

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 306

MARQUETTE, MICH., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 27, 1894.

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\$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 Footform Shoes.



Nothing like them ever offered in Marquette. See our \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 shoes for Women, Men and Boys. Also Misses and Children's in great variety. All marked to meet economy times.

A SHOE STORE

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Wholesale Retailer of Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, Shoestrings, Insoles, Dressing, Blacking, Brushes and everything in the shoe line. One price, terms cash.

We mend leather and rubber shoes.

A full line of A. C. MCGRAW & Co.'s womens' mens' boys', misses' and childrens' perfect fitting Detroit made shoes. They are ahead of all others.

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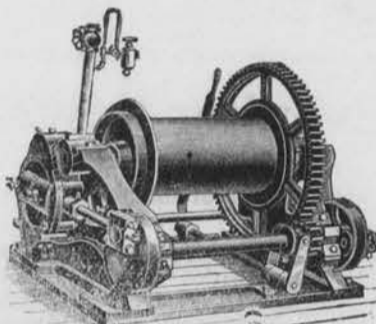
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Manufacturers

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Job Work and Repairs Promptly.



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500 Base Balls 5c each.
100 Base Ball Bats 5c each.
100 Base Ball Belts 5c each.
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Single Strap Single Harness Int. Rubber per set. \$8 50
Grocers or Express Harness per set. 15 00
Double team harness per set. 30 00

Canvas horse covers, Slate color; Oiled horse covers, Yellow; Oiled horse covers, Black; Rubber horse covers with hood.

Canvas ventilated Feed Bags; Folding Rubber Pails; Single Strap Breast Collar, traces attached \$1.00 each; Curry Combs 10c each.

Millers Harness Dressing. Harness oil in Pints, Quarts, Gallons, 5 Gallons.

Smokeless and Black Powder. Loaded shells. Cartridges of all kinds. Tents, ours, our locks, paddles.

Prices way down on everything for sale by

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MARQUETTE, MICH.

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BREWING CO. &

MARQUETTE and NEGAUNEE.

EXPORT AND TABLE BEER.

For family use. Brewed absolutely from pure malt and hops. Mail or telephone orders will receive prompt attention. (4-8-14)

Garden and Flower SEEDS

Henderson's Sweet Peas, all varieties.

Lawn Grass Seed.

Fruits and Green Vegetables.

New Maple Sugar.

Staple Groceries at lowest prices.

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114 South Front Street.

EXTRA FANCY SWEET PEA SEED

From Vaughan of Chicago.

H. J. LOBDELL



DIFFERENT VARIETIES OF THE BEST

Sweet Pea

SEEDS AT

ARTHUR DELF'S.

133 Washington street.

Creamery Butter	30c
Lard	10c
Nice Back Pork	10c
Pail Jelly	75c
Can Beans	10c
Can White Cherries	15c
Can Red Cherries	10c
Raisins	5c
Currants	5c

Other Goods Accordingly.

J. F. ZERBEL,

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Are you hungry for PIE?

Try our Crystallized Pie Preparation, made from fresh fruit. Ready for the crust in five minutes. Enough for two pies for 12 cents.

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ESTABLISHED 17 YEARS.

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102 SOUTH FRONT ST.

(Over Gooding & Ormsbee's)

Crown and bridge work a specialty. Porcelain inlays. Proprietary right in Dr. Steedman's retainer for lower sets of teeth. Odontometer used for painless extraction of teeth; or gas administered if preferred. (11-27-14)

H. W. BANKS, DENTIST

Office and residence, Front St., Cor. E. 5th (15-17-14)

W. H. Van Iderstine,

DENTIST, &

10-12 Harlow Block,

Marquette, Mich.

HOGANITES ARE ARRESTED.

Montana Industrial Army Has Been Captured by United States Troops.

THE MEN SURRENDER WITHOUT FIRING A SHOT.

Will Be Held to United States Court for Grand Larceny and Resisting the Marshals.

WILL NOT REACH WASHINGTON. FORTSMITH, Mont., April 26.—Midnight last night saw the end of the Butte contingent of Coxe's army that was marching on to Washington. For sixty hours all traffic on the Northern Pacific tracks was stopped in the state and during all that time their train was running wild from the mountains to this point where it was taken in charge last night by Colonel Page of the Twenty-second United States Infantry with 500 men from Fort Keogh garrison.

Colonel Page and men arrived here at 11:30 o'clock. They found the stolen train standing at the depot. A Commonweal brakeman flagged the train and when told by Superintendent Dorsey that the troops were on board he tersely remarked: "Well, the jig's up."

The soldiers lined up on the platform beside Coxe's train and the Montana Commonweal was summoned to surrender. It was scarcely necessary to issue the command and they promptly obeyed. The Commonweal's train consisted of fourteen cars and a total of 400 men.

When the Coxeites reached here they found all the switches spiked and the engines "dead," but they chose an engine and tried to get it in shape for use. All this consumed about two hours and accounted for their presence here when the military arrived. In a short time the train containing the Coxeites was side-tracked and put under guard. General Hogan, Conductor Wiley and Engineer Cleveland were put in a box car by themselves.

Soon two sections of a passenger train came in from the west and the conductors reported that a large number of Coxe recruits who refused to either leave the trains or pay fare were aboard and the military promptly took charge of these also. There were nearly one hundred of them. The Commonwealers are still here awaiting orders from the secretary of war.

The arrested men to be turned over to the United States marshals and deputies and escorted by them to Butte accompanied by two companies of the troops for the better protection of the deputies.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The counsel for the Northern Pacific has directed the assistant counsel at St. Paul and Helena to proceed against Hogan's captured Coxeites for contempt of court and for grand larceny in stealing the company's train at Butte, Mont. They will also be charged with conspiracy and felonious assault on the United States marshal's posse.

THEY WILL BE BOUNCED.

Rock Island Road Mans Trains With Husky Railroaders.

ADAIR, Ia., April 26.—Over one hundred men of the Sacramento division of Kelly's army asserted today that they would walk no further and announced that they were determined to ride and on the Rock Island train. The Rock Island officials wired for additional men and a good sized force or burly railroaders will accompany every train that moves tomorrow. Tought a circular was distributed through Kelly's camp signed by Division Superintendent Stellwell saying in case any attempt is made to run a seized train on the track of the Rock Island company the passage of such train will be obstructed with the usual danger signals displayed at the point of obstructions. The air was soon filled with denunciation of the road and its officials.

At Afton fifty men left the ranks and straggled by the tracks waiting for a freight train. Division Superintendent Fox, seeing the threatening demonstration, sent the train past the industrialists at a speed which prevented their boarding it.

About one hundred recruits were secured in and about Atlantic and the army tonight numbers 1,256 men. Tomorrow a twenty-mile march will be made to Stuart and but few wagons have been promised to carry them.

NO TRAINS FOR THEM.

FREDERICK, Md., April 26.—Coxe's army left here this morning with banners flying. They stopped at Urbans for dinner and then pushed on for Hyattstown.

HYATTSTOWN, Md., April 26.—Coxe and his followers reached here about 3 o'clock and went into camp. Tomorrow the tramp will again be taken up for Gathersburg nine miles from here.

THEY WANTED A HIDE.

BRAZIL, Ind., April 26.—Some excitement was created here this morning by General Fries' 300 soldiers climbing upon a freight train and refusing to get off. The officials seeing it was useless to attempt to dismount the men pulled them to Indianapolis.

COLUMBUS, O., April 26.—Colonel Galvin with 215 Commonwealers were ordered out of the Washington county court house today by the mayor and sheriff and are now marching to Columbus.

CINCINNATI, April 26.—The Commercial Gazette special from Washington court house, Ohio, says the Industrial army camped tonight two miles east waiting for a Baltimore & Ohio freight

train which they propose capturing. The railroad company is taking precautions to prevent this. About twenty detectives and railroad officials are watching the army.

DETROIT, April 26.—James Eldridge of San Francisco today opened headquarters for recruiting the Coxe army in Detroit. He spoke before the Central Labor Union tonight explaining his plans. The Labor Union took action endorsing the movement and many recruits are expected.

TOOK CHARGE OF A STATION.

Oregon Industrial Army Troubling the Union Pacific Road.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 26.—The Industrial army, about three hundred strong, camped at Troutdale and took possession of the Union Pacific station, driving out the operator. This morning as soon as the news reached this city the attorneys for the Union Pacific applied for an injunction restraining the army from interfering with the company's property. United States Marshal Grady left at once on a special train for Troutdale, where he served the order on General Sheffer, the leader of the army.

Late this afternoon Sheriff Kelly requested Governor Penney to order militia to Troutdale, but the governor refused to comply.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—In view of the reports from Idaho that a Coxe army was organizing in the Coeur d'Alene mining district and an attempt would be made to seize a train. Attorney General Olney, after a conference with Senator Dubois, this afternoon sent a telegram to the United States marshal of Idaho similar in character to those sent to marshals in Montana.

ORCHARD, Col., April 26.—General Grayson's army came into town this afternoon. It is their intention to seize a Gulf Road freight train tonight.

EL RENO, April 26.—The Coxe army craze has at last reached El Reno and today an army of 700 men was organized to move on to Washington.

DAMPENED THEIR ARDOR.

Washington Coxeites Refused Permission to Hold Public Meetings.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The district commissioners cast a damper over the local supporters of Coxe's movement today by refusing them permission to hold open air meetings. The authorities in charge of the Capitol building are now considering the advisability of formally surrendering their authority to the District of Columbia and asking that sufficient protection be given by the police force of the city. This step seemed desirable owing to the small force of Capitol policemen. Major Moore of the city police force has promised ample reinforcements, if necessary.

The Odd Fellows' procession attempted to march through the Capitol grounds today but were turned back at the entrance by the Capitol police. The Odd Fellows made some remonstrance but when they were assured the law permitted no exceptions they quietly submitted and retraced their steps. This incident will doubtless prove a precedent for Coxe if he attempts to invade the Capitol grounds with his organization as he said it was his intention to do.

Sergeant-at-Arms Snow of the house today took a precautionary step for protection by getting a cash locker to hold the pay of the congressmen during the coming influx of Coxeites. Captain Gordon of the Capitol police has arranged to have armed officers outside the door of the office of the sergeant-at-arms throughout the day. Another officer will sleep alongside the huge safe through the night. Beginning with next week Mr. Snow expects to sleep in the office himself.

A BRITISH PROTECTORATE.

England Endeavoring to Obtain Full Control of Samoan Islands.

LONDON, April 26.—The movement looking to a British protectorate over the Samoan Islands by extending the authority of New Zealand, a British dependency, over them is no longer disguised. In fact, indications are that the movement is the result of an understanding between the United States, Great Britain and Germany. One high authority admitted as much to an Associated Press representative. Color is also given the statement by an interview with Ambassador Bayard who praised in highest terms Sir John Thompson, of the government of New Zealand, saying "the presence and counsels of a such man would offer a happy solution to the difficulty."

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Up to date there has been no proposition submitted formally to the state department by representatives of Great Britain or Germany looking to the dissolution of the tripartite alliance over the Samoan Islands and the annexation of the islands to Great Britain or Germany. In the course of a few days Secretary Gresham will submit to the senate a voluminous correspondence which passed between the three powers concerning the administration of affairs in Samoa since 1890.

SURVEY WILL BE MADE.

House Committee on Canals Favors Duluth's Canal Scheme.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The railways and canals subcommittee of the house have agreed to report favorably Representative Kefer's bill appropriating \$10,000 for the preliminary survey to ascertain the practicability of the construction of a canal between Lake Superior and the Mississippi river. The Indian appropriation bill to be reported to the house will not contain any provision for the payment of the expenses of the board of five Indian commissioners. The committee regarded the further continuance of these offices as unnecessary and useless.

Sold For \$87,300.

CHICAGO, April 26.—World's Fair Buildings finally sold to Grabb & Co. local house wreckers for \$87,300.

BLOODSHED ANTICIPATED.

Miners of Illinois Raise a Small Army to Fight for Their Cause.

MARCH AGAINST NEIGHBORING MINING TOWN.

Six Thousand Men Are Under Arms to Force Other Coal Miners to Suspend Operations.

CALL FOR MILITIA REFUSED.

SPRING VALLEY, Ill., April 26.—This has been a most exciting day here.

The fact that it was determined to march on Toluca and get the miners out there brought hundreds to town to see the start of the big army. At 3 o'clock this afternoon, headed by bands of music and drum corps, the miners of Spring Valley, Ladd, Seatonsville and Loceyville, to the number of 2,000, took up the line of march to Toluca. The army was divided up into squads of twenty men, each under the command of a captain and lieutenant. In the line were many American flags and wagons hauling provisions for the men.

Ten miles south of this point the army was joined by another one from Peru, 1,500 strong, all provisioned for a three day's march. So far all has been peaceable, the men conducting themselves in an intelligent and orderly manner. It was expected that the negroes at Seatonsville would take part but they kept aloof. Only half of the miners here turned out. Ambulance wagons were taken along for those who could not walk. The army, 3,000 strong, will be joined by reinforcements from La Salle, Oglesby, Jones, King-ley and Streator and expect to be at Toluca at 4 o'clock this morning. A force of fully 6,000 men is expected to be in the ranks by the time they reach Toluca.

