

# THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL.

NUMBER 2017.

MARQUETTE, MICH., WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 3, 1890.

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Choice Articles  
Reasonable Prices

OUR LINE OF GIFT BOOKS IS UNUSUALLY LARGE  
H. H. STAFFORD & SON.

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Having opened an easy flight of stairs into our basement from the store we have filled the lower room with a complete line of Childrens Toys & Games, consisting of Toys Furniture.

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Everybody will have lost it if they don't buy  
Boots, Shoes, Slippers,  
Moccasins, Pacs, German Socks,  
And Rubbers at  
**MORGAN'S.**

See Our Ladies', Gents', Misses and Childrens'  
Felt Shoes and Warm Overshoes.

Also Dolls' Shoes, French Dressings, Blackings,  
Slippers Soles, Fine Button Hooks and  
everything in the shoe line.  
CREEPERS AND HEEL PLATES

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A. R. MORGAN  
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We Mend Leather Felt and Rubber Boots and Shoes.

## WHITE, PACKARD & CO.,

30 FRONT STREET.

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—AGENTS FOR THE—

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Saves 700 pounds of coal of every on used.

## C. M. Henderson & Co

SELL EVERYTHING IN  
Leather and Rubber  
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FACTORIES AT  
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AGENT FOR THE  
UPPER PENINSULA.



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CREAMERY LUNCH and FANCY BAKERY  
Fine Confections, Cakes, Candies, Ice Creams and Ices.

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Catering for private parties a specialty. Meal tickets at reasonable rates. 131 Washington st.

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Groceries.

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## Steele & Lobdell

STAPLE and FANCY

## Groceries!

TABLE : DELICACIES :

Of Every Description.

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THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

We aim to sell better goods for less money than anybody else. The finest assorted stock in the city to select from.  
Full line of D. Landreth & Son's celebrated Garden Seeds.  
**STEELE & LOBDELL.**

## A. S. Westlake

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

## Dry Goods and Groceries.

## Double Ve Waist!

For Infants.....50c  
Boys and Girls.....65c  
Misses.....85c  
Ladies...\$1.00 and \$1.75

Exclusive sale for the city.

## SPURRS' REVERE JAVA COFFEE.

Not found elsewhere in the city.

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Bread made of GOLD MEDAL Flour took the FIRST PRIZE at the last County Fair.

## OYSTERS,

Maple Syrup  
New Nuts  
Mince Meat  
New Figs  
Fresh Celery

Arthur Delf & Son's,  
133 Washington street.

## Julius Zerbel,

Groceries, Provisions, Hay,  
Grain, Oats, Etc., Etc.  
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New Moon Uncolored Tea a specialty. Also Bancroft's Brick, the best and cheapest in the Upper Peninsula.

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DENTAL ROOMS, GREENWALD BLOCK,  
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Marquette, Mich.

## W. J. VAN KLEECK,

Funeral Director  
Night or Day Calls.  
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153 Washington street

## LIKE KILKENNY'S FELINES,

Irish Home Rulers Still Hotly Engaged in Their Endless Factional Brawl Over Parnell.

HIS RETIREMENT WILL ONLY BE SECURED WHEN HE'S KICKED OUT.

Pleasing Spectacle for Enemies of Ireland's Freedom—Bitter Words Exchanged in Nationalists' Caucus—No Decision.

## ENGLISH TORIERS ARE TICKLED.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—Pursuant to adjournment the meeting of the Irish members of the house of commons to consider the advisability of removing Mr. Parnell from his position as leader of the nationalist party was resumed in a room of the house of commons at noon today. Mr. Parnell was the first member of the party to arrive. During the proceedings the reporters were excluded from the corridors. After the meeting had proceeded to business half an hour was occupied in reading telegrams from various persons in Ireland and the United States and the manifesto sent by cable by the delegates of the party now in the United States. The reading of the dispatches was frequently interrupted by cheers. J. O'Kelly asserted that it would be the basest ingratitude for the nationalists to abandon Mr. Parnell simply because a number of politicians who had sought an alliance with the Irish party for their own advantage now thought fit to abandon the position Parnell had taken and had intrigued to encompass the downfall of the trusted leader of the Irish nation. Upon the conclusion of Mr. O'Kelly's remarks an adjournment was taken for luncheon. The members reassembled at 2 o'clock, when Mr. Parnell moved to adjourn in order to enable the nationalists to take part in the debate on the second reading of the land purchase bill. A sharp controversy took place concerning the cable dispatches which had been sent to the delegates in the United States for the purpose of influencing their action.

## INFLUENCING THEIR ACTION.

Mr. Kenny admitted that he had cabled his own views to the delegates. Mr. Sexton said that the supplemental cable dispatch sent in the party's name after last Friday night did not accord with the arrangements which had been made at the conference. Mr. John O'Connor declared that the business had not been conducted fairly. He justified Mr. Parnell's action in issuing his manifesto and condemned the misleading cable dispatches that had been sent to the delegates in the United States. Mr. Campbell described the proceedings of Mr. Parnell's opponents as infamous. Mr. Parnell was appealed to decide whether the expression used by Mr. Campbell was orderly. He replied that the

## COUNTRY WOULD DECIDE

as to their proceedings. Further re-eminations were then indulged in regarding the informal meetings. Mr. Healy described the actions of Mr. Parnell's friends as obstructive. Mr. Parnell denounced this remark as insolent. This statement was greeted with cheers of approval by Mr. Parnell's friends, who were answered by cheers of derision by his opponents. No stone will be left unturned to postpone indefinitely the decision of the party on Parnell's retirement. Mr. Joseph Nolan's amendment that the question of the retirement of Parnell should be postponed until the members had personally ascertained the views of their constituents on the subject, the party then to meet in Dublin and decide the matter was rejected by a vote of 44 to 29. Mr. O'Kelly declared that whatever might be the result of the meeting the question of Mr. Parnell's retirement would be decided at Westminster. A decision ought not to be too hurriedly reached. It would be best to give the

## COUNTRY TIME TO THINK.

The power of the liberal party to do anything for the furtherance of the home rule cause was limited by the house of lords, which was always a barrier unless its members feared a revolution. But they would see a revolution in England based upon Irish claims. Mr. Arthur O'Connor advised Mr. Parnell to withdraw, as henceforth would be impossible for him to be the leader of the party. Mr. Jordan accused Mr. Parnell of sacrificing the cause of the nation to his insensate pride and culpable ambition. At six o'clock the meeting adjourned for an hour. The Irish party will resume tomorrow the discussion of Mr. Barry's motion for the

## RETIREMENT OF MR. PARNELL.

The supporters of Parnell are considering another amendment. In the course of today's discussion Mr. Parnell attacked Mr. Barry and others for sending dispatches to America trying to influence the delegates there. Mr. Sexton said he became aware this week that a number of messages were being received from the delegates. Mr. Parnell—Where are they? Mr. Sexton—They were from individual delegates to individual members. Mr. John Redmond—Give the names. Mr. Sexton—I received a telegram from T. F. O'Connor requesting me to give my views on the situation. I did not feel that mere distance entitled me to refuse, and I, therefore, cabled informing him that a majority

## FAVORED THE RETIREMENT

of Mr. Parnell as necessary both for the home rule cause and the security of evicted tenants. I further added that if the envoys saw a way to support the majority, substantial unanimity would be secured. Mr. Noon—Mr. Sexton ought now

## to withdraw his expression of opinion

in that telegram for he made a mistake. It is such an important expression of opinion that probably the telegrams from the delegates in America were found thereon. (Cries of "hear, hear.") Mr. Sexton must now see that unanimity does not follow the delegates voting against Parnell. (Cries of "hear, hear.")

Mr. Lacey—Unquestionably the effect of these telegrams have been to create false impressions at home and abroad. Mr. Timothy Healy—What's all this discussion about? It seems another piece of pure obstruction.

## PARNELL WAXES HOT.

Mr. Parnell—That is a most insolent and impertinent observation (cheers); yes, most insolent and impertinent. Mr. Barry—I rise— Mr. Parnell—Sit down, Mr. Barry. Mr. Barry—But allow— Mr. Parnell—I will not allow you, sir. Mr. Lacey is in possession of the floor. Mr. Lacey—These telegrams to America certainly produced a false impression in implying that a majority of the leading men of the party were going in one direction. Mr. William Redmond—If any names were sent to the delegates in America, all on either side ought to have been given. (Hear, hear.) I hear that the delegates' cablegram was read by certain members of our party in an English club and was received with cheers. If

## PARNELL IS TO BE DEPOSED,

in Gold's name depose him without making it a matter for cheering in an English club. (Hear, hear.) Mr. Timothy Healy said he regarded this line of debate as a red herring drawn across their path to delay them in coming to a decision on the main question of Parnell's retirement. At the conference at Mr. Gladstone's house the subject under discussion was the retirement of the liberal leader. It was decided to convene a meeting of the liberal peers and members of the house of commons to hear a statement by Mr. Gladstone.

## DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—In the house of commons to-day Mr. Balfour moved that the Irish land purchase bill pass to its second reading. Mr. Ellis moved an amendment declaring that the land bill was an unsafe measure as regarded the imperial exchequer and that it was unjust to the occupier of the land. Mr. Gladstone said he found nothing in the changes made in the bill since the last session that was likely to render its character more satisfactory. There was the removal of the 20 years limit with a proposal that the county taxpayers have power to vote whether or not the county funds should be liable for sums borrowed in the purchase of lands. Mr. Balfour recognized the probability that the ratepayers, who might stop the purchase of land in many districts (Mr. Balfour here nodded assent.) It was an important provision, affecting the whole measure. He reminded the house that, in view of the fact that particular circumstances prevented the presence of the Irish members tonight, it would be a great mistake to pass a land bill that was opposed to their desires and convictions. At any rate he would not dwell on that point. The want of Irish authority went to the root of the whole matter and impelled every true friend of Ireland to oppose the bill.

## AGRICULTURISTS AS POLITICIANS.

Farmers' Alliance Now Holding Its National Convention in Florida. OCALA, Fla., Dec. 2.—Prominent representatives of the agricultural interests combined in the National Farmers' Alliance are here to-day to attend the annual congress of the organization. Owing to the unexpected strength developed by the agriculturists in many parts of the country in the congressional elections of a few weeks ago, the meeting is, by all odds, the most important of the kind that has been held for very many years. Additional significance is given to it, moreover, by the presence of a delegation appointed by the Knights of Labor at their recent convention in Denver and composed of General Master Workman Powderly, A. W. Wright of Canada, and Ralph Beaumont of New York. They are present in the capacity of fraternal delegates only yet are undoubtedly instructed to use their best efforts in the direction of an alliance between the

## FARMERS AND KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The representative character of the present gathering is evidenced by the prominence of many of the delegates. One of the most important questions to be discussed and acted upon will be the measures to which the alliance will devote itself in the next national congress. With the Knights, various farmers' organizations, the Federation of Railroad Employees and the American Federation of Labor, such a convention would represent over three million votes of laboring men and united could practically control the national political field in 1892. President Polk in his annual address congratulated the alliance on its achievements since the last meeting and then reviewed the causes of agricultural depression. In the course of his address he said: "While our organization is political, it cannot be partisan or sectional in its action. In support of this declaration we proudly point to our whole past record and to the recent popular election. And particularly to the noble and patriotic bearing of the brotherhood in Kansas and South Carolina."

## DEADLY SAWMILL BOILER.

Four Men Instantly Killed in an Explosion Near Espytown, Pa. BLOOMSBURG, Pa., Dec. 2.—A large boiler exploded today on Nescopeck mountain near Espytown, this county, with terrible results. Frank Grover, his brother Isaac and two others whose names could not be learned were instantly killed. The boiler was being used to furnish steam for a sawmill plant operated by Samuel Adams. All four were horribly mangled. What caused the explosion is a mystery as the boiler appeared to be in good condition.

## DANGEROUS INDIAN PLOT.

General Miles Greatly Feels That Indian Troubles Will Result in a General Outbreak.

## CONSPIRACY FORMED FOR GREATEST INDIAN WAR EVER KNOWN.

More Tribes Included in the Hostile Movement Than Ever Before—Seriousness of Situation Not Exaggerated.

