

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 3628.

MARQUETTE, MICH., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 4, 1896.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A Rubber Water Bottle

is either good or bad; if the latter it is dear at any price. We keep only the best and warrant every bag sold, same with other rubber goods.

THE STAFFORD DRUG CO.
222 South Front St., Marquette.

MARQUETTE, MARCH, 1896.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

As Our Time to Remain Here Must of Necessity be limited we will CAUSE A SMILE on Men who see the fine



\$2.50 Shoes Marked \$2.00
\$3.50 " " \$2.50
\$4.00 " " \$2.75
\$5.00 " " \$3.50

Women's Shoes, Misses' Shoes, Boys' Shoes, Youth's and Children's Shoes

marked in same proportion, every pair of reliable make. Remember we quit business very soon. Do not delay if you wish to take advantage of these great bargains.

A. R. MORGAN,

John McLachlan will be pleased to see his old friends and all others who wish first-class repairing, prompt service and reasonable prices.

Have you seen the :

\$8.00 DINNER SETS

that are sold at :

A. H. PALMER'S BAZAAR?

MANHARD-JOPLING CO., Ltd.

JOBBER'S OF HARDWARE.

MINE, MILL and LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES.

111 to 115 FRONT ST., 120 to 132 W. MAIN ST.,

AGENTS FOR:

Roebing's Wire Rope, Knowels Steam Pumps, Cameron Steam Pumps, Smith Valle Steam Pumps, Crescent Steel Co., E. C. Atkins & Co's Saws.

MARQUETTE, MICH.

A. E. ZIEHLSDORF,

15 Years Experience in Cutting and Fitting.

We want the confidence of our customers, and propose to keep it by giving good work and honest values.



We will open on Monday, February 24, with a selection of the latest fabrics of Foreign and Domestic woolsens. Come and see us.

108 N. THIRD STREET. * OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

BUY SHOES OF

GOODING & ORMSBEE

BUY CLOTHING AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS OF

GOODING & ORMSBEE

YOU WILL ALWAYS GET THE BEST TO BE HAD FOR YOUR MONEY.

BUY HATS OF

GOODING & ORMSBEE.



* FRESH *
Marquette Lettuce
received daily.

Baltimore Oysters.

Everything in the line of

GROCERIES

at :
D. MURRAY'S,
114 S. FRONT STREET.

FISH

FOR THE
LENTEN SEASON.

Fresh Mackerel, Salmon, Codfish, Smelts, Red Snappers, White Fish, Lake Trout, Oysters.

Salt Mackerel, Codfish, Holland Herring, Lake Trout, White Fish, Herring.

Smoked Halibut, Salmon, Finnan Haddies.

All kinds of Canned Fish, Sardines 5 cts. per can, Queen Olives 30 cts. per quart.

E. L. KELLAN.

If you want good

GROCERIES,

* FRESH *
GREEN VEGETABLES

or :
FRUITS

Call at :
Arthur Delf's
133 Washington St.

He carries the largest assortment in the city.

Johns & Hirding,

COR. THIRD AND MICHIGAN STS., (N. E. to McDonald's Grocery.)

Always have the very best :—

* MEATS, *

FISH, BUTTER AND EGGS.

You will save money by giving us your trade. Telephone orders receive prompt attention. Both telephones. (1-28-11)

* QUEEN *

CITY RESTAURANT.

HIGGINS & BARGREN, Props.

321 South Front St.

Meals served during meal hours for 25 cents. Short orders Day and Night. (5-2-11)

Vermont Maple Wax

New Orleans Mollasses Candy.

We have a large assortment of 10 and 20 cent mixed and a fine line of Chocolates.

F. HEPPNER.

ITALIAN REVERSE IN AFRICA

Troops Meet With a Disastrous Defeat at the Hands of the Shoans in Abyssinia.

3,000 MEN, INCLUDING TWO GENERALS, ARE KILLED.

News Causes Wild Demonstrations Against Government and Troops in Rome Are Placed Under Arms. Situation Is Critical.

THE MINISTRY MAY RESIGN.

ROME, March 3.—The new severe defeat of the Italian forces in Africa by the Shoans is confirmed. The army was divided into three columns, with a brigade in reserve. All were attacked by overwhelming numbers, aggregating sixty thousand, and forced back behind Belisa with a loss of half the artillery, all the ammunition and provisions, and three thousand soldiers killed, among them Generals Albertone and Darbomid, the commanders of two of the columns. There is an unconfirmed report here that General Barattieri, learning the extent of the disaster, committed suicide.

This evening the populace made violent demonstrations against the government. The outlook became so threatening that all the troops in the city were put under arms. The government has decided to mobilize the reserves of the class of 1873, numbering eighty thousand men. It is reported that steps are being taken to charter a number of extra steamships in which to send reinforcements to Massowah, where, according to a dispatch received here this evening, General Baldissera arrived today.

Nothing but the terrible defeat of the Italians is talked of in the cafes and other public places. The Shoans are said to have been well armed with modern rifles and cannon, and the entire force opposed to the Italians is estimated to have been over sixty thousand. The probability seems to be that General Baldissera will have to suspend operations for some time—while awaiting reinforcements from Italy. It is stated this evening the ministry has decided to resign as a result of the popular clamor.

PUBLIC EXCITEMENT GROWING.
It is impossible to exaggerate the consternation which the news of the Italian defeat in Abyssinia caused in all circles in this city. The newspapers do not even seek to minimize the disaster in the slightest degree. Every hour marks the appearance of fresh editions, giving additional details. And all serves to increase the public excitement, which is constantly growing. The whole garrison of the city is confined within the barracks for fear of disorder.

Even the semi-official newspapers dwell without disguise upon the serious nature of the situation. The semi-official journals accuse General Barattieri of incapacity and want of foresight and demand the adoption of measures worthy of the nation. The opposition party bitterly attacks the government as being responsible for the military reverses sustained by the Italians.

Owing to the sad news of the Italian reverse the pope has ordered that Te Deum be sung in St. Peter's. The celebration of the anniversary of his coronation has been postponed.

DR. NANSEN'S RETURN.

Russian Authorities Will Investigate the Report from Siberia.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 2.—Major General Svotlitsky, the governor of Irkutsk, telegraphs in reply to queries regarding the reports as to Dr. Nansen's return that Peter Kuchnareff, who trades at Ust Yansk, under date of Nov. 10 wrote to a merchant at Yakutsk as follows: "We learn that Dr. Nansen has reached the pole, has discovered hitherto unknown land, and has now returned. Consequently the Arctic ocean has not been explored." Government of this news from other sources, but he has instructed a member of his administration in the Verkholsk district to proceed to Ust Yansk to verify the news and aid the expedition if necessary.

LONDON, March 3.—The above dispatch serves to clear up several obscure points of the news that first came of Dr. Nansen's return and goes far to corroborate the report. Peter Kuchnareff is an accredited agent of Dr. Nansen and had been entrusted for the supply of Eskimo dogs for his expedition. His trading post at Ust Yansk is on the Arctic ocean at the mouth of the Yana river.

CARRIED WITHOUT DIVISION.

Commons Passes a Resolution of Sympathy With the Armenians.

LONDON, March 3.—In common today Samuel Smith offered a resolution of sympathy with the Armenians. Mr. Smith said he trusted Great Britain would continue her efforts in behalf of the Armenians. He also denounced Turkey, claiming that the Turks were pirates in a hopeless state of barbarism, and suggested Russia be given a portion of the Mediterranean and thus terminate the rivalry between Great Britain and Russia in this connection. He also suggested that Russia be asked to occupy Armenia, and thought France and Russia should be approached with the object of arranging a division of Turkey, claiming that such a policy would unite the Saxon race in Europe and America.

Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett defended the Turks, and Sir Edward Grey also spoke on the resolutions. Others followed, after which Mr. Curzon, under

secretary for the foreign office, replied. He said the government was willing to accept the resolutions, but the house must not suppose the government could ameliorate the condition of the Armenians by force of arms. The question, he said, was not the concern of one power, but of all, and each must be the best judge of its own policy. Hence the concert was not so effective as could be wished. This was not the fault of England. In conclusion, he said the government was doing its best to ameliorate the condition of Armenia and would not abate its efforts. Mr. Smith's resolution was then carried without division.

SHIPS FOR SPANISH NAVY.

Trans-Atlantic Line Steamers Placed at Disposal of Government.

MADRID, March 3.—The Marquis of Tomillas had a long conference today with Admiral Beranger, minister for the marine, at which he offered the government all the steamers and coal depots of the Trans-Atlantic company. The minister for the marine accepted the offer, which will be debated at the cabinet council tomorrow. Eight of these steamers will be forthwith armed and placed under the command of naval officers.

The students of Madrid University came to the decision to renew their anti-American demonstrations today. The rector of the university, learning of this determination had fifty students arrested. The result has been that the good order of the city has not been disturbed today.

MOVING ON LEON.

Government Troops Will Soon Attack the Rebel Capital.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, March 3.—[Copyrighted by Associated Press.]—The report of the killing of the rebel generals, Escalon and Barquero Sediles, in the last battle about Naragote is confirmed.

The United States warship Alert has arrived at Corinto in response to the representations of United States Minister Baker that there was need of protection to American interests there. The government forces, together with the troops sent by Honduras to aid them, are advancing towards Leon and will soon storm the rebel capital.

FORCED OUT OF THE ARMY.

Ballington and Mrs. Booth Define Their Position in Recent Troubles.

CHICAGO, March 2.—A letter was received today by Major Morton, general secretary and second in command in the northwestern division, from Ballington and Mrs. Maude Booth. They deny they resigned or refused to obey orders, but claim they were literally forced out of the army. They intimate that the commissioners who deposed them exceeded their authority and, when it was too late, tried to "go back" on their actions.

They disclaim any intention of setting up an independent movement; say they were advised by their officers and soldiers to stand by the Army—not meaning, thereby, that their comrades should approve of their dismissal nor turn their hearts from their old leaders and promise to restore the property in their possession to the Army, under certain conditions.

The northwestern division of the Salvation Army held a council of war today in reference to the present crisis, and decided to stand by the old organization.

EASTERN MILLS SHUT DOWN.

Many Employes Thrown Out of Work by Reason of Recent Floods.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 3.—It was officially announced today that the mills of the Moskeago corporation would be closed for two months. The damage done by the floods makes a cessation of operations necessary. Upward of ten thousand operatives will be affected.

RICHMOND, Me., March 3.—The rise of water in the Kennebec continued today. The break in the corporation reservoir leaves the town without water for fire and domestic purposes, and several manufacturing concerns have shut down on account of the inefficient service. Railroad traffic is entirely suspended.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., March 3.—The worst of the flood seems to have passed in this section, but there is no change in the railroad tie-up. The northern division of the Boston & Maine is completely blocked, with at least four bridges wrecked along the line. Freight traffic is at a standstill in all directions on account of the recent floods.

SEVERAL WORKMEN INJURED.

Explosion of Gasoline Causes Destructive Fire in a Racine Factory.

RACINE, Wis., March 3.—By the explosion of a gasoline tank in the engine department of the Racine Hardware company, at Racine Junction, this afternoon a fire started that wiped out that part of the factory and caused a loss of \$125,000. The workmen in that department—thirty-five in number—barely had time to escape, and many saved themselves by jumping from the windows to the ground below, a distance of twenty feet. George Nichols was seriously burned about the head, hands and face and W. J. Fitch, foreman; S. A. King, engineer, and L. Stratton were badly but not seriously burned. The insurance is \$37,000.

Disastrous Prairie Fires.