GOVERNOR REFUSES AID.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 26.—Acting Governor Gill tonight received a telegram from Sheriff Lenze of Marshall county from Toluca saying:

"Three thousand armed strikers are here. I anticipate trouble and possible bloodshed. Feeling unable to meet them I respectfully call upon you for five or six full companies of militia. Send them from Chicago or Joliet. The Santa Fe will have a special train waiting for them at either point. Try to get them here by 3 o'clock if possible. Answer quick."

Governor Gill telegraphed at once that he did not think he was warranted in calling out the militia from the facts set forth in the telegram, as he had no proof the strikers were armed or that they were likely to become riotous, but he would leave tonight for the scene of the anticipated trouble and personally investigate the matter. Governor Gill left on the midnight train, accompanied by Assistant Adjutant General Boyle for Toluca. Adjutant General Owendorff was notified at Kansas City, Mo., and has probably left for Toluca.

DEPUTIES ARMED WITH GUNS.

TOUCA, Ill., April 26.—A large consignment of guns and cartridges have been received by the mining operators and placed in the hands of deputy sheriffs. It is understood the operators have made arrangements to get additional guns on a telegraphic order at short notice.

TOUCA, Ill., April 27.—The little mining village of Toluca is wide awake this morning. An army of nearly five thousand coal miners has just gone into camp at Big Sandy, four and one-half miles north of here. The men left Spring Valley yesterday 2,500 strong.

The situation is regarded in a serious light and the people are anticipating trouble. The Devin Coal company ordered their mines to be shut down yesterday afternoon, but after the army leaves they will open up again. Sheriff Louis Lenze is on the ground with fifty deputies. Governor Gill will arrive here at 7 o'clock this morning and it is expected he will address a mass meeting at Toluca. There are about eight hundred men employed and of that number about one-half are colored. The miners here are very anxious. The colored population particularly fear trouble.

PRICES ARE MUCH BETTER.

The Iron Market Makes a Good Showing in Prices.

CLEVELAND, O., April 26.—The Iron Trade Review says today: "Attention is concentrated into the iron trade the past week on the coal miners strike and advances that come in some departments of the market are partly in consequence of fuel scarcity and partly because of the continuing heavy demand. In the pig iron the situation is one of the continued firmness. In Bessemer the large transactions of ten days ago was succeeded by a brief lull, but in the past few days inquiries have been numerous and the Holly furnace that sold at \$9.75 had offers at \$10 at Pittsburg; \$10.75 is the quotation of some sellers and transactions are reported at \$10.60.

Steel billets are also firmer and mills have advanced prices about twenty-five cents a ton, \$15.75 and \$15.90 being current at Pittsburg in foundry and mill iron. Finished material shows a stronger market outside of bar-iron and steel. Pittsburg mills have been adding to their order books and prices on plates advanced \$2 to \$3 a ton over the lowest point touched.

Convention Ended.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 27.—The Republican State convention did not complete its work till nearly daylight. The rest of the ticket is as follows: J. H. Jordan, Judge of the supreme court, First district; T. J. Monks, Fourth district.

First National Bank OF MARQUETTE.

Capital \$150,000 Surplus Fund 60,000

PRESIDENT: FREDERICK WHITE. VICE-PRESIDENT: E. H. TOWAL. CASHIER: J. J. JENNISON.

Transacts a General Banking Business at Discount and Deposit.

DIRECTORS: FREDERICK WHITE, E. H. TOWAL, M. L. LINDVALL, J. G. REYNOLDS, ALFRED RIDDER.

N. M. KAUFMAN, Pres., E. N. BREITUNG, V. Pres., R. KAUFMAN, 2nd V. Pres., W. B. MCCOMBS, Asst. Cashier.

The Marquette County SAVINGS BANK MARQUETTE, MICH.

Capital Paid in \$100,000 Surplus 10,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: N. M. Kaufman, Marquette, Mich., E. N. Breitung, Sam'l Mitchell, Chas. Meeske, C. H. Call, S. E. Kaufman, Geo. Barnes.

Accepts Deposits in sums from \$1 upward. Loans money on real estate and other approved security. Transacts a general banking business. Four per cent interest per annum paid on all savings deposits and interest compounded twice yearly. Open daily during banking hours and every Thursday evening from 7 to 8:30 P. M.

James M. Wilkinson, BANKER.

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Transacts a General Banking Business.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

Special attention given to mercantile collections. Stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission.

FURST, NEU & CO., MARQUETTE, MICH.

Lake Superior Brown and Variegated and Portage Bed

Sand Stone Quarries.

Peter Pickel, Resident Manager, Marquette, MICH. ROOM 42, (2-36-41) - La Salle Street.

GEO. E. FRENCH.

Dealer in Genuine

Potosky Lime, Calcine Plaster.

Plastering Hair, and all kinds of stave wood. Also one team nine-year-old draft horses, weight 2,900 pounds. Will sell cheap for cash. Telephone connection. MARQUETTE, MICH.

Picturesque America.

World's Fair

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HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without dragging, tearing or reducing the system and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

- 1-Fever, Congestions, Inflammations... 25
2-Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic... 25
3-Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness... 25
4-Diarrhea, of Children or Adults... 25
5-Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis... 25
6-Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache... 25
7-Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo... 25
8-Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation... 25
9-Suppressed or Painful Periods... 25
10-Whites, Too Profuse Periods... 25
11-Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness... 25
12-Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions... 25
13-Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains... 25
14-Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague... 25
15-Cataract, Influenza, Cold in the Head... 25
16-Whooping Cough... 25
17-Kidney Diseases... 25
18-Nervous Debility... 1.00
19-Urinary Weakness... 25
20-Sore Throat, Quincy, Ulcerated Throat... 25
HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL, The Pile Ointment, Trial Size, 25 Cts. Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Dr. Humphreys' Remedy (14 papers) BOTTLE 50 CTS. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Dislodge Bile, Stir up the Liver, Cure Sick-Headache, Female Ailments, Remove Disease and Promote Good Health.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating. Famous the world over. Ask for Beecham's and take no others. Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 45 Canal St.

DAILY MINING JOURNAL,

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL CO. (LIMITED)

Issued daily except on Sundays. Contains Associated Press dispatches and is especially devoted to Upper Peninsula interests.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Per year, by carrier \$1.00; Per month, by carrier 75; Per year, by mail 4.00

ADVERTISING RATES reasonable and furnished on application.

MARQUETTE, MICH., APRIL 27.

Entered as second-class matter of the second class in the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

"INDUSTRIAL MIGRATION."

There has been of recent years a very commendable effort to diffuse information as to the advantages of Marquette for iron and steel making of all sorts. The idea has been from the first that the vessels which come to this port for iron ore were wasting a good deal of money by coming empty; that they should bring up coal and take away ore; that the coal should be coked here and used in iron and steel making. No one has ever thought that all the iron ore produced in the Lake Superior district could be smelted on Lake Superior. We have not the fuel and must bring that to the ore. The rule that the higher priced material, in this case the iron ore, will stand the longer transportation, cannot be abrogated. But this rule can be reversed to a certain extent by the fact that economy demands that the vessels which take away ore shall bring return cargoes. Hence it has long been contended that there is a good opening for coke iron making on Lake Superior, despite the fact that it involves bringing the cheaper material, the coal, to the iron. THE MINING JOURNAL has done what it could to diffuse this idea and has been assisted by a public-spirited citizen of Marquette, who has had prepared and printed at his own expense reports by experts on this subject and circulated them widely. This missionary work has been ridiculed by some people but it will yet bear fruit. In this connection the following article, which appeared in a recent issue of the Age of Steel of St. Louis under the caption quoted above, is of considerable interest:

The location of industries in a general sense is determined by the easy and cheap obtaining of the raw material on which they severally depend. Instances, however, are numerous where distance and geography make but little showing in the commercial and industrial results. Points of manufacture are remote from those of supply, and huge congeries of the human race are employed in the making of commercial products the source or sustenance of which are in some trans-oceanic. Cities and nations have become the focus points of manufacture from reasons that are positively outside the law of proximity as to supply. It is due in some cases to commercial prestige, racial characteristics of aggressiveness and enterprise and to the aggregation of money, men and machinery that for centuries have been the loadstone of trade.

We have the greatest of all historical examples in Great Britain. It grows no cotton but for generations it manufactured cotton fabrics for the civilized portions of two hemispheres. India, Egypt and the southern states of America dumped the raw cotton on the docks of the Mersey and from Manchester to the ends of the earth the work of the spinner and weaver found its way.

In more numerous and localized examples we have the same story told in a minor key. Woodworking industries flourishing far away from the forest; workers in precious metals with half a continent between the workshop and the mine, and the same in a general way with the iron that went into hardware and the steel into cutlery. This transfer of raw material to distant manufacturing centers developed transportation facilities, concentrated mechanical equipments, and by degrees formulated the huge centers of distribution which here and there dot our sea lines and make their broad marks in our inland commerce.

Time and economic urgencies are changing some of the old conditions. Competition insists on economy, and here as elsewhere in the wide world, there is a slow but continuous gravitation of manufactures to their sources of crude material. Here we find economic laws determining our future manufacturing centers. The wood worker is migrating to the neighborhood of his lumber supply; the furniture and implement trade is following the same star, while our hardware and cutlery manufacture will follow the same industrial Moses.

There can be no permanent avoidance of the law, and it will do more to change the map both of Europe and America than any arm or navy on the planet. As an instance pertinent to this matter it has been recently arranged by English and Cairo capital to start cotton factories in Egypt. This, of course, must have its commercial effect on the Manchester manufacturers, but as the necessary trained labor and skill must be imported, it is among the probabilities that a white population will yet be converging on the land of the Pharaohs. The same drift is observable towards India. The Cambrian tin plate maker and the Manchester manufacturer are migrating westward, and industry, so long relegated to secondary importance in the destiny of nations and races, will yet be the map maker of empires.

The foregoing is of course general in its scope and deals with industrial movements in a large way. But the reasoning is strictly applicable to the idea of iron and steel making on Lake Superior.

Furthermore, it has been apparent to all careful observers for some years that the business of iron production must before long come to a general readjustment. This was and is inevitable, regardless of any changes in the tariff. The opening of new fields and the increasing pressure of competition within the United States is forcing the iron industries upon a more economical basis. Fee-owners must be content

with smaller royalties, shareholders with smaller dividends, officials with smaller salaries and this is where it bears the hardest-workers with smaller wages. In the latter case, however, there is good ground for hope that the apparent decline in the cost of living will ere long equalize matters. These changes are bound to come. They are inevitable and must be faced. As iron has declined in price so it will continue to decline. Tariff tinkering can only make this readjustment more rapid and its shock more severe upon those least able to endure a sudden change-the laborers. But in any event the change was bound to come.

With the iron market in its present depressed condition advocacy of efforts toward the establishment of iron industries may seem ridiculous. But keeping in mind the readjustment that is bound to come in iron mining and making, then it will be discerned that now is the time for Marquette and other Lake Superior towns to bestir themselves, that they may be at the front and in condition to take advantage of the new conditions when the readjustment shall be completed.

The great American claimant is dead. His name was William McGarrahan and for years he had been besieging congress, asking merely the passage of a bill directing the court of claims to determine his rights. McGarrahan claimed to have bought in 1854 a certain Spanish land grant in California. Upon these lands the New Idria quicksilver mines were discovered. The lands were seized by several men, who worked the mines and made enormous fortunes. The case was fought back and forth in the courts and once a patent was issued to McGarrahan. It is said that this patent was stolen and the records of the land office mutilated. Anyway the winning company succeeded in staying off McGarrahan until the statute of limitations took effect. Then he had no recourse but congress and the court of claims. His bill passed both houses of the last congress but was vetoed by President Harrison on a technical point. A new bill passed the senate not long ago but was pending in the house when the old claimant died.

"Mark Twain" wrote some years ago some very clever satires on our great circumlocution office, illustrating the difficulty an honest man sometimes has in getting his just dues. These sketches were of course wildly farcical, but even the details at hand regarding the McGarrahan claim prove the old adage that truth is stranger than fiction. There is a story by Bret Harte, published years ago, which might, as nearly as it can be recalled, have been drawn from the actual history of McGarrahan and the New Idria mines. Some competent writer ought to take in hand the abundant materials which must exist in the reports of congressional committees, speeches in congress, lawyers' briefs and other documents and make a connected story of them. Judging from the details evoked by the venerable claimant's death the complete and truthful story would be a vast deal more interesting than any work of fiction recently published.

THE Coxeyites under Hogan have been rounded up by regular troops at Rosebud, S. D., and in due time will be punished for their bit of brigandage in seizing a Northern Pacific train. There was no legal objection to the Coxey lunatics marching to Washington as long as they conducted themselves peaceably. Hogan and his fellow-bandits not only seized a train by force, which was simply theft, but they also started that train out at high speed on a single track, refusing to pay any attention to other trains or to take any measures to prevent or avoid a horrible accident. That a collision with consequent great loss of life did not occur was due solely to the alertness of the railroad officials, who managed to keep other trains out of the way of Hogan and his outlaws. This is a good time to let the commonwealers know that if they wish to succeed in their foolish project they must at all hazards keep the peace. The Northern Pacific is in the hands of the United States court and Hogan and his lawless gang will probably receive swift punishment. But any penalty that can be inflicted upon them must seem inadequate to their offense when one reflects upon the awful consequences, the frightful loss of life and limb, that might easily have resulted from their criminal enterprise.