## REDSKINS STARVED INTO FIGHTING.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—General Miles, who has been in Washington since last Saturday night in daily consultation with Secretary Proctor, General Schofield and Secretary Noble upon matters relating to the Indian situation in the Northwest, left for Chicago to-day. The general believes that danger is imminent. "The seriousness of the situation," he says, "has not been exaggerated. The disaffection is more widespread than it has been at any time for years. The conspiracy extends to more different tribes than have heretofore been hostile. They are now in full sympathy with each other and are scattered over a larger area of country than in the whole history of Indian warfare. It is a more comprehensive plot than anything ever inspired by the Prophet, Tecumseh, or even Pontiac.

## CAUSES OF THE TROUBLES.

"The causes of this difficulty are easy of location. Insufficient food supplies, religious delusion and the innate disposition of the savage to go to war must be held responsible." "Are the campaign preparations on the part of the government complete," was asked. "Not quite," replied the general. "Everything will be ready in a few days, though. Troops and supplies are enroute and will be available very speedily. All that is possible is being done to encourage the loyal and reduce the manner and influence of the hostiles and in this way an outbreak may be averted. I sincerely hope there will be no hostilities for a general uprising would be a most serious affair." "How many Indians will you have to contend with?" "Altogether there are in the northwest about 30,000 who are affected by the Messiah craze; that means FULLY 6,000 FIGHTING MEN.

Of this number at least one-third would not go on the war path so that leaves us with about 4,000 adversaries. There are 6,000 other Indians in the Indian territory who will need to be watched if active operations take place. Four thousand Indians can make an immense amount of trouble. But a title of that number were concerned in the Minnesota massacre, yet they killed more than 500 settlers in a very brief space of time.

## "What is the total strength of your force?"

Gen. Miles avoided the question somewhat by referring to the great necessity which existed for more cavalry. "Altogether," he said, "you cannot CATCH MOUNTED INDIANS with white foot-soldiers. The infantry had one or two good fights in 1876 and 1877 but such engagements are rare in frontier warfare." "Is it not a novel proceeding for Indians to go on the war-path at the beginning of winter?" "Yes, in some respects it is," replied the general. "Their argument is good, though. They are better armed now than they ever were and their supply of horses is all that could be desired. Every buck has a Winchester rifle and he knows how to use it. In the matter of subsistence they are taking but little risk. They can live on cattle just as well as they used to on buffalo and the numerous horse ranches will furnish them with fresh stock when cold and starvation ruin their mounts. The northern Indian is hardy and can suffer a great deal. Those hostiles have been

## STARVED INTO FIGHTING,

and they will prefer to die fighting rather than starve peacefully. I hope the problem may be solved without bloodshed, but such a happy ending to the trouble seems improbable. An outbreak would cost the lives of a great many brave men and the destruction of hundreds of homes in the northwest. If peace is possible we will have it.

## BANK OF COMMERCE CLOSES.

Superior's Leading Financial Institution Finally Goes Down. SUPERIOR, Wis., Dec. 2.—The Bank of Commerce in this city closed its doors to-day and made assignments. Its deposits since last Wednesday have been reduced from \$600,000 to \$463,000. The bank was unable either to stand the drain from its own resources or to obtain the necessary outside aid. Fifty thousand dollars for re-discounts from the east which was expected was refused. Among the depositors was the city which had with it \$230,000. This is covered by a \$600,000 bond and the other banks will advance this money to the city. The bank has resources greatly in excess of its liabilities and will pay dollar for dollar. Among its assets are \$550,000 of first class paper. There was a heavy run on the bank on November 27th, but it was believed to have tided over the worst.

## Demora a Win a gain.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 2.—A special election to fill the vacancy caused by the election of Mayor Peck as governor was held to-day. The vote was very light. Peter J. Somers (dem.) 13,740; E. D. Magleburg (rep.) 6,891; John Stippick (labor) 1,131.

**First National Bank**  
OF MARQUETTE.  
Capital.....\$150,000  
Surplus Fund.....35,000

President  
E. H. TOWAR  
Vice-President  
J. G. REYNOLDS  
Cashier  
ALFRED KIDDER

Transacts a general banking business  
at discount and deposit.

DIRECTORS:  
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J. G. REYNOLDS  
ALFRED KIDDER

**The Marquette County Savings Bank.**  
Capital Paid in.....\$50,000  
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Detroit, Mich.  
Capt. Samuel Mitchell, Negawane, Mich.  
W. F. Fitch, Marquette, Mich.  
Mrs. Mary Revittung, " " "  
N. M. Kaufman, " " "  
C. H. Call, Chicago, Ill.  
W. P. Healy, " " "

Receives deposits in sums from \$1 upward and  
pays interest on same. Loans money on real  
estate and other approved security. Open daily  
except on Sundays and every Wednesday and  
during banking hours and every Wednesday and  
Saturday evening from 7 to 8:30 P. M. 8-251

**THE SUPERIOR SAVINGS BANK**  
Hancock, Mich.  
CAPITAL.....\$100,000

4 PER CENT INTEREST  
annually, compounded twice yearly, paid on  
savings deposits. Deposits received in sums  
of \$1 and upward. Transacts a general  
banking business.

Loans Money on Real Estate  
and other approved security.

DIRECTORS:  
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G. A. Wright, OFFICERS:  
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Hon. J. W. Stone, Vice-President.  
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Bank open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.; and on Sat-  
urdays from 6 to 8 P. M. 10-317

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General Mining Machinery,  
Hoisting and pumping plants, hoists, etc.  
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GENERAL  
Contractors and Builders.  
Estimates given for all classes of Buildings in  
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Telephone Connection.

**TIMOTHY NESTER,**  
Dealer in  
Pine, Cedar, Hardwood  
AND MINERAL LANDS.  
Best grades of Choice Pine and  
Cedar Lumber are now offered.

A large tract of well-selected Iron Lanes on  
the Marquette range is offered for option and  
use on easy terms. Call on or address  
TIMOTHY NESTER, Marquette, Mich.

**KIMMEL, ROBERTSON & CO.**  
Dealers in All Kinds of  
**BILL: TIMBER,**  
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ALSO STULL TIMBER.  
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House, Sign, Carriage, and Fresco  
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**Palace Saloon,**  
MATHER BLOCK, MARQUETTE.  
The best brands of  
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS  
To be found in the City.  
NICH. BARTH, Proprietor.  
Fancy mixed drinks a specialty.

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House Safe Moving  
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(8-281)

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ADVERTISING RATES reasonable, and furnish-  
ed on application.

MARQUETTE, MICH., DEC. 3

Entered as mail matter of the second class in  
the postoffice at Marquette, Mich.

The Engineering and Mining Journal  
notes that the copper market is slack  
and that very little business is doing,  
buyers and sellers both being on the  
waiting lay, and the latter evidently  
being in no hurry to purchase. Such  
small transactions as took place during  
last week were at prices somewhat be-  
low the quotations officially given, and  
that publication asserts that it hears of  
Lake copper being offered at 16 cents  
out of second hands, though the com-  
panies make no sign as yet of reducing  
their prices.

The Duluth Tribune, which ad-  
vocated the enactment of the McKinley  
bill when that measure was under con-  
sideration at the last session, now in-  
sists that the republican party cannot  
afford to give it the chance for which  
its friends plead. It says:

The republican party cannot afford to  
wait to see what will be the effects of  
the McKinley bill. The more obnoxious  
provisions of it should be amended at once.  
Everybody knows that the burden of the  
tin tariff will be felt by all the people from  
now until 1931 and that the good it will ac-  
complish in two years will be impercepti-  
ble. It is not probable that there will be  
5,000 men engaged in mining tin ore and  
manufacturing tin plate in '92, and pray of  
what value will that "great industry" be  
to the millions of people who have been  
paying higher prices since last October?  
The tin tariff alone, in a close fight, is  
amply sufficient to defeat the party which  
passed it and insists that it shall stand.

This clause of the McKinley bill and those  
which raise the price of articles of clothing  
and bedding should be asked to stay not  
upon the order of their going but to go at  
once. A party which has an intelligent  
people to deal with, after making a false  
movement, should take the back track at  
the first possible moment. What is to be  
gained by perseverance in error?

This is what the Tribune felt moved  
to remark the day before President  
Harrison's message was given to the  
country. What is its opinion today?

KAISER WILLIAM of Germany, is  
said to be delighted with the turn political  
affairs in England have taken in  
consequence of the Parnell episode,  
that ambitious young potentate being  
particularly well pleased with the prospect  
that the issue that has arisen between  
Gladstone and the Irish leader will put  
an end to the public career of the  
former, in addition to side-tracking the  
Irish home rule movement indefinitely.  
So tickled is he with the situation  
in England created by the break  
between Parnell and Gladstone that he  
is anxious to have Salisbury visit him,  
in order that the two may hobnob over  
the discomforts of their common ene-  
mies, the English Liberals and the Irish  
home rulers, for the German emperor  
knows full well that every advance  
made toward weakening the power of  
the Tories in England is a blow struck  
at the perpetuity of the gilded despotism  
in Germany of which he is the  
crowned head; and, conversely, that  
whatever strengthens the grip of the  
Tory party on the English people fixes  
him more firmly on the German throne.  
The cause in which Parnell and Glad-  
stone lay until lately been co-workers  
is that of the masses against the classes,  
and it is a matter of poignant regret  
to the friends of human liberty every-  
where that it should be robbed of an  
important victory that appeared to be  
awaiting it by the surrender to a base  
passion of one man, and he one who  
has until now been connected with it as  
an honor-, trusted and brilliant leader.  
But though men are frail, the  
cause that Parnell has temporarily de-  
feated is great, being founded on the  
enduring principles of human right  
and justice; and though the fall of a  
leader may delay its ultimate triumph,  
it will yet prevail over the power of its  
enemies and despite the mistakes and  
weaknesses of those of its admirers  
who, like Parnell, subject it to passing  
embarrassments and disappointments.

**THE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS.**  
President Harrison's message to con-  
gress is a very complete exposition on  
his views on the questions now occupy-  
ing the attention of the American people,  
and which, instead of having been  
"taken out of politics" by the action of  
congress at the last session, and the re-  
sult of the elections held since its ad-  
journing, are to-day more prominent  
than ever—exciting more discussion,  
creating more disturbance in politics,  
and distracting the political leaders to  
a greater degree, than at any previous  
time since the gradual dying out of the  
issues created by the late war brought  
these to the front to serve as the divid-  
ing lines between the parties that con-  
tend for supremacy in the administra-  
tion of our national affairs.

The message is obviously intended to  
hold the republican majority in con-  
gress to what the president evidently  
conceives to be its duty, in the face of  
the reverses that the party met with  
in the recent elections, which he refuses

to interpret as a verdict of disapproval  
by the people on the policy to which he  
counsels the republicans to adhere.  
Whether it will have that effect or  
not time will disclose. There are very  
many republicans who believe that  
their representatives in congress  
blundered in the treatment of the tariff  
question and in attempting to pass the  
force bill at the last session, and these  
are firmly of the opinion that the dis-  
asters recently visited on the party are  
attributable mainly to its action on the  
one and its attitude on the other of these  
measures. Republicans who so hold  
will not be pleased with the message,  
for the president has chosen to throw  
the immense weight of the administra-  
tion in favor of continued adherence to  
the policy which dictated all the national  
legislation enacted or proposed by the  
dominant party at the last session.  
The president argues against any re-  
cession from the position taken by the  
party on the question of tariff legisla-  
tion at the last session with considera-  
ble force and great earnestness, and  
argues strongly for the passage at this  
session of the federal-elections bill. The  
portions of his message treating of  
these issues are its strong points, and in  
discussing them he displays creditable  
skill as a pleader and the courage of a  
man who feels that he is rightfully the  
leader of his party, possessing the pre-  
sidence that enables him to unerringly  
indicate the direction in which it should  
go, when others less gifted are in doubt  
and uncertainty as to the proper course  
that it should take.

In its general treatment of the topics  
considered the message is a conserva-  
tive, dignified and well-digested state  
paper, evincing care in its preparation,  
and a conscientious purpose on the part  
of the president to place the state of the  
country fairly before congress, and to  
direct special attention to matters to  
which he deems it necessary for that  
body to give immediate consideration  
at this session.

