

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 3630.

MARQUETTE, MICH., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 6, 1896.

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is either good or bad; if the latter it is dear at any price. We keep only the best and warrant every bag sold, same with other rubber goods.

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FRESH Marquette Lettuce

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Everything in the line of

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New Cream, Old Cream, Roquefort, Edam, Pineapple, Imperial, Brick, Limburger.

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He carries the largest assortment in the city.

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Meals served during meal hours for 25 cents. Short orders Day and Night. (5-2-17)

Vermont Maple Wax

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We have a large assortment of 10 and 20 cent mixed and a fine line of Chocolates.

F. HEPPNER.

ATTACKED THE PRESIDENT.

Montana Congressman Takes Exception to Cleveland's Recent Speech on Home Missions.

SAYS THE WESTERN STATES WERE GROSSLY INSULTED.

Declares Greatest Need of Missionaries Exists in White House and Asks Why It Is Grover Has Saved Much More Than Income.

HARTMAN DEFENDS THE WEST.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—In the house today Hartman (Rep. Mont.) made an attack on the president for his speech before the Presbyterian home mission board in New York, which he declared was a slander on the western states and grossly improper. He declared the greatest need of missionaries existed in the White House. Hartman declared President Cleveland had insulted the western states in his references to them; that his purpose was to create a sentiment against the admission of territories which held financial views opposed to his. All attempts to suppress Hartman failed. He carried his point and completed his speech.

Powers (Rep., Vt.) called Hartman to order. Hepburn (Rep., Ia.), who was in the chair, said he did not feel called upon to say whether the remarks came within the rule, whereupon Miles (Dem., Md.) came to the support of the president. But he was promptly overruled, whereupon he appealed from the decision of the chair, adding that Hartman had taken a liberty which had never been countenanced in the American congress before. The chair, however, was sustained and Hartman proceeded:

"The percentage of crime in those states and territories will not exceed that found in the state of New York, where the president seems to think all virtue resides. The per capita wealth of the citizens of our state exceeds that of any state in the Union, save one. Our educational facilities equal those of any section of the Union; and if some of the patriotism of the people of the west had been possessed by the president and his friends the citizens of this Republic would not have been called upon to witness the national humiliation of hauling down the American flag at Honolulu, of begging the bankers of Wall street and Great Britain to save us from financial ruin, and under the behests of the powers behind the throne of denying to the oppressed citizens of Cuba that recognition which the dictates of humanity and common right demand [applause].

"It is true we do not get our patriotism from Wall street, where the president gets his [laughter]. It is true that none of our citizens are possessed of that particular style of patriotism which would enable them to save by thrift and strict economy five times as much as their entire income amounts to; and it is also true that the patriotism of these corrupt and unsafe territories and undesirable states have never yet been able to rise to that lofty plane of supreme wisdom and virtue."

At this point Hartman's five minutes expired, but Grosvenor (Rep. O.) yielded his time, and Hartman, continuing said:

"It is also true that the patriotism of these corrupt and unsafe territories and undesirable states have never yet been able to rise to that lofty plane of supreme wisdom and virtue which enable those who claim to occupy it to justify the sale of the thirty-year government bonds of a year ago for 104 when that very day ten-year bonds were selling at 116. On behalf of the citizens of the states and territories thus slandered and maligned by the chief executive, I here and now respectfully and respectfully suggest the greatest need in this country for the work of the missionary, schoolmaster and statesman will be found in the White House" [laughter and applause].

This closed the incident. The house then resumed consideration of the amendment to the legislative appropriation bill to abolish the fee system in the case of United States attorneys and marshals. The salaries of marshals fixed today were identical with those of the district attorneys fixed yesterday, except in a few districts. Under the fee system both district attorneys and marshals were allowed fees not to exceed \$6,000 and mileage, which, in some cases, swelled their compensation to as high as eight and ten thousand dollars. Instead of mileage, at the rate of ten cents per mile each way, the amendment allows attorneys and marshals their actual traveling expenses. It fixes the fees of United States commissioners considerably below the present schedule.

After the committee rose, without completing the consideration of the bill, a bill was passed appropriating \$95,000 for the reconstruction of the Rock Island (Illa.) bridge, and then the house adjourned.

Representative Fenton of Ohio introduced today a joint resolution for an amendment to the Constitution providing that no addition shall ever be made to the number of states of the Union from any territory which may hereafter be acquired by the government if such territory lies out of the parallel of thirty degrees, north latitude. In the event of the acquisition by the United States of any territory in such situation, congress is to forever exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over it.

THE INDEPENDENCE OF CUBA.

Senator Allen Wants President to Recognize It in a Proclamation. WASHINGTON, March 5.—In the senate today Mr. Allen presented a resolution directing the president to issue a pro-

clamation recognizing the independence of Cuba.

A resolution was passed directing the judiciary committee to investigate the subject of contempt of court and report remedial legislation. This resolution grew out of the Debs case.

At 3 o'clock Senator Sherman presented the conference report on the Cuban resolutions. After a brief debate it was decided to consider the resolutions at 2 o'clock Monday. During the discussion Hawley advised caution. We might be involved in a war—not only one nation, but with several. Without adequate navy and coast defenses great care should be exercised in giving offense to other nations.

An agreement was reached that when the senate adjourns today it be until Monday. Then the Dupont contested election case was taken up, and Senator Mitchell resumed his argument in behalf of Dupont. Upon its conclusion Mr. Turpie took the floor to open the argument against Dupont, but yielded until Monday. The senate then passed the following bills: To pay the heirs of the late John Roach \$48,853 on the construction of the gunboat Dolphin; to incorporate the supreme council, thirty-third degree, Scotch Rite Masons, for the Southern jurisdiction of the United States.

Senator Gallinger, chairman of the pensions committee, today introduced several bills bearing upon the pension laws. One of these provides that upon the consideration of an application for pension under the pension laws the fact that the applicant was accepted and mustered into service shall be accepted as satisfactory proof that he was of sound body and mind. Of the other bills, one empowers fourth-class postmasters to administer the oath to pensioners, and another that the failure of a soldier to receive an honorable discharge providing there was no charge of desertion against him shall not be a bar to granting a pension to his widow or those dependent upon him in case of his death.

BABCOCK REELECTED CHAIRMAN.

Republican Congressional Campaign Committee Selects Its Officers.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The members of the Republican campaign committee had their first meeting tonight, and selected the officers who will have control of the organization in this congress. Most of the old board of the last committee was reelected without opposition, although there had been preliminary rumors of a fractional disaffection against Babcock of Wisconsin, who directed the affairs of the committee in the last campaign. This opposition did not materialize, however, and Babcock was reelected chairman.

Apsley of Massachusetts was elected vice chairman and Wm B. Thompson of Michigan treasurer. The executive committee chosen: Representatives Hull, Iowa; Cannon, Illinois; Sherman, New York; Overstreet, Indiana; Mercer, Nebraska, and Senators Pritchard, North Carolina; Pettigrew, South Dakota, and Mitchell, Oregon. Each state has one representative on the committee, and about thirty of the members took part in the meeting, which was entirely harmonious.

Mr. Apsley, in nominating Babcock, said that in the last campaign he had predicted the defeat of Wilson, Springer, Holman and Bland, and the election of Morton in New York by a majority of 100,000 but had been laughed at by the press of the country for his prophecy. Mr. Apsley said the prospects of the Republican party had never been more promising, and declared there was no doubt that the next house, senate and president would be Republican.

Hull, in nominating Mr. Apsley, said he deserved equal credit with Mr. Babcock for work in the committee.

CONFEREES REACH AGREEMENT.

Representatives of Senate Satisfied With House Cuban Resolutions.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The conferees of the two houses on the Cuban resolutions reached a conclusion today more speedily than had been anticipated. The conference was only of about forty minutes duration, and it became apparent immediately that the representatives of the senate would be satisfied with the house substitute. Senator Morgan was strongly in favor of that clause of the house resolution which contemplates intervention, a decision which he had suggested should be made when the question was before the senate. There was no mention made of the possibilities of a war with Spain as a result of the action by congress, and the exclusive statement concerning the position of the administration in opposition to the recognition of Cuba made by the Associated Press was also the subject of some talk. So far as the house is concerned the resolution is a closed question for the present. There will be no more debate, because it is only necessary for the secretary of the senate to report to the house that the senate conferees have agreed to the house resolutions.

HE WILL SWING MAY 7.

Governor Hastings Sets the Date for Archibald Holmes' Execution.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 5.—The date for the execution of H. H. Holmes, the convicted murderer of Benjamin F. Pictel and the alleged murderer of twenty-one others, was fixed by Governor Hastings today. He names Thursday, May 7, as the day. The decision of the supreme court affirming the judgment of the lower court was received at the executive department this afternoon. The governor thought Holmes should have at least sixty days in which to prepare for death and selected the time accordingly. The death warrant was at once prepared and forwarded to Sheriff Clement at Philadelphia.

Forecast of the Weather.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—10 p. m. The weather bureau reports the following as its forecast for the next twenty-four hours: For upper Michigan: Light snow; easterly winds.

CRISPI'S MINISTRY IS OUT

King's Acceptance of Resignation Announced in the Chamber of Deputies.

CROWD IN GALLERIES BECOMES WILDLY EXCITED.

Fierce Encounters Before the Hall in Cleared by the Police—Another Day of Riots and Violent Demonstrations.

NO CESSATION OF DISORDERS.

ROME, March 5.—Premier Crispi announced the resignation of the ministry in the chamber of deputies today, adding it had been accepted by the king. Before Premier Crispi made the announcement to the chamber each of the ministers arriving in the house was loudly hooted and the opposition leaders were as energetically cheered. Eventually the people in the galleries became so excited that the police cleared them out. But this was only accomplished with a great deal of difficulty. Several arrests were made and there were a number of encounters between the people and police, the former hooting and yelling as they were driven out. Later, several thousand people met on the Piazza Colonna and after listening to a number of fiery orations, during which the African policy of the government was strongly denounced, the crowd was charged by the police and troops and the meeting dispersed.

After the adjournment of the chamber the majority of the deputies remained inside the lobbies, quarreling violently and in several instances almost coming to blows. Many members of the chamber of deputies were prepared to make inflammatory speeches at the sitting today, and there is much complaint among them at the abrupt manner in which the adjournment was had. Marquis di Ruini, ex-premier and leader of the opposition and who, it is generally believed, has been asked by King Humbert to form a new cabinet, desired to be heard by the chamber but was unceremoniously cut off.

TO IMPEACH THE CABINET.

The party on the Left has even given notice of a motion to impeach the cabinet and are in a high state of indignation at leaving the present ministry in undisputed control pending the formation of a new government.

After the sitting adjourned about one hundred and fifty deputies held a meeting, at which Signor Villa, president of the chamber of deputies, explained they were actuated in the adjournment and cutting off the debate by a desire to avert certain incidents which might further imperil the welfare of the country. As it was, deputies had expressed the indignation of the country with the policy of the government, and, as assurances had been given of a change in the ministry, this was thought to be sufficient.

Signor Bovio declared the situation in the northern part of Italy menacing in the extreme, and an uprising was threatened at Naples. Signor Villa promised to convey to King Humbert the desire expressed by the meeting that the crisis be settled as speedily as possible by the formation of a new ministry.

The utmost efforts of the police and soldiers to disperse the mob which held possession all day of the Piazza Colonna, in front of the chamber of deputies, proved futile up to 9 o'clock and at that time cries of derision and disapproval of the government, Premier Crispi and the commanders in Africa were still being pertinaciously kept up by the parading crowds.

NO CESSATION OF DISORDERS.

The excitement throughout Italy shows little signs of abatement. Police have been beaten and stoned into helplessness, soldiery has been attacked, bayonets freely used and men and women, frenzied with wrath, have thrown themselves on the naked steel of the troops. Soldiers everywhere are confined to their barracks or occupying the streets. The night is turned into day by torchlight processions, indignation meetings and riotous demonstrations in public squares and in front of government buildings. This is a summary of what has occurred in greater or less degree at Milan, Florence, Turin, Verona, Naples, Venice, Palermo, Catania and almost every other town mentioned.

Later advices from Massowah show that although the Italian rout was complete the extent of the disaster was somewhat less than rumor made it, owing to the fact the Shouas did not pursue the flying columns to Asmara. The number of killed and wounded, however, is still believed to be over 5,000.

ANOTHER COREAN SENSATION.

Premier and Other Ministers Beheld and New Cabinet Formed.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—The steamer China arrived today from Yokohama bringing news of another coup d'etat on an extensive scale at Seoul, Corea, Feb. 10. The Korean king and crown prince went into the Russian legation and formed a new government, dismissing all the former cabinet officers. Premier Kim Hong Tsuh and several other cabinet ministers known as pro-Japanese statesmen, were beheaded and their corpses dragged through the streets. The king is said to have been induced in his action through a desire to avenge the murder of the queen last October. His Tokyo papers attribute the king's action to the influence of the Russian minister.

Archbishop Kenrick's Funeral.

ST. LOUIS, March 5.—It is definitely settled the funeral of Archbishop Kenrick will take place next Wednesday. Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia will preach the funeral sermon.

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Capital.....\$150,000 Surplus Fund.....50,000

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Dealer in all grades of Shingles, Cedar Posts, Stove Wood of all lengths, Hard and Soft, Charcoal, Brick, Caltine, and Rock Plaster and Cements. Also agent for the H. O. Rose celebrated white Keweenaw Lime; each barrel guaranteed genuine that is stamped H. O. Rose, Petoskey, Mich. I also have one ten horse power horizontal boiler and engine as good as new-will sell on easy terms; also have houses for rent on Ridge and Harrison streets, North Marquette; Division and Jackson streets, South Marquette. Telephone No. 1.

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MARQUETTE, MICH., MARCH 6.

Entered as mailmatter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

"It is rumored," says the Lansing Journal, "that the Apsaist leaders are talking of organizing a boycott against the Flint & Pere Marquette railroad. They regard the last part of its name as fairly reeking with jesuitism and as embodying a direct menace to our free institutions. Congressman Linton is so worked up about it that he has been almost persuaded to send back his free pass; but of course he won't do any such thing. Like the considerate man he is, he will give the F. & P. M. company a chance to change the obnoxious part of its name before taking such a rash retaliatory step."

ABOUT the sharpest criticism that has been passed on the absurd ranting in congress over foreign questions that do not directly concern us, and that in any case we are not in a position to do anything toward settling, is what Senator Palmer of Illinois is quoted as saying the other day: "The congress of the United States," said he, "finds it an easy matter to attend to the affairs of other nations, but has shown itself utterly incompetent to deal with our domestic affairs. The grave questions of a deficiency in the public revenue and a crippled currency are pressing on us for solution, and we acknowledge our inability to master them. But we can reach out and settle the affairs of other governments with ease and dispatch."

The Republican party has always been sound on the currency question, and, as McKinley recently observed, "it can be relied upon in the future, as in the past, to supply the country with the best money ever known—gold, silver and paper—good the world over."—Menominee Herald.

If McKinley made that statement regarding our money he must have infinite faith in the ignorance of the American people. A large share of our money consists of silver dollars and paper notes based on silver dollars, and if that money is "good the world over" it is only because we are selling interest-bearing bonds right along to procure the gold with which to keep it so. We have put some two hundred millions of dollars into keeping it good within the past two years. Money that it costs us so much to keep good is mighty poor money for the country, for persistence in its issuance and its use will bankrupt us inevitably.