HOW'S THIS? We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Wadding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

SEE THE WORLD'S FAIR FOR FIFTEEN CENTS. Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, the regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same. After you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address H. E. BUCKLEN & CO., Chicago, Ill.

Reason! BEECHAM'S PILLS act like magic.

FEARED HIS WIFE THE MOST.

The Juror Knew His Spouse and Therefore Disobeyed the Court.

On one occasion Judge Andrew Ellison was trying an important case at Macon City, and it was desired to rush it through in order to make way for another case coming up next morning, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The court instructed the jury and court officials to return after supper that night, as it was intended to hold a night session. At seven o'clock all the officers, numerous witnesses and the jury, with one exception, were promptly on hand. Of course, nothing could be done without the absent jurymen. The minutes ran into hours and still the prodigal didn't return. At a late hour court adjourned without having accomplished anything. Next morning sharp at nine o'clock the twelve jurymen were in the box. His honor scanned the crowd and asked for the truant. He was pointed out and the court ordered him to stand up.

"Mr. —" said the judge, addressing the delinquent, "didn't you understand the order of the court last night requiring the jury to be on hand after supper?"

"Yes, your honor," said the jurymen, explaining, "but you see I live quite a ways out of town and my wife gave me an order prior to the court's order and her order was that I shouldn't stay in town over night. I considered the matter and concluded it was safer to risk your honor's displeasure than her'n, because," he added, earnestly, "I know her!"

The court looked solemn a moment, as if weighing some mighty problem, then a smile started across his face, and the bar, court officers and spectators broke out in tumultuous laughter. The jurymen were forgiven; there were many there who could, perhaps, appreciate his position.

ALL FREE. Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of guide to health and household instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. H. H. Stafford & Co., Drugstore.

Mrs. A. E. Lanier, Bush's Mills, Ohio.

Strained Nerves

Palpitation of the Heart and A General Break Down

The Good Effect of Hood's was Marked and Permanent.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: 'Gentlemen:—I was taken down sick last December, and became very weak with nervous trouble, palpitation of the heart, and a general break down. I had a good physician, but lingered along, getting no better. I could sit up only about half a day, until the 18th of March, when I concluded I would give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial. When I had used it a short time, I could get up and go all about the house all day. I have never enjoyed perfect health, but am now taking my fifth bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and know it has helped me wonderfully. I have used Hood's Pills, and think them excellent.' Mrs. A. E. LANIER, Bush's Mills, Ohio.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

THE GEM

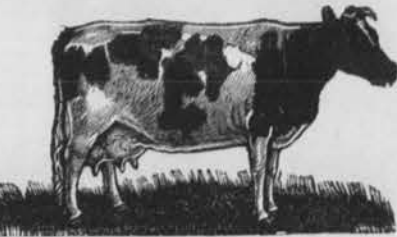
Pile Treatment

A GUARANTEED CURE. WHAT IT IS AND WHAT IT DOES

IF YOU HAVE THE PILES, NO MATTER HOW BAD, IT WILL CURE YOU.

THE GEM PILE REMEDY is the discovery of a man who for many years had suffered with a most stubborn case of piles, and who had tried many remedies without avail. He brought about a permanent cure by the use of the Gem Treatment, and since curing himself, has cured every one who has come to him with this painful malady, for treatment. The Gem Treatment is entirely vegetable and perfectly harmless. It is not repulsive; neither does it interrupt any person in the pursuit of his employment. There are no restrictions as to diet or habits. A cure is guaranteed in every case, no matter how long the patient may have been a sufferer, nor how serious the malady is. If you are a sufferer from piles, try a box. Instructions for using in every box. PRICE, \$1.00 PER BOX.

Manufactured by GEM TREATMENT COMPANY, Marquette, Mich. For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.



ORDER YOUR MILK and Jersey Creamery Butter

THE MARQUETTE CITY DAIRY

The oldest, largest and most reliable dairy in the upper peninsula. Milk delivered twice daily winter and summer. Fresh creamery butter in 5 and 10 lb. packages every week. Mail orders receive prompt attention. 4-13-14

H. VANDENBOOM & SON, Proprietors

Marquette Opera House

Grand Popular Price Engagement.

3 Nights Only—Monday, April 30

Commencing

Rice, Wolford & Sheridan's Three Big Scenic Productions.

THE TRAIN WRECKERS.

Showing the following six complete sets of special scenery: The railroad office, the train wrecking scene, great explosion scene, thrilling prison scene, great storm scene, garrett in the slums.

"UNDERGROUND!" "The Smugglers!"

A story of the mines. See the breaker at night illuminated; the burning culm; the interior of a Pennsylvania coal mine; explosion of gas and the burning of the mine; the great strike scene.

Nine brand new special scenes. The light-house; the smuggler's cave; the old boat house; the wharf scene; the great prison scene; deck of the ship, Petrel; the ship cabin; the burning ship in mid-ocean; the beautiful tropical island.

Special Matinee Play Wednesday Afternoon of the Beautiful Southern Romance, "MYSTIC MOUNTAIN."

PRICES: 15, 25 and 35c. For Sale at Bigelow's News Stand.

ALWAYS PROGRESSIVE.

THE NEW DAISY 48 CIGAR

Comes to the smoker with an entire new shape and finish. We have brought into use the Old Spanish Cure known as the Primero Sayer which not only takes all the rankness from the tobacco but imparts a most delicious and palatable flavor, unknown today in any other goods manufactured. Smokers will do well to give them a trial and we feel confident of its giving entire satisfaction. For sale by all first-class dealers and on trains.

JOHN E. KENNING & CO., Makers, 65 Canal St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

THREE MONTHS, or even a shorter period, will suffice to convince you that "The Great Daily of Michigan" is so interesting and valuable that so long as you may live you will continue a subscriber, and would no more think of stopping than you would of cancelling your subscription to your home paper. It is complete and accurate in every department of news, giving also much special matter for men, women and children. Think of the testimonial of 60,000 homes which now receive and welcome The Evening News.

2 cents per Copy. \$1.25 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL. 10 cents a Week.

Agents in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan. 65 SHELBY STREET, DETROIT, MICH.

THE GEM

Pile Treatment

A GUARANTEED CURE. WHAT IT IS AND WHAT IT DOES

IF YOU HAVE THE PILES, NO MATTER HOW BAD, IT WILL CURE YOU.

THE GEM PILE REMEDY is the discovery of a man who for many years had suffered with a most stubborn case of piles, and who had tried many remedies without avail. He brought about a permanent cure by the use of the Gem Treatment, and since curing himself, has cured every one who has come to him with this painful malady, for treatment. The Gem Treatment is entirely vegetable and perfectly harmless. It is not repulsive; neither does it interrupt any person in the pursuit of his employment. There are no restrictions as to diet or habits. A cure is guaranteed in every case, no matter how long the patient may have been a sufferer, nor how serious the malady is. If you are a sufferer from piles, try a box. Instructions for using in every box. PRICE, \$1.00 PER BOX.

Manufactured by GEM TREATMENT COMPANY, Marquette, Mich. For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

Individuality and character are as necessary with cigars as with people. Good cigars always bring patronage and profit to the seller. Ask your dealer for a

BEN-HUR CIGAR

3 for 25 cents.

THE BEST MONEY CAN BUY.

GEO. MOEBS & CO.,

MAKERS,

DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

MILLIONS SOLD ANNUALLY.

F. W. PRESCOTT & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

36 and 37, Ames Building, Boston, Mass.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to check. Orders executed for Cash or Margin in Stocks and Bonds listed on the New York, Philadelphia and Boston Stock Exchanges.

Customers Can Telegraph Orders at Our Expense.

Special Attention Given to COPPER STOCKS.

Send for Circular and Telegraphic Code.

Ask your grocer for 'INGOT' soap, made by the Lake Superior Soap Co. of Houghton, Mich. No better washing soap can be made. Use it once and you will want it always. Try it.

AUGUST PELTO,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Has just received a full line of Spring and Summer Suitings that he would like the public to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. My goods are of the best material and my prices are the lowest. Competent tailors employed and all work under my personal supervision.

One Door West of Hotel Northwestern, Hancock, Mich.

BANKRUPT SALE

At Red Jacket. Over \$5,000 worth of General Merchandise to be slaughtered.

Having purchased the Ekman stock of Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Furnishing Goods, etc., at less than half the cost in Chicago I am closing out the stock at your own price. Give me a call.

SAM MAWRENCE,

Opposite First National Bank Block, Red Jacket

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES." GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO



RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S NERVE PILLS. The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Falling of the Testes, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Painful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$4.00 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by L. W. TOLES, DRUGGIST, MARQUETTE, MICH.

WANTED—Immediately two girls, one to cook and one for table work. Will pay fare from Marquette or intermediate points. Address Hotel Vendome, Baraga. (4-26-1w)

WANTED—First class Barber, no other need apply, wages \$15 per week. Apply to C. D. FLEMING, Red Jacket (4-19-1w)

MISS A. A. WELSHING—The well known milliner established "The Leader" in the Bernann Block has had a grand opening of pattern hats, bonnets and millinery novelties, and she now invites the ladies of the copper country to call early for choice selections. (4-19-2w)

Thousand Men Wanted

To Purchase a Pair Each of

Our Tailor Made Pants at \$3.00

Our Spring Overcoats at \$10.25

Our New Style Suits at \$13.25

OATES BROS.,

Red Jacket, Mich.

Samples Sent to Any Part of Houghton Co. (4-26-0)

Mineral Range R. R.

Hancock & Calumet R. R.

Change of time in effect

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1893.

Lv Red Jacket.....	7:45am	12:35pm	5:00pm
Ar Hancock.....	8:55am	1:35pm	5:50pm
Ar Houghton.....	8:40am	1:25pm	5:50pm
Lv Houghton.....	9:05am	1:40pm	7:15pm
Lv Hancock.....	9:15am	1:50pm	7:25pm
Ar Red Jacket.....	10:05am	2:40pm	8:15pm
Lv Lake Linden.....	7:45am	12:35pm	5:00pm
Ar Hancock.....	8:25am	1:05pm	5:40pm
Lv Hancock.....	9:15am	1:50pm	7:25pm
Ar Lake Linden.....	9:55am	2:30pm	8:05pm

Vivian

The Tailor

At Red Jacket

Offers the best value ever given for the money in his

\$25 Suits

Has always been to the front in

Merchant

Tailoring

And intends to stay there. — Unlimited line to select from. — Perfect fit guaranteed. (2-19-0ed.)

The room lately occupied by the Chinese laundrymen in the Wern building is now being painted and repaired for A. Sanschargin, who will shortly move his grocery store there from the Goggin building.

The Salvation Army will hold a big blowout in Germania Hall tomorrow evening. A large number of visitors are expected from neighboring towns.

A concert and dance will be given in St. Patrick's Hall tomorrow evening by some of our Finnish residents.

The township board met Wednesday afternoon and accepted bonds of eighteen saloon keepers and three druggists. Some of those who ran saloons

"REV. WILLIAM POYSEOR,"

Former Salvation Army Captain Becomes Minister of Congregational Church.

CALUMET LIGHT GUARD WANTS MORE GUNS.

Has Membership of Eighty-Six Men With Only Fifty-Nine Rifles for Them.

(All communications for copper country department intended for publication should be addressed to A. F. Isier, Houghton)

RED JACKET.

Rev. S. T. Morris of the Red Jacket and Rev. William Wallace of the Calumet Congregational churches left yesterday noon for Trout Creek to assist at the ordination of William Poyseor at that place. Mr. Poyseor was a captain of the Salvation Army at this place but resigned to enter into the Congregational church as minister.

Captain John P. Roberts, who has covered nearly every large mine build in the copper country with slate or other rock material, is now making a great success of the celebrated Sparham roofing. He left yesterday for Marquette where he has a contract for roofing the Dead River saw mill.

W. H. Hosking, the dry goods merchant, left today for Great Falls, Mont. He will be gone about three weeks. He accompanies Mr. Evans and daughter of Houghton.

John Lewis of the Grand Union Tea Company informs THE MINING JOURNAL that he had not sold his juggling apparatus as stated in The News. He only sold a tent to a party who intends going into the circus business.

Station Agent George T. Fuller has been laid up the past three days with attack of inflammation of the bowels. Tom Van Riper is attending the ticket office during Agent Fuller's absence from duty.

Adam Heineman of Rupp's store accompanied his brother John to Detroit yesterday. The latter enters Harper Hospital for treatment.

Stephen Martin, who has been in the North Tamarack all winter, left yesterday for Ontonagon and West Superior.

The road from this place to Lake Linden is in excellent condition. No mud is encountered on any part of it.

CALUMET.

The Epworth League's experience social at the Calumet Methodist church was a grand success. The basement of the church was crowded by people who wished to learn how thirty young people had earned one or more dollars. Miss Emma Rowell carried off the honors of the evening by presenting earnings of \$5.01. After the experience ice cream was served and the sum of \$85 was added to the League's credit cash.

