

# THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 3203.

MARQUETTE, MICH., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 2, 1894.


PRICE FIVE CENTS.

GO TO  
**STAFFORD BOOK STORE!**  
FOR ALL  
SCHOOL Slates, Pencils, Tablets  
And all kinds of  
BOOKS!! School Supplies.

**A** Korn Is One of the **R**esults from **M**aking  
The feet endure poor fitting shoes. For  
**SOLID COMFORT,**  
Service, and low prices  
**B WISE**  
and go to a  
**SHOE STORE.**



IF we expect to prosper we must be honest with each other.  
YOU want full value for your money, no matter what you buy.  
LIKE us, you wish to have the greatest success possible.  
WHAT annoyance and ill luck are caused by inferior goods.  
IS there any doubt in your mind about ours?  
GOOD results always follow their use.  
PATRONIZE



**A. R. MORGAN,**  
Wholesale Retailer of Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, Shoestrings, Insoles, Dressing, Blacking, Brushes and everything in the shoe line. One price, terms cash.  
We mend leather and rubber shoes.  
A full line of A. C. McGRAW & Co.'s women's, men's, boys', misses' and children's perfect fitting Detroit made shoes. They are ahead of all others.  
MARQUETTE, OCTOBER, 1894.

NEW LINE OF  
**RICH CUT GLASS,**  
Just received. Inspection invited.  
**A. H. PALMER'S BAZAAR.**  
(5-18-14)

**SPECIAL PRICES**  
Until Oct. 1st.  
**Model 1892 Winchester Rifles.**

44-40, Round Barrel.....	\$11.00
44-40, Octagon.....	12 00
Model 1886 Winchester Rifles, 38-56, 40-65 45-70, Round Barrel.....	13 25
Model 1886 Winchester Rifles, 38-56, 40-65 45-70, Octagon.....	14 25
45-70, Remington Rifle full stock.....	7 50
45-70, Sharps set trig Rifle 10 lbs.....	9 50
45-70, Sharps single trig Rifle 8 1/2 lbs.....	9 00
10 Gauge double shot gun 9 lbs.....	14 00
10 Gauge Remington shot gun 9 1/2 lbs.....	24 00
16 Gauge Lafocux shot gun 6 1/2 lbs.....	10 00
12 Gauge Lafocux shot gun 8 lbs.....	12 00
12 Gauge single shot gun.....	7 50
Springfield shot gun.....	3 00
Hunting Knives, Tents, Compasses, Shot, Cartridges, Loaded Shells, E. C. Smokeless Wood Powder, Hazard Powder in 1 lb cans, Outing Shoes, Shoe Paces, Moccasins, Paddles, Oars, Trolling Spoons and Lines, Trunks, Satchels and Harness.	

**L. M. SPENCER,**  
MARQUETTE, MICH.  
No charge for Box, Sack or Cartage.

**UPPER PENINSULA**  
BREWING COMPANY,  
MARQUETTE AND NEGAUNEE, MICHIGAN.  
EXPORT AND TABLE BEER.  
For family use. Brewed absolutely from pure malt and hops. Mail or telephone orders will receive prompt attention.  
(4-8-14)

**J. M. CARR,**  
Established in 1873.  
Successor to Hager & Johnson  
**CHARLES A. HAGER,**  
**FUNERAL DIRECTOR**  
AND  
**Practical Embalmer.**  
118 South Front St.  
Night Call—  
Telephone G. W. Hager's residence



**MELONS,**  
**BANANAS,**  
**ORANGES,**  
**LEMONS.**  
Fresh Vegetables and New Potatoes.

**RIPE TOMATOES.**  
Kennedy's, Windermer and Mayflower Biscuit. Picnic and camping parties can find every thing they need.

**D. MURRAY,**  
114 South Front Street.

**S. R. LOBDELL**

FINE

**GROCERIES.**  
A full assortment of

**FRESH VEGETABLES.**

**CELERY.**  
I am now receiving the Finest Celery ever brought to the city.

**A. BOOTH'S**  
**FRESH OYSTERS.**  
The finest packed in the land and prices so low that any one can enjoy a good

**FRY OR STEW.**  
**HOARD'S**  
**Gilt Edge Creamery**  
For which I am Sole Agent. I receive twice a week. Staple and Fancy Groceries.

**Fresh Fruits and Vegetables.**

**Arthur Delf's,**  
133 Washington Street or Telephone 193.

**Lawrence University,**  
Appleton, Wis.  
Founded in 1847. For both sexes. Five undergraduate courses of study. Academic department. Commodious buildings. Large Ladies Hall. Astronomical observatory. Excellent library and cabinet collections. Competent instructors. Expenses very moderate. \$150 to \$300 a year with books, room and board. Fall term begins Sept. 12. Catalogues sent on application. On Northwestern & K. K. Direct connections with upper peninsula of Michigan.

**Samuel Plautz,**  
President.  
8-20-3m

**CLOTHES**  
Cleaned and Repaired  
And Suits Made to Order.  
Emil Sahrns, 126 Spring St.  
Prompt attention given to orders and good work guaranteed. Prices always moderate.  
4-17-14

**ESTABLISHED 17 YEARS.**

**O. D. JONES—Dentist**  
102 SOUTH FRONT ST.  
(Over Gooding & Ormsbee's)

Crown and bridge work a specialty. Porcelain inlays. Proprietary right in Dr. Steadman's retainer for lower sets of teeth. Odontunder used for painless extraction of teeth; or gas administered if preferred.  
(11-27-14)

**H. W. BANKS,**  
**DENTIST**  
Office closed till June 1st, 1895.  
Marquette, Mich.  
(5-17-14)

**W. H. Van Iderstine,**  
**DENTIST.**  
Suite 303, Savings Bank bldg  
Marquette, Mich.

## VEST TALKS ON SILVER.

The Missouri Senator Speaks Before a Large Audience at Kansas City.

**SAYS SILVER REPEAL BROUGHT BUSINESS DEPRESSION.**

The Senator Devoted the Most of His Speech to Vindicating His Course in the Senate.

"CLOUDS HAVE GROWN DARKER."  
KANSAS CITY, Oct. 1.—Senator George Vest opened the Democratic state campaign at the Auditorium in this city tonight. Over 2,000 enthusiastic people crowded the large theater and accorded the speaker a rousing reception. He was introduced by John L. Peak and said in part:

"If any one is here with the expectation that I will attack the president of the United States or any other Democrat his expectation will not be realized. My contest now is with the enemy—not with Democrats. The Democratic party in 1892 pledged itself to certain reforms. Governor McKinley in a recent speech made the statement that not a single pledge of the Democratic party had been redeemed. When we reflect that this speech was carefully prepared and made as a bid for the presidency and that it contains no allusion to his views on the two great issues, silver coinage and income tax, it is not surprising that he should add to his cowardice. The Democratic party has, in fact, repealed both the federal election law and the Sherman act, while the oppressive provisions of the McKinley tariff have either been entirely eliminated or greatly modified and the governmental expenses largely decreased.

"I shall not be so disingenuous as to evade the fact that the repeal of the Sherman act was accompanied by a serious and interesting diversity of opinion in both the Republican and Democratic parties. We believed then, and believe now, that no country can be prosperous with an increasing population and decreasing money. We were told that the repeal of the Sherman act would bring immediate relief, but the clouds have grown darker and the business depression far greater since the repeal. The New York banks are still glutted with money while the continued fall in prices of all commodities has caused capital to avoid investment for fear of further shrinkage. The free coinage in the United States will not flood the country with silver as has been so often predicted. European nations will not send billions of silver which they now use at a ratio of 15 1/2 to 1 as standard money to be coined here at a ratio of 16 to 1, which would involve an enormous loss in ratio, besides cost of transportation. I protest against the United States continuing a policy which increases the burdens of the laboring and debtor classes in order to increase the incomes of the rich."

"Taking up the tariff speaker declared there was never a moment when the Wilson bill could have passed the senate. He said:

"If any differences of opinion on the subject exists between the president and myself it is that I am more extreme in my views and have long since discarded the fallacy of tariff for even incidental protection. The statement that there is any issue between the president and myself as to tariff reform is false. The statement that I sympathized with Senator Gorman is equally false. If the president had contented himself with denouncing those who forced the amendments upon us I would have said nothing but when he attacked the whole senate indiscriminately for the action to which he has given his approval I could not remain silent. The new tariff law removes many oppressive provisions in the McKinley act and does not deserve the anathemas which ignorance and prejudice have poured upon it. If there were no reductions of duties in the new law I should gladly support it because it provides for a tax upon all the net incomes above \$4,000 a year."

All competitors have been compelled to give way to Dr. Price's Baking Powder. All rivals have been forced to yield the palm.

**ANARCHISTS ARRESTED.**  
HAD Planned to Blow Up Italian Consulate at Marseilles.

MARSEILLES, Oct. 1.—Acting upon information received from an Italian police spy the authorities of this city this morning made some important arrests of anarchists. The spy, it appears, discovered a plot hatched by fourteen anarchists to blow up the Italian consulate in this city. Consequently a detachment of the police were detailed to surround a certain house and shortly before daybreak eight anarchists were arrested. In the house the police found a number of documents showing that the band was in communication with similar bodies of anarchists in Genoa and London. Other arrests are imminent.

**STILL RUNNING IN DEBT.**  
United States Government Getting Deeper in Debt Each Month.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Comparative statements of the receipts and expenditures of the government shows the receipts for the month of September to have been \$22,621,228, and expenditures \$30,323,018, leaving a deficit for the month of \$7,701,790. The receipts of the first three months of the present fiscal year amounted to \$79,379,414, and disbursements \$95,456,129, leaving a deficit for the quarter of \$16,076,715.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The monthly treasury statement issued today shows that on Sept. 28, 1894, the public debt, less the cash in the treasury, amounted to \$897,646,617, an increase for the month of September of \$8,052,701. Following is a recapitulation of the debt: Interest bearing obligations, \$635,042,810, an increase of \$140; debt on which the interest ceased since maturity, \$1,830,030, a decrease of \$1,730; debt bearing no interest, \$380,693,496, an increase of \$825,902; total debt, \$1,017,566,336. Certificates in the treasury and notes outstanding offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury, are \$612,436,470. The cash in the treasury are \$404,929,867. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold, \$123,665,754; silver, \$509,814,552; paper, \$124,290,220; bonds, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$16,365,598; total, \$774,135,926, against which there were outstanding liabilities amounting to \$654,216,299, leaving a cash balance of \$119,919,717, of which \$58,875,317 was gold reserve.

**CYCLONE KILLS TWO PERSONS.**  
Wichita Severely Damaged by Terrific Wind Storm.

WICHITA, Kas., Oct. 1.—Tonight a rain cloud from the west came in contact with a storm cloud from the south and both at once fused and proceeded to do business. The division headquarters and the Eighteenth street depot of the Missouri Pacific road was the first building struck and it completely demolished the roof. Striking the stable of Dr. Hupps' two blocks away it crushed it like an egg shell. Twelve men were in the building at the time and strange to say none of them were hurt although they were thrown about violently. The storm passed east, accomplishing its destruction in less than two minutes. About thirty houses and barns were wrecked and probably five hundred shade trees pulled up by the roots and strewn in all directions.

The path of the cyclone was about fifty feet wide. It progressed with a fearful roar and was a regular twister. Three children were hurt and two men reported killed at police headquarters but their names were not ascertained. Owing to the terrible wind which accompanied the storm and has lasted since it is impossible to ascertain the full extent of damages. Lightning also struck the Fifteenth street depot and car stables and completely consumed them with all their contents before the fire department could do anything for them. The Fairmount electric street railway wires were completely destroyed.

Reports from Keechik township say the twister played havoc there, but owing to the continuance of the rain storm it is impossible to obtain any details. The cyclone passed within ten feet of Governor Lewelling's home.

**GERMANY ENTERS PROTEST.**  
Does Not Like That Additional Tax on Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—An international question involving the United States and Germany has been raised by that feature of the new tariff law which inspired the most domestic trouble—the sugar schedule. The German government, through its ambassador, made a strong protest to the secretary of state against that clause of the act which imposes an additional duty of one-tenth of a cent a pound on sugars imported from those governments which pay an export bounty on that article to their producers. It is held by the German government that this feature of the new tariff act is more oppressive in its action against the sugar producers of that country than any other and violates the spirit of treaty arrangements between the two governments, particularly in view of the concession by which the embargo against American pork for a time enforced by Germany was raised. Germany thinks her commercial interests in this matter should be upon the same plan as the most favored nation. The German ambassador said to an Associated Press reporter tonight that the protest was entered in a friendly spirit.

Cake that remains moist and sweet and retains its flavor for days is made with Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

**WERE DUMPED IN A HEAP.**  
Passenger Trains Collide and Several Persons Injured.

SUNBURY, Pa., Oct. 1.—Ten persons were injured in a passenger wreck between the Pennsylvania trains from Hazelton and Shamokin this afternoon. The accident occurred at a crossing in the yard above the Pennsylvania station. The Shamokin train was passing over the main passenger track when the Hazelton train dashed into it. The Shamokin smoker was struck by the engine and thrown from the trucks and upset. The seats were all torn up and the entire car ripped open. All the occupants were thrown in a heap of wreckage and received bruises. Scalp wounds were numerous but none were injured seriously. Only the men in the smoker were injured.

DELANO, Cal., Oct.—Passenger train No. 29 ran into an open switch south of here and was wrecked. Two sleepers rolled into the ditch. All the passengers were badly shaken up and several painfully though not dangerously injured.

## HAVE FORCED A LANDING.

Japanese Cruisers Seen Off Chee Foo and Troops Landing North of There.

**ENGLISH WARSHIPS ARE ACTING AS DETECTIVES.**

Movements of Japanese Fleet as it Nears the Coast of China Shadowed by the English.

**HEADING STRAIGHT FOR PEKIN.**  
CHEE FOO, Oct. 1.—Japanese cruisers have been sighted daily off this port. The nature of their operations are unknown but, coupled with the fact that it has been already reported that the Japanese have effected a landing to the northward these movements are regarded as significant and tending to confirm the reported landing.

An insurrection is said to have broken out in the province of Shan Tung, but its results are unknown.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—A despatch from Shanghai states that it is reported that 35,000 Japanese troops landed on Shan Tung coast between Yellow river and Tien Tsin. A despatch from Tien Tsin says Li Hung Chang is vigorously supported by the dowager empress.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The reports of Japanese cruisers hovering off Chee Foo and Japanese troops being landed, confirms the prediction of the Japanese authorities here when the second Japanese army embarked on an invasion of China and march on Peking would begin soon.

In diplomatic circles here it is pointed out that the British admiral's course in shadowing the Japanese ships as they approach the Chinese coast is in line with the policy of the British navy which has caused so much irritation. A recent case is cited in which the British ships watched the Russian fleet until the Russian commander determined on a ruse. He had two of his ships leave the harbor at Yokohama. A British ship was soon in pursuit. The Russians made a circuit outside and returned to the harbor with the British ship close behind.

As the boats came in the Russian admiral gave orders to his fleet to clear decks and prepare for action. His signals made it known that he would fire if the pursuing British vessel did not keep away from the Russian boats. The British ship came to a sudden halt and the threatened broadside was averted. The British admiral was indignant at the belligerent action of the Russians and the British government demanded an explanation. The Russian admiral in reply said the movement of his ships had been so continually shadowed that he construed it to amount to a belligerent move. The incident went no further although it put a stop to shadowing Russian ships.

During the recent revolution in Brazil when the revolutionary admiral DaGama had his fleet outside of Rio the British vessels were again accused of shadowing DaGama's movements and allowing the information to get to Peixoto's government. The present action of Admiral Fremantle, the British commander of the Asiatic squadron, in having British ships hover in the rear of the Japanese fleet when secret moves are made, is the latest exhibition of this policy, and it is said here to have aroused such feeling that an official protest may be regarded as possible.

The Chilean legation here discredits the reports that China has bought the Chilean navy.

**SOLDIERS WITHOUT FOOD OR ARMS.**  
LONDON, Oct. 1.—A dispatch sent from Shanghai today states that the Chinese war council continues to sit but disorganization is appearing. Corruption in the commissariat passes belief. There is nothing for the troops. Food is scanty and the weapons and war munitions bought and paid for can neither be found nor traced. The great Chinese camp between Tien Tsin and Taku is filled with raw levies and disorder is rampant although executions are frequent. The men are without rifles. Foreigners do not venture into the camp unless they are amply guarded. Most of the Europeans have gone to the coast towns for protection. Many Chinese merchants have migrated to the coast towns, feeling that they will be more secure with foreigners.

The remnants of the Chinese force from Ping Yang have reached Moukden. They lost everything and told doleful stories of the fight.

China and Japan will war over Corea. Peace follows use of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

**SEAMEN WASHED OVERBOARD.**  
Steamer Knickerbocker Arrives at New Orleans in Bad Shape.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 1.—The steamship Knickerbocker arrived this morning from New York badly battered and reported the loss of two men. For thirty-six hours she was tossed about like a cork by the wind and waves. In the midst of the big blow the mainmast was carried away and while the men were bravely battling to clear away the wreckage a mountainous wave washed over the deck and when the ship righted herself again Second Mate O'Neil and Seaman Hansen were gone. While the storm lasted the passengers all kept below. Most of the bulwarks of the vessel were battered in.

**THREE BURNED TO DEATH.**  
Residence Burns to the Ground and Three Persons Cremated.

KENOSHA, Wis., Oct. 1.—The residence of B. B. Pierce, Wilmot, Wis., was burned today. Three sons, ranging in age from twenty-five to thirty-five years, and a daughter aged eighteen perished in the flames.

## WEST TALKS ON SILVER.

The Missouri Senator Speaks Before a Large Audience at Kansas City.

**SAYS SILVER REPEAL BROUGHT BUSINESS DEPRESSION.**

The Senator Devoted the Most of His Speech to Vindicating His Course in the Senate.

"CLOUDS HAVE GROWN DARKER."  
KANSAS CITY, Oct. 1.—Senator George Vest opened the Democratic state campaign at the Auditorium in this city tonight. Over 2,000 enthusiastic people crowded the large theater and accorded the speaker a rousing reception. He was introduced by John L. Peak and said in part:

"If any one is here with the expectation that I will attack the president of the United States or any other Democrat his expectation will not be realized. My contest now is with the enemy—not with Democrats. The Democratic party in 1892 pledged itself to certain reforms. Governor McKinley in a recent speech made the statement that not a single pledge of the Democratic party had been redeemed. When we reflect that this speech was carefully prepared and made as a bid for the presidency and that it contains no allusion to his views on the two great issues, silver coinage and income tax, it is not surprising that he should add to his cowardice. The Democratic party has, in fact, repealed both the federal election law and the Sherman act, while the oppressive provisions of the McKinley tariff have either been entirely eliminated or greatly modified and the governmental expenses largely decreased.

