

Why You Cannot Afford

To Buy A Fine Watch Except From Wright, Kay & Company, IMPORTERS AND JEWELERS, DETROIT

HAMPDEN



WATCHES

Don't buy an old-style watch that you have to wind up with a corkscrew, but go to HAMILLS and get a modern watch at a fair price, and you will always be on time. Watches and jewelry carefully repaired and warranted. HAMILLS, the Washington street Jeweler, Marquette.



Honest-made, durable, and worthy of preference over all others. Endorsed by practical painters. It is to your advantage to try our Paints. COIT & CO., Chicago, Mfrs.

DYNAMITE

For cheap and effective blasting of boulders, stumps, clay-banks, rollways and ice. Torpedoes for gas, salt, and artesian wells. Send for catalogue. If our dynamite is not kept in your locality, will give you a special discount to introduce our goods at lowest manufacturing prices. AXAX TORPEDO & DYNAMITE WORKS, Bay City, Mich.



Briggs' Patent TRANSFER PATTERNS Enable any lady to do her own stamping at a nominal price. Headquarters for all Fancy Goods. Send for price list. Catalogue mailed 20c

Excelsior Livery Stable,
FREEMAN BROS.,
Marquette Mich.

MARQUETTE ASSAY OFFICE.
For the analysis and assay of all ores of Iron, Gold, Silver, Copper, etc., minerals, slag, limestone and blast furnace products. Quick and accurate returns.

STRONG & DUNHAM
Analytical Chemists and Assayers,
Room 4, Adams' Block, over Conklin's jewelry store Marquette, Mich.

THE DAILY MINING JOURNAL,

A MORNING PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE MINING JOURNAL COMPANY.
Entered as second class matter of the second class, in the post office at Marquette, Mich.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
Per year, by carrier, \$4.00
Per month, by carrier, .35
Per year, by mail, 3.00
Six months, by mail, 1.80
Three months, by mail, .90

ADVERTISING RATES reasonable, and furnished on application.

MARQUETTE, MICH., MAY 12, 1888.
A PAPER that doesn't look at things through partisan spectacles, the Saginaw News, has this just comment on the Ingalls-Voorhees episode in the U. S. Senate: "Neither of them had the courage to go into the war and fight, but continuing to do battle in public places a quarter of a century afterward, manage to keep the old wounds open and the strife in existence."

THE News, of Ashland, predicts that in the course of a couple of years or so that town will be the "second city" of Wisconsin. The distinction is a cheap one, having been enjoyed in turn by several of the overgrown villages of the Badger state. Ashland, should aim higher, and seek to become the second city on Lake Superior. There would be real glory in that—and more business.

IRON, an English trade publication notes that the iron industry in that country lacks animation, a tendency toward weakness having developed latterly. It ascribes this to the threatening aspect of affairs in Europe and a diminished demand for foreign iron on this side of the ocean. Manufacturers still manage to keep pretty well employed on old orders, it says, but betray a fear of the future by their willingness to secure new business by making concessions.

THE newly appointed chief justice, Mr. Melville W. Fuller, has a decided turn for literature, it seems, in addition to being a jurist of acknowledged ability. The poem read at the Grant memorial meeting at Chicago in August, 1885, was written by him, and possessed merit of a high order, as the following extract from it shows:

And as with him of old,
Immortal Captain of triumphant Rome,
Whose eagles made the rounded globe their home,
How the grand soul of true heroic mold
Despised resentment and such meaner things,
That peace might gather all beneath her wings.

Not in his battles won,
Though long the well fought fields may keep
Their name,
But in the wide world's sense of duty done,
The gallant soldier finds the need of fame:
His life no struggle for ambition's prize,
Simply the duty done that next him lies.

Earth to its kindred earth:
The spirit to the fellowship of souls!
As slowly time the mighty scroll unrolls
Of waiting ages yet to have their birth,
Fame, faithful to the faithful, writes on high
His name as one that was not born to die.

At the Wisconsin republican convention, held this week at Madison, the prevalent sentiment of the party representatives in attendance is said to have been strongly in favor of "Hod" Taylor for governor. Mr. Taylor has been chairman of the state central committee of his party for several years, in which position he has shown ability as a political manager that is eloquently testified to by the fact that he is now regarded as likely to be its next governor. There is a large republican majority in Wisconsin, and in the event of his nomination the party would no doubt be able to carry its "Hod" to the top round of the political ladder. Very small men frequently secure high offices by working for them in a plodding, painstaking way. There is one pleasing thing about the prospect of having Taylor made governor of Wisconsin, however. He would not need a "literary feller" about him to write his proclamations and messages, and little Flower, who is a sort of general utility man for the present governor, would have to go.

The republican congressmen in the house will, at a proper time, present a tariff bill as a substitute for Mr. Mills' measure. It proposes to reduce sugar duties one-half, abolish all taxes on tobacco except on cigars and cigarettes, repeal the tax upon alcohol used in the arts, and adopt the wool schedule prepared by the wool convention. This, it is estimated, will diminish the revenue \$65,000,000. But why not reduce the sugar duties two-thirds instead of one-half? The people generally would be benefited thereby. Representative Kelley has been set down, heretofore, as stoutly opposing any reduction of sugar duties on the consistent ground that the growers of sugar were as much entitled to protection as the growers of any other product. Between the republican and democratic schemes some bill may perhaps emerge that will dispose of the surplus in a rational way, so that the business and industries of the country will reap an advantage. The Mills bill will have to be considered, section by section, and what shape it will finally assume no one can now predict. It is safe to say that very important changes of the tariff—affecting disastrously great interests—are improbable.