The Ariel Sextette or the famous Smith sisters will appear at the Methodist church on Saturday, May 12 under the auspices of the Epworth League. It has been thought best to bring this delightful concert within reach of every one and it can be heard for only 50 cents. Elsewhere in the country 75 cents in charge.

The Calumet Light Guard has a membership of eighty six but if called out for business only sixty men are equipped for service. The company has only fifty-nine rifles and all manner of requisition or demand has failed to give them more.

Rev. John Sweet preached to a crowded house on "Seeking and Finding a Wife." He gave the bachelors some hard hits and it has been suggested that he takes the other side of the question.

Wm. L. Holmes of Detroit will deliver his pleasing entertainment, "Christmas Carols," at the Methodist church on Tuesday May 8, under the auspices of the Epworth League.

Superintendent Duncan received a message from his wife, who went to Duluth this week, saying that their daughter Mabel was sick with typhoid fever.

Dr. Peter Mc Naughton and mother left yesterday on a visit to Superintendent James McNaughton of the Chapin mine at Iron Mountain.

There is a great deal of snow yet on some portions of the road to Keweenaw county.

LAKE LINDEN.

Division No. 3, Ancient Order of Hibernians, will attend high mass at 8 o'clock next Sunday morning at the church of the Holy Rosary.

C. A. Senecal has made arrangements to represent the celebrated merchant tailor Joseph Book of Chicago, in the copper country.

W. H. Hosking and wife of Hancock were in the city on Wednesday to look after their property here.

HANCOCK.

The first semi-annual concert by the members of the St. John's church choir was given at Germania Hall Wednesday evening to a large audience, nearly four hundred people being present. The choir was ably assisted by the Quincy Excelsior band the Maennchor Lyra. Each number on the program was heartily encored. The participants were given a treat in the shape of a supper by the ladies of the church after the affair was over.

The Y. M. C. A. has been unable to secure St. Patrick's Hall for the next attraction, the Ariel sextette, which comes on the evenings of May 9 and 11, and the have decided to hold the concerts in the large audience room of the Congregational church.

The room lately occupied by the Chinese laundrymen in the Wern building is now being painted and repaired for A. Sanschargin, who will shortly move his grocery store there from the Goggin building.

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The township board met Wednesday afternoon and accepted bonds of eighteen saloon keepers and three druggists. Some of those who ran saloons

last year are going out of the business and some new ones are going in. A1 have not filed as yet.

Mrs. J. Quillan of Woodside, aged twenty-two years, died of consumption Wednesday. The funeral will be held this afternoon.

Citizens should not wait but begin immediately and clean out their back yards and alleys.

HUGHTON.

The jury in the case of the People vs William Goulett, robbery, returned a verdict of guilty Wednesday afternoon. William Kirby, charged with sodomy, was then tried and the jury returned a verdict of not guilty and Kirby was discharged. In the case of Archie Rutelle and Deiondne Destrams vs the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company, on motion of Daustan & Hanchette and A. B. Eldredge, counsel for the defendants, after hearing Chadbourne & Rees, attorneys for plaintiffs, it was ordered that a special jury be struck. Yesterday morning the case of the People vs John E. Johnson, keeping house of ill fame, was taken up.

The long looked for special election of Company F is now a thing of the past. The election was for the purpose of choosing a second lieutenant in place of Edgar Rashleigh, resigned. There were four candidates in the field, Albert N. Baudin, John Holland, Charles Hendrickson and William Rashleigh. Mr. Baudin was elected on the second ballot. He is an old member of the company and will make a fine class officer. Everything passed off quietly and most pleasantly.

A warrant was sworn out yesterday before Justice Brand for Charles Werb, Hancock's poundmaster, on a charge of cruelty to animals. The case was postponed until Tuesday next.

The members of Company F are anxiously waiting for the arrival of the annual state encampment which will be held at Island Lake on Aug. 14, instead of at Lansing as was previously reported.

Superintendent Evans and daughter Lizzie of the Atlantic stamp mills left yesterday for Great Falls, Mont. It is reported that Superintendent Evans has been offered a very important position as superintendent of a large plant there.

The manager of the Armory Opera House promises a rare treat in the near future, having booked one of the best attractions on the road.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Cooper arrived from the east Wednesday evening.

A. B. Eldredge and J. H. Jacobs of Marquette were here on business yesterday.

John Dalselt, the Detroit lumberman, was at the Douglas House yesterday.

Mrs. Rudolph Richter is in the city visiting her relatives.

Will McCanley and Miss Sophie Mink were married yesterday.

MINING NEWS.

The new shaft and rock house at the Tamarack Junior has been completed with the exception of the rock crushing machinery.

OPTIMISM AND HEALTH.

The Golden Recipe for Keeping Life's Bloom Bright and Fresh.

If we could keep our youth and health all of us would be optimists. It is when the glow of our bloom begins to fade and when we have broken the laws of health that the taint of pessimism begins to stir like black bile in our blood, and sends its disorganizing and dispiriting influence through our souls. Happy-hearted old age is the topmost flower of all beauty, and it is in reality but late-lingering youth watered by persistent springs of optimism. What are Carlyle and Voltaire with their dyspepsias and their cynical pessimisms when compared with such hale and sane masters of cheerfulness, hopefulness and sympathy as Tennyson, Gladstone, Holmes and Whittier? Great genius those dark-lantern seers had; but who was made happier or healthier or better by their influence? A snarl at everything and everybody from Carlyle; and from Voltaire a scoff. Let us turn to the larger hearts of the sound and trustful men for our lessons.

Life has its reverses, its rainy days, its tragedies; but the larger fact is that success crowns well directed and persistent effort. Optimism, which is another name for health, sees this larger fact and works toward it through reverses, rain, tragic accidents, and all, with faith in the end of the long run.

The moral of every comparison between optimism and pessimism grounds itself in the inestimable value of health as we see it in the hearty and robust youth, and the conclusion can not be escaped that youth is the period which should be prolonged to insure true happiness. To keep the petals of life's bloom bright and fresh to the line of four score and ten, where is the golden recipe? Certainly it is worth looking for and all the cost of such experiment; but the light already shining for us indicates that to take care of the body, to keep the soul pure, and to cultivate rational optimism are the largest elements of the problem. The highest peaks are above all clouds.—Chautauquan.

Sportsmen can find the finest line of fishing tackle, fish poles, baskets, reels, etc., ever seen in this city at F. W. Kroll's drug store. Were bought and are sold at hard times prices. (4-26-1m)

In every smokers' mouth, Ben-Hur cigars. Ask for them. (5-23-4w)

Good Reasons.

Why persons suffering with piles should use the Gem Pile Treatment: It is purely vegetable. It is pleasant to take. It is an internal remedy. It places no restriction in your diet. It is not a suppository. It is guaranteed to cure. It will cure you. It will keep you cured. For sale by all druggists.

Lovers of fine cigars should read advertisement of The New Daisy 48 Cigar.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Most Perfect Made.

SOME ODD IMPORTS.

Articles That Are Dutiable in Various Parts of the World.

Taxes Imposed Upon Persons Who Follow Certain Callings—Sweden's High Tax Upon Commercial Travelers from Abroad.

In times past it was deemed warrantable to tax salt, candles, leather, brick, soap, starch, paper, and in 1852, even bread and meat. Peter the Great of Russia levied a tax on beards, with the laudable object of making his subjects wash their faces and shave. Brass tokens are still to be bought in that country bearing the words: "Borodo pigniaia tiagola," which means "The beard tax has been paid." F. G. C. Lundy gives particulars in Temple Bar of the British hat tax of 1784, requiring hatters to take out licenses and imposing an ad valorem stamp duty on every hat sold. In old times, too, the Scotch sacramental certificates used to bear a six-penny stamp; a tax on religious almanacs, glass, stone bottles and advertisements were among the fiscal duties of the past. There was also a tax on "the light of Heaven" in the shape of an impost on windows until far into the present century. This odious and unsanitary burden caused architects and builders to erect houses with as few windows as possible, and to escape the tax the windows of many houses were blocked up. Some of these dark and dismal abodes are still in existence in England. The Russian government a few years ago decided to tax kerosene oil and matches—virtually a tax on light. In some parts of China a tax is imposed on all women entering the bonds of matrimony. Travelers to those parts are obliged to take a wife, and when they leave the ladies take fresh husbands, to the benefit of the revenue. In Servia vanity is taxed in the shape of ladies' bustles. In Melbourne Christmas cards are taxed one-fifth per cent. It has been stated that in Weimar the authorities levied a duty on musical parties.

Quite lately an annual tax of ten francs has been imposed on pianos in France. Music has paid tribute to taxation in other ways. A musical troupe recently crossing the frontier of Saxony carried with them a crown of laurels awarded them at a triumphal performance. The custom house officers taxed the laurels as spice. Maset, the composer, it is related, was also charged duty on a crown of laurels on the German frontier. In his case the wreath of fame was deemed to be woven of "medicinal plants." In Montreal organ grinders pay a license of twenty dollars and are only allowed to play at stated times. In Vienna they are also licensed and regulated as to hours. In France a certificate of character, a distinctive badge and limitation of hours is insisted upon. Advertisements in the form of posters and placards are required to bear a tax stamp in France, which is distinctly a tax on trade and publicity. In Italy, where the people complain that the taxes are exorbitant, the voluntary tax paid by the poorer classes in the form of lottery amounts in a year to over three million pounds sterling. At Laterza the Italians recently broke out in open revolt against the municipality, which had increased the hearth tax, and took the civic buildings by assault, wounding the syndic, but they do not agitate against the lottery tax. In "Old Madrid" last year there was terrible and fatal rioting among the men and women who hawk vegetables, fruit and other articles in the streets and markets owing to the imposition of a tax on Spanish hawkers.

In 1889 M. Dumajewski, the Austrian minister of finance, who was described as "the nimblest politician in the world for inventing new taxes," decided to tax the totalisateurs or betting agencies. Totalisateurs are established on all German and Austrian race courses. The system is to divide all the money invested on the losing horses among those who backed the winner, after deducting eight per cent. commission for the agency. There is no cheating or winking possible in the plan. A ten per cent. duty on winnings was decreed. In France the parimutual, a similar system of betting, is taxed seven per cent. five per cent. of which is devoted to the relief of the poor. Bookmakers are also taxed. There is also a municipal tax of ten per cent. deducted from the receipts of theatrical and public entertainments, which is also assigned for the benefit of the unfortunate. This revenue is principally distributed in the shape of grants to public charities and hospitals, thus making pleasure come to the rescue of poverty and the relief of pain. In Sweden commercial travelers visiting that country have to pay one hundred kroner (about twenty-five dollars) for every month or part thereof they may remain for the privilege of transacting their business.

Neal Dow as a Fireman.

When Neal Dow was chief of the Portland volunteer fire department, says the Boston Globe, some of his men complained about the strictness of his discipline. One of them appealed to the mayor once, saying: "Mr. Dow is altogether too strict. At the fire the other night he ordered me to go between two buildings, and their walls were likely to fall at any moment. I wouldn't go." "And what did Mr. Dow do when you refused to obey?" asked the mayor. "He was fool enough to go himself."

Superstition.

A gentleman who had been dining at a restaurant, and who often ordered a dozen oysters, counted them one day and found but eleven. Still another day he counted them, with the same result. Then he said to the waiter: "Why do you give me only eleven oysters when I order a dozen?" "Oh, sir," answered the waiter, "I didn't think you'd want to be setting thirteen at table, sir!"—Youth's Companion.

Summit House.

Marquette, Mich. DAN CURRIE, Prop.

I wish to announce to the traveling public and others that I have succeeded Mr. J. B. Taylor as proprietor of the above hotel. Having refurbished and improved the accommodations from top to bottom. I beg leave to solicit a part of your patronage assuring you of the best of accommodation and my personal attention. Good stabling, can accommodate ten or fifteen teams.

DAN CURRIE

(1-24-1f)

New Ewen Hotel.

A. D. McNEILL, Prop. First Class House. Rates, \$2.00 per Day Heated by Steam. EWEN (2-12-1f) MICH.

FERGUSON HOUSE,

Near Union Depot. Ferguson & Kane, Props. Rates, \$2.00 per day. Best house in town. Well furnished and heated rooms. SIDNAW (2-12-1f) MICH.

Hotel Northwestern.

Hancock, Mich. The best equipped hotel in the copper country. Rooms with bath in connection. First-class in every particular. Rates \$2.00 and \$2.50 per day. (12-26-1f)

New Lloyd House.

JOHN R. THOMAS, PROP. —LANSE MICH.— All modern conveniences. Good rooms. Rates \$2.00 per day. (2-12-1f)

Vendome Hotel

FRED CARROLL, Prop. BARAGA, MICHIOA. This hotel has been refurbished and thoroughly overhauled and is now in first-class shape. Rates, \$2.00 per day. (5-31-0w)

FRONTIER HOUSE,

PATTERSON & GRIFFITH, Props. SIDNAW, MICH. Rates \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day. Appointments first class. Sample room in connection. (12-27-1f)

Brunswick Hotel

W. A. FRENCH & CO., Props. Entirely remodeled and improved. Heated by hot water. Bath rooms and sample rooms. Accommodations first class. Stables in connection. Rates \$1 to \$1.50 a day. Spring Street. [1-4-1m] Marquette.