PERRY, O. K., March 3.—Damaging prairie fires have been raging the past six days in the Ponce, Otago and Osage Indian counties in the eastern part of the Cherokee strip and west of here. In Osage county a white woman was burned to death and half a dozen houses and much stock destroyed.

Gov. Greenhalge Very Low.

LOWELL, Mass., March 4.—5 a. m.—Governor Greenhalge is reported to be much worse. His condition is critical.

BAD NEWS FOR THE CUBANS

The President Will Not Act in Conformity With the Expressions of Congress.

OPPOSED TO THE RECOGNITION OF THE INSURGENTS.

The State of Affairs in the Island Does Not Justify Any Change in the Present Attitude of the Government.

THE ADMINISTRATION'S VIEWS.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The president and cabinet are undoubtedly strongly opposed to the present recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents and to any declaration concerning their independence as embodied in the recent congressional resolutions. The following is not an official statement, but it is known from careful inquiry that it accurately represents the administration's views in the matter. While the president and the members of his cabinet personally feel the sympathy common to all Americans with these Cubans who are contending for self-government, they feel that in their official action they should not depart from the well-settled principles which have been followed by former presidents and secretaries during prior insurrections in Cuba.

Recognition of belligerency is only a modified form of recognizing independence, though the latter implies more perfect accomplishments. The difference between mere insurrection and war, though in both armed bodies are in conflict, is that in the former only one sovereign power is engaged while in the latter there must necessarily be two. If an armed conflict be carried on by a substantial political organization, real, palpable and manifest to the world, having the form and capable of the ordinary functions of government towards its own people and to other states and "having a local habitation where it may be dealt with by other nations," then there is a war, and a refusal to recognize belligerency would be wilful.

In the absence of these features there is "nothing to take the contest out of the category of a mere rebellious insurrection or occasional skirmishes and place it on the terrible footing of war." The pretense of recognizing what does not exist "is always, and justly, regarded as an unfriendly act and a gratuitous demonstration of moral support to the rebellion." It is understood that to judge by these tests, the administration does not think the present state of affairs in Cuba justifies any change in the government's attitude. Its function is to act and express feeling. The only action now proper is to continue to hold responsible for injuries to American citizens the only government which so far as it appears, "has and maintains authority in Cuba, until some other government succeeds, at least temporarily, in supplanting it."

WORK OF NATION'S SOLONS.

Senate Passes Agricultural Appropriation and Several Other Bills.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—In the senate today on motion of Mr. Cullom the agricultural appropriation bill was taken up and the amendments made by the committee on appropriations read. The amendments were all agreed to without discussion or change until the appropriation for the animal industry bureau was reached. This was so changed as to provide for a chief and also an assistant chief for the inspection division. Senator Warren secured an amendment making immediately available \$4,500 for irrigation purposes, to be expended by the geological survey. As amended the agricultural bill passed.

A bill was passed withdrawing from the supreme court jurisdiction in criminal cases not capital and to confer the same on courts of appeals.

Another bill passed during the afternoon changes the limitations of fourth-class mail matter so as to free the postal service from the bulky articles heretofore sent free by the government departments. Senator Wolcott, in urging the bill, said roller top desks and electric motors were among the articles sent as mail by the departments.

The mistake made yesterday in the transmission to the senate of the house Cuban resolutions, passed as substitutes for those of the senate, was corrected this afternoon. Owing to a mistake by the clerk they were announced to the senate as simply house concurrent resolutions. This afternoon the clerk of the house conveyed a supplemental message to the senate, returning the original senate resolutions endorsed as passed, with amendments in the form of a substitute. The way is now open for a conference between the two houses.

THE HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

The house today resumed consideration of the legislative bill, with the amendment to abolish the fee system for district attorneys and United States marshals as the pending proposition. Mr. Updegraff (Iowa) made an argument in support of the amendment. It was also advocated by Connolly, Barton, Dockery and others. Without action the house adjourned. The debate will be continued tomorrow under the five-minute rule.

Mrs. Hahn Shoots Her Hubby.

Houghton, Mich., March 3.—Frank Hahn met his wife in a saloon at Laurium last night after several weeks separation. He exhibited a revolver, and she taunted him by saying if she had it she would shoot some one. He handed the weapon to her and she fired five shots at Hahn, inflicting serious wounds. Hahn may die.

REFRESHING - PURE - NOURISHING.

Our Beer is brewed of the best hops and malts, without adulterants of any nature by a graduate of the Chicago Brewing Academy.

The Best Technical and Practical Skill,

Long Experience as Brewers.

PHIL. SCHEURMAN BREWING CO [3-27-tf] Hancock, Mich.

Use INGOT Soap Highest Grade. The best is the Cheapest.

Spring Goods Have Arrived.

I am well prepared to show my customers and others some of the finest cloths for Spring and Summer Suits and Overcoats

AUGUST PELTO, HANCOCK, MICH. (2-19-tf) MERCHANT TAILOR.

Theo. Lange, Houghton, Mich. Dealer in Furniture and Undertaker.

F. W. READ & CO., * LUMBER.

ROUGH and DRESSED PINE.

28TH. ANNUAL STATEMENT

MICHIGAN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF DETROIT, MICH. For the Year Ending December 31st, 1895.

REVENUE ACCOUNT table with columns for Received for Premiums, Received for Interest, Total Income, Disbursements, Surrender Values, Balance to Investment Account.

ASSETS table with columns for Cash in Bank, First Mortgage Liens on Real Estate, Real Estate, Loans to Policy-Holders, Agents' Balances, Bills Receivable, Bonds, Interest due and accrued, Rents due and accrued, Net Outstanding Premiums, Net Deferred Premiums.

LIABILITIES table with columns for Amount of Reserve Fund, Deposits of Policy-Holders, Premiums Paid in Advance, Unpaid Dividends, Death Claims not due, Surplus on 4 per cent. Table.

POLICY ACCOUNT table with columns for Policies Issued during the year, Amount Insured thereby, Policies in force December 31st, 1895, Amount Insured thereby, Total amount paid Policy-Holders.

O. R. LOOKER, President. JAMES H. CUMMINS, Secretary. C. A. KENT, 1st Vice-President. G. W. SANDERS, Actuary. HOYT POST, 2nd Vice-President. C. A. DEVENDORF, M.D., Med. Director. J. M. WILKINSON, AGENT, MARQUETTE, MICH. (3-1-24t)

Copper Country Department

Communications for this Department should be addressed to C. A. FOSS, Houghton, Mich.

STRONG TICKETS SELECTED.

Great Interest Manifested in the Caucuses Throughout the Copper Country Monday Night.

Monday night was "caucus night" throughout Houghton county and at Red Jacket, Lake Linden, Laurium, Hancock and Houghton tickets were put up for the municipal elections which occur next Monday.

At Red Jacket Monday night 325 votes were cast. The balloting resulted in the following ticket which will be presented for the consideration of the village voters: President, H. J. Vivian, clerk, W. W. Ellis; treasurer, M. B. Werten; assessor, John P. Roberts; trustees, John Knivel, Thomas Gribble, Hammond Miller, John Bertin.

At Laurium the result of the caucus is as follows: President, F. H. Lathrop; clerk, Joseph Furthy; treasurer, George Monroe; assessor, Peter Braun; trustees, Henry Fleigle, John Torianno, John Bresline, Louis Labby.

At Lake Linden a caucus was called on Monday night to express the sentiments of those who are not in sympathy with the ticket put up at Saturday night's meeting. The result was the formation of an entirely new ticket, the only exception being the office of president, for which a blank is left at the head of the ticket.

At Hancock, the caucus had been called to meet at the fire hall, but such a crowd responded that it was necessary to adjourn to St. Patrick's Hall. Jacob Baer was made chairman of the meeting and Mr. Finn secretary.

At Hancock, the caucus had been called to meet at the fire hall, but such a crowd responded that it was necessary to adjourn to St. Patrick's Hall. Jacob Baer was made chairman of the meeting and Mr. Finn secretary.

It is likely that other caucuses will be held at Red Jacket and Hancock to put up opposition candidates for the offices of treasurer, clerk and assessor.

On last Saturday evening a party of eighteen young people from Houghton and vicinity, including two or three students from the Mining school, chartered a big sleigh at Houghton and about 6 o'clock in the evening started out on a drive to the residence of John McCurdy, superintendent of the Atlantic mills at the Salmon Trout.

The party was gotten up in honor of Mr. McCurdy's niece, of Duluth, who is visiting friends here. Soon after the party started out a violent snow storm sprang up and after getting out into the country a few miles the driver became hopelessly mixed up and the entire outfit were compelled to take to the railroad track, which they sought to follow to Mr. McCurdy's home.

It was bitterly cold and the party had a terrible time of it before the Atlantic mill was finally reached at 1 a. m. Here they were taken in by Mr. Curdy, warmed and fed and at length started back on their return trip. This, however, proved even worse than the first. Once more the driver lost the road and again the party were obliged to take to the ties.

Here the snow had drifted until their progress was almost impeded, but they struggled on, alternately walking and riding, until at length they managed to reach Houghton at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon. While the male members of the party managed to stand the exertion and exposure all right, it is said that a number of the young ladies suffered greatly and one of them has since been confined to her bed from sheer exhaustion.

In a Flourishing Condition. The seventh annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Michigan Building & Loan association was held at Hancock yesterday afternoon for the election of a board of directors for the ensuing year.

Will Show at Dollar Bay. On Friday and Saturday nights of this week Professor McEwen, the mind reader and mesmerist, will give an exhibition of his powers at Dollar Bay.

ARISTOCRATIC MEXICANS

People Who Have Descended from a Line of Kings.

Refined and Cultivated Descendants of the Aztecs—Families Who Cherish Their Titles in Secret.

Every little while interesting information regarding the descendants of the Aztec monarchs is made public, and, as the people who spring from the earliest monarchy on the soil of North America may rightfully claim precedence socially over the "400" of any modern Yankee city, the Mexican Herald proposes to give a few of the more recent facts regarding the line of the Mexican kings.

Not long since a newspaper here contained an article entitled "The Latest Descendants of the Aztec Monarchs," referring to the young son of Don Luis G. Sierra y Horcasitas and his wife, Senora Maria Dolores Abadiano. The boy, Roberto Luis Cuauhtemoc, is the 14th in descent from Emperor Cuauhtlahuac.

As is known, Cuauhtemoc was the son of Emperor Ahuizotl, son of Axayacatl, and, consequently, a nephew of Montezuma II; he married with Princess Techuichpoch, a daughter of Montezuma. A good many other facts are mentioned, but they are put in so complicated and confused a way that it is impossible to unravel the relationships. It is sufficient to know that there are many well-proven descendants of the Aztec monarchs living and borne on the pension rolls of this government.

Cuauhtlhuac, from whom the boy referred to descends, and Montezuma II, were brothers, as was also Matlazincan, the cacique of Coyoacan, a suburban town, now a thriving seat of Anglo-Saxon residents. Among the descendants of Cuauhtlhuac are Don Pedro Patino Itolincue, who lives in Holland, and Don Pedro Patino, the ill-fated and heroic Cuauhtemoc, whose statue adorns the Paseo de la Reforma.

Some of them reside in Spain and other European countries, among the number being the duke of Abrantea, Marquis Del Aguilar Fuert and the count of Miravelles.

Among the other descendants of Montezuma is Eugenio de Guzman and Porto Carrero, the ex-empresario of the French—a fact not generally known. It is, therefore, apparent that the wife of Napoleon III, was of older imperial stock than her husband, and brought to the alliance more dignity than she acquired by it.