MASSACHUSETTS has lost an able and conscientious public man by the death of Governor Greenhalge, and the regret her loss will cause in that commonwealth will be shared in by the people of the nation at large. During his incumbency of the executive office the dead governor showed himself a man of broad mind and great capacity for public affairs. Because he refused to cater to the Apsaists in his state, who sought to force him to give a sectarian bias to his administration, he gained the enmity of that pestilent order, but the people of the state stood by him loyally in the last election and the threats of the Apsaists to defeat him for a second term only had effect in re-electing him by an increased majority. There are so many governors who could well be spared that it seems hard to lose one so well equipped for his place as Governor Greenhalge proved himself, but death selects his victims with little regard for human wishes or needs.

Bliss is spending money freely to secure the gubernatorial nomination, but it is doubtful if the people of Michigan are disposed to let the governorship be put up to be knocked down to the highest bidder this year. The Detroit News has an account of a carefully worked up "impromptu" reception that was accorded Bliss at Grand Rapids one evening this week while he was in that city fixing things up with his campaign managers. The reception was a wonderful success for a "spontaneous" affair, and after it was over a newspaper correspondent who furnishes a report of Grand Rapids happenings to a number of outside papers was sent for and was instructed to send a highly-colored account of the remarkable demonstration of regard for Bliss in that city to his papers. The governor-expectant explained to the correspondent just what he wanted, and as the latter was leaving the hotel he was followed by one of the faglers present who urged him to put it on good and thick, meanwhile inserting a folded bill in the young man's vest pocket. The correspondent's report had already been prepared and put on the wires and it was not added to, and the next mail carried this missive, with the bill enclosed.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 3. Colonel A. T. Bliss: DEAR SIR—Upon leaving you last night I met Mr. Neal McMillan in the hall, who insisted upon my acceptance of \$5, with your compliments.

It is possible you may need this money before the end of the season, and I therefore return it to you, enclosed, with thanks. I am not a \$5 man. With an experience of nearly twenty years in the newspaper business as reporter, editor and correspondent, I have always endeavored to be fair, impartial and honest, but doubtless have many times allowed friendship, policy or partisan interest to color my reports of

passing events. But I have never yet met the man who had money enough to spare to buy a single adjective more than facts or circumstances would warrant. Very truly,

A FALLACIOUS FEAR.

The Financial News of New York, in an article discussing the common apprehension of the gold standard people, that disaster would come upon the country's business interests if the gold standard should be surrendered because we should then get on a silver basis, makes this argument:

No evils would occur if we did go to a silver basis; nor would the country be on a silver-bullion basis if the treasury now paid out silver coins instead of gold ones in redeeming a part, or even all, of the government paper presented for redemption. Let us examine the matter. The gold basis, when gold has a monopoly of the right of free coinage, is a more valuable basis—a higher level—than when the yellow metal competed with the white metal at the mint. When bimetalism is restored the gold dollar itself will be a less valuable dollar than now—to the extent that the demand is taken from gold and put upon silver, thus causing a higher level for silver's value by the very cessation pro tanto of the gold demand. But until the full, free and complete demand for silver for the money use is restored—until silver can go to the mint as well and get itself coined into money (as can gold)—the present silver dollars are not silver bullion basis dollars. And the above statements are true, because the chief value of both the precious metals is for use as money; because the value of money is in the last analysis regulated by its quantity—that it is obedient to the law of supply and demand; and because the value of the bimetallic standard dollars, both of gold and silver, would lie between the present level of gold monopoly money and silver outlawed bullion. The present silver dollars are more valuable than the metal of which they are made, not as many still think, because they are redeemed in gold, for they are not so redeemed, but for the reason that their quantity is limited. Now, your gold watch is not money—you can't pay a note at bank or elsewhere with it, for a bag full of gold watches or gold rings would not discharge an obligation. Gold is only potentially money; i. e., it can be made into money if the requirements of the law are observed with respect to the fabrication of gold money. And therein lies the reason that legislation can affect the value of money, since legislation can affect the demand for any given material for the money use, and can enlarge or decrease the quantity of metals or paper made into money, and thus expand or contract the money volume.

The mints are not open to the free coinage of silver, and, therefore, the value of the silver dollar is not measured by its content of bullion at the higher value that bullion would have under free coinage, and still less is it measured by the present value of the content of silver bullion when denied free coinage; but the value of the silver dollar is measured by the demand for the quantity of dollars in existence in the country; moreover, this present dollar value is almost twice, when expressed in terms of gold, what the gold price of the dollar's content of silver bullion is when denied free coinage, as at present.

The present silver dollar's basis would be as good a basis as that of the rest of our money, other than gold, and it would be nearly as high a level as now, in the event of gold going to a premium in other money enough higher than the present slight premium to make it clear to the community that gold was at a premium.

As a matter of exact statement, gold has for years been at a premium in everything in the country of gold value. We mean that gold has risen above the general level of prices for things in general, including silver, to a premium of about 100 per cent. on the average. That is, gold has been like a balloon rising above the surface of the earth.

The evils (!) of a silver basis would be rising prices, which always stimulate production, which in turn lies at the foundation of wealth, and fosters the distribution of newly created wealth, with fully employed labor and capital low. We welcome such evils, and should, for among the evils to follow we might look for a decrease in the army of tramps and idle and half-idle people.

AFFAIRS AT L'ANSE.

A Criminal Libel Suit—Social Happenings and Personal Movements. Fred Begole of Marquette transacted business here Wednesday. Dr. Mason of Houghton is the guest of Dr. J. G. Turner for a week. Allen Reese of Houghton spent Wednesday in L'Anse on business. Lizzie Beecher left yesterday to visit her sister at Marquette for a few days. Mrs. M. Wallace gave a five o'clock tea yesterday to quite a number of her lady friends.

The libel suit of Jackman vs. Houghton was the attraction this week in Justice Seldon's court. L'Anse beer is on tap now in most of our sample rooms. It is well spoken of by judges of that beverage. Crim's orchestra will give a musicale and dance in the town hall on the 17th. It promises to be a treat in that line.

Miss Mame Schermer of Saginaw arrived here Monday evening to spend a month with her sister, Mrs. Geo. C. Jackman. L. B. Armstrong has taken charge of the Blankenhorn meat market at Baraga, having bought an interest in the business.

Will and John Haviland, Fred Hebard and Charley Brink of Pequaing were in town Monday evening attending the "stag" party given by Will Smith. Invitations are out for a "stag party" at the residence of Dr. J. G. Turner. The "stags" don't propose to let the "afternoon tea parties" have all the fun.

The ladies of the Methodist church will not hold their usual church fair this spring, they having collected by subscription the amount necessary to pay the minister's salary for the ensuing year.

The Whist club was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Jackman Tuesday evening. Mr. Harry Ingersoll and Lizzie Beecher made the largest score, sixty-six points. The club will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Albert Smith next week. Mrs. M. Kerwin of Ashland concluded a two weeks visit with her brother-in-law, James Kerwin, and family, yesterday, and left for her home on the afternoon train. Major Wm. K. Haviland and his son John returned this week from a month's vacation east. Mrs. Haviland remains in Chicago for medical treatment, her nervous system being somewhat run down. UNSTAMPED LETTERS. Every Foreign Mail Brings Twenty-Five Thousand of Them. Every large mail-carrying steamer that comes to this port from Europe brings 25,000 unstamped letters. This in itself is surprising, but the superintendent of foreign mails at the post office says that what is most surprising is that the senders are unable to pay the postage and the government here has to take the chances of collecting the postage at this end. The unpaid European mail matter when sorted on this end and labeled with "due stamps" fills from eight to ten No. 2 sacks. More than a dozen clerks are specially employed at the post office to decipher, sort and stamp these "due" letters. Letters which bear some foreign stamps, but insufficient postage, do not come under this head. Those spoken of are entirely without stamps until they are affixed here. "Is it customary for the government to take its chances on collecting postage on this end?" the superintendent was asked. "The government can do nothing about it," replied the official. "The majority of these letters come from the continent of Europe, where money is scarce. The senders may be without funds and unable to pay postage and take the risk of them reaching their destination. They have an idea that the letters will be paid for on this side by those to whom they are addressed. My experience has shown me that they guess correctly. In perhaps one case out of a hundred the addressee refuses to pay postage when the letter is delivered. You see, it is a letter from home, which may bring tidings, which, good or bad, they must know, and they invariably meet the demand that the face of the due stamp calls for. "In the majority of cases, perhaps, the unpaid letters have a begging tenor, but the addressee, even anticipating this fact, would go and pawn his or her all to get the postage money for that letter from home. Uncle Sam has a safeguard in that way. We send few, if any, letters abroad without stamps, but it is a privilege which foreigners enjoy, and which our government makes no effort to check. The habit is growing more extensive all the time. It is, I dare say, to the fact that the British government rather encourages "postage due" letters throughout the United Kingdom. That government charges double postage where a letter is posted without stamps, and this brings a handsome revenue to the government. Not having stamps handy, many Englishmen drop letters in the boxes, knowing that they will be delivered all right."—Chicago Journal.

YANKEE CLIPPER SLEDS.

The original otobarsk has for long remained sufficient for Canadian toboggers, probably because the pastime with them is hardly more than the original means of locomotion it provided for the Indians, and competition in speed was never a successful possibility. The primitive Swiss coaster was destined to a far shorter supremacy when put to the keen tests of the racing that developed. Men soon got all that was possible, in the way of speed, out of sitting on a wooden framework balanced upon flat iron bars. And Mr. L. P. Child, of New York, supplied the want by producing in the winter of 1887 an American "clipper sled," which beat every rider in Davos out of sight whether native or imported. He rode with lying headfirst on his side, steering with one moccasined foot swinging out behind, after the method familiar on the chutes of Montreal.

Owing to local prejudice and habit, this headfirst position had not penetrated to Switzerland till long after it had been well-known elsewhere. But even the introduction of the new position was not so essential an advance as was the long spring runner of Mr. Child's machine, by means of which steering was made far more accurate and easy than with the old flat runner of the schlittu. Mr. E. Cohen, another American, by winning the best race at St. Moritz, sitting on one of the new clipper sleds, proved conclusively the merits of the right machine, even when it was ridden in the wrong way, and showed that on hard ice, as well as on snow of the post roads, the new machine and methods were a great advance.

The pace has been increasing steadily each year, as the building of the run itself improved and as new methods of riding have developed. In the crack race of February, 1895, two riders, one after the other (Messrs. Bird and Gibson) did what at the time of writing is a record for the run, 71 seconds for the measured three-quarters of a mile. Although this means an average speed over the whole course, that on a straight run would be by no means extraordinary, yet when such difficult turns as Battledore or the church leap are taken into consideration, it becomes an astonishing performance. Down certain straight parts of the course men have been timed to be traveling at the rate of a mile in one and one-fifth minutes; and a little nearer to the finish the pace is certainly well over 60 miles an hour. These last 400 or 500 yards are purposefully built to give that variety of riding which is necessitated by great speed without hard corners as a contrast to the steering difficulties on the curves above; a variety in which body balance and great delicacy of touch are the all-important factors of success.—Scribner's Magazine.

USEFUL GOWNS.

Warm and Pleasant Garments for the Winter Season. Woollens of wide diagonals so lightly woven that they are not heavy, yet are of pure, soft wool that makes them warm and pleasant to the touch, are chosen for useful winter gowns. There are so many ways of brightening up black gowns this season that almost everyone chooses these wool gowns in black. When made for a woman of 40 or 50 years they are very well set up by a vest of gathered taffeta, the ground of the silk black, the flowers pluri-colored clover, or roses, or petunias blurred and softened in the weaving. The waist is a short fitted coat in the back and on the sides, with slight fullness plaited in each seam at the belt line, and the open fronts are pointed, then turned back in revers of the wool stitched only once along the edge. There are two stocks, one matching the vest, one of black satin ribbon with a large bow in the back. The sleeves droop from the top to the elbow, and have narrow cuffs turned back and faced with the taffeta or satin, as one chooses. The full skirt is untrimmied.

COMMUNICABILITY OF CANCER.

Its Possibility Not Proved—Conclusion Reached by a Medical Writer. An interesting article on the alleged communicability of cancer of malignant growth appears in the Medical Record. It says, in part: From the time that the malignancy of cancer was recognized, the question of communicability has borne the brunt of the most earnest investigation, and the hope of its solution has stimulated the most ingenious experimentation of earnest investigators. The results of all such studies have been entirely negative. There are no proofs of which we have any knowledge that cancer has ever been directly or indirectly propagated from one human being to another. It is true that there is published an occasional case in which there would appear on superficial examination to be a direct relation between cause and effect, but when such are critically examined the theory of propagation vanishes in face of a conscientiously critical analysis. At best they are coincidental circumstances following the general law of accidents. Experiments in the lower animals have thus far amounted to nothing, and practically we are as much in the dark regarding the true etiology of cancer and its real methods of dissemination as ever.

USE IT IN TIME.

Catarrh starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat, and is in fact, the great enemy of the mucous membrane. Neglected colds in the head almost invariably precede catarrh, causing an excessive flow of mucus, and if the mucous discharge becomes interrupted the disagreeable results of catarrh will follow, such as hoarse breath, severe pain across forehead and about the eyes, a ringing and buzzing sound in the ears and oftentimes a very offensive discharge. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for these troubles.

WINTER TOURS TO THE BERMUDAS, 1895-1896.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry. have made arrangements whereby they can book winter tourists from any of their stations to the Bermudas at the very low rate of \$50.00 for the round trip. Tickets being good for six months from date of issue. The route is via the direct line to New York by way of Sault Ste. Marie and Montreal, thence via the well known steamers Trinidad and Orleans of the Quebec Steamship Company. This delightful winter excursion trip to Bermuda has no equal. A passenger can leave Marquette on Monday reaching New York Tuesday night; leave New York Wednesday morning and be in the Bermudas Friday. In that short time he effects the wonderful change from a Lake Superior winter to the balmy climate of an island of the southern seas famed for its scenery.

First class accommodation can be secured at the principal hotels at rates from \$2.00 to \$5.00 per day and at the leading boarding house at from \$10.00 to \$14.00 per week. For further particulars of the journey and descriptive matter of the Bermudas, apply to the General Passenger Department of the D. S. & A. Ry., Marquette, Mich.

They Surprised the Swiss by Breaking All Records.

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Weak, Tired, Nervous

"I was feeling as miserable as any one could feel, tired all the time, many times unable to go out on the street even after I had started. If I went up one flight of stairs I felt as though I should fall. I had palpitation of the heart and suffered greatly with catarrh of the head and throat. I finally decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and soon felt better. I used the third bottle and I then felt like a different person. I hope others in ill health will do as I did. If you take Hood's Sarsaparilla and use it faithfully I am sure you will be benefited. I have also found Hood's Pills to be of great benefit and I highly recommend them." Miss JESSIE FREMONT, Saddle River, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

Established in 1870 Successor to Hager & Johnson CHARLES A. HAGER. FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND Practural Embalmer. 118 South Front St. Next Call—Telephone G. W. Hager's residence. REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank OF MARQUETTE, At Marquette, in the state of Michigan, at the close of business, February 25th, 1896.

Table with columns for Assets and Liabilities. Assets include Loans and discounts, Overdrafts, U.S. bonds, etc. Liabilities include Capital stock, Surplus fund, etc.

Illinois Central R. R.