Buffer Sleeping Cars

Northern Michigan and Wisconsin Points

WILWAUKEE AND CHICAGO.

For Maps, Time Tables, and general information apply to Agents Chicago & Northwestern R.R., or to the General Passenger Ticket Agent at Chicago.

J. E. NEWMAN, I. M. WHITMAN, W. A. STELL, and Ticket Agents.

BLOOD POISON

permanently cured in 20 to 30 days by "Magic Remedy" under guaranty, backed by "Magic Remedy" Positive proof and 100-page book, illustrated from life from people cured, free by mail. Write to H. G. Jones and Mercury Fall, Our Magic Remedy will positively cure. CURE HERBERT CO., Chicago, Ill.

To CALIFORNIA AND BACK

By the Santa Fe Route. The most attractive American tour. A new descriptive book, with the above title, containing over 150 pages and as many pen and ink illustrations, sent free on receipt of 4 cents in postage, by JOHN J. BYRNE, Room 723 Monadnock Building, CHICAGO - ILL.

AGREEMENT IS REACHED.

Secretary Carlisle and Senate Finance Committee Hold a Decisive Consultation.

WILSON BILL PATCHED UP TO GET THE PARTY VOTE.

Changes Are Made in the Income Tax Clause, Sugar Schedule and Possibly in Iron Ore.

WANT A BILL THAT WILL PASS

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Secretary Carlisle and the Democratic members of the senate finance committee were in consultation today on the proposed changes in the tariff bill. It is known that a policy concerning the changes in the bill has been agreed upon. The income tax features will be modified to meet all objections by removing discriminations against partners in business and members of corporations. There is good reason to believe the amendments to the many schedules will be agreed to.

The principal changes to be made in the tariff schedule in accordance with the agreement made today are in the sugar schedule. The details are not absolutely fixed but there is little doubt but that it will be entirely supplanted by a new one which will provide a uniform duty of forty per cent. ad valorem with an additional 1/2 cent for refined sugar. One of the principal changes in the income tax is a provision for the time that the law shall remain in operation. This has not been absolutely agreed upon but it will probably be about five or six years.

A number of changes in the rate of duty will be made in the iron schedule in which there will be slight advance over the rates fixed by the pending bill. Carpets also will secure an advance.

Another material concession will be the restoration of the specific system in many places where the finance committee changed the home bill by the substitution of an ad valorem duty.

It is understood that the entire Democratic majority of the senate committee is in hearty accord upon the wisdom of the proposed changes made with one exception. The president and Secretary Carlisle are particularly anxious to obtain a bill that will pass by a party vote.

DO NOT WANT TO BE DOCKED.

Congressmen Protest Against Reductions in Pay for Absence.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Hepburn interposed his daily objection to the approval of the journal in the house and compelled a roll call, which resulted in the approval of the journal.

At this point became visible the first effects of the attempt to enforce the law of 1856 to "dock" members for absence except on account of sickness. Mahon precipitated the latter by offering a resolution directing the sergeant-at-arms to pay all members their salaries without any deductions on account of absence unless such absence was first certified to by some duly authorized officer of the house. The point of order was raised that the resolution did not present a question of privilege, which was sustained by the speaker. Another resolution was promptly offered by Mahon, declaring that the sergeant-at-arms in the absence of any rule has no authority to require members to report absences. This was also ruled out of order and an appeal was laid on the table by a strict party vote, except Lucas who voted with the Democrats.

The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. When the bill was completed the committee rose and the house adjourned. The bill as passed carried \$1,513,538, a decrease of \$46,709 compared with the appropriations for the current year.

ARE MAKING NO PROGRESS. Coxe Resolution Receives More Attention Than Tariff Bill. WASHINGTON, April 26.—After the reading of the journal in the senate today Allen's Coxe resolution came up and Allen stated that there would be no opposition on the Democratic side to its passage. Senator Vest, however, opposed the resolution. He declared that the men who were marching to Washington would be protected in their rights but that they would have to learn to abide by the laws of the land, and if congress for one instant compromised with them it would open a crevasse, which would end in a flood and final destruction.

Wolcott entered a vigorous protest against passing the resolution. He declared there was today no man who sincerely desired work for the support of himself and family who could not get work, or bread to put into the mouths of himself and little ones until work could be found. "I am tired of this talk of national demonstration," he said. "I believe the time has come when those of us who are in public life ought to begin to cultivate more regard for the perpetuity of Republican institutions and to ponder less to that mis-called portion of the labor vote who labor with their throats and never with their hands. It is time we stood for American manhood and for the right of every man to work if he wants to, if it takes the whole army of the United States to enable him to do so. It is the right of every man to enjoy equal liberty with every other man and that means that he shall have such liberty as is not inconsistent with the equal rights of his neighbor, the right to hold and enjoy the property which the laws of the country have enabled him to secure. It is time we had the courage to stand together against this socialism, populism and paternalism which is running riot in the country and which must end (if not crushed) in the destruction of the liberties which the laws give us; liberties which should be dearer to us than life itself."

WILL LYNN THE BRUTE. Growth of Two Thousand Men After a Tramp Rapist. TAMPA, Fla., April 26.—Over two thousand men, mostly farmers, have surrounded a four-mile strip of timber, which contains a tramp who this afternoon assaulted Miss Maggie Pooth, the seventeen-year-old daughter of Merchant Pooth. At 12 o'clock the crowd was increasing and men were impatiently waiting for daylight, when the fiend will undoubtedly be lynched.

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MEN WILL NOT ARBITRATE.

Trial of Strength Between Men and Officials of Great Northern Now On.

PRESIDENT HILL SAYS ALL CONFERENCES ARE ENDED.

The Militia of Minnesota Ordered to Hold Themselves in Readiness for a Sudden Call.

BLOODSHED MAY BE EXPECTED

ST. PAUL, April 26.—All overtures for a peaceful settlement of the Great Northern railway strike has been declared off and the company and the American Railway union has begun a test of strength that may cause considerable bloodshed before it ends. The conference between the officials of the road and the representatives of the men was to be resumed today but the men went into a conference alone after asking an extension of time from President Hill, which was granted. The session lasted nearly all day and late this afternoon they sent a brief communication to President Hill unconditionally rejecting his proposal for an arbitration and renewing their demand for the old schedule and giving him to understand that this was their ultimatum. Hill sent a reply to the men tonight in which he says the action of the men ends all conferences and negotiations as far as he is concerned. He will no longer recognize the American Railway Union and will at once proceed to operate the Great Northern road without regard to that organization. Freight trains that went out this afternoon were manned by Brotherhood men, all old employees of the company. The union leaders claim they will have all the men on the line out and it yet remains to be seen whether the men will go with the Union or stand by the Brotherhood. President Hill says the people along the line are calling for service and he proposes to give it. He has been promised enough men to operate the road if he can be assured of protection and he proposes to call on the authorities for it. The militia throughout the state has been ordered to hold themselves in readiness for service. It was supposed that this was with a view to the Coxeyite troubles but now it is believed to be in response to President Hill's call for aid.

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The Terrible Plague Is Making Great Progress in Chicago. CHICAGO, April 26.—The Kershaw school was ordered closed today on account of small-pox and the Longfellow school is also reported closed for the same reason. Buildings on Law avenue have been secured for a temporary small-pox hospital. The disease has become epidemic between Ashland avenue and Halsted street, south of Forty-fifth street.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

A HORSE FIGHT.

The Terrible Vicissitudes of Stallions in the Wild State.

No one who has not had the experience of observation of the wild horse in his native state can form any adequate conception of the viciousness displayed by the stallions toward each other when contending for the possession of a band of mares. Their nature and habits make them muscular, fleet and strong in a degree not to be found in the domestic horse. An old Frenchman, for years a stockman in these mountains, gave me this story of a fight between two powerful wild stallions: "I had been riding all one June day south and west of Mount Whitney and was making my way along a mountain depression leading up from a little valley where I intended to camp. As I neared the opening of the valley I heard a number of piercing shrieks which I could liken to nothing I had ever heard. I was not long left in doubt as to the source, for on rounding a point of rocks I saw in the nearer portion of the valley two large wild stallions fighting like mad. Beyond them was a small band of wild horses quietly grazing as if indifferent to the struggle. "The wild horses did not observe me, and as I was to the leeward of them they caught no scent of my presence. The horses were rearing, plunging, striking, kicking and biting, whirling about and coming together with terrible force. Then they would rear and bring down their fore feet upon each other's heads, necks and bodies with such force that the blows and snorts accompanying them could be heard for hundreds of yards. Fighting at close quarters, they would seize each other by their powerful jaws and hang on like bulldogs, frequently breaking their holds only when the flash gave way. Then, whirling quickly, they would deliver a number of kicks in such quick succession that neither of them could avoid the terrible punishment thus inflicted. The favorite point of attack in biting seemed to be the withers, and once a good hold was secured I noticed that the bitten horse would wince and almost sink to the ground. Sometimes they would lower their heads and bite viciously at each other's forelegs, apparently trying to get a hold on the leg just at the joint above the hoof. One of them gained such a hold and threw his opponent to the ground, but as the hold was broken in the throw the unfortunate was soon on his feet. After fighting for some time each of the contestants was covered with blood, which poured from wounds on neck and body, as well as from mouth and nostrils. "A terrific kick on the body finally sent one of the horses tottering away, when the other, seeing the advantage, renewed the fighting with increased vigor and soon kicked his opponent into helplessness. The hand of mares had disappeared. The victory had cost the conqueror quite perceptibly, as he was bleeding quite perceptibly at the nostrils as he walked away. I shot the defeated to put him out of his misery, as I found upon examination that two or more of his ribs had been broken, the pieces of which were protruding. I could have lassoed the victor, but did not care for so vicious an animal, besides his being so injured in the fight as to render him valueless."—San Francisco Chronicle.

PLENTY OF WATER.

Its Untold Value in the Physical Economy of Mankind.

When the distribution of land and water was made, and the two elements were so adjusted that there were three parts water to one of land, an important significance attached to the case. There are many persons who persist in believing that the same rule holds good in the composition of the human body, and that many of the ills that flesh is heir to are caused by trying to alter the proportions, or what amounts to the same thing, neglecting to supply the body with a sufficient amount of clear water to keep up the relative conditions.

Because there is so much written and said about contaminated water supplies, and the danger to health from drainage that in various forms creeps into our hydrant pipes, thousands of persons refrain from using water as a beverage, and either go without drinking altogether, or use some of the many popular substitutes. Almost all of these have more or less objectionable features, many are positively injurious, and some of them are nothing more or less than slow poisoning, only requiring a sufficient length of time to do their deadly work.

Physicians and scientists who have given the subject intelligent and exhaustive study, tell us that there is no beverage in the world that will take the place of clear soft water. Filtered water is always best, if filtering material is clean and of the proper sort. If it is not of the right kind it is much better to use the water without filtering.

There is a great deal of useless work and more useless talk about the efficiency of various appliances for purifying water. There are attachments for the hydrant pipe, with strainers and screens more or less complicated and costly, and requiring various and sundry adjustments to make them work properly. From these apparently simple affairs there are others carefully arranged on what might be called a sliding scale of prices, ranging well up toward three figures. Many of these costly complications are not only practically valueless, so far as purifying water is concerned, but an actual menace to health, in that they furnish a comfortable and safe breeding-ground for millions of germs that are merely halted in their onward course, and kept in the luxurious propagating beds of the strainers and strata that fill the body of the much-lauded filter, which is heralded as an indispensable part of every well-regulated household. For it stands to reason that unless the filtering matter be removed almost daily, the dirt and disease germs will lodge there, and gradually work their way through the crevices and between the particles of sand and charcoal, and with their enormous fertility soon multiply into tens of millions. We can see the spaces and openings in the filtering matter, and if the deadly bacilli are so small that only a powerful magnifying-glass can reveal them, why should they not, at their own sweet will, wander calmly on through what are to them lofty archways and wide thoroughfares, or float gently on in craft of their own choosing, until they drop lightly into our goblets and are absorbed into our systems to do their deadly worst until we die, victims to so-called "scientific" imposition and misleading. It is perfectly safe to assert that the average filter is absolutely worthless as far as keeping out the most dangerous forms of bacteria is concerned. It strains out and stops midway the grosser impurities, themselves frequently of the most harmless character, and lets the enemy come in at will.

There is probably no safe way of purifying water other than boiling it, and that at a temperature as high as possible. Mere simmering will not do. And when water is boiled and cooled to an agreeable degree it may be taken in quantities. From one to two quarts daily is not too much.

It dissolves acid and alkaline accumulations, reduces feverish conditions, promotes digestion and assists the circulation, and may be taken freely at all times except within an hour or so after meals.

Plenty of good, cool, soft or boiled water is one of the most valuable beverages for preserving a fresh and youthful appearance; and if one can have this Heaven-sent luxury to use for bathing as well as drinking, there is at least one good thing in one's life to be thankful for.—N. Y. Ledger.

Not unawares. The peripatetic agent walked into the busy man's office and set his sample case down by the desk. "Good morning," he said, "may I have a few moments of your time?" The busy man was onto his visitor. "No," he replied in a convincing tone; "I've no time to talk to you."