**ALLIANCE PLANS AND PURPOSES.**  
The proceedings of the Farmers' Al-  
liance and Industrial Union, now in  
conference at Ocala, Florida, will be  
watched with close attention for indi-  
cations of the probable attitude of the  
body of voters that it represents on the  
questions now prominently before the  
people of this country. Delegates from  
thirty-five states are in attendance on  
the conference, and they represent a  
membership of 2,000,000. This is an  
enormous force for good or evil in poli-  
tics—and that the alliance is in politics,  
and proposes to stay in, is a proposition  
that will not be combated by anyone  
who has intelligently noted its move-  
ments. Much depends on how it will  
be handled and directed. That it can  
be made a factor for bringing about re-  
forms in political and administrative  
methods that would come but slowly,  
if at all, though the purely political or-  
ganizations if these were left entirely  
alone in the business of furnishing the  
country with policies and methods of  
government is no doubt true, but to be  
that it must be wisely and conserva-  
tively directed. Are there in it the  
men and the inspiration for this? That  
is the question on which its usefulness  
and growth as a political agency  
hinges. If it becomes wedded to the  
theories of visionaries and undertakes  
to apply their crude ideas to the ad-  
ministration of public affairs, it will not  
long hold together, and will pass from  
the stage whereon so many ephemeral  
organizations have exploited "unwept  
unhonored and unsung." But if it is  
judiciously managed and directed it can  
accomplish much that will earn for it  
the confidence and gratitude of the  
American people, who are just in the  
mood at the present time to welcome  
the advent of any political agency that  
will rouse the older political parties to  
a keener appreciation of what they owe  
the country and force them to adopt a  
higher standard of honesty in the  
methods that they employ to secure  
and retain power.

One thing that the alliance proposes  
to do which will meet the approval of  
all who desire the welfare of the coun-  
try is set forth by its president, Mr.  
Polk, in a statement to a reporter, made  
before the session of the conference  
opened. Being questioned as to the  
work that would be undertaken at the  
session, he said:

It will be the aim of the national alliance  
at this meeting to so direct all its  
labors and deliberations that its policy shall  
be universally recognized as one of national  
fraternity and unity. We desire to make  
it thoroughly national in its character. We  
desire to break down sectional lines. We  
have had enough of bloody strife. We  
have had enough of sectional animosity on both  
sides. Prior to last December the alliance  
was practically unknown north of the Ohio  
river, but at the St. Louis convention we  
made a grand break across Mason and  
Dixon's lines. We took the farmers and  
laborers of the north, and of the east and  
of the west, by the hands, and today we  
are all trampling sectionalism under our  
feet.

If the alliance accomplishes this it  
will achieve a great work, and one that  
will amply justify its existence, if it  
never did anything more. Sectionalism  
has been to our politics what sectarianism  
is to religion—a corroding and  
corrupting influence—and the party  
that eliminates it will do a grand work  
of political reform.

In answer to the reporter's questions,  
Mr. Polk stated that he did not think  
the McKinley bill was the cause of the

landslide in the late election. He  
thinks the financial policy of the gov-  
ernment has created the dissatisfaction  
among the people that led to the results  
that so astonished the politicians, and  
he predicts that they will not cease  
working for financial reforms until the  
entire monetary system of the country  
is remodeled. This is apt to prove the  
rock on which the alliance will split. It  
is a favorite hallucination with granger  
politicians that they know all about  
finances, but their ideas on that subject  
are more remarkable for originality  
than soundness. A party that attempts  
to revolutionize the nation's financial  
system is playing with the sharpest  
kind of an edged tool. The people are  
greatly averse to having experiments  
made that affect the standard of values,  
and tinkering with the monetary sys-  
tem would be sure to have that result.

**Disappointed.**  
In a Massachusetts town live a worthy  
couple who have so far obeyed the Scrip-  
tural injunction to increase and multiply  
that they have eight sons, of whom the  
oldest is not over a dozen years of age.  
They are bright and lively little folk,  
and play together with the greatest zest,  
only now and then falling into some dis-  
agreement when one or the other pair of  
twins does not approve of the general  
scheme of play.

It chanced not long since that to this  
interesting family there came a still fur-  
ther addition in the shape of a baby sis-  
ter. The father and mother were deli-  
ghted that there should be a girl in the  
family, and supposed that the sons would  
be equally pleased. It was accordingly  
with a smiling face that the father went  
to make the announcement to the little  
fellows, who at the moment were all to-  
gether in the breakfast room.  
"Boys," he said joyously, "you have a  
daring little baby sister."  
There was a look of blank disappoint-  
ment on every face and a moment of  
profound silence. Then excitable 8-year-  
old Master Tommy spoke for them all  
by exclaiming explosively:  
"Oh, dear, dear! that is too bad; it  
just spoils our baseball team!"—Youth's  
Companion.

**King Alfonso's Democratic Views.**  
Whenever the king sees a gambler or  
gentleman whom he knows he calls them  
by their Christian names, or their surnames  
without their titles, a custom all  
ways approved by his government. "But  
Xignoni!" exclaimed the king one day,  
as the ex-minister passed. "The govern-  
ment was told that the count had married  
the title, observed. "No, permit me  
to remind you, majesty, that the person  
whom you do the honor to address is the  
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There are many white soaps, each represented to be just as good as the Ivory. They are not, but like all counterfeits, they lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for Ivory Soap and insist upon having it. It is sold everywhere.



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And all ailments of the bowels. Prescribed by leading physicians for adults and children. For sale by **Rothschild & Bending**, Marquette, Mich., and all dealers and druggists. **WELLS, WILSON & BROS.**, sole proprietors, Cincinnati, U. S. A.



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Sick headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

**HEADACHE**  
Sick headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

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THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY. PRICE 25c.  
"Kills all Pain." "Salvation Oil" Try It! Only 25c.

**HEADACHE**  
And NEURALGIA Cured in 15 to 20 Minutes with ALPHA WAFERS.  
Sold by Druggists. Price, 25 Cts.

**Negaunee Business Notices.**  
THE Negaunee office of the Mining Journal is with J. G. Donaherty & Co., Cass street, where communications and business announcements may be left.  
LOST—A one and half year old heifer a white spot on forehead and hind leg crooked. Finder suitably rewarded by applying to CHAS. GOLDSWORTHY, 11-1041

**Blasting Powder!**  
The Lake Superior Powder Company, MARQUETTE - MICHIGAN  
Manufactures and sells THE BEST QUALITY OF Blasting, Mining and Sporting Powder.  
C. H. CALL, Pres. and Treas. J. G. REYNOLDS, Sec'y and Supt.

**NEGAUNEE NOTES.**

**Got Twenty Days on the Sixth Call—A Pipe Organ for the Presbyterian Church—The City Generally.**  
One Baptiste Repentigny, a notorious drunkard, after getting gloriously full last Monday raised a rumpus in Edward Bois-jolie's Jackson street saloon. He was hustled off to the cooler, and appeared before Justice Primeau yesterday morning. The judge remarked that if he remembered rightly that made the sixth appearance before him on the same charge. Repentigny, whose worst fault is his propensity to drink himself into a condition of obnoxious inebriety, pleaded with tears in his eyes to be let off once more. But the limit of judicial leniency had been reached, and his honor sentenced him to a term of twenty days in the branch prison at Marquette. He was taken down to do his time yesterday.

The radiators and ventilators have been put in position in the Sunday block and work on the plastering will begin this week. Adament plaster, which dries almost immediately, will be used, so that cold weather will not delay the work. The three stores which take up the first floor were spoken for long ago, and will be occupied just as soon as they are ready. The office rooms on the second floor are also rented. The Cambria Iron company will move its office from its present quarters in the bank building to the three large front rooms in the second story as soon as they are ready for occupancy.

A Van Dinter pipe organ will be put in the Presbyterian church as soon as the improvements thereon now in progress are completed. It will be similar to the one in the cathedral at Marquette, though with not so elaborate a combination of stops. It has not yet been settled where to have it placed, but a space is being left in the alterations now being made, just back of the Gothic arch over the minister's desk. This will be the first pipe organ procured by any of the Negaunee churches but others will follow it in the near future.

A. Hirschberg, agent for real estate in the new Franklin addition at Chicago, paid another visit to this city yesterday. Already people from here have invested about \$12,000 in real estate there, and many more will no doubt try their luck before Mr. Hirschberg leaves.

Another game of polo will be played between the Stars and Peace Makers on the ice on Mud Lake next Saturday afternoon. The surface is kept as clear of snow as when it first froze over.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Adams left for a week's pleasure trip in Chicago yesterday.

**Tokens of Esteem for the Pope.**  
The sisters of Notre Dame convent, at Cincinnati, are sending to Rome for presentation to the pope a white vellum manuscript of fifty pages, elaborately illuminated and bound in covers, with designs by one of the nuns. The pages are painted by seven sisters chosen for the purpose from the thirty-seven houses of the order in the United States. There are three addresses—one to Leo XIII., Archbishop Elder, a portrait accompanying each dedication. There is a sketch of the American branch of the order since its foundation in 1840, a poem by a nun, with illustrations; views of the mother house at Namur, Belgium, and of the Ohio house, bits of landscape and decorative fancies.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

**Fourteen Cents Capital.**  
The possession of how much money does it require to save a man from the charge of being a pauper? Lately a ship load of 525 Italians was landed at New York city, and the cash capital they brought with them averaged just fourteen cents each. A man in a strange land and unacquainted with the language of the country, who possesses fourteen cents, may not be a pauper, but unless he is willing to work and hustle to secure employment, he is likely to become one very shortly after his arrival.—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

**Her Trial.**  
Mrs. Dingo—What do you expect to give your husband for Christmas?  
Mrs. Honeymoon—I told him the other day I thought I should give him some neckties.  
Mrs. Dingo—And I heard him tell my husband afterward that he wouldn't wear them.  
Mrs. Honeymoon—That's the worst of it. John thinks so much of the things I give him, and is so careful of them, that I have the hardest kind of work to get them on him.—Clothing and Furnisher.

**Unlucky Number Nineteen.**  
A peculiar coincidence connected with the last primary for the legislature has just come to light. It will be remembered that Mr. Cobb was defeated by nineteen votes. Since then it has been remembered that his father was defeated by nineteen votes and his grandfather by the same number. We do not know whether Mr. Cobb is twice 19 years old, but to complete the coincidence he ought to be.—Athens (Ga.) Banner.

**A Light Voter.**  
Deer Isle claims the "lightest" voter at the last election—John O. Robbins, who weighs but 29 pounds. Owing to his diminutive size Robbins was lifted to the ballot box by Mr. J. A. Green, and much interest was manifested in the little fellow's movements. He is 55 years old.—Portland (Me.) Press.  
**In the Luray Caverns.**  
The Guide—This is the Giants' chamber.  
Mr. Shortstopple—You ought to see their quarters up at the Polo grounds in New York!—Puck.

**Two Thanksgivings.**

The lights shone out within the castle hall,  
The sound of music echoed through the night,  
And waxen tapers, clustered on the wall,  
Glimmered above the banquet table bright;  
For, year by year, fair youth and maid would meet  
To jest and dance to strains of music sweet.  
Through waning hours around the banquet, there  
They revel in the gay and festive scene;  
Yet on those lovely faces, unaware,  
Rests oftentimes a discontented mien:  
For all this life of ease and pleasure's sense  
They see no thanks, no worthy recompense.  
A down the winding road beside the brook  
A vine clad cottage stands upon the green;  
Full many years within this humble nook  
An honest yeoman and his wife have been—  
A still, sweet hamlet, where the even flow  
Of winter days and summer come and go.  
A grassy strip of fruitful garden plot  
The narrow limits of their circle bound;  
Life of toil and labor is their lot,  
Yet, year by year, the family gathers round,  
And tho' one sunny child is missing, there  
The father calmly bows his head in prayer.  
—Mabel Hayden in Jennes-Miller Magazine.

**A Hero of a Practical Joke.**  
A young man of about 25 is just now the hero of a select circle of friends in the southern section of the city, and in view of his peculiar history he quite deserves to be lionized. Five years ago he was a clerk in a bank on a meager salary, and one time some of the same devoted friends of these days thought it would be a good joke to pretend the bank had been robbed, and warn him that he was suspected. This a number did, only they called him up about midnight, so as to give the joke a more natural appearance. After telling him that two hours before burglars had stolen \$50,000 in bank notes, they added that the police were now on the way to arrest him as a suspect.