In connection with the Southern Pacific Co., will, on and after the night of October 29, 1895, run from Chicago a Pullman BUFFET EVERY Tuesday and SLEEPER EVERY Saturday nights to connect direct at New Orleans with the Southern Pacific's fast, solid vestibule train, the "Sunset Limited," for Los Angeles and San Francisco. On these cars for

CALIFORNIA VIA NEW ORLEANS

THROUGH RESERVATIONS Chicago to the Pacific Coast can be made. In addition, on and after the night of Wednesday, October 30, 1895, there will be run a Pullman Tourist Sleeper EVERY Wednesday Night

CITY OF MEXICO

Via New Orleans, via the Illinois Central and the Southern Pacific Railroads. TICKET RATES AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE. Ask for Special California Folder of I. C. R. R. They, as well as tickets and full information as to rates and special train time can be had of agents of the Central Route and connecting lines, or by addressing A. H. HANCOCK, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Chicago (11-5-9m)

REFRESHING - PURE - NOURISHING.

Our Beer is brewed of the best hops and malts, without adulterants of any nature by a graduate of the Chicago Brewing Academy.

The Best Technical and Practical Skill, Long Experience as Brewers.

PHIL. SCHEUERMAN BREWING CO. Hancock, Mich.



Highest Grade. The best is the Cheapest.

Spring Goods Have Arrived.

I am well prepared to show my customers and others some of the finest cloths for Spring and Summer Suits and Overcoats.

AUGUST PELTO, Merchant Tailor, Hancock, Mich.



Dealer in Furniture and Undertaker. Special attention given to fine repairing and cabinet work.

F. W. READ & CO., * LUMBER.

Mills at Eagle Mills and Michigamme. Manufacturers of ROUGH and DRESSED PINE.

28TH. ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE MICHIGAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF DETROIT, MICH., For the Year Ending December 31st, 1895.

Table with columns for REVENUE ACCOUNT, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, and POLICY ACCOUNT, listing various financial figures.

Directors: O. R. LOOKER, President; JAMES H. CUMMINS, Secretary; C. A. KENT, 1st Vice-President; G. W. SANDERS, Actuary; HOYT POST, 2nd Vice-President; C. A. DEVENDORF, M.D., Med. Director.

Copper Country Department

Communications for this Department should be addressed to C. A. FOSS, Houghton, Mich.

SOMETHING MAY DROP SOON.

Latest Developments in Proposed Operation of Portage Lake Mines.

Straws, they say, tell which way the wind blows, and so it may be that some of the little things that are now constantly coming to light in connection with the mining properties entering into the Leopold option may serve to indicate something of the trend that is being taken by this affair in its long-hoped-for consummation.

For instance, on Monday afternoon Thomas Stratton and Theodore Siblewski of Hurontown, it is said, were sent down into the Huron mine to make an examination of the general conditions there. It was expected that they would find the mine filled with a great quantity of water, but it is stated upon good authority that their investigations showed only about three hundred feet of water there.

Then, again, it is a significant fact that the Isle Royal people this week deposited with the county treasurer the taxes on their property for 1894, in all amounting to about \$1,000. The taxes on the Portage property have been kept up pretty regularly, but the Huron people are away behind with their taxes, nothing having been paid on the property since 1890, so that now the sum due amounts to something like \$9,000.

Concerning any of the terms of that option but little is known. While the cash value is placed at \$120,000, which is likely pretty close, even this is only an approximate estimate. From the holders of one of the properties entering into the deal it has been learned that the time of Mr. Leopold's option has been limited to three months, expiring on the eighth day of June.

Mr. Nathan Leopold, the holder of the option, arrived at the Douglass House, direct from Chicago, yesterday afternoon. To THE MINING JOURNAL representative he said: "Yes, I am up here on some details connected with this business, but at the present time I really am not at liberty to give out any authentic information, for the simple reason that things are not yet in shape for me to do so."

"You may say this for me," replied Mr. Leopold, promptly, "that this is not an Atlantic deal, nor never will be. No more than it will be a Calumet & Hecla, a Quincy or a Franklin deal."

"I suppose one is to understand by that, then, that these properties will be worked by outside people?" "Yes, sir—by an entirely independent company, working in conjunction with those who are interested at this end. The moment an agreement of a certain nature can be made between the local interests of these properties and those outside parties, there is capital ready to come over here from across the water, and I will add that there is enough of it so that when the work is once started there will never be a call for more from the pockets of stockholders. I may add, however, that since looking over the ground my ideas as to the amount of capital required have undergone considerable modification and I now see that it will require far more than we had at first anticipated."

TO CURE FINANCIAL ILLS.

Mr. Cleves on Track of a Remedy—More Trouble at Foundry. Trouble, trouble and more trouble seems to be the regular bill-of-fare for the establishment of S. E. Cleves & Son these days.

It was stated to THE MINING JOURNAL representative yesterday by one of the heaviest creditors of the foundry that Mr. Cleves, Sr., is at present making a vigorous effort to get through a deal which will lift his establishment out of its financial difficulties and place it firmly on its feet once more.

Since the institution is a private concern, and not a corporation, its affairs cannot be placed in the hands of a receiver, as many seem to think. The only legal action which could be taken by the creditors would simply be to foreclose their respective mortgages and this, it is understood, none of them desire to do, for the reason that the closing down of the works, incident upon such a step, would seriously injure the business and result disastrously to themselves.

in the country and plenty of work to do, it seems strange that its owners should have gotten into such tight straits.

Clayton Taking It Easy.

Clayton, in popular sentiment and belief the murderer of his little girl, is passing the days of his sentence for disorderly conduct and carrying concealed weapons quietly at the county jail. Sheriff Dunn has recently had him removed from his isolated position in one of the upper cells to the ground floor of the bastille, where, in the society of other prisoners, Clayton seems to be enjoying himself immensely.

Not Sunday School Boys.

John Jackola and Charlie Forslen are a couple of young Finlanders who soaked their hides with strong drink, Wednesday night, and then ran amuck through the streets of Hancock looking for trouble and creating the impression generally that they were bad, bad men from Toughtown. They were rounded up by the marshal and brought before Judge Finn yesterday morning.

That Caucus at Lake Linden.

And now it is claimed that the report of the second caucus at Lake Linden given to THE MINING JOURNAL Tuesday emanated from a malicious source and willfully distorted facts. It is said that the meeting took place in a little upstairs room Tuesday morning; that only eight voters were present, and that the entire town is laughing over the spurge they attempted to make. It is also stated that, assertions to the contrary, the French element was well represented at the first caucus and that the ticket put up is entirely satisfactory to the most of them.

Building & Loan Officers.

The directors elected (for three years) at the recent annual meeting of the Northern Michigan Building & Loan association are as follows: William Harry, D. T. Macdonald, C. D. Hanchette, William Calyford and Charles Smith. The directors have organized as follows: President, J. R. Cooper; first vice president, S. B. Harris; second vice president, F. A. Douglass; treasurer, William Congdon; secretary and attorney, C. D. Hanchette. Messrs. Smith and H. L. Baer, together with the president, constitute the finance committee.

Masquerade at Atlantic Rink.

The masquerade carnival at the new Atlantic rink tomorrow night promises to be one of the jolliest affairs of the season. Quite a number of young people expect to drive over from Houghton, and as no one but maskers are to be allowed on the ice it is likely that the occasion will present the greatest aggregation of unique costumes seen here for a long time.

Miscellaneous Jottings.

Mrs. Jake Reuther, wife of one of the foremen of machinery at the Hecla location, dropped dead yesterday morning of heart disease.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Douglass of Houghton are now at Weisbaden, Ind., where Mr. Douglass is taking the mud baths for the benefit of his health.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than at other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

DO - T

Suffer with piles when you can be cured easily, quickly and permanently. Ask your druggist for a box of Gen. Pile Treatment, a guaranteed cure. Take the treatment according to directions and you will surely be cured. For sale in the copper region by F. W. Kroll, Houghton; J. P. Mason, A. J. Scott, Hancock; Geo. Nichols, Dr. Gallagher's Drug Store, D. T. Macdonald, Red Jacket. Fichtel & Rupprecht, Sorensen & Sodergren, Nickander & Rovivapala, Red Jacket. Temarack store, Edward Ryan, T. Belhumeur, Lake Linden. S. T. Harris & Co., F. G. Weismauer, A. F. Gallipeau, N. Reding, South Lake Linden. J. Vroman, Jr. & Co., Opechee. Haas & Schulte, Dollar Bay.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

SENSIBLE SUGGESTIONS.

Regarding the Proper Treatment of the Skin of the Face.

A physician who has made a specialty of the study of affections of the skin in conversation with a patient the other day made some statements that would be more useful as beauty hints than all of the theories and notions ever put forth by dealers in cosmetics and complexion specialties.

"It is a very great mistake," he said, "to suppose that most of the blemishes and spots that disgrace faces are attributable to disorders of the blood or constitutional troubles. Nine-tenths of these annoyances arise from outside irritations. The secret of a good complexion is absolute cleanliness. People get heated and in a perspiration, and the pores of the skin open; then the face is wiped off with a sleeve, perhaps, or the corner of an apron or a handkerchief that may be covered with dust or disease germs of all sorts. It is a fact not generally understood that a handkerchief used by any person suffering with throat troubles or a lung disease of any kind should never be applied to the face when it is heated or damp from perspiration.

"Our knowledge of disease germs is as yet in its infancy, but we know quite enough to warn us that a microbe from a diseased throat or lungs might find a lodging place in an open pore of the skin and create an irritation and cause pimples and eruptions, disfiguring and uncomfortable.

"One of the surest ways to preserve the complexion is to wash the face thoroughly, and, before drying it, rub into a mixture of equal parts of glycerine and listerine. Listerine is distinctly a germ destroyer, and glycerine acts as a guard and coating to keep out intruders. The little eruptions and pimples that come on the face are spread by contagion, or, perhaps, more properly speaking, by inoculation. It is frequently the case that they are carried from one part of the face to another by the hands. There is a feeling of annoyance, a slight itching maybe, and with the finger-nail one simply removes a portion of the colony of germs that have settled at this point. A moment later some other part of the face may be touched, and, if a pore is in the right condition, the germs attached to the finger-nails are left there, and a flourishing tribe is the immediate result. There are constitutions so strong and in such a healthful condition that nothing will flourish on the surface of the skin. The system has the power to resist and throw off all accumulations of this kind. The subject simply stands in this way, that if the individual is in excellent health these germs will not live, even though they may find a resting place on the surface.

"It is a fact understood by everyone that delicate animals and children are a prey to parasites, whereas healthy ones may not be annoyed at all. Constant attention to the condition of the skin and absolute cleanliness are, therefore, the best cosmetics. When, however, this form of bacteria has found a lodgment in the skin, nothing remains but external treatment. All the medicines in the world may be powerless to exterminate them. Eruptions that have come to a head should be opened with a very sharp knife or needle, the contents pressed out and the surface thoroughly washed with castile soap and a soft brush, then a treatment of listerine and glycerine is one of the best applications. It must be borne in mind, and cannot be too strongly emphasized, that glycerine should never be put on a dry skin. Rub the skin thoroughly with a damp cloth, then immediately apply the lotion.

"Pimples and eruptions, as a rule, curable by continued and persistent application of dioxide of hydrogen. This preparation, diluted about half, and rubbed into the face, especially the irritated spots, is a most excellent remedy. If this course were carefully followed, there would be very little trouble about blackheads, pimples and other unsightly appearances on the face."

"I don't want none in mine," returned the westerner, quickly. "Why, the claim is made that it's a great improvement and makes it possible for more people to play," persisted the sociable man. "You see they add an 11-spot and a 12-spot to each suit."

NOT TO HIS LIKING.

The Western Man Whose Experience Was Against Extra Cards.

"I see that they are making poker packs with some additional cards in them," said the sociable man, as he laid aside his newspaper.

"I don't want none in mine," returned the westerner, quickly.

"Why, the claim is made that it's a great improvement and makes it possible for more people to play," persisted the sociable man. "You see they add an 11-spot and a 12-spot to each suit."

"Well, I s'pose there ain't no law again their doin' it, but you kin count me out when it comes to addin' any cards to a poker pack."

"Why? Did you ever play with such a pack?" asked the sociable man.

"Not on your life," replied the westerner.

"Then how do you know that it may not work first rate?"

"Oh, it may work badly, stranger, an' then agin, it may not. I heerd about a feller one who made it work, but it ain't in my line."

"Did you ever know anyone who played with such a pack?"

"Meanin' a pack with extra cards in it?" asked the westerner, as if to make sure that he did not misunderstand the question.

"Yes."

"I knowed one."

"What did he say of the plan?" "He didn't say nothin' at all, stranger. He heerd he had no time, for the first shot was fatal. He had an extra ace, an' he wnat' asked for no explanations."—Chicago Post.

Sad Fate of Bad Boys. "Johnnie," said old Mrs. Chaffie, "do you know what becomes of little boys who misbehave, and curse and swear and go on?" "I reckon they become aldermen," replied the graceless youth.—Dallas (Tex.) Sifter.

HOTELS.

Summit House,

MARQUETTE, MICH. One block from the South Shore railway depot. Is the best \$1 and \$1.50 per day hotel in the city.

GOOD ROOMS AND FIRST CLASS MEALS.

Every attention given our guests. Most conveniently located hotel in town. Stop With Us.

DAN CURRIE, Proprietor.

CHAPPELL HOUSE,

BARAGA, MICH. John J. McWilliams, Prop. This house is well located and adapted to all classes. First-class table. Bath rooms Barber shop and sample room in connection. Rates, \$2.00 per day. Your patronage solicited.

New Lloyd House.

JOHN R. THOMAS, PROP. All modern conveniences, good sample rooms; Rates, \$2.00 per day.

THE CASINO.

A high-class pleasure resort. Private accommodations for public or private dancing parties. Hall, music and prompter to be had on short notice. Billiard rooms, ball room, cafe and pleasure garden; fine automatic grand piano. No disreputable characters allowed on the premises under any circumstances.

E. LE BOEUF, Prop.

DoHar Bay, Mich.

"Hotel Mupising."

MURRISING, MICH. I have opened the first hotel at the new town of Mupising and am prepared to accommodate the general public. Special attention to commercial travelers. Charges moderate. Trunks moved for 25c the round trip. GIVE US A CALL.

E. W. P. Weiss, Prop.

(1-21-3m)

MICHIGAN MINING SCHOOL.

A HIGH GRADE STATE TECHNICAL school. Elective System. Gives instruction in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Mining Engineering, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Assaying, Metallurgy, Drawing, Shop Practice, Testing Materials, Designing, Surveying, Mine Management and Accounts. Ore Dressing, Mineralogy, Petrography and Geology. Summer work. Instruction practical. Laboratories, shops and mill well equipped. For catalogue and information write to Dr. M. E. Wadsworth, Director, Houghton, Michigan.

HUMPHREYS'

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil as a CURATIVE and HEALING APPLICATION. It has been used 40 years and always affords relief and always gives satisfaction.

It Cures PILES or HEMORRHOIDS, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It Cures BURNS, Scalds and Ulceration and Contractions from Burns. Relief instant.

It Cures TORN, Cut and Lacerated Wounds and Bruises.

It Cures BOILS, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald Head. It is infallible.

It Cures INFLAMED or CAKED BREASTS and Sore Nipples. It is invaluable.

It Cures SALT RHEUM, Tetter, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils, Corns and Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 112 & 243 William St., New York.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

FOR SALE,

White Pine & Norway Timber.

ALSO

Hardwood, Farming and Mineral Lands.

J. CONNOLLY, Administrator

Marquette, Mich. (7-24-1f)

Mineral Range R. R.

Hancock & Calumet R. R. Change of time in effect SUNDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1895.