"But you may be entertaining an angel unawares," coaxed the smooth agent. "Possibly," returned the busy man, "but you bet I'm not entertaining a book agent unawares, and don't you forget it. Good morning; get out," and he did.—Detroit Free Press.

"I'm glad Tompkins has struck a streak of luck at last," Smith—"So am I. What is it?" "I don't know just what. I only know that he talked to me for twenty minutes without asking to borrow five dollars."—Inter-Ocean.

—It is estimated that there are upward of seventy thousand different kinds of plants, and additions are constantly being made to this number.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Horrible Cannibalism in India.

The fact that there are cannibals by race, tradition and profession at the present day in India is established beyond doubt. It seems incredible that in a large community like that of Niasick or Benares the presence would be tolerated of abandoned creatures, who hunt the burning-grounds with the avowed purpose of snatching and eating the half-consumed flesh of the dead if they be refused the alms they impudently demand with threats of vengeance. Even more extraordinary is it to know that one of them, having seized one of three boys at play near one of the temples of Niasick, ripped him open and proceeded to eat him while still living, was sentenced by the district court to only transportation for life. The Aghoris are undoubtedly cannibals, and although they prefer carrion, and as a rule wait for its putrefaction before attacking a body with their teeth; they unquestionably, when opportunity offers, slay the young or weak to make a horrible feast.—Bombay Gazette.

THERE is but one

way in the world to be sure of having the best paint, and that is to use only a well-established brand of strictly pure white lead, pure linseed oil, and pure colors.*

The following brands are standard, "Old Dutch" process, and are always absolutely

Strictly Pure

White Lead

"Anchor," "Morley," "Rekstein," "Shipman," "Armstrong & McKelvy," "Southern," "Seymer-Bauman," "Red Seal," "Dixie-Chambers," "Collier," "Fahnestock."

* If you want colored paint, tint any of the above strictly pure leads with National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of Strictly Pure White Lead the desired shade; they are in no sense really mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the handiest form to tint Strictly Pure White Lead.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free.

NATIONAL LEAD CO. Chicago Branch, State and Fifteenth Streets, Chicago.

CASH

Flour Best.....\$4.40

All other goods in proportion.

LATRELL BROS.

MANTHEI & GIBSON.

Butchers.

Finest "Home Made" Sausages. You can depend on sausages bought of us as we make them ourselves, and of choice meats only.

Best of meats and poultry, fresh eggs and butter always on hand.

Our prices are rock bottom.

MANTHEI & GIBSON

Cor. Washington and Third Sts.

We can supply lumber camps with fresh meats at short notice. 3-7-6m

Timber, Mineral

Farming Lands

FOR SALE.

J. CONNOLLY,

Administrator Ross Estate. 10-16-14

Established in 1873.

Successor to Hager & Johnson

CHARLES A. HAGER,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

AND

Practical Embalmer.

118 South Front St.

Night Call—

Telephone G. W. Hager's residence.

J. D. LA DUE,

Electrical Contractor

And dealer in Electrical Supplies of all kinds.

Lamps, Plain and Fancy Shades, &c

J. D. LA DUE,

140 and 151 Washington St., L'Hullier Block, 10-27-14

30 bars good laundry soap.....\$1 00
20 pounds rolled oats..... 1 00
20 pounds good currants..... 1 00
5 pounds good coffee..... 1 00
5 pounds good tea..... 1 00
14 pounds Cal. prunes..... 1 00
6 cans yellow peaches..... 1 00
7 cans salmon..... 1 00
12 cans green corn..... 1 00
McLaughlin's 4X coffee per lb..... 25

E. L. KELLAN,
307 Front Street.
302 Division St.

WANTED—FOR RENT OR SALE.

FOR SALE—Several pieces of furniture suitable for young man in bed room and sitting room, such as book case, lounge, etc. For particulars apply to 425 East Michigan street.

FOR RENT—The upstairs of No. 17 North Third street, 4 rooms, price \$7.50 per month, suitable for couple without children. Enquire on premises.

FOR SALE—House and lot for sale cheap for cash on West Prospect street. Inquire at Mining Journal Office, Marquette. (4-25-1f)

FOR SALE—A phaeton, almost new, with lamps and child's seat, for further particulars apply to J. H. HEADY, 722 Washington street. (4-25-1f)

WANTED—A woman to cook at the Branch Prison. Apply at the prison to the warden. (4-25-1f)

POLLARD vs. Breckinridge celebrated breach of promise case. Agents wanted. Book ready history of litigation; illustrated; 500,000 will be sold; Prospectus free. W. H. FERGUSON CO., Cincinnati O. (4-25-1f)

DEY SHINGLE WOOD—For sale, \$1.75 per load. Leave orders at Bradley's shingle mill or at grocery store of Arthur Delf or with teamster of red wagon. Two horses for sale. (4-25-1f)

TO RENT—A 60 acre farm in South Marquette. Can be had cheap. Enquire of JOHN FANBENDER. (4-25-1f)

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Enquire at 414 E. Hewitt Avenue. (4-18-1f)

FOR SALE—40 acres of cleared land in Chocoma township section 20, 7 miles from Marquette. Apply to JOSEPH CHOCOMA. (4-18-2w)

I AM IN THE MARKET—For Cedar poles, Paving posts, Spruce wood, Pine bolts, Norway pine, Tamarack and white pine logs and stumps and dry hardwood. J. C. FOWLE. (4-17-1f)

HOUSE TO RENT—In good condition. Also good barn, large enough for two horses and cows. Apply to F. W. WILLIAMS, 1417-1419 Cor. Michigan and High streets. (4-17-1f)

FOR SALE—Shetland Pony, harness, saddle, cart and cutter all in good order. Enquire of F. W. WILLIAMS, Eagle Mills. (4-17-1f)

FOR SALE—Cheap for cash one square piano. Enquire 322 bluff street. (4-17-1f)

FOR RENT—Several nice dwelling rooms with bathroom and gas, over our store. WERNER & SONS, 221 S. Front street. (4-17-1f)

FOR RENT—The store room on the corner of Front and Superior streets, now occupied by John Kelly as a saloon. Possession given on May 1. Apply to C. H. CALL. (4-17-1f)

FOR SALE CHEAP—Fishing tug, City of Marquette, Length 30 ft; tonnage 322. In good repair and ready for service. For particulars apply to H. F. Handford, Marquette. (4-17-1f)

DWELLING HOUSE—Suitable for two families. Also blacksmith shop on Superior Street. Good location for business. To rent for a term of years. Possession given May 1. Apply to JOHN FINLAYSON, 13 Ohio Street. (4-10-2w)

WANTED—Salesman salary from start, permanent place. Brown Bros. Co., Nuremberg, Chicago, Ill. (4-25-1w)

WANTED—A salesman, \$30 to \$50, weekly can be made with our goods in any locality. Will prove it or forfeit \$100.00 salary or commission as you prefer. The results of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. Address: "MANUFACTURERS," P. O. Box 5308, Boston, Mass. (1-8-1f)

AGENTS WANTED—Big pay. ALFRED CHURTELL, Cales block, corner Third and Bluff Sts. (1-3-1f)

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED—Instruments renovated and repaired. Good work guaranteed. Instruments tuned by the year at special prices. Address postal or leave orders at G. N. Conklin's, Front Street, Marquette, Mich. G. E. WATTS, (12-6-1f)

DEY SLABS—For cash, \$2.00 per cord. If charged, \$2.25 per cord. Leave orders at my office or at stores of A. S. Westlake or H. S. Lobdell. GEO. L. BURKE. (11-10-1f)

FOR SALE—Furniture, on the installment plan. Marquette Furniture Co., Opusette Opera House. (1-14-1f)

COAL AND WOOD—Will be sold at the following prices for cash: Ton 1/4 ton 3/4 ton. Hard Coal..... \$7 00 \$3 60 \$2 30 Soft Coal..... 4 50 3 40 2 25 Cannel Coal..... 5 50 3 00 1 50 Hardwood 4 ft. per cord..... 4 50 Hardwood dry, 16 in. single cord..... 3 00 Hardwood dry, 16 in. 2 cords..... 3 60 Hardwood dry, 16 in. split single cord..... 2 50 Hardwood dry, 16 in. split 2 cords..... 4 50 Dry Pine slabs per cord..... 1 25 B. SPEAKE.

COAL—For delivery coal will be sold at the following prices: cash to accompany the order: Ton 1/4 ton 3/4 ton. Hard coal..... \$7 00 \$3 60 \$2 30 Soft coal..... 4 50 3 40 2 25 Cannel coal..... 5 50 3 00 1 50 Cord 1/4 cord. 16 in. dry block wood..... \$2 25 \$1 25 16 in. dry split wood..... 2 50 1 40 16 in. dry slab wood..... 1 25 75 JAS. PICKANIS & CO.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Kerber-Jacobs Redstone company will be held at the office of the company in the First National Bank building, Marquette, Mich., Monday the 7th day of May, 1894, at the hour of 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing directors and transacting such other business as may be proper. SILAS W. GOODALE, Secretary JOHN H. JACOBS, President. (4-25-2 Tues)

OFFICE OF THE DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

45 William street, New York City, April 26th, 1894. Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company for the election of directors and for the transaction of any other business that may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company in the City of Marquette, Michigan, at 10 o'clock a. m. on Thursday, the 7th day of June, 1894. Transfer books will be closed at noon on Saturday, May 26th, and reopened at 10 o'clock a. m. on Friday, June 8th, 1894. GEO. H. CHURCH, Secretary.

C. D. BUSHNELL,
Fresh Salt Meats,
Butter, Eggs and Vegetables. Will call for and deliver orders. Give me a trial order. Telephone Connection.
612 North Third Street
3-27-1f

CAUGHT ON THE FLY.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin."
W. H. Hosking of Calumet was in town last night.

Walter Fitch of Ashland registered here yesterday.

F. L. Forbes and A. Boulson were Neegaunee visitors yesterday.

R. D. Kyle, whose wife died yesterday in Philadelphia, is in the city.

Local cricketers are practicing for the coming season's playing.

W. J. Evans and daughter of Houghton were Queen City guests yesterday.

The wife of James Pendill had the pleasure yesterday of presenting her husband with a son.

Clovis F. Duval, who broke his leg some weeks ago, was out again yesterday and ready to attend to his business.

The Liquor Dealers' Association will give a dance May 30—Decoration Day. The services of the Marquette Ideal Orchestra have been secured.

Ralph Ash will leave today to look after some big lumber shipments at Duluth and Ashland and keep himself generally posted on the lumber market.

The Marquette Ideal orchestra places a card in this issue of THE MINING JOURNAL soliciting dates. Charles J. Hanck is business manager.

Stetson's big company will present "Uncle Tom's Cabin," in the Marquette Opera House tomorrow night. The prospects for a good, big house are very promising.

There will be an interesting meeting of the Lyceum league in the High school room tonight. The subject for debate will be, "Resolved, That Strikes Are Justifiable."

The Ladies' Guild of St. Paul's church will meet today at 2 p. m. with Mrs. E. B. Palmer. There is a big gist of business to transact and a good attendance is urged.

The reserved seat sale for the Rice, Wolford & Sheridan company's engagement at the opera house will begin at Higelow's news stand this morning.

Pupils of the city schools will observe Arbor Day today, some of them by planting trees at their schools, but the majority by roaming the woods in search of arbutus.

Captain Mack of the Ketchum was expected on the early morning train from the Soo. He is chairman of the Lake Carriers' committee and is expected to discuss ore trimming differences at this port.

Groups of ore trimmers stood about the streets the greater part of last night anxiously watching for the coming of an ore boat. The men do not purpose to be caught napping, but to be prepared to trim the minute the first lump of ore enters the hold of the next boat that loads.

The Methodists will entertain as many of the public as can get into the church tonight with an Indian social. A good program has been arranged, Indian relics will be exhibited, the participants will appear in aboriginal costume and a supper will be served in the basement, all for twenty-five cents.

MARINE MATTERS.

PASSED THE CANAL.
SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., April 26. (Special.)—Up—Pioneer, 7; Craig, 8; Rannels, 10; Johnston, Constitution, Northern King, 11; P. Minch, 12; Bulgravia, 13; Gladstone, 100, 4.

Down—Caledonia, 9; Northwind, 12; Japan, Mariska, 7; Gilbert, 8; Maruba, 9; America, 10; Matao, 10; Vanderbilt, 5; Northern Queen, 6.

PORT LIST.
Arrived—Pioneer, Cleveland; Maytham, Lake Linden.
Passed up—John V. Moran.

MARINE NOTES.
The Ketchum for which the ore trimmers are so anxiously waiting was, at last reports, still aground in Lake George.

The Moran carried nearly 2,800,000 pounds of freight on her trip up. It was a pleasant sight of old times to see the gangs of stevedores at work unloading Marquette's portion of the big cargo.

The Pioneer cleared yesterday forenoon with a load of ore. This is one of the few ore carriers that does not need trimming and consequently her arrival did not have any effect on ore trimming differences.

The steamer City of New Baltimore, Captain Taylor commanding, will start on her first trip of the season Tuesday next. At 7 p. m. she will steam toward Pine river and Huron bay, carrying freight, supplies and passengers.