It so happened that he had but two hours before been in the vicinity of the bank, and fearful of not being able to prove an alibi, he gathered his available belongings together and caught an early morning train for the north. Of course there was a big row in the vicinity of the young fellow's home and his funny friends had to leave town. Fortunately the young fellow was a bachelor, and he was not hunted up. Recently he wrote to an old acquaintance here from Canada, and the latter in replying to the long lost youth told him the truth about the bank joke. Then the young fellow came back, but not as he went away. He rode in a parlor car and swelled around in a hack. He had gone to Montreal and after the first shock had settled down to work and gradually by lucky speculation had grown rich.—Philadelphia Enquirer.

**Graves in the Crimea.**  
Some interesting results were obtained from the archaeological explorations carried on in the Crimea during last summer. Professor Vesselski found painted human bones in two graves—six skeletons in one grave and one in another. The well known archaeologist Professor Grempler, of Dresden, who was present last year at the congress of archaeologists at Moscow, is of opinion that these graves belonged to the original inhabitants of the Crimea, the Cimmericians of Herodotus. It was a usage with them to lay their dead on elevated spots so that the birds might consume the flesh. When quite bleached they painted the skeletons with some mineral pigment. Graves containing such painted skeletons have been found in Central Asia, but only in a few instances. Only three such graves had been previously found in the Crimea. Professor Grempler proposes to take the skeletons with him to Paris, and exhibit them at the congress of anthropologists to be held there during the autumn.—Boston Transcript.

**Damages for a Delayed Message.**  
The state supreme court of North Carolina has confirmed the action of the lower court which awarded to J. T. Young, of Craven county, N. C., \$10,000 damages against the Western Union Telegraph company. It is represented that last year "Young's wife was taken very ill in Columbia, S. C. Mr. Young was at New Bern, N. C., and his wife telegraphed him that she was sick, and requested him to come to her at once. He did not get the message until six days later, and in the meantime Mrs. Young died and was buried. Young not knowing of either fact till all was over."—Philadelphia Ledger.

**MERIT WINS.**  
We desire to say to our citizens that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. H. H. Stafford & Son, druggists.

**Fifty Spasms a Day.**  
Had Mrs. H. A. of Virginia, Indiana lived two thousand years ago she would have been thought to be possessed by evil spirits. She was subject to nervous prostration, headaches, dizziness, backache, palpitation and forty to fifty spasms a day, though having been treated by eight physicians for years without success, she was permanently cured by one bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. A trial bottle of his new and wonderful medicine, and a finely illustrated treatise free at H. H. Stafford & Son's Drug Store, who recommends and guarantees it.

**100 Ladies Wanted.**  
And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, Liver and Kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up of the complexion it does wonders. It is the best spring medicine known. Large-size packages, 50 cents. At all druggists.  
**Miles, Nerve & Liver Pill.**  
An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, dizziness and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, sweetest, 3 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at H. H. Stafford & Son.  
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**LOOSE'S RED CLOVER PILLS CURE** Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation. 25c per box, 5 boxes for \$1. For sale by H. H. Stafford & Son.

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The only place to find what you want at Chicago prices.  
**QUINN, The Driver.**

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DEALER IN  
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**Best Flour**  
The best in the world. Poultry, lamb and all the best grades of  
**Fresh and Salt Meat.**  
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**A. ERICKSON'S NOTION STORE.**  
The largest stock of  
**Fancy Glassware, Crockery,**  
Fresh Candy and Cigars  
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on Hand.  
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LV. Chicago	9:30 A. M.	4:45 P. M.
AT. MILWAUKEE	11:25 "	6:45 "
" MARQUETTE	2:15 P. M.	9:48 "
" MENAUNEE	2:25 "	9:55 "
" FISH-WATER	2:43 "	10:28 "
" GREENBAY	2:50 "	10:38 "
" PLYMOUTH	3:05 "	11:58 "
" MILWAUKEE	7:03 "	3:20 "
" WISCONSIN	10:05 "	4:00 P. M.
" INDIAN	3:55 A. M.	3:70 P. M.
" CHICAGO	7:50 "	6:20 "
" LOUISVILLE	7:15 "	7:30 "
" ST. LOUIS	7:30 "	7:35 "
" OMAHA	6:05 P. M.	9:10 A. M.
" KANSAS CITY	8:55 "	7:50 "

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**Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Hoodus, Conn.**

REGULAR ROW HAS BEGUN.

Grave Senators Get Into Sharp Struggle Over Mr. Lodge's Much-Discussed Election Bill.

CONSIDERATION ORDERED TO PROCEED BY STRICT PARTY VOTE.

Congressional Bear Garden Full of Growls. Fighting for Justice to American Authors. An Apportionment Bill.

FIGHTING OVER THE LODGE BILL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The federal election bill—the measure over which the great fight in the last session of the fifty-first congress will be waged—was taken up in the senate to-day. This was the result of the republican caucus held yesterday afternoon after adjournment. The bill was called up by a vote of 41 to 30. Mr. Hoar set the ball rolling by moving to take up the bill. Mr. Gorman demanded the yeas and nays, and the vote was taken. Then Mr. Hoar suggested that instead of the original house bill being re-read the substitute reported by the senate committee on privileges and elections be re-read. Several democratic senators expressed dissent to that proposition, and Mr. Harris said: "No, no, let the original house bill be read." So the clerk proceeded with the reading of the original house bill. The reading went on monotonously and

up to 2 o'clock, when, under the rules of the senate the "unfinished business" from the last session came up, being the house bill providing for the adjustment of account of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the eight hour law. Mr. Hoar moved to proceed with the consideration of the election law, and Mr. Gorman rose to argue against that motion. The point of order was made by Mr. Hoar that the motion was not debatable and the presiding officer (Mr. Hale in the chair) decided in support of the point of order but said that he would submit the question to the determination of the senate. Mr. Gorman claimed the right to discuss the point of order. Mr. Hoar denied that right on the ground that a subsidiary question arising out of a matter that is itself undebatable, cannot be debated. Mr. Butler inquired what the effect of Mr. Hoar's motion (if agreed to) would be on the unfinished business. The presiding officer—The effect of it would be to bring the election bill before the senate, and the unfinished business would not be taken up at any time afterwards except by a vote of the senate.

Mr. Butler—Then the effect of the motion would be to postpone indefinitely the unfinished business? The presiding officer—The eight-hour bill will take its place on the calendar. Mr. Butler—Then that bill is not on the calendar now? The presiding officer—Both bills are on the calendar. Mr. Butler—If the motion of the senator from Massachusetts shall prevail, will it not result in the

DEFEAT OF THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW? Mr. Hoar—The eight-hour law can be defeated only by some unreasonable procrastination of the election bill. Mr. Butler—As to whether such procrastination may be unreasonable or not, that is another proposition. I simply rose to a parliamentary question whether the motion is not in direct antagonism to the eight hour law, and whether if it prevail, it will not result practically in the defeat of that law.

Mr. Frye—That is hardly a parliamentary question. Mr. Butler—I understood the chair to state that the eight-hour bill goes to the calendar and takes its place there. Mr. Blackburn—At the foot of the calendar. Mr. Spooner—How can the senator from South Carolina fairly ask the chair to prophesy what the action of the senate may be? Mr. Butler—I am not asking the chair to make any prophecy. I am simply asking the chair what will be the parliamentary effect of the motion of the senator from Massachusetts. In other words will not the effect be to place the eight-hour bill (which is now the unfinished business) at the

FOOT OF THE CALENDAR? The presiding officer—The bill will take the place on the calendar it holds now. What will be the final effect on the bill is not a parliamentary question for the chair to decide. Mr. Butler—Do I understand the chair to say that this eight-hour bill will retain its place on the calendar without unanimous consent? The presiding officer—The bill that is displayed will return to the calendar and can be taken up at any time by a vote of the senate. Mr. Blair—I ask unanimous consent that the unfinished business be temporarily laid aside. Mr. Harris—I object to its being informally laid aside, but I want to appeal to the senator from Maryland and other friends not to contest the question of order. I am well satisfied that the motion of the senator from Massachusetts to proceed to the consideration of the

ELECTION BILL IS IN ORDER. Mr. Morgan—I called for the reading of the eight-hour bill. I did not know what its provisions were and I wanted to understand what the measure was which (when half finished) is antagonized by the election law. I believe that it is a bill to provide justice for laborers and if that be the fact I have a right to know it. That is my attitude. Mr. Gorman having alluded to the eight-hour bill being one in which many laboring men of the country were interested, objection was made by Mr. Hoar to the making of "stump speeches" and Mr. Butler remarked that the senator from Massachusetts had set the example. Then with a view of facilitating matters, and in deference to the views of senators on his own side of the chamber, Mr. Gorman withdrew his opposition to Mr. Hoar's motion, but called for the

YEAS AND NAYS ON IT. Mr. Frye—the senator from Maryland

usually talks good sense; but in the matter now before the senate he certainly does not. The labor bill—the republican side of the senate favoring it—Mr. Butler—I must object to the senator proceeding with his remarks. Mr. Frye—(not heeding the objection)—and having favored it. Mr. Butler—I object. Mr. Frye—Let me finish the sentence. Mr. Butler—No, sir; I object. Mr. Frye—(persisting)—is now in the hands of the minority. Mr. Butler—I object.

The question was taken on Mr. Hoar's motion to proceed with the election bill and it was agreed to by a strict party vote—yeas 35; nays 30. Mr. Blair (who had voted with the majority) gave notice that at the earliest opportunity, subject to the election bill, he would move that the senate proceed to the consideration of the labor bill just displaced. The clerk resumed the reading of the bill at page 27, and had proceeded as far as page 56, (the whole number of pages covered by the house bill being 70) when Mr. Hoar suggested for the convenience of senators that the reading of the remainder of the house bill be dispensed with, and that the senate substitute read, and the debate not to be entered on this afternoon. There being no objection, that course was followed and the clerk began the reading of the senate substitute which covers 38 printed pages. The reading of the bill was finished at 4:30 and the senate adjourned.

IN THE NATIONAL BEAR GARDEN. Speaker Reed laid before the house the senate bill referring to the court of claims the claim of the Chesapeake Female college for property destroyed during the war. In the discussion of the bill, Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, taking advantage of a recognition, proceeded to argue that the omission of section 30 from the tariff bill from the enrolled copy rendered the entire bill a nullity. The pending bill was passed, yeas 131, nays 89. In the morning Mr. Simonds, from the committee on patents, called up for consideration the copyright bill. Mr. Payson (Ill.) raised the question of consideration. The house decided—yeas, 132, nays 74—to consider the bill, but Mr. Blount (Ga.) having changed his vote for that purpose, moved a reconsideration, which was defeated. The speaker then recognized Mr. Simonds to move an amendment providing that the act shall go into effect July 1, 1891; notwithstanding the effort of Mr. Kerr of Iowa, to secure recognition for a motion to adjourn. Mr. Simonds demanded the previous question on the bill and amendment pending and Mr. Kerr moved an adjournment. The motion to adjourn was lost—yeas 83; nays 123, and the question recurred on the demand for the previous question pending which Mr. Hopkins (Ill.) moved to lay the bill on the table. Mr. Spinola (N. Y.) made the point of order that the motion was a dilatory one and could not be entertained. The speaker overruled the point and entertained the motion. The motion to table was lost, yeas 89; nays 129. Mr. Blount (Ga.) moved a reconsideration. Lost—yeas 83; nays 123. A motion to adjourn having been voted down, yeas 82; nays 109—the question recurred on the demand for the previous question. The previous question was ordered—yeas 106; nays 73. The house then adjourned leaving the bill as unfinished business.

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT BILL. The proposition to take American copyright on the same basis as American citizens in three cases: First, when the nation of the foreigner permits copyright to American citizens, on substantially the same basis as their own citizens; second, when the nation of the foreigner gives to American citizens copyright privileges similar to those provided for in this bill; third, when the nation of the foreigner is a party to an international agreement providing for reciprocity in copyright, by the terms of which agreement the United States can become a party thereto, at its pleasure. A subsidiary but important proposition of the bill is that all books, copyrighted under the proposed act, shall be printed from type set within the United States or from plates made therefrom.