Table with columns for train names and times: Lv Red Jacket, Ar Hancock, Ar Houghton, Lv Houghton, Ar Hancock, Ar Red Jacket, Lv Lake Linden, Ar Hancock, Ar Lake Linden.

Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, including words like 'VVOUS', 'any one', 'times', 'after', 'light of', 'fall', 'I', 'suffered', 'and', 'Hood's', 'I used', 'like', 'in ill', 'to take', 'thoroughly', 'I have', 'of great', 'them', 'er, N. J.', 'rilla', 'ffier', 'day', '5c.', 'DONOR', 'TOR', 'mer.', 'esidence.', 'ION', 'Bank', 'Michigan, at', 'b, 1896.', '524,156 29', '122 78', '137,500 00', '14,100 00', '3,008 00', '63,234 00', '1,271 00', '9,060 00', '194,894 49', '36 00', '36 00', '63,125 83', '6,187 50', '897,620 68', '150,000 00', '50,000 00', '6,197 87', '124,705 00', '8,137 21', '25,600 43', '632,980 47', '897,620 68', 'the above', 'of the best of my', 'Cashier', 'to me this', 'CRAY', 'ry Public', 'Directors', 'R. R.', 'Pacific Co.', 'Orleans, on', 'Friday and', 'Saturday', 'New Orleans', 'solid vest', 'for Loss', 'these cars for', 'IA', 'Chicago to the', 'addition, on', 'ay, October', 'man', 'Wednesday', 'Night', 'E. from Chi-', 'Orleans, by', 'double-berth', 'trains winter', 'with winter', 'altitudes, a', 'severe cold', 'to ME', 'EXICO', 'Central and', 'Ticket', 'OTHER ROUTE', 'der of I. O.', 'and full in-', 'al train time', 'entral Route', 'resing', 'ent, Chicago

FURY OF A SPANISH MOB.

United States Consulate at Valencia Is Attacked and Many Windows Are Broken.

RIOTERS ARE DISPERSED BY POLICE AND MILITARY.

Ship Owners Offer to Equip Privateers to Pray on American Commerce—Spain to Buy More Warships.

DEMONSTRATIONS ARE RENEWED VALENCIA, March 5.—The disorders were prevalent here when the news was first received of the action of the United States senate on the Cuban question broke out afresh today, and there were renewed demonstrations of hostility to the United States.

The university here had been closed under orders from the government, as it was feared the students' meetings would be hotbed for the spreading of disorders. But this measure proved unavailing and the police were kept busy dispersing gatherings of students all day.

A mob gathered before the building before the police were aware of what was occurring, and stones began to fly, with the result that many windows were broken. The crowd was cheered on by its sympathizers, but the police charged the rioters and the mob dispersed.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The late hour at which the report of the disorder today in Valencia was received made it impossible to learn whether any official information had been received here in regard to the trouble. The attack will no doubt create renewed indignation in congressional affairs, and may have effect on hastening the action on the Cuban resolutions.

SPAIN TO BUY MORE CRUISERS. BARCELONA, March 5.—The universities here and at Valencia and Granada have been closed in order to prevent the students from making demonstrations against the United States.

MADRID, March 4.—Numerous groups of students, armed with cudgels, took part in a "patriotic meeting" in the park today. A strong force of police, mounted and on foot, dispersed them. Police are guarding the university, veterinary college and medical college.

According to a statement in El Dia (newspaper) Senor de Lome, the Spanish minister at Washington, has telegraphed to the government that President Cleveland will refuse, as long as he is president, either to recognize the rebels or intervene in the Cuban question.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—From a source of accuracy which cannot be questioned the report Minister De Lome is alleged to have telegraphed his views on the Cuban question, can safely be denied. Statements of similar nature have heretofore been published. The foundation for the statement probably arose from an interview with Senor de Lome which was quite extensively published in this country and portions of which no doubt found their way to Madrid.

SPANISH KING BURNED IN EFFIGY. PRINCETON, N. J., March 5.—Undergraduates of Princeton college tonight burned in effigy the king of Spain in a demonstration in which several hundred took part. The king of Spain was dragged through the main street and later torn to pieces in the centre of the campus.

SCORED THE NEWSPAPERS. Rev. Dr. Brown Thinks He Is Not Getting a Fair Show.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—Dr. Brown was on the witness stand in his own behalf this afternoon. He prefaced his testimony by scoring the newspapers on the ground that an effort had been made to prejudice the community against him. He charged that the reporters had suppressed all testimony favorable to him and had misquoted his utterances.

called to the First Congregational church of San Francisco in 1892, and stated he was introduced to Mrs. Stockton by Mrs. Cooper. Directly questioned, he stated he had never sustained improper relations with Mrs. Stockton.

LETTER FROM CLARA BARTON.

Porte's Assurances of Protection Means Success of Red Cross Efforts. NEW YORK, March 4.—A letter just received by a member of the American National Red Cross from Miss Clara Barton, dated Constantinople, Feb. 19, tells of the journey of the Red Cross party, which sailed from here Jan. 22, and also contains the following:

"A cablegram sent by Minister Terrell yesterday to Secretary Olney, and which has just been made public, was the outcome of a call upon the sublime porte, in the person of its minister for foreign affairs, which was in every way as agreeable, cordial and satisfactory as it could have been made in any country. Not only was the fullest permission given for our entrance into Armenia, but an active and generous effort displayed toward making our endeavors, journeys, etc., as safe, pleasant and easy as possible, and also productive of as beneficial results as could be wished for.

"Mr. Terrell is very much gratified and seems happy over our success, to which the state department and he contributed so largely. As soon as the outfit can be made and the passage secured our men will start for the desolated regions. It is hoped the massacres are over, but it is, of course, uncertain. The general feeling is, Russia has said 'Enough.'"

The cablegram to which Miss Barton refers in the above was the message cabled by Minister Terrell Feb. 18 saying the Red Cross had been admitted and guaranteed protection.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Secretary Olney today received a cablegram from Minister Terrell at Constantinople stating that no general massacres had occurred in two months and much confidence was felt that they had ceased.

CORBETT VS. FITZSIMMONS. The Terms for Proposed Fight Before the National Sporting Club.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The articles of agreement for the proposed fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons before the National Sporting club of London have been received by Richard K. Fox, who is authorized to sign the men, receive the deposits and arrange all details. The terms are that the men shall box twenty (or more) rounds at catch weights with four-ounce gloves for the heavy weight championship, the Police Gazette champion belt and a purse of \$2,000. A forfeit deposit of \$200 will be required from each contestant. The contest is to take place in the month of June, 1896.

Fitzsimmons on being shown the articles of agreement said he would not accept them under the existing circumstances.

CHICAGO, March 5.—A copy of the articles of agreement of the National Sporting club were shown James J. Corbett tonight, and he said he would sign them. He declared he would fight Fitzsimmons anywhere on the earth, under any conditions or at any time.

BOYLE DECLARED NOMINEE.

Kentucky Republicans Will Support the Louisville Man for Senator.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 5.—The Republican joint caucus met tonight and by an agreement between Senator Depee and Judge Holt, Hon. John Boyle of Louisville was declared the Republican nominee for United States senator by acclamation.

DEMOCRATS SOLID FOR BLACKBURN. The Democrats tonight held a joint caucus to hear the petition of the "sound money" Democrats for the withdrawal of Blackburn. Twenty-nine "sound money" Democrats, including twenty signers to the petition, were present at the caucus, as was also Blackburn. He said he was the caucus nominee and only the caucus could remove him. The caucus adopted stirring resolutions in support of Blackburn and adjourned, determined to support him to the end.

Senator Gear Not Guilty.

COLUMBUS, O., March 5.—The jury returned a verdict of not guilty tonight in the case of Senator Gear of Upper Sandusky, charged with soliciting a bribe from ex-Senator Charles Flummerfelt. This was the first of the alleged bribery trials.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce. CHICAGO, March 5.—The leading grain futures ranged as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Opened, High, Low, Closed. Rows for Wheat, May; Corn, May.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, steady, unchanged. Wheat, steady; No. 2 spring, 65 1/2c; No. 2 red, 69 1/2c; No. 2 white, 82 1/2c; No. 3 white, 80 1/2c.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 6,000 bbls.; wheat, 36,000 bu.; corn, 298,000 bu.; oats, 321,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 8,000 bbls.; wheat, 90,000 bu.; corn, 73,000 bu.; oats, 238,000 bu.

METAL PRICES.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Pig iron, quiet; Southern, \$11.25@13.25; Northern, \$11.50@13.50.

Copper, easy; brokers' price, 11c; exchange price, 11.00c.

COPPER STOCKS.

BOSTON, March 5.—The following closing prices of copper mining stocks were reported by F. W. Prescott & Co., Ames building, Boston.

DESOLATED BY INSURGENTS.

Rich Tobacco District of Finar del Rio Transformed Into a Howling Wilderness.

WHOLE TOWNS PUT TO TORCH AND REDUCED TO ASHES.

Inhabitants of Thirteen Villages Are Wandering Helpless Over the Country, Many of Them in a Starving Condition.

APPALLING STATE OF AFFAIRS.

HAVANA, March 5.—The re-opening of telegraphic communication with the region of Finar del Rio brings the first detailed information of affairs in that province for several weeks. The condition of affairs as disclosed is a little less than appalling. The rich Vuelto Abajo tobacco district seems to have been put to the torch and apparently reduced to a howling and desolate wilderness. Whole towns have been obliterated and reduced to a heap of ashes, and the inhabitants are wandering helpless over the face of the country without a place to lay their heads or the wherewithal to be clothed, and many of them are starving.

Up to date the insurgents have burned thirteen villages and towns in this province. Among them are several important places, including San Juan de Martinez. The tobacco from this town is famous the world over for its matchless flavor. In addition, they have burned many tobacco houses and also an extensive sugar estate at Guacama, with its splendid factories and buildings.

REPORTED CUBAN DEFEATS. It is reported that in an engagement which General Canibal had with the insurgents at Mamei today the latter incurred a loss of sixty-three killed and 152 wounded.

Seven hundred insurgents had a battle with Spanish troops near Holguin, province of Santiago de Cuba. The insurgents were finally forced to retire, leaving twenty-five killed and many wounded. The troops lost one lieutenant killed and seven guerrillas wounded.

EJECTMENT SUITS INSTITUTED.

Wisconsin Central After Certain Lands Now Held by Homesteaders.

ASHLAND, Wis., March 5.—Fifty-one ejectment suits were begun today by the Wisconsin Central receivers against homesteaders. The plaintiff alleges that by a decree in the federal courts of Wisconsin it is empowered to take possession of the lands, and that it is unlawfully kept from possession. The receiver demands \$2,000 damages of each defendant. The suits are for runners of several hundred to be instituted. In the other cases nominal damages are asked.

Small-Pox Raging in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 5.—The state board of health today received the following telegram from Duquoin: "Several new cases of small-pox have appeared here. Mayor Dunn has the disease, and he is in the pest house." Twenty-six cases are now confined in the pest house there. Telegrams have been received from Benton, Pincneyville and other adjacent towns requesting a quarantine against Duquoin, all of which were refused by Dr. Scott, secretary of the state board of health.

Jamieson May Succeed Campbell.

CHICAGO, March 5.—A call has been issued for a meeting of the Republican state committee, to be held March 9, to choose a successor to the late W. J. Campbell as Illinois member of the Republican national committee. While no one has yet been determined upon, it is the general opinion among local Republican leaders that Dr. T. N. Jamieson, chairman of the Republican state central committee, will be chosen to fill the vacancy.

Will Appeal from Decision.

MILWAUKEE, March 5.—Attorneys for the Farmers' Loan & Trust company say they will appeal from Judge Gilbert's decision to the United States court of appeals for the Ninth judicial circuit. They claim the latest middle in the Northern Pacific matter is a result of the refusal of the Ives people to submit any specific questions to the supreme court justices. The result was an order framed in general terms.

Murdered by Tramps?

FOND DU LAC, Wis., March 5.—A cold-blooded murder occurred last evening at a farm house four miles southeast of this city. The victim was Fred Messner, whose body was found in the barn with his skull crushed. Tramps are suspected. The victim was a prominent citizen and well-known in Fond du Lac and Winnebago counties.

In Interest of Gold Bugs.

NEW YORK, March 5.—At a meeting of the chamber of commerce today there was adopted an appeal to commercial bodies and business men throughout the United States to use their influence to secure the selection only of such delegates to both national conventions who favor the present gold standard.

Pioneer of Wisconsin Dies.

RIPON, Wis., March 5.—A. Miller, vice president of the First National bank on Ripon, died today, aged seventy-three. He leaves an estate worth over a million dollars. He was a pioneer of the state.

Seventy-One Bodies Recovered.

BERLIN, March 5.—Seventy-one bodies, victims of the Cleophar coal mine disaster at Catoowitz, have been brought to surface. It is believed fifty are still unaccounted for.

Lumber Dealers Choose Officers.

SAGINAW, Mich., March 5.—At today's session of the National Wholesale Lumber Dealers' association the following officers were elected: President, Colonel

Charles M. Betts, Philadelphia; vice president, J. M. Skatchard, Buffalo; treasurer, A. C. Tuxbury, North Tonawanda; secretary, H. M. Clark, New York.

Dies at the Age of 119 Years.

DUBUQUE, Ia., March 5.—Christian Conrad of Delaware county, aged 119 years, is dead. He had been a noted character in Iowa life for many years and up to lately was comparatively well and strong. At his last birthday he predicted he would not live the year out. He was by all odds the oldest man in Iowa and had been a frequent subject for newspaper biographies.

To Manufacture Patent Medicines.

JANESVILLE, Wis., March 5.—Wisconsin druggists have formed the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical company, with \$20,000 capital, and will hereafter manufacture all the proprietary and veterinary medicines sold in the state. C. Widel of Milwaukee is president and F. B. Heimstreet of Janesville, secretary.

Normal School Burns.

STANBERRY, Mo., March 4.—The Northwestern Normal school, with an enrollment of 400 students from almost every state in the Union, burned today. Loss, \$80,000. The students all escaped unhurt.

A Successful Failure.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., March 5.—McDonald & Watt, wholesale grocers, assigned today. Liabilities, \$80,000 to \$100,000; assets, \$70,000.

A GOOD POCKETBOOK STORY.

The Strange Way in Which a Stranger in Hartford Recovered His Money.

A gentleman from Philadelphia who had been in Hartford for several days on business lost his pocketbook containing \$73 a few evenings ago. He made diligent inquiries for it at places where he had been, including the opera house cafe, where he had taken some of his meals. Mr. Barby, the manager, said that the pocketbook had not been found there, and added that if any of the waiters had found it, it would have been handed over to him. He called all the waiters up, and all of them said they had not seen it. The gentleman went out and walked down Main street. Behind him he heard two men talking.

"Let's drop in the City hotel, and have a drink," said one. The other inquired where the City hotel was, and his companion said it was a little way down the street.

"All right," said the other, "but have the drink with me. Last night I had nothing, and to-night I have \$73." The fact that the amount named was exactly the amount the Philadelphia man had lost attracted his notice, and he turned around to see who was talking. He recognized the speaker as a man he had known in Philadelphia. Stepping aside, he let the two pass, and followed them into the City hotel barroom. Stepping up to the man who said he had \$73, he said:

"You have my pocketbook, and you must hand it over. It is a little red book and contains \$73 and a ten dollar confederate bill."

The man indignantly denied having it, and asked his accuser who he was that he should dare make such a charge. "I'll tell you who I am," he replied, "and I'll tell you who you are. We were employed once in the Philadelphia post office, and I arrested you for stealing and selling stamps. Now hand over the pocketbook, or it will go hard with you."