"I shall not be so disingenuous as to evade the fact that the repeal of the Sherman act was accompanied by a serious and interesting diversity of opinion in both the Republican and Democratic parties. We believed then, and believe now, that no country can be prosperous with an increasing population and decreasing money. We were told that the repeal of the Sherman act would bring immediate relief, but the clouds have grown darker and the business depression far greater since the repeal. The New York banks are still glutted with money while the continued fall in prices of all commodities has caused capital to avoid investment for fear of further shrinkage. The free coinage in the United States will not flood the country with silver as has been so often predicted. European nations will not send billions of silver which they now use at a ratio of 15 1/2 to 1 as standard money to be coined here at a ratio of 16 to 1, which would involve an enormous loss in ratio, besides cost of transportation. I protest against the United States continuing a policy which increases the burdens of the laboring and debtor classes in order to increase the incomes of the rich."

"Taking up the tariff speaker declared there was never a moment when the Wilson bill could have passed the senate. He said:

"If any differences of opinion on the subject exists between the president and myself it is that I am more extreme in my views and have long since discarded the fallacy of tariff for even incidental protection. The statement that there is any issue between the president and myself as to tariff reform is false. The statement that I sympathized with Senator Gorman is equally false. If the president had contented himself with denouncing those who forced the amendments upon us I would have said nothing but when he attacked the whole senate indiscriminately for the action to which he has given his approval I could not remain silent. The new tariff law removes many oppressive provisions in the McKinley act and does not deserve the anathemas which ignorance and prejudice have poured upon it. If there were no reductions of duties in the new law I should gladly support it because it provides for a tax upon all the net incomes above \$4,000 a year."

All competitors have been compelled to give way to Dr. Price's Baking Powder. All rivals have been forced to yield the palm.

**ANARCHISTS ARRESTED.**  
HAD Planned to Blow Up Italian Consulate at Marseilles.

MARSEILLES, Oct. 1.—Acting upon information received from an Italian police spy the authorities of this city this morning made some important arrests of anarchists. The spy, it appears, discovered a plot hatched by fourteen anarchists to blow up the Italian consulate in this city. Consequently a detachment of the police were detailed to surround a certain house and shortly before daybreak eight anarchists were arrested. In the house the police found a number of documents showing that the band was in communication with similar bodies of anarchists in Genoa and London. Other arrests are imminent.

**STILL RUNNING IN DEBT.**  
United States Government Getting Deeper in Debt Each Month.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Comparative statements of the receipts and expenditures of the government shows the receipts for the month of September to have been \$22,621,228, and expenditures \$30,323,018, leaving a deficit for the month of \$7,701,790. The receipts of the first three months of the present fiscal year amounted to \$79,379,414, and disbursements \$95,456,129, leaving a deficit for the quarter of \$16,076,715.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The monthly treasury statement issued today shows that on Sept. 28, 1894, the public debt, less the cash in the treasury, amounted to \$897,646,617, an increase for the month of September of \$8,052,701. Following is a recapitulation of the debt: Interest bearing obligations, \$635,042,810, an increase of \$140; debt on which the interest ceased since maturity, \$1,830,030, a decrease of \$1,730; debt bearing no interest, \$380,693,496, an increase of \$825,902; total debt, \$1,017,566,336. Certificates in the treasury and notes outstanding offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury, are \$612,436,470. The cash in the treasury are \$404,929,867. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold, \$123,665,754; silver, \$509,814,552; paper, \$124,290,220; bonds, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$16,365,598; total, \$774,135,926, against which there were outstanding liabilities amounting to \$654,216,299, leaving a cash balance of \$119,919,717, of which \$58,875,317 was gold reserve.

**CYCLONE KILLS TWO PERSONS.**  
Wichita Severely Damaged by Terrific Wind Storm.

WICHITA, Kas., Oct. 1.—Tonight a rain cloud from the west came in contact with a storm cloud from the south and both at once fused and proceeded to do business. The division headquarters and the Eighteenth street depot of the Missouri Pacific road was the first building struck and it completely demolished the roof. Striking the stable of Dr. Hupps' two blocks away it crushed it like an egg shell. Twelve men were in the building at the time and strange to say none of them were hurt although they were thrown about violently. The storm passed east, accomplishing its destruction in less than two minutes. About thirty houses and barns were wrecked and probably five hundred shade trees pulled up by the roots and strewn in all directions.

The path of the cyclone was about fifty feet wide. It progressed with a fearful roar and was a regular twister. Three children were hurt and two men reported killed at police headquarters but their names were not ascertained. Owing to the terrible wind which accompanied the storm and has lasted since it is impossible to ascertain the full extent of damages. Lightning also struck the Fifteenth street depot and car stables and completely consumed them with all their contents before the fire department could do anything for them. The Fairmount electric street railway wires were completely destroyed.

Reports from Keechik township say the twister played havoc there, but owing to the continuance of the rain storm it is impossible to obtain any details. The cyclone passed within ten feet of Governor Lewelling's home.

**GERMANY ENTERS PROTEST.**  
Does Not Like That Additional Tax on Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—An international question involving the United States and Germany has been raised by that feature of the new tariff law which inspired the most domestic trouble—the sugar schedule. The German government, through its ambassador, made a strong protest to the secretary of state against that clause of the act which imposes an additional duty of one-tenth of a cent a pound on sugars imported from those governments which pay an export bounty on that article to their producers. It is held by the German government that this feature of the new tariff act is more oppressive in its action against the sugar producers of that country than any other and violates the spirit of treaty arrangements between the two governments, particularly in view of the concession by which the embargo against American pork for a time enforced by Germany was raised. Germany thinks her commercial interests in this matter should be upon the same plan as the most favored nation. The German ambassador said to an Associated Press reporter tonight that the protest was entered in a friendly spirit.

Cake that remains moist and sweet and retains its flavor for days is made with Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

**WERE DUMPED IN A HEAP.**  
Passenger Trains Collide and Several Persons Injured.

SUNBURY, Pa., Oct. 1.—Ten persons were injured in a passenger wreck between the Pennsylvania trains from Hazelton and Shamokin this afternoon. The accident occurred at a crossing in the yard above the Pennsylvania station. The Shamokin train was passing over the main passenger track when the Hazelton train dashed into it. The Shamokin smoker was struck by the engine and thrown from the trucks and upset. The seats were all torn up and the entire car ripped open. All the occupants were thrown in a heap of wreckage and received bruises. Scalp wounds were numerous but none were injured seriously. Only the men in the smoker were injured.

DELANO, Cal., Oct.—Passenger train No. 29 ran into an open switch south of here and was wrecked. Two sleepers rolled into the ditch. All the passengers were badly shaken up and several painfully though not dangerously injured.



First National Bank

OF MARQUETTE. Capital \$150,000 Surplus Fund \$60,000

PETER WHITE, President E. H. TOWAR, Vice-President F. J. JENNISON, Cashier

Transacts a General Banking Business of Discount and Deposit.

DIRECTORS: PETER WHITE, E. H. TOWAR, J. M. LONGYEAR, J. G. REYNOLDS, F. W. READ.

M. M. KAUFMAN, Pres. E. N. BREITUNG, V. Pres. S. R. KAUFMAN, 2nd V. Pres. GEORGE BARNES, Cashier. W. B. MCCOMBS, Asst. Cashier.

The Marquette County SAVINGS BANK

MARQUETTE, MICH. Capital Paid in \$100,000 Surplus 10,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: N. M. KAUFMAN, Marquette, Mich. E. N. BREITUNG, " " SAMUEL MITCHELL, " " CHAS. MEESKE, " " O. H. GALL, " " S. R. KAUFMAN, " " GEO. BARNES, " "

Receives Deposits in sums from \$1 upward. Loans money on real estate and other approved security. Transacts a general banking business. Four per cent interest per annum paid on all savings deposits and interest compounded twice yearly. Open daily during banking hours and every Thursday evening from 7 to 8:30 P. M.

James M. Wilkinson, BANKER.

Marquette Mich. Transacts a General Banking Business.

FURST, NEU & CO., MARQUETTE, MICH.

Lake Superior Brown and Variegated and Potage Red Sand Stone Quarries. Peter Pickel, Resident Manager, Marquette, MICH. Room 42, (2-26-14) - La Salle Street.

GEO. E. FRENCH, Dealer in Genuine

Potosky Lime, Calcine Plaster, Patent Hair, and all kinds of stove wood. Also one team and year-old draft horses, weight 3,000 pounds. Will sell cheap for cash. Telephone connection. MARQUETTE, MICH.

Picturesque America. World's Fair Portfolios

ART PORTFOLIOS. Handsomely Bound and cheap at EGGERS' BINDERY

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil as a CURATIVE and HEALING APPLICATION. It has been used 40 years and always affords relief and always gives satisfaction.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

It Cures PILES or HEMORRHOIDS, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It Cures Burns, Scalds and Ulceration and Contracture from Burns. Relief instant.

It Cures TORS, Cut and Lacerated Wounds and Bruises.

It Cures BOTS, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald Head. It is Infallible.

It Cures INFLAMED or CARED BREASTS and Sore Nipples. It is Invaluable.

It Cures SALT RHEUM, Tetter, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils, Corns and Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00. Sold by Druggists or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 114 1/2 W. W. ST., NEW YORK.

PENSIONS

Address a letter or postal card to THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney, P. O. Box 462, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PENSIONS PROCURED FOR SOLDIERS, WIDOWS, CHILDREN, PARENTS. Also for Soldiers and Sailors disabled in the line of duty in the regular Army or Navy since the war.

THIS IS SPRAGUE & SON, Attorneys and Solicitors of Patents, United States and Foreign. Correspondence solicited. Instructions Pamphlet free. No charge unless successful. SPRAGUE & SON, 100 N. WASHINGTON ST., WASHINGTON, D. C.

DAILY MINING JOURNAL

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED)

Subscription Rates: Per year, by carrier \$9.00 Per year, by mail \$7.50

MARQUETTE, MICH., OCTOBER 2.

Entered as mail matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

It is to be hoped that Marcus Peterson will be satisfied with having added to the number of bad novels with which the market is flooded, and will not carry his grudge against the public to the extent of going on the stage.

They are having a fine row over the election of a lord mayor of London in the big metropolis across the water, and charges of corruption and rascality are bandied about much the same as in a majority contest in one of our own great cities. In some respects those Britishers are getting to be "quite American, you know."

WM. P. PRESTON has been nominated for representative in the state legislature from his assembly district. His opponent on the Republican ticket is Mayor Sherwood of St. Ignace. Both are popular and well up in rank as political managers, and the race between them will be a pretty one, as the district is quite even politically. And may the best man win!

NOTICE the abrogation of the reciprocity agreement between this country and Brazil, which will go into effect as a result of the enactment of the new tariff law on the first of the coming year. Bradstreet's makes this comment: "The abrogation of the treaty will not affect the most important articles received from Brazil, such as coffee and hides. The Brazilian minister is quoted as saying in an interview that the treaty gave some advantages to manufacturers of iron and to agricultural products in the United States, and that on these the Brazilian duties will not be much increased. He looks for an increase of exports of manufactured woolsens from the United States owing to the free wool provisions of the new law."

A LONDON trade journal has this concerning copper: The fortnightly copper statistics of Messrs. Henry R. Merton & Co. of London, Manchester and Birmingham give the total visible supply in England, France and afloat as 82,849 tons, as compared with 52,407 tons at the end of August, and 50,553 tons on Aug. 15. The price is quoted £40 17s. 6d., as against £40 7s. 6d. at the end of August, and £39 10s. at the middle of that month. It will be observed that with a slight decrease in the visible supply the price has continued to improve slowly, though it still falls short of the price at the corresponding date last year. The supplies during the past fortnight, arrived and advised, have been comparatively small, the total from all sources to England and France and other European ports being 4,990 tons, as compared with 15,684 tons for the whole of the preceding month; but the deliveries also have been on a reduced scale, being 5,048 tons for the fortnight, as against 14,892 tons for the whole of August.

RATHER DIFFICULT DEMOCRATS. The news comes from New York that an independent Democratic ticket will be put in the field by the "reformed" wing of the party in that state for the avowed purpose of defeating Hill. It is asserted, apparently by authority, that the bolters will have as their leader Chas. S. Fairchild, who was secretary of the treasury during the first term of President Cleveland, and who was prominently identified with the "anti-snapper" movement in the state two years ago, which neutralized the advantage Hill obtained in getting the solid New York delegation in the national convention and made his nomination for the presidency impossible.

If so the "reformed" Democrats of New York are proving themselves very ungrateful, for Hill and his friends supported Cleveland loyally in the last election, and gave him the electoral vote of the state, forgetting in their fealty to the party the fight that an implacable minority had made on their favorite for the presidential nomination.

Their contemplated action is all the more creditable to them for the reason that not one of them dared to take the nomination that was (in appearance at least) forced on Hill against his protest. He took it, to judge from his conduct and utterances in the convention and the action of the convention itself, only because to refuse it would leave his party hopelessly in the lurch, and in response to a call on him so dramatically imperative that the privilege of denying compliance was not left him.

Whatever may be said of Hill on other grounds, he has shown great capacity for party leadership in his state, and a capacity for magnanimity in his seat in the senate that was quite unexpected when he came to the defense of the president at a time when the latter stood sorely in need of able defenders during the long fight over the tariff bill. He deserves better things at the hands of the administration and its friends than that the latter should now organize a bolt against him in his state which must render his defeat almost certain in a fight that he does not appear to have desired to make, and which was forced on him by a convention of his party in which the element that now proposes to knife him either

had no voice or lacked the courage to make it heard. Between the purists who are better than their party and the element in it that is so bad that it ought to damn any party that it affiliates with, the way of the man who would hold the Democracy of the Empire state together is a trying one to travel.

It would seem, to an impartial outsider, that the proper thing for the "reformed" Democrats in that state to do is to get out of the Democratic party altogether, and either ally themselves with the Republican party or flock by themselves politically if that party is not good enough for them. But perhaps they think they can make more trouble by remaining in the Democratic ranks and creating confusion by mutinous conduct at a critical time, as they now propose doing. There are some people so awfully good that treachery comes quite natural to them. The announced bolt can only be regarded one way by Republicans, however, in its prospective effect on the election in that state, for it makes the election of the entire Republican state ticket practically sure.

The Age of Steel is inclined to believe that the advent of the Mesaba range mines as producers will have effect to permanently lower the selling price of ore. Alluding to the influence they are exerting on the market, that publication says:

The Mesaba iron range, as a competitor with other ranges, is likely to be an important factor in the transition of iron ore interests. Furnace companies in search for cheaper ore will follow the old law of industrial and commercial gravitation, in which the cheapest sources of supply decide the cost of production and the control of markets. It follows that according to present conditions every ton of iron ore marketed from the cheaper source will more or less displace iron ore interests elsewhere. That some of our largest furnace companies are recognizing the economic side of this matter is evidenced by the purchase of property interests in the region named. Substantial interests have been acquired in these properties, with a view to mining a large portion of the raw material they consume. Among the companies said to be interested are the Carnegie Steel company, Shoenberger, Snee & Co., the Kimberly & Oliver, and a number of the Mahoning Valley manufacturers. It is but another illustration of the shifting of interests, where the proximity and cheapness of supply, especially of raw material, is continually changing the map of industry and the price of product.

There is a great deal of moonshine about the claims of the Mesaba mines as to the cheapness with which they can produce ore. There are three or four deposits on that range from which the ore can be lifted out and dumped in the cars with steam shovels for the present, but after these have been worked for a while they will not be any better circumstanced for cheap production than other mines on that range, or competing mines on other ranges. It is undeniably true that the Mesaba producers have brought selling prices down to a point where there is no profit left for the mines of the older ranges, but neither has there been for the Mesaba mines at these prices. It may be set down for a certainty that no one of the ranges on Lake Superior is going to furnish all the ore the market can stand. But all of them can produce more, and the sooner they all quit slashing prices and agree to do business on a business basis the better for them and all others concerned.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. The representatives of the Democracy of the Twelfth congressional district will meet in convention here today to select the candidate who will be supported by their party in the pending election for the seat in congress now held by Hon. Samuel M. Stephenson.

THE MINING JOURNAL bids them welcome to the city and trusts they will enjoy themselves while they remain with us. As to their action as a deliberative and representative body it has nothing to suggest. They know their party and its needs well enough to be able to act wisely without prompting. But for the good name of the district, and with no malicious purpose in recalling to mind at this time an episode in its history in the district not greatly to its credit. THE MINING JOURNAL ventures to remind the convention that the Democratic party of this district made a nomination two years ago which did not recommend it to the people of the district or add strength to its ticket in the campaign that followed. It should keep in mind the lesson of that campaign, and remember that "honesty is the best policy" in the long run in politics as well as business.

No party can afford to go before the people with a political truckster as its standard-bearer, or make a nomination without regard to the personal character and the qualifications of the candidate put up for the position he is named for. There are good men available for the nomination to be made today in the ranks of the Democracy of this district. The nominee should be taken from among these, and should not be selected because of supposed ability to draw votes on account of his nationality, skill as a demagogue, or aptitude in hoodwinking the people.

The convention owes it to its party and to the district to place in nomination a man of sufficient ability to serve it capably in the event of his election; a man whose personal record will bear investigation, and of whose sincerity and honesty there can be no question. With such a candidate it can go into the campaign without fear of the outcome, for defeat with such a candidate will not leave it weakened and disgraced, and victory—if it should happen

to be victorious—will bring it substantial gain, which would not be the case were it to nominate and elect a man not in sympathy with its purposes and with no title to its confidence.

DELICIOUS TARTS.

Recipes by Which They May Be Made Digestible as Well.

The child who has not eaten tarts has lost half the pleasure of childhood, but the child who has eaten tarts of the doughy, leather-like variety, so often offered, has lost more. The best puff paste for tarts is the sort known as German. It is comparatively digestible and altogether delicious.