STANDING TARIFF COMMISSION. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Representative Frank of Missouri, to-day introduced a bill for the appointment of a commission of five persons, to hold office for six years, not more than three of whom shall be of one political party, whose duty it shall be to examine into and ascertain the prices of commodities both in this country and abroad, with special reference to changes in the tariff laws of the United States. The permanent office of this commission is to be in Washington and the object of its framer is to secure information that will be valuable in any consideration of the tariff question.

CONCERNING THE WORLD'S FAIR. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Congressman Flower of New York to-day said that the World's Fair congressional committee would meet soon after Mr. Chandler, the chairman, returned to the city and decide what if anything was necessary to be done as a result of the committee's visit to Chicago. The committee would be governed largely by the course pursued by the national commission. The commission had already adopted some of the suggestions of the committee and might, perhaps, by adopting others obviate the necessity for any congressional action. Mr. Flower said he thought the committee was unanimous in the opinion that the national commission should give the Chicago local directors more liberty. The commission's duties had been merely supervisory. The Chicago people should control the management of affairs and be made responsible for the results. He was opposed to any divided responsibility.

APPORTIONMENT BILL INTRODUCED. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—In the house today Mr. Frank (Mo.) introduced for reference a bill making an apportionment of the representatives in congress under the eleventh census. It provides that after March 3, 1893, the house of representatives shall be composed of 356 members, to be apportioned among the several states as follows: Alabama, 9; Arkansas, 6; California, 7; Colorado, 2; Connecticut, 4; Delaware, 1; Florida, 2; Georgia, 11; Idaho, 1; Illinois, 22; Indiana, 13; Iowa, 11; Kansas, 8; Kentucky, 11; Louisiana, 6; Maine, 4; Maryland, 6; Massachusetts, 13; Michigan, 12; Minnesota, 7; Mississippi, 7; Mis-

souri, 13; Montana, 1; Nebraska, 6; Nevada, 1; New Hampshire, 2; New Jersey, 8; New York, 34; North Carolina, 9; North Dakota, 1; Ohio, 21; Oregon, 2; Pennsylvania, 30; Rhode Island, 2; South Carolina, 7; South Dakota, 2; Tennessee, 10; Texas, 13; Vermont, 2; Virginia, 10; Washington, 2; West Virginia, 4; Wisconsin, 10; Wyoming, 1. Section 2 provides that whenever a new state is admitted to the union the representative or representatives assigned to it shall be in addition to the number 356. Section 3 is that in each state entitled to membership under the apportionment the number to which such state may be entitled in the Fifty-third and each subsequent congress shall be elected by districts composed of territory contiguous, adjoining and compact so that the distances from the central point of the district to the several boundaries of the district shall be as nearly equal as practicable. The population of no district shall be greater or less than the average population of the several districts of the state by more than 8,000. The districts shall be equal in number to the representatives to which such state may be entitled in congress, no district electing more than one representative. Section 4 says that in any state where no legislative assembly or where no legislature is elected subsequent to this reapportionment and prior to the election of representatives in congress under this apportionment, in case of an increase in the number of representatives which may be given to any state under this apportionment bill, such additional representatives may be elected by the state at large and the other representatives by law until the legislature shall re-district such state.

FOR AN INTER-CONTINENTAL RAILWAY. WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The inter-continental railway company composed of representatives from the United States and the other American republics, which was recommended by the international American conference for the purpose of supervising a survey for a line to connect the railway systems of North America with those of South America, will meet for organization in the diplomatic chamber of the department of state at 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, Dec. 4th. Secretary Blaine will deliver an address of welcome.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Representative Andrew, of Massachusetts, to-day introduced a bill to place raw wool, coal and iron ore on the free list.

KIRK AND HIS CONTRACT. Mrs. Vincent's Story of How He Obtained that Paper. NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Mrs. Rose Vincent, whom the Baltimore sporting man, William P. Kirk, is suing for an alleged balance of \$10,800, due on a contract to pay him \$12,000 for services, is not disposed to be silent now that Kirk has been talking to the reporters. Her defence to the suit is that she signed the contract under duress and under threats to make scandalous accusations against her. At her rooms in the Green-oble, on West Fifty-seventh street, she said to-night: "I most emphatically deny the stories that this man has seen fit to give to the newspapers concerning his business relations with me. He was introduced to me by my husband, who asked me to give him an opportunity to make a living. As I own a good deal of real estate in the west I gave him some employment in its management, and I paid him for what he did for me. When I had no further need for him I discharged him. He then came to my house and cried and begged me not to cast him out. As he had been my husband's friend, I helped him even after that, and this is the return I get for it."

Mrs. Vincent's life has been a romantic one. She is a daughter of the late Franklin Steele, of Washington and Minneapolis. Eighteen years ago she was a debutante in the gay society of the capital and had a host of admirers. Miss Steele met, at her father's home in George town, Charles Vincent and eloped with the handsome southerner. The marriage was not a happy one and Mrs. Vincent applied to the divorce court. The court gave her a divorce and the custody of her three children. She then left Washington and took up her abode in Baltimore, but her former husband and Kirk followed her to that city and she abandoned her home there and came to New York, where she has since resided. It was while living in Baltimore that Kirk obtained from Mrs. Vincent the paper in which she agreed to pay him \$12,000 for his services. A friend of the Steele family, in speaking of this incident, said to-night: "Mrs. Vincent was alone in her house in Baltimore, and her husband and Kirk came there and frightened her into signing the paper. She did not know what she was doing at the time. She was crazy with fear."

MAY HOLD ANOTHER ELECTION. John L. Mitchell Not Yet Sure of His Seat in Congress. MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 2.—A serious question has arisen as to the legality of the canvass of votes in Milwaukee county. The official returns received by the secretary of state were signed by two justices of the peace and a private citizen. This in no way conforms to the law which requires that all members of the canvassing board shall be from a list of county officials specified therein. To-day another set of blanks was sent to the county clerk of Milwaukee county. There yet remain three days for returns to be sent in to the secretary of state, but as the case now stands the question further arises, inasmuch as no legal board has been organized to canvass the returns, whether such board can be organized legally. The law provides that it shall convene by the first Tuesday following election and may then adjourn from time to time. But such board evidently did not organize at that time. 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**Wanted—For Rent or Sale—Miscellaneous**

**LOST**—A parcel containing cotton cloth. Finder will please leave at this office. 12-21

**SITUATION WANTED**—As domestic servant. Apply to 400 Arch st. 12-21

**NEW FURNITURE**—For sale and house for rent. Enquire at 17 East Michigan. 12-21

**APPRENTICE GIRLS**—Wanted to learn dress-making. Apply 14 Superior street, over M. H. Ford's grocery store. 12-21

**CHRISTMAS CARDS**—and presents, invitations to receipts, etc., printed by Mrs. L. C. Monk. Musical Colles, etc. Prices moderate. 12-11

**WANTED**—Situations by young men with five years experience in the dry goods and grocery business. Can furnish best of reference. Address: J. A. McKENZIE, Red Jacket, Mich. 11-22

**CHRISTMAS GOODS**—A large assortment of goods suitable for Christmas presents are now on display at my new store on Washington street. (12-21) HENRY TAPKEN.

**FLOWERS**—(choice flowers and funeral designs made at short notice. MRS. C. H. C. CAVIS. 11-21

**WANTED—ACTIVE, HONEST MAN**—Salary \$40 monthly if suitable, with opportunity for advancement, to represent locally responsible New York house. References: MANUFACTURER, Local box 183, N. Y. 9-11

**GILL WANTED**—For general housework. One that is willing to work good wages and steady employment. Apply at once to 67 North Third st. 11-31

**FOR SALE**—Three horses and one colt. Apply to A. L. ALEXANDER, 128 W. Ohio. 11-15

**FOR RENT OR SALE**—House No 134 West Ridge street, to sell on easy terms or rent. Inquire of L. C. PALMER, 329 E. Arch st. 11-11

**FURNISHED ROOM** for rent 123 Buell street. 11-11

**METAL BACK ALBUM**—And extra leaves for sale by A THURTELL, 155 Washington st. 11-11

**TO RENT**—A furnished front room suitable for one or two persons. Apply 412 High st. (11-11)

**MONKEY TO LOAN**—On mortgage or other good security. FRANK E. PEARSE, 10-241 Office E. J. Maps, Nester Block.

**FOR RENT**—House at 117 East Michigan st. 6 rooms; city water in yard and house. Apply at office of E. J. Maps, Nester block, or at 412 East Michigan street. FRANK E. PEARSE. 10-241

**UNDERWEAR**—Ypsilanti jersey fitting underwear, union suits for ladies, gentlemen and children. Also highly desirable and children. Sold by Mrs. L. Stouff 609 High st. (10-11)

**FOR SALE**—One portable hoisting machine and boiler. One 20 H. P. locomotive boiler. One large (Leavitt type) boiler. J. R. VAN EVERA, 318 Front st. 10-11

**FURNISHED ROOM**—At 340 East Arch st. 10-11

**FOR SALE**—New house in the Nester addition. Ten rooms, fully located. Easy terms. Inquire of HAGER & JOHNSON. 9-211

**SOMETHING NEW**—Just the thing for any sized store, especially for cook stoves. No. 4 coal. J. R. SPEAR. (10-21)

**LOTS FOR SALE**—In the Nester addition. Inquire of HAGER & JOHNSON, (9-211)

**CALL** at M. R. Mankard's and see the Calorific Wagon, the best stove for spring and fall yet produced. 5-211

**TYPE WRITERS SUPPLIES**, TYPE WRITING work promptly and neatly. MISS M. LEHNEN, Room 24 Harlow Block. 5-191

**COAL**—On and after this date coal will be sold for cash and at the following prices: Ton \$10.00, 1/2 ton \$5.00, 1/4 ton \$2.50. Soft coal, 4 1/2 cord, \$10.00. Hardwood, 16 ft., per cord, \$15.00. J. R. SPEAR. (11-21)

**ALL KINDS** of new and good goods at Marquette's. A full stock always on hand. 5-211

**MUSIC.**

**Musical College.**  
MUSIC AND ART COLLEGE.  
112 Washington st.  
Open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Evening classes. Rates of tuition from \$2 per week upwards.

**STAFF OF TEACHERS:**  
Piano and Vocal: Geo. L. Johnson.  
Organ and Theory: Geo. L. Johnson.  
Violin, Viola, Violoncello, Bass: N. F. Johnson.  
Piano, Vocal: E. N. Johnson.  
French—Prof. S. G. Pratt.  
Guitar and Piano—Prof. Rowell.  
English and Latin—Prof. Dubois.  
MRS. L. C. MONK.  
JOHNSON & FOHRMAN, Directors. N. B.—Visitors always welcome. 11-21

**MUSIC**—Miss Margaret McDonald, voice and piano, Italian method, and pronunciation taught for terms and reference apply to Collins's music store, or 225 N. Front street. 9-11

**GUITAR AND BANJO**—Sanborn Row 11, soloist and instructor is now prepared to teach pupils at room 16, Harlow block. 11-21

**Prof. Z. A. Pratt,**  
**PRACTICAL PIANO TUNER.**  
And regulator. Several years with Steinway Sons, New York. Teacher of violin by the most approved methods. Music furnished for weddings and receptions. Leave orders at Musical College, Marquette, and Girard, Ishpeming. (11-21)

**DR. MARKHAM,**  
313 High St., Cor. Ridge.  
9 to 10 A. M.; 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 P. M.  
Special attention given to fitting spectacles from 1 to 2 P. M., daily. 6-1711

**PENSIONS.**  
A pension for every disabled soldier or of the late war who served 3 months, regardless of cause of disability.  
A pension for every widow of deceased soldier who served 3 months.  
Pensions for dependent parents.  
All claims quickly and successfully prosecuted. Call on or write to  
**M. D. BRYCE,**  
Attorney-at-Law, Marquette, Mich.

**COAL AND WOOD**—On and after this date coal and wood will be sold for cash and at the following prices: Ton 1/2 ton 1/4 ton  
Hard coal.....\$8 50 \$3 40 \$1 75  
Soft coal.....4 50 2 20 1 25  
Cannel coal.....5 50 3 00 1 50  
Hardwood, 4 ft., per cord.....\$8 00  
Hardwood, 16 ft., per cord.....15 00  
F. B. SPEAR.