The fellow recognized his accuser, and at once took the book out of his pocket and returned it to the owner, none of its contents having been disturbed.

VERY GLAD OF IT.

Pardonable Satisfaction of an Officer Over a Woman's Misfortune.

A good story of a military officer is told in the New York Times. It appears that in the crush at the diplomatic reception at the white house he was pushed violently against a formidable looking woman. She glared at him for an instant, and then said, in a menacing way: "Be good enough to give me more room."

"Pardon me, madam, but I cannot," answered the officer.

Whereupon the lady detached a long pin from her bodice and plunged it into the arm of the man. He braced himself and did not wince; and she drove it in again. After repeated attacks she remarked:

"I don't believe you can help it, after all, or you wouldn't allow yourself to be pricked in this way."

"I told you, I believe, that I couldn't help myself," answered the officer. Later in the evening, when the officer was in the east room, the same lady made her way through the crowd and spoke to her enemy:

"It was a diamond pin, and I have lost it."

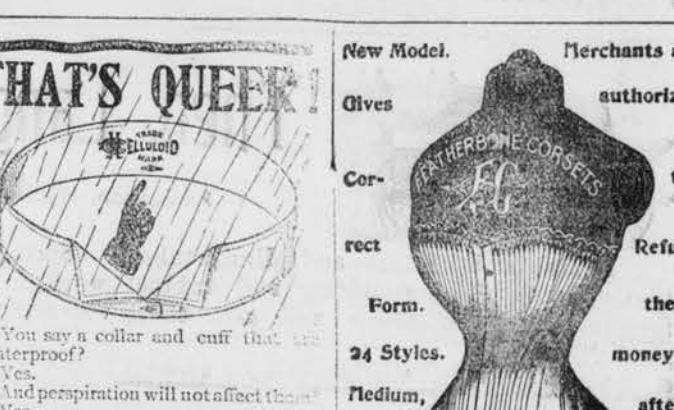
The officer bowed very low and said: "Allow me to say, madam, that I am very glad of it."

A Hint to the Reader.

At a certain English church a pair of spectacles were recently put on the offertory plate. The church warden courteously handed them back, supposing them to have been put there in absence of mind, but the donor again deposited them on the plate, and not wishing to make a scene, the official finished his collection and the spectacles were duly presented with the other alms. However, after the close of the service he took them down to the place, and said he feared they were given by mistake. Judge of his surprise on being assured that it was intentional, and no mistake; that the reader of the prayers had made so many blunders in reading that the donor presumed he could not see, and so presented him with a pair of spectacles.



EVERYBODY IS ON TO IT THE LARGEST PIECE OF GOOD TOBACCO EVER SOLD FOR THE MONEY



Featherbone Corset Co. Sole Manufacturers, KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN. FOR SALE BY ALL BEST RETAILERS.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY.

TRADE MARK. Inquire for that and refuse anything else, or you will be disappointed. Suppose my dealer does not have them? He probably has, but if not, send direct to us, enclosing amount. Collars 25c, Cuffs 50c. State size, and whether collar wanted is stand-up or turned-down.

Table with 3 columns: All Time, Stations, Time. Rows for Grand Marais Ar., Fumol, Beaver, G'd Marais June, Beaurets, State Road, Star-Y, Liston, Camp 7, Seney, Ar., Germfask, Ar.

RICHARD BLAKE.

Real estate and pine, mineral lands, stocks and city property. For sale, residence lots in the Longyear addition on monthly payments. Streets macadamized and sidewalks made abstract of title furnished with each lot.

JENNESS & McCURDY.

Crockery, China, Glassware and Lamp Goods, 73 and 75 Jefferson Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

Advertisement for John G. Woolley, BAPTIST CHURCH, Wednesday Evening, March 11th. "CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP." ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

Tooth Brushes. What do you know about Tooth Brushes? The best on earth are made in "La Belle," France. We have just received a large invoice and will sell you a fine imported article at 25 cents. Special sale at FARNHAM'S.

WANTED-FOR RENT OR SALE.

TO RENT-The center store in the Mack block, and the rooms above are for rent. Apply on the premises. J. F. MACK, SR. (3-6-1f)

WANTED-Young men to learn barber trade. Splendid chance; only eight weeks required. Constant practice furnished. Steady situation secured when competent; wages Saturdays while learning. Tools donated. More experience in two months than in shops in two years. Illustrated catalogue mailed free. Chicago Barber School, 34 Wabash Ave., Chicago. (3-6-3d)

WANTED-District manager (beverage) for Marquette. Man who can produce business himself and manage agents; easy to write; large commissions; not necessary to be Mason. Agency department, Masonic Life Assn., Grand Rapids, Mich. (3-6-1f)

WANTED-Girl for general housework. Enquire 407 Pine street. (3-4-1f)

HOTEL TO RENT-Wishing to remove from here I will rent or sell the Michigan House. Terms reasonable. Price cheap. Apply at once. J. C. DONNELLY. (3-5-1m)

FOR SALE-SPECIAL BARGAINS-Lots with and without dwellings; desirable location; suitable for business; any reasonable offer accepted; easy terms. Apply A. J. Wallen, 217 W. Michigan St. (3-28-1f)

FOR SALE OR TO RENT-New house, 320 E. Michigan street. Eight rooms; bath room; good barn. Apply B. S. Kaufman's Real Estate office. (3-25-1f)

FOR RENT-A house on West Bluff St. Enquire of JOHN BURKE, Sub-rior St. (2-22-1f)

WANTED-300 cords dry 4 foot maple wood. F. B. SPEAR, Marquette. (3-12-1f)

FOR SALE-Exploring outfit complete. F. B. SPEAR, Marquette. (12-12-1f)

COAL-Cross Creek Lehigh coal, Lackawanna coal, Pittsburgh bright flame canal for grades. Call and examine the above. (3-14-1f)

ANY ONE-in need of hay, grain or feed will save money by getting prices from F. B. Spear before buying. (3-14-1f)

FOR SALE-Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (3-6-1f)

FOR RENT-Farm land near the city improved and unimproved. Call at office of Marquette, April 1, 1895. M. LOAN YEAH. (3-10-1f)

POPULISTS ATTENTION! A caucus will be held at Gravelier's Hall on Friday evening at 7:30 p. m. No admittance except to Populists. M. LOAN YEAH, BY ORDER EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. (3-4-3c)

COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash: Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton. Hard coal \$6.00 \$3.15 \$1.75. Soft coal \$4.00 \$2.00 \$1.00. Cannel coal \$5.00 \$2.75 \$1.50. Hardwood dry, 16 in. split per cord \$1.00. Hardwood dry, 16 in. per cord \$1.00. Dry Hemlock 4 ft. slabs per cord \$2.00. F. B. SPEAR. (3-15-1f)

COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash: Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton. Hard coal \$6.00 \$3.15 \$1.75. Soft coal \$4.00 \$2.00 \$1.00. Cannel coal \$5.00 \$2.75 \$1.50. Hardwood dry, 16 in. single cord \$1.00. Hardwood dry, 16 in. split per cord \$1.00. Dry Hemlock 4 ft. slabs per cord \$2.00. F. B. SPEAR. (3-15-1f)

DID YOU EVER stop to think that the medicine you take to restore your health should be of the highest grade and mixed with accuracy? No? of course. Your physician tries his best to cure you and your druggist must co-operate with him by giving you the best drugs the market affords and by exercising the greatest care in compounding them. Honesty, Accuracy and Dispatch is our Motto. T. Coderre Pharmacal Co. (13-18-1f)

FARM LANDS FOR SALE BY Michigan Land and Iron CO., LTD. (1-27-1f) MARQUETTE, MICH.

COMMON COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS. OFFICIAL.

A regular meeting of the common council of the city of Marquette was held in the council chamber Monday, the 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896, Mayor Jacobs presiding.

There were present Aldermen Brown, Blanchard, Hoch, Hoag, Holley, Kreig, Pendill, Rossetter, Tobin and Vandenberg. Alderman Carney appeared later and took his seat.

The minutes of the last three preceding meetings, as amended, were on motion approved.

The following petition was presented and on motion referred to the street committee: To the Common Council of the city of Marquette, Michigan.

GENTLEMEN:-Your petitioner the Lake Superior and Ishpeming Railway company represents to your Honorable Body, that it is the owner of the south half of blocks 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 of Island Green addition to the city of Marquette.

And further represents that it is building a railroad from the city of Ishpeming and the mines to Lake Superior and is also building a dock on the bay near Presque Isle for the shipment of ore, said railroad crossing said addition to said dock is shown on the accompanying map, and it is desirous of occupying for the uses of its said railroad, the alley way running through the center of said blocks, and the streets south of said alley way in said blocks, neither said alley way nor said streets being in any way improved or occupied for any purpose whatever.

Your petitioner therefore prays your Honorable Body to grant to said railroad company permission to occupy said alley way for the convenience of said railway in the necessary construction of its tracks.

Also that said railroad company be permitted to occupy all those portions of Bear, Otter, Beaver, Martin, Sable, Wolf, Fox, Badger, Fawn, Elk, Caribou, Auther and Buffalo streets in said Island Beach addition lying south of a line running east and west through the center of said blocks and your petitioner will ever pray, etc. MARQUETTE, Mich., March 2nd, 1896.

LAKE SUPERIOR & ISHPEMING R.Y. by S. S. NEFF, Chief Engineer.

Petition of Anna Wagner, asking permission to raise, repair and remodel her house on Bluff street, granted.

The druggist liquor bond of Desardins Bros. & Co. was on motion referred back for correction.

The following report was on motion accepted: Your committee to whom was referred the matter of settling the dog tax roll would respectfully report that they have checked up the same and find it correct.

Amount of dog tax roll, \$567 00. Additions thereto by Jas. Maloney, 103 50. Treasurer's receipt No. 25, \$200 00. No. 22, 112 00. No. 62, 33 00. Cash in hands of treasurer, 3 00. \$345 00.

J. E. TOBIN, GEO. W. HOAG.

The following resolution was on motion of Alderman Tobin adopted: Resolved, That the controller be and he is hereby authorized to balance up the dog tax roll and James Maloney's account of uncollected dog tax for the year 1895, by making the proper entries on the books and records of his office.

The street commissioner's report was read, accepted, and ordered placed on file. The following bills and claims were on motion allowed and ordered paid:

A. J. McDonald, sundries-city hall \$2 64. A. and D. Sang, 158 loads crushed rock, 142 30. James Pickands & Co., twenty tons coal, 115 00. Manhart, Jopping & Co., sundries-streets and hall, 4 42. Robertson Bros., sundries, street commissioner, 4 97. Mining Journal Co., publishing proceedings, etc., 46 71. George Serrell, carting dogs, 2 04. S. Smith, work at dump grounds, 36 00. Eugene Henns, carting dog, 50. H. Rivers, carting dog, 1 00. Light and power commission, lighting streets and buildings, 432 30. T. Meads, stamps, telegram and expressage, 2 87. Street commissioner, February pay roll, 270 00. Marquette Gas Light Co., gas city hall, 2 40.

Ayes-Aldermen Brown, Blanchard, Carney, Hoch, Hoag, Holley, Kreig, Pendill, Rossetter, Tobin and Vandenberg. Nays-None.

On motion the bill of \$11.25 for insurance on the marshal's house was referred to the finance committee.

The city attorney reported and stated that in response to the request for his opinion as to the legal right of the council to require the light and power commission to place lights in the streets where the council desired the same; that sections 10, 11, and 12 of chapter ten of the charter, defining the extent of the authority of the commission and prescribing their duties, seemed to fully confer upon the commission the right and duty to place the light where in their judgment they ought to be placed, and that the council had not the power to compel them to do otherwise.

Moved by Alderman Tobin and supported that the city attorney in order to test the question be instructed to take action to compel, the light and power commission to remove the arc light from corner of Fourth and Spring streets to corner of Third and Spring streets.

Moved by Alderman Blanchard supported and carried, as a substitute, that the matter be referred to the street committee to lay the subject before the light and power commission and endeavor to arrive at an amicable adjustment inspecting the location of street lights.

The council then entered upon the consideration of the confirmation and review etc. of the special assessment roll for the extension and continuation of Park street from Third street to that portion of Park street extending east from Fourth street; pending which revision Alderman Rossetter offered the following, which was supported and adopted:

Whereas, Owing to the large number of objections made by the property owners interested in the roll, as it now stands, a revision of said roll cannot be completed at this meeting.

Resolved, That the further consideration of said roll be postponed until the next regular meeting of the council.

The board of fire and water commissioners presented their annual report for 1895, but the reading of said report was on motion deferred till the next meeting of the council.

Moved by Alderman Blanchard, supported and carried, that when the council adjourns, it adjourn till Tuesday, the 10th day of March, A. D. 1896, at 8 o'clock p. m. The light and power commission then ap-

Without Question This Authority Must be Respected.

Dr. R. C. Kedzie, Late State Analyst of Michigan, after an examination of the baking powders, says:

My tests show the Royal Baking Powder of very superior leavening power and a most commendable preparation. It is a cream of tartar powder of the highest purity, containing no alum, lime, ammonia, or any unwholesome material.

R. C. KEDZIE, Professor Chemistry, Michigan Agricultural College, Late State Analyst.

Of the dangerous character of alum baking powders Dr. Kedzie says:

"The cream of tartar baking powders have nearly twice the leavening power of the average alum powder. But the relation of the alum powders to digestion is much more important. In one case we are cheated; in the other we are injured. Authorities agree that alum retards digestion, and that soluble aluminous compounds are injurious to the human system."

Baking powders that are sold, either wholesale or retail, at a lower price than Royal are almost invariably made from alum, and therefore are inferior and dangerous to health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

read and on motion were approved. The following bills properly verified were then presented: January pay roll, for labor in cemetery, \$ 62 50. February pay roll for labor in cemetery, 76 25. \$138 75.

On motion of Mr. Palmer the same were allowed and the secretary was instructed to draw orders on the city treasurer in payment of the same.

There being no further business before the board, on motion of John H. Jacobs the meeting adjourned.

WILLIAM BURT, Secretary.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY. "Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Frank Pendill, Druggist, Marquette. (1-28-1yr)

SOMETHING NEW! HORTON'S NON-LEAKABLE PEN. A FOUNTAIN PEN that will NOT LEAK, nor SOIL THE FINGERS, and will ALWAYS WRITE without coaxing. See them at CONKLIN'S. Don't forget EVERY DOLLAR received on ACCOUNT or for CASH SALES, entitles customer to COMPLIMENTARY CHANCE on BICYCLE GIVEN AWAY.

MAY 1ST AT CONKLIN'S.

Marquette Nov 15 1895. Samuel Kaufman My Dear Sir I deem it my duty and pleasure to state to you the benefit I have received from your Wonders Rheumatic medicine for over four months I suffered everything from acute Rheumatism and had the services of two doctors without getting the least relief when I was advised to try your medicine and after using four bottles I am now able to go about my usual duties and am free from all pain I would strongly advise all that may be troubled with Rheumatic complaint to give Kaufmans Rheumatic Kidney Powder a trial for I know what it has done for me it will do for them. Thanking you for what I am to day I am yours very truly Mrs Louis Guille

CATS AS DETECTIVES.

They Are to Be Used as Plumbers to Detect Leaks.

A writer points out some simple methods by which the plumbing of a house may be thoroughly tested.