The Baltimore has been thoroughly overhauled and repainted and presents, if possible, a livelier and more inviting appearance than she did at the opening of last season.

The Usual Way.
"Yes, old man, I have at last discovered a splendid way to save money. I put fifty cents a day in the baby's bank."

"But isn't it rather unnecessary to save money for so young a child?"

"Why, my dear fellow, you don't suppose he'll ever get any of it, do you?"—Brooklyn Life.

A Safe Diet.
Mother—What does the doctor say?
Daughter—He says I have heart trouble, and must not read anything that is the least bit exciting.

Mother—That's too bad. You will have to confine yourself to the monthly magazines.—N. Y. Weekly.

Not Improbable.
Teacher—What would in all probability have been the result if Julius Caesar had not been assassinated?
Pupil—He would probably have died subsequently.—Texas Sittings.

Base burner and other coal and wood stores for sale cheap, second hand. Deliver May 1. A. Thurtell, Marquette.

Success speaks volumes. Geo. Moels & Co.'s cigars are the best sellers. (5-23-4tw)

If your hair is falling out and turning gray, the glass of the skin need stimulating and color-food, and the best remedy and stimulant is Hall's Hair Renewer.

WON BY A SIREN.

The Romantic Tale of an American Professor's Downfall.

Led by the Wiles of an Aleutian Island Maiden to Forsake His Wife and Country—A Touching Story of Life in the North.

Maj. S. R. Nettleton, who was two years United States special treasury agent at the Pribilof islands, or Seal islands as they are sometimes called, was a close observer of the customs of the Aleutians, and relates many interesting anecdotes of his sojourn there, says the St. Louis Republic.

"In the far away Pribilof islands there is a little convent devoted to a nameless religion," said Maj. Nettleton. "It has only one occupant, whom the natives call Kehatka, the Aleutian nun. She worships no invisible divinity and has no theoretical doctrines, but she teaches her people that if they live honestly and relieve the sick and unfortunate they will be rewarded.

"Years ago, when the islands were the property of Russia, a Russian trader came to the islands to exchange his merchandise for sealskins and the fur of the silver gray fox. He fell in love with an Aleutian maiden, the belle of the island, and in the due course of time they were married. The trader and his dusky wife made many voyages between the island and Russian ports, but one day they were brought from their ship to one of the Alaska Commercial company's huts. With them were two little twin girls, whose exuberant health and spirits were a sad contrast to the condition of their parents. The next day their mother died. Her husband was at the point of death, but when his dying wife was brought to his bedside and asked him to give their children to her parents he feebly assented. When the funeral of his wife was taking place he too died, and the two little orphans were removed to the home of their grandmother.

"Their lives were uneventful until they reached the age of sixteen. Neither had been to school, and they knew nothing of the outside world, except what they remembered of the fairy tales told to amuse their childhood fancies. About this time the United States purchased Alaska and sent a young professor from one of the leading eastern universities to the island on a scientific expedition. The trip was an arduous one, and he left his young wife at home with her relatives. Securing the data and statistics for which he was sent in a few days, he prepared to trim the minute the first lump of ore enters the hold of the next boat that loads.

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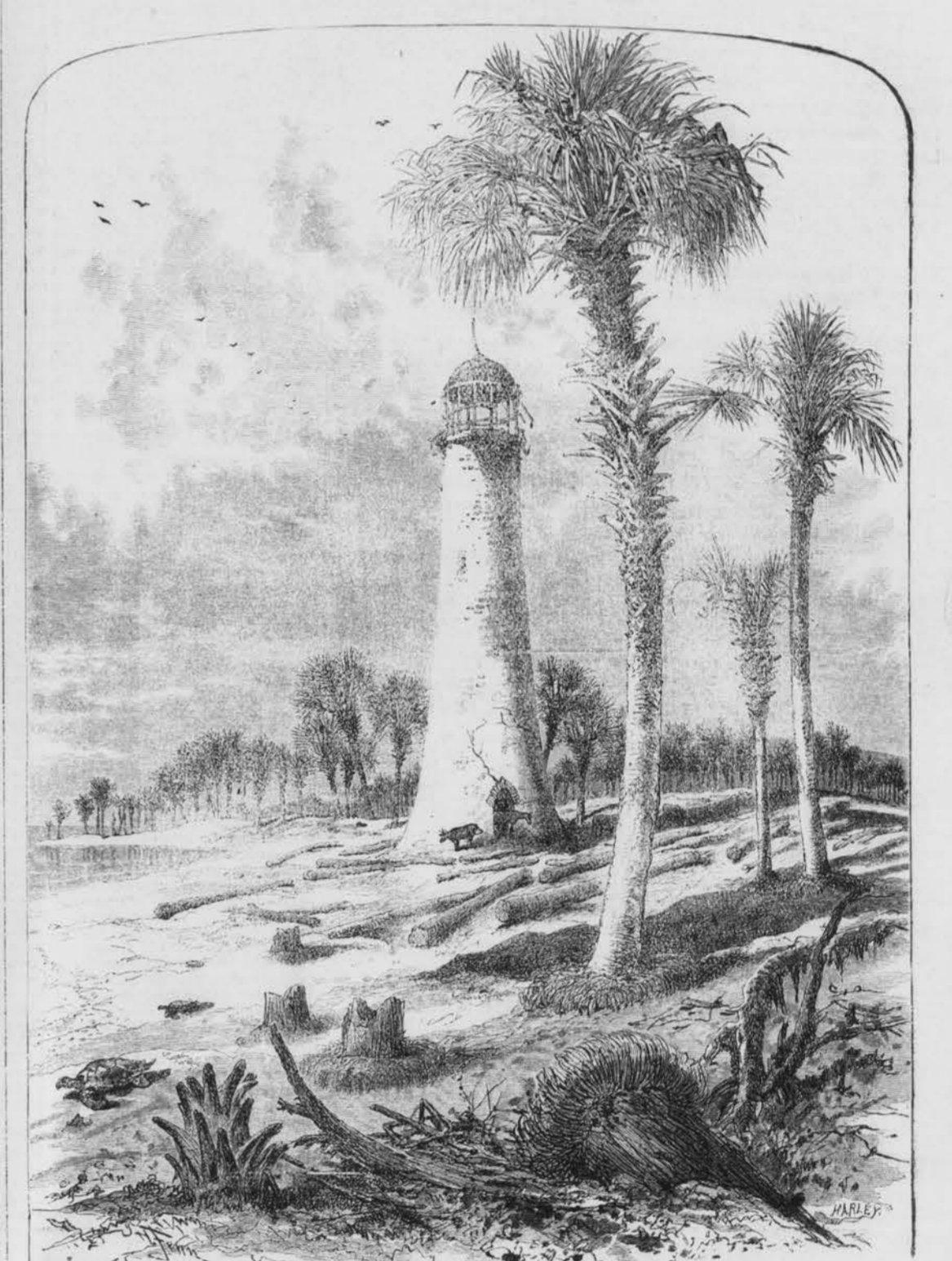
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HERE IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY!



BAR LIGHT-HOUSE, MOUTH OF ST. JOHN'S RIVER, FLORIDA.

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The Finest Illustrated Book Ever Issued!

"PICTURESQUE AMERICA"
EDITED BY WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.
A Delineation of the Land We Live in.
By Pen and Pencil. Revised and Corrected to Date.

This Magnificent Work Was Originally Published by the Appletons at 50 cents for Each of the Thirty parts, at Which Price Nearly a Quarter of Million Complete Sets Were Sold in America and Europe

TEN CENTS AND THREE COUPONS FOR EACH PART.

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Gogebie Rubber Stamp Works Ironwood, Mich. Hand Stamps, Self-Inking Stamps, Numbering Stamps, Check Perforators, Illustrated Check Protectors, Stencils, Etc. Catalogue.

D. M. CLARK, Manufacturer of Metal Cornices, Sky Lights, Sheet Metal Building Fronts, and Contractor for all kind of sheet metal roofing and light sheet metal work of any description.

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Liquor Dealers, Imported Goods

FINE CIGARS A SPECIALTY.

Coal--Wood Bag, Grain, Feed, Petoskey Lime, Brick

Mich. and N. Y. Cal Plaster. Buffalo and Louisville cement American and English Fine, course and bag salt. Pillsbury's Best Flour

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SOLID TRAIN, FAST TIME Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars. All coupon agents on the northern peninsula sell tickets via the Milwaukee & Northern R. R.

PENSIONS Address a letter or postal card to THE PENSION CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, Manager, Washington, D. C., P. O. Box 462.

WIDOWS, CHILDREN, PARENTS. PENSIONS PROCURED FOR SOLDIERS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.

CAMERON CURRIE & CO. Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

BANKERS & BROKERS 82 Griswold St., Butler Building, DETROIT.

FOR BETTER HIGHWAYS,

Farmers and City Preparing to Improve the Road Leading Eastward.

JACOBSON HAS QUIT HIS FOOLISHNESS.

"Stood by the Governor" and Would Not Acquit Mr. Jochim—New Librarian Named.

WILL IMPROVE THE ROAD. Mayor Anthony drove over the highway leading to the farms east of town one day recently and decided to assist the gentlemen interested in property in that vicinity in repairing the thoroughfare as far as the city limits. This is the road that Andrew Jacobson caused so much trouble over last summer. A number of the farmers have begun improving their portion of the road and intend to put it in fairly good shape.

Jacobson has just realized that the city will not tolerate any more of his foolishness and is preparing to build a new fence along forty acres on either side of the road. He has also expressed a desire to assist in repairing his portion of the highway.

Jacob Snyder, whose place is west of Jacobson's, has already built a new fence on both sides of the road on his property.

After putting the road in repair it is the intention of Penton and about a dozen others who have and intend to extend the road to their places. In doing this about three miles of new road will be built.

Stood by the Governor.

A Negaunee man who is an especial friend of one of the jurors in the case of ex-Secretary of State John W. Jochim is in the lower part of the state recently and while there he called on his friend and conversed with him regarding Mr. Jochim's trial. The juror stated that not one member of the jury really thought Mr. Jochim guilty. They said that no evidence had been produced to prove that he was in any way implicated in the salaries amendments fraud. When those of the jury who were particularly desirous of convicting Jochim saw they could not induce the others to think as they did, they held out for a disagreement. There reason for doing this was to stand by the governor. They thought if Jochim was acquitted all the other officials named with the fraud would also be acquitted, and this they did not want to see done.

New Librarian Appointed.

Mayor Anthony has appointed Peter Trudell, Jr., city librarian vice Thomas J. Flynn, whose term expires May 1. He will take charge of the library on the first of the coming month. Mr. Flynn has been librarian for twelve years, having received his first appointment by the late Hon. Edward Breitung. He has attended to the duties of the position with entire satisfaction to all concerned. Mr. Trudell is competent to serve the people satisfactorily and no doubt will give the office such attention as it requires. The library is now open two evenings a week—Wednesday and Friday.

Successful Meetings.

The revival meetings this week at the Presbyterian church conducted by Rev. G. Snyder of Springfield, Ill., have been very largely attended. The final meeting was held last evening and an unusually large crowd was out. Mr. Snyder will leave for his home today. While here he has made many friends, who will cherish kind remembrances of him. He announced one evening this week that he intended taking a vacation in August and that he might again visit Negaunee.

LOCAL LAZARUS.

Larson's fruit car was in town yesterday.

E. C. Neily of St. Paul was in town yesterday.

George H. Gamble of Duluth was in the city yesterday.

Joseph Kirkpatrick was in from Palmer on business yesterday.

Frank Pearce of Marquette visited James F. Foley here yesterday.

Alexander Maitland went to Escanaba on business Wednesday evening.

A son was born Wednesday night to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hodgkin of Eagle Mills.

This being Arbor Day the pupils of the public schools will be given a vacation.

City Attorney F. A. Bell went to Champion on business yesterday and will return tonight or tomorrow.

The city sprinkler was given a fresh coat of paint yesterday. It will be brought into service today or tomorrow.

R. Hoeh of the Upper Peninsula Brewing company received two teams of fine draught horses from below yesterday.

Marshal Paull removed yesterday his family and household effects from the city building to a dwelling on West Iron street.

Will Johns, who last summer was conductor on the street railway line, returned yesterday from Canada, where he spent the winter.

A wolf robe was lost on Snow street last Sunday night. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at Winter & Sweet's meat market.

Sweet Jargensen of Palmer and Miss Aariat of the Salisbury location were married at Ishpeming Wednesday afternoon. Rev. J. Ramsdahl, pastor of the Norwegian church of that city, tied the nuptial knot. Mr. and Mrs. Jargensen will depart tonight for Eau Claire, Wis.

Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company will produce that favorite drama at McDonald's Opera House tonight. The sale of reserved seats thus far is

small but there is little doubt that after the parade this morning there will be a rush for them. Moll is selling the seats.

Attorney J. L. McClear and his brother returned Wednesday from the lower peninsula, where they have been called on account of the death of their father.

The families of the Palmer location are moving to other places at a very rapid rate. The greater portion of them are going to Ishpeming, where the husbands will be given work on the first of the month at the Lake Angelina mine.

SABOT MAKERS OF BRITANNY. People Who Live in the Forests and Are Scarcely Civilized.