We find the above in an eastern paper of independent proclivities, which de-

sires to see a judicious reduction of tariff and revenue taxation, but does not approve of the Mills bill as introduced. The substitute measure to which reference is made is the one prepared by Representative Burrows, of this state, and in our belief it is a most unwise measure from a protectionist standpoint, as it cannot but be regarded as an admission that the existing tariff is what its opponents charge it with being, too high in many instances, and hence that revision and reduction is a logical necessity. Mr. Kelley is a shrewd friend of the system than the Michigan congressman who is courting prominence by jumping into the ring as its foremost defender. Representative Burrows is great on the stump, but we fear he will close his career in congress without the reputation of being a far-seeing statesman.

THAT natural gas is a good thing in its way is not to be denied. It is a cheap fuel and a valuable illuminating agent. But it has its faults, as the news columns of the daily papers frequently attest. It is liable to turn on those whom it serves without warning at any time and fire them unbidden into eternity. It is treacherous as an Indian, and when it gains the mastery of the pigmies who have harnessed it to menial tasks its power is mighty and its vengeance terrible. The disasters that befell Baltimore the other day through explosions of the gas caused by over-pressure illustrate the danger attendant on its use, even where the greatest precautions to prevent accidents are taken, and the experience of that city is not the first of the kind that has been reported within a brief period. It is ticklish stuff, at best. We don't want any of it in ours.

A DOUBTER ANSWERED.
We take from the Boston Transcript of Wednesday the appended communication and reply thereto, bearing on a subject that deeply interests very many of the MINING JOURNAL'S readers:

To the Financial Editor of the Transcript: The cable opinion of a French expert together with the views expressed in your financial column in regard to the copper value of copper, suggest the fact the power of natural principles to regulate prices is much underrated. This metal is no exception to the general law in regard to the product of all the great mines, including the Calumet and Hecla. What are the facts? Copper, which a few months ago was quoted at \$10 per ton, has been advanced to the vicinity of \$75, which is clearly an artificial value. In the first place, such an inflation will stimulate a large production in the case of scores of smaller mines in all parts of the world which had been abandoned while copper was at a low price. The complementary law will cause an immense falling off in consumption. It is safe to assume that the demand at \$75 per ton will not be more than one-half of what it would be at \$10.

The result will be that long before three years are passed the French syndicate will have a mountain of copper on its hands. Americans who are in any way interested in this metal will do well to discount such an outcome. Though silent in its operation, nature is stronger than syndicates, and supply and demand in its paramount power to regulate values is as immutable as gravitation.

HENRY WOOD.
It seems to us that quotations of copper are not entirely artificial. Previous to the beginning of operations by the "French syndicate," the price of copper had been somewhat depressed by reason of the Calumet & Hecla occasionally making a sale on its own account at a much less price than most of the mines could name and profit by, but even then, so great was the demand for the use of copper by manufacturers, that an over-castion of this kind consumers needs invariably caused a gradual advance over the price named by the great mine referred to. In other words, the uses of copper have increased rapidly in the last few years, and to our mind the ten cent price was bound to be a thing of the past had not the Frenchmen "cornered" the metal and named 65 cents per pound to consumers, as at present. While the latter refuse to pay this price, they do not have much chance of getting any copper. None of the mines which have sold their products for three years to the Frenchmen will sell them a pound. Of course the producing companies are bound by their contracts so to do, but in addition to this, with the exception of some of the larger companies, the "syndicate" divides its profits with the producers. Naturally the latter are interested in maintaining the market. The "syndicate" controls the entire Lake Superior output, from the big Calumet & Hecla down to the small Allouez. There are no other mines in that region which could be put in shape to produce copper for many months, with one exception, possibly, and that exception is controlled by people who own two of the mines which already have sold their products, and, doubtless, the exception would come into the pool as soon as it began to produce. There are a few small mines, which have not been worked for years, that maybe started up by-and-by, but considering the cost of production to these mines, which sad experience has proved to be very great, the time required to start, the money required to buy machinery and carry on work, and the fact that all of them put together cannot produce so much copper in three years as the smallest of the mines which has gone into the pool, there is not much chance of anything like an attempt being made to oppose the great copper pool on the part of producers. As to the rest of the world much the same story is to be told. Some mines there are which may get to producing, now that the operations of the "syndicate" have made the price to consumers sufficiently high to make resumption of operations an object, but in this event it hardly can be supposed that these companies, even if able, would oppose the "syndicate" which makes it possible for them to produce at a profit. They are much more likely to act in harmony with the Frenchmen. But it is certain that the "syndicate" has secured the product of every producer of copper which it desired, and it stands to reason that if it has overlooked any they must be of minor importance and incapable of opposition, even if disposed, which disposition seriously may be

doubted. In other words, copper companies which are not in the pool will not deliberately attempt to kill the goose which lays the golden egg. To all intents and purposes, La Societe Industrielle des Metaux has a firm grip on the copper production of the world for the next three years.

We do not think that the price which the Frenchmen have placed on the metal is abnormal or artificial. On the contrary, the law of supply and demand comes in. Supply will be materially increased under the operation of the pool, as the producing companies naturally will get out all the copper possible, save the Calumet and Hecla, Tamarack and Boston & Montana, which are limited to a certain amount, but said amount is greatly in excess of the production of said mines in previous years. Demand has increased rapidly in recent years, and the many different uses for copper which have sprung up of late insure a steady demand for the metal, ever growing. It is true that other metals may be substituted for copper to some extent, but there are uses of copper which no other metal can supply, and if manufacturers abandon the use of copper, they give up their business, which they hardly are likely to do. The fact of the case is that the Frenchmen were wise enough to grasp the copper situation and to profit by its connection with the producers, whom they make their allies. Naturally the producers want the best price possible for their product. They obtain this by combining with the Frenchmen. As to consumers, they may resist for a while, but they cannot escape the inexorable logic of facts. The ethics of the question of monopolies and "cornerers" does not enter into the matter at all. The facts of the case must be considered, not abstract principles of right and wrong. We do not wish to be understood as defending the principle of the right of parties to "corner" a product. That is a question foreign to the present discussion, but we do wish to make it clear that given the fact, there is no escape from its logical deductions. As to the operation of "natural law," that also hardly is opposite to the case. If the world can get along without copper, if all copper manufacturers are going out of the business, then the "syndicate" may be punished by natural law and the producing companies be forced to suspend operations.