There is here a gentleman named Marcedo, who is almost a descendant of Montezuma, a very intelligent person, who has preserved many relics of his illustrious ancestors and is extremely well versed in the family history of the Montezuma race.

Descendants of Hernan Cortez exist here, some bearing his name—one gentleman of this race and name living at present in Tacubaya, a man of cultivation and refinement. It would have been interesting to bring to the Columbian exposition descendants of the Aztec monarchs and of Cortez—the conquistador.

So, when we talk of an American aristocracy, we should look to Mexico to furnish the best and most genuine specimens. Here is a chance that would put even the pedigree of a Highland laird to blush.

There are living in this country many families of noble descent who cherish their titles in secret and keep aloof from the mass of the people. Some of these ancient families were wealthy, being still possessed of that which should go with titles of nobility, great estates. The never regnant families, so to say, are the families of successful soldiers, who stand somewhat in the same relation to the old aristocracy as did the marshals and generals of Napoleon I. The newer element is the one in power, while the old nobility is in practical retirement.

Who has not met many of these modern counts and marquises, who are as proud of their descent as are those Bostonians who trace their families from the Pilgrim fathers? Indeed, the Mexican families of noble lineage can point, in many instances, to a family history dating back to the 800 years' war against the Moors, when their ancestors were ennobled for gallantry or services to the kings.—Mexican Herald.

The Bourbons in Spain. In none of the many sovereignties had the incapacity of the Bourbons been more completely demonstrated than in Spain. With intermittent flickerings, the light of that famous land had been steadily growing dimmer ever since Louis XIV. exultingly declared that the Pyrenees had ceased to exist. Stripped of her colonial supremacy, shattered in naval power, reduced to pay tribute to France, she looked silently on while Napoleon trafficked with her lands, mourning that even the memory of her former glories was fading out in foreign countries. The proud people themselves had, however, never forgotten their past; with each successive humiliation their irritation grew more extreme, and soon after Trafalgar they made an effort to organize under the crown prince against the scandalous regime of Godoy. Both parties sought French support, and the quarrel was fomented from Paris until the whole country was torn by the most serious dissensions.—Prof. Scane, in Century.

Our Currency. The currency of the United States was changed from the English system to dollars and cents by act of congress in 1792, by which act the names and values of the different coins were established. The plan of national coinage was adopted in 1785, but no definite action was taken until 1792.—Chicago Chronicle.

HOTELS.

Summit House,

MARQUETTE, MICH. One block from the South Shore railway depot. Is the best \$1 and \$1.50 per day hotel in the city.

GOOD ROOMS AND FIRST CLASS MEALS.

Every attention given our guests. Most conveniently located hotel in town. Stop With Us.

DAN CURRIE, (2-14-tf) Proprietor.

CHAPPELL HOUSE,

BARAGA, MICH. John J. McWilliams, Prop. This house is well located and adapted for all classes. First-class table. Bath room. Barber shop and Sample Room in connection. Rates, \$2.00 per day. Your patronage solicited. (7-3-tf)

New Lloyd House.

JOHN R. THOMAS, PROP. —LANSE, MICH.— All modern conveniences, good sample rooms: Rates, \$2.00 per day. (3-13-tf)

THE CASINO.

A high-class pleasure resort. Special accommodations for public or private dancing parties. Billiard rooms, bill room, cafe and pleasure garden; fine automatic grand piano. No disreputable characters allowed on the premises under any circumstances. B. LE BOUF, Prop. (8-31-tf) Dollar Bay, Mich.

"Hotel Munising."

MUNISING, MICH. I have opened the first hotel at the new town of Munising and am prepared to accommodate the general public. Special attention to commercial travelers. Charges moderate. Trunks moved for 25c the round trip. GIVE US A CALL. E. W. P. Weiss, Prop. (1-21-24)

MICHIGAN MINING SCHOOL.

A HIGH GRADE STATE TECHNICAL school. Elective System. Gives instruction in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Mining Engineering, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Assaying, Metallurgy, Drawing, Shop Practice, Testing Materials, Designing, Surveying, Mine Management and Accounts, Ore Dressing, Mineralogy, Petrography and Geology. Sample work, instruction practical. Laboratories, shops and mill well equipped. For catalogues and information write to D. M. E. Wadsworth, Director, Houghton, Michigan.

HUMPHREYS'

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil as a CURATIVE and HEALING APPLICATION. It has been used 40 years and always affords relief and always gives satisfaction.

It Cures PILES or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain. It Cures Burns, Scalds and Ulceration and Contraction from Burns. Relief instant.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

FOR SALE,

White Pine & Norway Timber.

Hardwood, Farming and Mineral Lands.

J. CONNOLLY, Marquette, Mich. (7-24-tf) Administrator

Mineral Range R. R.

Hancock & Calumet R. R. Change of time in effect SUNDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1895.

Table with columns for route (Lv Hancock, Ar Hancock, Lv Houghton, Ar Houghton, Lv Lake Linden, Ar Hancock, Ar Hancock, Ar Lake Linden) and times (7:45am, 8:35am, 8:40am, 9:05am, 9:20am, 10:10am, 7:45am, 8:25am, 9:15am, 9:50am).

HOME MISSIONARY LABOR.

Mammoth Meeting in the Interest of the Cause Is Held at New York City.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND THE PRESIDING OFFICER.

He Delivers an Address and Is Followed by Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage, Dr. Jackson, Rev. Mr. Thompson and Others.

HALL FILLED TO OVERFLOWING. NEW YORK, March 3.—One of the most important meetings held in recent years in favor of the home mission movement of the Presbyterian church was that which took place at Carnegie Music Hall tonight. The importance of the occasion was emphasized by the appearance as the presiding officer of President Cleveland. The hall was so crowded that an overflow meeting was held in the lower hall. President Cleveland was received with tumultuous applause, the whole audience rising and waving handkerchiefs. When the applause subsided President Cleveland was introduced as chairman of the meeting. He said:

"I desire to express my appreciation of the privilege of participating in this conference and the opportunity this affords me of testifying to the value and usefulness of the work undertaken by the board of home missions of the Presbyterian church. I fully realize the transcendent importance of this agency in its operation upon the hearts of men for the salvation of their souls. The long roster of those who have been led into the way of the righteousness through the instrumentality of our home missions are rich trophies of successful endeavor.

"No one charged with the duties and responsibilities which necessarily weigh upon your chief executive can fail to appreciate the importance of religious teachings and Christian endeavor in newly settled portions of our vast domain. It is there where the hot and stubborn warfare between the forces of good and evil is constantly invited. In these days of the vanguard of occupation in a new settlement is never without its vicious and criminal element. Gambling houses and dram shops are frequently among the first establishments in a new community.

"It must also be confessed that the removal from their old homes and associations to new and more primitive homes has a tendency among honest and respectable settlers to smother their scruples and to breed evils indifferent to the Christianizing and elevating agencies. These conditions, if unchecked and uncorrected, fix upon the new community by their growth and expansion a character and disposition when, while dangerous to peace and order in the early stages of the settlement, develop into badly regulated municipalities, corrupt and unsafe territories and undesirable states.

"These are serious considerations in a country where the people, good and bad, are its rulers, because the conditions to which I have referred would certainly menace, within a circle constantly enlarging, the safety and welfare of the entire body politic if we could not hope that church and religious teachings would from the first be on the ground to oppose the evil influences that are apt to pervade the beginning of organized communities. These churches and these religious teachings were never more needed than now on our distant frontiers, where the process of forming new states is going on and where new comers are so rapidly gathering together.

"If we turn from the objects of home missionary labor to the situation of those actually toiling in distant fields for God and humanity and a purer and better citizenship our sympathy with their work must be further quickened and our sense of duty to them and their cause actively stimulated. They are men and women who have left their home and association of friends under the direction of organized mission boards to teach Christianity in sparsely settled sections and to organize churches where none exist, enduring discomfort, hardships, poverty and danger for the sake of the cause to which in a very comfortable and inexpensive way we profess to be attached.

"These are our soldiers at the front, fighting our battles; and we who stay at home cannot escape the duty of providing for them and reinforcing them in every way if we are to continue them in our service. We will not turn away from them nor allow discouragement to destroy the activity in their behalf, let us not forget the missionaries in our land who need our aid.

"It seems to me that if the Christian people of our land would estimate at its real value the work which the board of home missions has in charge, and if they be made to realize its extreme importance, the means to carry on and extend this work would be equally forthcoming; and I hope such an unusual interest may be aroused in behalf of the cause as will suggest to many heretofore indifferent that among the most comforting of their possessions will be to share in the triumphs and achievements of the home missions."

DR. TALMAGE'S ADDRESS. The president was followed by Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage, a synopsis of whose address follows: "Our glorious Presbyterianism is in full bloom tonight. This will be a historical meeting, and far down in years it will be told that in the commercial metropolis of this nation a man who has on his highest honors this world can give and twice having received these honors from the American people, in this great mass meeting for God and righteousness, put down the grandeur of his office at the feet of Jesus.

"The very things that have been quoted as perils to this nation are going to help its salvation. The great cities, so often mentioned as the great obstacles, the center of crime and the reservoirs of all iniquities, are to lead in the work of gospelization.

"From what place did Christ send out his twelve apostles to evangelize the world? From a city. What place will

do more than any other place by its contribution of Christian men and women and the means in this work of taking America for God? New York city. The way Paris goes, goes France. The way Berlin goes, goes Germany. The way Edinburgh goes, goes Scotland. The way London goes, goes England. The way New York and a couple of other cities go, goes America. May the eternal God wake us up to the stupendous issue."

Dr. Sheldon Jackson, superintendent of missions for Alaska, then spoke. He said: "A great crisis has arisen over the churches. Nothing less than a great national peril would have brought the chief magistrate of our national government, our beloved president, to preside over this meeting. It is a crisis that appeals to every patriotic citizen of the country. The cause of home missions is the cause of patriotism. Let the word go forth that this great meeting made manifest the free will offering for the Lord and tomorrow at family altars on the New England coast will be heard voices of praise and thanksgiving that shall not cease until it has encircled the globe."

Rev. Charles Thompson, chairman of the committee on home missions of the Presbyterian church, at New York, then spoke on "Home Missions." The last speaker was Booker T. Washington, the colored principal of the Tuskegee Institute at Alabama. How to better the condition of the negro of the southern states was the substance of his address.

MILLIONS ARE INVOLVED.

Big Land Suits Are Instituted at St. Paul by the Government.

ST. PAUL, March 3.—The United States district attorney has brought a dozen suits in one of the largest litigations ever carried on in the northwest. About a thousand defendants, residents of this state, and 200,000 acres valued at \$4,000,000 and the entire town of Littlefield are involved. The defendants most concerned are the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba, the St. Paul & Northern Pacific, the St. Paul & Sioux City, the Winona & St. Peter and the Milwaukee & St. Paul railroads. The actions are based on certification made erroneously, it is claimed, on lands involved by the ministerial department of the United States to the state of Minnesota and by it to the companies mentioned.

DES MOINES, March 3.—United States Attorney Fuller, for the southern Iowa district, today commenced, acting under the direction of Attorney General Harmon, three suits against the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Burlington & Missouri River and about one thousand private parties for the recovery of certain lands, situated in Montgomery, Mills and Adams counties, Iowa, which were embodied in the grants of 1856 and 1864. The suits were commenced under the land grant remedial acts of 1857. It is claimed, among other things, that the lands had been patented to settlers before they were transferred to the railroads. About thirty-five thousand acres are involved, some of them townships. The farming lands are valued at \$50 per acre.

