS ORDERED.

Cycling Will be a Popular Exercise the Coming Season.

Judging from the number of new bicycles ordered by Negaunee people there will be quite a number of riders here the coming season. Several wheels which have not previously been introduced in this section will be used here this year. Although there may not be wheeling here for two months yet, the wheelmen are all anxiously awaiting the arrival of their new bikes.

Will Be Here Monday.

The James H. Browne Dramatic company will be in Negaunee next Monday and Tuesday evenings, instead of Tuesday evening only, as previously announced. The prices of admission each evening will be fifteen, twenty-five and thirty-five cents, the latter for reserved seats. Mr. L. E. Adams, agent for the company, arrived in the city yesterday and is now billing the town. The chart of the opera house for Monday night's performance can now be found at Perkins' drug store by those desiring reserved seat tickets.

PURE BLOOD IS THE SAFEGUARD OF HEALTH.

Keep your blood pure, rich and full of vitality by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and you will not need to fear the attacks of disease. Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, jaundice, sick headache, biliousness, etc.

WINTER TOURS TO THE BERMUDAS.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry. have made arrangements whereby they can book winter tourists from any of their stations to the Bermudas at the very low rate of \$20.00 for the round trip. Tickets being good for six months from date of issue. The route is via the direct line to New York by way of Sault Ste. Marie and Montreal, thence via the well known steamers Trinidad and Orizono of the Quebec Steamship Company. This delightful winter excursion trip to Bermuda has no equal. A passenger can leave Marquette on Monday reaching New York Tuesday night, leave New York Wednesday morning and be in the Bermudas Friday. In that short time he effects the wonderful change from a Lake Superior winter to the balmy climate of an island of the southern seas famed for its scenery and clad in the fresh verdure of Spring.

First class accommodation can be secured at the principal hotels at rates from \$2.00 to \$3.00 per day and at the leading boarding house at from \$10.00 to \$14.00 per week.

For further particulars of the journey and descriptive matter of the Bermudas, apply to the General Passenger Department of the D. S. & A. Ry., Marquette, Mich.

SPECIAL SUNDAY RATES TO MARQUETTE.

Commencing Saturday September 28th, the D. S. & A. Ry. will sell Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return from the stations named below at the following low fare:

Table with 2 columns: Station, Fare. Sand River... \$ 50, Onota... 75, Rock River... 75, Au Train... 1 00, Munising Junction... 1 25, Wetmore... 1 50.

Tickets will be sold for the night express Saturdays and the day express Sundays and will be good for return until the next bound express scheduled to leave Marquette 3:15 the following Monday morning. (9-24-1)

LOCAL LAOCONICS.

Johns Day of Duluth was in Negaunee yesterday.

C. W. Kimberly of Iron Mountain did business in Negaunee yesterday, C. V. Seeber of Houghton did business in the Twin Cities yesterday.

Ex-Mayor Anthony spent yesterday at Dover, looking over his logging interests there.

George B. Mitchell returned yesterday from Ironwood, where he has been for the past few weeks.

J. E. Thather, special agent for the Phoenix Life Insurance company of Connecticut, who has been in Negaunee the past few days, left yesterday on a tour of the copper district.

The temperature dropped to nine degrees below zero in Negaunee Wednesday night. Reports from Green Bay were that it was thirteen below there, while Escanaba reported only seven below.

Mr. Kahn, who will open a dry goods and clothing store at Ishpeming next Monday, conducted a similar business in Negaunee several years ago. He will be remembered here by many of the older residents.

LEARNING SPANISH.

Mexican Newspaper's Criticism of Text Books in General. An American journal advises the more general study of the Spanish language in the United States, on the ground of commercial utility. We believe that in San Francisco and Kansas City and in a few other places instruction is given in Spanish, but it is likely that it does not go very far and is not entirely practical, for most language teachers in the United States are either tiresome pedants or charlatans who sadly waste the time of their pupils; and the makers of instruction books in the modern language almost always omit what is colloquial and therefore useful, and give a mass of bookish words and "elegant" constructions, with the apparent idea that only dilettantes and future poets are to be educated.

We have before us some Spanish grammar and correspondence books which, while filled to repletion with impracticable instructions, and always insisting on "elegant" constructions and usages, are disgraced by awkward explanations, and offer the most astounding grammatical blunders in their examples. Most authors of text books are glibly able to copy from all previous ones, and the result is that a lot of ill-digested grammars and "new methods" are imposed on the credulous public. One much-advertised grammar for English learners of Spanish we submitted to a most scholarly gentleman of this city, who noted over a thousand grammatical errors and threw down the book in despair. A manual of Spanish correspondence which has an extensive sale is so crammed with faults of grammar that it is no more useful than the "English as She Is Spoken" was to the Portuguese students for whom it was prepared.

A very popular Spanish grammar of wide sale both in England and the United States was, in its earlier editions, so blunderingly written that it might properly have been entitled "A Method for Inducting the Learner Into Sailors' Spanish, with Unexamined Facilities for Making a Fool of the Student."

The American paper that we have mentioned asserts that Spanish is not only a child of the Latin, but that its construction is Latin. Spanish has a broad Latin base, it is true, but it has been greatly influenced and modified by the Arabic and by the language of the Teutonic conquerors of Spain; a vast number of everyday words in use are from the Arabic, and the construction, although far more flexible than the English, resembles more that tongue than the inverted Latin construction, which is not to be mastered in a week or a month, although a fair working knowledge of it for business purposes may be acquired in a few months by any diligent student.—Mexican Herald.