There are two sides from which to view this matter. The copper mines of the world represent millions of invested capital. Would it be a natural law for this great industry to be forced to suspend, or to be at the mercy of a monopoly of consumers, who banded together, might compel the companies to furnish copper at a bare margin over cost of production. There are not many mines in this country which can thrive on a ten cents per pound market for copper. The syndicate's operations means dividends to owners of copper stocks. Finally, we make bold to conclude that the operation of the law of supply and demand is not entirely disconnected from the great copper pool. The producers and the Frenchmen see the greatly increased demand, and take concerted action to profit by it. The method by which this has been brought about naturally causes opposition from consumers. By and by it will be found that consumers will adapt themselves to the new conditions and the situation will be cleared, with the result of placing the great copper-producing industry on a sound basis, in place of the weak position which it has occupied in past years by reason of lack of harmony and united effort. There is no denying the abstract principles that monopolies and trusts are inimical to the public interest, but in considering the copper situation, due regard must be paid to the facts of the case as they exist, rather than to principles which may be violated therein. We have discussed this matter at length as there is considerable doubt in the public mind as to the exact position of copper in the light of recent developments, but considering the great interest which Boston holds in copper stocks, owning, as it does, the great majority of producing mines in the United States, it is thought best to present the case in the light of this interest.

WOMEN IN BUSINESS.
In this age of extreme activity and wonderful development, it is a noteworthy fact that many women have made their own way in mercantile life, and successfully compete with men in many lines of business. Women, whether they labor in the household or in the store, are all liable to suffer from functional derangements and the cares of maternity. For all troubles known under the category of "female weakness," Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a tonic and tried specific. It relieves the greatest sufferers, and restores the patient to vigorous health and strength. It is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee, from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. The guarantee has been printed on the bottle wrapper and faithfully carried out for many years.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, bilious headache, and all derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels.

HOW TO CATCH \$300,000 AT FORTUNE'S HAND.
As the sun rises and sets daily with equal regularity, so the drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery company occur; so the 21st Grand Monthly Drawing was at New Orleans, La., on Tuesday (always Tuesday) April 10th, when large money prizes were sent hither and yon over the world. It may interest you to glance over the result: The First Capital Prize of \$150,000 was won by No. 12,615 and was sold in two half tickets at \$5 each, sent through office at Washington, D. C. to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La.; one \$75,000 was paid through First National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa., to Col. W. H. Barclay, the U. S. pension agent there; the other half was paid the Adams Express for George Gregg and three other workers in an India rubber factory—neighbors—at No. 2,938 Alter street, Philadelphia, Pa. No. 19,862 drew the Second Capital Prize of \$50,000, sold in fractional tenths at \$1 each, sent to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La.: one paid to J. Hall, Richmond, Va.; one to Charles F. Morse, No. 880 Harrison avenue, Boston, Mass.; one the National Bank of the Republic, Washington D. C.; one to R. J. Humphreys, Santa Rosa, through the Pacific Bank of San Francisco, Cal.; one to Thos. Fair, Philadelphia, Pa.; one to W. A. Francis, Salem, Va.; one to Wm. Severance, Lebanon, Ky.; one to a depositor through Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; one to a party in Detroit, Mich., etc., etc. No. 19,079 drew the Third Capital Prize of \$20,000, which was sold to a party in New Orleans, La., whose name is withheld by request. Nos. 36,629 and 85,175 each drew one of the two Fourth Capital Prizes of \$10,000, which were scattered around promiscuously. Be sure to participate in the Grand Quarterly and 21st Grand Monthly Drawing at New Orleans, La., on June 12th, 1888. Do not allow the opportunity to seize \$300,000 at Fortune's hand escape you.

Wells-Stone Mercantile Co.

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND DEALERS IN

LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES,

Hay, Grain, Flour, Feed, Etc.
SAGINAW, MICHIGAN.
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Our facilities for supplying lumbermen with everything used in a lumber camp are unsurpassed by any institution in the Northwest.

JAS. H. McDONALD, Resident Agent.
Office: Spring St. Marquette, Mich.

A Dramatic Sensation!

The Throbbing, Thrilling Drama:
"HOW TO SAVE MONEY,"
By the Author of "THE BEE HIVE," or,
What a Pair of Glove-Fitting Kid Shoes Did,
Will be Enacted Every Day and Evening at THE BEE HIVE.

PROGRAMME:
SONG: The happy lady will ne'er get left
Who buys her shoes from L. Getz.
By the Audience—
"Tis our experience, one and all,
And everyone who tries it,
The BEE HIVE has got the call,
And beats them all with shoes that fit."
CHORUS: The day will be cold
When L. Getz is undersold.
Curtiss & Wheeler, Rochester, celebrated Glove-fitting Shoes in A. B. C. D. E. and E. E. Blacker & Gustle Cincinnati Shoes—Misses Springheel Shoes in Kid and Goat, from 25 to 55. The choir will now sing—Come One and All for Your Shoes to
THE BEE HIVE, L. Getz, Prop.
Wholesale and Retail. Marquette and Negannee.