TRIED HAND AT SWINDLING.

John Cowan Quits \$150,000 Ahead of the Game and Disappears.

PITTSBURG, March 3.—One of the most stupendous swindling operations that has occurred in this city within recent years has been brought to light by the disappearance of John Cowan, of the lumber firm of W. G. Cowan & Sons, who left Pittsburgh last Saturday and whose whereabouts are unknown. The amount of his defalcations, it is said, will aggregate \$150,000. The victims Cowan left behind him include lumbermen in every section of the country, salesmen and employees of his office, and his step-mother, the widow of his father, whom he left financially ruined, her little fortune of \$35,000 being entirely swept away. Cowan is twenty-eight years of age and has been married a year. All the money he left his wife was \$14. Cowan's father died about six months ago.

DR. BROWN'S TRIAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—In the Brown trial today Miss Overman was cross-examined. She was handed copies of the famous blackmailing letter which she wrote to Mrs. Tunnel and pointed out wherein they were different from the originals. Miss Overman said all parts of the letters which had reference to Dr. Brown on that was damaging to him had been put in by her for the purpose of blackmail.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

CHICAGO, March 3.—The leading grain futures ranged as follows:

Table with columns: Wheat, Corn, May, etc. and values.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, dull, unchanged. Wheat, steady; No. 2 spring, 65¢; No. 2 red, 68¢; No. 2 white, 21½¢; No. 3 white, 20¢; No. 3 white, 19½¢; creameries, 14¢; dairies, 9¢; eggs, firm; 9¢.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 10,000 bbls; wheat, 67,000 bu.; corn, 264,000 bu.; oats, 457,000 bu. SHIPMENTS—Flour, 3,000 bbls; wheat, 84,000 bu.; corn, 109,000 bu.; oats, 212,000 bu.

METAL PRICES.

New York, March 3.—Pig iron, easy; Southern, \$11.50@12.25; Northern, \$11.50@12.50. Copper, dull; brokers' price, 11c; exchange price, 11.00@11.12½c.

COPPER STOCKS.

Table with columns: Boston, March 3, and various copper stock prices.

THEY WILL SPLIT ON SILVER

End of the Two Old Parties, as at Present Constituted, Is Near at Hand.

SENATOR PEPPER OF KANSAS EXPRESSES HIS OPINIONS.

White Metal Men Hold the Key and On Their Action Depends the Fate of the Republican Presidential Ticket.

POPULIST LEGISLATOR TALKS.

TOPEKA, Kas., March 3.—Senator Pepper returned from Washington today. In an interview Mr. Pepper expressed the belief that the end of the two old parties, as constituted at present, is at hand. He thinks they will split on silver in their national conventions, and while the gold standard element of the Democratic party may preserve the party existence by nominating candidates, it will cut but little figure in the November elections. He looks for the gold standard element to capture the national Republican convention. Whether it will elect its ticket will depend on the action of the silver Republicans and Democrats. If they drop out of sight and remain passive, it will be a Republican year, but should they openly secede and join the silver conference in July a new party will be organized under a name acceptable to all, composed of all elements and including the People's party.

VIEWS OF CHAIRMAN HARRITY.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The World tomorrow will say: William F. Harrity, chairman of the national Democratic committee, has maintained silence for many months in respect to candidates and issues, but he spoke frankly yesterday to The World. He made three extremely important, as well as interesting, statements:

First—That he no longer considers Mr. Cleveland as among the possible candidates for president. Second—That the Democratic party in its platform must declare for sound money; viz: Against the free and unlimited silver of coinage at 16 to 1. Third—That the Democrats are not more divided now than they were six months before the Tilden campaign.

CANT SHARE IN THE MILLIONS

Claim of the Alleged Widow of Norman Kittson Is Disallowed.

ST. PAUL, March 3.—Margaret Kittson, as she calls herself, a half-breed woman of the Menominee Indian tribe, has lost her case against the estate of Norman W. Kittson. Judge Egan filed a decision to that effect this afternoon in the district court. He affirms the decision of the probate court for Ramsey county, which decided that the claim of Margaret to be the widow of Norman W. Kittson could not be allowed. The case involved sensations that were read throughout the country. Margaret Kittson is now an old woman of seventy-five years and lives on the Indian reservation near Kesheo, Wis. The Kittson estate is valued at four or five million dollars.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

The Opinions Handed Down Yesterday by Michigan's Able Jurists.

LANSING, Mich., March 3.—[Special.] The supreme court this morning failed the following opinions: Affirmed—People vs Beverly; People vs Smith; People vs McLaughlin; Burt vs Iron County Supervisors; Reed vs Reed; Macomber vs Detroit, Lansing & Northern Railroad Co.; Cleveland vs Koch; Roedel vs Village of Whitecloud; Barnard vs same; Landowski vs Lark; Lee vs Kellogg. Reversed—City of Detroit vs Board of Water Commissioners; Ryan vs Wayston. Rehearings denied in Janaushek vs Eddy and Sake vs Koch. Court finished the call on cases on April docket and adjourned until next Wednesday to file opinions.

PUGILISTS IN THE TOILS.

Murphy and Patterson to Stand Trial in Minnesota for Prizefighting.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., March 3.—Jimmy Murphy, the Chicago pugilist who whipped Billy Patterson of San Francisco in six rounds Sunday at Howell, Minn., was arrested here this evening on a warrant charging him with engaging in a prizefight. Another warrant is out for Billy Patterson. Murphy will return to Minnesota without requisition papers. "Spider Kelly," Murphy's trainer, was also arrested but afterwards released. The warrant for Murphy was sworn out by County Attorney Woodward of Carlton under the direction of Governor Clough.

Claims Mortgages Are Void.

MILWAUKEE, March 3.—A sensation developed this afternoon in the Northern Pacific litigation when the pleas of the Wisconsin Central were filed. The pleas claim the Northern Pacific was prohibited to execute any mortgage except by the express permission of congress, and that the fifty millions in mortgages so issued are therefore null—absolutely null—and void.

A Fatal Shooting Scrape.

MEMPHIS, Tex., March 3.—John R. Jones, president of the Memphis National bank, was shot and killed and his son dangerously wounded in a shooting affray on the street today between William Pardue, an attorney, and a man named Scarborough. There was a feud between Pardue and the Jones and on meeting on the street they began a duel with revolvers. Pardue was arrested.

Steamship Bermuda Released.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The steamship Bermuda, which was recently seized by federal officers in New York bay as she was preparing to sail for Cuba with men and arms in aid of the insurgent cause, has been ordered released by the authorities here. However conclusive the evidence may be

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report



that the Bermuda was about to depart upon this mission, the law and decisions of courts clearly inhibit her seizure and confiscation. The disposition of the arms captured has not yet been determined upon.

Forecast of the Weather.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—10 p. m. The weather bureau reports the following as its forecast for the next twenty-four hours: For upper Michigan: Fair; slightly colder; northerly winds.

To Settle the Uran Affair.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—It is learned the British ambassador here and the Venezuelan minister have entered into direct negotiations for the settlement of the Uran incident.

Debate on School Bill Opens.

OTTAWA, March 3.—The debate on the government's bill to re-establish separate schools in Manitoba commenced in commons today. The debate will last a week.

Women Are Barred.

LONDON, March 3.—The congregation of Oxford University today rejected, by a vote of 215 to 140, a resolution to allow women to take the degree of bachelor of arts.

TWO FISH PROBLEMS.

Observations and Reflections of a Backwoods Sage.

"Do fish feel pain?" I dunno—I never was a fish, says a writer in Outing. Yet I have observed freshly-landed fish to execute certain movements which seemed to indicate that the fish felt something; maybe 'twasn't pain. It may have been simply agony, or any old thing like that. Those who used in their younger days to carry in their trousers pocket a cork stick full of hooks may remember occasions when a hook worked free from the cork. Once I accidentally hooked a pointer dog by the ear, and the language he used and the way he ran out of line convinced me that he felt something. He may have felt only a pleasant sensation, but he didn't come within 50 feet of me for two hours. The desperate sugging back and zigzag resistance of a hooked fish, the wild flappings and straining gasps of a freshly-landed fish may be evidences of pleasurable sensations, but I am tempted to consider them as closely allied to that joyous thrill which prompts a man to rise above the insidious caress of a strong, well-bent pin. "Do fish feel at night?" Well, well—do fish swim? Country boys, how about the big fire beside the water? How about the boy who got first to the big boom and thus secured the boss place? How about the spiky-finned channel cats and mud cats that came up two at a time; the goggle-eyed rock bass, special prizes; the hideous "mud puppies," which at once went into the fire along with a yard of line? How about the night lines? How about everything connected with the sport that used to get better and better as midnight approached, until the glorious fun and occasional profanity were interrupted by the sound of the "old man" falling foul of a wire fence or breaking a gad from the plum tree up the bank? Do fish feed at night? I dunno—they used to.

JUMBO AND THE LAW.

A Deputy Sheriff Out After the Great Elephant.

It was eight or nine years ago, and the cars containing the animals were unloaded near the Canal street freight house, says the Providence Journal. The animals were guided across Exchange place by attendants, and the elephants went along very peaceably. They hadn't gone a great distance, however, when Jumbo's back began to itch. The big elephant tried to reach the place with his trunk, but didn't manage to. So he stepped from the line and looked for some suitable place against which to rub his back. There were two objects in sight—a big flag-staff and Paddy Burns' shanty, which stood in the rear of the Three Ones' fire station. Jumbo picked out the shanty, and by the time he had relieved his feelings things inside were nearly down, and the building had been removed from its foundations and shoved into the water.

Manistique Railway.

Grand Marais, Seney, Germfask.

Trains will run as follows. Subject to change without notice, to take effect May 6, 1896:

Table with columns: Stations, Time, etc.

CONNECTIONS.

Connections made at Seney with Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic trains for Marquette, Houghton, Duluth, Chicago and all points west and north-west. Also, at Seney, with D. S. & A. trains for Sault Ste. Marie, St. Ignace, Detroit, Boston, New York, Washington and all points east and south.

The Manistique Railway passes through a new and heavily timbered region and affords access to the best hunting grounds and fishing streams to be found this side of the far North and West.

WM. GREEN, JOHN MILLER, Assist. Supt. Gen. Supt. F. J. CHISHOLM, Gen. P. & F. Agent.

THE

Difference

Between printing and printing is often a very wide one.

Two printers do the same job of printing, but when you come to compare them you will find they are not the same job after all.

James Piekands & Co. are prepared to deliver the best quality of Hard and Soft Coal, at lowest market price.

Good Printing

Carefully done, and Promptly, take it to the

Mining Journal.

Then, when it is delivered to you, it will be a source of satisfaction every time you look at it.

CHEAP?

Certainly just as cheap as good work can be done. Remember us when in need of Stationery

Manistique Railway.

Grand Marais, Seney, Germfask.

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WM. GREEN, JOHN MILLER, Assist. Supt. Gen. Supt. F. J. CHISHOLM, Gen. P. & F. Agent.

Tooth Brushes.

What do you know about Tooth Brushes? The best on earth are made in "La Belle," France. We have just received a large invoice and will sell you a fine imported article at 25 cents. Special sale at

FARNHAM'S.

WANTED-FOR RENT OR SALE.