To make this puff paste take three-quarters of a pound of butter which has been well washed and kneaded with the hands and left to soak in fresh water a couple of hours before being required. Heap up a pound of flour on the pastry board, make a hole in the middle, put in a bit of the butter, an egg, a pinch of salt and a liquor glass of brandy. Knead all well together and mix with sufficient cold water to make a paste stiff enough to roll easily without sticking to the board.

Roll out, taking care always to use the rolling pin from and not toward the person employed. Squeeze the remaining butter well through a clean cloth, clear of all water; then divide the paste into four parts, roll out each part to the thickness of one inch, always flouring the board. Lay a portion of the butter in small pieces on each roll of paste, knead well, roll out, continue adding butter and kneading together. Argain divide in four portions and roll out thin, spreading with butter; knead together and roll out for the last time. A cool place is absolutely necessary for making puff paste, and the thinner the paste is rolled out each time the better.

Open Apple Tart.—Make paste as above described and line the hollow sides of a cake ring; cut up apples (pared and cored) in fine slices and lay them on the paste; sprinkle sugar and cinnamon over the apples, and bake the tart in a good oven. When nearly done beat up a quarter of a pint of thick cream with four eggs, two tablespoonsful of sugar, and a teaspoonful of cinnamon; put the mixture over the tart and replace it in the oven till done.

Biscuit Tart.—Beat up ten eggs and a quarter pound of caster sugar in a sauceman over a slow fire for ten minutes, then remove and continue beating; add a quarter pound of rice or potato flour and some grated lemon rind; pour the mixture into a buttered and floured cake tin and bake in a moderate oven. As soon as the top becomes firm and dry the tart is done. Take it out and spread over it an icing made of a quarter pound of sugar, the white of an egg, and the juice of half a lemon; beat up until thick and white; put back in oven to dry.

Cherry Tart.—Stone the cherries and stew them with sugar and grated lemon rind until the sugar becomes thick; put them away to cool. Take some puff paste and line the cake ring with it, place the cherries on it, lay on strips of the paste crosswise, brush it with egg, and bake in a good oven.

Marien Tart.—Take one-half pound of shelled sweet almonds, blanched, and cut up in small pieces; add one-half pound of caster sugar, one-half pound of fresh butter, one-half pound of fine flour, and two eggs; work up well together, line the ring, placing paper round about three inches high; bake in a moderate oven until light brown, then remove the paper and fill the tart with stewed currants and raspberries. This tart will keep good for ten days.—Chicago Times.

Whistling on Shipboard. Whistling—and let us honor this sweet tradition—is very much against the proprieties of sea life, writes Lieut. J. D. Jerrold Kelley, in an article on "Superstitions of the Sea," in Century. You may, in a calm, if not a landsman, woo with soothing whistle San Antonio or St. Nicholas, and a lagging wind may be spurred in consequence by these patron saints of the mariner; but once the ship is going, never, wise and wary passenger, whistle if you fear keel-hauling, for like the padrone in the Golden Legend you may find

Only a little white sea. I was whistling to St. Antonio. For a cap-tail of wind to fill our sail. And instead of a breeze he has sent a gale.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

A Democratic convention for the Twelfth congressional district of Michigan is hereby called to meet in the city of Marquette, Mich., on Tuesday, Oct. 2, 1894, at 11 o'clock a. m. to nominate a candidate for representative in congress.

The several counties in the district will be entitled to representation as follows, being one delegate for every 500 votes or moiety thereof cast for governor at the last general election:

Table with 3 columns: Counties, Votes, Delegates. Rows include Alger, Baraga, Chippewa, Delta, Dickinson, Gogebic, Houghton, Iron, Keweenaw, Luce, Mackinac, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon, Schoolcraft.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

How Our Sea Coasts Are Provided with Rescuers.

Thousands of Shipwrecked Persons Saved from Drowning by the Hardy Men Who Are Ever on the Watch.

At the late session, says the Youth's Companion, congress added two months to the yearly term of employment of the men in the life-saving service who are stationed along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts; and hereafter the men at the stations will be on duty from the 1st of each August to the 1st of the next June, instead of from September to May, as was formerly the case.

This step was taken for the reason that, as a general rule, destructive sea storms are not apprehended in summer, in the regions named some of the most furious gales occurring in the months of May and August. On the New England coast, in particular, the "August gales" are expected annually and are greatly feared.

The life-saving service belongs to the treasury department. Its officers and men are nearly all practical seamen; all are of mature age, and all are picked men, fitted by exceptional physique and by mental and moral qualities for the business of saving lives from vessels wrecked in storms.

Great care is exercised in choosing them, and the service has been kept free from political influence that no suspicion of partisanship has ever attached to it. The stations of the service are placed in exposed situations where wrecks are most likely to occur. For this reason they are scattered very unevenly over our coasts.

In 1893 there were only twelve stations on the entire Pacific coast and there were two on the little island of Nantucket. On the Atlantic and Gulf coasts there were one hundred and eighty, and there were fifty on the shores of the great lakes; while there is one on an interior river—at the falls of the Ohio, near Louisville.

Each station consists of a little house where the men live and a boat-house where the surf-boats are kept. The men are constantly exercised in the handling and launching of these boats. They must patrol the beach for long distances in storms, and they lead anything but an idle life.

Under the new arrangement for ten months of service a year, the surfmen are to receive sixty dollars a month each, and out of this sum they must feed themselves. They lead lives of isolation and often of hardship, and are expected in an emergency to show, and always have shown, the highest qualities of heroism.

Since the service was established in 1871, it has rescued from wrecked vessels more than ten thousand persons, and saved ninety millions of dollars' worth of property. All this good is done at an expense to the government of little more than a million and a quarter dollars a year—but an insignificant fraction of the amount which the government yearly pays for appliances intended to destroy life in warfare.

The life-saving service is one of the branches of the government in the support of which all men and parties may cooperate without substantial disagreement. Not only is direct good done by it in the saving of life and property, but indirect good, of importance in the building up of character, by the cultivation of heroism and self-sacrifice through the example of the deeds done every year by these brave surfmen.

The service is still inadequate. Many points on the coasts of our oceans and great lakes are unguarded where wrecks are likely to occur. But in its present state the life-saving service is a brilliant example to other peoples.

TOWN REFUSE AS FUEL.

Result of Experiments with a Furnace at Halifax, England. Experiments in seeking to utilize the refuse of towns as fuel have been carried so far that a plant, known as the Livet plant, has been set up in Halifax, England, with which it is expected to supply electric energy. The successful working of the Livet furnace, says the Popular Science Monthly, appears to depend upon the peculiar construction of its flues, which are so built as to utilize the effect of the decreasing volume of the gases of combustion traveling toward the chimney, so producing a high velocity to the air passing through the furnace bars and producing rapid combustion with intense heat. At the same time the effect of this peculiarity of construction is to cause the gases themselves to move slowly through the flues so that they may part with their useful heat before escaping into the atmosphere. The force of draught at the furnace is such that a high and constant temperature is obtained and efficiency of combustion insured, while all unpleasant odors inherent in town garbage are destroyed.

As an example of the heat economy effected, it is said that whereas in previous generators the best results ever obtained have been three-quarters of a pound of water evaporated on the combustion of one pound of refuse, in the Livet generator over three pounds of water are evaporated into steam for every pound of refuse consumed, in spite of the fact that it is frequently known to contain twenty per cent. of moisture. The temperature of the gases just before entering the chimney is stated to be from three to four hundred degrees Fahrenheit lower than hitherto obtained. The progression of the cases is partially arrested at both ends of each flue for the purpose of permitting them to deposit the contained light dust in suitable expansion chambers or pits, which can be cleaned out when desirable. This arrangement serves to overcome the objectionable dust, which in ordinary "destructors" tends to choke the flues and impregnate the air of the surrounding districts.

HIS COLLECTION.

He Was After One Million of Uncle's Engravings.

"Hello, Cholly; where's Lazurely these days?" "Lazurely's working." "Working! Don't believe it." "Fact; told me so himself." "What sort of work is he doing?" "He's making a collection." "Collection of what?" "Pictures."

"Paintings?" "No; engravings." "Queer start for Lazurely—landscapes and that sort of thing, I suppose?" "No; portraits." "Ballet girls?" "No; it's the most extraordinary thing. He informed me confidentially the other day that the ambition of his life was to secure a million portraits of his dead uncle."

"His dead uncle! and who was the defunct party?" "O, he was a distinguished general in the war of the rebellion." "And what does Lazurely want with so many pictures of him?" "Wants to distribute them." "O, I see; among his friends?" "No; among his enemies." "His enemies? Who are his enemies?" "Creditors and trades people." "Wants to distribute a million portraits of his dead uncle among creditors and shopkeepers? Why, Cholly, he's gone clean daft!"

"Not at all; he's got as much sense as he ever had. You see the portraits of his departed relative are engraved on a series of one dollar treasury notes." "Cholly, you're trifling with my respect for you, but what success is Lazurely meeting with in making the collection?" "O! He feels greatly encouraged. Last time I saw him he had collected one picture."—Chicago Tribune.

—Author—"I loaned a copy of my new book to Jones, and when he returned it he praised it up to the skies. But I found out, come to look at it, that he hadn't even cut the leaves. What do you think of that?" Friend—"I think you are fortunate in getting an unbiased opinion from a man of Jones' discernment."—Boston Transcript.

As incomparably the best leaving agent now in use, Dr. Price's Baking Powder has supplanted all others in popular favor. A Yankee Skipper's Cordwood. Capt. Robbins had an experience with the peculiar taxes in Sicily, says the Portland (Me.) Press. He took over a cargo of oil from Philadelphia to Marseilles and had thirty cords of ordinary four foot firewood to pack the oil barrels with to prevent their rolling. It is called by the sailors "oil wood." He paid for this wood one hundred and fifty dollars in Philadelphia. He did not sell in Marseilles because he expected to get more for it in Trapani. But the dealers there offered him only fifteen dollars for the whole of it, saying that the enormous tax upon it would not allow them to offer more. He declared that he'd bring it back to America before he'd sell it here in Portland, and so he did, and it is here in Portland now, after traveling eight thousand miles over the ocean, and he may go three thousand more, because if he can't take a decent price for it here he will take it back to England, where he is going from here with spool wood. There he can get about one hundred dollars for it. England doesn't want cordwood. She has got enough coal, and less is paid for cordwood there than here.

A Human Songbird. It is said of Albion that she "warbled like a bird all day long." She used to sit in her garden and sing as she worked at lace making or some other feminine occupation, and the rent of the house adjoining her villa was raised a thousand francs because of the free musical entertainments thus furnished. In regard to her great size her body became so unwieldy in her last years that she rose with difficulty from her chair, and usually had to be helped to rise. The great singer was so fond of the homely art of darning stockings that it was said she "would have darned stockings for the universe" if she had had time.

Unmanned His Opponent. Dramatic effects are hazardous agencies to use, as it is not impossible to spoil them by an anti-climax—as a member of the English parliament found when, at the close of a fiery adjuration to the government to declare war, he cried out: "Unsheath the sword!" and, drawing a dagger, threw it on the floor. "Ah!" coolly said an opponent: "there is the knife, but where is the fork?" A shout of laughter was the result.

That Tired Feeling. So common at this season, is a serious condition, liable to lead to disastrous results. It is a sure sign of declining health tone, and that the blood is impoverished and impure. The best and most successful remedy is found in

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Which makes rich, healthy blood, and thus gives strength to the nerves, elasticity to the muscles, vigor to the brain and health to the whole body. Truth, Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Makes the Weak Strong. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's. Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including 'Sarsaparilla' and other advertisements.



**SOAP** N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. of Chicago, make it.

**BLUE MONDAY.**  
It was dubbed blue Monday  
By old Mrs. Grundy  
A long time ago.  
No wonder that under  
This serious blunder  
The working was slow.  
But Mondays have brightened;  
Work lightened—clothes whitened  
Since housekeepers know,  
Without further telling,  
What Fairbank is selling—  
See sample below.

**F. W. PRESCOTT & CO.,**  
Bankers and Brokers,  
36 and 37, Ames Building, Boston, Mass.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to check. Orders executed for Cash or Margin in Stocks and Bonds listed on the New York, Philadelphia and Boston Stock Exchanges.

Customers Can Telegraph Orders at Our Expense.

Special Attention Given to COPPER STOCKS. (6-12-12m-3)

**Tell Your Friends**  
That the best paper for anybody living in Michigan, who does not care for a daily, is

**THE SEMI-WEEKLY DETROIT JOURNAL.**  
104 PAPERS FOR ONLY \$1.

The well-known COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER has been consolidated with THE SEMI-WEEKLY DETROIT JOURNAL, and the combined merits of the two publications make a newspaper that cannot be excelled.

**SAPOLIO**  
The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILL ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies.

**DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.**  
Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold on a Guarantee by E. Farnham.

**WIENER BEER** \* and PRIVATE STOCK

**VAL BLATZ**  
BREWING COMPANY  
The healthiest and best beverage that the market affords.

**ON ITS OWN RAILS!**

**THE MKT AND MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY**

TRAINS OF THE

**MISSOURI, Kansas & Texas Ry**

NOW RUN SOLID BETWEEN

**ST. LOUIS and HOUSTON, GALVESTON and SAN ANTONIO**

**WAGNER SLEEPERS and CHAIR CARS**

TO ALL PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

**TEXAS.**

"La Flor de Lucretia" is acknowledged by cigar smokers to be a superb article.

**A. PELTO,**  
Merchant Tailor, Hancock.

**J. S. STRINGER,**  
Dealer in common and dressed

**CUT TO FIT.**  
You can always depend on my goods the style and prices. I carry a nice line of foreign and domestic suitings.

**A. PELTO,**  
Merchant Tailor, Hancock.

**LUMBER OF ALL KINDS.**

Also Shingles, Lath and Pickets. Agent for Myers' L X L Maple Flooring, Doors, Windows and Mouldings.

City office at Stringers' Grocery Store. Telephone at Yardland Store. 8-13-0-11

**MICHIGAN MINING SCHOOL.**

A State School of Mining Engineering, located in the heart of the Lake Superior mining region, giving practical instruction in Drawing, Blue-printing, Mechanics, Mechanism, Properties of Materials, Graphical Statics, Shop-practice, Analytical and Technical Chemistry, Assaying, Dressing Metallurgy, Plans, Railroad and Mine Surveying, Hydraulics, Mining, Mineralogy, Petrography, General, Economic, Field Geology, etc. Has summer Schools in Surveying, Shop-practice, and Field Geology, Laboratories, Shops and Stamp Mill well equipped. Tuition free. For catalogues apply to the recter, Houghton, Mich.

**AN ILL-ADVISED STRIKE.**  
Day Shift of Tamarack Trammers Quit Work Without Lodging Their Grievance.

**ROWETT AND DOYLE WRESTLING MATCH A DRAW.**

**The Populist County Convention Met at Lake Linden Saturday and Nominated a County Ticket.**

**CALUMET.**  
The strike of the day shift trammers at the Tamarack mine on Friday was one of the strangest labor ructions ever known in the history of the copper district. It seems that the men believed that the boss, Captain Ned Waters, was using them too harshly, and after talking the matter over decided to strike which they accordingly did. The first intimation the management had was the sight of the trammers standing around the shaft houses Friday morning. Inquiry revealed only that the men had struck, it was impossible to find what the trouble was. The men left their work and from their complaints made in town it was learned that they considered they had a grievance against Captain Waters. However, no complaint was lodged at the office, the men simply struck, giving no reason whatever for the action at headquarters, and apparently expecting the company officials to come around and find out what the trouble was. The mining officials questioned the men and could find out little from them except that they had quit. No complaint was lodged against Captain Waters, and in fact nothing could be learned from the men about their reasons for quitting.

The trammers employed on the opposite shifts were importuned to join the strike. As they had no complaint to make against their boss, Captain Erick, the night shift men refused and worked as usual Friday and Saturday nights. The change of shifts came on Sunday and the former night shift men worked as usual on the day shift Monday. Some hoisting was done on the opposite shifts but not much.

If the complaints made by the strikers regarding Captain Waters are true he deserves discharge and is unfit to remain boss over the trammers or any other gang of workmen. Captain W. E. Parnall, superintendent of the Tamarack, very justly feels that he will neither discharge nor reprimand Captain Waters for alleged harshness until some of the people aggrieved shall lodge complaint. The management of the mine feels that it cannot afford to discharge its employees on the strength of newspaper talk or rumor current upon the street, and no sensible man can do otherwise than commend this stand. As for the strikers, if they have not sufficient sense to make complaint at the office of any grievances from which they may be suffering, they can expect but one outcome to the strike, and that is the loss of their jobs. Their action has been ill advised and apparently devoid of sense. The places of all men who do not return to work at once will be filled immediately, there being already two applicants for every place open. The men who lose their jobs have their own pig-headed stupidity to thank for it. No employer can afford to run after an employe who quits work without notice and without giving reason for stopping.

The wrestling match, Cornish style, between Rowett and Doyle Saturday evening, resulted in a draw. The men wrestled from 10 to 12, and Rowett secured one fall only. At midnight the referee stopped the contest and divided the purse.

Rowett is some twenty pounds the superior of Doyle in weight but the latter makes up in quickness and skill what he lacks in weight. It is almost impossible to throw him so as to secure three points down, as Doyle, like a cat, always rights on his feet, no matter how thrown. Both men speak well of the other, and another match will probably be arranged. Doyle may remove here, a good position being offered him at one of the local mines.

Geo. Daniels was run down at Glasgow corner, Calumet Village, by Chas. Klein's hog wagon Saturday evening. He was taken home and medical attendance secured. It is hoped his injuries are not serious.

Daniel Menier left for his home in Indiana on the noon train Monday. He has been visiting his son John Menier of Calumet Village for the past year.

Another excursion to Huron county will leave Red Jacket on Tuesday, Oct. 2nd. The Huron county fair will be held on the 3rd, 4th and 5th inst, giving the best possible opportunity to see for yourself what the "il can give in crops and fruits. One fare for the round trip. Your hotel bill paid. (9-24-64)

**LAKE LINDEN.**  
The populist county convention held here on Saturday afternoon, nominated the following county ticket: no nominees being put up for prosecuting attorney or circuit court commissioners: Sheriff, John McKinnon of Lake Linden; clerk, Antoine Eister of Calumet; treasurer, John O'Neill of Calumet Village; representatives, first district, A. Breaux of Lake Linden; second district, Dan Holladay of Escrovia township. Delegates were also elected to the congressional and senatorial conventions at the county convention, the congressional convention having been adjourned till Monday on account of the failure to elect delegates previous to the date first named.