The Grand Opportunity!

To all who want the best furniture at the lowest prices we would say that at our
MAMMOTH FURNITURE WAREHOUSES
You can select from a stock never equaled in immensity or surpassed in variety.
Our prices have always been found by purchasers of

FURNITURE

The lowest in the city, our immense purchases and cash discounts enabling us at all times to undersell all other dealers. At our store you can find styles which are not kept at any other stores in town.

New Departure in Our Lace Curtain Department

With each pair of Lace Curtains or Portiers purchased we will furnish a complete Brass-Trimmed Pole in any color desired.
Our new Samples of Carpets are now ready for inspection. Please call and examine our stock and prices, and be convinced that our prices are the lowest in the city.

HAGER & JOHNASON, Marquette.

J. E. REAU, Dealer in Lake Superior Ice.



OFFICE:
Nester Bl'k Marquette
TERMS:—
40 lbs daily per mo., \$2.00
40 lbs 4 times per wk., 1.75
40 lbs 3 times per wk., 1.50
40 lbs 2 times per wk., 1.00
40 lbs 1 time per week 50

In quantities of 100 lbs or more, special prices will be given. All ice for residence use, where water is easily accessible, will be washed and placed in refrigerators without extra charge.

D. HAMMEL & CO.,

DEALERS IN—
Draft and Driving Horses.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
Horses on sale the year 'round at
GEO. W. REEED'S
Palace Livery Stable,
IN CASINO RINK, MARQUETTE.
DRIVERS AND FAMILY HORSES
a specialty.

A. O. JOPLING & CO.

MARQUETTE, MICH.
Heavy Hardware!
RAILWAY, MINING AND SHIP SUPPLIES,
Rubber Hose, Belting, Packing,
Wire Rope, Varnishes and
Paints, Steam Pumps, etc
ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING OILS.

SELLING BY PHOTO.

THE CAUSE OF THE DECLINE OF THE DRUMMER'S GRIP.

Bulky samples have given way to photographs—colored presentations of delicate wares and intricate mechanisms. Employment for women.

The commercial tourist is being divorced from his traveling bags, or, to speak more tersely, the drummer is dropping his "grips." The only infallible mark of the drummer will now be the pockets which bulge with paper-covered novels.

Delicate, true, light and compact, these pictures, carried about in the pocket, can represent an immense quantity of goods in such a manner that there is no mistaking tint, quality, texture or size. They represent everything from machinery to bric-a-brac and from kitchen stoves to ladies' slippers.

But the inviting albums are those which contain the colored photographs. These are used in particularly large quantities by the crockery and the furniture houses. The former find use for them because their wares are so fragile; the latter because they are so cumbersome.

Young women are the very ones out of all the world in whom all of these qualities are combined, and that is the reason that this pretty toll is given them so universally.

One of the conditions of successful photograph painting of this fine nature is absolute silence. A positive concentration of the faculties is needed, and most of the girls who do the work have little studios where they can quietly work by themselves.

The business is one which is likely to increase steadily and to extend to many branches of commerce which have not yet investigated it.

This fact has been recognized by the deaf mute school on the west side, and the art of coloring commercial photographs is among the industries in which the pupils are being instructed.

A woman who was one of the first to advise teaching artistic branches in this school said the other day: "No one who has not watched the development of these children can imagine what a difference the introduction of the light arts has made in their lives. They have gained in self-respect, as well as in enjoyment of life."

"In the school, after a thorough system of communication had been established, we instructed them in the common branches and then gave them an industrial course. The girls were taught dressmaking, the boys carpentering. But it seemed that a difference was being made in putting them in competition with such a great number as overworked these trades. As an experiment, we put a teacher in modeling in the school. You can imagine nothing more touching than the scene the first morning we gave them the clay. They took to it as ducks to water.

The Laws of Nature. It is singular to contrast the growing splendor and providence of the dress of one sex in the nineteenth century with the sobriety of the dress of the other sex, which has shrunk within our own recollection into a grim uniformity of black kerseymer.

LIFTED VEILS.

O that you were alive again, and here! The veils that fell between us long ago Are lifted. Once a few alone could know Your deepest soul. Now time has shown how near.

WEARING SENSIBLE SHOES.

Broad, Easy, Thick and Comfortable. A New Pair—A Shoe Aristocrat. Truly, the woman is known by her shoes or the heels of them, which are the significant feature. Frequently it is easier to make a study of shoes while the woman is a girl and before the skirts have come down and covered those implements of walking.

Why wouldn't Mildred accept your invitation when you suggested a turn in the park this afternoon? You know that she is a famous walker and that her tramps are the admiration and the envy of the whole set of athletic girls.

Why wouldn't Mildred accept your invitation when you suggested a turn in the park this afternoon? You know that she is a famous walker and that her tramps are the admiration and the envy of the whole set of athletic girls.

She is a model of a sensibly shod woman. She is one of the best walkers in New York, and her shoemaker says that she knows what she wants in shoes and has it—footwear that is broad enough and low heeled enough to be a help to locomotion, not a hindrance.

She is a model of a sensibly shod woman. She is one of the best walkers in New York, and her shoemaker says that she knows what she wants in shoes and has it—footwear that is broad enough and low heeled enough to be a help to locomotion, not a hindrance.

Before I had been there a day some one in the cell below mine knocked out to me on the steam pipe which ran up beside my door: "Scop the water out of your basin." I went and looked into my wash basin, and found it to be empty. In a few moments the command came again in a slightly different form: "Scop the water out of your water closet basin."

CASH PAID For partly developed MINING PROPERTIES FINE AND MINERAL LANDS.