**C. C. VAN IDERSTINE,**  
General Contractor and Builder  
Fine Residences a Specialty  
Cor. Spruce and Prospect Sts.,  
MARQUETTE  
Telephone connection. (13-31)

**ORCHARD & CLUSKEY,**  
Contractors and Builders.  
Shop Cor. Fourth & Crescent Sts.  
(Palmer's Addition.)  
Jobbing of all kinds promptly done. Screen Doors and Sash made and put up. Pictures Framed and Picture Mountings put up. Fence and all kinds built on short notice. Saws, filed. (16-11)

A 7th 2nd Druggists Retail 2,000,000 of  
**TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢**

**TALE OF THE TOWN**

*Fair weather; slightly warmer.*

The temperature got down yesterday to 33 degrees.

There will be a meeting of the Kindergarten club at its rooms at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Regular meeting of Iron division No. 41, U. R. K. P., at Castle hall to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Judge Steere heard the argument in an Alger county chancery case, involving a tax question, in Judge Brown's office yesterday.

The annual election of officers of Iron Cross lodge No. 106, Knights of Pythias, will take place on Friday evening.

The seven day rule affecting the new books in the city library has been withdrawn and they will now be loaned for the full period of two weeks.

Mr. A. Mathews' little son has been disabled by a needle which was in some manner broken off in his knee. Drs. Thiell and Harkins have him in charge.

There will be a meeting of Sunday school workers at the Methodist church this evening to discuss measures for the advancement of the cause in Marquette.

Plans are being prepared for a new residence for the Longyear addition to cost \$8,000 exclusive of the steam heating. It will be commenced as early as possible in the spring.

La Due's electrical exhibit in the corner windows of Brown's Pharmacy took the shape last evening of a very fine 5-light electric, the lower light having a powerful mirror reflector.

The Telephone company is now running a line to the works of the Michigan Polygraph Turning company. Until the new office is completed the company can be called up at the old scales office.

The pool room at the Hotel Marquette is being made over into a very handsome and attractive reading room by Mr. Deane. The table will be placed in its old quarters back of the dining room.

All members of the Citizens' association who paid their \$5 last year will be called upon January 1st for their annual dues again. The members who have come in recently will not be visited until later.

Brown's Pharmacy is being dressed in holiday attire, many of the Christmas gifts being already on display. Attention is called to the pharmacy's holiday announcement which appears elsewhere.

A telegram has been received in the city announcing the illness of Mrs. D. Fred Charlton at the Auditorium hotel in Chicago. The disease is typhoid fever and she is too ill to either be brought home here or taken to her old home in Detroit.

The Telephone company has provided all of its linemen with long gauntlet gloves of rubber, which are to be worn at all times when the men are handling wires, insuring their safety in case any of the telephone wires become crossed with the heavily charged wires of the electric light system.

E. T. Drew's stock of paints, wall papers, etc., has been tied up by the foreclosure of a small chattel mortgage by the Michigan White Lead works. Collections have been slow and Mr. Drew's trouble has been caused by this fact. The embarrassment will be only temporary, his many friends will be glad to learn, and he will be on his feet again speedily.

The December Forum, now out, contains the following articles: "The Government of American Cities," Andrew D. White; "Formative Influences," Archdeacon F. W. Farrar; "The Stability of the French Republic," Jules Simon; "Family Stocks in a Democracy," President C. W. Eliot; "The Humanities," Major J. W. Powell; "City, Genuine and Spurious," Frances Power Cobb; "Does China Menace the World?" President W. A. P. Martin; "Armor for War Ships," Commander F. M. Barber; "Notes on Ghosts," Andrew Lang; "Speed in Railway Travel," Prof. H. R. Thurston; "City Growth and Party Politics," William M. Springer.

**PERSONAL MOVEMENTS.**

David M. Ford is in the city.

R. S. Wilson, of the Soo, is in the city.

F. J. Trudell, of Iron Mountain, is in town.

J. Parke Channing was in the city last evening.

Richard Blake has returned from his Indiana trip.

John Dalzell, of Detroit, the well-known lumber buyer, is in the city.

Mayor Longyear and Mr. Alfred Kidder left yesterday for Chicago on business.

Miss May Heimlich, of Calumet, is in the city as the guest of Miss Tillie Wagner.

H. Gamble, of Saginaw, one of the best known lumbermen in the state, is in town on business.

Joseph Winter, of Negaunee, passes his days in Marquette attending court in the capacity of a juror.

Dan Donovan, of the South Shore shipping office, has just returned from a short vacation trip to Duluth.

Prosecuting Attorney Freeman, of Alger county, came up to the city from Au Train yesterday evening on business.

Capt. Edward Florida, of Crystal Falls, in charge of the famous Dunn and Armenta mines, is in the city on business.

Ladies clean your kid gloves with Mathers' glove cleaner, for sale only at Miss H. Howard's Millinery store. 11-4-1yr

A man who has practiced medicine for 40 years, ought to know salt from sugar; read what he says:

Toledo, O., Jan. 10, 1887.  
Messrs. F. J. Cheney & Co.—Gentlemen:—I have been in the general practice of medicine for most 40 years, and would say that in all my practice and experience have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with as much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by you. Have prescribed it a great many times and its effect is wonderful, and would say in conclusion that I would not cure, if they would take it according to directions.

Yours Truly,  
L. L. GORSUCH, M. D.  
Office, 215 Summit St.

We will give \$100 for any case of catarrh that can not be cured with Hall's Catarrh Cure. Taken internally.  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

**THE ALASKA SURVEY.**

Upper Yukon Parties Heard From After a Year's Silence.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Telegrams from San Francisco to the superintendent of the coast and geodetic survey announce the receipt of news from the two survey parties who have spent the last year on the Upper Yukon in Alaska. Mr. Turner, chief of the Porcupine river party, completed his work on the 141st meridian last spring and reached St. Michaels August 4. All were well in his party. He will winter at St. Michael. McGrath will spend the winter on the Upper Yukon, completing his astronomical observations. His party is in good condition and provided with plenty of provisions. The last news from Mr. Turner, previous to this was dated in January last.

**TRAINING SCHOOLS FOR NURSES.**

The Hospitals in New York City Which Fit Men and Women for Nursing.

The Bellevue Training School for Nurses was started on May 1, 1873, with a superintendent and five nurses, having five wards under their care.

In 1879 the school had 62 pupils and had graduated 245, while as a direct outgrowth of that modest beginning there are three other great schools in New York state. These are the New York City, which has 64 pupils and has graduated 250; the New York hospital, with 43 pupils and 12 graduates, and Mount Sinai, which has 111 graduates.

The first of the three schools in the city, Bellevue, must be considered as the pioneer. Her graduates are the head of most of the hospitals in the city. She has been gone so far that she is almost forgotten. It was founded in 1817, and is entirely supported by the city. Until 1850 it was the Charity Hospital school, but as it grew it was separated from the city and was transferred to the city.

It is now the largest and in some respects the most important of all the schools, as it nurses five different hospitals—Charity and Maternity on Blackwell's Island, the Infants' hospital on Randall's Island, Gouverneur, at Gouverneur Slip, and Harlem, at the foot of East One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street. The two last being general or emergency hospitals, while at Charity the cases are largely chronic. Besides the pupils of the school there are thirty-two permanent trained nurses at Charity and Randall's Island, making nearly a hundred in all, for whom the superintendent is directly responsible, and over whom she has full authority. The other schools in the city are supported from the funds of the hospitals which they nurse.—Mrs. Frederick Rheinlander Jones in Scribner's.

**Fish with Brass Labels.**

If any one engaged in sea fishing should capture fish with brass labels tied to their tails with aluminum wire or a black silk cord an explanation will no doubt be somewhat eagerly desired. There are hundreds of fish so treated in the sea, and it need not be concluded that practical fishers have been at work. The brass label is an indication that the fish was taken in the hands of the investigating party, the food and the growth conditions of fish in Scottish waters. Two objects are served by this label attachment.

In the event of the fish being captured by any one who will give information to the fishery board of the Scotch fishery board on the Garland there will be something known about its migratory habits. Its rate of growth in a state of freedom may also be investigated. It might be thought that the chance of meeting with these labeled fish again would be very small, but it appears that the Garlands themselves have recaptured 21 per cent. of the price and 18 per cent. of the cod wearing their medals. But only plaice, cod and skate were recaptured. The experiments are to be continued on a large scale. They do not interfere with the health of the fish, which when recaptured are plump and in good condition.—London Illustrated News.

**John is the Older.**

Among a certain coterie in this city more or less speculation was a short time since going on concerning the relative ages of Senator Charles B. Farwell and his brother John V., the merchant prince. It was of no use to consult the public records, for they differed and were not reliable. And as John V. simply shook his head and smiled in answer to inquiries on the subject, and as the senator when in Washington declined to express himself in writing, the individuals interested were compelled to let their thirst for knowledge continue unquenched until the latter should return. When he did return he was ill, but that was no obstacle, and upon gaining his presence the committee put the question to him. The senator looked at them for a moment, raised himself on his elbow and replied in feeble tones: "I was born first, but John is the older."

Then he lay down on his pillow, turned over, and the committee, bursting with a plethora of information, withdrew.—Chicago Herald.

**Wealthy.**

A prominent citizen of St. Paul was in Minneapolis and met a former acquaintance whose ordinary condition was what is known as impecunious. This time, however, his face was fairly beaming.

"How are you?" he asked in a cheerful bass voice as he extended his hand to the man from St. Paul.

"First rate. How are you?"

"Splendid! Do you know?"—here he dropped his voice to a confidential key and said: "I've been given the use for life of a half million dollar estate over on Nicollet avenue?"

"You have?" asked the other man in astonishment.

"Yes, the public library."—St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

# Matchless Overcoat Sale!

## STEADY CUSTOM.

That's what we are after. We expect to obtain yours, not by TALK, but by offering and giving you such VALUE for your money as cannot be obtained elsewhere.

### Deeds Not Words

Are what you want.

## The Greatest values in Honest Goods

Ever offered in this city. A fine line of Melton, Kersey and Chevoit Box overcoats

## Boys' and Children's Overcoats

We have a LARGE VARIETY for BIG and LITTLE BOYS, in fancy patterns, plaid CAPE OVERCOATS, NOBBY and ALL WOOL; a so in CHIN-CHILLAS with ASTRACHAN or PLUSH TRIMMINGS. All our goods are marked in

## Plain Figures. One Price to all.

A careful inspection of our stock will convince you that the

### CHEAPEST AND MOST RELIABLE PLACE

TO TRADE is at

# Duquette & Metz,

## The One Price Clothiers.

Corner Front and Spring Streets.

Prendergast Will Preside.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—Judge Richard J. Prendergast was to-day elected president of the Chicago Drainage commission by his colleagues of that body. The commission is the organization having charge of the canal for which funds estimated at \$30,000,000 have already been voted by the city of Chicago and the state of Illinois. It will connect Lake Michigan with the Mississippi river.

**Buying Sugar Plantations.**

HAVAN, Dec. 2.—It is said that representatives of a strong American syndicate have arrived in Manzanilla for the purpose of purchasing several sugar estates.

**Marshal's Notice of Sale**

of the steam tug "Clara Irr" her engines, boilers, machinery, etc.

The District Court of the United States for the Western District of Michigan, Northern Division, in Admiralty. Whereas a libel was filed in said court on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1890, by Fulleas M. Church and Frank S. Carlton against the steam tug "Clara Irr" her machinery, boilers, etc., and praying that the same may be condemned and sold to answer the prayer of said libellants, and Whereas, the said steam tug, her boilers, machinery, etc., have been attached by process issued out of the said District Court, in pursuance of the said libel and are now in custody of the said libel and are now in custody by virtue thereof; and such proceedings having been thereupon had, that by the final sense and decree of the said court, in this cause made and pronounced, on the sixth day of May 1890, the said tug, her boilers, machinery, etc., are condemned and ordered to be sold by me after giving ten days notice of said sale according to law.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that the said steam tug "Clara Irr" her boilers, machinery, etc., will be offered for sale by me to the highest bidder at the place where the said tug is now lying aground and stranded on the river bank of the St. Mary's River within the City of Sault Ste. Marie, in Chippewa County, Michigan.