At the congressional convention held here Monday afternoon, Dr. A. E. Anderson, mayor of Ironwood, was nominated for congress by a unanimous vote. Dr. Anderson held the solid vote of Houghton county behind him and that with the vote of his own county, Gogebic, was sufficient to elect him. If there were any delegates present who favored other candidates they had nothing to say and helped to swell the doctor's ranks. For state senator from the Houghton district William L. Hagen of Lake Linden was nominated by acclamation.

**COPECHEE.**  
A social was given at the band hall by the Ladies' Aid society for the purpose of raising money to furnish relief for the needy and unemployed.

The five-months-old child of Arthur Robillard died Saturday morning of

typhoid fever. Mr. Robillard has been laid up for a month with the fever and has just grown able to get around again, while Mrs. Robillard, as was announced several days ago, has been taken down with the disease and is very low. Misfortunes come not singly and the Robillard family is indeed sorely afflicted.

**HANCOCK.**  
The statement that a Chicago lumber company has recently bought 300,000,000 feet of hardwood timber here is about as erroneous as such a statement could well be, being 297,000,000 feet out of the way. The facts are that Allen T. Kirkpatrick sold for Oscar Eliassen of Oskar 3,000,000 feet of hardwood, consisting of maple, beech and red oak, to Geo. T. Houston & Co. of Chicago, for delivery during the season of navigation of 1895. The timber will be gotten out the coming winter for next season's shipments and will be used for interior finish and furniture manufacture.

**HOUGHTON.**  
Last Friday evening Camp Maple of the Modern Woodmen of America was instituted by Deputy Head Consul C. J. Byrns with thirty-five charter members. Following are the officers chosen: V. C. John G. Des Rochers; W. A. E. J. Dube; banker, Ed Haas; clerk, E. G. Heumann; escort, A. H. Haderly; watchman, Fred Sanders; sentry, P. T. Golden; physician, W. P. Scott; delegate, W. P. Scott; managers, W. B. Hoar, R. B. Lang and Fred Wieber. The camp meets every other Friday in the Hartman block.

**NAMED AFTER THE PRESIDENTS**  
Philadelphia Maintains Her Record for Patriotism in Her Nomenclature.  
Of the twenty-three presidents of the United States John Adams has the largest number of namesakes, twenty-three, in the Philadelphia directory. James Buchanan ranks next, twenty-one men of nearly as many vocations bearing the name of the only Pennsylvania president. There are fifteen Andrew Jacksons and fourteen Andrew Johnsons. The name of the father of his country is borne by eight day laborers, one caterer, two waiters, one janitor, and one real estate dealer, or thirteen men in all, says the Record.

The grandfather of Benjamin Harrison has three namesakes, while one laborer and one upholsterer have the name of Tippecanoe's grandson. There are four James Monroes and the same number called John Quincy Adams. One hostler, one piddler, and a weaver are known as James Madison, and a bartender, a clerk, and a superintendent answer to the name of Zachary Taylor. There is but one Thomas Jefferson, whose occupation is not given, and the only John Tyler is a weaver. A brickman and a minister of the Gospel are Franklin Pierces, but there is nobody with the name of Presidents Van Buren, Polk, Fillmore, Lincoln, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, or Cleveland, except as a handle to the surname.

**Articles of Aluminum.**  
Novel uses said to have been found for aluminum are for a folding pocket scale one meter long; a necktie made of metal, frosted or otherwise ornamented, in various shapes, imitating the ordinary silk or satin article, which is recommended for summer wear; and military helmets.

**Napoleon's Piano.**  
A piano made for Napoleon in 1810 has been unearthed in London. In shape it is a grand with silver keys, and, curiously enough, there are five pedals. Two of these work a drum and cymbals, and were presumably added in compliment to the military tastes of the emperor.

—One should not quarrel with a dog without a reason sufficient to vindicate one through all the courts of morality. —Goldsmit.

**SENATE DISTRICT CONVENTION.**  
A Democratic convention for the 31st senate district will be held at the Northwestern Hotel, in the city of Hancock, on Friday, the 5th day of October, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for state senator to be supported by the Democratic electors of the district in the coming election. The counties composing the district will be entitled one delegate for each 300 votes, or moiety thereof, cast for governor in the last general election.

By order of the committee.  
LEVI S. RICE, Chairman.  
BESSEMER, Sept. 28, 1894.

**THE BLOOD** is the source of health. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla to keep it pure and rich. Be sure to get HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

**FREE PILLS.**  
Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box—Sold by Farnham's Druggist.

**ANOTHER EXCURSION.**  
FROM L'ANSE, BARAGA, CHASSELL AND THE COPPER COUNTY, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY OCT. 6 AND 7, TO MARQUETTE, Negaunee and Ishpeming.

Special tickets to the three cities named will be sold on Saturday and Sunday, Oct. 6 and 7, at the following excursion fares:

From		
L'Anse	.....	\$2.00
Baraga	.....	2.00
Chassel	.....	2.25
Houghton	.....	2.50
Hancock	.....	2.50
Calumet	.....	3.00
Red Jacket	.....	3.00
Clark	.....	2.75
Lake Linden	.....	3.00

No special trains will be run, the tickets being good on all regular trains. They will be good to go only on the above named dates but will be good for return until Wednesday, October 10, inclusive. For further particulars apply to the ticket agents. (9-29-74)

**CHINA'S FIGHTING FORCE**  
Strength and Equipment of the Army and Navy.

Troops Commanded by German and American Officers and Armed with Improved Weapons—The Chinese as Soldiers.

China has made great efforts in the last few years to bring her army and navy nearer the standards of those of western nations, says the New York Tribune. The total strength of the army is about six hundred thousand men, of whom more than two hundred thousand are permanently stationed for the garrison of the city of Peking, the others being scattered throughout the various provinces of the empire. Besides these there is an ill-formed organization, which might be called a militia, which gets small pay and never serves with the colors. The discipline of the army is good, and so far as military punishments are concerned there is hardly a more stringent organization in the world. As a fighting force, however, in the opinion of most foreign military men, the Chinese army has never counted for much. But the last few years may have made a great difference in this regard, as the American, German and English officers employed by the government have done all in their power to effect proper changes.

In addition to the troops mentioned there are the various provincial forces which are enlisted, paid and controlled by the viceroys of the provinces and mandarins of the cities in which they may be quartered. These are known as the Army of the Green Standard, in contradistinction to the Manchu divisions—the real Chinese soldiers, divided into red, white, blue and yellow divisions, so-called from the color of their battle flags.

The arms of most of these troops were until recently of the most primitive type, and consisted principally of long spears or knives secured to long poles, bows and arrows and clubs. Within the last few years, however, many of these battalions have been provided with the most improved modern arms. Two years ago several Chinese officials were sent to Europe to negotiate for the purchase of sufficient modern rifles to arm the entire forces garrisoning the frontiers of Siberia, Tonquin and along the sea coast. The army of Li Hung Chang, the Chinese prime minister and viceroy of the province of Chihli, numbers about one hundred thousand men, and is the flower of the empire. These troops are armed with modern rifles, and have for years been under the leadership of German and American officers, who have brought them up to a state of discipline and efficiency hardly second to any similar body of foreign troops. It is the possession of this army, in love with its chief, which has made him so independent. Chihli is regarded as the gate to Peking, hence the care and attention bestowed upon the troops forming its garrison.

The Chinese confine themselves chiefly to infantry. The total cavalry force of the active army is only thirty thousand. There is, however, an "irregular" class of cavalry which may number nearly one hundred thousand. This force is armed in the most primitive fashion.

The navy is a different stamp from the army, and the sailors have been longer under the influence of foreign officers. They are also more trustworthy. Separated as they are from the influences which surround the men on shore, the sailors are free from the temptations and conspiracies which have undermined the troops. The class of men employed on the vessels is also better. The naval officers have been educated in the various naval academies by foreign instructors, and are taught and disciplined according to the systems in vogue in the service of the United States, England and France.

The imperial government supports three naval colleges for the education of cadets or officers—one at Tientsin, another at Wei-Hai-Woi and the third at Foo-Chow. The instructors are graduates of naval academies of foreign countries, those of Annapolis predominating. The system of instruction is as thorough as the Chinese boy can grasp, but is chiefly practical rather than theoretical, so that by the time the course is finished the cadet is ready to assume his duties on a man-of-war. The cadets are usually chosen from the families of prominent officials living in the seacoast provinces, but members are admitted from any other official and mandarin class.

The Chinese navy proper comprises about seventy men-of-war, not including many small transports and revenue cutters which in time of need, such as the present, can be armed and placed in active service. The vessels are manned and officered by Chinese subjects, the only foreigners allowed on them being the instructors in special departments, such as gunnery, seamanship, electricity or torpedoes. As soon as a Chinese instructor qualifies, the foreigner returns to the academy. Most vessels of the Chinese fleet have been built abroad.

The Chinese navy is divided into two fleets, the northern, or Peyang squadron, with headquarters at Wei-Hai-Woi, has under its jurisdiction the protection and defence of all the coast lying to the northward of Foo-Chow, and the Tahyang, or southern squadron, with headquarters at Canton, which is to defend all the coast south of Foo-Chow. Each squadron has its own admiral, but is governed directly by the viceroys of Chihli and Canton respectively, who are held personally responsible by the emperor for the efficiency and warlike condition of the two fleets.

**Kilauea's Silken Product.**  
One of the most singular products of Hawaii is a vitreous lava known as "Pele's Hair." It is a silky, filamentous substance, olive green, soft, but very brittle. It is produced by the wind catching the fiery spray thrown up from the great crater of Kilauea.

**New Ewen Hotel.**  
A. D. McNeill, Propr.  
First Class House. - Rates, \$2.00 per Day Heated by Steam.  
EWEN - (2-12-11) - MICH.

**K.O.R. Sample Room**  
FRANK H. McARTHY, Propr.  
Cor. Pennock Ave. and Superior St., Baraga.  
Fine Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars. 9-10-11

**Hotel Northwestern.**  
Hancock, Mich.  
The best equipped hotel in the copper country. Rooms with bath in connection. First-class in every particular. Rates \$2.00 and \$2.50 per day. (12-36-11)

**New Lloyd House.**  
JOHN R. THOMAS, PROP.  
—LANSE, MICH.—  
All modern conveniences, good sample rooms. Rates, \$2.00 per day. (3-1-11)

**Vendome Hotel**  
FRED. CARROLL, Propr.  
BARAGA. MICHIGAN.  
This hotel has been refurbished and thoroughly overhauled and is now in first-class shape. Rates \$2.00 per day. 5-3-11

**FRONTIER HOUSE,**  
PATTERSON & GRIFFETH, Props.  
SIDNAW, MICH.  
Rates \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day. Apportioned first-class. Sample room in connection. (11-27-11)

**Brunswick Hotel**  
W. A. FRENCH & CO., Props.  
Entirely remodeled and improved. Heated by hot water.—Bath rooms and sample rooms.—Accommodations first-class. Stables in connection.—Rates \$1 to \$1.50 a day Spring Street. [1-4-11] Marquette.

**POSTPONED.**  
The Peoples Party Congressional convention to be held at Lake Linden, Sept. 27, 1894, is hereby postponed until Monday, Oct. 1, 1894, same hours and place as first called. By order of committee.  
W. L. HAGEN, Chairman. (9-25-3d)

**THE NORTHWESTERN LINE**  
C. & N. W. RY.  
GAS LIGHTED  
Buffet Sleeping Cars

**MILWAUKEE AND CHICAGO.**  
Close connections with fast trains for the EAST and SOUTH. Solid vestibuled Trains of Free Reclining Chair Cars, Palace Sleeping Cars and Superb Dining Cars between Chicago and Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver and Portland. Through Sleeping Cars CHICAGO TO SAN FRANCISCO without change.  
For Maps, Time Tables, and general information apply to Agents Chicago & Northwestern Ry., or to the General Passenger and Ticket Agent at Chicago.

W. E. NEWMAN, J. M. WHITMAN, W. A. TRALL, and Vice-Pres. Gen'l. Manager. Gen'l. Passenger and Ticket Agent

**Mineral Range R. R.**  
Hancock & Calumet R. R.  
Change of time in effect  
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1893.

Lv Red Jacket	.....	7:45am	12:25pm	5:00pm
Ar Hancock	.....	8:55am	1:15pm	5:50pm
Ar Houghton	.....	8:40am	1:25pm	5:50pm
Lv Houghton	.....	9:05am	1:40pm	7:15pm
Lv Hancock	.....	9:15am	1:50pm	7:25pm
Ar Red Jacket	.....	10:05am	2:40pm	8:15pm
Lv Lake Linden	.....	7:45am	12:25pm	5:00pm
Ar Hancock	.....	8:55am	1:15pm	5:50pm
Lv Hancock	.....	9:15am	1:50pm	7:25pm
Ar Lake Linden	.....	9:55am	2:30pm	8:05pm

**To CALIFORNIA AND BACK**

By the Santa Fe Route. The most attractive American tour. A new descriptive book, with the above title, containing over 150 pages and as many pen and ink illustrations, sent free on receipt of 4 cents in postage, by JOHN J. BYRNE, Room 723 Monadnock Building, CHICAGO - ILL.



WEST GOES REPUBLICAN.

National Republican Committeeman Clarkson Says His Party Will Carry Entire West.

TARIFF AND SILVER MAKE THE WEST REPUBLICAN.

Clarkson States That He is in Favor of Senator Allison as the Best Presidential Candidate.

THINKS HARD WORK WILL WIN.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 1.—General J. S. Clarkson, the Iowa member of the national Republican committee, was in Des Moines today on his way from Salt Lake City to New York. In a lengthy interview he said in regard to politics in the western states that the Republicans with hard fighting would carry all of them. He regarded this field as the most important to the Republicans. On it will depend the complexion of the next house as well as the senate, as twelve senators are to be elected there. He also considered them important for 1896 when the election of a president may be cast into the house. He said he found the sentiment for protection strong in the western states with an increasing sentiment in favor of the Republican party in Kansas as standing between the fat money of the Populists and the gold monometalism of the Cleveland Democracy. He said many states had suffered so severely from Populism during the last two years that many who had been identified with it were leaving the party. He said the whole west was Republican on the platform of protection and bi-metalism. Clarkson also announced himself in favor of Senator Allison for president in 1896. Of him he said: "He is sound on the tariff and does not object to those who are for a lower tariff. He thoroughly understands the silver question and is an intelligent friend of silver and I expect to see him lead the way slowly and carefully and yet sorely for its restoration to its rightful place in our money. He is a western man by birth, associations and sympathy and is very popular all over the west and the east and has faith in him, his sincerity and capacity, and believes in his statesmanship. He has many western interests which make him as broad and as national as the continent and yet the east knows he will be faithful to its interests to the whole country. No one understands the tariff and silver questions better than he and no one would be stronger in the whole country on a platform fair to all sections in 1896. Make him president on a national platform and he would settle the whole question of tariff favorably early in his administration."

SENATOR CULLOM IN IOWA.

Says Iowa and Illinois Are Unanimously Republican. MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Oct. 1.—The Republican campaign opened here tonight with a speech by Senator Cullom of Illinois. The opera house was crowded. Senator Cullom said the great battle ground this year in Illinois and Iowa seemed determined to make the Republican vote unanimous. He predicted the election of Curtis or Hayes, thus making the congressional delegation solid. The greater part of Cullom's speech was devoted to contrasting the protective tariff policy of the Republican party with the free trade or non-protective policy of the Democratic party, declaring that under the former the country had always been prosperous while the latter invariably produced hard times, financial depression and disaster. A dinner party was given in Senator Cullom's honor by Hon. W. J. Fort, many prominent Republicans being present.

REFUSED TO TESTIFY.

Members of the Sugar Trust Under Indictment. WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The grand jury today brought in indictments against Henry O. Havemeyer and John E. Searies of the sugar trust and Allan J. Seymour of the stock brokerage firm of Seymour & Young for refusal to answer questions put them by the senate sugar trust investigating committee. The grand jury also brought in an indictment against E. R. Chapman of New York and J. W. McCartney of the firm of Carson & McCartney, the last two, however, merely being to perfect their previous report. All the cases will come up for argument on demurrers Oct. 12. The indictments differ somewhat from the others in the fact that the pertinency of the questions is somewhat further removed and two members of the investigation committee held that the questions which Havemeyer and Searies refused to answer were not pertinent.

HANGED BY WHITE CAPS.

Was Suspected of Firing Bombs and Stealing Cattle. MARION, Ky., Oct. 1.—In the northern part of this county early this morning Berry Rich, a farmer, was taken from his home and deliberately hanged by a mob of white caps. William Goode and Berry Rich were suspected of firing bombs and stealing cattle. Goode left the community.

WILL FIGHT OUT THE BATTLE.

People's Party of Illinois Will Not Withdraw Candidates. SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Oct. 2.—Chairman Maxwell, of the state central committee of the People's party, indignantly denied that there was any foundation for the statement that he was arranging with the Republican managers to withdraw the People's party candidates to the legislature in certain districts. He

FIGHT OR GIVE UP THE BELT.

Olympic Club Says Corbett Has No Right to Refuse to Fight Fitzsimmons.

WILL DECLARE FITZ CHAMPION IF HE DOES NOT ACCEPT.

Corbett Will Fight But Once More and Then Wants Best Man in the World.

MAY FORFEIT CHAMPIONSHIP.

New York, Oct. 1.—The Evening World says the following telegram was sent to James J. Corbett by President Wm. A. Schell of the Olympic club of New Orleans: "The subterfuge you are resorting to in causing O'Donnell to challenge Fitzsimmons is not worthy of consideration. It was in the Olympic club the heavy-weight championship was lost and won. It was in the Olympic club both you and Fitzsimmons won your greatest honors and it is now within the province and duty of the Olympic club to declare Robert Fitzsimmons champion heavy-weight of the world should you persist in refusing to accept his challenge which is backed up with a side bet of \$10,000. As far as the Olympic club is concerned it is immaterial with us whom the side bet is placed. We do not want to hold it. We offer a \$25,000 purse, the winner to take all Fitzsimmons has complied with every requirement. If you will not defend the title Fitzsimmons will and will meet the best man in the world in February 1895. In the event you do not answer and accept the challenge of Robert Fitzsimmons by Thursday, Oct. 4, we will declare Robert Fitzsimmons champion heavy-weight of the world." GIVES HIM THIRTY DAYS. NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Fitzsimmons tonight posted a letter to Corbett maintaining his right to challenge the latter for the heavy-weight championship of the world and stating that he had posted a forfeit of \$10,000 and if it is not covered within thirty days he will consider the championship. Fitzsimmons says he hopes if he does get the championship Corbett will not pull down that \$10,000 he is willing to bet on O'Donnell. Fitzsimmons is in receipt of a letter from Corbett declaring he won the title to heavy-weight champion not by defeating middleweights but by battling with every heavy-weight that stood before him and Sullivan. Corbett disputes Fitzsimmons' claim to battle with him as they are not in the same class. Corbett says as he proposes to enter the prize ring only once more and then retire whether he wins or loses he wants the next contest to be with the best man in the world. He says: "I do not consider you that man and do not propose to meet you and then, after having defeated you, be told by your friends that you were only a middle-weight after all. I consider Steve O'Donnell a better man than you and if you accept this challenge and defeat him you will not have to worry much about securing a fight with me."