WANTED-A competent cook. Enquire 545 E. Ridge Street. (2-24-96)
WANTED-Office for general housework. Enquire 407 Pine Street. (2-24-96)
HOTEL TO RENT-Wishing to remove from here I will rent or sell the Michigan House. Terms reasonable. Price cheap. Apply at once. J. C. DANIELLY. (2-23-96)
FOR SALE-SPECIAL BARGAINS-Real estate with and without dwellings; desirable location; suitable for business; any reasonable offer accepted; easy terms. Apply A. J. A. Wallen, 217 W. Michigan St. (2-28-96)
WANTED-Responsible party to cut and deliver on the right of way of the Lake Superior & Ishpeming Railway company. 15000 second-class cross ties; timber to be furnished by the railway company. Particulars may be obtained by calling at the office of S. S. Neff, chief engineer. (2-28-96)
FOR SALE OR TO RENT-New house, 323 E. Michigan Street. Eight rooms; bath room; good barn. Apply B. S. Kaufman's Real Estate Office. (2-28-96)
FOR RENT-A house on West Cliff Street. Enquire of JOHN BURKE, Superior St. (2-22-96)
WANTED-200 cords dry 4 foot maple wood. 12-12-95 F. B. SPEAR, Marquette.
FOR SALE-Exploring outfit, complete. (2-12-96)
COAL-Cross Creek Lehigh coal, Lackawanna coal, Pittsburgh bright flame canal for grates. Call and examine above. (2-14-96) F. B. SPEAR.
ANYONE-In need of hay, grain or feed will save money by getting prices from F. B. Spear before buying. (2-14-96)
FOR SALE-Choice building lots in Nester addition for sale cheap for cash, or on time at low rate of interest. For particulars enquire at office of Peter White. (2-6-96)
FOR RENT-Farm land near the city improved and unimproved. Call at office of J. M. LONGYEAR, Marquette, April 1, 1895. (4-10-95)
POPULISTS ATTENTION! A caucus will be held at Greenleaf's Hall on Friday evening at 7:30 p. m. No admittance except to Populists. MARQUETTE, March 3, 1896. BY ORDER EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. (3-3-96)

COAL AND WOOD-Will be sold at the following prices for cash:
Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton
Hard coal..... \$6 00 \$3 15 \$1 75
Pine coal (hard)..... 4 00 2 00 1 00
Soft coal..... 2 25 1 25 1 25
Cannel coal..... 5 00 2 75 1 50
Hardwood dry, 16 in. single cord..... 4 00
Hardwood dry, 16 in. per cord..... 2 00
Dry Hemlock 4 ft. slabs per cord..... 2 00
F. B. SPEAR.

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Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton
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Cannel coal..... 5 00 2 75 1 50
Hardwood dry, 16 in. single cord..... 4 00
Hardwood dry, 16 in. per cord..... 2 00
Dry Hemlock 4 ft. slabs per cord..... 2 00
JAS. PICKANDS & CO.

DID YOU EVER

stop to think that the medicine you take to restore your health should be of the highest grade and mixed with accuracy? No? of course. Your physician tries his best to cure you and your druggist must co-operate with him by giving you the best drugs the market affords and by exercising the greatest care in compounding them. Honesty, Accuracy and Dispatch is our Motto.

T. Coderre Pharmacal Co. (12-18-95)

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

Michigan Land and Iron CO., LTD. (1-27-96) MARQUETTE, MICH.

Detroit City Glass Works, LOUIS BLITZ & CO., Proprietors, Manufacturers and Importers of Window and Polished Plate Glass, Art Glass and Mirrors. Established 1875. Factories at Delray. Estimates and Designs cheerfully furnished.

PAKES BEING FORCED OUT.

A. R. Townsend Talks About the Situation at Cripple Creek.

ONLY LEGITIMATE STOCKS RECEIVE INVESTORS' ATTENTION.

All Shares in Actual Mines Now Higher Than a Year Ago-An Output of \$20,000,000 Predicted for 1896.

MICHIGAN MEN INTERESTED.

A. R. Townsend, a traveling representative of the Mechem Investment company of Chicago, which acts as a broker in the purchase of Cripple Creek, Col., mining stocks, is in the city in the interests of his company. Many upper Michigan men now hold shares in the various gold companies of Cripple Creek, and Mr. Townsend's visit is calculated to demonstrate to them that their investments are wise, besides interesting new capital in the gold fields. Mr. Townsend is fortified by a vast collection of statistics, mostly taken from government reports and surveys. The most valuable information is compiled in a book issued by the Mechem company, which contains maps, photographs and a history of the Cripple Creek region, with a review of what has been accomplished to date by each of the mines.

Concerning the possibilities of the gold fields Mr. Townsend is very sanguine. "The experimental stage has been passed," he said to a MINING JOURNAL man, "and the future is assured. The adventurers, with their wildcat schemes to plunder capitalists by selling to them worthless properties, are being rapidly weeded out, and only the safe stocks now command attention. There is no reason why a man can not invest safely in gold stock as in iron stock. To show how safe Cripple Creek mines are, it may be mentioned that in every mine there stocks are higher than they were a year ago and they are steadily going higher; shares in the Thompson mine have jumped from 9 cents ten days ago to 18 1/2 cents now. The value of the output in the district in 1895 was \$8,000,000; undoubtedly it will be increased to \$20,000,000 this year.

"Another remarkable feature of the Cripple Creek mines," Mr. Townsend continued, "is that very little machinery is required to operate them. Few mines have more than \$150 invested in machinery, and yet in the aggregate \$1,000,000 worth of gold was taken out last month."

SCHLATTER IN CHAIN GANG.

Alleged Healer Doing Vagrant's Penance at San Bernardino. A man who has every appearance of being Schlatter, the divine healer, who created such a sensation in Colorado, is working in the chain gang of San Bernardino, Cal. He was sent from Redlands as a vagrant and placed in prison. He has a German expression, wears long hair and beard, and is the exact image of the pictures of Schlatter. He will talk to no one except when urged, and says he is doing penance for his sins. He lost his white mule on the desert near Yuma. When asked whether he would go from here he said toward the west or toward the south, whichever way he was called.

Gold at the South. Gold mining in the south is having quite a boom just now, according to reports in the newspapers. The gold mines in north Georgia are said to be doing a profitable business; a company with \$2,500,000 capital is about to develop gold mines in West Virginia, and finds of considerable value and importance are reported in North Carolina. It is said that hundreds of miners have recently arrived in the gold fields in Montgomery and Stanley counties, N. C.

Negroes Going to Liberia. A large colony of negroes is booked to sail for Liberia from Savannah on the steamer Lourado on February 27. At about the same time a party of 800 white colonists from Indiana will join the new colony at Fitzgerald, Ga.

Little Rock. The valuation of the city of Little Rock is \$11,000,000, and the debt of the city is \$224,126.

If you eat what you like, and digest it, you will surely be strong and healthy. But if you don't digest it, you might almost as well not eat, for what good can your food do you if it doesn't nourish you? If you find that you can't digest it, there is a simple help for your stomach. It is Shaker Digestive Cordial, made by the Shakers of Mount Lebanon. It has never failed to cure the worst case of indigestion. Strength and health come from the food you eat, after it has been digested and has gone into the blood. The best tonic is digested food. The best aid to digestion, Shaker Digestive Cordial. When you have acid eructations, nausea, headache, wind, dizziness, offensive breath, or any other symptoms of dyspepsia, Shaker Digestive Cordial will cure you. At druggists. Trial bottle 10 cents.

SUNDAY TRIPS.

To THE QUEEN CITY OF THE UPPER PENINSULA. The D. S. S. & A. R'y have on sale Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return at the following very low fares:
From Eagle Mills..... \$.30
" Negaunee..... .40
" Ishpeming..... .46
" Humboldt..... .56
" Republic..... .75
" Champion..... .75
" Michigamme..... .75
" Nestoria..... 1.25
Tickets are on sale on Sundays only; are good on all passenger trains; but are valid going and returning only on date of issue. The train which now leaves Marquette at 5:30 p. m. for Republic will make these Sunday trips more popular than ever. Excursionists will be able to spend the entire day in Marquette and reach home at a reasonable hour the same evening. (5-19-95)

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

THE NEGROES' CURLY HAIR.

It is a Protection to the Brain from the Tropical Sun.

The flat nose of the African and his large nostrils result from the necessity of inhaling larger draughts of tropical air to produce the same degree of vitality, because of its greater expansion; thus the increased exercise produces increased expansion of the nostrils of a large nose.

The curling of the African's hair, the St. Louis Republic says, while universal on his continent, is common in every country of the globe. Perhaps this has its scientific solution in the fact that the curls deflect the rays of the tropical sun, thus preventing their more severe penetration into the brain. In the transmission of light, it is a law that every intervening object with which a ray comes in contact bends and diverts in another direction.

Heat curls every kind of hair and that which is provided in nature for the protection of the brain from injury by the rays of a tropical sun is a created endowment, which by degrees is becoming naturally transmissible and inherited.

The skull of the African, with its peculiar thickness, affords another feature of protection to the brain.

It is evident that it is the outdoor exposure of the working classes that makes their skin so black. It must also be remembered that it is not the skin alone of the men of Africa which manifests deep color, but this characteristic is noticed in all the birds, beasts, fish, reptiles and plants.

Another fact in relation to this phenomenon is that everything grows less deeply colored as we approach the polar regions. There the white bear is found and nowhere else, while the black bear lives and is now native to almost every other climate.

ENGLISH WOMEN IN AFRICA.

The Exploration Fad Seems to Be Spreading Rapidly.

Miss Kingsley, the African explorer, it is said, will be setting out before many months to explore West Africa. She is enthusiastic over her travels in Africa, and boasts, in addition to climbing the Cameroons, of having led a party through the country of the cannibal Fangwes. The picture which she gives of the Fangwes and their manner of living shows them to be a completely barbarous tribe, and she also tells of a race of savage dwarfs who live in the recesses of these African forests. The case of the Fangwes—since they have been pressed down from the center of the continent—suggests what a world of strange things and beings may yet be hidden away in "Darkest Africa."

Miss Kingsley knew that the surroundings amid which she found herself here and there meant danger; but she never blinked the danger. If asked if she felt nervous at any time she would say: "Oh, dear, no; why should I? I knew before I started that I was running certain risks, and I had just made up my mind to them."

African expeditions, says the New York Press, threaten to become fads for rich women. Two young women are now traveling up the Bulawayo, South Africa, by wagon, with all the comforts of the road, including a valet and attendants. Mail coach travelers who have passed them report that they are dressed in the most approved style: tight-fitting shooting jackets, short-plated skirts, top boots, rifles at back, with cartridge belts, etc.—altogether a charming outfit.

FRENCH MOTHERHOOD.

M. Bertillon Advocates a Race of Frenchmen for Madagascar.

One of the things which is most closely studied in France by the savants and statisticians in the government employ and out is the steadily diminishing birth rate. A recent writer on the subject, M. Jacques Bertillon, who has been making some exhaustive researches, says that the reason why there are so many foreigners in Paris holding lucrative positions and doing all sorts of skilled manual labor is that the demand is greater than the nation of itself can supply.

In a pamphlet which M. Bertillon has written on the subject he dwells on the necessity of colonizing and developing the rich natural resources of Madagascar. He closes his monograph with these words: "It is the French woman who holds in her hands the developments of that beautiful and immeasurably rich island. The women of France have few children, and they cannot endure the thought of having them depart for a far distant land, though they will serve their mother country well by doing so. In the interest of France and of Madagascar the mothers of France should bear six children instead of two, and so fulfill the purpose for which they were created."

Words in Books.