JULIAN M. CASE, MARQUETTE, MICH. SMITH & WILSON, General Contractors and Builders MARQUETTE, MICH.

H. GREGORY, Architect and Superintendent. Plans, specifications and estimates furnished. Orders solicited. Office in Gregory's Block, MARQUETTE, MICH.

J. B. SWEATT, ARCHITECT and BUILDER. Plans, specifications and estimates made on short notice. Heating, ventilation and sewerage a specialty. A large dry clean for the benefit of customers. Plans made for contracts taken in any part of the country. Price reasonable. Established in 1884. 4-18 H. B. RICHARDSON.

FOR PRESIDENT--

BENJ. F. BUTLER, of Massachusetts.

PLATFORM:—"Gold and Silver" Shirts are the cheapest and best made.

An immense line of FANCY FLANNEL OVERSHIRTS. THE CELEBRATED "KNOX" HATS.

Finest Line of Boots and Shoes in the City. Our stock of Furnishing Goods is Second to None on the Peninsula.

ALL THE NOVELTIES!

F. BRAASTAD & CO., Ishpeming.

ARTHUR, the Tailor

Domestic and Imp'd Fabrics

Largest Line of Goods in the City

Only the Best Workmen Employed.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

ARTHUR, the Tailor 213 So. Main St., Ishpeming.

Hospital Pharmacy.

GENUINE "NORSK" COD LIVER OIL, WYETH'S EXT MALT, BEEF WINE AND IRON, CHAMPAGNE FOR MEDICAL USE, FRESH MUSTARD LEAVES IN BOXES, BABY FOODS OF ALL KINDS, DITMANS CELEBRATED SEA SALT, ANTISEPTIC COLOGNE.

L. W. Alexander, J. P., ISHPeming, MICH.

Office in McKey Block, corner of Pearl and Main streets.

FOR SALE. Timber and Farming Lands

In Marquette, Alger, Schoolcraft and Chippewa counties, Michigan. Advances made on lumbering operations. Address or apply to 9-14 ROSS & CO., Marquette.

SUMMIT HOUSE, J. B. TAYLOR, Prop'r.

Accommodations First-Class. RATES REASONABLE.

Pleasantly situated with good view of the bay. 7-21

HOTEL MARQUETTE (Formerly Mesnard House.)

CHAS. E. DEANE, PROPRIETOR. The Only First-class Hotel in the City.

Located one block from the passenger depot and steamboat landing.

Large sample rooms for commercial travelers. Only hotel having bar and billiard rooms.

Favorite Resort for Tourists and Hay Fever Sufferers.

GAME AND FISH in abundance in the neighboring woods, lake and streams.

Special rates by week or month to families. MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN

J. B. SWEATT, ARCHITECT and BUILDER.

H. W. Banks, DENTIST,

Harlow Block, Cor. Front and Washington streets.

Hours: 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M. and 7 to 8 P.M.

Please make appointments. Gas administered.

NEW LIVERY STABLE

Pendill Block, Superior street, Marquette, Mich.

GEORGE DAVIDSON, Prop'r.

This stable, which has just been opened, is furnished with a new and complete outfit.

Charges moderate and satisfactory attendance may be relied on. Telephone connection.

Entrance on Superior street, next to Pendill's butcher shop. 4-12

For Sale.

50 Head Horses and Mules and seven head No. 1 Oxen. Apply to 4-17-11 J. H. GILLET.

THE NEW CLIFTON

MARQUETTE, MICH.

W. H. VOLK, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS.

In conveniences and furnishing this house is unsurpassed on the peninsula

Fine table service. Elegant rooms. Heated by steam. 12-1371

Stenstrom & Stolba,

MANUFACTURING

TRADE MARK CHICAGO

178 Washab Ave., Chicago, Ill.

LADIES.

We have fitted up the finest cabinets for the storage of furs or other materials, in the west.

We are prepared now to receive your fur and winter garments as storage during the spring and summer months, securing them from fire, moth or other damage, at very reasonable rates, and returned to you free from any unpleasant odor.

We are just in receipt of our own importation of fine velvet seals (London dye) of superior quality and finish.

Trimming, Lengthening, Re-dyeing, Re-shaping, Re-lining, and all classes of fur work done at reduced rates during the spring and summer months.

No charge for storage, if we do the repairing of the garment, at very reasonable rates. Awaiting your orders. Respectfully, STENSTROM & STOLBA.

(Successors to H. L. Brown & Co.)

L. GEILER, MERCHANT TAILOR

CLOTHES REPAIRED, CLEANED and DIED.

Agent for A. Schwarz's Boston Steam Dye Works.

Shop over Hadrich's Jewelry Store, MARQUETTE, [10-14] MICHIGAN.



CARPETS!

Wilton and Velvet Brussels, Tapestry brussels, Two and Three-ply Ingrain, Rag and Hemp Carpets. An 85-cent two-ply Ingrain, retailed at many stores for one dollar a yard, we are selling at

50 CENTS.

These prices are not to work off an old stock, as our goods are new. A full line of OIL-CLOTHS, in all sizes and patterns, at low prices. Call and see our spring stock.

JOSEPH SELLWOOD, 309 North Main St., ISHPeming.

F. W. Read & Co.—Lumber

Mills at Eagle Mills and Michigamme. All Kinds of Rough and Dressed Pine, Hemlock, Birch and Maple CAPACITY OF DRY KILN, 40,000 FEET.

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, PICKETS, Storm Sash, Mouldings, Shingles, Lath, etc.

We have a large stock of material. Branch office and yards, M. H. & O. depot, S. Ishpeming.

DEER LAKE COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH.