The calling into service the delicate sense of smell possessed by the domestic cat is ingenious. Nothing need be said of the importance of making frequent tests. Not only at the beginning, but at least once a year ever after all the pipes and joints should be tested for leaks by plugging up the mouth of the house sewer or drain and filling the whole system with water by the ventilating pipe at the roof.

Leaks, if any exist, will then manifest themselves by the gradual lowering of the water at the top of the filled ventilator pipe and will locate themselves by wetting the premises, which should be at all points open to inspection for this purpose.

If in that case no leak should appear within the house and yet the test water should lower, the defect is in the drain, which will rapidly create a pestilential condition in the soil near the house if not remedied.

Obstructions, however, may possibly frustrate the water test or the peppermint test and this should be guarded against by particular tests from floor to floor.

If the pipes are free the pouring of a little oil of peppermint into the ventilating pipe gives a very delicate test of leaks by its strong escaping odor. But as this may not be definite enough as to the locality the house cat may be employed as a detective, by using instead the oil of valerian or "catnip," which the creature's nose will locate, infallibly, if the least aroma of her favorite perfume transpires through the joints.-Sanitary Era.

A Long Farewell. The Frenchman's politeness sometimes serves him in good stead to point a rebuke. A Frenchman who was staying at a hotel in Edinburgh asked at the cashier's desk how much his bill was and was astonished to find how great an amount he had been charged.

He felt that he had been plundered, but he paid the bill, and then asked to see the proprietor. Presently the landlord came down in response to the call, all beaming with smiles. The Frenchman rushed up to him, exclaiming: "Ah, let me embrace you! Let me kiss you!"

"But why do you want to embrace me, sir? I-I don't understand." "Ah, saire, but look at zees beel!" "Your bill; yes, but what of it?" "Vot of it? Vy, it mean zat I, saill nevaire, nevaire see you again, saire." -London Answers.

A HOUSEHOLD TREASURE. D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dyreman, Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at E. Farnham's Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.



"UP-TO-DATE" '96 Bicycles!

VICTOR, CLEVELAND, EAGLE, WINTON, WARWICK, CRESCENT, CALUMET, SPARK, and other HIGH GRADE wheels of KNOWN REPUTATION at CONKLIN'S. Prices to suit all, viz:

\$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$100.

Sold on EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS if desired. EVERY DOLLAR INVESTED ON ACCOUNT entitles customer to COMPLIMENTARY CHANCE ON WHEEL GIVEN AWAY.

May 1st at CONKLIN'S.

* WETMORE *

MERCANTILE CO., Sole Agents

Chase and Sanborn's

COFFEE.

We are nicely settled in our new stores-125 Superior street and 119 Washington street, Greenwald block-where we will be glad to serve our old customers as well, if not better than before. Also those who wish to deal with us. Our line of

STAPLE and FANCY

GROCERIES

is complete and fresh.

WETMORE MERCANTILE CO., 125 SUPERIOR ST. 119 WASHINGTON ST. (1-15-1f)

G. W. REED'S

NEW HEARSE

Is the finest and most improved funeral car ever seen in this city. It is drawn by a team of beautiful white horses. Leave orders at the

Palace Livery Stable.

HORSES FOR SALE.

Split Shingle Wood

\$1.50 PER LOAD.

GREEN AND DRY

Block Wood for Sale.

G. W. REED. (1-15-1f)

Stanton & Lowe's

Patent

Log

Scale

Book

For Sale at

Mining Journal

Office.

CALL AND LOOK AT IT.

WE ARE LEADERS IN LOW PRICES.

Pillsbury's Best flour, per bbl.	\$3.70
Washburn, Crosby & Co.'s flour, per bbl.	3.60
Eye flour, per bbl.	3.50
Eye Graham flour, per bbl.	2.90
Granulated Sugar, 5 cts per lb; 20 lbs.	1.00
Cube Sugar, 6 cts per lb; 17 lbs.	1.00
Pulverized Sugar (XXX), 6 1/2 cts per lb; 16 lbs.	1.00
No. 2 Light "C" Sugar, 5 cts per lb; 21 lbs.	1.00
New Orleans Sugar, 5 cts per lb; 21 lbs.	1.00
Domino Sugar, 6 1/2 cts per lb; 16 lbs.	1.00
Coffee—Arabica—per lb.	.20
Coffee—McLaughlin's—per lb.	.20
"A A" Coffee, per lb.	.20
Feed, per 100 lbs.	.90
Middlings, per 100 lbs.	.75
Bran, per 100 lbs.	.75
Corn, per bu.	.45
Oats, per bu.	.38
Hay, per ton \$13, \$14, \$15 and \$16.	
Potatoes, per bu.	.30
Gillett's Sapon, per box.	.08
Lemon Peel, per lb.	.08
Citrus Peel, per lb.	.11
Acme Currants, clean, per lb.	.05
Ribelean Currants, per lb.	.08
Ribelean Currants, 1 lb packages.	.10
Loose Muscat Raisins, 3 crown.	.06
Fancy London Layer Raisins, 3 crown.	.10
Full Cream American Cheese, per lb.	.12
Farmers Fresh rolled butter, per lb.	.17
Fresh Eggs, (this week), per doz.	.15

The cold weather has had no effect on the price of our eggs.

F. BRAASTAD & CO.

SOME REASONS WHY THE

Gem Treatment for Piles

Is the BEST remedy for

HEMORRHOIDS, OR PILES.

It is a vegetable preparation
It is entirely harmless.
It is an internal remedy.
It is easy to take.
It does not interfere with your employment.
It gives you more than temporary relief.
It is a sure cure.
It is a permanent cure.
It has cured thousands.
It will cure you.
It will cost you less to get cured by the Gem Treatment than to get even temporary relief from other so-called pile cures
It is sold on an absolute guaranty.

Don't Suffer With Piles

a single day, but get a package of Gem Treatment and start on your way to recovery. For sale at all drug stores. Ask your druggist for it. Manufactured by the

Gem Treatment Co.

MARQUETTE, MICH.



If You Are Going Anywhere South This Winter

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

HOMES IN THE SOUTH



Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway



TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 15, 1895.

Trains Leave Marquette

For Duluth and the west daily	12:05 a.m.
For Montreal and the east daily and Lower Michigan daily, ex. Sunday	3:15 a.m.
For Houghton, copper country and Ewen daily, ex. Sunday	9:10 a.m.
For Detroit and the east daily	1:30 p.m.
For Houghton, the copper country and Chicago via Champlain and the C. M. & St. P. R. R. daily	3:15 p.m.
For Republic, intermediate stations and Chicago via Negaunee and the C. & N. W. R'y daily	5:30 p.m.
TRAINS ARRIVING MARQUETTE NOT MEN EAST.	
From Chicago and Milwaukee via Republic and Negaunee daily	11:30 a.m.
From Ewen, Houghton and the copper country daily, ex. Sunday	6:35 p.m.

For tickets, time tables and other information apply to J. H. O'MEARA, Ticket Agent, Marquette, Mich.

Ishpeming and Vicinity.

COUNCIL HOLDS A SESSION.

And Disposes of a Goodly Orit of Accumulated Business.

The regular monthly session of the city council was held Wednesday evening, with Mayor Johnston presiding and twelve aldermen present.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and approved.

A petition from Justice Kennedy, asking for a new constable docket, as the old one is entirely written up, was read. Referred to the committee on police.

A petition from Mike Lynch and others, asking that an arc lamp be placed at the corner of Euclid and Spruce streets, was read. It was referred to the committee on street lighting.

Alderman Olson, from the committee on claims and accounts, presented bills against the city to the amount of \$874.08 and recommended that they be paid. The recommendation was concurred in.

Alderman Dawson, from the committee on water works, recommended that the petition of Mrs. Josephine Windward, asking that she be exempted from payment of water taxes, be granted on the ground that several of the taxpayers residing near her had asked the committee to grant the favor, as the applicant is very poor and unable to pay the same. The report was adopted.

Alderman Storey, from the committee on buildings, grounds and insurance, reported that the city's insurance policies from the agencies of H. O. Young and William Sedgwick, referred at the last meeting, had been examined and found correct. The report was accepted.

Alderman Fairbairn, from the committee on fire department, reported that the old hook and ladder team had been sold and that an order for three new horses had been placed with Fred Hamel & Co. of Appleton, at \$160 each; that if the horses did not meet the approval of the fire committee they would be replaced without extra charge. The report was accepted.

The reports of the chief of police and police magistrate for February were read and were referred to the committee on police.

On motion of Alderman Haslam the following places were designated in each ward for the meeting of the board of registration April 4 and the holding of the municipal election April 6: First ward—No. 1 fire engine house; Second ward—Lake Superior band room; Third ward—West's old printing office; Fourth ward—No. 2 hose house; Fifth ward—No. 4 hose house; Sixth ward—Erick Anderson's store on North Third street; Seventh ward—Lake Angeline mine office; Eighth ward—basement of the Division street school building; Ninth ward—basement of the Ridge street school building; Tenth ward—No. 3 hose house. It is possible that a change in the place of holding the election in the Second ward may be made, as the Lake Superior band room is hardly large enough. A room in Waters & West's building on South Main street may be procured for that purpose.

On motion of Alderman Sterling, the old board of election commissioners, consisting of W. H. Hood, George A. Newetz and Ole Walesth, was reappointed.

Alderman Persons, from the committee on finance, reported that the annual report of that committee would be ready for submission to the council on the 26th inst., and moved that a special meeting of the council be held on that date for the approval of the same. The motion prevailed.

The council then adjourned.

"A CHARGE TO KEEP" SHE HAD.

But the Charge Escaped and Got Married While the Stern Parent Was Praying.

Miss Lizzie Willis and George Blee, both of the Saginaw location, were married Wednesday evening at the Salisbury Methodist church by Rev. William Cridland, the pastor, under peculiar circumstances. It appears that the young couple have been lovers for some time past, and they recently decided to get married. The parents of the girl were consulted regarding the nuptial proposition, but they strongly opposed it. The mother and daughter attended the ritual meeting at the National Methodist church Wednesday evening. The services were extremely interesting and the mother became so thoroughly taken up with them that she actually forgot all about the girl and her love affair. About the time the services were over the mother began looking around for her daughter, but the girl was not to be found. She had quietly left the church, at the most interesting part of the services, and joined her lover, who was waiting for her outside the door. The elopement had been arranged by the young couple during the day. The girl's parents are much disturbed over the affair, but Mr. and Mrs. Blee are quite happy. They have taken up their residence at the Winthrop location.

MINERS WILL RAISE A FUND.

To Aid in Prosecution of Young Carl Wendel.

That the people of Ishpeming, especially the men working about the mines, have taken a keen interest in the Lafreniere murder case will be seen from the fact that a fund will soon be raised to assist in the prosecution of Carl Wendel, who is charged with the crime. The money subscribed will be used in procuring the services of an able criminal attorney to assist Prosecuting Attorney H. O. Young. It is estimated that at least \$3,000 can be raised in Ishpeming, as the men employed at the mines assert that most of their number will contribute not less than \$1 each. The list will be circulated at the mines within the next few days.

Lady Macabees Fraternize.

The Red Men's hall, where the Lady Macabees and their friends assembled Wednesday evening, was the scene of much merriment. Fifty-five ladies of Busy Queen and Superior hives of the

order came up from Marquette, arriving here at 6:15. They were met at the depot by a delegation from the local hive and escorted to the hall where a sumptuous feast awaited them. After the visitors had partaken of the many good things comprising the banquet the members of the three local branches of the society sat down to the spread.

At the conclusion of supper an improvised program of musical selections, speeches, etc., was rendered. The time passed very rapidly until 2:30 a. m. when the visitors boarded the train for home. The Marquette ladies were provided with a special car.

The Ishpeming hive of the Macabees now has a membership of six-three. The increase since the branch was instituted a little over a year ago is forty-seven, the charter members having been sixteen.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

There will be an orchestra of five playing at the opera house Monday evening when Professor McEwen will give his opening performance there.

Mrs. Major Stillwell and her corps of young lady singers will be at the Salvation Army barracks again tonight. Their service of song is quite interesting.

Mrs. P. H. Donohue and her sons Nell and John left Wednesday night for Lawler, Ia., where they will spend a few weeks with relatives. Neil does not intend to return to Ishpeming with his mother, as he designs engaging in the practice of law at some point in Minnesota.

A chapter of the Eastern Star lodge will shortly be organized from among the lady relatives of members of Ishpeming lodge No. 314, F. & A. M. A dispensation from the grand lodge has been applied for and as soon as this is granted the grand patron will come here to perfect the organization. The charter membership of the chapter here will be reasonably large.

The business heretofore conducted by the Columbian Bakery company of Green Bay, Wis., has been purchased by C. L. Nordyke of Fort Worth, Tex. E. E. Biting of Marquette, who has represented the concern in this section for the past few years, was in Ishpeming yesterday in the interest of his new employer. Mr. Nordyke has taken the outstanding accounts of the old concern and Mr. Biting has been empowered to collect all bills due in the territory he represents.

GOLD PRODUCT OF THE YEAR.

No Diminution in the Amount Turned Out by the Mines of the World.

In an article published last January the director of the mint pointed out that the world's output of gold in 1895 was the largest in history, amounting in round numbers to \$155,525,000. The highest previous yield had been in 1856-60, when the production reached the average yearly value of \$133,970,000. For last year the world's product of gold is estimated at close upon \$189,000,000, and for the present year it will not be less than \$200,000,000. In 1893 the output of gold was already 16.08 per cent. greater than the annual average of the period of the greatest productivity of the Californian and Australian gold mines; by 1894 the excess was 34 per cent., and this year it will be at least 49 per cent. The value of last year's gold product was 9 per cent. greater than the average aggregate value of the gold and silver of the world in 1861-65, and that of the present year will be fully 24 per cent. greater.

This is not due to any one influence. The productivity of gold mines all over the world has increased and goes on increasing. The United States, which since 1880 had not produced over \$26,000,000 worth of gold per annum, and had up until 1893 fallen \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 below that average, had last year an output of \$39,500,000, and will this year return at least \$47,000,000. It is true that the increased productivity of the South African mines has been more startling than this, but the United States appears to be still in the lead, since the African product for the present year is not estimated at more than \$46,000,000, against \$39,600,000 for last year. Australia is expected to show an output this year of \$45,000,000, or \$2,250,000 more than last year, and the Russian yield has risen to \$30,000,000 from \$27,616,000.

If the estimates of our gold producing states were to be accepted, the American output for the year would be very much in excess of the estimates of the director of the mint. Colorado claims a product of \$15,000,000 and Arizona of \$10,000,000, while California is conceded to have about \$16,000,000, South Dakota \$4,000,000 and Alaska \$1,600,000, with Utah, Montana and Idaho showing considerable gains. On the whole, it is deemed quite probable that the gold product of the United States for the year will exceed \$50,000,000, and will thus be several millions higher than that of any other gold-producing country.—Boston Herald.

POOR DIGESTION leads to nervousness, chronic dyspepsia and great misery. The best remedy is HOOD'S SARPARRILLA.

I have removed to W. C. Uren's building, corner of First street and Cleveland avenue, and am prepared to furnish board and lodging to anyone desiring it. (3-2-94) WILLIAM MULLON.

HAMPTON & CO.

Wish to call the attention of the public to their stock of dry hardware, which cannot be beat. Also their stock of hard and soft coal, which is dry, clean, and of the best quality. Our warehouses are well stocked with flour, bay, grain and feed, which we are selling at bottom prices. If you are in need of anything in the way of lime, cements or plaster, you will find our stock fresh and of the best brands. We do not want the earth, but would like your trade. (2-20-94)

FALSE PRECIOUS STONES.