The total number of distinct words in the New Testament, excluding proper names and their derivatives, is 4,829. The vocabulary of the Old Testament is much larger. According to Gesenius' "Lexicon" the Old Testament contains 5,810 distinct words, not counting proper names and obsolete roots. A few comparisons with the above may not prove uninteresting: The "Iliad" and the "Odyssey" together contain 9,011 distinct words; Milton used 9,028 different words and forms of expression in his entire works, and Shakespeare, the peer of all language twisters, used over 15,000, or one-third more than was used by all the writers of both the Old and the New Testaments.

Effects of Higher Education.

One of the undergraduates of Girton college, the English, having inadvertently changed umbrellas with a fellow student, is said to have evolved this note: "Miss — presents her compliments to Miss — and begs to say she has an umbrella which isn't mine; so if you have one which isn't hers no doubt they are the ones."



SAY! MISTER! YOU'VE DROPPED YOUR Battle AX PLUG A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS.



John G. Woolley, BAPTIST CHURCH, Wednesday Evening, March 11th.

"CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP."

ADMISSION 25 CENTS. (2-24-96)

SOMETHING NEW!

HORTON'S NON LEAKABLE PEN. A FOUNTAIN PEN that will NOT LEAK, nor SOIL THE FINGERS, and will ALWAYS WRITE without clogging. See them at CONKLIN'S.

Don't forget EVERY DOLLAR received on ACCOUNT or for CASH SALES, entitles customer to COMPLIMENTARY CHANCE on BICYCLE GIVEN AWAY

MAY 1ST AT CONKLIN'S.

Marquette, Nov 13-1895
Samuel Kaufman
My Dear Sir
I deem it my duty and pleasure to state to you, that benefited I have received from your wonderful Rheumatic medicine for over four months I suffered everything from acute Rheumatism and had the services of two doctors without getting the least relief when I was advised to try your medicine and after using four bottles I am now able to go about my usual duties and am free from all pain I would strongly advise all that may be troubled with Rheumatic complaint to give Kaufmans Rheumatic Kidney Powder a trial for I know what it has done for me it will do for them.
Thanking you for what I am to day I am
Yours very truly
Mrs Louis Gailer



"UP-TO-DATE" '96 Bicycles!

VICTOR, CLEVELAND, EAGLE, WINTON, WARWICK, CRESCENT, CALUMET, SPARK,

and other HIGH GRADE wheels of KNOWN REPUTATION, at CONKLIN'S. Prices to suit all, viz:

\$40, \$45, \$50, \$55, \$60, \$75, \$80, \$85, \$90, \$95, \$100.

Sold on EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS if desired. EVERY DOLLAR INVESTED, or ON ACCOUNT entitles customer to COMPLIMENTARY CHANCE on WHEEL GIVEN AWAY

May 1st at CONKLIN'S.

* WETMORE * MERCANTILE CO.,

Sole Agents Chase and Sanborn's COFFEE.

We are nicely settled in our new stores—125 Superior street and 119 Washington street, Greenwald block—where we will be glad to serve our old customers as well, if not better than before. Also those who wish to deal with us. Our line of

STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES

is complete and fresh.

WETMORE MERCANTILE CO.,

125 SUPERIOR ST., 119 WASHINGTON ST. (1-15-96)

G. W. REED'S NEW HEARSE

Is the finest and most improved funeral car ever seen in this city. It is drawn by a team of beautiful white horses. Leave orders at the

Palace Livery Stable.

HORSES FOR SALE.

Split Shingle Wood \$1.50 PER LOAD.

GREEN AND DRY

Block Wood for Sale.

G. W. REED. (7-20-95)

Stanton & Lowe's

Patent Log Scale Book

For Sale at

Mining Journal Office.

CALL AND LOOK AT IT.

WE ARE LEADERS IN LOW PRICES.

| | |
|---|--------|
| Pillsbury's Best flour, per bbl. | \$3.70 |
| Washburn, Crosby & Co.'s flour, per bbl. | 3.70 |
| Eye flour, per bbl. | 2.90 |
| Eye Graham flour, per bbl. | 2.90 |
| Granulated Sugar, 5 cts per lb; 20 lbs. | 1.00 |
| Cube Sugar, 6 cts per lb; 17 lbs. | 1.00 |
| Polyverized Sugar (XXXX), 6 1/2 cts per lb; 16 lbs. | 1.00 |
| No. 2 Light "C" Sugar, 5 cts per lb; 21 lbs. | 1.00 |
| New Orleans Sugar, 5 cts per lb; 21 lbs. | 1.00 |
| Domino Sugar, 6 1/2 cts per lb; 16 lbs. | 1.00 |
| Coffee—Arabica—per lb. | .30 |
| Coffee—McLaughlin's—per lb. | .30 |
| "A" Coffee, per lb. | .30 |
| Feed, per 100 lbs. | .90 |
| Middlings, per 100 lbs. | .75 |
| Brans, per 100 lbs. | .75 |
| Corn, per bu. | .45 |
| Oats, per ton \$13, \$14, \$15 and \$16. | .38 |
| Potatoes, per bu. | .30 |
| Gillet's Sapon, per box. | .08 |
| Lemon Peel, per lb. | .08 |
| Citran Peel, per lb. | .11 |
| Acme Currants, clean, per lb. | .05 |
| Richeleau Currants, per lb. | .08 |
| Richeleau Currants, 1 lb packages. | .10 |
| Loose Muscatel Raisins, 3 crown. | .10 |
| Fancy London Layer Raisins, 3 crown. | .10 |
| Pull Cream American Cheese, per lb. | .12 |
| Farmers Fresh rolled butter, per lb. | .17 |
| Fresh Eggs, (this week), per doz. | .15 |

The cold weather has had no effect on the price of our eggs.

F. BRAASTAD & CO.

SOME REASONS WHY THE

Gem Treatment for Piles

Is the BEST remedy for

HEMORRHOIDS, OR PILES.

It is a vegetable preparation
It is entirely harmless.
It is an internal remedy.
It is easy to take.
It does not interfere with your employment.
It gives you more than temporary relief.
It is a sure cure.
It is a permanent cure.
It has cured thousands.
It will cure you.
It will cost you less to get cured by the Gem Treatment than to get even temporary relief from other so-called pile cures
It is sold on an absolute guaranty.

Don't Suffer With Piles

a single day, but get a package of Gem Treatment and start on your way to recovery. For sale at all drug stores. Ask your druggist for it. Manufactured by the

Gem Treatment Co.

MARQUETTE, MICH.



If You Are Going Anywhere South This Winter

You should write and get correct information in regard to the facilities offered by the

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

J. K. RIDGELY, N. W. Pass. Agent, Chicago, Ill. G. P. FARMER, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

HOMES IN THE SOUTH Can be secured on most liberal terms and at low rates. Write for County Map of the South to either of the above named gentlemen, or to

P. SID JONES, Pass. AGENT, In charge of Immigration, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.



The Railroad Man, The Clergyman, The Business Man,

and all other men who have to look neat while at work, should know about "CELLULOID" COLLARS AND CUFFS. They look exactly like linen, wear well and being waterproof do not wilt down with heat and moisture. They do not soil easily and can be cleaned in a moment by simply wiping off with a wet sponge or cloth. Do not confuse these in your mind with composition goods. Every piece of the genuine is stamped like this:



Ask for these and refuse anything else if you wish satisfaction. Remember that goods so marked are the only waterproof goods made by coating a linen collar with waterproof "Celluloid," thus giving strength and durability. If your dealer should not have the "Celluloid" send amount direct to us and we will mail you sample post-paid. Collars 25c each. Cuffs, 50c pair. State size and whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY, 427-29 Broadway, New York

Ishpeming and Vicinity.

ISHPEMING'S WATER SUPPLY

Increased Consumption Begins to Tell on Its Source Perceptibly.

Lake Sally to be Reinforced for the Purpose of Maintaining Pressure on the Main.

The water in Lake Sally, from which the city of Ishpeming obtains its supply, was never so low as now. It is seven feet lower now than it was the first of last June, and about a foot lower than it was a year ago at this time. More water has been consumed during the past three weeks than during any corresponding period since the lake was made the city's source of water supply. This is largely due to the fact that many of the water takers here left their faucets open to prevent the pipes from freezing during the cold weather. This drain on the lake has brought the water down until it is now on a level with the suction pipe. In the event of its going down a foot lower the supply would be shut off entirely until the water should rise above the intake, as it would be impossible to lower the pipe on short notice.

The natural pressure is insufficient to force the water to the higher points about the city, consequently the pumps are now being operated steadily in order to supply the demand. Even with the pumps working, the pressure has not been good, as there is considerable air in the pipes. The greater portion of the air enters the pipes at the intake, while a part of it comes from some leaks in the new section of the main recently put in south of the Salisbury mine. As fast as the leaks there are discovered they are stopped. Considerable of the new pipe put in was laid in the swamp, so that its foundation is not very firm. Timbers were placed beneath the pipe where there was danger of the ground settling so as to cause a leakage in the pipe.

Since the volume of water in Lake Sally has been gradually growing less, Superintendent Devine and the board of public works have been giving the question of the city's water supply careful consideration. They realized some time ago that unless some supplemental source of supply is found there will be a shortage of water before the break-up, so they finally decided to tap Iron Mountain lake, which is only forty feet south of Lake Sally. A channel to connect the two lakes is now being cut through a ledge of solid rock. It is necessary to blast out the rock. The channel will have an average depth of two feet. Iron Mountain lake is somewhat higher than Lake Sally, so that at least between one and two feet of the water there will flow into the latter lake as soon as the cut is completed, which will be within a few days. As many men as can be brought to advantage are employed on the job.

It is the intention of the board of public works to also tap Long Lake, which is about three hundred feet east of Iron Mountain lake. This is some feet higher than Iron Mountain lake. The greater portion of the channel to connect the two will be through sand. This ditch will not be cut until fine weather sets in, as the water from Long lake will not be needed this winter. The water in both of the lakes mentioned is fully as pure as that obtained from Lake Sally. In the event of a shortage of water after these three bodies have been connected, Lake Tilden, half a mile south of Lake Sally, can be tapped. There are also other lakes in that vicinity which can be drawn on if necessary, so that there is no danger of a water famine here, at least for many years to come.

Mr. Devine says there are over two feet of ice and snow on Lake Sally. This, he thinks, will considerably increase the water in the lake when it melts. The water from the snow on the hills adjoining the lake will also assist in raising the water somewhat after the break-up. The original area of Lake Sally was 173 acres, but it is far from being that large now. Its original depth in the center was seventy-five feet.

In speaking of the amount of water consumed, Mr. Devine says that putting in a sewerage system here has increased the consumption at least 25 per cent. There is a great deal of water wasted in keeping the sewerage system from fouling. If people would exercise a little economy in using the water there would be a vast difference in the drain on the lakes from which it is obtained.

A VENERABLE ORDER.

Ishpeming Branch of It in a Highly Flourishing Condition.

The supper and entertainment given Monday evening at the A. O. U. W. hall under auspices of Lake Superior Castle No. 12, Knights of the Golden Eagle, brought out a large gathering. Fresh oysters and a variety of other good things were served at the supper. The entertainment program was an exceedingly good one and all present enjoyed the vocal and instrumental musical selections, as well as the speeches by Past Chief Joseph Hodgson and Grand Chief James Trebilcock.

According to the statistics presented by Mr. Trebilcock, the Golden Eagle society was founded in Baltimore, Md., in 1873. There are now nine hundred castles in the United States, with a total membership of 70,000. The lodge is particularly strong in point of membership in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Ohio, West Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky, Delaware, Massachusetts and New York. The membership in Michigan is comparatively small, but it is gradually increasing. The membership of the local castle is 175. The death benefit fund of the order is composed of members between the ages of eighteen and fifty years. The amount paid to beneficiaries in class A is \$500, and

SEX AMONG EMIGRANTS.