Pickets, Flooring, Ceiling, Siding, Mouldings; and carry a large stock of Doors and Glass Sash, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Stucco, Brick and Plastering Hair.

Office and Yard C. & N. W. R. Y. opp. Ishpeming Foundry. Farms and Mills at Deer Lake. 1-11-11

MILWAUKEE NORTHERN RAILROAD

CHICAGO (7th C. & N. St. P.)

MILWAUKEE

Marquette, Mich. Negaunee, Mich.

Ishpeming, " Houghton, "

Hancock, " L'Anse, "

Red Jacket, " Calumet, "

Republic, " Champion, "

Menominee, " Gladstone, "

Green Bay, Wis. Ft. Howard, Wis.

Marquette, " Depere, "

Menasha, " Neenah, "

Appleton, " Plymouth, "

New London, " Grand Rapids, "



FLOATING SOAP

—IS THE CHIEF

For the Bath, Toilet and Laundry. Snow White and Absolutely Pure.

If your dealer does not keep White Cloud Soap, send 10 cents for sample cake to the makers.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., CHICAGO.

CHAS. A. EGGERS, Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, MARQUETTE, MICHIGAN.

Blank Book

—AND—

BOOK-BINDER. MAGAZINES, MUSIC and PERIODICALS BOUND IN NEATEST STYLE. 98c per 100.

NAVIGATION OPENED.

Marquette Docks Busy Receiving and Shipping Freight and All Rejoice.

THE TUG MOCKING BIRD THE FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON.

The Geological Survey—in His New Store. Enlarged Quarters—A New Firm. Other Local Notes.

Navigation Opened.

At 11:30 yesterday forenoon the tug Mocking Bird, of the Reid Towing & Wrecking Co., sounded her whistle as she rounded Marquette breakwater, giving a few extra blasts in recognition of the fact that she was the first arrival of the season of 1888 at this port. By the time she was inside the harbor the docks were black with men who had been watching the smoke for hours from the streets. The Mocking Bird left the Sault at 8 A. M. Thursday, and the wind starting the ice to the north side of the lake she kept along near the south shore until off Grand Marais, when she struck pretty heavy ice and was soon compelled to lay by for the night. As she was then nearly off Grand Island she was just about in sight of the Marquette light, a fact which will of course aggravate the feelings of those who wanted the first boat to arrive on May 10th. She was held back by the ice until after 9 o'clock yesterday morning when she began to get out of it again and soon had plain sailing once more.

The Mocking Bird had hardly reached her dock when smoke was seen and soon the steamer Toledo, of Ward's Detroit & Lake Superior line, which had passed the night in the ice near the Bird, came in sight, arriving early in the afternoon. She was met at the dock by an immense crowd and was soon unloading freight at the railroad warehouse, having 150 tons of merchandise on board for Marquette. The Spokane and other vessels of the Duluth fleet passed up during the afternoon so near that their smoke was plainly seen.

Ward's line seemed bound to monopolize all the honors for besides having the first steamers to reach Marquette from below it had the first two in the other direction, the Wm. H. Stevens arriving from Portage Lake, where she wintered, at about 4 o'clock, closely followed by the Samuel F. Dodge, both well laden with copper. The Stevens took on 200 tons of pig iron for Buffalo, and the Dodge took six hundred empty oil barrels from Spear. The Toledo left 23,000 fine brick for Spear and 100 barrels of fire clay, besides a large amount of merchandise for Marquette and up-the-road points.

Pickands, Mather & Co. were in some way misinformed as to the whereabouts of the steamer James Pickands, for they telegraphed to James Pickands & Co.'s office here that she had passed the Sault Wednesday, while it appears that she did not get through the canal until 1 o'clock Thursday afternoon. She should have been in with the City of Duluth, the Queen of the West and other steamers last night, but must have encountered heavy ice somewhere between here and the Sault. Captain Campeau, of the Stevens, states that he found no heavy ice between here and Portage Entry, the south winds having driven it out of the way.

The Geological Survey.

Dr. M. E. Wadsworth, the new state geologist, returned to Houghton yesterday. In conversation with a representative of the MINING JOURNAL he stated that he should keep the headquarters of the geological survey at Marquette for the present, at least, and would make his office here also. The survey will be resumed Monday when a party, consisting, with one exception, of the same men who served under Mr. Wright, will leave this city to take up the work where it was dropped last fall. The work this season will be towards the Gogebic iron district in range 33. Prof. Wadsworth will endeavor to take up Mr. Wright's work and bring it to completion as nearly as possible on the lines laid down by Mr. Wright himself, a fact that will prove gratifying to the friends of the late scientist throughout the peninsula. While it will not be possible to make the report what it would have been but for the death of him who had collected the material for it, yet Mr. Wadsworth is better fitted than any other man in the country to pick up the work in its unfinished state and complete it, from the fact that Mr. Wright had talked over his plans very fully with him. Before leaving Mr. Wadsworth informed the reporter that one of the advanced classes of the Michigan Mining School would soon come down to put in four or five weeks in the Marquette county iron mines, studying practical mining, and also the geology of the country. He added that he knew of no other place in the country where so much geological information could be obtained as right in the vicinity of Ishpeming.

In His New Store.

The MINING JOURNAL reporter visited the Red Front, as Kassel Oshinsky's new store is to be known, yesterday and found his immense stock of goods all neatly arranged and displayed, giving the store as fine an appearance as is possessed by any in the city. It is a big store too, but its proprietor is already considering plans for an extension in the rear though he has a store-room for goods up stairs and another in the basement. In the little 12 foot store which forms a part of his

new store Mr. Oshinsky first began business in Marquette eight years ago and the very counter over which he then sold goods is now one of the many in his new store. He has moved several times since 1880, but always into larger quarters, and now returns to his old location as the owner of the block, and with the entire ground floor thrown into one big store, free from stairways even. It is a record of which he may be proud, and is an evidence of his business ability which no one can overlook. He will carry a bigger stock than ever and will continue to make his prices such that people can't help buying goods of him.