FAMOUS DECISION MODIFIED.

Justice Harlan's Views on the Northern Pacific Injunction. CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—In the United States court of appeals Justice Harlan of the supreme court handed down an opinion in the famous Northern Pacific strike injunction of Judge Jenkins in which that action was rather severely headed. Justice Harlan held that any body of men had the right to quit work in respect to the discomfiting which might result. They had no right, however, to conspire to do damage or embarrass. He did not agree with Judge Jenkins' definition of strike that it was "necessarily illegal," but held that there was such a thing as a legal strike. Judge Jenkins' injunctive order was therefore modified. Judges Wood and Evans concurred in the opinion. Judges Jenkins and Grosscup also concurred with the bench. The former did not appear to be disturbed by the decision.

LOOKING FOR REVENGE.

Ex-President of Guatemala is Seeking Its Overtow.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Despatches received from the City of Mexico say considerable excitement prevails on account of the incursions of Guatemalans over the frontier as well as by the arrival there of General Antonio Ezeta, brother of General Carlos Ezeta, the former ex-president of Salvador, who is bringing on Mexico the subjugation of Guatemala, declaring this would be a very easy matter for the Mexicans to accomplish.

DIED OF HEART DISEASE.

It Was Not Electric Sponge or Cocaine as Supposed.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—The verdict of the coroner's jury today in the inquest on the body of Miss Belle White, who died in Dr. Soppia Sauntau's facial massage institute, was that the deceased came to her death by functional heart disease and not by electric sponge or cocaine used in the wrinkle cure. Dr. Sauntau, Mrs. James and Dr. Winship, who were held pending the result of the inquest, were discharged.

PRISONERS ON A STRIKE.

Seventy-Five Georgia Convicts Refuse to Go to Work.

ATLANTA, Oct. 1.—Penitentiary Keeper Jones received a telegram stating that seventy-five convicts employed in an assembly near Waynesville had mutinied and refused to work. They are in their barracks and have secured keys to the provision department. A posse has been sent to suppress the mutiny.

Forecast of the Weather.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—9 p. m.—The weather bureau reports the following as the forecast for the next twenty-four hours. For upper Michigan: Rain; winds shifting to east; warmer in eastern portion.

Work Was Resumed.

COLON, Oct. 1.—Work on a limited scale has been resumed on the Panama canal. The resumption of work was marked by evidences of enthusiasm.

Five Bodies Recovered.

MANISTIQUE, Mich., Oct. 1.—The bodies of five members of the crew of the wrecked schooner Homo have been found near Seal Choix point.

Southern Methodists in Session.

MARION, Ills., Oct. 1.—The annual conference of the Methodist church of the south is in session in this city.

Honors fairly earned were the highest award at the World's Columbian Fair and the special award and gold medal at the California Midwinter Fair to Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

A Wife is a Luxury. The English law courts have formally decided that a wife is not a necessity of life, but a luxury. There has been a good many breach-of-promise suits before the courts lately, and in two prominent ones the defense was set up that the contract was invalid because the contracting parties were minors when it was made, and that no contract made by a minor is binding at law, except it be for a "necessity." In one case the defense failed because the contract was renewed after the youth attained his majority, but in the other case the young fellow got off, the court deciding that a wife could not be considered a necessity.

THE THEATER IN JAPAN.

Legendary History, Choral Music and Heroic Tragedy.

As It is Viewed by an Educated Native of the Orient.

Some Things It Will be Well to Think About Beforehand.

ENGLISH LIFE.

Behramji Malabari, of India, who visited England in 1890, considered the English climate as the most remarkable of all the things that came under his notice. He thinks a race that could conquer such a climate and carve the comforts of life out of it, deserves to triumph over all the elements of nature. He says, in "The Indian Eye on English Life," that it makes one laugh to hear the English talk of their "fine day." One may speak of a fine five minutes, a fine half hour or hour—nothing beyond that, so far as I could see. The climate of a country reflects itself pretty clearly in the temper, habits and general surroundings of the people. It is mainly the climate, and the peculiar mode of life which the people have to live in obedience to climatic influences, that make them so keen about everything. The quantity and the manner of their eating puzzled and sometimes frightened me. Men and women eat freely at shops, in the streets, train, bus, or railway carriage. There is an absence of delicacy and deliberation about the matter, at which the grave oriental may well lift his eyebrows. In no respect, perhaps, does the average Englishman show himself so slow of imagination and wanting in taste as with respect to his daily food. He eats what his fathers ate before him. The cook knows nothing of proportion in seasoning his food; knows little of variety, and has a rough, slowly touch. The English are heavy eaters, as a rule. I have never had a regular dinner with friends while in England, being unaccustomed both to their hours and their dishes. But I have had to put in an appearance at lunch or breakfast, to catch a friend about to leave town. On one such occasion I saw a company of poets, philosophers and fanatics at table, presided over by a young lady, the daughter of the house. I sat there, wiping my forehead—they did the eating. I felt the perspiration, as I saw slices of beef disappearing, with vegetables, mustard, etc. I was pressed to join, but pretended to make a horrified protest. The host then asked me slyly what I thought of the food and their mode of eating. I replied, instinctively: "It is horrible."

The reply set the gentlemen roaring, and my hostess blushing. But I could not help saying what I felt. How can a little stomach hold such an enormous lunch? The waste of vitality in their climate, and under their conditions of life, must be enormous; and it has, of course, to be replaced.

As a real household treasure Dr. Price's Baking Powder has achieved a position unique in itself.

ANNOUNCING A KING'S DEATH.

How the News Was Spread That Victoria Was Queen.

Some quaint and delightful glimpses of "Old Windsor" are given by Lady Elvey in her "Life and Reminiscences of G. J. Elvey, Knt." Here, for instance, is an announcement of the death of King William, which probably is a unique delivery by "one of the men to whose lot it has fallen 'to tell sad stories of the death of kings'": "Roach, the belfry keeper, says the Westminster Gazette, seems to have received a broad hint that the king was near his end, and waited about until he received the news that all was over, when with haste he repaired to the deanery, arousing the inmates by ringing the bell at the cloister entrance with all his might and main. It was useless for the butler to say to him: 'What do you want here at this time of night?' His business was with the dean and no one else. This distinguished person, aroused from his slumbers and clad, not in his surplice, but in another garment which should be "always white," called from the top of the stairs: "What is the matter, Roach?" "Billy be dead. Be it to ring the bell?" "What Billy?" "The king, to be sure." "Oh, yes, Roach; you may toll the bell." Thus, was the news spread that the king was dead, and that the young Princess Victoria was queen.

—There are 670 members forming the house of commons, while the United States, with nearly twice the population, has hardly half as many congressmen. The American senate numbers eighty-eight, and even when all the territories become states can never exceed 100, while the house of lords has 570 peers.

—The display of sugar canes at the recent agricultural exhibition of the island of Mauritius is said to have been the finest ever brought together in one room. More than seventy varieties of cane were shown, including seedlings of all sizes, from the tiny shoot to the full-grown cane twelve feet high, grown in a single season from home-grown seed.

—Among the Hebrews during theocracy the taxes were very severe. There was a poll tax of half a shekel, about thirty cents, a tribute of the first fruits and first born of animals, a redemption tax of the tabernacle, another for the Levites, and a third, every third year, for the poor. It has been computed that the total taxation exceeded 85 per cent. of the land valuation.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—The leading grain futures ranged as follows:

Table with columns: Wheat, Dec., 53 1/2; Corn, May, 50 1/2; Flour, 15,000 bbls.; Receipts—Flour, 15,000 bbls.; Shipments—Flour, 31,000 bbls.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, dull, easy. Wheat, firm, 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4 c; Corn, higher, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4 c; oats, steady, No. 2 white, 1 1/2 @ 1 3/4 c; No. 3 white, 3/4 @ 3/8 c. Others unchanged.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 15,000 bbls.; wheat, 58,000 bu.; corn, 194,000 bu.; oats, 235,000 bu. SHIPMENTS—Flour, 31,000 bbls.; wheat, 89,000 bu.; corn, 215,000 bu.

CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Prices at the stock yards ranged as follows:

CATTLE—Receipts, 24,000; calves, 1,000. Market closed steady. Native cattle saleable at \$1.90 @ \$2.00; steers, \$1.50 @ \$1.60; hogs, \$4.75 @ \$4.85. Sales principally at \$1.75 @ \$1.75 for natives and \$2.50 @ \$2.50 for westerns.

HOGS—Receipts, 25,000. There was more life in trade than has been manifested for some days past and firm tone pervaded the market. There was a gain of 5c. over Saturday's prices. Best grades brought \$9.10 @ \$9.15 and as high as \$9.35 was paid for light. There were exceptional prices, however, not many of the former going above \$6 and bulk of the latter bringing prices from \$5.70. Popular prices were \$5.40 @ \$5.50 for heavy and medium weights and \$5.35 @ \$5.70 for light. Poor stuff sold around \$5.15. Culls went to city butchers at \$2.50 @ \$4.25.

SHEEP—Receipts, 33,000. Market declined 25c. Choice to good sheep, \$2.25 @ 3.00; lambs, \$1.50 @ \$3.15 for poor to choice.

METAL PRICES.

New York, Oct. 1.—Pig iron quiet; Scottish, \$12.50; American, \$10.00 @ \$10.50; Copper, steady; lake, 9.65 @ 9.70 c.

COPPER STOCKS.

BOSTON, Oct. 1.—The closing prices of copper mining stocks were as follows:

Table with columns: Atlantic, 10.00; Boston & Montana, 29.75; Bette & Boston, 363.00; Calumet & Hecla, 10.57 1/2; Centennial, 1.00; Franklin, 10.00; Kearney, 7.00; Osceola, 34.00; Quincy, 30.00; Tamarack, 104.00.

The World's Fair Tests

showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

ENGLISH LIFE.

As It is Viewed by an Educated Native of the Orient. Some Things It Will be Well to Think About Beforehand. Behramji Malabari, of India, who visited England in 1890, considered the English climate as the most remarkable of all the things that came under his notice. He thinks a race that could conquer such a climate and carve the comforts of life out of it, deserves to triumph over all the elements of nature. He says, in "The Indian Eye on English Life," that it makes one laugh to hear the English talk of their "fine day." One may speak of a fine five minutes, a fine half hour or hour—nothing beyond that, so far as I could see. The climate of a country reflects itself pretty clearly in the temper, habits and general surroundings of the people. It is mainly the climate, and the peculiar mode of life which the people have to live in obedience to climatic influences, that make them so keen about everything. The quantity and the manner of their eating puzzled and sometimes frightened me. Men and women eat freely at shops, in the streets, train, bus, or railway carriage. There is an absence of delicacy and deliberation about the matter, at which the grave oriental may well lift his eyebrows. In no respect, perhaps, does the average Englishman show himself so slow of imagination and wanting in taste as with respect to his daily food. He eats what his fathers ate before him. The cook knows nothing of proportion in seasoning his food; knows little of variety, and has a rough, slowly touch. The English are heavy eaters, as a rule. I have never had a regular dinner with friends while in England, being unaccustomed both to their hours and their dishes. But I have had to put in an appearance at lunch or breakfast, to catch a friend about to leave town. On one such occasion I saw a company of poets, philosophers and fanatics at table, presided over by a young lady, the daughter of the house. I sat there, wiping my forehead—they did the eating. I felt the perspiration, as I saw slices of beef disappearing, with vegetables, mustard, etc. I was pressed to join, but pretended to make a horrified protest. The host then asked me slyly what I thought of the food and their mode of eating. I replied, instinctively: "It is horrible."

The reply set the gentlemen roaring, and my hostess blushing. But I could not help saying what I felt. How can a little stomach hold such an enormous lunch? The waste of vitality in their climate, and under their conditions of life, must be enormous; and it has, of course, to be replaced.

As a real household treasure Dr. Price's Baking Powder has achieved a position unique in itself.

ANNOUNCING A KING'S DEATH.

How the News Was Spread That Victoria Was Queen.

Some quaint and delightful glimpses of "Old Windsor" are given by Lady Elvey in her "Life and Reminiscences of G. J. Elvey, Knt." Here, for instance, is an announcement of the death of King William, which probably is a unique delivery by "one of the men to whose lot it has fallen 'to tell sad stories of the death of kings'": "Roach, the belfry keeper, says the Westminster Gazette, seems to have received a broad hint that the king was near his end, and waited about until he received the news that all was over, when with haste he repaired to the deanery, arousing the inmates by ringing the bell at the cloister entrance with all his might and main. It was useless for the butler to say to him: 'What do you want here at this time of night?' His business was with the dean and no one else. This distinguished person, aroused from his slumbers and clad, not in his surplice, but in another garment which should be "always white," called from the top of the stairs: "What is the matter, Roach?" "Billy be dead. Be it to ring the bell?" "What Billy?" "The king, to be sure." "Oh, yes, Roach; you may toll the bell." Thus, was the news spread that the king was dead, and that the young Princess Victoria was queen.

—There are 670 members forming the house of commons, while the United States, with nearly twice the population, has hardly half as many congressmen. The American senate numbers eighty-eight, and even when all the territories become states can never exceed 100, while the house of lords has 570 peers.

—The display of sugar canes at the recent agricultural exhibition of the island of Mauritius is said to have been the finest ever brought together in one room. More than seventy varieties of cane were shown, including seedlings of all sizes, from the tiny shoot to the full-grown cane twelve feet high, grown in a single season from home-grown seed.

—Among the Hebrews during theocracy the taxes were very severe. There was a poll tax of half a shekel, about thirty cents, a tribute of the first fruits and first born of animals, a redemption tax of the tabernacle, another for the Levites, and a third, every third year, for the poor. It has been computed that the total taxation exceeded 85 per cent. of the land valuation.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Grain and Produce.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—The leading grain futures ranged as follows:

Table with columns: Wheat, Dec., 53 1/2; Corn, May, 50 1/2; Flour, 15,000 bbls.; Receipts—Flour, 15,000 bbls.; Shipments—Flour, 31,000 bbls.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, dull, easy. Wheat, firm, 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4 c; Corn, higher, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4 c; oats, steady, No. 2 white, 1 1/2 @ 1 3/4 c; No. 3 white, 3/4 @ 3/8 c. Others unchanged.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 15,000 bbls.; wheat, 58,000 bu.; corn, 194,000 bu.; oats, 235,000 bu. SHIPMENTS—Flour, 31,000 bbls.; wheat, 89,000 bu.; corn, 215,000 bu.

CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—Prices at the stock yards ranged as follows:

CATTLE—Receipts, 24,000; calves, 1,000. Market closed steady. Native cattle saleable at \$1.90 @ \$2.00; steers, \$1.50 @ \$1.60; hogs, \$4.75 @ \$4.85. Sales principally at \$1.75 @ \$1.75 for natives and \$2.50 @ \$2.50 for westerns.

HOGS—Receipts, 25,000. There was more life in trade than has been manifested for some days past and firm tone pervaded the market. There was a gain of 5c. over Saturday's prices. Best grades brought \$9.10 @ \$9.15 and as high as \$9.35 was paid for light. There were exceptional prices, however, not many of the former going above \$6 and bulk of the latter bringing prices from \$5.70. Popular prices were \$5.40 @ \$5.50 for heavy and medium weights and \$5.35 @ \$5.70 for light. Poor stuff sold around \$5.15. Culls went to city butchers at \$2.50 @ \$4.25.

SHEEP—Receipts, 33,000. Market declined 25c. Choice to good sheep, \$2.25 @ 3.00; lambs, \$1.50 @ \$3.15 for poor to choice.

METAL PRICES.

New York, Oct. 1.—Pig iron quiet; Scottish, \$12.50; American, \$10.00 @ \$10.50; Copper, steady; lake, 9.65 @ 9.70 c.

COPPER STOCKS.

BOSTON, Oct. 1.—The closing prices of copper mining stocks were as follows:

Table with columns: Atlantic, 10.00; Boston & Montana, 29.75; Bette & Boston, 363.00; Calumet & Hecla, 10.57 1/2; Centennial, 1.00; Franklin, 10.00; Kearney, 7.00; Osceola, 34.00; Quincy, 30.00; Tamarack, 104.00.

Advertisement for The World's Fair Tests showing no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

Advertisement for English Life, discussing the climate and culture of England as seen through the eyes of an Indian native.

Advertisement for Announcing a King's Death, detailing the news of Queen Victoria's death and the historical context of the British monarchy.

Advertisement for Chicago Markets, providing a detailed report on grain and produce prices, including wheat, corn, and flour.

Advertisement for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep, reporting on stock market prices and trends in the livestock industry.

Advertisement for Metal Prices and Copper Stocks, listing prices for various metals and mining stocks.

Advertisement for Miscellaneous items, including a notice about a woman's portrait and other local announcements.



ests  
der  
av-  
val.



Easy to Take  
And Perfect in Their Action.  
**AYER'S PILLS**  
Never fail to relieve Dyspepsia,  
Constipation, and Headache.

"I have proved the value of Ayer's Pills in relieving dyspepsia and headache, with which complaints I was so long troubled that neither the doctor nor myself supposed I should ever be well again. Through the use of the above medicine I am better than I have been for years."—A. GASKILL, Versailles, Ill.  
"I have used Ayer's Pills for five years as a cathartic in liver complaint, and always with extremely beneficial effect, never having had need of other medicine. I also give Ayer's Pills to my children, when they require an aperient, and the result is always most satisfactory."—A. A. EATON, Centre Conway, N. H.  
"Having been severely afflicted with constiveness, I was induced to try Ayer's Pills. Their use has effected a complete cure, and I can confidently recommend them to all similarly afflicted."—C. A. WHITMAN, Nipomo, Cal.