Diamonds—Worth a Stage King's Ransom to Be Had for Little.

The University of Pennsylvania has newly acquired a most interesting collection of counterfeit gems. It embraces practically every known species of imitation in this line. All varieties of precious stones are represented, many of them being such admirable reproductions of the originals as to deceive the eye of anybody not an expert.

Most of them came originally from Idar, in Switzerland, which is the great market of the world for imitation cut stones. Real gems used to be cut there on an extensive scale, but that business has gone elsewhere. The cutters are prospering, however, for the demand for false jewelry has never been so large as now. There is an enormous sale at present for cheap and counterfeit precious stones. Astonishing quantities of these are disposed of in Europe to the peasants, who care more for glitter than for quality. Immense numbers of them are exported—particularly to the United States. They are mounted in cheap settings at Providence and Attleboro, the bulk of them going to the west, where they furnish a favorite article of merchandise for fakirs.

At Idar various ingenious processes are employed for making cheap natural stones to imitate gems of value. Acids and coloring matters are used for this purpose. Counterfeit cat's-eyes, for example, are produced by soaking in acid a kind of stone called "tiger's-eye." The latter comes from the Cape of Good Hope, and is extensively used in such ways. The comparatively rare pink tiger's-eye is reproduced by treating the ordinary material with aniline dyes. The natural tiger's-eye is extremely pretty, and fetched a high price before large deposits were discovered. In 1875 it was sold in New York city at \$12 a carat—at present you can get all you want of it at \$250 a ton. Thus do values adjust themselves to the law of supply and demand.

If Prof. Clarke is correct in his belief that real diamonds of marketable size are destined soon to be produced in the chemical laboratory, the gems now most prized, and considered to represent the most stable form of value, excepting gold alone, will drop to a few cents a carat. Bartenders will regard it as vulgar to wear them, and there will be no market for cheap imitations. The demand for counterfeit diamonds now, however, is enormous. They are imported into this country at a cost of 25 cents apiece by the gross, most of them being of a peculiar and very brilliant kind of lead glass, known as "paste." Practically all of the diamonds that are stolen from actresses in such surprising quantities annually are of this kind. Women who are successful on the stage usually have good business heads, and they know too much to travel about the country with \$50,000 or \$100,000 in a jewel case. Even ladies of fashion are very apt to lock their gems up in safe-deposit vaults, employing counterfeits for every-day use. A person of sense does not take valuable necklaces, etc., on an ocean steamer. If you are known to possess the real diamonds, it is all that is necessary.

The finest paste diamonds are beyond detection, except by an expert. Ordinary ones are utilized to a great extent on the stage. For \$7 one may purchase a crown fit for a monarch and incrustated with precious stones. A queen's tiara that looks as good as real across the footlights costs only \$3. The setting has to be done by skilled artisans, and makes most of the expense, the loose stones coming at only 75 cents or \$1 each at retail. The latter are sold in quantities for robes and other theatrical garments. A diamond necklace may be had for \$8, while a dagger covered with rubies and diamonds as big as pigeons' eggs is valued at \$12.50. If real, such a dagger would easily fetch \$200,000. An Elizabethan crown, covered with pearls, some of them as large as hazel nuts, is worth only \$1. Foreign orders and decorations for the stage are quoted at from \$2 to \$15.

There is no kind of gem that is not imitated by the artisans of Idar with wonderful skill. The ruby is counterfeited by combining a piece of garnet with a piece of glass, the former serving for the front and the latter for the back. The two are stuck together with a transparent balsam. The balsam is colored in various ways, so as to diffuse whatever tints may be desired through the stone or glass to which it is applied. In this way two pieces of rock crystal united with balsam make an opal, and an aquamarine is produced by a slight modification of the same process. Artificial torques of enamel are sold for \$2.50 a dozen, and rubies, which are red garnets backed with tinfoil, come at \$3 a dozen. By such ingenious methods all other kinds of precious stones are brought within easy reach of poor folks.—Providence Journal.

Chemical Hunts Gold.

It is not generally known, even in California, that hundreds of thousands of pounds in gold are annually taken from the rude heaps of base-looking quartz by the flowing of water over huge piles of broken rocks that contain the precious metal. The water used by the miners is charged with a simple chemical which has the potency to dissolve gold and hold it in solution. This is cyanide of potassium, a poisonous drug which ferrets out the minutest particles of the metal. During the last five years the process has been almost universally adopted, and more than \$20,000,000 has thus been recovered.—St. Louis Republic.

—He Carries a Stock.—"In Italy," he was telling her, "they make flour out of chestnuts." "Do they?" she answered, sweetly; "what a bonanza you would be to them."—Detroit Free Press.

WHY?

QUESTIONS WOMEN ASK

Here Answered with Good Sound Reason.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.) Why do people say that Lydia E. Pinkham's treatment, especially her Vegetable Compound, effects cures beyond the physician's skill?



Because of the fact that a woman best understands a woman's ills. What man ever suffered a single pang like unto woman? Man works from theory only.

Why do tens of thousands of women write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., telling their most secret thoughts? Because they know that their letters go straight to the hands of a woman, are opened, read, and answered by a woman, who as a woman has made woman's ills a life study, and because she never fails them, and cures cases which the doctor cannot.

The lady who asks that the following letter be published, gives concisely the uniform expression of gratitude contained in thousands of other letters in Mrs. Pinkham's possession.

"For eight years I suffered with neuralgia of the womb, backache, severe pains all through my body, and kidney trouble.

None of the doctors did me any good. I took twelve bottles of your Vegetable Compound, and cannot thank you enough for the relief I found.

"I am now well cured of all those pains. I should advise every woman to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound who has any female trouble. I had a friend who was to go under an operation. I advised her first to try the Compound. She did, and is now so much better and stronger she has given up all thoughts of the operation."—MRS. M. WILDE, 2137 Park St., Tioga, Pa.



Have you ever tried

Boston Baked Beans

AND

Tomato Sauce?

IT'S GREAT.

We have: Chickens, Turkeys, and the best quality of meats at lowest prices.

Try our fine bottled Olives at twenty-five cents per quart.

We don't advertise goods "at cost" and then when a customer calls "we are just out." We sell high grade goods at the lowest possible prices.

TIBOR.

LOST—By Mrs. A. Eskola, a gold watch on Feb. 25th, between Park and Pearl streets. A large reward will be paid the finder upon its return to owner. Mrs. A. Eskola, 730 E. Park street, Ishpeming. (3-3-94)

FOR SALE—I have just received a few choice new milch cows, which will be sold cheap. MIKE GRIFFIN. (2-27-94)

WANTED—A girl to do housework. Apply to 405 North Main street, Ishpeming. (2-25-94)

COAL!

James Pickands & Co. are prepared to deliver the best quality of Hard and Soft Coal, at lowest market price.

12-4-11

Detroit City Glass Works,

LOUIS BLITZ & CO., Proprietors, Manufacturers and Importers of Window and Polished Plate Glass, Art Glass and Mirrors. Established 1875. Factories at Delray. Estimates and Designs cheerfully furnished.

PABST MILWAUKEE BEER WINS.

A VICTORY OVER THE ENTIRE WORLD.

consisting of an award on ten separate products. A victory complete and absolutely UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF EXPOSITIONS.

CHARLES JOHNSON,

WHOLESALE AGENT, NEGAUNEE

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

Trout Creek Lumber Co.,

TROUT CREEK, MICH.

LUMBER, LATH and SHINGLE.

Short Length, Quarter Sawn Bevel Siding or Clapboards

IT DOES NOT WARP AND IS CHEAPER

than ordinary bevel siding, and is just what a farmer or mechanic requires for an economical building. Our cheapest grade, to introduce into local consumption, we will deliver at stations on the D., S. S. & A. R'y, at the low price of \$10 per thousand feet surface measure. If you are thinking of building correspond with us and get a sample by mail.

Military Road Lands

Belonging to the Estate of James C. Ayer
174,000 Acres for Sale or Lease

Open for Options to Explorers for Mines. Liberal terms to responsible parties.
200,000,000 Feet of Pine

Hemlock, Cedar, Poplar, Hard and Soft Wood for Charcoal and Cordwood.

Agricultural Lands equal to the best in the Northwest.
New York Office—F. F. AYER, Mills block, Sewell Office—JACOB ROGERS, Savings Bank building, Shattuck St.
W. W. MANNING, Agent, Marquette

Munising R'y TIME TABLE.

No. 1 leave Munising 12:30 p m
Arriving Marquette Junction 1:00 p m
No. 2 leave Marquette Junction 3:05 p m
Arriving Munising 3:35 p m

Connecting with D., S. S. & A. trains 1 and 2 daily, except Sunday

E. H. SCOTT, Gen. Mgr. JOSEPH GUY, Supt.

Chicago, Milwaukee & ST. PAUL R'y Lake Superior Division



SOLID TRAIN, FAST TIME.
Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.
All coupon agents on the northern peninsula sell tickets via the Milwaukee & North-ern R. R.
Passengers desiring sleeping car accommodations can secure same by inquiring of local ticket agent at Marquette or by tele-gramming Republic.
Telephone W. E. TYLER, Commercial agent, Green Bay, Wis.
GEO. H. HEAFFORD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago, Ills.

In and About Negaunee.

FOR SUFFERING ARMENIA.

Negaunee People Should Show Their sympathy at Sunday's Meeting.

Rev. V. K. Beshgretor of Newberry will address the meeting to be held at McDonald's Opera House next Sunday afternoon at 8 o'clock.

The call is a general one and appeals to all our citizens without respect to creed or denomination.

Shall we not unite heretofore in a common cause and make this a mass meeting in very deed?

Many of Mr. Beshgretor's relatives are in that sorrow stricken country, and he is not sure that some of them may not have perished in the most recent massacres that have crimsoned the fields of his boyhood sports.

The Soo Democrat of Feb. 20 speaks highly of Mr. Beshgretor's lecture given recently at that place.

During this week he is lecturing at Iron Mountain, Menominee, Marinette and Oconto. Mayor Foley has expressed his intention of being present at the meeting and will likely preside.

Mr. McDonald has generously offered the free use of the opera house for the meeting.

No admittance fee will be charged but an offering will be taken with the assurance that every cent thus contributed will go directly to the relief of those for whom it is given.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE TONIGHT.

Last of the Teachers' Association Series.

J. E. Riley, who will give an illustrated lecture on "The Emerald Isle" at McDonald's Opera House this evening, is spoken of as an orator of wonderful power by those who have heard him.

Superintendent Davis of the public schools says a friend of his who recently heard Mr. Riley's discourse pronounced it exceedingly fine.

In view of this fact Mr. Davis will be pleased to see the attendance tonight larger than any yet brought out by the entertainments given under auspices of the Teachers' association.

This will be the last of the series of entertainments to be given here this season. The teachers have provided six attractions in this course instead of five as promised. The lecture given by Dr. Boone of Ypsilanti was extra, and was given free to the ticket holders.

The members of the association are thoroughly pleased with the encouragement they have received with this season's entertainments and will arrange another course for next winter.

KILLED BY A FALL.

A Miner Meets Death by Falling Down a Chute.

Henry Longfill was killed in the Lillie mine at 6:30 o'clock last night. He and a partner were working in a drift when they noticed the ground above them beginning to weaken, and fearing they would be crushed under a mass of earth they rushed headlong down the level on which they were at work.

Coming suddenly to a chute, both men fell in and dropped sixty feet to the level below. Longfill was instantly killed, his neck being broken. His companion, though he fell the entire distance, was not injured in the least, which is certainly a most remarkable circumstance.

Longfill was a Finn, thirty-five years of age and married, but had no children.

WORKING FORTY MEN.

Strong Force Now Engaged on the Jackson Cut.

Woods Bros., the railroad contractors, have forty men at work in the Jackson cut. Very good progress, considering that there are several feet of rock to be removed in the bottom of the channel, is being made.

The depth of the cut above the rock is thirty feet in some places. About three feet of the surface is frozen so solid that it can only be removed by blasting. No arrangements for a start on the construction work between the tortoise bluff and Ishpeming have yet been made.

Increasing the Membership. The reduction in the initiation fee of English Oak Lodge, Sons of St. George, recently made, will be the means of adding many new names to the membership roll before the expiration of the six months to which the reduction is limited.

Several applications for membership were received at the last meeting of the lodge and more will be presented at the next meeting. Nearly all the members of the society are endeavoring to bring in recruits while the reduction is in vogue.

Supper and Social Tonight. The members of the Young People's Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church will be pleased to see a large number of their friends present at their social and supper to be given this evening at the church. A good time is promised all who attend. Supper will be served from 5 to 8 o'clock. Fifteen cents a plate will be charged.

Did You Ever? Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles! If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and \$1.00 at E. Farnham's Drug Store.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

TOUGH HORSES OF TEXAS.

They Have a Capacity for Work, But Are Not Noted for Amiability.

"I have been making a study of the Texas pony amid his native surroundings," said a traveler from the southwest. "I find that tenacity of purpose and a certain indescribable capacity for getting rid of burdens he doesn't like are his conspicuous points. It is difficult for the rider of a newly-broken Texas pony to regulate his movements by any preconceived rules for horse-back exercise, learned in riding schools or elsewhere, owing to the creature's ability to buck. The men who are hired to break the colts on the horse-ranches are paid five dollars a head.

"These two-year-olds are very wild, and do not appear to be comfortable mounts when the breaker first essays to bridle them. They are deemed broken when it can be said that they have been ridden once or twice; but the number of yards or miles covered in that ride, the number of times the rider has been thrown, and the number of unsuccessful efforts to put a bridle on the creature and place a saddle on him are not dwelt on.

"The horse-breaker can bear testimony to the fact that the Texas pony occasionally knows how to use his teeth, and has a tenacious grip. The horse-breaker is always welcome at the sheep camps and cattle ranches, because he knows all about horses. There are hundreds of horses roaming in herds over the hills and plains of the Lone Star state. They bring good prices to the horse dealers, though the little Texas pony can be bought, even when well broken to the buggy or wagon, for \$30, and he will keep up with the biggest of his relatives and pluckily do his share of work without sagging or looking droopy.

"The horse ranches are conducted much after the fashion of the cattle ranches, though the horses are herded more carefully, the cattle not being herded at all. The colts are branded when at a tender age, as are the young calves, and the same care is exercised that the brands may not be interfered with.

"A large 'bunch' of horses grazing over the green expanse of a wide prairie is a goodly sight. Their coats are lustrous in the bright sunlight, their limbs free of movement, with the grace of untrammelled nature. Their limbs have never yet been taught to obey man's dictation, have never been strained beneath an over-heavy burden or incited to unwholesome speed by the sting of the spur. Their heads have never felt the yoke of the headstall or their mouths the wrench of the bit.

"It is a sight worth seeing to watch a herd coming down a rocky hillside to water on a hot midsummer day. There is a clatter of hoofs and jingle of bells as they rush down the incline, the leaders not stopping until they cool their hot flanks half way across the stream, the young colts prancing and kicking up their heels, the mothers following sedately. Then the jingle-jangle of the bells ceases, and the thundering hoofs are noiseless for a space as the herd stand quietly drinking their fill.

"The western ranchman puts a bell around his horse's neck, as the people of the east place bells about the necks of their cattle, to aid in their detection when at large. The intelligent animal sometimes plays a trick on his master. He gets behind some thick-growing clump of cedar or mesquite and stands absolutely motionless, so that his bell will not make the slightest sound. The man in search of him listens intently for the bell. He is sure that he knows the sound of that horse's bell from a dozen others. He hears nothing and goes much further than he anticipated, wondering how that precious horse could have strayed so far, hobbled as he is. All the while that precious horse is in comfortable hiding in a cool, shady place, no doubt enjoying the joke, or the thought of the long journey or task he has escaped.