Enlarging.

F. Heppner, the proprietor of the depot lunch rooms, has been badly cramped for room for some time past, but yesterday the railroad people began work on what all will consider a great improvement in the depot. Partitions have been torn out and the ladies' waiting room and the express company's store room turned into the lunch room, extending it in both directions. This will make it of very respectable proportions, and will give Mr. Heppner room for several tables, as well as a fine lunch counter, while he can have a separate kitchen, which was not possible under the former condition of things.

A New Firm.

In another place in this paper is the advertisement of the newly organized firm of C. A. Lovell & Co., commission lumber dealers. The firm consists of C. A. Lovell, a stranger in this city, but who comes here well recommended and with many years' experience in the business, and F. W. Gillett, son of J. H. Gillett. The new firm has its office with J. H. Gillett in Vierling's block. The members are both active, enterprising and reliable and the MINING JOURNAL hopes to see them do a thriving business. They deal in white pine, Norway and hard wood in all their merchantable forms.

Swept Into The Lake.

By unprecedented high water in Rock river the double boom at the mouth holding half a million feet of Charles Johnson's saw logs was broken yesterday and the logs were swept out into the lake. Mr. Johnson at once telegraphed up for tugs and the A. C. Adams started down with a boom to corral the runaway pine. To one who has seen the mouth of Rock river the statement that the logs were swept right over the rocks which usually curve the river to the east just before it reaches the lake, will show how high the water is now. That ledge of rocks is usually 12 feet above the water in the river.

Negaunee Visitors.

Prof. F. D. Davis, superintendent of schools at Negaunee, was in the city yesterday accompanied by fifteen Negaunee teachers to visit the Marquette city schools. They are having a little vacation at Negaunee through the delay in getting into the new school building and determined to improve a little of the time in this way.

On Friday Evening Next.

The Agimoose club has issued invitations for a party at the Hotel Marquette on Friday evening, May 18th. Now that the ladies can no longer use the snowshoes they have apparently determined to enliven the city in a social way.

REPORTORIAL PENCILINGS.

Clifford at the Casino to-night. See him. Kaufman's base ball dates will be Friday and Saturday, May 18th and 19th.

The display of signals will not be resumed here until the 15th from lack of appropriations.

Attention is called to the recorder's notice concerning the closing of the assessment rolls for the new sewer on Superior street.

By the way, isn't it about time that Congressman Seymour was stirring up that life-saving station matter, or letting Marquette know how the bill stands.

The temperature readings at the U. S. signal station yesterday, 7th meridian time, were: 7 A. M., 46 degrees; 3 P. M., 52 degrees; 10 P. M., 44 degrees; maximum temperature, 54 degrees; minimum temperature, 42 degrees.

Now summer is coming. Captain Maguire started his fog horn last night for the first time this season and now he is content. The captain always likes to let the government and the bewildered navigators know that he's on the alert.

A washout in the Sturgeon swamp delayed the eastbound express on the Houghton division of the South Shore road yesterday, making a transfer of passengers and mails necessary. It will be several days before the damage can be fully repaired.

By their call for bids, published elsewhere, Campbell & Wilkinson state that they will receive bids for the erection of their new bank block until Tuesday noon, May 22d. The plans and specifications may be seen at the office at Scott & Co. in the First National bank block.

Speaking of the new slip dock at the straits for the steamer St. Ignace, the Democrat says: "With an average width of 50 feet and carrying three tracks, the dock is 1,150 feet in length; 450,000 feet of lumber, brought principally from the pine lands of Cheboygan and Marquette, were used in its construction, together with 50,000 pounds of iron furnished by the Iron Bay Manufacturing Co., of Marquette.

Clifford gave a first class performance at the Casino last evening, one that was thoroughly enjoyed by everyone present. He is supported by one of the strongest companies ever brought into the city and the matinee this afternoon at 2 o'clock and his closing appearance this evening should both be well patronized. The play this afternoon will be East Lynne and this evening the seven-act drama "Two Orphans." The play in itself should draw this evening while the company deserves a big house.

S. W. Wheeler tried the temperature of the water in the bay yesterday afternoon. He had taken a very light boat for a little exer-

cise at the oars and was bowling along merrily when his frail craft struck a partially submerged log and was overturned, spilling six feet of good looking humanity out into the vasty deep. Sam first tried to support himself with the overturned boat but when he found that it was something like a cork supporting a man-of-war he turned and struck out for the nearest dock and was soon picked up by Mr. Oudotte who had witnessed the accident. When questioned about the temperature of the water he vouchsafed the information—with suspicious emphasis—that he had didn't himself in a teakettle by any means.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Judge Steere, of Sault Ste. Marie, is in the city.

S. Van Moppes, the New York diamond dealer, is in the city.

Hon. George Stanton, M. P., of London, England, is in the city.

W. D. Rees, secretary and general manager of the Republic Iron company, is in the city.

Miss Alice Damp arrived home yesterday from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Johnston, at Marinette, Wis.

MILLINERY.

Miss H. Howard has just returned from the east, where she has made extensive purchases in the millinery line. She can now show the ladies the largest and finest stock of millinery ever brought to the city of Marquette. Miss Howard has had a long experience in the millinery business, as any one can see by the taste and judgement shown in selecting her goods. She has also the most experienced trimmer in the city, as the ladies can well see by her work. Ladies are invited to call and examine.