There are few more interesting trades to be found in the world than that followed by the "sabotiers" of Brittany, who live in the forests and are scarcely civilized. Unfortunately, they are becoming rarer, as that part of France yearly has closer intercourse with the people of the outside world, who do not use the wooden shoe; and as these introduce the leather article among the Breton country folk, the custom of wearing sabots is gradually dying out, along with the lace caps and the queer Breton costumes. However, the saboteur is still to be found, and has, so far, retained all his romantic peculiarities.

When the saboteur changes his locality—which he does as soon as his stock of suitable wood has given out—he begins by looking out for a tract of woodland on which he will find sufficient beech and walnut to give him at least four or five years' work. He then chooses a site for his dwelling, which is generally built where there is undergrowth beneath tall forest trees. He clears a space large enough for his house and yard, in which he will erect some small outbuildings. The saboteur then hires a man to build his habitations, which, entirely finished, cost not more than a hundred or a hundred and fifty dollars. The walls are made of turf and are not over two yards high, surmounted by a very spacious projecting thatch roof of "genet" or the broom plant. Through this roof the smoke drifts in every direction, for there is no chimney. There are one or two tiny apertures cut in the mud walls which are intended for windows; and these, containing only one small pane of glass attached to the rudest of frames, are perfectly opaque from smoke and dirt and impenetrable to the brightest sunbeam.

Several trunks of trees are left standing inside the hut. They reach up to the roof and, with the rough bark left on, have the appearance of being pillars; they also have their use, for nails are knocked in all round within reach, on which various household articles and clothing are hung—hats, watches, kitchen utensils, etc.—in fact anything that will hang. There is at one end of the house a wide sort of hearth, on which huge heaps of leaves and damp brushwood are made to smoulder for the purpose of smoking and drying the sabots and giving them a bright mahogany color.

The sabots are hung by the heels for a few hours only on long sticks fastened against the wall at the back of the fire. The smoke at these times is so dense that one cannot see across the little apartment; yet it does not in the least inconvenience the saboteur or his family, who sit around the hearth on low blocks of wood. The women sew and the men contribute to the thick pall of smoke from stumpy clay pipes and the worst quality of tobacco. When these lusts have been occupied for a few years the rafters and furniture are so penetrated with smoke as to be perfectly black and shine like ebony.

The entire family live, eat and sleep in this one apartment. Their beds are much like cupboards with two shelves and little, sliding carved doors. There is a small ladder by which one climbs up to the bed on the top shelf, and there are very smoky curtains which hang down in front; indeed, the whole appearance of these beds is anything but inviting, the linen from the general atmosphere being about the color of pale cinnamon.

In front of the main dwelling stands a rustic shed of the same materials as the house, under which the men carry on their work, with the queerest of implements, that are never seen out of their "attolers," or workshops—ineffable tools without names. Some are like long knives fastened down at one end by a ring passed through another ring which is inserted in a large block of wood. This is used to finish and smooth off all unevenness in the sabots, which have been coarsely cut into shape with hatchets. They are then scooped out with a nondescript tool; but before using these two round holes are made in the wood, one down into the heel, the other forward toward the toe. This is done with a kind of gimlet, and is meant to prevent the going instrument from splitting the sabot. The patient workers never think of measuring the two little blocks. A casual glance from time to time at the first is all they require to help with the second, and yet they are always exactly alike.

The men are rough in appearance and manner, and are seldom seen away from their homes. Like the gypsies, they nearly always marry among themselves, consequently all the saboteurs in the country are acquainted with each other, and are more or less nearly related.—N. Y. Tribune.

THE BLOOD is the source of health. Keep it pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is peculiarly its own, and superior in strength, economy, and medicinal merit.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients. See.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price twenty-five cents. For sale by H. H. Stafford & Co.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

FOREIGN FORESTRY LAWS.

What Europe Has Done to Protect Its Timber Treasures.

A Summary of Continental Legislation by the Chief of the Forestry Division of the Agricultural Department—A Lesson for the United States.

A great deal of interest has recently been aroused in this country on the subject of forestry. The national government has turned its attention to the preservation of the vast belts of timber that constitute one of its chiefest natural treasures, and many of the states, New York in particular, have moved in the same direction.

It is confessed, however, that our forestry laws are inadequate in themselves, as well as feebly enforced. Mr. B. E. Fernow, the forestry expert of the department of agriculture, has summed up, in Century, the forestry legislation of Europe. Continental experiences should have their lessons for the United States. A brief summary of Mr. Fernow's article follows:

In Germany the various governments own and manage, in a conservative spirit, about one-third of the forest area, and they also control the management of another sixth, which belongs to villages, cities, and public institutions, in so far as these communities are obliged to employ expert-foresters, and must submit their working-plans to the government for approval, thus preventing improvident and wasteful methods.

The other half of the forest property, in the hands of private owners, is managed mostly without interference, although upon methods similar to those employed by the government, and by trained foresters who receive their education in one of the eight higher and several lower schools of forestry which the various governments have established.

The several states differ in their laws regarding forest property. Of the private forests, 70 per cent. are without any control whatever, while 30 per cent. are subject to supervision, so far as clearing and devastation are concerned.

The tendency on the part of the government has been rather toward persuasive measures. Thus, in addition to buying up, or acquiring by exchange, and reforesting waste lands—some 300,000 acres have been so reforested during the last twenty-five years—the government gives assistance to private owners in reforesting their waste land. During the last ten years, \$900,000 was granted in this way.

In Austria, by a law adopted in 1859, not only are the state forests (comprising less than thirty per cent. of the total forest area) rationally managed, and the management of the communal forests (nearly forty per cent.) officially supervised, but private owners (holding about thirty-two per cent.) are prevented from devastating their forest property to the detriment of adjoining owners. No clearing for agricultural use can be made without the consent of the district authorities, from which, however, an appeal to a civil judge is possible, who adjusts the conflict of interests.

Any cleared or cut forest must be replanted or reseeded within five years; on sandy soils and mountain-sides clearing is forbidden, and only culling of the ripe timber is allowed.

In Hungary also, where liberty of private property rights, and strong objection to government interference, had been jealously upheld, a complete reaction set in some fifteen years ago, which led to the law of 1880, giving the state control of private forest property as in Austria.

Under a law adopted in Italy in 1888, the department of agriculture in cooperation with the department of public works and in consultation with the forestal committee of the province and the respective owners, is to designate the territory which for public reasons must be forested under governmental control.

The owners may associate themselves for the purpose of reforestation, and for the purpose may then borrow money at low interest from the state soil-credit institution, the forest department contributing three-fifths of the cost of reforestation upon condition that the work is done according to its plans, and within the time specified by the government.

In Russia, until lately, liberty to cut, burn, destroy and devastate was unrestricted; but in 1888 a comprehensive and well-considered law cut off, so far as this can be done on paper, this liberty of vandalism. For autocratic Russia this law is rather timid, and is in the nature of a compromise between communal and private interests, in which much if not all depends on the good will of the private owner.

A federal law was adopted in Switzerland in 1875 which gives the federal control over the forests of the mountain region embracing eight or ten cantons and parts of seven others, or over 1,000,000 acres of forest. The federation itself does not own any forest land, and the cantons hardly 100,000 acres, somewhat over 4 per cent. of the forest area, two-thirds of which is held in communal ownership, and the rest by private owners.

The federal authorities have supervision over all cantonal, communal and private forests, so far as they are "protective forests;" but the execution of the law rests with the cantonal authorities, under the inspection of federal officers.

In France not only does the state manage its own forest property (one-ninth of the forest area) in approved manner and supervise the management of forests belonging to communities and other public institutions (double the area of state forests) in a manner similar to the regulation of forests in Germany, but it extends its control over the large area of private forests by forbidding any clearing except with the consent of the forest administration.

PABST MILWAUKEE BEER WINS.

A VICTORY OVER THE ENTIRE WORLD. consisting of an award on ten separate products. A victory complete and absolutely UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF EXPOSITIONS.

CHARLES JOHNSON, WHOLESALE AGENT, NEGAUNEE.

M. C. QUINN.

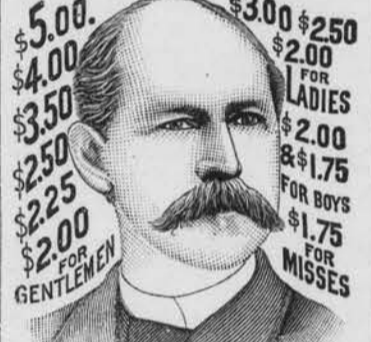
NEGAUNEE AND RED JACKET.



Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets, Clothing, Hats, Shoes.

M. C. QUINN.

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W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, and give better satisfaction at the prices advertised than any other make. Try one pair and be convinced. The stamping of W. L. Douglas' name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. Dealers who push the sale of W. L. Douglas Shoes gain customers, which helps to increase the sales on their full line of goods. They can afford to sell at a less profit, and we believe you can save money by buying all your footwear of the dealer advertised below.

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V. E. DAVID, M. M. MARQUETTE, MICH. Teacher of Voice, Sight-Singing, Piano, Organ, Harmony and Theory.

PRACTICAL PIANO TUNER. Orders received at G. N. Conklin's Music House, Front St. (12-6-17)

Military Road Lands

Belonging to the Estate of James C. Ayer

174,000 Acres for Sale or Lease

Open for Options to Explorers for Mines. Liberal Terms to Responsible Parties.

200,000,000 Feet of Pine.

Tributary to the Ontonagon and Sturgeon River and the D. S. S. & A. and Milwaukee & Northern Railroads.

Hemlock, Cedar, Poplar, Hard and Soft Wood for Charcoal and Cordwood.

Agricultural Lands equal to the best in the Northwest.

NEW YORK OFFICE—F. A. YER, Mills bldg. LOWELL OFFICE—JACOB ROGERS, Savings Bank building, Shattuck St. For further particulars apply at

W. W. MANNING, Agent, Marquette.

FOR YOUR SPRING SUIT. Leave your order with

H. J. PETERSON, THE TAILOR

In the Brown building on Iron Street. Prices are down to the bottom notch. (2-24-17)

LOST—Wolf robe on Snow street, Sunday evening, April 22. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Winter & Sues's market. (4-27-14)

WANTED—Three girls for general household work. Apply to J. Z. BENNETT, At Perkins drug store. (4-26-14)

PILES! PILES! PILES! Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles when all other Ointments have failed. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c., and \$1.00 per box. WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT, CLEVELAND, O. Sold on a guarantee by L. W. Toles. (7-25-14)

THE South Shore Marquette ROUTE. Time Table

In Effect April 23, 1894. (D. S. S. & A. RY.)

ARRIVE FROM THE EAST.

No. 1 From Mackinaw City, Daily. 2:45 P.M.

No. 7 From Sault Ste. Marie, Daily. 1:30 A.M.

No. 1 connects at Mackinaw City with Michigan Central express from Detroit and all points east; also daily except Monday with Grand Rapids & Indiana train from Lower Michigan and the South. Connection made at Soo Junction with morning train from Sault Ste. Marie leaving 6:15 A. M. daily except Sunday, and on Sundays 7:55 A. M. Canadian Pacific train from the east.

DEPART FOR THE EAST.

No. 8 For Sault Ste. Marie, Daily. 3:00 A.M.

No. 3 For Mackinaw City, Daily. 1:50 P.M.

No. 8 connects at Sault Ste. Marie with the Canadian Pacific for the east. No. 3 connects at Mackinaw City daily with the Michigan Central for Lower Michigan, arriving at Detroit 11:45 A. M. also with G. H. E. L. daily except Saturday for Grand Rapids and intermediate stations, arriving Grand Rapids 11:40 A. M. Connection made at Soo Junction daily except Sunday with mixed for Sault Ste. Marie arriving 7:45 P. M., and at Trout Lake daily with Soo Line express for Manistique, Gladstone, etc.

ARRIVE FROM THE WEST.

No. 9 From Duluth, Daily. 2:45 A.M.

No. 10 From Duluth, Daily. 10:30 A.M.

No. 2 From Duluth, Daily. 1:30 P.M.

No. 4 From Duluth, Daily. 6:05 P.M.

No. 8 connects at Duluth with morning train from St. Paul, Minneapolis and the west. No. 10 connects at Republic with C. M. & St. P. train from Chicago and Milwaukee and at Negaunee with C. & N. W. train from Chicago and Milwaukee. No. 2 connects at Nesteria daily except Sunday with mixed train from Ewen and intermediate stations.

DEPART FOR THE WEST.

No. 5 From Duluth, Daily. 6:00 A.M.

No. 1 From Duluth, Daily. 12:01 P.M.

No. 7 From Duluth, Daily. 3:05 P.M.

No. 13 From Duluth, Daily. 1:35 A.M.

No. 6 From Duluth, Daily. 6:00 P.M.

No. 3 picks up passengers at Nesteria from mixed train from Ewen. No. 1 connects at Negaunee with C. & N. W. and at Champion with C. M. & St. P. for Duluth 12:40 P. M., and connects with afternoon train for St. Paul, Minneapolis and all points west. Trains 1 and 2 have Wagner Buffet Sleeping Cars between Mackinaw City and Detroit. Trains 7 and 8 have Wagner Buffet Sleeping Cars between Sault Ste. Marie and Duluth.