**AYER'S PILLS**  
Received Highest Awards  
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR

WANTED—FOR RENT OR SALE.

WANTED—Heavy horses, J. C. FOWLE, Marquette, Mich. (10-2-1f)

TO MAKE BIG MONEY selling our Electric Telephone. Best seller on earth. Sent all complete ready to set up. Lines of any distance. A practical Electric Telephone. Our Agents making \$5 to \$100 per month. Prices low. Any one can make \$5 per month. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk North Front Street, Ohio. (9-24-1f)

WANTED—Three ladies to travel, dress-makers preferred. Also those intending to learn the new system of dress cutting and making. Complete. Factors. Summit House. (10-2-1f)

WANTED—Between Presbyterian church and Spruce street a pair of gold rimmed eye glasses. Finder will please return to this office. (10-2-1f)

WANTED—Room and board near business center. Room to be warm. Address waiting terms, "K. T." care of Mining Journal. (10-2-1f)

FOR RENT—10 room house, good cellar, well located in Nester's addition. Inquire of C. A. Harrison & Co., North Front Street. (10-2-1f)

I AM IN THE MARKET—For spruce wood, cedar poles, Norway, tamarack and Pine logs, and pine bolts. J. C. FOWLE, Marquette, Mich. (10-2-1f)

SITUATION WANTED—By a competent mill man, good millwright, well acquainted with modern machinery and mill building, can handle mill. Good references. Address 616 North Front Street, Marquette, Mich. (10-2-1f)

CANNEL COAL—Equal to English. For grate use. Lehigh anthracite and Goodburg Lump for domestic use. F. B. FARMAN, Marquette, Mich. (9-24-1f)

WANTED—Situation by an experienced middle aged woman as housekeeper. Am American, am willing to help, and assist with housework. Object, a good home. Address Box 51, Chasson, Mich. (9-24-1f)

BOARDERS—Wanted at the New Clifton. (9-24-1f)

FOR SALE—A ladies bicycle for sale cheap. Enquire at this office. (9-24-1f)

LANDS FOR FARMING—20 acres north of Palmyra addition this city and 100 acres near the city for lease or sale. Now is the time to lease or buy and begin preparation for planting next spring. Call at my office Wilkinson Block, J. M. Longway. (9-24-1f)

WANTED—First class cook. To such good wages will be paid. Apply to MRS. SAMUEL KILMAN, 325 E. Ridge St. (9-24-1f)

WANTED—First class cook. No other need apply. Good wages paid to right person. Mrs. E. N. Brodman, Enquirer at 27 South Front Street, S. Kaufman & Sons. (9-15-1f)

FOR SALE—Dry shingle block wood, at \$1.50 a load, delivered. Leave orders at J. T. Jones Third street grocery store or at the Wetmore Mercantile Store Front at, or with teamster. JOHN W. GRAHAM. (9-11-1f)

WANTED—First class cook; good wages will be paid. Apply at 207 South Front Street. (9-24-1f)

FOR SALE—Three excellent properties in this city, on easy payments, and reduced prices. Enquire J. A. WALKER, 10-27-1f.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS—And embalmers Marquette Funeral Co. Telephone orders promptly attended to. Night telephone C. R. Brown's Residence. (9-8-1f)

WANTED—People who are suffering with Haemorrhoids and want a safe, sure and pleasant remedy, to use the Gem Treatment for Piles. Recommended by all who have used it. For sale in Marquette by FRANK PENDLE, H. H. STAFFORD & CO., EDWARD FARNHAM, F. H. DESJARDINS & CO. (9-4-1f)

FOR SALE—The mill known as the Bradley Shingle Mill at Marquette Mich. Address RUSSELL M. BRADLEY, Marquette. (9-27-1f)

FURNISHED ROOMS—With or without board at 122 North Front Street. (9-11-1f)

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED—Instruments renovated and repaired. Good work guaranteed. Instruments tuned by the year at special prices. Address post office box 100, N. Conklin's, Front Street, Marquette, Mich. G. R. WATTS. (12-6-1f)

Now Is the Time to Buy Wheat. W. P. BROWN, Grain and Stock Commission. Room 1, Bending Block.

On one cent margin \$20 bushels or less 3,000 bushels of wheat. 50 " " " 5,000 " " " 100 " " " 10,000 " " " Orders executed on Chicago, Duluth and Minneapolis Boards of Trade. Full line of quotations received.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 25, 1894.—Sealed proposals for repairs to piers at upper entrance, Portage Lake Ship Canal, Mich., will be received here until 12 M., Oct. 30, 1894, and then publicly opened. All information furnished here or at branch office, Houghton, Mich. (10-1-1f) C. B. SEARS, Major, Engrs.

Democratic Convention.

The Democratic congressional convention will meet at 11 o'clock this morning in the Marquette Opera House. It is understood that the Gogebic county delegation will endeavor to have Mayor Anderson of Ironwood, who was nominated yesterday by the Populists at Lake Linden endorsed by the Democrats. There seems, however, to be little sentiment in favor of fusion in the other counties and Mr. Rush Culver will almost certainly be the Democratic nominee.

MARINE MATTERS.

PASSED THE CANAL. SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Oct. 1.—[Special.]—Up—Gladstone and consort; 7; Mayham, 8; North Star, City of Duluth, 5; Mariska, 8; Pontiac, Sikka, 9; Norman, Samuel Mitchell, 19; Wawatam, India, 11; M. D. Thompson and consort, Juliet, 12; Roman, Marina, 1; German, Valcan, 4; Bulgaria and consort, 5; Maritana, Oseola, 6.

PORT LIST.

Cleared—Newpago, Checotah, Tonawanda; E. I. Pease, Planet, Cleveland.

Science and experience concur in the judgment that Dr. Price's Baking Powder is the purest and best ever made.

CAUGHT ON THE FLY.

Mark Elliott was down from Palmer yesterday.

D. H. McLeod was up from Newberry yesterday.

R. H. Brelsford is down from Hancock for a few days.

Manville Jenks was among yesterday's callers from Ishpeming.

Building and Loan installments are due today. Pay up and save a fine.

Jacob Rose has returned from his purchasing trip to Chicago and other cities.

The Marquette Rifles will give their first ball of the season at Armory Hall Thursday evening. Military uniform will not be worn.

Palmer has a very handsome display of cut glass articles in his east shop window and ladies interested will do well to inspect his stock.

Mrs. Swartzberg and daughter Marguerite returned Friday from a five weeks' visit to relatives and friends in Toronto and Guelph, Ont.

Two plain, unadorned drunks were before Justice Gray yesterday and were let go with small fines and admonitions to offend no more.

The drizzling rain that set in last evening bladed the hopes of many who looked for longer continuance of the fine weather of the last few days.

Wills Maguire, who for several years has been clerk in W. S. Hill's office, left yesterday for Ann Arbor to enter the law school of Michigan University.

Architect D. F. Charlton came up from Newberry yesterday and reports two of the new asylum buildings under roof and that a third will be closed in this week.

The crowd of Saturday and Sunday hunters from this city returned from Alger county without a single deer to show for their tramping varying from five to twenty-five miles.

Seats are on sale at Bigelow's for Pete Baker's "Chris and Lena" Wednesday night. Those who enjoy clean fun and good music will not fail to be at the opera house that night.

There is a new sidewalk going down in front of the Bacon building on Front street and all pedestrians that way are rejoicing. Quite a number of other property owners might profit by the example.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis E. Archambeau, Sunday morning, a bouncing twelve and three-fourths pound girl. Cigars of proportionate dimensions and quality can be had by applying at engine No. 50.

A new council of the Woodmen of the World will be organized at Fraternity Hall this evening by State Deputy Consul N. B. Sweet. About fifty members have signed applications to the order, which is of the fraternal insurance description.

Trethewey is now settled in his new stand next to Duquette & Metz, where he can be found by any one desiring his services for painting, paper hanging or another other form of interior decoration. He also carries a full line of artist's materials.

The members of Iron Bay Lodge, No. 164, International Association of Machinists, are making preparations for their third annual ball, which will be given Thanksgiving evening, Nov. 28, in Armory Hall. The Marquette Ideal orchestra will furnish the music and Joe Mack will be prompter.

It is now in order to ask Charles Green his opinion of the festive annual known as *Mephisto Americana* and whether it is good policy to shoot them under the shanty or wait patiently until they run out. James Wallace, Harry Byrne, Louis Vierling and Let Hall can also furnish some pointers upon this interesting question in natural history.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Farnham's Drug Store.

David & Adriance, Marquette, factory work, lumber (rough or manufactured), storm sash, shingles, lath.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at Farnham's Drug Store.

FORECAST OF THE WEATHER.

Will soon indicate colder. Order storm sash now of David & Adriance, 207 Stevens Bank building, Marquette, leaders in factory work, shingles and rough or manufactured lumber. Quality, prices and dealings right. (9-8-2w)

THY WILL BE DONE.

When earth is arched with sunny blue,  
And life is but the caroling  
Of memories of pleasant hue,  
And thoughts that can no sadness bring,  
How easy then it is to say,  
On bended knee, day unto day:  
"Thy will be done."

But when the morning's rosy light  
We see not through our tear-dimmed eyes,  
And Peace has winged herself from sight,  
And bird-songs are but mockeries,  
How hard a thing it is to say,  
On bended knee, day unto day:  
"Thy will be done."

Thrice blessed they, or high or low,  
Or rich or poor, in youth or age,  
Who calmly walk through weal or woe  
And can life's lessons page by page,  
And with an honest heart can say,  
And with a child-like trust can pray:  
"Thy will be done."

—Katherine H. Terry, in Good Housekeeping.

A WONDERFUL RIDE.

One of the Adventures of John Gilpin, Junior.

No doubt you have all read "the diverting history" of John Gilpin's Ride—a holiday jaunt of a hundred years ago. The sad Mr. Cowper's gray account of this expedition races from London down to Wau, and back, much after the manner of the calendar's horse. In fact, the verses are so lively that I seriously believe John Gilpin, Sr., is destined, poetically speaking, to race up and down to the end of the English language. My hero's story must amble along in the most unassuming of prose.

John Gilpin, Jr.—that was not his real name, but it serves my purpose—lived in a little town "out west." He had great big shining gray eyes, a fresh rosy face, and a rollicking laugh that set everybody laughing who heard it. When a funny thought struck him, he had to break out, no matter if he was in school with the teacher looking straight at him; whereupon the laugh would go round the room—just like a marble knocking out a line of marbles, one striking another—and then the teacher would start him home to receive due punishment there. She couldn't whip him any more than she could a butterfly—he was so bright and innocent—and it seemed dreadful to punish anyone for being too happy; but she must have order. It happened, however, that John seldom reached the door before the teacher reentered—the little face looked so sober and short and primary, that discipline was impossible. Besides, Miss Beach felt sure that John's father, being a minister, had great respect for Solomon's advice as to the rearing of children, and that he would try to do his duty—a proceeding she couldn't, for two consecutive minutes, think of furthering.

John went to Sunday school and church on Sunday forenoons, went upstairs and read some chapters in the Bible in the afternoons, and went to church in the evenings. And he went to prayer meetings on Wednesday nights, to learn the formulas of some good and unchangeable brethren. On week days he was always going somewhere—climbing up trees and ladders, sliding down hill and rolling over embankments, to miraculously escape death about every ten minutes of his life. And every night, at precisely five minutes after nine o'clock, he went to sleep. Now and then, on bright Sunday afternoons, his father would take him to "points in the field which must be cultivated." And John supposed a schoolhouse was called a "field" because it was in the country, and because the women who sat in it wore sunbonnets. He would wriggle through the sermon trying to understand what "adoption" meant while watching the free grace of squirrels darting up and down, in and out of the trees which skirted the schoolhouse. But it was the glorious buggy ride to and from "the field" which filled him with special and secular delight. To be "going, going, going" was his idea of bliss, terrestrial as well as celestial. The cars which rolled twice a day through his town stirred wild longings as they came and went across the prairies. They seemed to him to be carrying happy travelers into enchanted regions. He knows better now. He knows that hearts can ache in a palace car and break in a great city. He is a young, happy fellow yet—only he doesn't break out into the rollicking laugh of his early years. "I wish I could!" I heard him say not long ago. But to my story. If I have seemed a long time in getting started in it, remember that several years have passed since John's brown head since I began to introduce him to you.

An important event neared the town of Plainville. In twenty-four hours ministers from far and near would assemble under the white frame belfry for their semi-annual meeting, and John's mother felt that chickens, succulently prepared, must be in readiness to support church counsels. Two miles away lived Mrs. Bird, who was known to have excellent poultry and to sell it at reasonable rates, and thither it was determined to send John and "old Ponce" for supplies. John was now eight years of age—which was young for a man; Ponce was sixteen—which was old for a horse, but the two were intimate friends. As for Ponce, I may say that, as a family acquisition, he was second only to John himself in general esteem. He helped in a subordinate but very important way—to cheer the despondent, to warn the erring, to marry and bury people, and to carry the gospel over a large area of prairie-paganism. In the performance of this last duty he showed an unswerving regard for denominational courtesy. He knew at what gates to halt and what gates to pass delicately by. And if John's father ever stopped at a house with an alien creed, it was against the distinct remonstrance of Ponce. He was not a dangerous steed, since John's mother, a slim, soft-spoken woman, could drive him almost anywhere, and turn round with him too—but the fire of colthood had not wholly died out. He shied occasion-

BURIAL OR CREMATION?

What the Noted French Authors Have to Say Concerning Them.

Some of the noted French authors have been giving a Paris editor their preferences in regard to burial or cremation. The Boston Herald summarizes their expressions: Alphonse Daudet says, as to being buried or cremated, that either would be exceedingly disagreeable to him, and when one remembers that Daudet is a great sufferer from an incurable disease his answer is a triumph of hope. Henri de Bornier frankly curses the editor for spoiling his dinner by such a query, and Armand Sylvestre is very French and poetic, for his says: "To become a puff of smoke in the sky or a blade of grass over a grave, that is the choice given to us. Well, I prefer the ground, from which flowers spring for lovers." Sarcy, the great critic, replies: "Theoretically, cremation appears to me the favorable method of disposing of the rubbish, the body, but I am not intolerant or exclusive in anything." "Burned! burned!" writes Sardou. "It will afford me great pleasure to be burned. Warmly yours." Another author says: "You ask me which I prefer, to be burned or buried? After mature reflection, I regret to say that I desire neither the one nor the other." Emile Zola signs his name to the most sensible "preference" of the lot. He writes: "My personal choice in the matter I have not yet considered, and I believe it is best to leave the thing to the decision of the loving ones we leave behind us. They alone can have pain or pleasure in it."

The New Evolution. "Wow!" he cried, wringing his hand in pain as she let go. "You are getting to have a tremendous grip on you, my darling." Looking him tenderly in the eyes, she said: "George, I will not conceal it from you any longer. The girls of our set have organized a baseball team and I'm the catcher."—Judge.

In Doubt About It. Mrs. Figgs—Tommy, if you don't be a better boy you will never get to Heaven. Tommy—And if I be real good and there will I have to keep on being good after I get there?—Indianapolis Journal.

Why, it is an inspiration! What? A chicken note made with Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

ITALY'S POPULAR WAR SONG.

Originating in a Dance Hall, It Comes to Stand for National Protection.

The popular "Daghele Avanti un Passo" is a striking illustration of the fortunate manner in which some airs acquire a national renown. In 1858 Milan was a hotbed of Italian conspiracy and intrigue against the Austrian rule in Lombardy, says Laura A. Smith in Lippincott's. At the teatro della Cannobbiana a ballet dancer was received by the spectators with mingled applause and hisses. This gave rise to disorder; the police interfered and took the part of the majority, who were adverse to the danseuse. At once the popular sympathies were enlisted in her favor, and her cause was henceforth identified with patriotic aspirations. Further disturbances followed, and the run of the ballet was stopped; but the tune to which the ballet girl danced her paso a solo passed into the streets of Milan and was heard everywhere. The words, partly Italian, partly Milanese, were a hybrid mélange of love and war, with the refrain: "Daghele avanti un passo," meaning "Move a step forward." And this was received by the public as an exhortation to patriotic action, while by the Austrians both tune and words were deemed an insolent challenge and were not forgotten a few months later when war was declared between Austria and the kingdom of Piedmont. "Daghele avanti" was then played in derision by the Austrian military bands as they advanced into Piedmont, but Austria was soon obliged to evacuate this district, and her retreating armies heard the same strains sung by the advancing soldiers of Italy. Province after province was annexed to Piedmont, and with each successive annexation the popularity of this strange song increased until it was heard all over Italy.

HYPochondrical, despondent, nervous, "tired out" men—those who suffer from backache, weariness, loss of energy, impaired memory, dizziness, melancholy and discouragement, the result of exhausting diseases, or drains upon the system, excesses, or abuses, bad habits, or early vices, are treated through correspondence at their homes, with uniform success, by the Specialists of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. A book of 136 large pages, devoted to the consideration of the maladies above hinted at, may be had, mailed securely sealed from observation, in a plain envelope, by sending 10 cents in one-cent stamps (for postage on Book), to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at the above mentioned Hotel. For more than a quarter of a century, physicians connected with this widely celebrated Institution, have made the treatment of the delicate diseases above referred to, their sole study and practice. Thousands, have consulted them. This vast experience has naturally resulted in improved methods and means of cure.



COAL—For delivery coal will be sold at the following prices: Cash to accompany the order:  
Hard coal..... 86 75 83 50 82 10  
Soft coal..... 4 50 2 1 25  
Cannel coal..... 5 50 3 00 1 50  
Hardwood dry, 16in. single cord..... 4 00  
Hardwood dry, 16in. split single cord..... 3 50  
Hardwood dry, 16in. split 2 cords..... 2 50  
Hardwood dry, 16in. split 2 cords..... 1 40  
Dry Pine slabs per cord..... 1 25  
JAS. PICKANDS & CO.