Said sale will take place on Saturday, the 13th day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and ninety, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Dated this 21st day of November, A. D. 1890.

JAMES R. CLARK,  
United States Marshal for said District by  
JOHN M. HOGARTH,  
Deputy U. S. Marshal. 11-24-51

JOHN C. SHAW,  
Proctor for libellants.

## J. E. REAU, Agt.

—FOR THE—

## Falk, Jung & Bouchert

### BREWING COMPANY,

OF MILWAUKEE.

Office in Basement of Nester Block.

Beer will be delivered to any part of the city at the following prices:

CASK BEER.			
	2 doz. qts.	3 doz. pts.	
Pilsener.....	\$2 50	\$2 50	
Culmbacher.....	3 00	3 00	
Extra Dry, light.....	3 00	3 00	
KEG BEER.			
	Bbl.	1/2 bbl.	1/4 bbl.
Pilsener.....	\$3 00	\$4 00	\$2 00
Culmbacher.....	3 00	4 00	2 00

And upwards. Visit their shops and see stock in their repository before buying.

V. B. COCHRAN, Proprietor. J. E. RICHARDSON, Manager.

**F. H. W. BAILEY, Taxidermist**  
BIRDS and ANIMALS mounted to order.  
Deer heads a specialty. MARQUETTE Mich.

**The Celebrated Mark's**  
**Adjustable Folding Chair**  
As shown at the Detroit Exposition, with its FIFTY DIFFERENT CHANGES OF POSITION is for sale by  
**Leonard & Carter Furniture Co**  
Detroit, Mich.  
WESTERN AGENTS.  
The largest retail dealers in Michigan. 16-11-6

"Pillsbury's Best"

## XX FLOUR XX

HAY, GRAIN, FEED.

## COAL

Brick, Cement, Salt, Etc., Etc.

## F. B. SPEAR.

FOHRMAN BROS.,  
PIANOS and ORGANS

Steinway, Stock, Bradbury, Haines, Estey, Camp & Co.

Mason & Hamlin Patent Upright.  
Royal Edition of Sheet Music. Instruction Books for all Instruments. Violins, Guitars, Brass Instruments. Pianos kept in Tune by the Year. Easy Monthly Installments.  
112 Washington St., up-stairs Marquette.

**JAMES N. FOHRMAN, TEACHER OF MUSIC.**  
Voice, Piano, Violin, Guitar and Musical Theory.  
Studio, No. 112 Washington Street, (Up-Steps), 16-111

**Notice to Contractors.**

In pursuance of an ordinance passed by the common council of the city of Marquette, on the 17th day of November, A. D. 1889, for grading, curbing and macadamizing High street from Prospect street to south line of Longyear's addition, viz: grading to the full width of said street and macadamizing to the width of thirty feet in the center thereof, with planked gutters on both sides—plans must be sure at each end—and said gutters to be constructed and said macadamizing to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in the ordinance of said city relative thereto.

Sealed proposals will be received by the recorder until 5 o'clock P. M. on the 21st day of December, 1890, for the performance of said work according to the profile and specifications to be seen at his office.

Each bid must be accompanied by two bonds, each in the penal sum of the total amount of the bid, one conditioned for the faithful performance of contract, if awarded, and the other conditioned for the payment of all labor and material claims arising under such contract.

The aforesaid street must be left in proper condition after completion of contract.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated Nov. 21, 1890. THOMAS MEAD, Recorder. (11-25-166)

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad is the short direct line from Michigan and Canada to Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, Nashville, Birmingham, Meridian, New Orleans, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macon, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville and all southern cities.

Day and night express trains run solid between Detroit and Cincinnati.

Direct connections made at Cincinnati for all points south, southeast and southwest.

The only line leaving Detroit morning and evening by which you can secure parlor and sleeping no coaches. No extra charge for quick time and superior service.

Call on nearest ticket agent of any line in Michigan or Canada for through tickets to all points south, or address D. B. Tracy, Northern Passenger Agent, 155 Jefferson avenue, Detroit, or E. O. McCormick, General Passenger Agent, 300 West Fourth street, Cincinnati.



OR HOW BLUE.

Why People Feel Reddy to Die Upon an Attack of the "Blues." Sound Advice. What is the cause of the blues? Nine out of ten people have occasional fits of the blues, and accept the fact without musing into the cause.

In the vast majority of cases it is due to nervous disorder of some sort; headache, falling memory, nervousness, neuritis are all effects of the same cause.

The high pressure at which the nervous system is to be kept for most of the smaller fits, which are neglected as being "no consequence."

Yet these are the most important, for they are most frequent and the forerunners of more serious illness, and warn of an approaching complete prostration.

First notice of the symptoms of approaching illness, and warn of an approaching complete prostration, paralysis, sudden death.

It is the duty of every one to avert the possible danger. To accomplish this the brain and nervous system should be brought to a normal condition.

Dr. F. H. C. O'Connell's compound, in which the recuperative quality of cod liver is especially pronounced by its process of manufacture, will build up the nervous system in that a new level of life is to be taken by the suffering individual.

It is the duty of every one to avert the possible danger. To accomplish this the brain and nervous system should be brought to a normal condition.

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CALIFORNIA GRAPES.

THEY ARE GROWN IN NEARLY EVERY PART OF THE STATE.

There is an Area of 400,000 Acres in Vine in the United States—The Product is 20,000,000 Gallons of Wine and 200,000 Tons of Table Grapes.

"I have no doubt that it will surprise you to learn that the vine is one of the most important crops raised in the United States."

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AN ANSWER.

Do you know you have asked for the costliest thing Ever made by the Hand above— A woman's heart and a woman's life.

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THE COPPER COUNTRY.

Ran Down at Last—An Austrian Carving Bee—A Pioneer Gene-Product of the Mines.

On the night of August 14th Marshal Sullivan arrested three Austrians for being drunk and disorderly.

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GRAND HOLIDAY DISPLAY!

The Most Complete as Well as Largest Stock of DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, Sterling Silver, Silver Novelties, Plated Wares, Art Wares, Porcelain, Cut Glass, Wedding and Birthday Presents, Fine Toys, And Notions.

G. ROHER, Hancock, Mich.

THE REASON WHY

The "HAAS" BEER is having an increased consumption every year, is that the

HAAS BREWING COMPANY

Pioneers in the business, use ONLY THE FINEST QUALITY OF MALT and BREW with skill, by men of long experience, and last, but not least, IMPORTANT of all, is the fact that they use only

The Celebrated Huron Spring Water

making their beer. This water has been analyzed by noted chemists and pronounced strictly pure, possessing

HEALTH-GIVING PROPERTIES AND MEDICINAL VIRTUES.

The absence of sickness among the residents of Houghton who use the Huron Spring water is proof of our statement.

HAAS BREWING COMPANY

F. W. READ & CO. --- LUMBER

Mills at Eagle Mills and Michigamme. All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Pine, Hemlock, Birch, Maple, CAPACITY OF DRY KILN, 45,000 FEET.

WHITE PINE and NORWAY LARCH TIMBER. Sash, Doors, Blinds, Pickets, Storm Sash, Mouldings, Shingles, Lath, etc.

We have a large stock of material. Branch office and yards, Division street, South Ishpeming.

HOTEL DUQUETTE

Lake Linden, Mich. An entirely new hotel with excellent accommodations for travelers. Rates reasonable. Special terms given to traveling companies on application. Bar and billiard room connected with the house.

FRED SARGENT Manager. (3-12-17)

Butterfield House, HOUGHTON, MICH.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS At Reasonable Terms. Two blocks South of New Bank block.

F. PUMMERVILL, Proprietor. (3-12-17)

McCURDY BROS CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

HOUGHTON, MICH. Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for any class of building. Mine building a specialty. (3-12-17)

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R'y

Direct Route between the East and South Coast and the great Northwest, and all points on the South Shore. CORRECTED TO NOVEMBER 16, 1930.

of Lake Superior. (Subject to change without notice.) LEAVE MARQUETTE AS FOLLOWS:

GOING WEST LOCAL PASSENGER, except Sunday, for Negaunee, Ishpeming, Humboldt, Champion, Michigamme, L'Anse, Baraga, Houghton, Trout Creek, Thompson, Bessemer, and intermediate points, connecting at Bessemer with M. L. S. & W. Ry. for Onondaga, Hurley, Ashland, and intermediate points, connecting at Hurley with Michigan Central and Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroads, for all points in lower Michigan and the east and southeast. Wagner Palace sleeping cars through to Detroit.

7:56 a.m. LOCAL PASSENGER, except Sunday, for Negaunee, Ishpeming, Humboldt, Champion, Michigamme, L'Anse, Baraga, Houghton, Trout Creek, Thompson, Bessemer, and intermediate points, connecting at Bessemer with M. L. S. & W. Ry. for Onondaga, Hurley, Ashland, and intermediate points, connecting at Hurley with Michigan Central and Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroads, for all points in lower Michigan and the east and southeast. Wagner Palace sleeping cars through to Detroit.

10:40 a.m. EXPRESS MAIL, daily, for Negaunee, Ishpeming, Republica, Champion, Michigamme, L'Anse, Baraga, Houghton, Trout Creek, Thompson, Bessemer, and intermediate points, connecting at Duluth with Mineral Range railroad for Hancock, Calumet, Red Jacket and Lake Linden.

2:55 p.m. EXPRESS MAIL, daily, for Negaunee, Ishpeming, Republica, Champion, Michigamme, L'Anse, Baraga, Houghton, Trout Creek, Thompson, Bessemer, and intermediate points, connecting at Duluth with Mineral Range railroad for Hancock, Calumet, Red Jacket and Lake Linden.

6:10 p.m. EAST EXPRESS daily for Negaunee, Ishpeming, Republica, Champion, Michigamme, L'Anse, Baraga, Houghton, Trout Creek, Thompson, Bessemer, and intermediate points, connecting at Duluth with Mineral Range railroad for Hancock, Calumet, Red Jacket and Lake Linden.

7:37 a.m. EAST EXPRESS daily for Sault Ste. Marie, connecting with the Canadian Pacific express at Sault Ste. Marie for Montreal, Boston, New York and all New York and New England points, connecting at Sault Ste. Marie with Michigan Central and Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroads, for all points in lower Michigan and the east and southeast. Wagner Palace sleeping cars through to Detroit.

1:20 p.m. EXPRESS MAIL, daily, for Negaunee, Ishpeming, Republica, Champion, Michigamme, L'Anse, Baraga, Houghton, Trout Creek, Thompson, Bessemer, and intermediate points, connecting at Duluth with Mineral Range railroad for Hancock, Calumet, Red Jacket and Lake Linden.

6:50 p.m. EXPRESS, daily, from Duluth, Michigamme, Republica and intermediate points.

7:25 a.m. LOCAL PASSENGER, daily, from Chicago, Milwaukee, Republica and intermediate points.

10:10 a.m. LOCAL PASSENGER, except Sunday, from Houghton and intermediate points.

1:00 p.m. LOCAL PASSENGER, except Sunday, from Houghton and intermediate points.

6:20 p.m. LOCAL PASSENGER, except Sunday, from Houghton and intermediate points.

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**EVERYBODY SKATE.**

Two Large Ice Rinks to be Maintained in the Queen City This Winter.

RECEPTION AT THE RESIDENCE OF MR. E. H. TOWAR LAST EVENING.

A Thumb Lost at the Polly Works-Lake Superior Carriage Works Rushed-Sandy Escanaba to Hello.

**Ward Brothers Ice Rink.**

Messrs. Walter and E. J. Ward have decided to build an ice rink for the season of 1890-91 on their lots near the corner of Hewitt avenue and Fourth street and ordered the necessary lumber yesterday. The skating surface provided will be 135x45 feet while there will be two large and entirely separate waiting rooms, each communicating directly with the rink proper and the entrance hall. Every effort will be made to hurry the building along and the projectors hope to have their opening night on week from next Saturday. Season tickets will be placed on sale immediately, the rate being \$3 for gentlemen, \$5 for gentlemen with ladies and \$2.50 for ladies. The price of general admission will be 15 cents; ten tickets for \$1. The rink will be open six nights in the week and will be under the management of E. J. Ward. Music will be provided probably twice a week.