The Proportion of Women Among the New Arrivals.

Some Strange Facts Brought Out by Official Statistics—Countries in Which There Are More Women Than Men.

The publication of articles on the subject of European immigration into the republic of Venezuela has called attention again to one of the curiosities of emigration which has never been clearly explained and remains therefore something of an enigma. It is well known that the foreign immigration into this country from the northern nations of Europe—Great Britain, Germany, Russia and Scandinavia—have, like the early colonists from the same countries, been pretty evenly divided between the two sexes. The emigration from the southern countries of Europe, on the contrary, Spain, Italy, Greece and Portugal, has been chiefly male, and to this fact, perhaps more than to any other, is due the intermarriage of emigrants and natives in South and Central America, and the general absence of such marriages in North America, particularly in the United States and Canada. The emigration from Ireland, for instance, for many years, has been more largely made up of female than of male emigrants, while from Italy, on the other hand, the proportion for a period of more than 20 years is, male, 75; female, 25.

The total number of emigrants to the United States from 1845, the first year of large emigration, to 1905, a period covering half a century, was in excess of 16,000,000, and more than 40 per cent. was female, whereas the large Spanish and Italian emigration to South America has been almost exclusively male. As this matter is not one of early occurrence, but continues at present (the census figures resuming their old dimensions since the improvement of the times), it might be supposed that the number of women in those European countries from which there is emigration, would be much larger than in those countries which have suffered a steady diminution through the emigration of persons of both sexes. But the contrary of this is shown by the figures of the Almanach de Gotha. In Italy, from which there is very little female emigration, the number of female inhabitants is actually less than the male inhabitants—in the ratio of 99 to 100. In Roumania it is 93 to 100. On the other hand, in Great Britain, from which the emigration of women has been continuous, they outnumber the men in the proportion of 104 to 100. In all the other countries of Europe from which there is and has been a large female emigration a majority of the inhabitants are women. In Russia the proportion is 102 women to 100 men, in Germany 104 women to 100 men, in Sweden 106 women to 100 men; in Switzerland 104 women to 100 men, and in Denmark and Austria 103 women to 100 men. In France and Belgium the equality of proportion between the sexes is evenly preserved. Thus, in France there are 1,004 women to 1,000 men, and in Belgium the difference is smaller, there being 1,001 women to 1,000 men.

A still more peculiar manifestation of the same paradox, if it may be so considered, is found in the official reports recently published in England of the emigration from that country during the last quarter of a century. In 1850 48 1/2 per cent. of the population of Great Britain was male and 51 1/2 per cent. was female. Between 1850 and 1870 the female emigration was the larger, yet by the census of 1871 the female population increased the more rapidly. From 1870 to 1880 the male emigration was the larger, but the female population increased the more rapidly.—N. Y. Sun.

STATISTICS FOR WOMEN.

Showing Her Representation in the Several Occupations.

A recent census bulletin dealing with the occupations of the people of the United States shows that 48 per cent. of the persons, male and female, more than ten years of age, are engaged in some gainful occupation. The total number of working people is 22,735,661, of which 18,829,950 are men and 3,914,711 women—a gain of 1,267,554 women since 1880, a rate of increase nearly 3 1/2 times as great as the increase of working men. A study of the tables in the bulletin reveals some interesting comparisons. In 1880 there was only one woman architect in the country; in 1890 there were 22. Then later there were but five lawyers; ten years later there were 208. There were 67 women clergymen in 1880; in 1890, 1,235. The number of actresses increased from 62 to 3,949; artists and teachers of art from 412 to 10,810; dentists from 24 to 337; designers, draughtsmen and inventors from 13 to 300; journalists, 35 to 885; musicians and teachers of music, 5,733 to 34,519; government officials, 414 to 4,575; physicians and surgeons, 527 to 4,555; teachers, 84,047 to 245,965; theater managers, showmen, etc., 100 to 634; bookkeepers, accountants, clerks and copyists, from 8,011 to 92,825; stenographers and typewriters, from 7 to 21,185; saleswomen, from 2,775 to 58,449. There were two veterinary surgeons and 46 chemists and assayers in 1890, against none of either in 1880.

SWAPPED AWAY HIS WIFE.

A Little Family Complication Amicably Arranged.

The very unusual story of swapping a daughter for a wife is reported from Toledo, Wash., says the New York World. A farmer named Thompson lost his wife a short time ago. She left him a little baby girl. The child he took to a neighbor by the name of Putnam to be cared for. Of course frequent visits were made to see how the baby was getting along.

Mrs. Putnam was quite a comely person and very soon attracted the attention of the widowed farmer. Then he soon learned to love her and, worst of all, his love was reciprocated. The husband discovered the situation. The lovers naturally expected a scene but there was none.

Instead of making the neighboring hills resound with jealous rage Putnam called upon Thompson and they discussed the matter in a business-like manner. Putnam professed to be tired of his wife and said he would as lief that some other fellow would take her away as not; but he wanted something in return. He wanted some one around the house to minister to his wants; so, one he could learn to love, Thompson had a daughter who suited him very well and, if it was just the same, he was willing to trade his wife for her. That suited Thompson and the girl, too. So a bargain was struck and the exchange made. Thompson and Mrs. Putnam went to Aberdeen and the girl to Castle Rock.

THE BEST is what the People Buy the most of. That's Why Hood's Sarsaparilla has the Largest Sale of ALL MEDICINES.

I have removed to W. C. Green's building, corner of First street and Cleveland avenue, and am prepared to furnish board and lodging to anyone desiring it. (3-2-34) WILLIAM MELTON.

HAMPTON & CO.

Wish to call the attention of the public to their stock of dry hardware, which cannot be beat. Also their stock of hard and soft coal, which is dry, clean, and of the best quality. Our warehouses are well stocked with flour, hay, grain and feed, which we are selling at bottom prices. If you are in need of anything in the way of lime, cements or plaster paris you will find our stock fresh and of the best brands. We do not want the earth, but would like your trade. (3-20-14)

SPECIAL SUNDAY RATES TO MARQUETTE.

Commencing Saturday September 28th, the D. S. S. & A. R'y will sell Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return from the stations named below at the following low fare:

| | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Sand River | \$ 50 |
| Onota | 75 |
| Rock River | 1 00 |
| Au Train | 1 00 |
| Munising Junction | 1 25 |
| Wetmore | 1 50 |

Tickets will be sold for the night express Saturdays and the day express Sundays and will be good for return until the east bound express scheduled to leave Marquette 3:15 the following Monday morning. (3-24-14)

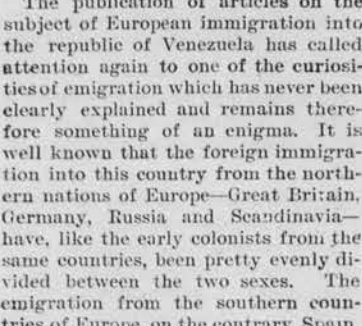
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award

NO SECRET

IN THIS WOMAN'S CASE.

Mrs. Campbell Wishes Her Letter Published so that the Truth May Be Known.

(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS) Of the thousands of letters received from women all over the world by Mrs. Pinkham, not one is given to the public unless by the wish of the writer. Thus absolute confidence is established between Mrs. Pinkham and her army of patients; and she freely receives a letter from any woman rich or poor, who is in ill health or ailing.



In the case of Mary E. Campbell, of Albion, Noble Co., Ind., her suffering was so severe, her relief so suddenly realized, and her gratitude so great, that she wishes the circumstances published, in the hope that others may be benefited thereby. She says:—
"My physician told me I had dropsy and falling of the womb. My stomach and bowels were so bloated I could not get a full breath. My face and hands were bloated badly. I had that dreadful bearing-down pain, backache, palpitation of the heart, and nervousness.
"One of my physicians told me I had something growing in my stomach; and the medicine that I took gave me relief only for a short time. I thought I must die. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it worked like a charm. After taking the first bottle I could walk across the street, now I am well. I advise all my friends to take it."
—MARY E. CAMPBELL, Albion, Noble Co.

Have you ever tried

Boston Baked Beans

AND

Tomato Sauce? IT'S GREAT.

We have

Chickens, Turkeys,

and the best quality of meats at lowest prices.

Try our fine bottled Olives at twenty-five cents per quart.

We don't advertise goods "at cost" and then when a customer calls "we are just out." We sell high grade goods at the lowest possible prices.

TIBOR.

LOST—By Mrs. A. Eskola, a gold watch on Feb. 20th, between Park and Pearl streets. A large reward will be paid the finder upon its return to owner, Mrs. A. Eskola, 739 E. Park street, Ishpeming. (3-2-14)

FOR SALE—I have just received a few choice new milk cows, which will be sold cheap. MIKE GRIFFIN (2-27-14)

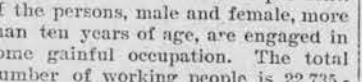
WANTED—A girl to do housework. Apply to 405 North Main street, Ishpeming (2-25-14)

JENNESS & McCURDY,

Crockery, China, Glassware and Lamp Goods,

73 and 75 Jefferson Ave., DETROIT, MICH.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway



TIME TABLE.

IN EFFECT DECEMBER 15, 1895.

Trains Leave Marquette

| | |
|---|------------|
| For Duluth and the west daily | 12:05 a.m. |
| For Montreal and the east daily and Lower Michigan daily, ex. Sunday | 3:15 a.m. |
| For Houghton, copper country and Ewen daily, ex. Sunday | 9:10 a.m. |
| For Detroit and the east daily | 1:30 p.m. |
| For Houghton, the copper country and Chicago via Champlain and the C. M. & St. E. R. R. daily | 3:15 p.m. |
| For Republic, intermediate stations and Chicago via Negaunee and the C. & N. W. R'y daily | 5:30 p.m. |

TRAINS ARRIVING MARQUETTE WHICH DO NOT RUN EAST.

| | |
|--|------------|
| From Chicago and Milwaukee via Republican and Negaunee daily | 11:30 a.m. |
| From Ewen, Houghton and the copper country daily, ex. Sunday | 6:35 p.m. |

For tickets, time tables and other information apply to J. H. O'MEARA, Ticket Agent, Marquette, Mich.

PABST MILWAUKEE BEER WINS.

A VICTORY OVER THE ENTIRE WORLD. consisting of an award on ten separate products. A victory complete and absolutely UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF EXPOSITIONS.

CHARLES JOHNSON, WHOLESALE AGENT, NEGAUNEE

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

Trout Creek Lumber Co., TROUT CREEK, MICH., Manufacturers of:

LUMBER, LATH and SHINGLE. A specialty made of:

Short Length, Quarter Sawn Bevel Siding or Clapboards

IT DOES NOT WARP AND IS CHEAPER than ordinary bevel siding, and is just what a farmer or mechanic requires for an economical building.

Military Road Lands

Belonging to the Estate of James C. Ayer

174,000 Acres for Sale or Lease

Open for Options to Explorers for Mines. Liberal terms to responsible parties.

200,000,000 Feet of Pine

Tributary to the Ontonagon and Sturgeon River and the D., S. S. & A., and Milwaukee & Northern Railroads.

Hemlock, Cedar, Poplar, Hard and Soft Wood for Charcoal and Cordwood.

Agricultural Lands equal to the best in the Northwest.

NEW YORK OFFICE—F. F. AYER, Mills bldg. LOWELL OFFICE—JACOB ROGERS, Savings Bank building, Shattuck St.

W. W. MANNING, Agent, Marquette

Munising R'y

TIME TABLE.