ATTACKED BY HIS PET HORSE.

Michigan Man Minus His Upper Lip, Which Was Bitten Off by the Beast.

Thomas Simmonds, a farmer living near Onondaga, Mich., went to his barn the other day to attend to his horses. His favorite steed, called Charlie, proved refractory, and he seized the beast by the ears, determined to subdue him. A fearful battle between the horse and man followed, and before Simmonds could break away the horse had seized his upper lip in his teeth and bit away a piece. The horse was a pet of the family and his viciousness was so unlooked for that Simmonds had no time to protect himself.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. G. Gardner, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneuonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at E. Farnham's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

The World's Fair Tests

showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

ROBBED OF A MINE.

Hope of Years Swept Away by Perfidy of a Friend.

Heart-Broken Old Prospector, Demented by His Loss, Suicides—First Tragedy Connected with Opening of Colville Indian Reservation.

Word has been received from North Port, Wash., that O. C. Cox, an old prospector, who tried to commit suicide there the other day, is dead, and there probably hangs a tale. Five years ago Cox, with Dan Crown, was on the Colville Indian reservation, opposite the town of North Port.

While climbing to the top of a hill to locate themselves, having lost their way, they discovered a very rich quartz ledge, samples of which assayed between \$400 and \$500, and which in character is identical to the famous Silver King, near Nelson, B. C. There was little prospect of the reservation being opened for years, so they concealed the exposed part of the ledge, and it is now fully covered over by grass and dirt.

Shortly after making the discovery Cox formed the acquaintance of Ed Cowan, one of the best known newspaper men in the state, and to him he told of the rich find, and together the three friends, Cox, Crown and Cowan, agreed to wait patiently until the reservation was opened and then locate the mine that was to make them all three rich and happy. Cox, during all the intervening years, prospected around in Washington state and British Columbia, waiting for the time when he should acquire wealth through his fortunate discovery.

At last the hour came, and to Crown was left the work of skimming to get on the ground first, he being the youngest and strongest of the party, while Cox was getting old and weak.

Cowan for the past several months has been at Rossland, B. C., and there made known his knowledge of the ledge. Several men got around him and induced him to leave Cox and Crown and locate them. This he finally agreed to do. Then it was suggested that if the location notice showed his name his former partners might suspect him, and so when he made the rush and located the claim his own name was left out. The men whose names were attached, however, stopped him, and giving him the laugh, refused to deed him any interest in the mine, and when Cox went to get his interest from Crown he learned not only that he had lost the mine which he had waited years to get, but that the man he had treated as a friend and brother, whom he had camped with and fed for years, had deliberately sold him out for a mess of pottage, and had not even received the pottage.

Cox, who was getting infirm, thought of all of this, and it proved too much for his reason, and walking down to the Columbia river near North Port, he jumped in, but fortunately several men suspected his intention and followed him. They pulled him out and persuaded him to come back to the town. When they reached the village Cox started off ahead of his guardians, and they followed a short distance behind him. Presently he pulled a hunting knife from his pocket and placed the point of it against his breast under his vest and immediately over the heart. Holding the knife in his left hand, he struck the handle several times with his right fist, driving the blade in deeply, grazing the heart and inflicting a mortal wound. He was picked up and medical assistance was summoned, but the broken-hearted old miner breathed his last a few hours later.

The mine for which he waited for five years is said to be very valuable. Marcus Daly has already offered to bond it for \$1,000,000. This is the first tragedy on the opening of the Colville Indian reservation.

HORSELESS MAIL WAGONS.

Will Soon Be Used in All Large Cities of the Country.

Horseless mail wagons will soon be used in all the large cities of the United States. The credit for the application of the horseless electric motor carriage to the mail service belongs to Second Assistant Postmaster-General Neilson. He has for several months been studying the project, and a few days ago completed the plans for the model carriage. It is now in course of construction and will be completed very soon. The dimensions of this new wagon will be 12 feet long, six feet wide and a trifle over six feet high. It will simply be a post office on wheels. It will be fitted up precisely as in a mail street car or a steam railroad postal car, except that the scale will be smaller. The body of the wagon will be hung on springs and counter-springs and the wheels shielded with heavy rubber tires. For a long time Gen. Neilson has been engaged in making investigations of the various means by which the mails may be transported. These investigations included street cars, pneumatic tubes and the electric horseless wagon. It has now been definitely decided by the post office department to employ the horseless wagons in the transportation of mails in city and country districts where there are no railway lines and where the service can be improved by making "separations" (assorting the mail) between offices while in transit. It is intended to place these wagons in service in cities which cover a large area and where "separation" between four or five stations will greatly facilitate mail deliveries.

Found a Needle.

With the Roentgen rays Profs. Anderson and Wells at the State college, at Lexington, Ky., the other night located a needle which had been imbedded in the leg of six-year-old Mary Smith, daughter of L. L. Smith, a prominent shoe merchant, for the past seven months. The limb was exposed to the rays for ten minutes. Other tests have been made with much success.

— THE —

Difference

Between printing and printing is often a very wide one. Two printers do the same job of printing, but when you come to compare them you will find they are not the same job after all.

Good Printing

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