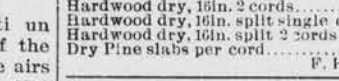
COAL AND WOOD—Will be sold at the following prices for cash:  
Hard Coal..... 86 75 83 50 82 10  
Soft Coal..... 4 50 2 1 25  
Cannel Coal..... 5 50 3 00 1 50  
Hardwood dry, 16in. single cord..... 4 00  
Hardwood dry, 16in. split single cord..... 3 50  
Hardwood dry, 16in. split 2 cords..... 2 50  
Hardwood dry, 16in. split 2 cords..... 1 40  
Dry Pine slabs per cord..... 1 25  
P. B. SPARK.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles when all other Ointments have failed. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on a receipt of price, \$1.00 per box. WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT, CLEVELAND, O. SOLD ON A GUARANTEE BY E. FARNHAM. (7-25-1f)

ELY'S CATARRH CREAM BALM.

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.



IT WILL CURE. A particle is applied into each nostril and in agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

MISS A. C. CULP,

Teacher of OIL PAINTING AND PIANO AND ORGAN.

Orders taken for landscape or decorative work. 313 East Arch St., Marquette, Mich. (9-12-1f)

MARQUETTE OPERA HOUSE

Conducted by RUSSELL & HORNSTEIN.

JUST ONE JOLLY NIGHT.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 3.

Special engagement of the leading German dialect comedian and sweet singer,

PETE BAKER,

Assisted by splendidly selected company of clever artists in the mirthful comedy containing everything that is good and up to date, entitled

"CHRIS AND LENA."

Usual prices. Sale of seats will commence Saturday morning at Bigelow's.

Pat Proverbs. Wit cuts but cannot cure. Wisdom teaches us what to borrow. Heedlessness measures the mule's foot. There is far more danger of hearing too much than too little. A wordy man is but a cheap dictionary without definitions. Some men's poor opinion of humanity is more than reciprocated. The lectures on eloquence as a lost art are full of affirmative proof.—Chicago Herald.

The Very Thing. First Speculator—I don't know what we'll do with that tract of land back of Hog Mountain. It's too far from the city to make suburban homes; and it is so full of malaria and mosquitos that it couldn't be farmed. Second Speculator—We'll have to run up a hotel then, and make a summer resort of it.—Pack.



DON'T BUY YOUR

FALL OR WINTER

OVERCOAT,

Suit, Underwear, Mittens, Gloves, Shoes, Hats or Caps

Until you have seen our stock and learned our prices, which are lower than ever.

F. BRAASTAD & CO.

F. W. READ & CO., \* LUMBER.

Mills at Eagle Mills and Michigamme.

ROUGH and DRESSED PINE,

Hemlock, birch and maple. White pine and Norway bill timber, sash, doors, blinds, pickets, mouldings, shingles, lath, sheathing lath, etc.

SPECIALTIES.

L. X. L. Polished maple flooring and basswood, birch and elm ceilings. At our branch yards, Ishpeming, we carry a large stock of birch, fresh lime fire brick, fire clay, adamant, plaster and cement.

The Bice Manufacturing Co.

MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

Sash, Doors, Blinds Brackets, Turning, Counters, Scro. Work, Store Finish, Fine Stair, Work, Etc.

Largest Factory in Northern Michigan

Dry kiln Capacity 25,000 feet per day.

The Trout Creek Lumber Co.

TROUT CREEK, MICH., MANUFACTURE

LUMBER, LATH and SHINGLES,

and make a specialty of short-length quarter-sawed bevel siding or clapboards. This siding has the commendation of all users.

IT DOES NOT WARP. IT IS CHEAPER

than ordinary bevel siding, and is just what a farmer or mechanic requires for an economical building. Our cheapest grade, to introduce into local consumption, we will deliver at stations on the D. S. S. & A. at the low price of \$10 per thousand feet, surface measure. If you are thinking of building correspond with us and get a sample by mail. (8-2-3m)

LADIES

Or gentlemen who are suffering with hemorrhoids should write at once to the Gem Treatment Co., Marquette, Mich., for circular giving description of the New Gem Treatment for Piles and its wonderful success. The Gem Treatment is an interna remedy, entirely vegetable, absolutely safe, pleasant to take, and sold on a positive guarantee to cure.

For Sale by all Druggists

THE GRIP

Attacks most readily people whose health-tone is low because of overwork, mental strain, exposure, colds, &c. To prevent the Grip, take Johnston's Sarsaparilla, which makes the blood pure and keeps up the health-tone, so that the system throws off attacks of the Grip, Diphtheria, Typhoid Fever, Pneumonia and other diseases.

Johnston's Sarsaparilla, IT CURES.

For Sale by All Druggists.

AN ENERGETIC MANAGER.

Mr. Sinclair Still Working for a Baseball Tournament at the Union Park Grounds.

FAIR PROSPECT THAT HE'LL MAKE A GO OF IT.

An Ishpeming Man's Opinion of Virginia, the Mesaba Metropolis. Work at the Winthrop.

A TOURNAMENT PROMISED.

It is quite possible that a baseball tournament will be held here next Saturday and Sunday. Manager Sinclair of Union Park has announced that \$150, divided in prizes of \$75, \$50 and \$25, will be given to the three best teams. The South Shore company is taking an active interest in the affair and has agreed to run a special train from Marquette on Sunday and is also offering special rates of fare from all points between here and Houghton. When a tournament was talked of recently it was impossible to get the teams together, but now the clubs from up the line are more anxious than ever to play. It is the intention to arrange a series of games between four teams, the Baragas, Ontonagons or Hancock's, Setters and the Rivals. Mr. Sinclair has been disappointed so frequently of late, either in the weather or through the failure of some of the teams to come to the front at the proper time, that the outside clubs should not hesitate now in entering for the tournament. This will undoubtedly wind up the ball playing in the upper peninsula for the season of 1894, as the weather henceforth cannot be depended on.

The special race for a purse of \$50 between William Fraser's Prince and August Jacob's Walter L. will be trotted next Saturday afternoon. Admission to the park each day will be twenty-five cents.

Virginia Is All Right.

In referring to Fred J. Eggan's visit to Virginia on the Mesaba range recently the statement that Mr. Eggan was surprised to find that country so rough was not intended as a slur on the people there, or the town of Virginia, by any means. Mr. Eggan has a very good impression of the place. Many improvements have been made there, he says, since the fire which wiped out the town a little over a year ago. A number of fine buildings have been erected since then, the streets and sidewalks are in very good condition and the city is provided with electric lights and other modern conveniences. Mr. Eggan was very hospitably entertained by the citizens of the place whom he had the pleasure to meet and returned home with a very favorable impression of Virginia and its people generally.

Doing Some Stripping.

At the Winthrop mine a section of ground on the surface, twenty feet in width, is being stripped, preparatory to getting out the lean ore underneath. Work in the open pit also continues. The force has been increased somewhat within the past week or more. Seven teams are used in stripping. At the South Winthrop a force of men is employed excavating for the foundation for the machinery to be transferred from the old mine, and also for the foundation for the new engine house to be erected there. Mr. Braastad has been exceedingly busy the past few weeks owing to the numerous improvements he has under way, both in the city and at the mine. He is pushing the work at the mine vigorously, as he is desirous of getting the proposed improvements as far advanced as possible before winter sets in.

Men Are Scarce.

R. J. Mahaffey, who is getting out mining timber and cord-wood near the Dexter mine location, was in Ishpeming hiring men Saturday. He had some difficulty in finding as many as he had work for. After spending four or five hours tramping about, however, he succeeded in finding fifteen men. These were principally foreigners and have had little or no experience as wood-choppers. Mr. Mahaffey informed THE MINING JOURNAL that he is paying as high wages for chopping now as have been paid here in several years. Seventy-five cents per cord for soft and ninety for hard wood are the prices offered. At these figures good choppers can earn anywhere from \$2 to \$3 per day. In Mr. Mahaffey's opinion there will be plenty of work at good wages for men in the woods this winter. At points in the pineries west of here it is said the men needed cannot be had; that in almost every camp there is room for more.

Killed in the Copper Country.

Richard Carlson, the young man employed in Fred J. Eggan's hardware store, received a message Sunday informing him that his father had been killed Saturday in a copper mine in Houghton county. Mr. Carlson's home is at Republic, to which place the remains of his father will be taken for interment. The young man left for Republic Sunday evening to be present at the funeral.

Millinery Opening.

Grabowsky's millinery opening will take place Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 4, 5 and 6. Miss Sweet, who has charge of this department, has exerted herself more than usual this season to show the ladies the most stylish headwear. No cards have been sent out by Mr. Grabowsky this season, but let it be understood that the public is invited to attend.

Changed the Date.

Not being able to secure the Knights of Pythias hall for the evening of the 18th inst., the date for the dance to be given by the "Our Boys" Dancing club has been changed to the night of the 17th. The Twin City orchestra has been engaged to furnish the music. The trap drummer will play with the

FINE MEATS

BEST FRUITS, VEGETABLES

Fancy Groceries, We are up to date. Salt and Smoked Fish, Oysters, Clams, Lobsters, Etc., on hand at.

TIBOR'S

orchestra for the first time in public on that occasion.

Going West.

Nicholas Vigus and Richard Barnett, who have been working at the Lake Angeline mine for some time, having come here from Negaunee, where they resided for a number of years, will leave today for Idaho. They have friends located in that country and will quite likely have no difficulty in finding work.

ISHPEMING IN BRIEF.

A. R. Gray of Houghton did business in Ishpeming yesterday.

Dr. W. F. Howe of Potsdam, N. Y., was a visitor here Sunday.

Thomas Heard has taken a chair in Alfred Johnson's barber shop.

G. Mott Williams of Marquette spent a part of Sunday and yesterday in the city.

A meeting of Hose and Hook and Ladder companies No. 1 was held last evening.

A girl to do general housework can find a steady place by calling on Mrs. J. B. Tibor, 315 High street.

Miss Sadie Fitzpatrick will spend the next few weeks visiting friends at Marinette, Appleton and other points in Wisconsin.

William Sedgwick and his son, George B., returned Saturday from an exploring expedition about eighty miles north of Port Arthur.

Manager Nelson of the Excelsior furnace, with his family, has arrived from Fond du Lac and will soon be settled in the Mookler residence. Rev. J. F. Borg of the Swedish Lutheran church will leave today for Norway, where he will attend a meeting of the ministers of the North Green Bay district, to be held tomorrow and Thursday.

William Markert took charge of F. Braastad & Co.'s meat market yesterday in place of Thomas Broker, resigned. Mr. Markert had the management of Braastad's market for several years prior to a few years ago.

Richard Mitchell and Miss Mitchell were married Saturday evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Mitchell, on Second street. Rev. J. T. Josin of the Methodist church tied the nuptial knot.

Mrs. A. W. Myers and her niece, Miss Cowen, of New York, who has been visiting here, left for Milwaukee and Chicago on Sunday. After spending a short time in these cities Miss Cowen will return to New York, after which Mrs. Myers will return home.

Have gone into the coal and wood business. Hard coal delivered \$7 per ton. Wood of all kinds will be furnished as cheaply as can be obtained from any firm in Marquette county. Coal or wood delivered on short notice. (9-22-1f)

F. BRAASTAD & CO.

When you buy a hat get the best—the celebrated Knox—at the Star Clothing House. A full line of the latest fall styles just received. (8-29-1f)

California and blackberry brandy and other liquors for medicinal purposes at P. H. Donahoe's.

Complete line of the celebrated Knox hats—all styles—just opened up at the Star Clothing House.

Conrad Seipp's Chicago beer in bottles for family use is the finest beverage in the market. P. H. DONAHOE.

Before purchasing a fall hat see the line of Knox hats, latest fall styles, just received at the Star Clothing House.

When you want liquors buy the best at P. H. Donahoe's.

STURGEON RIVER LUMBER CO.

Manufacturers of—

Timber, Lumber, Lath, Shingles

CHASSEL, MICH.,

Are prepared to furnish on short notice timber from 20 to 40 feet long. Also Pickets and Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, Siding and Clear Lumber. Also Hardwood and Hemlock for Mining and Railroad Purposes.

Prompt shipment can be made by rail or water to any part of the country. Correspondence solicited.

GAMBLING IN EUROPE.

The Net Profits Estimated to Exceed 25,000,000 Francs a Year.

Most persons associate all mention of gambling in Europe with Monte Carlo. Since a great gambling syndicate has been trying to get a hold in the little neutralized Duchy of Luxembourg, however, an interesting list of continental casinos and their winnings has been published by the German newspapers. This list, says the New York Sun, is intended to show that the continent has already too many gambling hells and that the grand duke of Luxembourg should persist in declining the syndicate's offer to pay most of the government's expenses in exchange for the privilege of operating their roulette wheels in the shadow of his throne.

Here is the list: Dunkirk casino, winnings in 1893, 300,000 francs; Boulogne casino, 800,000 francs; Trouville casino, 450,000 francs; Trouville, Hotel Eden, 150,000 francs; Dieppe casino, 200,000 francs; Colburg casino, 380,000 francs; Fecamp casino, 100,000 francs; Havre casino, 200,000 francs; Havre, Hotel Frascati, 150,000 francs; Treport City casino, 50,000 francs; Berck casino, 150,000 francs; Olonne casino, 100,000 francs; Rozan casino, 100,000 francs; Biarritz casino, 1,000,000 francs; Castle Biarritz, 150,000 francs; Muchon casino, 400,000 francs; Palavaz casino, 200,000 francs; Aix les Bains casino, 120,000 francs; Vichy casino, 50,000 francs; Vichy International hotel, 600,000 francs; Vichy Eden, 350,000 francs; Vichy Alcazar, 50,000 francs; Vichy restaurant, 30,000 francs; Rogat casino, 600,000 francs.

Outside of Monaco the gambling hells on the continent are known to profit some 10,000,000 francs annually, exclusive of all expenses. With the Monaco casino, the gambling syndicates of the continent make a net profit of 25,000,000 francs or more every year.

ODD FELLOWS' GRAND LODGE.

Reduced fares on the D. S. S. & A., for the annual meeting of the I. O. O. F. at Grand Rapids October 10th, 11th 15th.

Delegates to this meeting upon purchasing regular one way tickets to Grand Rapids via Mackinaw City will be furnished by the ticket agents with a certificate that will entitle them to tickets for the return trip via the same route as the going journey at one-third of the regular fare. For further particulars apply to D. S. S. & A. agents.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS TO MUNISING AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

The South Shore has placed on sale at the Marquette station, ticket office, excursion tickets to G. Gons, Sand River, Deerton, Oota, Koochee, Au Train, Hadston and Munising at the low rates of a single fare for the round trip. These tickets will remain on sale during the entire season and will be good for fifteen days from date of issue. Hunting, fishing and camping parties to be invited. (8-21-1f)

Growing too fast means that children do not get proper nourishment from food. They are therefore thin, narrow-chested and weak.

Scott's Emulsion

the cream of Cod-liver Oil and hypophosphites, supplies material for growth. It makes sound bones, solid flesh and healthy, robust children. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists.

WANTED—Girl to do general housework at 315 High street. (9-27-1f)

REMOVED—To room at rear of Peninsula bank building, opposite L. W. Atkins & Co. Al. Smith, the barber. (9-28-1f)

LOST—Gold watch, No. of case, 14,285, No. of Springfield movement, 50,618. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to Ishpeming representative of THE MINING JOURNAL. (9-27-1f)

FOR RENT—Six rooms, down stairs with large cellar, and modern conveniences, on Euclid street. Also four rooms down stairs, on Oak street. JOHN W. JOCHIM. (9-21-1f)

FOR SALE OR RENT—The Urban Hotel, Ishpeming, with furniture and fixtures complete. Terms reasonable. Apply to (9-19-1f) PETER GINGRASS, Proprietor.

Havana cigar judges say "Plantation" is the finest 10c. or 3 for 25c. cigar in the market.

HAVANA PLANTATION CIGARS

BLOOD POISON

permanently cured in 10 to 20 days by Magic Remedy, 100,000 certified cures, under guaranty, backed by \$100,000 capital. Sufferers from blood-poison, skin eruptions, itching, and all other blood diseases, should get this medicine. It is the only medicine that will cure blood-poison. COOK REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

Millinery and Dress Making.

MRS. M. E. PELTEN.

Of Red Jacket will open Millinery and Dress Making Parlors in the McKey block next door to Jaedeke Bros. cigar store. Mrs. Pelten is an experienced Milliner and Dressmaker. Her new goods will be here about the 25th inst. (9-20-1w)

Military Road Lands

Belonging to the

Estate of James C. Ayer

174,000 Acres for Sale or Lease

Open for Options to Explorers for Mines. Liberal Terms to Responsible Parties.

200,000,000 Feet of Pine.

Tributary to the Ontonagon and Sturgeon River and the D. S. S. & A. and Milwaukee & Northern Railroads.

Hemlock, Cedar, Poplar, Hard and Soft Wood for Char coal and Cordwood.

Agricultural Lands equal to the best in the Northwest.

NEW YORK OFFICE—F. F. AYER, Mills Building, Lower Office—JACOB ROGERS, Savings Bank Building, Shattuck St.

For further particulars apply at W. W. MANNING, Agent, Marquette.

THE South Shore Marquette ROUTE. Time Table

In Effect June 17, 1894.

(D. S. S. & A. RY.)

ARRIVE FROM THE EAST.

No. 1. From Mackinaw City. Daily. 2 45 PM. No. 7. From Sault Ste. Marie. Daily. 10 30 PM.

DEPART FOR THE EAST.

No. 8. For Sault Ste. Marie. Daily. 4 45 AM. No. 2. For Mackinaw City. Daily. 1 30 PM.

No. 1 connects at Mackinaw City with Michigan Central express from Detroit and all points east; also, daily except Monday with Grand Rapids & Indiana train from Lower Michigan, and the South. Connection made at Soo Junction with morning train from Sault Ste. Marie leaving 6:15 a. m. daily.

No. 7 connects at Sault Ste. Marie with Canadian Pacific train from the east.

No. 8 connects at Sault Ste. Marie with the Canadian Pacific for the east and at Soo Junction daily except Sunday with mixed train for St. Ignace and Mackinaw City making connection with G. R. & I. afternoon train for Grand Rapids.

No. 2 connects at Mackinaw City daily with the Michigan Central for Lower Michigan, arriving at Detroit 8:00 a. m. also with G. R. & I. daily except Saturday for Grand Rapids and intermediate stations. Connection made at Trout Lake daily with Soo line express for Manistique, Gladstone, etc.

ARRIVE FROM THE WEST.

No. 8. From Duluth. Daily. 4 30 AM. No. 10. From Republic. Daily. 10 35 AM. No. 2. From Houghton. Daily. 1 15 PM. No. 4. From Duluth. Daily. 6 05 PM.