No. 1 leave Munising 12:30 p.m. Arriving Munising Junction 1:00 p.m.

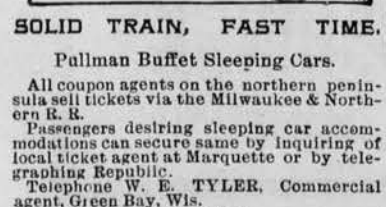
No. 2 leave Munising Junction 3:05 p.m. Arriving Munising 3:35 p.m.

Connecting with D., S. S. & A. trains 1 and 2 daily, except Sunday.

B. H. SCOTT, Gen. Mgr. JOSEPH GUY, Supt.

MAP OF: Chicago, Milwaukee & ST. PAUL RY

Lake Superior Division



SOLID TRAIN, FAST TIME. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars.

All coupon agents on the northern peninsula sell tickets via the Milwaukee & Northern R. R.

In and About Negaunee.

CORRALLED A SWINDLER.

A Negaunee Officer Does a Clever Stroke of Detective Work.

And Will Obtain a Reward of \$100 for His Shrewdness in the Matter.

Paul Marketty one of the night police officers, did a very clever piece of detective work Monday evening.

Paul Marketty was in the city taking orders for the Delineator, one of Butterick & Co.'s publications.

Suspecting that the fellow was a fraud, Paul at once started out in search of him.

The officer travelled the city from one end to the other but did not find anyone answering the description of the man wanted.

When the officer called at the jail yesterday morning and told the prisoner who he was, the prisoner admitted that he had swindled a number of people.

Marketty will receive \$100 from the Butterick company for the capture of Howard.

The representation of those who desire to attend the night school to be established here in connection with the public schools was so small at the meeting held Monday evening that another meeting has been called for this evening at the high school.

The last of the course of entertainments to be given in Negaunee under auspices of the Teachers' association will take place next Friday evening at McDonald's Opera House.

August Kerkala and Miss Mary Samoni, both of Negaunee, were married Monday evening at 7 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents on Peck street.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness, headache.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Fred Engstrom and Sam Garrett were up from Swanzy yesterday.

A regular monthly meeting of No. 2 Hose company will be held this evening.

Ben Weber left yesterday for the copper country, where he will make his home in the future.

There was quite a large attendance at the regular meeting of the Epworth league of the Methodist church Monday evening.

Sam Potts came up from Swanzy Monday and left that night for the Mesaba range, where he expects to remain.

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A CHEST OF GOLD

Hidden During the War, It Has Just Been Discovered.

Near the close of the war, when Gen. Sherman's army was marching about the state of North Carolina, people who had money in the local bank of High Point withdrew it and endeavored to conceal it.

After the war was over Mr. Pool went out in the woods to get his money, and was unable to find it. He kept his failure to himself, fearing somebody else would find his treasure and steal it.

FRENCH JOURNALISM.

The Fifty Daily Newspapers of Paris and Their Readers.

The Paris press comprises nearly 50 daily newspapers, the aggregate not having varied greatly during the last ten years.

The Revue des Deux Mondes is supported by the professional literati, the learned professions and an aristocracy of birth and money.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE. THE BEST SALVE IN THE WORLD FOR CUTS, BRUISES, SORES, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, FEVER SORES, PILES, CHAPPED HANDS, CHILBLAINS, CORNS, ILL SKIN ERUPTIONS, AND POSITIVELY CURES PILES, OR NO PAY REQUIRED.

WINTER TOURS TO THE BERMUDAS, 1895-1896.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry. have made arrangements whereby they can book winter tourists from any of their stations to the Bermudas at the very low rate of \$50.00 for the round trip.

For further particulars of the journey and descriptive matter of the Bermudas, apply to the General Passenger Department of the D. S. S. & A. Ry., Marquette, Mich.

LUCK IN MINING.

People in the Business Are Believers in Good and Bad Fortune. An old Leadville mining man who passed through the great silver carbonate boom of 1871-81 and is now in the Black Hills anticipating a similar wave of mining investment and wealth production tells a number of interesting stories of his experience in Colorado.

"The biggest mistake I ever made," said the genial white-haired raconteur, "was in refusing to purchase a half interest in a little flat-iron shaped piece of ground lying near the famous Little Pittsburgh, the great sand-carbonate deposit which first made Tabor rich and famous.

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STRANGE OPTICAL ILLUSIONS.

Effect Produced on a Boy's Eyes by Gazing Too Long at a Train. A man who is endowed with one of the strangest faculties that mortal ever possessed has been discovered at Sylva, N. C.

The drift under this little triangle, as in most of the claims, was made up of gravel, clay and talc.

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DIVORCES IN THE EAST.

Customs Prevalent in Burma, Madagascar and Other Countries.

In Burma when a couple desire a divorce the first step is a general summing-up of the family relations of both sides, who commence proceedings by a discussion with a view to amicable settlement.

—Queen Elizabeth was extravagant by fond of rings. In her jewel case after her death there were found 752 rings of various descriptions and value.

NO MERCY FOR CRIMINALS.

Judge Stone Sentences Two Convicted Prisoners to Terms in Penitentiary.

CRAFT, THE BOY FORGER, GOES TO REFORMATORY.

Secretary Kern's Report on the Value of Property Destroyed by Fire in 1895-The Clerks' Card Party Last Night.

MATTERS IN CIRCUIT COURT.

In the circuit court yesterday justice was dealt out to three offenders, and in each case the punishment was such as will be a severe lesson to the wrongdoers.

John Miller, who stole a pocketbook from Mrs. John Scheech Thursday night and waived examination in the lower court, pleaded guilty to grand larceny.

The case of the People vs. Thomas Foley, charged with mayhem, was given to the jury yesterday morning.

With yesterday's cases, the criminal calendar of the circuit court was cleared up.

Thirty-Three Fires in 1895.

The annual report of Secretary Kern of the board of fire and water commissioners shows that there were thirty-three fires in 1895, an average of less than three a month.

Clerks Play Cards.

The Clerk's association gave a progressive pedro party in the Bertha block last night for the benefit of the Ladies Benevolent society.

High School Boys Beaten.

A game of polo was played at the ice rink yesterday afternoon between the second high school and the regular rink teams.

Reference Book on Fishes.

J. M. Longyear has presented to the public library W. C. Harris' valuable work "North American Fishes."

Special Service for Children.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock there will be a special service for the children of St. Paul's parish.

Electric Men Leave Pro Tem.

J. C. Murphy of the Fort Wayne electric corporation and W. K. Wheeler and James R. Doe of the General Electric company, the three gentlemen who have been trying to place a contract

with the city for new machinery for the lighting plant, left for home yesterday, the two former going to Chicago and Mr. Doe to Houghton.

Firemen's Easter Ball. S. M. Stevens lodge, No. 150, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen is completing arrangements for its fifth annual ball Easter Monday, at the Casino rink.

CITY BREVITIES.

Weather Forecast: Snow Wednesday; colder in the west.

Yesterday's temperature: 7 a. m., 16 degrees; 12 m., 17 degrees; 7 p. m., 18 degrees.

T. J. Dandon of Ishpeming spent yesterday in this city.

A. J. Otterson of Houghton was in Marquette yesterday.

Mrs. W. F. Dumont of Trout Creek was a Marquette visitor yesterday.

The replanking of ore dock No. 4 of the South Shore railway is progressing rapidly.

A. A. Jattner of Menominee returned home yesterday after a stay of several days in town.

M. L. Horner of Baltimore, Md., is visiting Warden Van Evert at the branch prison.

The city librarian requests the immediate return of Margaret Fuller Ossoli's book "At Home and Abroad."

Walt McDonald of Siganaw, who has been in town a couple of days on business, left for home last night.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Nimrick, of 226 W. Ohio street, died Monday. The funeral will occur this afternoon.

The regular monthly meeting of the nobles of Ahmed Temple will be held in Masonic hall this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

The musical society had a rehearsal last night for the two entertainments to be given during the present month.

The remains of James Mackey, who was killed in the Newberry furnaces Friday, arrived here at midnight last night.

The funeral of Mrs. John Lee, who died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George W. Reed, Monday night, will take place at 8 a. m. today from St. Peter's cathedral, interment to be at Hancock.

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Yesterday's MINING JOURNAL in mentioning the names of the architects who are drafting plans for the Newberry hospital building, omitted the name of Edward Demar.

Morse hose company has elected the following officers: T. J. Maner, foreman; E. J. Erbelding, first assistant; Charles Jilbert, second assistant; F. H. W. Bailey, secretary; James J. Donavan, treasurer; M. E. Ford, foreman of hook and ladder truck.

The H. H. circle of the M. E. church will give a "mum" social in the parlors of the church Friday evening next.

Mrs. George W. Reed received from the Maccabees yesterday the \$2,000 insurance on her husband's life.

Harry Blake was arrested Monday night on a charge of drunk and disorderly conduct, and yesterday morning was taken before Justice Meads and fined \$10.

THE DISCOVERY SAVED HIS LIFE.

Mr. G. Caillette, Druggist, Beaverville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live."

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious.

FAST TIME TO CHICAGO.

The train leaving Marquette at 5:30 p. m. daily makes close connections at Negaunee with fast train via the North-Western Line arriving at Chicago the following morning at 7:30 o'clock.

Through gas-lighted buffet sleeping cars from Negaunee to Chicago. In order to secure the advantages of fast time and perfect equipment, be sure that your ticket reads via the Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, 'DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

FOR SALE.

Whipped Maple Cream. Just the thing for Cake and home-made Candy.

RALSTON HEALTH CRACKERS, Recommended by the Medical Faculty.

Whole Wheat Flour, FRESH GROUND.

COFFEE! COFFEE! THE BEST.

For sale only by Alex I McDonald.

16in. Hardwood All dry wood, under cover.

F. W. READ & CO. Telephone Numbers. No. 41 Bell, No. 66 MarquetteCo

Don't Be a Ready Made Man.

We desire to announce to the people of Marquette and vicinity that we have opened Merchant Tailoring Parlors in the Mining Journal Building.

Simon & Co., Merchant Tailors.

UPPER PENINSULA BREWING COMPANY.

EXPORT AND TABLE BEER.

TONELLA & JOHNSON, Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

B.S. KAUFMAN, REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE BROKER, GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.

Dr. C. Kettner, Physician and Surgeon.

Dunlap Hat Agency FOR MARQUETTE.

New Styles in Black or Brown SOFT AND STIFF HATS are now in.

JACOB ROSE, CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER, FRONT STREET, MARQUETTE.

The new styles of the Burt & Packard fire footwear will be ready for inspection within the next few days.

GRABOWER LADIES, TAKE NOTICE! We will give a sale of Embroideries this week at GRABOWER'S. We have purchased a lot of Cambric Embroideries and wish to dispose of them in as short a time as possible.

MARQUETTE FLOUR? Wedding Cake, XXXX Best, Choice Straight, "Ask for It," Star and Fancy.

MARQUETTE HARDWARE CO., Ltd. Is now ready for business with a complete line of HARDWARE and hope to be favored with a share of your patronage.

J. E. TRETHERWEY, 303 FRONT STREET, INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

Kassel Oshinsky, Seeing that people are still flocking to our store for those great bargains in shoes, we have, to justify the demand of our customers, concluded to prolong our shoe sale for another week.

The Century Corset, We have 400 of them in all sizes. For Comfort and as a Health Corset it is unequalled.

SPRING STOCK of Men's, Youth's and Children's CLOTHING. KASSEL OSHINSKY, The Only Leader of Low Prices. Wholesale and Retail.