FOR SALE.

One Diamond Drill and outfit. Four Inger soil Drills. One Locomotive Boiler. One No. 5 Blake Pump. One No. 7 Knowles Pump. Apply to

F. B. SPEAR.

PASTURAGE TO RENT.

I am prepared to rent pasturage at reasonable rates. Pasture consists of 320-acre tract, well-watered and securely fenced, this side of the old Morgan farm, about 5 miles from city. For terms apply to

WM. WARD.

[5-9-11]

Marquette, May 8.

C. A. LOVELL. F. W. GILLETT.

C. A. LOVELL & CO.,

COMMISSION

Lumber Dealers.

White Pine, Norway and Hardwood.

Particular attention will be paid to the purchase of Lumber and Logs. Will attend promptly to the inspection and shipment of Lumber, Shingles and Lath from any point in Northern Michigan, and Scaling of Logs.

OFFICE: 113 E. Main Street. Marquette.

Correspondence solicited. 5-11-11

CASINO OPERA HOUSE,

BURTIS & CROSS, Managers

Engagement Extraordinary

For TWO NIGHTS and

SATURDAY MATINEE.

—COMMENCING—

Friday Ev'ng, May 11th

—OF—

Edwin Clifford

In the Society Drama in five acts.

"A WIFE'S PERIL."

"EAST LYNNE" Matinee.

"TWO ORPHANS."

Supported by a powerful company.

Reserved Seats 75 cents; Matinee prices, Children 15c; Adults 25c.

BEACH & BOWERS'

FAMOUS

MINSTRELS

—AND—

Grand Jockey-Uniformed Band AND ORCHESTRA.

20 TWENTY 20
20 DISTINGUISHED 20
20 ARTISTS. 20

A Vast Organization! Beyond question Greater, Better and Superior to all minstrels of the past and present, making it an Ideal and Real mobilization of all

Monarchs of the Minstrel World! Absolutely an Entire Change of Program Since Our Last Visit.

Watch for our Grand Jockey-Uniformed Band Street Parade at Noon!

ADMISSION 50 cents to all parts of the opera house. Reserved seats on sale at the postoffice.

This company will play at Red Jacket.....Thursday, May 10 Houghton.....Friday, May 11 Ishpeming.....Saturday, May 12 Marquette.....Monday, May 14

RICH, RARE AND CHEAP!

Everything in the line of

Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Children's Ready-Made Clothing

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR

Has been marked at prices consistent with the laws of economy. Remember, we are the largest retailers of clothing in Marquette county. We believe in doing a large cash business on a small profit basis. You will always find us ONE price. In our hat and cap department we carry the latest styles in the Youman, Knox, Stetson, Cooper and Miller. The finest line of Neckwear Hosiery, Underwear, etc. Our Merchant Tailoring department is second to none in the state, in short, the model establishment of the kind on Lake Superior

S. KAUFMAN & SONS,
207 Front St. The Hard-Working Clothiers.

GRABOWER'S.

CARPETS AND CURTAINS.

All the New Patterns Now in Stock.

CARPETS

Of every variety, representing all the New and Nobby designs and the Latest Spring Coloring. The carpets comprise Wiltons, Velvets, Body and Tapistry Brussels, Ingrains, Imported and American Rugs.

DRAPERY.

This department is completely filled with all kinds and varieties of Lace and Heavy Curtains, and we are fully equipped to do the largest Curtain business we have ever done.

LOUIS GRABOWER,
The Leading Dry Goods and Carpet House.

BROWN'S
-Boston Bakery-

Is now Open for Business in the HARLOW BLOCK, WASHINGTON STREET.

"HOME-MADE BREAD" and Fresh Candy always on hand.

COME AND EXAMINE MY STOCK. A. E. BROWN, Marquette, Mich.

Ross & Getling's
OYSTER and PRODUCE HOUSE.

Down They Go.

OYSTERS, AT FORMER PRICES.

Fresh and Salt Fish. Fruits and Vegetables. Canned Goods, Cheese, etc.

Just Received. ORANGES, LEMONS, APPLES, BANANAS, CREAMERY and DAIRY BUTTER. STRICTLY FRESH EGGS.

Cheapest House in the City, 233 Washington Street. Telephone No [10-28]

BOOTS AND SHOES Closing Out at Cost P. F. FREY'S.

\$100 to \$300 A MONTH can be made working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. E. F. JOHNSON & Co., 1099 Main street, Richmond, Va.

We Want the World

TO KNOW



The realization of the fact that our LOW PRICES ARE A REALITY, and not a fictitious legend, Makes Everybody Wonder!

HOW DO WE DO IT? Ready money is the wonder worker that has enabled us to place before the public such a GORGEOUS DISPLAY of spring bargains, and a determination to be easily satisfied and LIVE FOR SMALL PROFITS is the reason why we can sell so much lower than anybody else. It is

The Triumph of Independence!

And before our standard, upon which is emblazoned "FAIR DEALING OUR STRENGTH," the giant monopolies who are bound together with the aim of robbing the public, must fall. To complete the victory your aid is necessary.

BUY FROM US AND YOU WILL NEVER REGRET IT!

DRESS -:- GOODS

In All the Latest Shades.

White Goods, Embroideries, Laces, Wash Goods, Lace Curtains, Ladies' Summer Jackets, Etc

We have just received 50 dozen PARASOLS ready for your inspection. A fine line of Ladies' "LION PROCESS" Shoes just opened. Men's fine dress Shoes, working shoes—all styles and prices. Gents' Furnishings, etc.

G. HALLSTROM,
The Washington Street Dry Goods Merchant
3 Doors West of Postoffice.