No. 8 connects at Duluth and West Superior with morning trains from St. Paul, Minneapolis and the west.

No. 10 connects at Republic with C. M. & St. P. train from Chicago and Milwaukee and at Negaunee with C. & N. W. train from Chicago and Milwaukee.

No. 2 connects at Nesteria daily except Sunday with mixed train from Ewen and intermediate stations.

DEPART FOR THE WEST.

No. 3. From Houghton. Sunday. 9 05 AM. No. 11. From Republic. Daily. 12 05 PM. No. 1. From Houghton. Daily. 3 05 PM. No. 7. From Duluth. Daily. 10 45 PM. No. 5. From Republic. Daily. 6 00 PM.

No. 3 picks up passengers at Nesteria from mixed train from Ewen.

No. 1 connects at Negaunee with C. & N. W. and at Champion with C. M. & St. P. for Milwaukee and Chicago and at Nesteria, except Sunday with mixed train for Ewen and intermediate stations.

No. 7 arrives at West Superior 9:20 a. m. Duluth 9:35 a. m. and makes close connections with morning train of the C. St. P. & O. Ry. for St. Paul, Minneapolis and all points west.

Trains 1 and 2 have Drawing Room Buffet Dining Cars between Houghton and Mackinaw City and Wagner Buffet Sleeping Cars between Mackinaw City and Detroit.

Trains 7 and 8 have Wagner Buffet Sleeping Cars between Sault Ste. Marie and Duluth.

First CASH SURPL... President... DIRECTOR J. B. Mans... George... D. Metal... Sheet M... tor for al... light shee... Work sol... satisfact... and desig... Arrive d... for FINE... Co... Hap... Pe... Mich... Buffa... Amer... Pillab... F... Chic... Lak... SOLI... Fu... All c... ulla... No. 1... Pass... local... graph... telep... GEO... FA... Park... PERM... month... health... No. 1... ARDO... relieve... and pos... of cov... from O... three p... Testim... AICO... Park... T... Fa... Admit... ARE... Real... stocks... For... additio... macad... tract...



First National Bk. Negaunee, Mich.

CASH CAPITAL \$50,000 SURPLUS 27,500

President - A. MAITLAND Vice President - SAMUEL MITCHELL Cashier - T. C. YATES

D. M. CLARK, Manufacturer of Metal Cornices, Sky Lights, Sheet Metal Building Fronts, and Contractor for all kinds of sheet metal roofing and light sheet metal work of any description.

232 West Ohio Street, MARQUETTE, MICH.

Rothschild & Bending, Importers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

Imported Goods Arrive direct from Foreign Countries and for sale in Bond and Duties paid.

FINE CIGARS A SPECIALTY.

Coal--Wood

Bag, Grain, Feed, Petoskey Lime, Brick

Mich. and N. Y. Cal Plaster, Buffalo and Louisville cement

American and English Pine, course and bag salt.

Pillsbury's Best Flour

For sale by F. B. SPEAR.

MAP OF Chicago, Milwaukee & ST. PAUL RY

Lake Superior Division



SOLID TRAIN, FAST TIME

Fullman Buffet Sleeping Cars

All coupon agents on the northern peninsula sell tickets via the Milwaukee & North

Passenger desiring sleeping cars accommodations can secure same by leaving of local ticket agent at Marquette or by telegraphing Republic

Telephone W. W. TYLER, Commercial Agent, Republic, Mich. GEO. H. HEAFFORD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

FAT PEOPLE

Park Obesity Pills will reduce your weight PERMANENTLY from 10 to 15 pounds a month.

NO STARVING sickness or injury; NO PURGATION. They build up the health and beautify the complexion, leaving NO WRINKLES or sabbiness. STOUT ABDOMENS and difficult breathing surely relieved. NO EXPERIMENT but a scientific and positive relief, adopted only after years of experience. All orders supplied direct from our office. Price \$2.00 per package or three packages for \$5.00 by mail postpaid. Testimonials and particulars (sealed) 2cts. ALL correspondence strictly Confidential.

Park Remedy Co., Boston, Mass.

Timber, Mineral Farming Lands

FOR SALE. J. CONNOLLY, Administrator Ross Estate.

RICHARD BLAKE

Real estate and pine, mineral lands, stocks and city property.

For sale, residence lots in the Longyear addition on monthly payments. Streets macadamized and sidewalks made. Abstract of title furnished with each lot.

SET FOR THANKSGIVING EVE.

Negaunee Band's Annual Concert Will Take Place on That Date.

AND THE BOYS WILL MAKE IT A HUMMER

A Teamster's Tale of Whoo-A Pioneer Passes Away-Miley Doyle Holds His Own Against Rowett.

THEIR ANNUAL CONCERT

The English Oak band has secured McDonald's Opera house for its annual concert, which is set for Thanksgiving eve. This will make the seventh entertainment which the band has given on that date.

Clubbed for Being Late.

John Burns, foreman for Joseph Kissick, was arrested yesterday morning for assault and battery on complaint of Alcide Guenan.

Death of a Pioneer.

John Muck, father of Charles Muck, of the firm of Muck & Thomas, and brother of Charles Muck, of Muck & Son, died yesterday morning at 3 o'clock of heart disease.

Match Was a Draw.

Miley Doyle returned from Red Jacket Sunday, where he wrestled John Rowett of that place for \$100 a side and the championship of the northwest for the previous night.

Pulled a Knife.

An inebriated individual came down from Ishpeming on a street car Sunday. As soon as he stepped off the car a gang of young fellows on the street began to poke fun at him.

LOCAL LACONICS.

Miss Dolvina Tourville has taken a position as clerk in Knox & Wither's shoe store.

Miss Eva Phillon of Escanaba, who has taken a place as teacher in the school at Swanzy, spent Saturday and Sunday in the city.

T. J. Flynn will leave tomorrow for Jefferson, Wis., on a visit to friends.

A regular monthly meeting of Hose company No. 1 was held last evening.

The committee of the city council in charge of the improvements under way there visited No. 2 hose house yesterday and inspected the work thus far done.

Samuel Reynolds, who left here a few weeks ago for Idaho with the intention of remaining in that country, has returned. He didn't like the west as well as he thought he would.

The case of the people against John Toutloff and James Guinan for larceny has been dismissed and the young men are now being held for burglary.

A large number of James Curley's Negaunee and Ishpeming friends were at the depot to bid him goodby Sunday evening.

Mr. Curley carries with him the best wishes of a large circle of friends. He expects to remain at Denver all winter if the place is beneficial to his health.

P. D. Pearce of Grand Rapids, who lived in Negaunee for quite an interval prior to nine years ago, has been here disposing of peaches during the past couple of days.

He is now in the wholesale fruit business in the lower part of the state. He sold three hundred and fifty-four bushels of peaches in Negaunee, Marquette and Ishpeming since Friday.

REAL FAITH never grows weak by having to wait. Sufferers taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for chronic complaints should be patient and the result will be satisfactory.

Hood's PILLS act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels.

THE NEXT PARIS EXPOSITION.

Attractive Features Proposed for the Universal Show in 1900.

Already they appear to be commencing preparations for the exposition of 1900 in Paris. It would strike Americans that the introduction of electricity for general lighting had not made that progress one would expect there.

PAPER HORSESHOES.

They Are Helpful to Cavalry Horses on Long Marches.

When paper horseshoes were first introduced into the cavalry service of the German army a few years ago they excited a good deal of interest.

ELECTRIC ELEVATORS.

They Are Not Only Signaled, But Started and Stopped by the Lightening Fluid.

There is a vast difference between the latest perfected elevator and the elevator of a few years ago, says the New York Mail and Express.

PABST MILWAUKEE BEER WINS.

A VICTORY OVER THE ENTIRE WORLD, consisting of an award on ten separate products. A victory complete and a lately UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF EXPOSITIONS.

CHARLES JOHNSON, WHOLESALE AGENT, NEGAUNEE.

SUNDAY TRIPS.

To THE QUEEN CITY OF THE UPPER PENINSULA. The D. S. S. & A. RY have on sale Sunday excursion tickets to Marquette and return at the following very low fares:

From Eagle Mills.....\$ .30 From Negaunee......50 From Ishpeming......50 From Humboldt......75 From Republic......75 From Champion......75 From Michigamme......75

Tickets are on sale on Sundays only; are good on all passenger trains; but are valid going and returning only on date of issue.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING. \$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH ENAMELLED CALF, \$4.39 FINE CALF & KANGAROO, \$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES, \$2.50 WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE, \$2.12 1/2 BOYSSCHOOL SHOES, LADIES \$3.25 \$2.12

MINING JOURNAL READERS. Save money and get the best goods and satisfaction by buying factory work, lumber and building material of David & Adriance, 307 Savings Bank building, Marquette.

ANOTHER CHEAP EXCURSION TO THE IRON DISTRICT. Excursion tickets will be sold to Marquette, Negaunee and Ishpeming and return on Saturday and Sunday Oct. 6 and 7 at the following low fares:

From Red Jacket.....\$3.00 From Calumet.....3.00 From Lake Linden.....3.00 From Clark.....2.75 From Hancock.....2.50 From Houghton.....2.50 From Chassell.....2.25 From Baraga.....2.00 From L'Anse-au-Loup.....2.00

No special trains will be run but tickets will be good on all regular trains. They will be good to go only on Saturday and Sunday, Oct. 6 and 7. But will be good for return until Wednesday, October 10, inclusive.

Further particulars will be furnished upon application to the agents of the several stations named.

MICHIGAMME

Green Houses

Offer for delivery about October 1st.

Apple Trees, Plums and Cherries, Currants and Gooseberries, Shrubs of all kinds, Roses, Trees for Graveyards and Lawns, Evergreens and perennial Plants.

Following I give a few of my prices. Apples from 5 to 6 feet in the following hardy varieties:

Duchess of Oldenburg, Minnesota, Wealthy and Petoskey, each.....\$ .35 Crab Apples in all var......35 Plums and Cherries from 50 to......75 Currants, 2 years old......20 Gooseberries......25 Shrubs-Lilacs in Purple, White and Persian, 3 feet, each......25

Prices on ornamental Trees Evergreens, etc., given on application. None but really hardy and healthy Trees and Plants offered.

Christian Plambeck,

Michigan, Mich., Sept. 1, 1884.

CAMERON CURRIE & CO.

Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange. BANKERS & BROKERS

82 GRISWOLD ST., Butler Building, DETROIT. Orders for Stocks and Bonds executed at all the exchanges, either for Cash or on Margin. Special attention given to Local and Foreign Securities.

WHEN YOU WANT SHOES!

Don't buy shelf-worn stock which is worthless at any price. Our stock is new and of the latest styles. In prices we lead them all. See cuts of shoes in this advertisement. Any of these can be bought for

TWO DOLLARS

Come to us, we will please you in quality of goods as well as prices.

G. L. KUHLMAN

Iron Street, - - Negaunee.

KNOX & WILNER'S

New Boot and Shoe Store

Will open for business

SATURDAY, SEPT. 29.

\$7,000 worth of goods in stock. Prices are no object. Goods must be sold. Come with the crowd and select your own bargains.



STREAM-FITTING JUGGLED.

Alderman Tobin Thinks the Local Billings Were Not Fairly Treated.

WHO GETS THE 3000 DIFFERENCE IN COST?

Council Resolves That the City Must or the Two-Pipe System Must Go In.

WORK OF THE CITY FATHERS.

The aldermen are beginning to count the days when they will no longer be compelled to meet in the stuffy little box over the recorder's office but can report themselves in the law council chamber of the City Hall.

A number of residents on the hill above St. Margaret's chapel asked to have McMillan street graded that they might have a water pipe laid there.

Joseph Herzog & Co. filed bonds for a season at 721 North Third street and they were accepted.

The street committee was ordered to finish grading Spring street, between Fourth and Fifth, the Harlow estate, which owns all the property on both sides, having agreed to macadamize and put in sidewalks.

The street committee reported that most of the property owners interested had assented to their petition for the improvement of Bluff street west of Park avenue and the matter was dropped.

Alderman Mullaly reported that the building committee had awarded a contract for a new roof on the marshal's house and the committee was directed to go ahead and make other necessary repairs.

The question of relieving a certain widow from taxes on the ground of poverty came up. Alderman Hennessy thought the controller did not earn his salary because he had failed to take a census of widows and leave those who were poor off the tax roll.

Controller Royce reported the usual bills and pay-rolls, including an allowance of \$6,936.39 on the new City Hall and making a total of \$7,831.76.

A resolution to provide for the removal of the boards of registration Nov. 3 and 5, in order to make the new list of voters required by the charter, was passed.

Alderman Tobin said that the material now being received for the City Hall heating plant did not correspond with the specifications.

The aldermen thought the change highly unfair to the local steam fitters, who had been compelled to bid on a two-pipe system. He was informed by one of the leading heating engineers of Chicago that there was a saving of \$300 on the one-pipe system over the two-pipe.

Architect Lovejoy had said that the City Hall building committee had authorized the change, but one member of that committee (Alderman Schuch) told him (Tobin) that he had never heard of it.

Alderman Hoch, also a member of the committee, remarked that he had never heard of the proposed change. Alderman Holley said that Architect Lovejoy had come to him and said that he believed a mistake had been made in the specifications for the heating plant.

Several aldermen remarked that \$300 was very far from being small and there was general inquiry as to who would profit by this apparent saving of \$300.

It was quickly seen that Contractor Henco was probably the man who would get the \$300 saved. After some further discussion, in which it came out that heating experts differed on the one-pipe and two-pipe question, Alderman Hennessy moved and the council voted that the City Hall committee see to it that the heating plant be made in strict accordance with the specifications and to allow no changes unless the city should get whatever might be saved by such changes.

It was incidentally brought out that

The contractor wanted to save money for himself by putting in one boiler instead of two, but that the committee had refused to allow this. Alderman Tobin, who is himself a practical steam-fitter, stated that he intended to renounce of the building committee that in his own opinion the one-pipe system was the best as well as the cheapest; but that he thought it very unjust to compel local men to bid on the more expensive two-pipe system and then approve them of all classes of getting the work by substituting the cheaper one-pipe.

Closes This Evening.

The original fair will close this evening when everything yet unsold will go in some way, by private sale, raffle or auction. The attendance was good last night and the Marquette local orchestra played a delightful concert program.

Among the prize winners last night was Will O'Meara, who drew a baby carriage rick. The long agent of the Ward estate is not yet married but some of the girls hope this prize may encourage him to try his luck in that direction.

The central feature tonight will be the grand parade to be held in the basement of the Democrat in Marquette county. This contest is free for all and the candidates are in the hands of their friends.

Lieutenant Monroe Arrested.

The Marquette Rifles turned out for drill on the street last night and marched up to J. H. O'Meara's house and out Second Lieutenant Charles F. Monroe under arrest.

Lieutenant Monroe was married Sep. 19 at Colorado Springs, Colo., to Miss Lizzie Beeve. He made the lady's acquaintance some years ago while both were residing at Cottonwood Falls, Kan. After visiting relatives at various points the couple reached here Sunday.

"Chris and Lena" Once More.

The celebrated German dialect comedian, Mr. Pete Baker, in his beautiful play, "Chris and Lena," appears at the opera house Wednesday evening. Mr. Baker is pleasantly remembered by theater goers from his last visit.

Will Gladstone come to America? If he comes he will find two birds of the people using Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

Do Not Fail to Register.

The city charter requires a new registration in all wards every four years, beginning this fall. No one can vote at the election this fall whose name does not appear on the new register.

Wild Geese in Town.

As Officer Kramer and another man were passing the vacant lot at the corner of Washington and Fifth streets about 3:30 yesterday morning they were surprised to see a large white bird rise into the air with a cry of alarm.

RIGHT IN LINE.

David & Adriance 207 Savings Bank building, Marquette, solicit your trade in flooring, factory work, lumber, shingles, sash, doors and building material.

CLOSING OUT!

Our Entire Business Consisting of CLOTHING, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, Piece Goods and Tailor's Trimmings Regardless of Cost.

Don't cry hard times when you can buy goods at your own figure. Call and convince yourself. Respectfully,

S. KAUFMAN & SONS.

Upper Peninsula Business College

COR. BLUFF AND THIRD STS. MARQUETTE, MICH.

Will begin Monday evening, Sept. 17th. and continue nine months. Private instruction will be given in the following branches: Book-keeping, Penmanship, Short-hand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Commercial Arithmetic, Language, History, Geography, Reading and Spelling.

Five Remington Typewriters—Six Actual Business Offices—One Hundred and Thirty-Six Students Last Year.

Call at College office for particulars.

F. M. LOUDY, President.



The Marquette Furniture Company.

WALL PAPER NOW J. E. TRETHERWEY, PAINTER AND DECORATOR.

Kassel Oshinsky.

ANNUAL FALL OPENING In Ladies, Misses and Children's

Cloak and Cape Department



KASSEL OSHINSKY,

The Only Leader of Low Prices, Wholesale and Retail.

GOODING & ORMSBEE

an always show you a good assortment of Men's, Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING,

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

HATS, CAPS AND SHOES. A Few of Our Specialties Are: Stein Bloch Co. and Henry W. King & Co.'s Clothing.

GOODING & ORMSBEE, FRONT AND WASHINGTON STS.

Open Secret FLOWERS

That our business has fairly doubled in four months. We do not pretend to sell Drugs at cost but do give the best and purest goods obtainable at a fair margin and treat our customers courteously at

FARNHAM'S DRUG STORE.

For Prescriptions after hours ring our night bell.

KINDERGARTEN PRIMARY SCHOOL.

Opens October 1st. Limited number of pupils. Classes 9:20 A. M. till 11:20 A. M. 2:30 P. M. till 4:30 P. M.

SAM LEE Chinese Lily Bulbs.

Which he is offering for sale. Will single or by the dozen, he also has a nice line of Chinese and Japanese fancy goods.

Mining Journal COUPON, OCT. 2.

Three coupons of any date and TEN CENTS entitles the holder to any one part of

Picturesque America.

As advertised. Mining Journal Co. (Limited)

NUM. ST. SCH. BOO. A. K. SOL. Whol. Dressing, cash. We m. A full dress s per MA. R. A. Mod. 44-40, Fou 44-40, Co Model 188 45-70, Ren 45-70, Sha 10 Gauge 16 Gauge 12 Gauge 12 Gauge Springlic Hunting Smokeles Moccasins Har'n'ss. No ch. L. For fami will receiv. J. The Bes Write or tion paid