"Many horses, becoming accustomed to the hobbles, can get over the ground rapidly and without inconvenience. They raise the hobbled legs high in the air and jump about like a kangaroo. When entirely grass fed, horses are frequently staked out to graze, especially if their riders desire to get possession of them at a stated hour. Occasionally the animals get wound up in the long rope, and are choked to death.

"When cowboys go on a round-up or long journey, a number of horses are made to carry packs or are driven along with the outfit, that they may be at hand when wanted. The discarded mounts are turned loose wherever they may happen to be, and are looked up afterward at the owner's leisure, a task not difficult, as, owing to the practice of branding, information regarding the whereabouts of any animal can readily be gained. The practiced eye of the ranchman or cowboy can note like a flash the brand of any horse or cow he happens to pass.

"The Texas pony is a stranger to the curry-comb, and knows not the luxury of a good dressing or rubbing down, yet his coat is glossy and his appearance not unkempt. This is probably because he changes his quarters so often. He would be astonished at the idea of any one being solicitous as to whether he was too warm to drink or too tired to eat. When he comes to water he enjoys a draught, and when he has none he goes without with a cheerful philosophy. If he chances to take a few thorns with his mess of mesquite beans, or prickly pears, it does not affect either his mind or his digestion; in fact, I have never heard of the digestion of a Texas pony questioned.

"In the western part of Texas there are no mustangs. They have a great attraction for the ranch horses, and after a mustang has once been among a herd, the men have difficulty in preventing the horses from herding out in the direction the mustang disappeared."—N. Y. Sun.

—Pride—that never-failing vice of fools.—Pope.

THE

Difference

Between printing and printing is often a very wide one.

Two printers do the same job of printing, but when you come to compare them you will find they are not the same job after all.

If you want

Good Printing

Carefully done, and Promptly, take it to the

Mining Journal.

Then, when it is delivered to you, it will be a source of satisfaction every time you look at it.

CHEAP?

Certainly just as cheap as good work can be done. Remember us when in need of Stationery

CG., LT'D.

Mining Journal

TWO VERY WARM MONTHS.

January and February Compared to Corresponding Months in Previous Years.

A TEMPERATURE OF 55 DEGREES IN THE WINTER SEASON.

Verdict of \$500 Returned Against the City Marshal of Ishpeming—New Offices of Lake Superior & Ishpeming Railway.

FEBRUARY'S WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday Weather Observer Patrick completed his statement of meteorological conditions for the month of February. The mean temperature last month was remarkably high, being 20 degrees, which is 6 degrees above February, 1895, above the corresponding month of any year since 1890 and 4 degrees above the mean for February during the past twenty-five years. The maximum temperature last month was 55 degrees, on the 27th, which is the warmest February day Marquette has ever experienced, except Feb. 21, 1877, when the thermometer reached 69 degrees. The coldest day in February this year was the 19th, when 8 below zero was registered, which doesn't compare with the cold days of previous winters.

January, too, was phenomenally warm, the mean being 19 degrees, 4 higher than the mean for the last twenty-five Januarys. The accumulated excess of temperature was 155 in January and 135 in February, 290 for two winter months. The total precipitation for January was 2.04 inches, and for February, 1.75 inches.

Another interesting question which the local weather man has been investigating lately, is the comparative rainfall of northern and southern Michigan. He has found that the region around Marquette, embracing a strip of territory ten miles to the east, forty to the west and ten to the south, has a larger and nearer regular rainfall than any other point in the state. The precipitation is almost uniform from June to September and during the warm month of August is a half inch more than in lower Michigan. The beneficial effect of such a regular rainfall is well explained in a recent letter received by Observer Patrick from C. F. Schneider, director of the state weather service. Professor Schneider writes in part as follows:

"One point which you can bring out strongly for your part of the country, and which is shown by our records, is the possibility of making it one of the greatest dairy sections there is in this country. Our rainfall statistics show that you seldom, if ever, have a drought during the spring and early summer months of sufficient intensity to destroy or in any way reduce the hay yield. On the other hand your annual precipitation throughout the year is greater and steadier than that of the lower peninsula, and as the hay season is a short one and in spite of all temperatures the pasturing season will last as long as there is no snow on the ground, I see no reason why the upper peninsula should not be made a great hay and dairy country."

Five Hundred Dollars Damage.

The trespass suit of Mike Lervo against John Carlson, city marshal of Ishpeming, was argued in the circuit court yesterday and submitted to the jury, which promptly returned a judgment for the plaintiff in the sum of \$500 and costs. This Lervo gets more than \$150 a day for the time he was confined in the Ishpeming jail. In the case of M. J. Griffin and Fred Field against John Henwood, Judge Stone directed a verdict for the defendant. The case of Reed & Co. vs. Connors is now on trial.

Railway Company's New Offices.

A crew of men is at work night and day, remodeling the offices on the second floor of the First National bank block. Dr. Foster has moved into the old library quarters on the south side, recently occupied by the officers of the Lake Superior and Ishpeming railway company. These rooms have been repaired and repapered, partitions put in and a hardwood floor laid. Mr. Kidder will have an office in the rear on the south side. R. G. Dun & Co. will go into Kerber & Jacobs' rooms on the first floor, and the last mentioned concern will remove to the floor below.

Under the new arrangement the new railway will have the entire north side of the second floor, and offices are being prepared for the use of the operating officials when the construction and operating departments are consolidated. Space has been reserved for the auditor and train dispatchers, a telegraphic office being now open in one of the rooms. The chief engineer and his chief clerk will be located at the front of the building; the draughtsmen will take possession of R. G. Dun & Co.'s old quarters; and the auditor's office, which contains a large vault, will face Spring street. Doors have been cut through nearly every wall, making convenient communication between the offices.

A Barrel of Fun

The "mum" social at the Methodist church tonight promises to develop a great many amusing incidents. A certain half hour in the evening will be chosen during which time no laughing or talking will be allowed, all breaking the rule to be fined a penny for each offense. During the "mum" half hour a short musical program will be rendered and refreshments served. Admission at the door will be ten cents.

Yesterday Morning's Fire.

A fire was discovered at 4 o'clock yesterday morning at the residence of Herman Morton, 410 Spruce street, and the department was called out. Before the firemen arrived, however, the blaze had been extinguished by snow. The fire was caused by the thoughtlessness of some member of the family who, when retiring for the night, left a rack, covered with clothes, near the

stove, which afterward caused them to ignite. The house soon filled with smoke and if the fire had not been noticed until a later hour, the whole family undoubtedly would have been suffocated.

Marquette Loses Three Residents.

Three sentenced prisoners were removed from the county jail yesterday and taken to the state institutions to which the court had ordered them conveyed. Sheriff Broad went to Jackson penitentiary with John Miller, sentenced for two years, and Matti Salampos, sentenced for four years. Fred Craft, the boy forger, was turned over to Captain C. D. Blanchard, who is agent of the state reform school at Lansing, and Captain Blanchard, with his prisoner in custody, left yesterday for that institution. Craft will remain there until April, 1896.

Will Go Out of Business.

J. F. Mack & Son have closed out their grocery business, and with that end in view have placed all their goods on the market at cost price. J. F. Mack, Sr., will devote his time to the development of the Barasa mine, while J. F. Mack, Jr., will engage in the brick business. The store in which they are doing business is advertised for rent.

Death of Mrs. Henry Leroux.

Mrs. Henry Leroux, aged twenty-eight years, died at about midnight last night at her home, 425 Spring street, of pneumonia. She leaves a husband and five children. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

CITY BREVITIES.

Weather Forecast: Snow, probably heavy; warmer; colder in extreme east.

Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 16 degrees; 12 m., 26 degrees; 7 p. m., 28 degrees.

J. L. McClear of Negaunee is in the city.

P. Moran of the Soo is here on business.

A. P. Smith of Gladstone arrived in Marquette yesterday.

J. Vivian of Houghton arrived in Marquette last night.

H. T. Heyn and W. T. Potter of Ishpeming spent yesterday in Marquette.

The musical society held another successful rehearsal at Morgan Memorial chapel last night.

The Young Woman's guild will meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon with Mrs. Stevens, on Ridge street.

Mrs. C. T. Kimball of Green Bay is in the city visiting her sisters, Mesdames William and George B. Coles.

The Women's guild of St. Paul's church will meet at the home of Mrs. Eldridge this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

John Mitchell received a telegram from Cape Town, South Africa, yesterday, announcing the safe arrival of his son Fred.

The funeral of Mrs. Ann Hubbard will be held from St. Peter's cathedral at 9 o'clock this morning. The altar society will meet at the residence, 614 S. Fourth street, at 8:30.

D. A. Kingsley, advance agent of McEwen, the hypnotist, mesmerist and mind reader, was in the city yesterday to make preliminary arrangements for the engagement of McEwen at the opera house here, March 16th, 17th and 18th. Mr. Kingsley will go to Ishpeming today.

Information is wanted as to the whereabouts of Miss Francis Wood, who left the vicinity of Bare Oak, Mich., about thirty years ago. When last heard from was married and living in northern Michigan. Address Mrs. Mary Collins, Poyntette, Wis. Exchanges please copy.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Fetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, 1 all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at Farnham's Drug Store.

FAST TIME TO CHICAGO.

The train leaving Marquette at 5:30 p. m. daily makes close connections at Negaunee with fast train via the North-Western Line arriving at Chicago the following morning at 7:30 o'clock.

Through gas-lighted buffet sleeping cars from Negaunee to Chicago. In order to secure the advantages of fast time and perfect equipment, be sure that your ticket reads via the Chicago & Northwestern R'y. (1-24-25w-5w)

SUNDAY TRIPS.

To THE QUEEN CITY OF THE UPPER PENINSULA.

The D., S. S. & A. R'y have on sale Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return at the following very low fares:

From Eagle Mills.....	\$.30
" Negaunee.....	.50
" Ishpeming.....	.56
" Humboldt.....	.75
" Republic.....	.75
" Champion.....	.75
" Michigan.....	.75
" Nestoria.....	1.25

Tickets are on sale on Sundays only; are good on all passenger trains; but are valid going and returning only on date of issue. The train which now leaves Marquette at 5:30 p. m. for Republic will make these Sunday trips more popular than ever, as excursionists will be able to spend the entire day in Marquette and reach home at a reasonable hour the same evening. (5-19-14)

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, 'DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

FOR SALE.

Whipped Maple Cream.

Just the thing for Cake and home-made Candy.

RALSTON HEALTH CRACKERS,

Recommended by the Medical Faculty.

Whole Wheat Flour,

FRESH GROUND.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

THE BEST.

For sale only by

Alex I McDonald.

N. B.—Full line of Fresh Fruits. (12-21-14)

16in. Hardwood

All dry wood, under cover.

F. W. READ & CO.

Telephone Numbers.

No. 41 Bell. No. 66 Marquette Co

Don't Be a Ready Made Man.

We desire to announce to the people of Marquette and vicinity that we have opened Merchant Tailoring Parlors in the Mining Journal Building. We have received a fine line of the latest novelties in Suitings and ask you to call and inspect the same. We want the support of the people and will give, in return, strictly first-class Stylish Garments in every particular.

SIMMONS & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

(2-20-14)

UPPER PENINSULA

BREWING COMPANY.

MARQUETTE AND NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.

EXPORT AND TABLE BEER.

For family use. Brewed absolutely from pure malt and hops. Mail or telephone order will receive prompt attention.

(2-20-14)

TONELLA & JOHNSON,

Funeral Directors

AND

Embalmers.

Telephone 194. Night Call. Telephone 175.

307 Front St. Marquette, Mich. (2-25-14)

(2-24-14)

B.S. KAUFMAN, Dr. C. Kettner,

REAL ESTATE.

INSURANCE BROKER.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.

Savings Bank Bldg.

Office and Residence, Mining Journal Building, Third Floor. (2-1-14)

Dunlap Hat Agency

FOR MARQUETTE.

New Styles in Black or Brown

SOFT AND STIFF HATS

are now in.

JACOB ROSE,

CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER.

FRONT STREET, MARQUETTE.

The new styles of the Bart & Packard fire footwear will be ready for inspection within the next few days. (2-28-14)

GRABOWER

LADIES, TAKE NOTICE!

We will give a sale of Embroideries this week at

GRABOWER'S.

We have purchased a lot of Cambric Embroideries and wish to dispose of them in as short a time as possible. We have decided to make the lowest prices on the goods ever made by a Dry Goods House anywhere in the country. These Embroideries are all of an extra good quality and wide and every yard is worth more than double the price we ask for them.

NOTE THE PRICE:—2,000 yards, of Embroideries worked on Cambric, worth from 20 to 25 cents a yard your choice for 10 cents a yard. Come early and get choice of quality and designs.

We sell all kinds of wash goods. India Linens, Swiss Mulls, Dotted Mull

Challies at lower prices than same goods can be bought in Chicago or elsewhere.

LOUIS GRABOWER,

Leading Dry Goods, Carpet, Millinery and Shoe House.

Mail orders filled promptly.

GRABOWER

MARQUETTE FLOUR?

Wedding Cake, XXXX Best

If Not, Why Not? "Ask for It."

Choice Straight Star and Fancy. FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS 6-13-14

MARQUETTE HARDWARE CO., Ltd.

Is now ready for business with a complete line of

*** HARDWARE ***

and hope to be favored with a share of your patronage.

305 FRONT STREET, Opposite First National Bank.

(2-20-14)

J. E. TRETHERWEY,

303 FRONT STREET.

Let me know what you want done in the way of

*** INTERIOR DECORATIONS ***

for the coming Spring. My Wall Paper, Stock is Choice, Artistic and Complete. Largest and Finest line of Picture and Room Moulding in the Upper Peninsula. (2-14-14)

Kassel Oshinsky,

Seeing that people are still flocking to our store for those great bargains in shoes, we have, to justify the demand of our customers, concluded to prolong our shoe sale for another week, thereto to add a sale of the following articles at just half-price. People of Marquette and vicinity are promptly responding to our sales. No wonder, they find everything as advertised.

The Century Corset,

We have 400 of them in all sizes. For Comfort and as a Health Corset it is unequalled. There is no \$1 Corset better, now only 35c.

200 "Victor" Corsets, a high grade article, to go at 50c.

A \$1.25 M. C. Nursing Corset, finest quality, for only 75c.

The very best M. C. corset made, \$2 value, for \$1.

200 yds Satine Duchess, 27 in. wide, worth \$2 per yard, will for this sale be sold at 98c per yard.

25 pieces of Apron Lawns, tucked and figured, checks and stripes, cheap at 15c, will go at 10c per yard.

A lot of high grade imported Kid Gloves in Drab, Tan, Brown and Black, real value \$2. for this sale only 98c (every pair guaranteed).

Aprons at less than retail cost of material—100 doz Gingham Aprons, full size, good quality, value 25c, only 15c.

25c Taped Lace, Curtain Goods at only 9c per yard.

50 pair 3 1/2 yds long, extra wide, a \$2 quality, for 95c per pair.

A handsome lot of Brocade fancy suitings, special at 10c per yard.

SPRING STOCK

of Men's, Youth's and Children's

*** CLOTHING ***

in every description has arrived. Also a large assortment of Hats and Caps, in latest styles. Prices always the lowest.

KASSEL OSHINSKY,

The Only Leader of Low Prices. Wholesale and Retail.

All Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.