**The Towar Reception.**

The reception at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Towar last evening partook largely of the nature of a housewarming, as it was the first occasion on which their new and elegant residence on East Arch street had been thrown open. Mr. and Mrs. Towar received, assisted by Miss Towar and Miss Madge Towar, while young and old were present in full force. The main floor of the house is beautifully finished in oak and splendidly adapted for large social gatherings, the rooms opening up so nicely for dancing that she house was voted a model in this respect. Under the brilliant glow of the incandescent lights the full beauty of the native woods and the artistic decorations was brought out and the house in design and finish challenged the admiration of every guest. The Hughes orchestra furnished the music and dancing was continued until a late hour when the guests departed, wishing Mr. and Mrs. Towar joy in their beautiful home.

**Lost a Thumb.**

Yesterday morning Michael Dywer, employed at the Michigan Polygonal Turning company's works, lost a thumb by having it caught in a rope while raising timbers. The thumb was torn off at the first joint, taking with it about eight inches of the tendon and necessitating re-amputation. The injury was a very painful one but it was fortunate that only the thumb was caught.

**At The Carriage Works.**

The advent of winter has brought on a great rush at the Lake Superior Carriage works and work is in progress there night and day now, the force being busy until 12 o'clock some nights. Twelve men are now employed and from two to four cutters are shipped daily. On Monday eight new cutters were sent out while the call for light and heavy sleighs is also large. The cities of the copper country and the Menominee range cities are large patrons of the Lake Superior works, and every carriage or sleigh sent out brings in new orders for good workmanship and reliability are appreciated the world over. Manager Richardson has on hand quite a stock of cutters, light and heavy sleighs, jump-seat cutters, etc., besides those which are being built according to special order and will at any time be pleased to show them.

**Escanaba to Have Phones.**

The Telephone & Telegraph Construction company is about to put in a telephone exchange in Escanaba, the Sandy city having been behind the age to date. The poles have already been ordered and Manager J. S. Healey expects a force of men on from Detroit soon to begin the work. If the weather is not too severe he expects to have the exchange in working order in sixty days. Of one thing the people of Escanaba may be sure and that is that with Mr. Healey in charge of the construction they will secure a splendidly built telephone system and one that will work to the best satisfaction. Marquette claims a model telephone exchange, the largest in northern Michigan, and it is what it is through the thorough rebuilding which Mr. Healey gave it a few years ago.

**New Merchant Tailor.**

William Aitken, the well-known Negaunee tailor and cutter, has opened an establishment in Marquette and can now be found on Superior street in the Red, White & Blue block. He was with Van Atta & Cook in Gladstone and afterwards in Negaunee while his experience as a cutter includes seventeen years' work in New York city. He guarantees fit and satisfaction and will be pleased to see not only any Marquette gentlemen desiring fine work but also his old up-the-road customers whenever they may happen to be in the city.

Mrs. J. Nicholson, Mr. Aitken's sister, has purchased the Heppner restaurant on Superior street and is now carrying it on with marked success. The bill of fare includes oysters and all delicacies while a specialty is made of 25 cent meals, served hot at any hour of the day.

**City Railway Matters.**

The city railway company is at work on the survey of its Presque Isle line which will leave the city lines at Fair avenue. L. C. Palmer is the engineer in charge and superintendent Guy is assisting him. The company is making the people of Marquette open their eyes. No undertaking in the city has been more vigorously pushed than the construction of the new electric street

railway. Fully \$15,000 has already been expended in the construction of the city lines and there is no better built track in the country. The steel is the best made and it was laid with great care. The company has paid as it went and does not owe a cent to-day. The work of preparing the site for its power station on Lake street is under way and in the early spring the company will be prepared to give Marquette not only electric rapid transit but electric power as well.

**Blackwood & Ross Again.**

Messrs. Blackwood & Ross, who achieved fame as rink managers in the old "Ideal," Marquette's first roller rink, have decided to open an ice rink at the corner of Arch and Spruce streets this winter and will commence work on the building immediately, the material having already been ordered. The skating surface will be 40x128 feet. The entrance will be on Arch street where there will be two waiting rooms, each 16x20 feet. The work of construction will be pushed as it is the intention of the proprietors to have the rink open and everything in good order for the holidays. It will probably be lighted by three arc lights or their equivalent in mammoth incandescents.

**In The Circuit Court.**

The case of the People vs Malt Talso took up the attention of the circuit court again yesterday and the other jurors were excused for the day. The call for to-day was cases 26 and 27, the J. J. Douglas Co. vs Samuel Hooper, of Negaunee, and the same vs Christ Johnson, of Negaunee, W. S. Hill for the plaintiff and E. J. Mapes for the defendants. Last evening the attorneys interested stated that the cases had been settled by the defendants. If no other cases are ready for trial this will give the court a vacation to-day.

**The M. B. & L. A. Meeting.**

The regular monthly meeting of the Marquette Building and Loan association was held at the board of trade rooms last evening and \$3,500 was loaned. There are now 313 shareholders in the association and over 4,300 shares of stock out while daily new stockholders are coming in and old ones are taking more shares. The association is on a sound basis, is very carefully managed and is in a most flourishing condition.

**Re-elected Last Night.**

Marquette lodge No. 101, F. & A. M., had its annual election of officers last night, all the officers of the last year, with the exception of treasurer, being re-elected. The following is the list:

W. B. McCombs, W. M.; Jas. W. Young, S. W.; C. M. Gooding, J. W. Will Mitchell, S. D.; C. E. Deane, J. D.; E. J. Steele, secretary; F. M. Moore, treasurer; Rev. S. J. Brown, tyler.

Mr. Lodell, representing Walter Bahl & Co., the Detroit furriers, will spend a few days in Marquette next week. Anyone desiring to see their line of fine furs will please call at Messrs. Watson & Palmer's store, where the goods will be on exhibition for two or three days. Exact dates will appear later on.

\$350.00, \$25.00 cash and \$10 per month will buy a lot in Chicago. Enquire of E. P. Wilbur, room 7, 306 Front street, Marquette. 10-12F

Price \$2.50 per cord. Leave orders at stores of A. S. Westlake and Steele & Lobdell, or at my office. GEO. L. BURTON

Don't forget Gordon's D. F. cigars when you want a good smoke.

**Are Your Children Sick?**

If they are, we know how you are worrying. For we all children. Love them in innocent ways, their childish prattle, even their mischievous pranks. Without them the world would be cheerless indeed. The more it pains us to see them suffer, the more thankful we ought to be that Peruna, a medicine has been discovered that will cure the ailments to which they are so generally subject, such as croup, colic, cholera infantum, dysentery, scarlet fever, whooping cough, diphtheria, or that dreadful catarrhal earache. If you will send to the Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio, you will receive free a copy of Dr. Hartman's "Ill of Life," containing full particulars for the use of Peruna in all the emergencies and also the most satisfactory testimonials to its efficacy. It also shows what Man-a-Lin, the unrivaled system regulator and remedy for constipation, can do. These family medicines, which no household can afford to be without, are sold everywhere—only \$1 a bottle. For sale by H. H. STAFFORD & SON.

\$75 to \$250 A MONTH can be made working for us. Persons preferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to L. V. business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. JOHNSON CO., 8-24F Main st., Richmond, Va.

GEO. E. FRENCH, Marquette, Mich Dealer in Horses and Real Estate, and all kinds of Sawed and Split Wood. Also brast-r of Paris, Cement and Hair, and the celebrated Pottery Lime, which has no equal. When buying see that you get every barrel stamped "H. O. Ross, Pottery, Mich." which are guaranteed genuine. Prices low as the lowest. All city of outside orders promptly filled. Telephone connection. Office 209, corner Division and Jackson sts., South Marquette

**To the Public!**

I would call the attention of the public to the fact that I have opened a Grocery and Provision Store opposite the post office, where I am ready to wait on all my old friends and as many new ones as I can secure, with a clean fresh stock at prices so low as to astonish you all. Bear in mind that the best and surest dividends is to pay as you go and buy cheap.

Yours Truly, A. PROULX.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK

DAN SULLIVAN, Proprietor, MARQUETTE, MICH.

**New, Elegant, Practical, Economical**

This will attract the ATTENTION OF THE YOUNG MARRIED PEOPLE SOLID PIECES OF Sterling Silver

Inlaid in the backs of SPOONS \* AND FORKS \* at Points Most Exposed to Wear AND THEN PLATED FOUR TIMES AS HEAVY AS Standard Plate. WARRANTED To Wear 25 Years. WILL LAST A LIFETIME. MORE DURABLE THAN LIGHT Sterling Silver AND NOT HALF THE COST. EACH ARTICLE IS STAMPED "E. STERLING INLAIN 'E. E.'"



**AT CONKLIN'S**

**Marquette Green House**

**Cut Flowers**

For Wedding Parties, Funerals, Etc. Can fill all orders for flowers and plants at short notice.

**OUT OF TOWN ORDERS SOLICITED**

Our prices are the same as Chicago.

**L. H. Stafford.**

**Richard Blake, Real Estate & Mining Stocks**

FOR SALE. No. 2 Harlow Block Front st.

**REAL ESTATE**

**M. E. ASIRE.**

Office under J. M. Wilkinson's Bank, Exclusive sale of Nester Addition and Vanner & Haer addition. (9-11F)

**DUMOND & WINTER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS**

Dealers in

Farm Produce, Fruit and Vegetables, Oysters, Canned Fish, Vegetables, a Specialty.

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**BROWN'S PHARMACY.**

JUST ARRIVED—A LARGE NEW ASSORTMENT OF PLUSH GOODS,

Consisting of: Toilet Cases, Manicure Sets, Glove & Handkerchief Boxes, Jewel Cases, Collar and Cuff Boxes.

In Plush, Chamois Skin, and Antique Oak Finish. Also a very fine assortment of gift-books and booklets, poems, photo albums and teachers' Oxford bibles. Call and examine our stock before purchasing.

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For men, boys and children, can always be found at

**GOODING & ORMSBEE,**

100 S. Front st., cor. Washington st.

Sole agents in Marquette for Jaro's Hygienic Underwear.



**BARGAINS That are BARGAINS**

AT GRABOWER'S.

**This Week This Week**

WE will sell all our MISSES and CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, 24 styles to select from, at prices that will astonish the closest buyers. Do not delay but come before they are all gone.

To Close Our :

**LADIES' PLUSH JACKETS**

We will sell

\$20.00 Jackets for	- - -	\$15.00
\$18.00 Jackets for	- - -	\$14.00
\$15.00 Jackets for	- - -	\$11.50
\$12.00 Jackets for	- - -	\$10.00

Such BARGAINS as we give you is hard to find elsewhere.

**Louis Grabower**

Leading Dry Goods & Carpet House.

**HOLIDAY GOODS**

AT VANNIER & BIGELOW'S.

**DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,**

Fancy Goods, Toys and Plush Goods. Our stock is very complete and prices very low.

This Year we Give Our Customers

One Gents' Solid Gold Watch. One Lady's Fine Plush Toilet Set.

Be sure and get a ticket for every dollar's worth of goods you purchase.

**Great Bargains IN Dress Prints.**

AT:

**KASSEL OSHINSKY'S.**

3,000 Yards Dress Prints, Fast Colors, Nice Patterns, worth 8c, will be sold FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY, at the Unheard of Price of

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Our Stock of Misses', Boys' and Children's Overcoats and Pea-Jackets is still complete and will be sold at a discount of 25 per cent on former prices. We have a large and well assorted stock of Ladies, Misses and Children's Cloaks in cloth and plush of all makes and qualities. We are going out of the cloak business, therefore you can save money by buying of us.

Don't Forget our Great Fur Sale. 311 & 313 Front St. Marquette, Mich. KASSEL OSHINSKY,

C. BAUMANN, (Successor to JAS. A. FOSTER, MANUFACTURER OF Foster's Patent Artificial Limbs, Trusses, Supporters and Apparatuses for all kinds of Deformities. Crutches, Elastic Stockings, Suspensory Bandages, Shoulder Braces and Metallic furnishing for Artificial Limbs. 31 Grand River Ave., DETROIT. HASKLE, IN, Agent RED JACKET, MICH. Lock Drawer 54.